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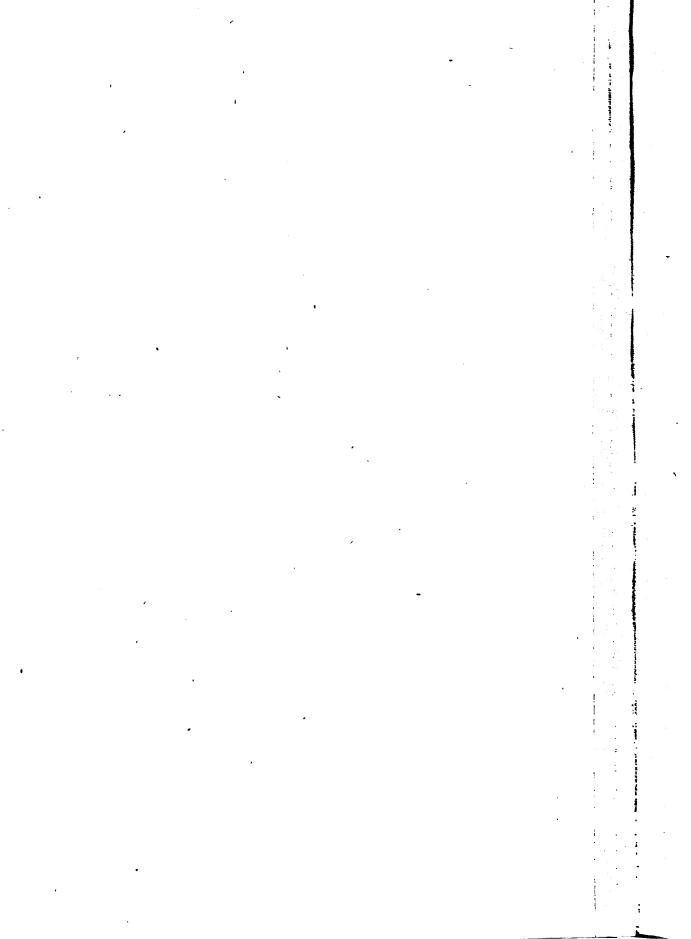
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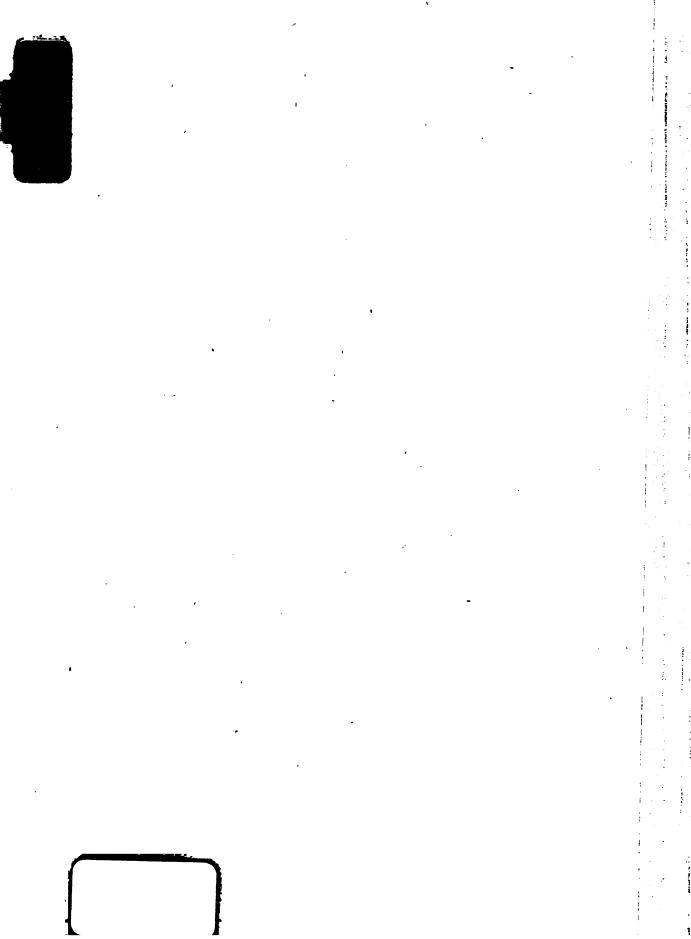
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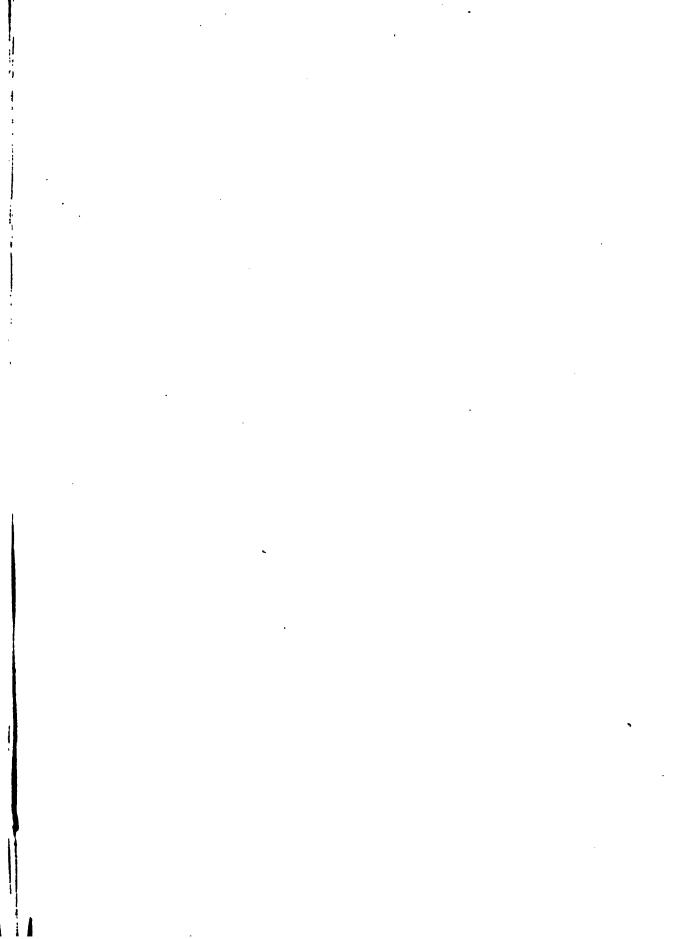
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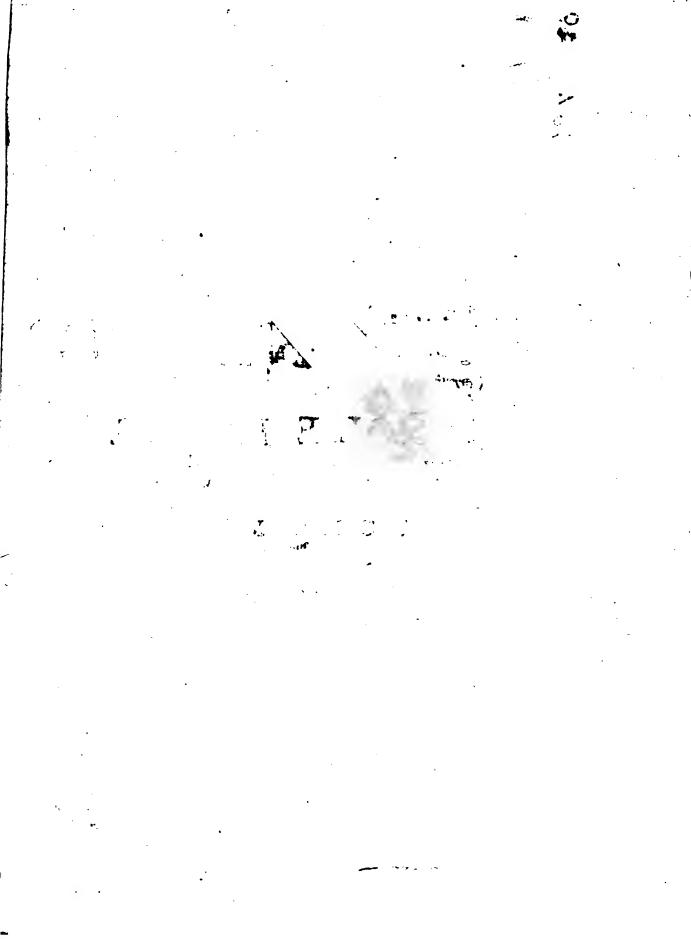
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DICCIONARIO ESPAÑOL E INGLES.

TOMOL



DICCIONARIO

ESPAÑOL E INGLES.

Conteniente la fignificacion y uso de las voces, con terminos propios á la Marina, à las Artes, Ciencias y Comercio, con la acentuacion de la Real Academia de Madrid.

NUEVA EDICION,

Revista y corregid. de la edicion de Joseph BARETTI, Secretario de la Real () respondencia de Pintura, Escultura y Arquitectura.

TOMO I





LONDRES,

A Costa de Piestre y Delamolliere.



P R O L O G O

DE todos los Diccionarios en qualquier idioma que sean, el mejor, sin duda, es el ultimo que ha salido á luz; entretanto un editor ha de ser juycioso y dar toda su atencion á un objeto de tanta importancia, y es menester que incluya en su obra todo lo que salta en otros Diccionarios que precedieron.

En Inglaterra publicaron tres Diccionarios Ingleses y Españoles, el primero lo hizo el Capitan Stevens, quien despues de su larga demora en España, puso á luz esta presente obra, que no es sin algun merito, y de que se hizieron muchas impressiones en el siglo proximo passado; despues de aver su autor usado y cotejado con bastante dexteridad y cuydado el Diccionario de Nebrixa y Aldrete, mediante que sue sete, el mejor que tuvo curso en España.

Despues de Stevens, Pineda pretendio hace un Diccionario Ingles y Español perfecto, pero no hizo nada, sino mutilar el Diccionario de Stevens, y muy poco añadio; en su Presacio, critica sin razon al Diccionario de la Real Academia de Madrid, impresso en seis tomos in-folio, con autoridad y á los gastos de S. M. el Rey Felipe V. y tiene la temeridad de disputar con estos Academicos, de su propia Ortografia y de sus reglas,

P R O L O G O.

Finalmente Delpino, despues de Pineda, hizo tambien un Diccionario Ingles y Español; condenó á Pineda por no estar conforme á la Ortografia de la Real Academia, y el se conformo á ella: este mismo Diccionario su revisto, emendado y mucho aumentado por Joseph Baretti, quien por su regla en la Ortografia de la parte Inglesa, siguio el Diccionario de Johnson, y por la parte Española, siguio el Diccionario de la Academia.

Esta nueva impression del mismo Diccionario que aora damos á luz, tambien se emendo de muchos errores que estavan en las precedentes ediciones, y si no hemos logrado el punto de perfecion desseado á lo menos hemos hecho nuestros essuerzos para merecer los sufragios del publico.

ANEW

DICTIONARY,

SPANISH and ENGLISH.

A

ABA

ABA

The first letter of the alphabet in all languages, and the first of the five vowels.

A is fometimes an article which marks the darive case either singular or plural; ex. à Pedro, to Peter; à los hombres, to the men. A marks also the acusative case; ex. ano a Pedro, I love Peter.

A, in Spanish, founds always like a inthefe English words, tall, war; call; ex. cadaver, a corple; abanico, a fan.

A, f. f. ex. una buena, A, a good A; una A bien hecha, an A well

It is used likewise before the articles et, la, and los; ex. d el hombre, to the man; d los Ingleses, to the Englishmen.

A is a preposition, which signifies to, into, at, &c. ex. ir à Roma, to go to Rome, ir al campe, to go into the country; à las tres, at three o'clock, à veinte leguas de aqui, twenty leagues off; à dos dedos de tierra, within two inches of the ground, à razón de feis por ciento, at the rate of six per cent, a la derecha, on the right hand.

A is also a particle which has several fignifications, sometimes it fignifies the fashion, ex. vessida a ta Francesa, dressed after the French fashion.

Sometimes the quality; ex. a prueba de bombas, bomb-proof.

Sometimes it is put for the adverbabout, ex. nueve à diés mil hombres, about nine or ten thousand men. A precedes many adverbs; ex. poso Tom. I.

a poco, foftly; a truece, by changing; a braze partido, by strength of arms; d vista de ejos, evidently; a pecho descubierto, sincerely.

It is also a particle of compofition in many verbs, as from deuda, lanza, palo, are formed, adeudar, alanzar, apalear, &c.

These are the principal senses where in this letter is used, but there are some others besides, which can hardly be brought under the foregoing significations, or indeed under any particular rules; yet you will find them all in the series of tihs dictionary.

AARO'N (barba de Aavon) f. f. the herb Wake-robbin, or cuckowpintle.

A B

A'BA, f. f. a little space of ground of about two yards.

ABAO'L, f. m. (amapóla) poppy, fleep wort.

ABA'CA, f. f. a kind of flax that grows in America.

ABACERIA, f. an oil-shop.

ABACE'RO, f. m. the master or mistress of an oil-shop, or any one who hath obliged himself to supply the thown he lives in, with all the goods commonly sold in an oil-shop, or chandler's shop.

ABACIA'L, adj. belonging to an abbot.

A'BACO, f. m. (a term of architecture) the uppermost member of a column.

ABA'D, f m. an abbot. The head of some principal churches in Spain.

Abad bendite, an abbot with bishop's privileges.

Abad mitrado, a mitred abbot.

Anciently they called abad, the curate of a parish church.

Prov. Et abad de lo que canta yanta, every body must live by his own

ABA'DA, f. f. the female of a rhinoceros.

ABADE'JO, f. m. that fort of falt fish we call poor Jack, the bird called a wagrail, and the fly we call the Spanish fly, or cantharis, used for raising blifters.

ABADE'NGO, f. m. the territory and other things belonging to am abbot.

ABADE'NGO, adj. belonging to an abbot.

ABA'DES, f. m. the fly called can-

ABADE'SSA, f. f. an abbest of a monastery of religious women.

Abadifa, f. f. the last spark that remains in a bit of paper burn to ashes.

ABADI'A, f. f. church, monaftery the place where friars live.

ABAHA'R, vid. AVAHAR, ABAJA'R, vid. ABAXAR.

ABAJARRO'N, f. m. a fort of locust that devours the leaves and buds of trees.

ABAJE'RA, f. f. the herb called balmgentle or bee wort.

ABALA'DO, adj. foft, spungy.

ABALANZADO'R, s. m. one who

thrusts forwards or hazards.

ABALANZA'R, v. a. to hold on make the balance or feales even. Abalanzarse, v. r. to attack, to rules on fuddenly.

Ą

ABALDONA'R, v. a. to taunt, to cast reproaches upon one, to give ill language.

ABALGA'R, f. m. a fort of purge, a purging potion.

ABALLA'R, J. a. to lead a flock haftily to fome place or other. -Aballar, v. a. to ruin, to undo, to

demolish.

ABALO'RIO, f. m. bugles. No vale un abalorio, it is not worth a pin. 'ABALO'TE, f. m. uproar, tumult. ABANDALIZA'R, v, a, to divide people into bands.

ABNADERA'DO, f. m. an enfign's Mervant, that carries the colours to

ABANDERA'DOS, f. m. pl. the name the people of Salamanca give those that carry the colours at the procession on Good-Feiday and Eafter Day.

ABANDERA'R, v. a. to hang or adorn a place with colours and Areamers.

ABANDERIZA'R, v. a. to raise a rebellion in a nation, to divide in to many parties.

ABANDONAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of abandoning.

ABANDONA'R, v. a. to abandon, to forsake, to desert.

Abandonarse, v. r. to abandon one's felf to despair, to want courage to fupport adversity.

'ABANDO'NO, f. m. the fame an abandonamiénto.

ABANICA'R, v. a. to fan, to cool with a fao.

Abanicarse, v. r. to fan. one's self. ABANI'CO, f. m. a fan.

Abanico, f. m. a curtain gathered in the form a fan.

Abanicos de culpas, a nick-name given to the alguafils or Spanish bailiffs, because they blow the fire, and exite men to commit crimes, that they may have an occafion to arrest them.

ABANI'LLO, f. m. a little fan. ABANINO, f. m. a fmall fort of ruff, or gorget, formerly worn by women in Spain,

L'BANO, f. m. any fort of fan. ABANTA'L, f. an apron.

ABANTA'R, v. a to row on, to pail forwards.

ABARATA'R, v.a. to fell cheap, also to cheapen, to beat down the price of a thing.

A B A

APA'RCA, f. f. a fort of shoes worn by country people, made of raw skins.

ABARCA'DO, adj. shod with abarcas. ABARCA'R, v. a. to class in the arms, to rake together much wealth, to assume command, to aspire to honour. Quien mucho abarca, poco apriéta, all covet, all lose.

ABARCO'N, S. m. any thing whereby another is retained, as an anchor or chord, or any thing that holds another; an iron circle that serves to fasten the pole of a coach,

ABARLOA'R, v. n. to fail, to windward, to gain upon a wind, to tack from fide to fide.

ABARQUILLA'R, v. 2. to bend any thing in the shape of a little

ABARRACA'R, v. a. to put into barracks.

Abarracarse, v. r. to cover from the inclemency of the weather by entering into barracks.

ABARRAD'O adj. (puño abarrádo) cloth ill dyed, with spots and bars. ABARRAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the life of a man and woman who live together in fornication.

ABARRAGANA*DA, f. f. 2 miftress kept by one, a whore in keeping.

ABARRAGANA'DO, f. m. a man that keeps a wench.

ABARRAGANA'RSE, v. r. to live in fornication.

ABARRANCADE'RO, f. a. fleep downfall, a dangerous hill or rock, a precipice, also a great difficulty.

ABARRANCA'DO, adj. sticking in clefts, or craggy places, or in bogs berween hills.

ABARRANCA'R, v. n. y a. to fall or throw down headlong, to tumble off precipices, to stick in bogs. Metaph. To run one's felf into dangers, or troublesome business.

ABARRA'Z, f. an herb called stavefacre, or loufebane.

ABARRI'SCO, adv. confufedly, diforderly, inconfiderately,

ABARROTA'R, v. a. to bind down, to press hard.

ABARRO'TES, f. pl. by English failors called dennage, being small parcels of goods to fill up the cavities in stowing of a ship. ABASTADAME'NTE, adv. abundantly, copiously.

ABASTA'DO, adj. well furnished, or provided. Cafa abastada, a house well stored.

ABASTAMIE'NTO, f. m. the same as abastanza. Obs.

ABASTA'NZA, s. f. or Abasto 💂 fufficiency, store, plenty.

ABASTA'R, v. a. to store, furnish plentifully, or fully provide.

ABASTECEDO'R, f. m. provider, ABASTECE'R, v. a. to furnish provide, supply or store with pro. visions, or other things.

ABASTECIMIE'NTO, f. m. the care and action of providing.

ABASTIONA'R, v. a. to fortify with baftions.

ABA'STO,f. m. plenty, abundance: ABATANADUR, f. m. a fuller of cloth.

ABATANA'R, v. a. to full or mile cloth,

ABA'TE, f. m. an Italian word: used to denote one dressed like a priest in a short cloak; abate interj, take care.

ABATEA'R , v. a to wash.

ABATIDAME'NTE, adv. meanly. basely, faintly, negligently feebly, humbly.

ABATI'DO, adj. mean, humble, discouraged, dismayed, low infpirit, caft down.

ABATIDO'R, f. m. a person that: oppresses or casts down others, ordiscourages them.

ABATIMIE'NTO, f. m. discouragement, disheartening, debafing, humbling, eafting down; in the feaman's phrafe, leewar way.

Abatimiénto, f. m. humiliation, alfomeanness of birth.

ABATI'R, v. a. to beat down, todiscourage r cast down, to. debase, to humblee.

Abatirse, v. r. to humble or submit one's self.

Abaiir la bandéra to strike the colours: Abastr la bandira por guindamánia, 195 firike the colours ad hoift them again as foon as run down.

Abatiose et gerifaite, the gerfaulcon stooped.

ABAXADE'RO, f. m. a place to descend or come down, as the side of a hill, or the like.

ABAXADOR, f. m. he that takes down, humbles, leffens, or abares any thing.

ABAXAMIE'NTO', f. m. an humbling, debasing, lessening, taking down, or abating.

ABAXA'R, v. a. to come down, to floop, to bring down, to humble, to lower, to descend.

Abaxár la cabéza, to hang down the head, that is, to Submit or affent.

Abaxár los parpados, to wink.

Abaxar los brios, to cool a man's courage.

Abaxar la maréa, to ebb, as the water does.

Abarar las rémus, to lower the revenue.

Abazar el balcon, in falconry, to bring down a hawk's fat.

Abazar el tono, to lover the voice, or fet the tune lower.

ABA'XO, adv. below.

De Dios abazo, under God.

ABD

ABDICACIO'N, f. f. abdication.
ABDICA'R, v. a. to abdicate, renounce, the power once affumed.
ABDO'MEN, f. m. the peritonaum,
or inner rim of the belly covering
the entrails.

ABE

ABECE', f. m. the alphabet, the A,B,C.

ABECEDA'RIO, f. m. the first book in which children learn to read, like our primer, so called from the A,B,C.

ABE'JA, f. f. a bec.

ABEJARRO'N, f. m. a hive, a bee-hive ABEJARRO'N, f. m. a horfe-fly, ABEJERFA, f. f. a place where they keep many bees.

ABEJERO, f. m. one who takes care of the bee-hives. Also an obscure mean person.

ABEJERU'CO, f. m. a bird that

devours bees, called a wirwall, or woodwall; also an unknown man.

ABEJI'LLA, a little bee.

ABEJO'N, f. m. a bee that has loft its fling, a drone.

Abejon, a fort of play among children, at which one cries buz, and if the other is not watchful to pull away his head, he gives him a cuff on the ear. Thence Jugdr con an al abejón, is to make sport of, or to make a jest of a man.

ABEJONA'ZO, f. m. a great bee, or a wasp.

ABEJU'ELA, f. f. a fort of fly that lives and breeds in the woods.

ABEJU'ELA, f. f. a little bee.

ABEJURU'CO, vid. ABEJE-RUCO.

ABE'LLA, f. f. a bec.

ABELLA'R, f. m. a bee-hive. ABEMO'LAR, v. a. to soften, to

fupple.

ABENULAS, f. f. the eye lashes, or the hair on the eye-lids. Obf. ABENUZ, f. m. the ebony-tree. This name is Arabick: the common Spanish name thano.

ABERENGENADO, adj. the colour of a fruit growing in Spain, called berengéna, which in the beginning is green, and afterwards changes to the colour of a violet.

ABERNARDA'RSE, v. r. to be highly incensed, raised into a passion beyond measure, spoken jeeringly to any one.

ABERNUNCIO, interj. far be it from me.

ABERTE'RO, adj. easy to be opened.

ABERTURA, f. f. an opening, a chink, breach, or cleft; a yawning; a leak in a ship. In architecture, the doors and windows of a house are called aberturas.

Hablar con abertura, to speag freely ABE'SO, adj. bad, naught. Obs. ABESA'NA, s. f. a yoke of oxen. ABETE'RNO, interj. from eternity.

ABE'TO, f. f. a fir-tree.

ABETUNAR, v. a. to dawb over with bitumen, or any glutinous matter.

ABE'YA, f. f. Obf. a bec.

ABEYE'RA, f. f. Obf. a bec-hive, ABE'ZA, f. m. vid. AVEZA-MIENTO.

ABEZADAME'NTE, adv. knowingly, customarily.

ABEZAMIE'NTO, f. m. accuseming, an inuring.

ABI,

ABIERTAME'NTE, adv. openly, plainly, manifestly, evidently.

ABIE'RTO, adj. open clear, manifest, plain, conspicuous. v. abrir.

Crédito abierto, a term among the merchants, signifying full credit without any limitation.

ABIGARRA'DO, f. a garment of feveral colours.

ABIGARRA'R, v. a. to paint in many colours,

ABIGEA'TO, f. m. the thieving or flealing of cattle; a word used in law.

ABIGEO, f. m. a driver of cartle properly he who drives a whole flock or herd to will them.

ABIGOTA'DO, f. m. one with long whiskers.

ABINICIO, ad. from the beginnings ABINIESTA'TO, adv. one that dies without making a will.

ABITA'QUE, f. m. the fourth part of the measure called vigs.

A'BITO, f. m. habit, drofs.

ABIZCOCHA'DO, adj. made in the form of a bisker, and as hard, ABJURA'R, v. a. to abjure, for-fake, renounce with an oath.
ABJURACL'ON, f. f. abjuration.

the act of abjuring.

ABL.

ABLANDADURA, f. f. a fostning, foothing, smoothing, packfying, or appeasing.

ABLA'NDAHIGOS, f. m. a foft fellow that i sto be moulded every

ABLANDAR, v. a. to fosten, to foothe, flatter, appeale, or pacify; from blando, fost.

ABLATTVO, f. m. the ablative cafe.

A 2

ABLENTA'DOR, f. m. one that fans or winnows.

A B O

ABLENTA'R, v. a. to fan, or winnow corn, or the like.

ABN.

ABNEGACIO'N, f. f. abnegation, denial, or alienation.

ABO.

ABOBAMIE'NTO, f. m. aftonishment, gazing as if one were beside himself.

ABOBA'R, v. a. to become foolish or make one a fool, or to make a man gaze, as if he were beside himself.

ABO'BAS, adv. foolishly, igno-

ABOCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a congress, or meering together.

ABOCA'R, v. a. a term used by sportsmen, when a dog seizes a partridge.

'Abocar las vérgas, to make fast the yards of a ship, particularly in time of battle, to seize them fast that they may not fall.

Abecar la artilleria, to point a gun, to aim, to direct the carfnon; ex. abocó la artilleria a la brecha, he pointed the artillery to the breach.

ABOCA'RSE, v. r. that is, for two to come mouth to mouth to

ABOCARDA'DO, adj. (cañon abocardado) with a mouth like that of a trumpet.

ABOCHORN'AR, v. a. to overcome or stifle, to make faint with excessive heat.

Abochornar, to plague, to weary, to tire, to trouble.

Abochernar, to irritate, to provoke. Abochornar, to ashame, to difgrace. ABOCINA'DO, adj. (in archirecture) divided in two.,

ABOFETEADO'R, S. m. one that cuffs, boxes, or buffets another. ABOFETEA'R, v. a. to cuff, box, buffet, or firike on the face.

ABOGACIA, f. f. the office or duty of a counsellor at law; also the practice or art of pleading.

ABOGACIO'N, f. f. pleading, arguing, or defending a cause, as Liwyers do.

ABOGADA, f. f. patroness, pro-

ABOGA'DO, f. m. a counsellor at law, or advocate; also an intercesfor or, mediator.

Abogado sin létras, an ignorant pettifogger.

ABOGADOR, f. an advocate.

ABOGA'LLA, f. f. an oak apple. ABOGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a plea at the bar.

ABOGA'R, v. a. to plead as a connfellor or lawyer does.

ABOLE'NGO, vid. AVOLENGO. ABOLICIO'N, f. f. an abolishing, annulling, or making void.

ABOLI'R, v. a. to abolish, to annul, to cancel or vacate.

ABOLLADU'RA, f. f. a bruife. ABOLLADO'R, f. m. one that bruises, batters, or makes dents in things.

ABOLLA'DOS, f. m. pl. raised work, or embossing in embroidery. ABOLLA'R, v. a. to bruise, batter, or beat dents in things.

Abollar la cabeza de uno, to vex, to tire, to plague one.

ABOLLO'N, f.m. the shoot of avine. ABOLLONA'DO, adj. full of bunches, sticking out, or knobs made with beating, as in vellels of metal that are battered out.

ABOLLONA'R, v. a. toraise knobs, or rifings on any thing with bruifing or beating.

ABOLSA'DO, adj. any thing folded in the manner of a purse.

ABOMINA'BI.E; adj. abominable, detestable, loathsome, execrable. ABOMINABLEME'NTE, adv. abominably.

ABOMINACION, f. f. abomination, deteffation, loathing, abhor-

ABOMINADO'R, f. m. an abominator, or one that abbors or detefts any thing.

ABOMINA'R, v. a. to abominate, to abhor, to deteft, to loath; from the Lat. abominor.

ABONA'DO. f. m. one that has a good account given of him, or that has fecurity or bail given for him. ABONADO'R, f. m. one that anfwers or speaks a good word for another; also a furety, or bail.

ABONAMIE'NTO, f. m. speaking a good word, or giving a good charafter of another, or giving fecurity or bail for him. Obs.

ABONA'NZA, f. f. the clearing or breaking up of the weather, and becoming fair. Obf.

ABONNANZAR, v.a. to clear up, to grow fair weather.

ABONA'R, v. a. to speak a good word for, or give a good character. of another, to be bound for one,

Abonár mercadurias, to wastant goods, to answer for their goodness.

Abonarse el tiempo, the weather mends. ABONDAMIE'NTO, f. m. abundance, plenty.

ABONDA'R , v. a. to abound , to have plenty, to be well flored.

ABO'NDO, adj. (or Abondoso) obs. plentiful, abundant, copious.

ABO'NO, f. m. giving a man a good word, or character, being bound. for him.

ABORDADURA, f. f.boarding of a ship, or bringing a ship close to the shore.

ABORDA'R, v. n. to lay a ship aboard, or to board her as in fight; also to bring her close to the shore.

ABO'RDO, f. m. (a sea term.) aboard, that is, in the ship; also boarding of a ship.

ABORDONA'R, &c. fee BOR-DONEAR.

ABORRASCA'DO, adj. grown blustering, stormy, foul weather.

ABORRASCA'R, v. n. to grow bluftering, flormy, foul. weather. ABORRECEDE'RO, adj. hareful,

odious, abominable, despicable, contemptible.

ABORRECEDO'R, f. m. one that hates, loaths, or abhors.

ABORRECE'R, v. 2 (yo aborffco) to hate, abhor, loath, or dish-

Aborrecer, los huevos, to fall off from one's friendship; verbatim, to hate the eggs; because birds leave their eggs when they find they have been. handled.

ABORRECIBLE, adj. hateful, loathfome.

ABORRECIBLEME'NTE, adv. hatefully.

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ABORRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. hatred, loathing, dislike.

ABORRESCE'NCIA, f. f. abhorrence, hatred.

ABORRIR, v. a. to vex, torment, or difgust, to be vexed at one's self or another.

ABORTADURA, f. f. an untimely birth, bringing into the world before time.

ABORTA'R, v. a. to bring forth before the due time.

ABO'RTIVO, adj. abortive, born before the time.

ABORTO, f. m. a miscarriage, bringing, forth before time.

ABORTO'N, f. m. an abortive child, or other creature, born before its time.

ABOTAGA'RSE . v. r. to fwell, form of a boot.

ABOTINA'DO, adj. any ting in ABOTINA'DO, adj. having the form of a boot. It is faid of a particular kind.of shoes.

ABOTONA'DO, adj. buttoned, as a man's coat; in trees it is budded.

ABOTONADOR, f. m. an inftrument of iron used to button cloaths

ABOTONADURA, f. f. buttoning, or the place on which the buttons are fastened.

ABOTONA'R, v. a. to button a garment; in trees, to bud.

ABOVE'DAR, v. a. to vault, or

ABR.

A'BRA, f. f. an opening, a creek of the sea, or an inlet to the

ABRACIJO, f. m. a fincere em-

ABRASADAMENTE, adv. vigoroully, fervently, ardently.

ABRASADO'R, adj. that burns or confumes with fire.

ABRASAMIE'NTO, f. m. a burning or confuming with fire.

ABRASA'R, v. a. to burn, to consume with fire.

ABRASA'RSE, v. r. to be inflamed. ABRAZADE'RAS, f. f. cramping irons to hold fast stone or timber.

ABRAZADO'R, f. m. the person who embraces another; (in cant) the hangman.

ABR

ABRAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an embracing.

ABRAZA'R, v. a. to embrace, to hug, to class in the arms, also to encompass, to hem in.

Abrazar la orinion de otro, to follow another's opinien.

ABRAZA'RSE, v. r. to embrace mutually, or one with another.

ABRA'ZO, f. m. an embrace a hug, a close embrace; ex. darse el ultimo abrazo, to take leave.

A'BREGO, s. m. the south-west wind.

ABREVADE'RO, f. m. a watering place for cattle.

ABREVA'DO, adj. wet, moiste-

ABREVADOR, f. m. one who waters cattle.

ABREVA'R, v. a. to water cattle. ABREVIACION, f. f. an abbreviation, epítome, compendium.

ABREVIA'DO, adj. abridged, shortened, made brief, cut off short.

ABREVIA'DO, adj. according to Quevedo, a jocose expression, intimating that a person is illegiti-

ABREVIADO'R, f. m. an abridger, one that makes short; also an officer that dispatches the pope's briefs.

ABREVIADURA, f. f. an bridgment, retreachment, cutting off, or shortning, or writting with abreviations.

ABREVIA'R, v. a to make short, to be brief, to abridge, to cut off

Abreviarse, v. r. to be straitned, to be bound close.

ABREVIA'TU'RA, f. f. an abridgment, a fummary, a compendium; alfo an abreviation.

ABRIBONA'RSE, v. r. tobe a rogue, or to be abandoned to vice.

ABRIDE'RO, adj. a thing eafy to be opened.

ABRIDO'R, f. m. one that opens: also an iron used to flarch bands on; also an engraver, or carver. ABRIGA'ãO, f. m. a sheltering place, particularly used by she pherds as a cottage.

ABRIGA'R, v. a. to cover warm. to clothe warm, to shelter clofrom the weather; also to support. to defend, or protect.

ABRIGO, s. m. covering, or clothing warm, any covert against the weather, but more particularly against cold.

ABRIL, f. m. the month of April. Viene hecho un Abril, Ot efta hecho un Abril, he comes very handsome or beautiful.

ABRIMIE'NTO, f. an opening, a discovery.

ABRI'R, v. a. to open, to discover, to disclose, to reveal, to cleave afunder, to expound.

Abrir lo sellado, to unseal.

Abrir mano de una cosa, to desist from

Abrir portillo, to make a breach.

Abrir en cobre, to engrave on copper. Abrir puérta, to give an opportunity to make away.

Abrir tiénda, to open shop; taken in a bad sense for women when they first expose them selves to be lewd. Abrir el ojo, to stand upon ene's guard.

to be watchful. Abrir et tiémpo, is when the weather clears up, and clouds break away

Abrir camino, to facilitate, tomake way Abrir los oidos, to hearken, to be attentive.

Abrir trinchéra, to open the trenches, Abrir el passo, to facilitate.

Abrir el puerto, to take off an embargo upon ships detained.

Abrir los ojos a uno (desengañarle) to undeceive to disabuse one.

Abrir un canal, to baffle, to joke. to offend one.

Abrir las ganas, to sharpen the sto-

Abrir la mano, to be generous or libera. Abrir las manos, to let one's self be bribed or corrupted.

Abrir las piernas, to confent in a bad fenfe.

Abrir la puerta a los delitos, to give occasion to crimes.

En un abrir y cerrar de ojos, în a twinkling of the eyes, quickly.

Abrirje, v. r. to be opened, to be wie de, or open,

Abrirse la paréd, is when the wall craks.

Abierto , p. p. of the verb abrir. Hombre abiérto, an open, free, fincere man.

Campo abierto, an open sield.

Canta à libro abierto, he sings at the opening of the book.

Crédito abierto, a credit without limits (in trade;)guerra abierta,an openwar. Lugar abierto, an open place.

Ver el cielo abierto, to find a favourable occasion to execute a project.

ABROCHADU'RA, f. f. clasping, booking, or drawing cloaths toge-

ABROCHA'R, v. a. to hasp, or clasp cloaths together, but used fometimes for any way of making them fast.

'ABROGACI'ON, S. f. an abrogating, annulling, or making void

(in law.)

ABROGA'R, v. 2. (pres. yo abrogo, pret. yo abrogué) to abrogate, to annul, to abolish, to make void. ABRO'JO, f. m. bramble, briar. Alfo fuch as foldiers call calthrops, chaussetrapes, or crowsfeet, being four-pointed irons, so made, that whatfoever way they fall, one point is always up; they are used to hinder the approach of cavalry, because they run into the hor-

Abrojos, f. pl. the Spanish failors gave that name to fome places in the sea, full of shelves, or covered wirh shallow rocks.

fes, feet and lame them.

ABROMA'RSE, v. r. to be eaten by worms.

'ABROQUELA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's body with a buckler or target against an enemy; to ward off a blow; to be protected, defended, supported,

ABRO'TANO, f. m, the herb fouthernword.

ABRUMADO'R, adj. heavy, or de pressed by weight,

Abrumador, adj. troublesome, teizing, importunate, haranguing. ABRUMA'R, v. a. to oppress, to

afflict, to moleft, trouble, or teize. A B S

ABSCESSO, f, m. an absccfs, a oric (welling full of matter,

ABSCONDE'R, v. a. to hide or conceal, abscond.

A B S

ABSE'NCIA, or AUSE'NCIA, S. f. absence.

ABSENTARSE, v. r. to be absent, vid. AUSENTA' RSE.

ABSENTE, adj. absent.

ABSOLVEDE'RAS, f. f. pl. eafiness in a confessor to give absolution. A jocose word.

Confessor de admirables absolvederas, 2 confessor that absolves easily.

ABSOLVEDOR, f. m. obf. a confessor.

ABSOLVE'R; v. a. (pres. absuélvo, pret. absolvi) to absolve, forgive, discharge fins, or offences.

ABSOLUCION, f. f. absolution, remission, forgivenels, or pardon of fins or offences.

ABSOLUTAME'NTE, adv. abfolutely; also precisely, wholly; and truly.

ABSOLUTO, adj. absolute.

ABSORTA'R, v. z. to suspend, to aftonish.

ABSORTO, p. p. wholly taken up. wrapped in imagination, amazed. ABSOLVE'R, v. a. to sup up, or fwallow, or fuck up.

ABSTE'MIO, absternious, one that is abstinent or sparing in his meat, drink, and other things. Latin abstemius.

ABSTENE'RSE, v. n. to abstain, to refrain from meat, drink, pleafure, or any other thing; ex. para que te absténgas y reportes en el hablár demasiado connigo, that you abstain and keep from speaking too much with me.

ABSTERSIVO, adj. abstersive, that has the quality of cleansing. ABSTINE'NCLA, f. f. abstinence, refraining, or forbearing of meat, drink, pleasures, or the like.

Dia de abstinencia, a day of abstinence, is that which only obliges to abstain from eating of flesh. but is not a fast, which allows but one meal a day.

ABSTINE'NTE, adj. abstinent, continent.

ABSTRACCION, f. f. abstraction. or taking from.

ABSTRACTIVAME'NTE, adv. abstracedly.

ABSTRA'CTO, adj. extatick, abstraft, or who is in an extafy, trance, or rapture.

ABSTRAHE'R, v. a. to separate one thing from another.

Abstraherse, v. r. to abstain from doing a thing.

ABSTRUSO, abstruse, hidden concealed, profund. Latin abf-

ABSUELTO, p. p. of the verb absolver.

ABSURDAME'NTE, adv. abfurdly, preposterously.

ABSURDIDA'D, f. f. absurdity that which is against reason.

ABSU'RDO, f. m. absurdity, what is done or faid against reason. Absurde, adj. absurd, preposterous.

ABSY'NTHIO, f. m. wormwood,

ABU

ABUA'RSE, v. r. to be in the dark. ABUBA'DO, adj. one that has the French pox.

ABUBILLA, f. f. a bird called a hoope, that has a crest from the bill to the neck, and delights in dung and filth.

ABUCA'STA, vid. AVUCASTA. ABUCASTRO, f. m. a tirefome, difagreeable fellow.

ABU6HORNA'R, vid. ABO-CHORNAR.

ABUE'LA, f. f. a grandmother; better spelt aguela : see it there.

ABUE'LO, f. m. a grandfather; better spelt aguelo : where see more of it.

Abuélias desso, together with that. It is properly two words, a buchas. ABUE'NAS. adv. fairly, by fair means. Two words, like the last.

ABUHAMIE'NTO, f. m. a swelling, puffing up, bloating; also splenetickness, moroseness, or foppish ill-nature.

ABUHA'RSE, v. r. to fwell, puff. up, bloat, also to be splenetick, morose, or in the mumps.

ABULLA, f. f. a bubble in the

ABULTA'R, v. a. to make a great bulk, to have a large body.

ABU'LTO, adv. by the lump. Tomar a bulto, to take a ting upon content; Comprar a bulto, to buy by the parcel without examining.

ABUNDA'NCIA, f. f. abundance, plenty, great flore.

ABUNDA'NTE, p. a. abounding, plentiful, well flored.

ABUNDANTEME'NTE, adv. abundantly, plentifully.

ABUNDA'R, v. n. to abound with, or in, to have in great plenty, also to be in great plenty to have great flore.

ABUNDOSEME'NTE, adv. as abundantemente, barbarous.

ABUNDOSIDA'D, abundance, plenty, great flore.

ABUNDO'SO, adj. abounding plentiful, well flored.

ABUNUELA'R, v. a. to make any thing in the form of a fritter, or pancake.

ABURA'R, v. n. to burn, to fcorch.
ABURELA'DO, adj. dark red.

ABURRIR, v. a. to vex, diffract or make a man weary of his life.

Aburrir los huevos la gallina, is for the hen to take a diffafte to her eggs, not fit upon them any more

ABUSA'R, v. n. to abuse, misuse, misemploy.

ABUSIO'N, f. f. abuse, misemploying, misapplying; also supersition.

ABUSO, f. m. (as abufion) the abufe of any thing.

ABUTA'RDA, a bustard, so called from the Latin avis tarda, a slow bird. Vid. AVUTA'RDA.

ABUVILLA, vid. ABUBILLA.

A B Y

ABYSMAI.ES, f. m. pl. great nails, fuch as faften the pole of a coach.

ABYSMA'R, v. r. to throw any thing into an abys or deep place.

ABY'SMO, f. m. an abys, or deep place; also hell.

ACA

ACA', adv. hither, here; ex. ven acd mentecato, come hither you foolish. Por acd, hereabouts.

Acay aculta, hither and thither.

Aca, a note of calling, as in English, hey.

Acá, de notes the time in which a shing hath happened.

Defde un mes acá, a month ago, or fince.

Ach como alla, it is the same there as here.

Andar de acá para allá, à de acá para acullá, to run backwards and forwards, or ramble here and there.

Prov. De quando acá Perico (ò Marica) con guantes 1 how long is it fince you have gone so fine 1

ACABA'BLE, adj. any thing that canbe finished.

ACABADAME'NTE, adv. completely, perfectly, absolutely,

ACABALA'R, v.a. to make equal, even.

ACABALLADE'RO, f. m. the time and place where horfes cover the mares.

ACABALLA'DO, adj. restembling a horse; also proxed.

ACABALLA'R, v. a. to leap the female, as a stallion.

ACABALLERADO, adj. endued with a noble and generous dispofition, gentleman like.

ACABALLERA'R, v. a. to tink one's felf a knight, without being fo. ACABA'DO, adj. completed, entirely finished; also wise man.

Es un kombre acabado, an accomplished man.

ACABAMIENTO, f. m. the end of any thing; also death.

ACABAR, v. a. to make an end, to conclude, to finish, to perfect, to accomplish, to depart out of this life.

No puedo acabar con el, I cannot prevail wit him.

Acaba ya, do it them.

Seria nuncar acabar, a thing that never would be ended, finished, completed, perfected.

Quien mal anda en mal acaba, a bad beginning, a bad ending.

Acabé adra de llegar, I am but just come this moment.

ACABDILLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly.

ACABDILEADO'R, f. m. a gene-

ACABDILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a conducting, guiding, or leading on the foldiers.

ACABDILLA'R, v. a. to conduct, or guide foldiers.

ACABELLA'DO, adj. chefnut colour.

ACA'BO, f. m. the end, the conclusion. Properly two words, a cabo.

ACABRONA'DO, adj. wild, free, as free as a wild goar.

ACACHA'RSE, v. r. to lay fquat, to lay close that one may not be feen.

ACACIA, f. f. a tree and drug fo called.

ACADE'MIA, f. f. an academy.

ACADE'MICO, f. m. a member of an academy.

Academico, adj. belonging to an academy.

ACAECE'R, v. imp. to happen, to chance, to fall out; from the Latin acciders.

ACAECE'RSE, v. r. to be prefent. ACAECIMIE'NTO, f. m. an accident, event, incident.

ACAIRELA'R, v. a. to fringe.

ACALLA'R, v. n. to still, quiet; appease, silence, to hush as they do children; from callar, to be filent.

ACALMA'R, v. n. to calm, orfill, ACALORA'R, v. a. to calumniate, ACALORA'R, v. a. to warm, hear, or make hot. Also to protect, or encourage.

Acadorarfe, v. r. to hurry one's felf, ACAMPAMIE'NTO, f.m. the place where an army is encamped.

ACAMPA'R, v. n. to encamp, to lie in the field.

ACAMUZA'DO, adj. buff-coloured, ACA'NA, f. a fort of fine wood brought from the West-Indies of a very deep red.

ACANALA'R, v a. to cut in gutters or channels. In columns and carved work called fluting.

ACANA'LES, adv. in gutters of channels, or a fluted column.

ACANDILA'R, v. a. to make any thing in the shape of a candle.

ACANELA'DO, adj. of a cinuamon colous, or dressed with cinnamon.

ACANILLA'DO, f. m. interwovers canes, or reeds, like watting, or any thing done after that manner.

Pano atanillado, a coarle fost of

cloth, with great threads like reeds.

ACARAVEREADO'R, f. m. one that pricks or wounds others with sharp canes or reeds.

MCAñAVEREA'R, v. a to pierce, prick, or wound with sharp canes or reeds, which was formerly used to make criminals confess, running sharp reeds between their nails and their flesh.

ACARONEA'R, v. a. to fire a gun, also to batter any place with cannon.

ACANTALEA'R, v. a. to throw flones, to fling flones to; and alfo, to hail, to drop hail as big as flones.

ACANTARA'R, v. a. tomeasure out by pitchers; also to strike with a pitcher.

ACA'NTHO, f. m. a fort of thistle called in English, bears-foot, or bearsbreech.

ACANTHOBO'LA, f. f. the name of a chirurgical inftrument used in taking out something that stichs in the throat.

ACANTILA'R, v. a to firengthen, to press hard, to drive to necessity.

ACANTUNA'R, v. a. to canton

ACAPA'R, v. a. to muffle up in a cloak; from capa, a cloak.

ACAPARRA'R, v. a. to frowd or shelter under another's cloak; to put under another's protection.

ACAPAROSA'DO, adj. of a colour between blue and green.

ACAPIZARSE, v. r. to pluck one another by the hair.

ACAPONA'DO, adj. that is like an eunuch or a capon; also effeminate.

ACAPTAR, v. a, the fame as comprar, to buy. Obf.

ACARA'R, v. a. to confront, to bring face to face,

ACARDENALA'R, v. a. to make fcars, to beat or wound fo, that the scars remain.

ACAREAR, v. a. to bring face to

ACARICIADO'R, f. m. a person that makes much of his guest or sugrating his friends kindly. ACARICIA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat tenderly and affection nately.

ACAREADIZO, adj. that may be, or is brought, or carried.

ACARREADO'R, f. m. one that brings, and carries.

ACARREADU'RA, f.f. bringing, or carrying.

ACARREA'R, v. a. to bring or carry.

ACARRETO, f. m. carriage.

ACARRILA'R, v. a. to put into the way, or into the track.

ACARRILLA'DO, adj. full cheeked, plump faced, or that has great cheeks.

ACARRILLAR, v. n. full cheeked, plump faced.

ACA'SO, adv. by chance, accidentally, cafually.

ACA'SO, f. m. chance, hazard, accident.

ACATADAMENTE, adv. reveverently.

ACATADURA, f. f. the countenance, prefence, aspect, or face. ACATAMIE'NTO, f. f. prefence, aspect; also reverence, respect, honour.

ACATA'R, v. a. to refpect, honour, reverence; also to behold, to look upon, to view.

ACATARRARSE, v.r. to take cold. ACAUDALADOR, f. m. one that

gathers wealth, or makes up a flock. ACCAUDALAR, v.a. to growrich, to gather vealt, to lay up a flock.

ACAUDILLADO'R, f. m. one that leads, or conducts, as an officer does foldiers.

ACAUDILLADURA, f.f. ACAU-DILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. leading, conducting, as officers do their foldiers,

ACAUDILLA'R, v. 2. to lead, condua, or command, as an officer over foldiers.

ACAUTELAR'SE, v. r. to be cautious, to be careful, or referved. ACAYRELA'R, v. a. to adorn with

fquare loops, or laces, or needlework.

ACCELERACION, f. f. fwiftness, velocity.

ACCELERADAML'NTE, adv. fwiftly, hastily, rashly, with precipitation.

ACCELERAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. ACCELERACIO'N,

ACCELERA'R, v. a. to hasten make speed.

ACCENDER', vid. ENCENDER.
ACCENTO, f. m. accent, tone,
pronounciation.

Accento musico, the sweetness of the voice, or softness of sound in music.

Accente, a note or mark upon words, that regulates their pronunciation, according to the Latins and others.

ACCENTUA'R, w. a. to lay a true accent upon words; also to pronounce right the accents; and in music, to fing melodiously.

ACCESSIBLE, adj. accessible, easy of access.

ACCESSION, f. f. accession, increafe, coming, or adding to; also the fit or paroxysm of a fever, otherwise called accidente, the Spanish physicians using both terms indifferently.

ACCE'SSO, f. m. an addition; also access, or an avenue, or way to a place.

ACCESSO'R, f. m. one that adds, or confents to, an accessary.

ACCESSORIAMENTE, adv. accellarily.

ACCESSO'RIO, adj. accessary, or consenting, or affishing to.

ACCIDENTA'DO, adj. affected with an ill state of health.

ACCIDENTA'L, adj. accidental.
ACCIDENTALME'NTE, adv.
accidentally, cafually.

ACCIDE'NTE, f. m. the fit of paroxylm of a fever, or any other fit of a difease; also an accident.

ACCIO'N, f. f. a deed, an action; also the title or claim a woman has to any thing; it is also an action at law, or an accusation laid against a man.

ACCIONA'R, v. a. to adapt the action proper to the words spoken.

A C E.

ACEAR, f. m. a Mocrish ceremony, part of their devotions.
ACEBADAMIE'NTO, f.

furfeit

furfeit in horfes; mules, &c. proceeding from eating too much barley.

ACEBADA'R, v. a. to furfeit a beaft, by g iving him too much barlev.

ACE'BO, f. m. holly, agrifolium. ACEBU CHE, f. m. ofeafter.

ACECHADO'R, f. m. one that is always watching, and prying, or observing, or peeping.

ACECHAMIE'NTO. f. m. a watching, observing, prying, or peeping.

ACECHA'NZA, vid. ASSECHAN-ZA.

ACECHAR, verb. a. to watch, pry, or peep into others' actions. Prov. Quien acecha per aguitro ré sa duelo: Who peeps through a hole, sees something proper to trouble him; that is, he who is over-curious, often hurts himself.

ACECHE, f. m. a kind of black earth.

ACE'CHO, f. m. the aft of watching, or prying; an observation.
ACECHON, f. m. vid. ACECHA'-DOR.

ACECINA'R, v. 2. to falt and dry meat in the air or smoke.

Acecinds fe, v. r. to grow lean and dry like smoaked meat.

ACEDA'R, v. a. to make acid, to four; also to trouble, to difgust.

ACEDE'RA, f. f. the herb forrel.

ACEDI'A, f. f. a four tafte; also metaphorically difgust; also a flat fish resembling a flounder.

ACE'DO, adj. four, acid; also harsh of temper, crabbed, peevish. ACEDURA, f. f. vid. ACE'DIA. ACE'FALO, vid. AZE'PHALO. ACE'ITE, f. f. vid. AZE'ITE.

ACEITE'RA, f. f. vid. AZEI-TE'RA.

ACBITU'NA, f. f. vid. AZEI-TU'NA.

ACE'LGA, S. f. white-beet.

Care de aceiga, a pale, greenish, melancholy face.

ACEMPLA, f. f. vid. AZEMPLA. ACEMPTE, vid. AZEMPTE.

ACENDRADURA, f. f. the refining of gold or filver.

ACENDRA'R, v. a. to refine filver or gold, to cleanfe, purify, or Tom. I.

bring to perfection.

ACE'nA, f. f. a water-mill. vid.
AZE'nA.

ACEPCION, f. f. acceptation, or receiving any thing, reception, whether good or bad.

Acepcion de personas, the preference given to persons without their deserving it.

ACE'PHALO, adj. any thing that wants a head or beginning.

Libro acephalo, a book that wants the beginning.

Verfos acéphalos, a fort of heroicks, that begin with a short fyllable; also fag ends of verses.

Hereges acephalos, a fort of ancient hereticks, so called, because it is not known who was the first that flarted their herefy; they afferted there was but one nature in the person of Christ.

ACEPILLADO'R, f. m. one that planes, as joiners and carpenters

do with a plane.

ACEPILLADURAS, f. f. pl. shavings of wood, fuch as are taken off with a plane when the wood is planed.

ACEPILLA'R, v. a. to fmooth, or plane, as joiners do withatool called a plane; also to brush cloaths.

ACEPTA'BLE, adj. acceptable, pleasing.

ACEPTACION, f. f. vid. ACEP-

ACEPTADO'R, f. m. a receiver. ACEPTA'R, v. a. to accept.

Aceptar una letra, to accept a bill.

ACEPTA'NTE, f. the person that accepts.

ACE'PTO, adj. well received, well taken, grateful.

ACEQUINA, f. f. a canal to carry

A'CER, f. m. the maple-tree.

ACE'RA, f. f. the foot path in the fireers.

ACERA'R, v. a. to fteel, or fteel arms or infiruments.

ACERBAME'NTE, adv. harshly, bitterly, feverely, aufterely.

ACERBIDA'D, f. f. cruelty, asperity.

ACE'RBO, adj. harsh, bitter, auftere, fevere; from the Latin acerbus.
ACE'RCA, adv. near, or close by:

alfo concerning.

ACERCAMIE'NTO, f. m. drawing near, or approaching.

ACERCAR, v. a. (pref. yo acerco, pret. yo acerque) to approach, to draw near, to be close at hand.

Acereárse, v.r. to come near at hand.
Acereate, draw near, come closer,
approach.

ACERCE'N, adv. cut off cleverly close to the root or marks.

Cortar las oréjas a cercén, to cut off the ears close to the head.

ACERICO, f. m. a finall pillow: also a pin-cushion.

ACE'RO, f.m. fteel, a fort of metal also a sword; also courage, spirit.

Tomar et acero, to drink a fort of potion mixed with steel.

ACERO'SO, fa, adj. sharp.

ACERRAVE'IAS, or ASER-RAUE'LAS, the cords by which the fail is made fast to the yard, called by English failors the robbins. ACERRIMAME'NTE, adv. shar-

ply , bitterly.

ACERRIMO, adj. very sharp, bitter. ACERTADAME'NTE, adv. rightly, dextroufly, cleverly.

ACERTADO'R, f. f. skilful in shooting, expert in guesting any thing.
ACERTAJO, an enigma, a riddle.
ACERTAJO'N, f. m. an augmentative of acertajo.

ACERTAMIE'NTO, f. m. or rather Acierto, the hitting the work, or doing a thing right.

ACERTA'R, v. a. (pref. acierto, pret. acerté) to hit the nail on the head; to do or to take a thing right; to hit a mark; to give a true folution to a question.

Acerár, is used by taylors to express
the putting and sitting together of
the pieces they have cut out for a
garment, to sew them together.
This word is also used to signify
what happened accidentally; as.

Accres passar por aqui a tal tiémpo, hohappened to pass this way at such a time.

Acertae errando, to happen right by: going wrong.

ACERTIJO, f. m. enigma, riddle. ACERUE'IO, f. m. diminutive of acero; a little fword, the weapon of a dwarf.

B

ACE'RVO, f. m. a heap.

ACETA'BULO, f. m. a little meafure by apothecaries.

ACETAR, v. a. to accept, to admit, to receive.

ACE'TO, p. p. of acetar.

ACE'TRE, f. a brass or copper bucket to carry water in, often used for that they carry the holy water in, in great churches; taken also for the sprinkler of the holy water.

ACETRERIA, f. f. the place or fireet where the brafiers live a brafier's shop: the place where also hawks are kept; in this sense more commonly called cetteria.

ACETRE'RO, f. m. a brasier; also a faulconer.

ACEVILA'DO, adj. mean, base, vile, and of no repute.

ACEVILA'RSE, v. r. to become mean, base, vile, and of no repute-Obf.

ACEZA'R, v.n. obf. to pant as dogs do when overheated.

ACEZA'R, v.n. to draw one's breath short and hard, as one does after running, or some fright.

ACE'ZO, f. m. drawing the breath short, and with difficulty.

ACEZO'SO, adj. one that draws his breath with difficulty, by reason of some obstruction.

ACH

ACHACADI'ZO, adj. deçeitful fraudulent

ACHACA'R, v. a. to make a pretence, to frame an excuse, to lay to another's charge.

Achacarfe, v. r. to claim to one's felf another man's merit or deeds.

ACHACOSAME'NTE, adv. fickly,

ACHACO'SO, adj. one that is full of excuses, or pretences; also a diseased person that is full of failings.

ACHANCLETAR, v. a. to put on the shoes with the heel down like flippers.

ACHAPARRADO, adj. belonging to shrubs.

ACHAPARRA'RSE, v. r. to be short of growth.

ACHA'QUE, f. m. a pretence, an excuse; also a distemper, an assing.

ACHAQUIA'R, v. a. to accuseany one.

ACHAQUIE'NTO, adj. valetudinarian, who is always taking care of his health.

ACHAQUI'TO, f. m. diminutive of achique.

ACHICADURA, f. leffening, diminishing, drawing into a lefs compass.

ACHICA'R, v. a. to leffen, to diminish, to bring into a lefs compass.

ACHICHARRA'R, v. a. to toast, or fry too much.

ACHICO'RIA, f. f. dandelion.

ACHINELA'DO, adj. that wears flippers.

ACHIO'TE, f. m. a great tree growing in America, whose seed is used in dying.

ACHOCADOR, f. m. an unmerciful fellow that knocks down, or fells.

ACHOCA'R, v. a. (pref. achuééo, pret. achoqué) to knock down, to fell; also to hoard up money.

ACHO'TE, f. a hard fubfiance of a very deep red, formerly used to be put into chocolate to give it a good colour, and because it is an excellent pectoral.

ACHUCHA'R, v. a. to prefs, or fqueeze close together; also to perfuade, to convid.

ACHUCHURRA'R, vid. ACHU-CHA'R.

ACHUGA'R, v. a. to bind, or prefs hard, to ram down, to thrust down in measuring, to wedge, or shore up.

ACI

A'CIA, adv. vid. HA'CIA.
ACIA'GO, adj. vid. HACIA'GO.
ACIA'L, f. m. a hair rope made fast
to a strong stick, used by farriers

in Spain to hold unruly, horses by the nose, instead of our barnacle. Prov. Mas puede acids que suirça de ossicial: The barnacle can do more than the strength of the farrier; that is, towards holding the horse. It is equivalent to, Policy goes beyond strength.

ACI'BAR, f. m. the purging drug made of the juice of the plant aloes. ACIBARA'R, v. a. to make bitter with aloes; also to vex, to trouble, to disgust.

ACIBARRA'R, v. a. to dash againft. ACICALADO'R, f. m. polisher, burnisher.

ACICALADURA, f. f. polishing, burnishing, or fetting out to the best advantage.

ACICALA'R; v. a. to polish, burnish, or fet off to the best advantage; to sharpen the edge of a sword.

ACICA'TES, f. m. pl. fpurs which have a long broad point flicking out inflead of rowels; used in Spain by gentlemen when they ride at bulls or the like sports.

ACICATA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with fuch a spur as above.

ACI'CHE, f. m. a trowel, as bricklayers use.

ACIDA'TES, f. m. vid. ACIRA'-TES.

ACI'DIA f. f. floth.

ACIDIO'SO, adj. flothful.

ACIDO, f. m. acid, when opposed to alkali.

A'cido, adj. acid. four.

ACIE'GAS, adv. blindfold.

ACIE'RTO, f. m. the right doing or performing of any business, a good hit, a right method.

ACIGUATA'DO, adj. that has the yellow jaundice.

ACIMBO'GA f. f. a citron-tree. ACIMENTA'RSE, v. r. to fettle

in a neighbourhood.

ACI'NA, f. f. vid. HACI'NA.

ACINA'R, v. a. vid. HACI'NAR. ACIO'N, f. f. a ffirrup leather.

ACIPRE'S, f. f. the cypress-tree.
ACIPRE'STE, f. m. vid. ARCIPRESTE.

ACIRATES, f. m. pl. limits, or bounds.

ACITRO'N, f. m. a preferved chron.
ACIVILA'R, v. a. to debase.

A G L

ACLAMACION, f. f. acclamation, ACLAMADOR, f. m. the proclaimer.

ACLAMA'R, v. a. to receive with acclamations, to shouth by way of approbation.

ACLARACION, f. f. a clearing, ACOGE'TA, f. f. an escape. or making plain.

ACLARADO'R, f. m. a clearer, or explainer of matters, one that lays things open.

ACLARA'R, v. n. to clear, to cleanse, to explain, to lay things

ACLARECE'R, v. n. to explain, to clear up, to put a thing in a true

ACLAVILLA, f. an instrument dyers use for dipping the things they dye.

ACLOCA'RSE, v. r. to fet as a hen does on her eggs; also, to be lazy.

ACO

ACOBA'R, v. a. to prop, support, uphold, Obf.

ACOBARDA'R, v. a. to make one afraid, or cowardly, or to be afraid, or cowardly.

Acobardárse, v. r. to be a coward. ACOCEADO'R, adj. that kicks or

ACOCEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a kic-'king, a spurning.

ACOCEA'R, v. a. to kick, or spurn. ACOCHIN'AR, v. a. to come to a

fecret agreement with a criminal. ACOCOTA'R, v. a. to kill with a blow or cut given on the nape of the neck.

ACODADURA, f. f. a bending like that of an elbow; also the act of leaning on the elbow; also the pruning of vines, and their taking root.

ACODA'R, v. a. to make a bending like an elbow; also to lean on the elbow; it is also a term used by carpenters in measuring; and in trees it is to prune them, and their taking root in the ground. ACODICIA'R, v. n. to covet.

ACO'DO, f. m. a knot in a tree; (a word used by gardeners.)

ACOGE'DOR, f. m. one that receives or entertains others.

ACOGE'R, v. a. (pref. acójo, pret. acogi') to entertain, to admit, to receive friendly.

Acogerse, v. r. to betake one's self to flight, to make an escape, to have recourse to.

ACOGI'DA, f. f. a place to betake one's felf to, a place of refuge; alfo reception, or entertainment; as, Me lito buena acoglda, he received me friendly.

ACOGIMIENTO, f. m. reception, enterrainment, an escape, protedion.

ACOGOTA'R, v. a. to grow thick necked; also to strike on the neck, or kill with a blow on the neck as we do rabbits.

ACOHOMBRA'DO, adj. made like a cucumber, or dreffed with cu-

ACOI'TA, f. f. punishment, affliction. Obf.

ACOITA'RSE, v. 1. to be affected with trouble, to be perplexed, Obf.

ACOLCHAR, v. a. to quilt.

ACOLY TO, f. m. an acolyte, one that serves the priest at the altar. ACOLLADO'R, f. m. a rope made use of failors to bind the mast.

ACOLLARA'R, v. a. to yoke beafts together.

ACOLLE'R, obf. vid. ACC'GER. ACOLVA'DO, adj. filled, heaped up. Obf.

ACOLVA'R, v. a. to fill, to heap up. Obf.

ACOMANDA'R, v. 2. to recommend, to speak well of. Vid. EN-COMENDAR.

ACOMBA'R, vid. COMBA'R.

ACOMETEDOR, f. m. one that affaults, attacks, or fets upon, or one that undertakes.

ACOMETE'R, v. a. to affauk, to attack, to fet upon, also so undertake.

Acometor con dadivas, to tempt a man with gifts.

ACOMETI'DA, f. f. an affault, an attack; also an undertaking.

ACOMETIMIE'NTO, f. an affault,

an attack; also an undertaking. ACOMODA'BLE, adj. convenient,

ACOMODACIO'N, f. f. accommodation.

ACOMODAME'NTE, adv. conveniently, opportunely.

ACOMODADO'R, s. m. he who adapts something to another; also the man who has the care to affigu women their places at the playbouse,

ACOMODADO'RA, f. f. a woman whose business is to look for nurses.

ACOMODAMIE'NTO, f. m. a fitting, making convenient, bringing to reason, a settlement or provision.

ACOMODA'R, v. a. to make fit, or convenient, to compound a difference, to place a servant, to provide for another.

Acomodárse, v. a. to provide for one's felf, or to get an employment; also to conform, and settle one's felf to the times or circumflances,

ACOMPAñADO'R, f. m. one that keeps company with, or follows another,

ACOMPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. a retinue, attendance, or keeping in company.

ACOMPAGA'R, v. a. to accompany, or be of a retinue.

Mas vale solo que mel acompañado, it is better to be alone, than in bad company.

ACOMPLEXIONA'DO, adj. belonging to the complexion either. good or bad.

ACOMULA'R, v. a. obf. vid. ACU-MULA'R

ACOMPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. com-. plement, that which makes any thing complete.

ACONCHADI'LLO, f. m. any fort of ragoo.

ACONCHA'R, v. a. to cover with shells, or to lay and fit together. that things may lie as a fish does in the shell.

Aconchar dinéro, to hoard money. . ACONDICIONA'R, v. a. to put into good condition.

ACONGOJA'R, v. a. to vex, fatigue, perplex, trouble, oppress.

ACO'NITO, m. a poisonous herb, of which there are two forts, the one called libbards-bane, the other wolfs-bane.

ACONSEJADAMENTE, 2dv. with advice, maturely, discreetly. ACONSEJADO'R, f. m. a counfellor, an adviser.

ACONSEJA'R, v. a. to counsel, to advise.

ACONSOLAR, v. a. to comfort. Vid. CONSOLA'R.

ACONTAGIA'R, v. a. to infect. Vid. INFICIONA'R.

ACONTA'R, v. a. vid. CONTAR. ACONTECE'R, v. imp. (pref. acontesco) to happen, to chance, to fall out.

No me acontecéra otra vez, it shall be fo no more, I will not be ferved so again.

ACONTECIMIE'NTO, f. m. an accident, any thing that has happened.

ACONTENTA'RSE, v. r. vid. CONTENTA'RSE.

'ACONTRASTA'R, vid. CON-TRASTAR,

ACOPA'DO, adj. that is made round like a cup; as arbol acopado, a tree that has a round head like

ACOPA'R, v. a. to make a thing have a round head like a cup.

ACOPETADO, adj. curled.

ACOPIAMIE'NTO, f. m. an acsount or estimate taken at the disposing of any pastures or slocks of cattle.

ACOPIA'R, v. a. to value or fet a price on pasture grounds.

ACOPLA'R, v. a. to join together as carpenters do boards,

Acoplarse, v. r. to be joined together. ACOQUINA'R, v. a, or rather. ACOQUINA'RSE, v. r. to be frightened, to fear.

ACORALA'DO, adj. adorned with coral, or of the colour of coral.

ACORAAR, v. a. to cut the hoof to the quick.

ACORA'R, v. a. to kill, to flifle. ACORDADAME'NTE, adv. with common confent.

ACORDAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. CONFORMI'DAD.

ACORDANZA, vid. CONSO-NANCIA.

ACORDA'R, v. a. (pref. acuerdo, pret, acordé) to remember, to awake from sleep, to put in mind, to agree together, to determine; in musick, to tune.

ACO'RDE, adj. agreed, unanimous. ACORNEA'R, v. a. to but as horned beafts do; also so abuse.

ACO'RO, f. m. galingall.

ACORRALA'R, v. a. to fold cattle; also to drive up where one cannot escape, to pen up to distress, to bring into streights.

A C O

Acorralárse, v. r. to be streightned, penned up.

ACORRE'R, v. a. to run to, to help, to relieve, tu fuccour, or

ACORRIMIE'NTO, f. m. sid, affiftance, succour, relief, running to.

ACORRO, f. m. help, aid, affiftance, succour, relief.

ACORRUCA'RSB, v. z. vid. ACUR-RUCA'RSE.

ACORTADI'ZO, f. m. shreds, fragments.

ACORTAMIE'NTO, f. m. shortning, abridging, retreaching.

 $m{ACORTA'R}$, v. a. to shorten , to abridge, to netrench; also to sufpend, to detain,

Aconárse, v. r. to be stopped short with fear or shame, to be out, to falter.

ACORVA'R, v. s. to crook, bend. or bow.

ACORZA'R,v. a. vid.ACORTA'R. ACOSADO'R, f. m. one that purfues, persecutes, or molests, or baits others.

ACOSAMIE'NTO, f. f. close purfuit, persecuting, molesting, or vexing, baiting.

ACOSA'R, v. a. to purfue close, to persecute, molest, fret and vex, to

ACOSTAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. SUE'LDO.

ACOSTA'R, v. a. to put to bed, to lay one down; also to incline, to be in decay or ready to fall; also to enlift soldiers, or to follow the epinion or party of one.

Acoftarse, v. r. to appreach, to come near, or to draw and bring near. Acoflárse el peso, to incline the balance on one side.

Acostárse at parécer de otro, to incline to another man's opinion.

ACOSTUMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. accustoming, use.

ACOSTUMBRA'R, v. s. to accuftom, to use.

Acostumbrarse, v. r. to he in fashion. Hijo de viuda ó mal criúdo ó mal acostumbrado, a widow's fon is generally spoil'd by the love of his mother.

ACOTACION, f. f. the action of putting bounds or limits; also a mark, an annotation they put in the margin of a writing or book.

ACOTA'R, v. a. to bound, to limit; alfo to take notice, to mark, to make annotations.

Acotárse, v. r. to put one's self in fafety.

ACOTOLA'R , v. a. to use ill. ACOYTA'R, v. n. to procure. Obf. ACOYUNDA'R, v. a. to yoke the

ACR

oxen,

A'CRE, adj. sour, sharp; (it is used in a proper and figurative fenfe.)

ACRECENTADO'R,f. m. one that increases, enlarges, augments, oz improves.

ACRECENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. increasing, enlarging, improve-

ACRECENTA'R, v. a. (pref. acreciento , pret. acrecenté) to increale, inlarge, augment, or improve.

ACRECE'R, v. a. to increase, to add to.

ACRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. increase, or augmentation. Vid. CRECI-MIE'NTO.

ACREDITA'R, v. a. to give credit, to put in effeem; also to be bound for.

Acreditar una opinion, to give credit toan opinion.

Acreditar en quenta to credit in account.

Acreditárse, v. r. to get into credit, to get a name.

ACREEDO'R , f. m. a creditor.

ACREE'R, v. z. to lend money upon goods, as the pawnbrokers do-ACREME'NTE, adv. sharply.

ACRIBADURA, f. f. the action of

ACRIBADURAS, C. f. pl. fiftings. ACKIBA'R, v. 2. to fift; also to shoot through and through.

ACRIBILLA'R, v. s. to pierce full of holes; also to tire, to plague, to persecute, to molest.

ACRIMINACIO'N, f. f. the action of exaggerating a crime.

ACRIMINADO'R, f. m. a profecutor, an evidence.

ACRIMINA'R, v. a, to accuse, to lay crimes to one's charge, to prosecure rigorously.

ACRIMONIA, f. f. sharpnefs, cartnefs; metaphorically, feverity, afperity; also ardour, vehemence, energy.

ACRISOLAR, v. a. to refine in a crucible; metaphorically, to cleanle, or purify, to try a man thoroughly.

ACRO'STICO, f. m. acroftick.

ACROTE'RAS, f. f. pl. (in architecture) little pedeftals without bases, placed at the middle and the two extremes of pediments.

ACT

ACTAS, f. f. pl. publick acts, or records.

ACTITADERO, adj. in law, imminent, ready to be done.

ACTITA'R, v. a. in law, to ed, to bring before judge.

ACTIVIDAD, f. f, activity, diligence, expedition, vivacity.

ACTIVO, adj. efficacious, active, diligent, expeditious.

ACTO, f. m. act, action, deed.

ACTO'R, f. m. a performer, an actor; in the law plaintiff, or profecutor.

ACTOS, f. m. pl. vid, AUTOS.

Ados de caballeria, deeds of noblemen.

Actos de comedia, acts of a play.

Actos de los Avostoles, the acts of th

Actor de los Apofloles, the acts of the Apostles.

Ados de possession, (in law) a form of taking possession of an estate, employment, dignity, &c.

Ados de universidad, an act or solemn dispute in an university.

Ados publicos, public acts of justice, as those of the inquisition against criminals.

Tener ados positivos, to deserve an employment.

ACTUA'L, adj. actual.

ACTUALME'NTE, adv. actually, truly, indeed.

ACTUA'R, v. a. to act, to perform, to operate.

El estómago adua los manjares, y el en-

tendimiento los conceptos, the fromach digests the aliments, and the understanding prepares the ideas.

ACU

ACTUA'RIO, f. m. a scrivener, a register.

ACTUO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.

ACU

ACUCHILIADI'ZO, adj. that has been, or is exposed to be slashed and cut; said of a quarressome person, who is always slashing, a bully.

ACUCHILLADO'R, f, m. a prizefighter, a gladiator.

Mangas acuchitladas, flashed fleeves. ACUCHILLADURA, f. f. or ACU-CHILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cutting, flashing, or hewing.

ACUCHILL'AR, v. a. to cut, flash, or hew; to wound.

Acuchillarfe, v. r. to fight another both sword in hand.

ACUCIA, f. f. sharpness of edge, or of wit.

ACUCIAR, v. a. to sharpen; also to hasten.

ACUCIOSAME'NTE, adv. sharply, diligently.

ACUCIO'SO, adj. obs. sharp, dillgent.

ACUCLILIAS, adv. ferting on one's legs, with the body hanging on the hams.

ACUDA, f. a great wheel to draw water with out of wells, commonly used to water gardens.

ACUDIMIE'NTO, f. m. repairing to; also relief or affifiance.

ACUDI'R, v. n. to repair to, to come to a call; also to relieve or affift; also to apply to.

Acudir la tierra con frutos, to bring forth plenty of fruits.

ACUENTO, adv. on account, conveniently.

ACUERDA'R, v. n. to grow or make wifer.

ACUE'RDO, f. m. agreement, refolution, judgment, reason, knowledge, capacity.

Hacer acuerdo, to remember.

Acuerdo de assessor, the opinion of the counsellor to the jury.

Acuerdos des reyno, the resolution taken in the Spanish courts

Estar fuera de su acuerdo, to lose one's senses, as in a fainting fit. El libro de acuerdo, the rolls.

Por ultimo acuerdo, by the last determination.

Quedar à effar de acuerdo, to be unanimous, to agree together.

Tomar acuerdo, to consult, to ask advice.

Volver en fu acuerdo, to recover the fenfes after a fit.

ACUERNA'R, v. a. to but, to firike with the horns.

ACUE'STAS, adv. upon a mans back, on his shoulders.

Tener fefenta años acueftas, to be threefcore years old. Verbarim, to have threefeore years upon one's back.

Tomar un muchacho acuestas, to hoist up a boy as they do at school to be whipped.

Llevar a etre acuefias, verbatim, to carry another upon one's back; metaphorically, to maintain him.

ACUITA'RSE, v. a. to afflict on trouble one's felf, to pine away. ACULLA', adv. there, in that place Aut y acult, here and there.

ACULLI'R, v. a. to receive or enatertain a guest.

ACUMBRA'R, v.a. to raife, extol, elevate.

ACUMEN', f. m. acuteness, sharpness, subtilty.

ACUMULACION, f. f. an heaping together.

ACUMULADO'R, f. m. one that accumulates, or heaps together, one that lays faults to others, and magnifies them.

ACUMULA'R, v. a. to accumulate, to heap on, to lay to one's charge.

ACUNZADO'R, f. m. polisher, refiner, one that adorns and fets things in order.

ACUNZA'R, to polish, refine, adorn, or fet things in order. Obf.

ACUNADOR, f. m. a coiner; alfa a cleaver that cleaves with wedges. Acunador de refligos falsos, a coiner; that is a suborner of false wirefles.

ACUnA'R, v. a. to coin money, to cleave with wedges.

Acunar dinero, besides the literal fonfe

٠.٠.

of coining, signifies metaphorically. to heap or gather wealth.

ACURRUCA'RSE, v.r. to clothe

one's felf well against cold weather.

ACURRULLA'R, v.a. (a sea term)

used in the galleys to express the
action of furling the fails.

AGURȚIDO'R, f. m. vid. CUR-TIDO'R.

ACURTIR, v. a. vid. CURTI'R. ACUSACIO'N, f. f. an accusation. ACUSADO'R, f. m. accuser, evidence

ACUSAMIE'NTO, f. m. an accufarion.

ACUSA'R, v. a. to accuse, to charge with offences.

deufirfe, v. r. to accuse one's self. ACUSATIVO, f. m. the accusative case.

ACUSATO'RIO, adj. accusatory. ACUTA'NGULO, s. m. an acute angled triangle.

ADA

ADAFI'NA, f. f. a fort of ragoo used among Jews in Spain.

ADA'GIO, f. m. an adage, a proverb.

ADAGUA'R, v. a. to water cattle.
ADAHA'LA, f. f. vid. ADEHA'LA
ADA'LA. f. a gutter. a nautical

ADA'LA, f. a gutter, a nautical word.

ADALID, f. m. a guide, a conductor. This word is generally used for those that conduct armies,

ADAMADI'LLO, adj. sparkish, beauish.

ADAMA'DO, adj. finical, fine, nice, dainty, lady-like.

ADAMADURA, f. f. effeminacy, ADAMAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid, ADAMADURA

ADAMA'R, v. 2. to love eagerly.
Adamárse. v. r. to make, or become
finical, nice, dainty, or ladylike.

ADAMASCA'DO, adj. diverlified or variegated like a damasked fluff. ADANI'SMO, f. m. a meeting of naked men and women; or the fest called Adamites.

ADAPONE'R, v. a. to present.

ADAPTA'DO, f. m. a person who is fit, or proper for any thing.

ADAPTA'R, v. a. to adapt, to fit, to make equal.

ADARAGADA'NTE, f. m one who covers himself with a target. ADA'RGA, s. f. a short light target, or buckler, made of bussaloo's hide, or buff, used by the Spaniards and Africans.

ADARGA'MA, f. f. the finest flour.
ADARGA'R, v. a. to arm or cover
with a target, or buckler, to stand
upon one's guard.

Adargárse, v. r. to be covered with a target or buckler.

ADA'RME, f.m. adram weight; also a small piece of money formerly so called in Spain.

ADARME'NTO, f. m. a herd of cows.

ADARVA'DO. adj. stupisted, benumbed, or become motionless with a fright, like the statues they used formerly to set on the adarves, or walls, to make the number of the desendants seem the greater. ADARVA'R, v. a. obs. to stupisy; to strike with wonder.

ADA'RVE, f. m. the space or breadth on the top of the walls of a fortified place, where the battlements are for the desendants to stand on.

Prov. Abáxanfe los adáres, y levantanfe los muladáres, the high walls floop, and the dunghills rife, ufed when perfons of note humble them felves, or are cast down, and base fellows strive to look great, or rise high.

Adaután bebér adaután, to drink to a pitch, to drink hard; to drink as much as another.

ADE

ADEFINA, f. f. vid. ADAFINA.

ADEFE'SIOS, f. f. hablar adefessos, to speak nothing to the purpose; or though it be to the purpose, to talk to those that will not mind, or at least will not admit of what is faid.

ADEFUE'RA, adv. outwardly, externally.

ADEHA'LA, f. f. any thing taken or given over and above the bargain agreed on ADELANTACION, f. f. vid.
ADELANTAMIENTO.

ADELANTADAME'NTE, adv. before time.

ADELANTA'DO, f. m. a prefident, one that is chief, or placed over others.

ADELANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. going before, advancing, rifing to preferment; also the post and authority of the lord lieutenant of a province; and the province itself that is under such a governor.

ADELANTA'R, v. a. to go before,

ADELANTA'R, v. a. to go before, to advance, to rife to preferment, to excel, to ourfirip others.

Adelantarse, v.r. to advance one's felf, to go forwards.

ADELA'NTE, adv. before, beyond; alfo on, or go on, go forwards. Mas adelánte, farther yet.

De oy en adelánte, from this time forward.

ADE'LFA, f. f. the plant oleander, or rose-bay-tree.

ADELGAZADO'R, f. m. one that make things fmall and flender.

ADELGAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a leffening, decreafing, a diminution.

ADELGAZA'R, v. a. to make small or slender, to grow slender; also to subtilize, to use subtilities, to refine.

Adelgazár la pluma, to make a pen write sinall.

Adeigatar un punto, ò questión, to canvass a point, to manage it nicely to make the most of it.

ADELGAZA'RSE, v. r. to grow thin.

ADEMAN, f. f. trick, motion, gef-

ADEMA'S, adv. moreover, over and above.

ADENSA'R, v. a. to condense, to make thick.

ADENTELLA'DAS, adv. by mouthfuls, by bites of the teeth.

ADENTALLADO'R, f. m. one that bires, fnaps; or marks with his reeth.

ADENTALLADURA, f. f. a. biting, finapping, or fetting of the teeth in a thing.

ADENTALLA'R. v. a. to bite, to fnap, to fet the teeth in a thing. ADE'NTRO, adv. within.

Voiver to de adentro afuéra, to turn the inside out.

ADE QUACION, f. f. adequation. ADE QUADAME'NTE, adv. adequately, completely.

ADEQUA'DO, adj. adequate.

ADE QUA'R, v. a. to make equal.
ADERE'CHAS, adv. on the right hand, on the right way.

A tuertas o d derechas, right or wrong. ADEREZAMIE'NTO, f. m. dreffing, making straight, setting in order, adorning.

ADEREZA'R, v. a. to drefs, to make ftraight, prepare, furnish, make ready, fet in order, adorn.

Aderecte la cafa, to furnish or fee the

Aderezár la casa, to furnish, or set the house in order.

Adere, ar las calles, to hang and adorn the streets.

Adereçar el camino, to repair the highway.

Adere; ár la comida, to dress meat.

Adere; ár se, v. r. to dress one's self;
alfo to paint as women do.

ADERE'ZO, f. m. dressing, order, ornament.

Aderezo de diamantes, a set of diamonds.

ADE'RRA, f. f. a mop made of rushes.

ADESHO'RA, adv. out of time, out of feafon; also on a sudden, unexpeded, unlooked for.

ADESTRADO'R, f. m. one that guides, directs, or instructs.

ADESTRA'R, v. a. to guide, direct, or instruct.

Adefirarse, v. 2. to exercise onp's felf.

ADEUDA'RSE, v. r. to run in debt.

ADEVINACIO'N, f. f. divination. Vid. ADIVINACION.

ADEVINA'NZA, f. f. forerelling; also gueffing. Vid. ADIVINANZA.

АDН

ADHERE'NCIA, f. f. adherence, connexion.

Tener adherencias, to have friends to get a name.

ADHERE'NTE, f. an adherent.

ADHERE'R, v. n. to cleave, or to - adhere to, to cling, or keep, close to.

ADHESIO'N, f. f. adherence, adherion.

ADI

ADIA'DO, adj. appointed on a certain day, or that has a day fer him.

ADIAMANTA'DO, adj. hard like a diamond, adamantine.

ADICIO'N, f. f. an addition.

ADICIONADO'R, f. m. one who makes a new addition.

ADICIONA'R, v. 2. to add.

ADINTELADO, (termino de architedura) an arch ending in a right line.

ADI'R, v. a. Obf. to distribute, to divide into compartments.

ADITAME'NTO, f.m. an addition, a fupply; also a revenue.

ADITI'CIO, adj. added.

ADIVA, f. m. a beaft in Asia, much resembling a dog, but with a fox's tail.

ADI'VAS, f. f. pl. the difease in horses and other beasts called the vives; also crooked pins put into dog's meat to kill them.

ADI'VE, f. m. v. adiva.

ADIVINACIO'N, f. f. divining, gueffing at things to come.

ADIVINADO'R, f. m. a diviner, a fortune-teller, a foothfayer. ADIVINA'NZ'A, f. f. divining,

guessing at what is to happen.

ADIVIN'AR, v. a. to divine to

guels at what is to happen.

ADIVI'NO, f. m. a foothfayer, a

ADIVINO, f. m. a foothfayer, a fortuneteller, a diviner.

Adivina quien'te dio, guess who hit you; the play used by children, called hot cockles.

Prov. La que con el ojo se ve, con el dedo se adivina, what the eyes see, the singer divines, that is, in things plain and visible there needs no art or conjuration to make them out.

ADJETIVACIO'N, f. f. the art of joining nouns adjectives with fubf-tantives,

ADJETIVA'R, v. a. to agree together like adjectives with fubstantives. Adjectiva bien, he writes ele-

ADJECTIVO, f. (termino de gramatica) an adjective.

ADJUDICACIO'N, f. f. adjudging, giving by fentence of the court,

ADJUDICA'R, v. a. to adjudge, ro award, to give by fentence of the court.

Adjudicarse, v. r. to appropriate any thing to one's self.

ADM

ADMINICULA'R, v. 2. to help or fuccour in trivial things.

ADMINICULO, f. m. supply, succour in small things, vehicle.

ADMINISTRACIO'N, f. f. administration, managing of affairs.

ADMINISTRADO'R, f. m. he that administers, a manager, a distributer.

Prov. Administradorcillos, comér en plata y morir en grillos, guardians and administrators generally live well, but are frequently deficient in their accounts, and often perish in gaol.

ADMINISTRA'R, v. 2. to administer, to manage, to distribute, ADMIRABLE, adj. admirable

wonderful, excellent.

ADMIRABLEME'NTE, v. admirably, wonderfully, excellently.
ADMIRACIO'N, f. f. admiration, wonder, aftonishment, excellency.

ADMIRA'R, v. a. to admire, or be admired, to wonder, and to cause assonishment.

Admirárse, v. r. to be assonished, to be amazed.

ADMIRATI'VO, adj. wondering: ADMISSION, f. f. admission, admissance, entrance.

ADMITI'R, v. a, to admit, receive, or allow of.

ADMONICIO'N, f. f. admonition advice.

ADMONITOR, f. m. an adviser.

A D N

ADNATA, f. f. the tunicle coved ring the interior part of the eye.

A D O

ADO

ADO', adv. where, or whither. ADOBADO, adj. put into a pickle, well feasoned.

ADOBADO'R, f. bousher, mender, parcher.

ADOBAR, v. a. to dress meat, to botch cloaths, to cobble shoes, to danb, to plaister, to set right, to pickle.

Adobár culros, to tan or dress hides, or skins.

ADO'BE, f. m. the clay which bricks are made of, that are not burnt, but only dried in the fun; thence used for other clay, or composition like it.

ADOBERI'A, f. f. the pickling place.

ADO'BIO, 7 f. m. mending, repai-ADO'BO, sing, or daubing.

Adóbo, f. m. pickle.

ADOCENA'R, v. a, to make into dozens; also to despise,

ADOCI'R, v. a. obf. to bring.

ADOLECE'R, v. n. pref. adoléfco, pret. adoleci, to fall fick, to be under any tedious diftemper.

Adolecerse, v. r. to condole, to pity. ADOLENTA'RSE, v. r. to grow fick, diseased, or in pain.

ADOLESCE'NCIA, f. f. adolefcence, youth.

ADOLESCE'NTE, f. m. a youth, a young man.

ADO'LO, adv. a ruffick word, where. whither.

ADOLORA'DO, adj. grieved, forry, forrowful.

ADO'NDE, adv. where, whither. Adonde quiera, wherefoever, or whitherfoever.

ADOPCIO'N, f. f. adoption , taking another for one's fon and heir.

ADOPTADO'R, f.m. he that adopts or takes another in the place of his own for.

ADOPTA'R, v. 2. to adopt, to take another's child for one's own; metaphorically, to graft trees.

ADOPTI'VO, adj. adoptive; alfo counterfeit.

ADO'R, f.m. a time appointed for watering gardens.

ADORA'BLE, adj. one term, adorable.

ADORACIO'N, f. f. adocation.

ADORADO'R, f. m. adorer, worf-

ADORA'R, v. s. to sdore, to worship, to reverence; also to be passionately in love.

Fuláno quiere fer adorádo, fuch a one is so proud, he would have a fore of adoration paid him.

ADORATORIO, f. m. a temple of idols.

ADORMECEDO'R, f.m. a thing that causes sleep.

ADORMECE'R, v. a to nap, to nod, as when one is neither faft 'asleep, nor quite awake, to grow sleepy, to slumber.

Adormectife la pierna, o brazo, is when a leg or arm is numbed with being long in one posture.

Adormectrfe, v. r. to be nodding or

napping.

ADORMECIME'NTO, f. m. flurobering, nodding, growing sleepy. ADORMIDE'RAS, S. f white poppies.

ADORMIMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. ADORMECIMIENTO.

ADORMI'R, v. s. vid. ADOR-MECER.

ADORMERSE, vid. ADORME-CERSE.

ADORNAR, v. z. to adorn, to trim up, to grace, to beau-

ADORNADO'R, f. one that adorns, dreffes, or fets out to the best advantage.

Adornárse, v. r. to be adorned, set out to the best advantage.

ADO'RNO, f. m. ornament.

ADO'S, adv. so many to so many,

A dos mános, adv. liberally, prodi-

Dos à dos, adv. two against two, two to two.

ADOTAR, v. a. v. adoptar.

A D O

ADQUIRIDO'R, f. m. one that acquires, purchases, procures, obtains, or gets.

ADQUIRI'R, v. a. to acquire, to purchase, obtain, procure, ger. ADQUISICION, f. f. acquisition.

A D R

ADREDA iAS, adv. vid. ADRE-

ADREDE, adv. purposely, designedly, premeditately.

ADREDEME'NTE, adv. vid. ADREDE.

ADRIA'NES, f. m. corns, or hardness in the flesh growing in any part of the body; also magpies nefts.

ADRIZAR la galera, to trim the

galley. ADROLLA, vid. HADROLLA. ADRUBADO, adj. hump-backed, round shouldered. Vid. ESTRO-PEADO.

A D S

ADSTRICCIO'N, f. f. compreffice of pores. ADSTRINGIR, vid. ASTRIN-GER.

ADU

ADUA'NA, f. f. the cuftom-house; (in cant) a bawdy house.

ADUANE'RO, f. m. a cuftom-house officer, one that receives the duty upon goods.

ADUA'R, f. m. a village of tents or huts, which is removed up and down; a firees of booths or tents, shepherds cottages, properly a village of Arabs, who remove about. ADUCA'R, f. f. a coarse silk stuff.

ADUCHO, adj. tried, proved, experienced.

ADUCIR, v. a. to bring.

ADUFE, f. m. a timbrel, or fort of tabor.

ADUFE'RO, f. m., one that plays on a timbrel, or tabor, or he that makes or fells them.

ADULA, f. f. a place that is deftitute of water, for want of a fervant to supply it.

ADULACIO'N, f. f. flattery.

ADULAD'OR, f. m. a flatterer, fycophant.

ADULA'R; v. a. to flatter , to footh, to play the fycophant.

Adulárfe, V. I. to flatter onefelf.

ADULEAR

ADULEAR, v. a. to cry loud by intervals, to how.

ADULE'RO, f. m. he who has the care of a number of beafts of burde non holidays, or when they are left to reft.

ADULE'RO, f. m. a vociferous fellow.

ADULTERACION, f. f. adulteration.

ADULTERADO'R, f. m., the perfon who adulterates, vitiates, or corrupts; also the person who commits adultery.

ADULTERA'R, v. 2. to adulterate. to vitiate, to corrupt, to commit adultery.

ADULTERINAME'NTE, adv. adulterately, corruptly.

ADULTERINO, adj. adulterate, counterfeit, vitiate, fallified; a child got in adultery.

ADULTE'RIO, f. m. adultery.
ADU'LTERO f. m. f. an. adult

ADU'LTERO, f. m. f. an adulterer.

ADULTO, adj. one that is grown up, or come to the age of man.

ADULZAR, vid. ENDULZAR. ADUNA'R, v. 2. to meet together, to affemble.

Adunarse, v. r. to be affembled.

ADUNIA, adv. enough, sufficient, plenty. Obs.

ADUSTION, f. f. burning.

ADU'STO, adj. burned up, dried up, by the heat of the fun.

ADUTA'QUE, f. f. the finest meal. ADVENA, f. m. a foreigner, firanger.

ADVENEDIZO, adj. one who fettles in a foreign country.

ADVENIDE'RO, adj. that which is to come.

ADVENIMIE'NTO, vid. VENI-DA.

ADVENT R, v. a. obf. to come.

ADVENTICIO, adj. adventitious, casual, accidental.

ADVERBIO, f. m. an adverb.

ADVERSAME'NTE, adv. unhappily, unluckily.

ADVERSA'RIO, adj. unfortunate, unlucky.

Adversario, s. m. an adversary, an enemy.

Adversarios, f. m. plur. 2 collection, of notes, extracts.

Tom. I.

ADVERSATI'VO, adj. adversative.

ADVERSIDA'D, f. f. adverfity, ill fortune.

ADVERSIO'N, vid. ADVER-TENCIA.

ADVERSO, adj. unhappy, adverse.
ADVERTE'NCIA, f. f. adversity,
attention, also advice, counsel.

ADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. on purpole.

ADVERTIMIE'NTO, vid. AD-VERTE'NCIA.

ADVERTI'R, v. a. to take into confideration, to reflect upon; also to counsel, to advise. Un hombre advertido, a cautious careful man. ADVIE'NTO, f. m. advent.

ADVOCACIO'N, f. f. the name given to a church.

ADVOCA'DO, vid. ABOGADO. ADVOCAR, vid. AVOCAR, or ABOGAR.

ADYACE'NCIA, f. f. the fituation of a thing near another.

ADYACE'NTE, adj. adjacent, near, contiguous.

AEC

AECHADE'RO, f. m. the place where corn is winnowed.

AECHADO'R, f. m. one who winnows corn.

AECHADADU'RAS, f. f. pl. the fiftings.

AECHA'R, v. a. to winnow, to fan; also to perfestionate.

AER

AE'REO, adj. aerial, ethereal; alfo vain, useless. Titulo aerio, a vain title.

AEREOMANCIA, f. f. the art of divining, by observing the air.

AEREOMA'NTICO, f. m. the person who foretels or divines by the air.

AEREOPHILACIOS, f. m. pl. cavities in the earth, full of air.

AES

A ESCARRAMONCHONES, adv. aftride.

A ESCONDIDAS, adv. hiddenly, privately.

A ESCONDIDI'LLAS, adv. privarely.

A ESCURAS, adv. in the dark also inconsiderately, or conjecturally. Dexar a uno a escuras, to bassle one, to deceive him.

A ESQUADRA, adv. at right angles.

A E X

AEXCU'SO, adv. privately.

AFA

AFABILIDA'D, f. f. affability.

AFA'BLE, adj. affable, easy to be spoken with, and courteous in speech.

AFABLEMENTE, adv. affably courteoufly, obligingly.

AFACIMIENTO, f. m. obs. familiarity.

AFALAGA'R, v. a. to fawn, coax or wheedle.

AFAMADOR, one that spreads abroad reports, or endeavours to make others famous.

AFAMA'R, v. a. to make, or to become famous and renowned.

Afamarfe, v. r. to be famous.

AFA'N, f. m. labour, weariness, vexation, excessive care, or anxiety.

AFANADAMENTE, adv. laboriously vexatiously.

AFANADO'R, f. m. one that takes much, pains, or rather that is always caring over-anxious, or folicitous.

AFANA'R, v. a. to toil, to labour, to be weary; to be over careful, onxious, or folicitous.

AFA'NO, f. m. obf, vid. AFAN.

AFASCALA'R, v. a to heap up the sheaves in the field.

AFE

AFE', adv. faith, in truth, verily by my faith.

AFEADO'R, f. m. he that deforms or makes any thing ugly; he that represents things in the worst manner.

AFEAMIE'NTO, f. m. defaming, deforming, making ugly, or reprefenting tings heinously.

AFEA'R, v. a. to deform, or make any thing ugly; also to cay down,

(

to represent any thing in the worst manner.

Afear un delito, to represent a crime as black as may be.

KFECCIO'N, f. f. affection, love, benevolence, good-will; also aggregation, union.

AFECTACIO'N, f. f. affectation, overmuch niceness in speaking, writing, dressing, or the like; from the Lat. affectatio.

AFECTADAME NTE, adv. affedtedly.

APECTADO'R, f. m. the person who affects.

AFECTA'R, v. a. to affect, or to use affectation.

AFECTILIO, f. m. diminut. of afedo.

AFECTI'VO, adj. belonging to affection.

AFL'CTO, f. m. fubft. an affection of the mind; also affection or kindness.

Afedo, adj. affected, inclined, well disposed.

FECTUOSAME'NTE, adv.amo-roufly.

AFEITADAME'NTE, adv. hand-

AFEII ADAME NIE, agv. nand femely.

AFEITA'DOR, f. m. a barber. AFEITAR, v. a. to drefs, to clean,

to paint the face as women do; also to adorn, to beautify; also to shave.

AFE'ITE, f. m. paint, or dref-

AFELPA'DO, adj. hairy.

AFEMINA'CION, f. f. effemi-

AFEMINA'DO, f. effeminate in carriage, habit, or otherwife; fometimes fignifying a man that has a womanish shape or face, of a weak conflictation.

AFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate. AFL'RES, f. m. affairs, business, generally taken for business of little consequence or moment. Obs.

AFERMOSEA'R, v. 2. vid. HER-MOSEA'R.

AFERRADO'R, f. m. the person who g apples.

AFERRA'R, v. a. to grapple, to anchor as ships do, to hook to-

gether, to lay fast hold of, to cramp with iron.

AFE

Aferrárse, v. r. to be grappled, or hooked together with irons.

Aferrarse en su parecer, to be positive in one's own opinion.

AFERRAVE'LAS, f. f. pl. fmall lines reev'd into the eyelet-holes of the fails, under the head rope, to make fast the fail to the yard, called by our failors the robbins.

AFERVENTA'R, v. a. to make hot.

AFERVORA'RSE, v. r. vid. EN-FERVORISARSE

AFERVORIZA'R, v. a. to raife into a hear.

AFIANZA'R, v. a. to be fecurity, to bail, to prop, to fecure; to fix a criminal on the rack in order to torture him.

AFI

AFICE, f. m. an overfeer, a mafter in any trade to examine work or wares.

AFICIO'N, f. f. affection, inclination, love.

AFICIONADAME'NTE, adv. affedionately.

AFICIONA'R, v. a. to gain the aflection or love of others.

Aficionárse, v. r. to take an affection to any thing or person.

AFIE'RRO, vid. AFERRAR.

AFi'GIR, v. a. obf. to fix, to fasten. AFILADO'R, a sharpener of tools, one that whets.

AFILADU'RA, sharpening of tools, or whetting.

AFILA'R, v. a. to sharpen, to whet, from the word file; an edge.

Afila'r el ingénio, to sharpen the with.

Afilarse, v. r. to be sharpened, to be whetted.

AFILIGRANA'DO, adj. very thin, nice, delicate, delicately done.

AFI'N, adv. to the end that; properly two words.

AFI'N, f. m. a kiniman, a relation by affinity.

AFINACION, f. f. affinage, refining of metals.

AFINADAME'NTE, adv. finally, perfectly.

AFINADC'R, f. m. one that fini-

shes, brings to perfection, or ends; a refiner.

AFINADU'RA, f. f. a perfeding, finishing, bringing to an end or conclusion; dying; also refining.

AFINA'R, v. a. to perfect, finish, or bring to an end, or conclufion; to die, to refine, to tune instruments nicely.

Afinar los metales, to refine metals.

AFINCADAME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneftly.

AFINCAMIE'NTO, f. m. the force of a blow.

AFINCA'R, v. a. to fasten, to be constant.

AF'INCO, f. m. vid. AHINCO.

AFINIDA'D, f. f. affinity, the kindred that in contracted by marriage, without the tie of confanguinity.

AFINOJA'RSE, v. r. obf. to kneel

AFI'R, f. m. a liquor made of juniper berries.

AFIRMACIO'N, f. f. in affirmation in discourse; also making fast, or strengthning.

AFIRMADAML'NTE, adv. affirmatively; also strongly.

AFIRMADO'R, f. m. one that affirms with words; or one that makes fast any thing.

AFIRMAMIL'NTO, f. m. the action of affirming.

AFIRMA'NTE, p. a. a deponent, one that affirms any thing, or avouches.

AFIRMA'NZA, f. f. stability...

AFIRMA'R, v. a. to affirm, to reft upon, to avouch, to fix; in fencing, to make directly at one's adversary with the point of one's sword.

Afirmarje, v. r. to be certain, to be assured.

AFFIRMATIVA, f. f. the affirmative, opposite to the negative.

AFIRMATIVAME'NTE, adv. affirmatively; also strongly.

AFIRMATA'VO, adj. that flands upon the affirmative, that fastens or makes sure.

AFISTOLA'R, v. 2. to grow into a fiftula; also to play on a pipe, or to make any thing in the shape of a pipe.

AFIXAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of fixing any thing.

AFIXA'R, v. a. to affix, made fast to.

AFL

AFLECHATES, f. m. the finall ropes made fast across the shrouds, like ladders, for men to ride up; called by our failors the ratlings of the shrouds.

AFLETADO'R, f. m. a freighter of a ship.

AFLETAMIE'NTO, f. m. the hiring, or freighting of a ship.

AFLETA'R, v. a. to hire, to freight a ship.

AFLICCIO'N, f. f. affliction, forrow, trouble.

AFLICTO, adj. affliced, grieved, troubled, forry, forrowful.

AFLIGIDAME'NTE, affiledly.
AFLIGIDO'R, f. m. one that
afflicts, troubles, or molefs others.

AFLIGIMIL'NTO, f. m. affliction.
AFLIGI'R, v. a. pref. aflijo, to af-

flict, trouble, grieve.

AFLOXADO'R, f. m. one that loo-

fens, weakens, affuages, mitigates, flackens.

AFLOXADU'RA, f. f. a loofening, a relaxation.

AFLOXA'R, v. a. to let loofe, to flacken, to mitigate to grow enfy. Afloxár el arco, to unbend the bow. Afloxár el brio, to lose courage.

Afloxár el dolór, is for a pain to abate.

Afloxár las agrifias, to untie the points, to untrufs a point.

AFIUE'NCIA, f. f. aifluence, abundance.

AFLUE'NTE, adj. abundant, copious, fluent.

AFO, f. m. a den, a cave.

AFOGAR, v. a. vid. AHOGAR.

AFOLLA'DO, adj. blown up, as we do the fire; also made in puffs, as was formerly used in garments to have great puffs of filk.

Afollado, f. m. a pair of breeches made in large plaits.

AFOLLA'R, v. a. to blow, to make puffs upon a thing to be worn, to make a garment very full.

AFONDA'R, v. a. to fink down.

AFORA'DO, adj. that has got a privilege or charter, or one made free of a corporation that has a charter, and therefore fubject to its laws.

AFORADC'R, f. m. the person who gauges.

AFORAMIE'NTO, vid. AFUE-RO.

AFORA'R, v. a. to make free of a corporation, to grant a privilege, or charter.

AFORISMA, f. m. a fwelling, a diftemper among beafts.

AFORI'SMO, f. m. an aphorifin, a fuccinct account, a short determinative fentence, a rule in phyfic.

AFO'RO, f. m. the measurement, or the dimension of the casks.

AFORRADO'R, f. m. a liner.

AFORRADURA, f. f. a lining. AFORRAR, v. a. to line; also to make a slave free.

AFO'RRO, f. m. a lining.
AFORTUNADAME'NTE, adv.
fortunately, luckily, fuccelsfully.
AFORTUNA'DO, adj. fortunate,

lucky, prosperous, successful,

AFORTUNA'R, v. a. to make or
become fortunate or lucky.

AFRATELLARSE, v. r. to become as familiar as a brother.

AFR

AFRECHA'DO, obf. adj. fifted from the bran, or mixed or ftrewed with bran.

AFRECHADURA, f. f. obf. bran; also the mixing or compound with bran.

AFRECHA'R, v.a. obf. to fift the bran out of the meal; also to mix any ting with bran.

AFRI'CHO, s. m. obs. bran.

AFRE'NTA, f. f. an affront, a dishonour, or difgrace.

AFRENTADO'R, f. m. one that affronts, or dishonours another.

AFRENTA'R, v. a. to affront, difgrace, or dishonour.

Afrentarse, v. r. to be affronted, to be difgraced, dishonoured.

AFRENTOSAME'NTE, adv. dishonourably, shamefully, after a difgraceful manner.

AFRENTO'SO, adj. dishonourable, shameful, difgraceful.

AFRETA'R, v. a. to clean a ship. A'FRICO, f. m. the fonth-west wind.

AFRISONADO, adj. corpulent, not well shaped; faid of horfes.

AFRONTAMIL'NTO, f. m. the act of confronting or facing one another.

AFRONTA'R, v. a. to confront, as was used with witnesses and criminals; in old Spanish it signified to require, and sometimes to affront.

Afrontárse, v. r. to be brought face to face,

AFRUENTA'R, v. a. to advise, admonish, to give counsel.

AFUSIA'R, v. a to give fecurity for another.

A F U

AFUE'R, adv. after the manner.
AFUE'RA, adv. without; also a
word of command, as make room.
AFUE'ROS, s. m. pl. a word used
among merchants, signifying the
rate put upon the goods at the
customhouse, or the general valuation of them, in order to pay
the king's duties.

AFUFA, f. f. flight, running away.
AFUFA'R, v. a: to framper, to make way, to fly; a fort of cant word.

AFUFE'LAS, adv. obf. giving the flip.

AFUFC'LAS, by running away. AFUFON, f. m. an escape.

AFUMADA, f. f. a fignal given by fmoke.

AFUMA'R, v. a. to smoke.

AFUSTE, f. m. the carriage for a gun by land, which are long, and with high wheels, fit to be drawn by horfes; the carriages of guns at fea in Spanish are called cureñas.

AFUYENTAR, v. a. to put to flight.

AFUZI'A, obs. confidence, hope.
AFUZIA'R, v. a. to put in hope,
to assure; from fusia.

A G A

AGA', f. m. commander of the Janizaries in Turky.

C 2

AGACHADIZA, f. f. a small bird of the patridge kind.

AGACHA'R, v. a. to lie squat or flat.

AGALANA'R, v. a. to deck, to make fine, to adorn.

AGA'LLA, f. f. a gall nut, fach as ink is made of; a kernel in the flesh, the gill of a fish, the almonds of the ears.

Agállas de acipres, the cypress nut. Tenér caidas las agállas, to have the almonds of the ears down.

AGALLO'NES, f. m. pl. great hollow filver beads, like galls, of which the country brides in Spain used to wear strings for ornament.

AGAMITA'R, v. a. to imitate the cry of small game, to imitate the bleating of a young hind, or fawn.

AGARBARSE, v. r. to hide one's felf fuddenly; faid of a hare when hunted.

AGARE'NO, a Moor, an Arab, any of the race of Ishmael.

AC. RICO, f. m. agarick, a fv eet smelling mushroom, which stines in the night, and grows on high trees, especially the larix.

AGARRADO'R, f. m. f. one who

gripes or grafps.

AGARRA'MA, f. f. a king of tribute.

AGARRAR', v. a. to grafp, to gripe, to lay fast hold of, as birds of prey do with their talons, called garras.

AGARRO, f. m. the action of grasping any thing.

AGARROCHA'R, v. a. to prick, or slick full of those small darts they use in Spain called garrochas; to prick and fret the bulls at the bull-feasts.

AGARROTA'R, v. 2 to bind, or tie with cords.

AGASAJADO'R, f. m. one who makes much of, or entermins his friends well.

AGASAJA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat, or entertain lovingly.

AGASA'IO, f. m. kind and loving usage and entertainment; also a present, a gift,

AGASTA'R, v. a. vid. GAS-TAR.

AGATA, s. f. an agate.

AGATA'R, v. a. to creep on all four, like a cat.

AGA'TAS, adv. going on all four, like a cat.

AGAVA'NZA, f. f. a bush like a bramble.

AGAVILLA'R, v. a. to trufs, or bundle up, to tie up like a faggot; from gavilla, a faggot.

AGAZAPA'R, v. a. AGAZA-PA'RSE, v. n. to fquat down, or fquat one's felf down like a hare.

AGEDRE'Z, f. m. the game of chefs.

AGEGA'DO, adj. obf. got together.

AGENCIA, f. f. diligence, application, care, agency.

AGENCIA'R, v. a. to procure any thing diligently.

AGENCIO'SO, adj. active, folicitous.

AGE'NO, adj. of another, belonging to another,

AGENOLLA'RSE, v. r. to kneel down.

AGE'NTE, f. m. an agent.

AGENU'Z, f. m. cockle, the weed that grows among corn.

AGERA'TO, f. m. a kind of acrimony; fome call it maudlin and eupatory.

AGESTA'DO, adj. countenanced; as bien agefládo, one that has a good face or countenance.

A G I

AGI, f. m. Guinea pepper.

AGIGANTA'DO, adj. giant like, A'GIL, adj. nimble, active; from te Latin agilis.

AGILIDA'D, f. f. agility, nimbleness, levity.

AGILITA'R. v. a. to facilitate, or make eafy.

AGILML'NTE, adv. nimbly, qui-

AGIRONA'R, v. a. to put three cornered pieces or gores into a garment.

AGITACIO'N, f. f. agitation. AGITA'R, v. a. to agitate, to be about doing a thing; also to molest, to vex.

AGITA'NTE, p. a. from agidr.
AGITIDES, f. f. pl the veins under the tongue,

AGL

AGLAYA'RSE, w. r. to be flupified, aftonished, or amazed, with any fudden accident or furprize. AGLA'YO, f. m. obf. furprize, aftonishment, stupefaction.

AGN

AGNACIO'N, f. f. a relation by the father's fide,

AGNA'DO, f. m. a kinfman by the father's fide.

AGNOCASTO, f. m. a fort of ozier, called chafte-tree.

A'GNUS DEI, f. m. a flut cake of wax, cast with a lamb on one side, and some other sigure on the reverse; so called from the lamb on it, blessed by the pope, and kept as a relick.

AGO

AGOBIA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend as old men do.

AGOLA'R la véla, v. 2. to hoise the sail as high as it will go:

AGONA'LES, f. m. pl. juegos agonales, fports os games celebrated formerly in Rome in honour of Janus.

AGONI'A, f. f. an agony, the great diforder a man is put into by any anguish, or passion, or the agony of death.

AGONISTA, f. m. the person who is in agony.

AGONIZA'R, v. ato be in great anguish, to be giving up the ghost.

AGO'RA, adv. now, at this time. AGORADO'R, f. m. a fortuneteller, foothfayer.

AGORA'R, v. a. to divine, to tell fortunes, to guess; also to be superstitions in observing signs of what will happen, or omens.

AGORERI'A, f. f. foretelling of things to come, fortune-telling,

or superstition in observing omeas.

AGORE'RO, f. m. a soothsayer,
a fortune-teller; one that is superstitious in observing signs of what
will happen, or omens.

AGOSTADE'RO; f. m. a fummer-house, a cool place to keep cattle in the heat of summer; also any place to lay up the harvest.

AGOSTADO'R, f. m. one who lives in a fummer-house, or in a cool place; metaph. one that spends another man's substance.

AGOSTA'R, v. a. to gather in the harvest; also to reside in some cool place in the heat of summer; to dry, wither, or parch in the heat of the sun; metaph, to spend to consume.

AGOSTE'RO, f. m. one that serves the reapers at harvest time.

AGOSTFZO, f. m. born or brought forth in August; also parched, withered, or burnt up with the sun.

AGOSTO, f. m. the month of August: it is also frequently used to signify the harvest, because August is the great harvest month.

AGOTADO'R, f. m. one that empties or drains.

AGOTADU'RA, f. f. emptying to the last drop, or draining.

AGOTA'R, v. a. to empty to the last drop, to drain, to exhaust.

Agorar la paciéncia, to tire one's patience.

Agotár la haziénda, to run out an estate.

Agotár un pozo, to drain a well.

Agotár un jarro, to drink up the liquor to the last drop.

AGR

AGRACE'RA, f. f. a veffel that contains verjuice.

AGRACIA'DO, adj. well favoured, or well behaved.

AGRACIA'R, v. a. to make things graceful, well shaped, or well favoured.

AGRAZO'NES, f. m. pl. green goofeberries.

AGRADA'BLE, adj. grateful, acceptable, pleafing, of a courteous behaviour,

AGRADABLEME'NTE, adv. gratefully, acceptably, pleafingly, after a taking manner.

MGRADA'R, v. a. to please.

AGRADECE'R, v. a. to give thanks-AGRADECI'DO, adj. grateful v thankful; also thanked.

Prov. At agradecido mas de lo pedido, to a grateful man more than is asked; that is, grant him more than he asks, because gratitude deserves it.

AGRADECIMIE'NTO, f. m. thankfulness, gratitude.

AGRA'DO, f. m. pleasing, obliging behaviour.

AGRAMADE'RA, f. f. an inftrument to cut hem with.

AGRAMA'R, v. a. to beat hemp. AGRAME'NTE, adv. fourly, sharply, severely.

AGRAMI'ZA, f. f. the reeds in hemp growing.

AGRAMO'NIA, vid. AGRIMO-NIA.

AGRANDA'R, v. a. to magnify, to aggrandize.

AGRAVAMIE'NTO, f. m. heaviness, gravity.

AGRAVANTEME'NTE, adv. in a loading manner.

AGRAVA'R, v. a. to aggravate; to make heavy: as age or a diftemper bears a man down.

AGRAVATO'RIO, adj. a writ in law, obliging the person to appear; also as a warrant from a justice.

AGRAVIADO'R, f. m. the offender.

AGRAVIA'R, v. a. to wrong, to injure.

Agravidrse, v. r. to be affronted. AGRA'VIO, f. m. a wrong, an

injury.

Prov. Un agravio confendado, otro

venido, the taking of one wrong brings on another.

AGRA'Z, f. m. green four grapes, verjuice.

AGRAZE'JO, f. m. the holmtree.

AGRE, adj. obf. v. AGRIO.

AGREGACION, f. f. heaping together, gathering into one place; also accusing, or laying to one charge. AGREGA'DO, f. m. a heap.

AGREGADO'R, f. m. one that heap together; also an accuser, one that lavs things to another s charge.

AGREGAMIE'NTO, f. m. heaping together, gathering into one place; also accusing or laying to another's charge.

AGREGAR, v. a. to gather into one place, to heap together; accuse, or lay to one's charge.

AGRE'LLES, f. f. the herb forrel; a word little in use.

AGRESSUR, f. m. the aggressor or offender.

AGRE'STE, adj. ruftick, clownish, unpolished, country-like.

Agreste, adj. all things produced by nature herself without cultivation.

AGRE'TE, f. m. say thing a little fourish.

AGRIAME'NTE, adv. fourly, tartly, feverely.

AGRICULTO'R, f. m.a husbandman.

AGRICULTU'RA, f. f. husbandry, tillage.

AGRIDU'LCE, adj. between sweet and sour.

AGRIFO'LIO, f. m. the holm of holly-tree.

AGRILLA'DO, adj. bound with fetters.

AGRILLO, adj. sourish, sharpish; metaph. pettish, or froward.

AGRIMO'NIA, f. f. the herb agrimony, or liver-wort.

A'GRIO, adj. sharp, four, tart; metaph, peevish, ill-natured, alfo fleep; as.

Subida agria, a steep ascent.

A'GRO, adj.four.

AGRO'R, f. fourness, sharpness; tartness; metaphe, harshness of temper.

AGRUADO'R, f. m. obf. the perfon who offends.

AGRU'RA, f. f. sharpness, tartness, fourness; metaph, harshness of temper.

AGU `

AGUA, f. f. water.

Agua de angeles, angels water, a fort of sweet water extrafted from

several sweet flowers of a most delicious scent, and therefore so called.

Agua de ajahur, f. f. orange-flower-

Agua de cepas, wine.

Agua de cerrajas, the water of an herb called cerrajas; also they call agua de cerrajus, every thing that is useleis.

Agua de espiritu fanto, the water used in baptism.

Agua de pié, running water, or spring water.

Agua fuerte, aqua fortis.

Agua lluvia, rain water.

Camelote de aguas, watered camlet. Cinta de aguas, a watered ribbon.

Aguas vivas, the spring of a well or fountain.

Aguas vertientes, water running from mountains, and from the tops of the houses.

Ilacer aguas, (méar), to make water, to pils.

Agua rosáda, s. f. rose-water.

Agua de trebol, f. f. sweet trefoilwater.

Agua benalia, f. f. holy-water.

Agua cirfina, f. f. a water betwixt , the skin and the flesh.

Agua ardiente, f. f. brandy, or any strong water.

Agua pie, f. f. a small liquor made of the grapes squeezed a second time, with water among them, , after the wine has been presed out; fo called, as it were the waf-

hings of feet. Agua nieve, a sicet, half rain, half snow.

Agua acerada, f. f. chalybeate, or steel water.

Agua miel, f. f. water and honey, a finall fort of hydromel, or mead. Agua canilla, f. f. a fort of houfleek that grows on the tops of

houses.

Agua Uovediza, f. f. rain-water.

Agua chirle, f. f. water bewitched, any poor liquor good for nothing-Agua mános; s. f. water to wash the bands.

Agua de passo, f. f. a running water. Agua viva, f. f. a spring water, or a flowering water,

Agua va, f. f. verbatim, it is water

goes, the word used in Spain to give notice when any thing is thrown out of the virdow, for the people in the fireet to avoid is. Aguas vivas, f. f. the spring tide,

A G U

wich falls out with the full of the moon, when the water rifes higheft with the flood, and falls lowest with the ebb.

Aguas chiefles, f. f. the neap-tide, which happens when the moon is in the middle of the second and last quarter. It is the opposite to the fpring, for in this the water never rifes to high, nor falls to low as in the spring-tide. The lowest neap-tide is four days before the full or change of the moon.

Aguas muertas, f. f. fanding waters; also the low tides, or neap-tides; alfo the city Aigues mortes in Languedoc in France.

Aguas mayores y menores, s. f. a way of children expressing themselves at school, fignifying to make water, and ease themselves both. AGUAS, f. f. it is also sometimes taken for urine, and for the waters in watered filks or fluffs.

Hace agua el navio, the ship is leaky. Mas claro que el agua, clearer than water; this they fay of any matter that is easy, without any difficulty.

La lengua del agua, the edge of the

Echárse ál agua, verbatim, to leap into the water; metaphorically, to launch out, to venture upon any thing that is difficult or dangerous.

Hay más desso que de agua, there is more of that than of water; to express the great plenty of it, that nothing is more common.

No dar un jarro de agua, not to give a pitcher of water; that is, to give nothing, to be niggardly in the highest degree.

Faltarle ha el agua, he will want water; to fignify an idle lazy person that can get nothing, or one fo unfortunate, that nothing succeeds with him.

Dale et agua à la boca, the water is up to his mouth, he is in the utmost danger.

No vale sus orejas Uenas de agua, he ts not worht his ears full of water; that is, worth nothing, fince nothing is so cheap as water, and no less quantity than what a man can bold in his ears.

Baylar el agua delánse, to dance with the water before one, that is, to be very nimble, or quick in performing one's duty, or pleafing another; taken from the maids watering the rooms and courts in Spain in hot weather against their masters come, doing it nimbly, as if they were dancing as they carry and scatter the water before them.

Lievár el agua à su moitno, to catry the water in his own mill; that is, to turn all things to one's own advantage.

Tenér el agua, a la garganta, to be up to the neck in water; to be in imminent danger.

Deseádo como agua de Mayo, wished for like rain in May; this they fay of any thing they earnestly desire or cover, because in Spain rain in May fills the corn, and prevents that fcarcity, which often follows a dry May, and is good for the vineyards.

AGUABRE'SA, f. f. a gutter.

AGUACA'TE, f. m. a green precious stone; also a sort of fruit growing in New Spain, on a tree like a walnuttree.

AGUACE'RO, f. m. a violent shower, or storm of rain.

AGUACEVE'RA, f. f. a dry foil, which is watered after it is fown, AGUA'CHA, f. f. corrupted water. AGUACHINA'R, v. a. to fill any spot of ground full of water.

AGUACI'L, f. m. (alguacil) an officer of justice, a bailist.

AGUACI'VERA, f. f. a portion of land fown when dry, and watered afterwards.

AGUA'DA, f. f. watering, or taking fresh water into a ship.

AGUADA'ZA, s. f. a soythe.

AGUADE'RA, f. f. a frame fet on an horse or an ass, to hold the earthen vessels to carry water in.

AGUADE'RAS, f. f. in faulcoury,

the flags which are four-feathered in each wing of the hawk, the next to the fix principal feathers, called in Spanish cuchillo, and in English farcel feathers.

AGUADE'RO, f. m. a wateringplace, or a place to take water; alfo a water-carrier.

AGUA'DO, f. m. a man that does not drink wine.

Aguado, adj. watered; also a waterdrinker.

Cabátto aguado, is a foundered horse. AGUADO'R, f. m. a water-carrier, one that fells water.

AGUADUCHO, f. m. a conduit, or water-courfe; properly a gutter made by a sudden rain.

AGUA'GE, f. m. the rapidity of currents in the fea.

AGUAITADO'R, f. m. one that watches, or lies in wait for another.

AGUAITAMIE'NTO, f. m. an ambush, or fnare, watching and lying in wait for another.

AGUAITA'R, v. a. to lie in wait, to lie in ambush, to wait to infnare another.

AGUAMANI'L, f. m. an ewer to carry water to wash the hands.

AGUAMANOS, f. m. water to wash the hands.

AGUAMIL'L, f. f. water and honey hydromel mead.

AGUANOSIDA'D, f. f. a watry humour in the body.

AGUANO'SO, adj. watery .

AGUANTA'DO, suffered, tolerated, endured, borne with patience.

AGUANTA'R, v. a. to suffer, to tolerate, to endure, to bear patiently.

AGUA'NTE, f. m. ftrength, force. AGUA'R, v. a. to water.

Agrair vino, to mix wine and water. Aguar placeres, to disturb, allay, or spoil pleasures.

Aguarfe, v. r. to benummed; (fpeaking of horses and other beafts.) AGUARDA'DA, f. f. expectation. AGUARDA'R, v. a. to expect, to attend, to stay, to wait for. Aguardar, in music is to make rests. or pauses.

Aguardár por la dinda, to forbear a debt, and not to arrest the debtor.

No aguador razones, to proceed without hearing reason.

AGUARDENTE'RO, f. m. f. a brandy merchant.

AGUARDIE'NTE, f. f. brandy, spirit of wine.

AGUA'RRAS, f. f. spirit of turpentine prepared for varnishing.

AGUATO'CHA, f. f. the cock of a conduit, a tap, a fyringe; also an engine to extinguish fire

AGUAXAQUE, f. m. gum ammoniac.

AGUA'ZA, f. f. a watery humour betwen the skin and the flesh.

AGUAZA'L, f. m. a marshy, fenny place.

AGUA'ZO, f. m. water-colour. Aguazo, adv. in water-colours.

AGUCIA, f. f. an earnest desire of obtaining or doing any thing. Obf.

AGUCIA'R, v. a. obs. to defire earnestly.

AGUCIOSAME'NTE, adv. eagerly, greedily, covetoufly. obf. AGUDAME'NTE, adv. sharply, readily, wintily,

AGUDE'ZA, f. f. sharpness, readiness, quickness of wit, piercing of fight; also the sharpness of the edge of a rool.

AGUDI'LLO, adj. sharpish, or a little sharp fellow; diminutive of agúdo.

AGUDO, adj. sharp, that has a cutting edge; also one that has a quick ready wit; also a person that cannot flay long in a place.

AGUE'LO, vid. AVUELO.

AGUE'RA, f. f. furrows in ploughed lands full of water.

AGUERA'R, v. a. to divine, to prophely.

AGUE'RO, f. m. omen, a fuperstitious observation, or sign of what is to happen,

AGUJA, f. f. a needle; also an obelisk; also the sharp part of the loin of any creature.

Aguja de bossar, a stitting needle. Aguja de falmar, a great packing needle,

Agúja de marear, the sea compass. Agúja marina, a fish with a long sharp beak like a needle; alfo an herb with a kind of blade shooting out harp, called ftork's-bill.

AGUJA'DA, f. f. a prick of a needle.

AGUJERA'R, 7 v. a. to bore, to pierce.

AGJEREA'R, holes.

AGUJERI'LLO, f. m.a little hole; AGUJE'RO, f. m. a hole; also a needlemaker.

AGUJE'TA, f. f. a point.

AGUJETE'RO, f. m. a pointınaker.

AGUIJA'DA, f. f. a prick with a goad.

AGUIJADO'R, f. m. one that pricks on, or puts forward.

AGUIJAD'URA, f. f. putting on or prinking forward.

AGUIJA'R, v. a. a to put on. to prick forward, to hasten, to fpur on.

AGUUE nO, adj. gravelly, or full of prebble stones.

AGUIJON, f. m. a goad, a prick a sting.

Aguijon, f. m. a large needle.

Aguijonázo, s. m. a prick with a goad, or fling.

AGUUONEA'R, v. 2. to prick forward, to fling.

A'GUILA, f. f. an eagle.

Aguita pescadera, an ofprey.

Aguila negra, the hawk called a faker:

Aguila atahorma, a heron.

Aguila de flores llanas, in cant, is a common plain thief.

AGUILEñA'DO, adj. ho ok-nosed. or hawk-nofed.

AGUILEnO, adj. of or belonging to an eagle, also hook or hawk-nosed.

AGUILU'CHO, f. m. an eagle's chicken, a young eagle; in cant_ it is one that has a share in stolen goods, though he is not at the flealing of them.

AGUINA'LDU, f. m. a new-year's gift.

AGUISA'R, v. a. to put in order. to fit, to compose or prepare any thing.

Hacer aguifado, to do sight, to do one a kinduels,

Aguifados de acabállo, a fort of horfe formerly used in Andaluzia, and Castile.

AGUSTI'NOS, f. m. pl. the religious order of the Augustin friars.

Agustinos descatos, the bare-foot friars of St. Augustin.

AGUSTO, adv. to one's mind, to one's liking.

AGUZADE'RA, f. f. a whetstone. AGUAZADE'ROS, f. m. pl, a place where wild boars sharpen their tusks.

AGUZADO'R, f. m. the person who provokes or aggravates another.

AGUZADURA, f. f. a wheting.
AGUZAMIE'NTO, f, m. whetting.

AGUZANIE'VE, f. m. the bird called a wagtail.

AGUZA'R, to whet, to sharpen, to gnash one's teeth.

Aguzár las navájas el puérco, is for a boar to sharpen his tusks.

AHA

AH! interj. an adverb of calling.

AHA'JAR, v. a. to rumple, to diforder, to fully.

Muger ahajada, a woman that has to do with many men, that has been too much handled, that has lost her reputation.

AHA'O! interj, ho!a word of calling.

AHA'STA, adv. vid. HASTA.

AHE

AH! interj. alas! oh!
AHECHA'R, vid. AECHAR,
AHE'CHO, adv. indifferently.
AHE'DO, f. m. a fteep rock.
AHELEA'R, v. o. to imbitter.

AHELEA'R, v. o. to imbitter, to mix with gall.

AHELGA'DO, adj. that has bright teeth, and parted from one another.

AHEMBRA'DO, adj, a man with a fost effeminate look.

AHERROJAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of fettering a person.

AHERROJA'R, v. a. to bolt, to shackle, to fetter; from hlerro, iron. AHERRUMBRADU'RA, or A-HERRUMBRAMIE'NTO, ruft, or rufting.

AHERRUMBRA'R, v. n. to rust. Aherrumbrárse, v. r. to be corrupted

by ruft.

AHERVORADAME'NTE, adv.

warmly.

AHERVORA'RSE, v. r. to be burnt up with heat.

AHI

AHI', adv. there.

AHIDALAGME'NTE, adv. genteelly. Obf.

AHIDALGA'DO, adj. genteel, gentleman-like.

AHIDALGA'R, v, n. to grow genteel.

AHIGADA'DO, adj. liver-coloured, also a valiant man.

AHIJA'DA, f. f. a god-daughter. AHIJA'DO, f. m. a god-fon.

AHIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. an adoption, or taking another person's child for your own.

AHIJA'R, v. a. to beget spiritually, to taked for one's god-son.
AHILAMIE'NTO, starving,

pinning away with hunger.

AHILARSE, v. r. to be flarved, to be wore away with hunger; metaphorically, to be fainting.

AHILO, f. m. a fwoon, AHILO, f. m. a gang, a company a fociety. Obf.

AHI'NA, adv. quickly.

AHINCADAME'NTE, adv. earneftly, preffingly.

AHINCA'NZA, f. f. diligence. AHINCA'R, v. a. to be earnest,

AHINCA'R, v. a. to be earnest, or pressing, to stick in.

AHI'NCO, f. m. earnestness, preffing, also thrusting in.

AHINOJA'R, v. a. to kneel.

Ahinojarse, v. r. to be upon one's knees.

AHI'RMAR, v. n. vid. AFIR-MAR.

Ahirmarse, v. r. vid. AFIRMARSE. AHITAR, v. a. to surfeit.

AHITAK, v. 2. to surfeit.

Ahitarje, v. r. to be surfeited.

Ahitaife con un piñon, to furfeit with eating a pine-apple kernel; that is, to have a very weak stomack and ill digestion, so that the least thing surfeits one,

AHITE'RA, f. f. a great rawne's of flomach, an ill digeftion.

AHITO, f. m. furfeit, indigeftion.

Ahlto, adj. raw, indigefted.

AHO

AHO'! interj. ho! come here!
AHOBACHONA'DO, adj. given
up to floth and idlenefs.

AHOCINA RSE, v. a. to grow crooked as a river, to contract.

AHOGADE'RO, f. m. the fmallest of the two ropes used in hanging criminals in Spain; metaph. a great press or crowd, also a woman's necklace; also a crowd of people.

AHOGADIZO, adj. apt to choak

in swallowing.

Ahogamiénto, f. m. strangury; also affliction, anxiety.

AHOGA'R, v. a. to choak, to drown; to flew very close.

No me ahogues, verbatim, do not choak me; metaphorically, do not press so hard upon me, be not hasty.

Ahogárse, v. r. to be choaked.

Se ahogo con su mismo aliento, he choaked himself with his own breath.

Prov. Nadár, nadár, y á la orilla ahogár, to eat an whole ox and faint at the tail, toto devorato bove in cauda deficere. This proverb is said when any body falls short of a thing after having used all endeavours.

Ahogárse, en aprétura, to be thronged to death.

Abogárse de salór, to be stissed with heat.

Dar mate ahogado, to require things to be done with precipitation, with a breating time; taken from a term at chess, signifying to give checkmate.

Carnéro ahogádo, mutton stewed very close.

Prov. Akogárse en poca agua, to be drowned in little water; that is, to be overcome with little labour or trouble, to be fit for little bufiness.

AHO'GO

AHO'GO, f. m. affliction, pain, trouble.

AHOJA'R, v. a. (el ganado) to feed cattle with leaves.

AHOMBRA'DA, f. f. a masculine woman.

AHOMBRO, f. m. vid. HOM-BRO.

AHONDAMIE'NTO, f. m. deepening; also fearching or diving to the bottom.

AHONDA'R, v. a. to deepen; also to search or dive to the bottom.

AHO'RA, adv. now, this hour.

Ahora ahora, just now, this instant.

Ahora bien, well then.

AHORCADIZO, adj. that may be hanged.

AHOR CADO'R, f. m. a hangman. AHOR CAJA'DAS, adv. forked wife, aftride, ftraddling.

AHOR CAJA' RSE, v. r. to fet aftride, as on horfeback.

AHORCA'R, v. a. to hang. Ahorcarse, v. r. to hang one's self.

Ahorcarje, y. r. to hang one's left. Que me ahorquen, l'll be hanged.

Que se ahórque, go, and be hanged. En casa del ahorcado no se ha de mentar la soga, you should not mention a halter to any whose relations or friends have suffered by it. AHORMAR, v. a. to stretch upon a last;

Ahórmar, to instruct or educate youth well.

AHORNAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a blafting by heat.

AHORNAGA'RSE, v. r. to be blafted by heat.

AHORNA'R, v. a. to put into the oven.

Ahornárse la tierra, is for the land to be scorched, or burnt up.

AHORQUILLA'R, v. a. to place a little fork to support the branches of trees.

AHORRADURA, f. f. faving, fparing; also setting free.

AHORRAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem. AHORRA'R, v. a. to save, to

AHURRA'R, v. a. to fave, to fpare, to make a flave free.

No ahorrarse con su padre, not to abate one's own father.

Akorrarse, v. r. to redeem one's self from slavery.

AHORRATIVO, adj. too sparing.
AHORRO, f. m. saving of expenTom. I.

ces, parsimony.

AHOTA'DO, obs. bold, surly,

daring.

AHOTA'R, v. a. obf. to make bold, furly, or daring.

AHOYA'DO, adj. made into holes, ditched.

AHOYADOR, f. m. a ditcher, a digger.

AHOYADU'RA, f. f. ditching, digging of holes.

AHOYA'R, v. a. to ditch, to dig holes.

AHU

AHUCHADO'R, f. m. the person who hoards up money in a box.

AHUCHA'R, v. a. to put into a box; to hoard money.

AHUCIA'R, v. a. obf. to give hope.

AHUECAMIE'NTO, f. m. a hollowing, or boring an hole.

AHUECA'R, v. a. to make hollow.

Ahuecarfe, v. r. to be hollowed;
meraph. spoken of a man when he
is foolish or illiterate, as calling
him an empty fellow.

AHUELO, f. m. f. vid. AVUELO.
AHUETA'R, v. a to splice, as failors do ropes.

AHULLA'R, v. a to how1.

AHUMA'DA, f. f. fmoking; fmoke made in the day, as fire at night to alarm the country.

AHUMA'R, v. n. to smoke.

AHUMO, f. m. vid. HUMO.
AHURTA CORDEL, vid. HUR-

TAR. AHURTA'DAS, AHURTADI'L-

LAS, adv. by fleatth.

AHUSA'R, to shape like a spindle,

from hiso, a spindle.

AHUYENTADO'R, f. m. one that

puts to flight, one that frights away.

AHUYENTAR, v. a. to put to flight, to fright away.

AHUZIA'DO, adj. obf. trufted.
AHUZIAMIE'NTO, obf. trufting,
confidence.

AID

AIDO'RO, f. m. obf. help.

AIN

AI'NA, adv. quickly, fuddenly; also sooner, rather,

Al'NAS, adv. quitte near, almost

AIR

ATRA'RSE, v. r. to be angry.

A'IRE, f. m. the wind, or air.

Alre corrupto, a corrupt air.

Biber los aires, to defire any thing earnestly, or greedily.

Hender un cabello en et aire, so very acute; that he can split a hair; spoken of a man who is exceeding witty or satirical in his expressions.

Centar 6 taner con aire, to fing well, or to play well upon an inftrument.

Creerfe del aire, to believe eafily every thing.

Dar aire a una cofa, to embellish, to beautify.

Dar de buen aire, to give a strong blow.

Dar a uno el aire, to suspect, to conjecture; to give an inkling of.

Darle un aire a oiro, 6 tener el aire de oiro, to look like one.

Echarse el aire, to be calm, (speaking of wind.)

En el aire, quickly, suddenly.

Estar con un pie en el aire, to be
unsettled, also to be on a voyage.

Esto es un poco de aire, that is, a
trisling.

Hablar al aire, to beat the air, to fpeak foreign to the purpose.

Hacerse aire, to fan one's self.

Matarlas en el aire, to be a sagacious man.

Mudarfe a qualquier aire, to be inconftant.

Mudarfe cl. aire, to be changed, (speaking of the weather and fortune.)

Quedarse en el aire, to lose an employment.

Tener buen aire, to look well.

Tener la cabeza llena de aire, to be an empty noodle.

Tomar el aire, to take a walk. Tomar el aire a una res, to wind or

scent game.

Tomar los aires naturales, to breathe

one's own country air.

Airearse, v. r. to take the air. AIRECI'LLO, diminut. of aire.

AIRO'N, f. m. heron, a bird for called.

D

AIRO'NES, f. m. heron's feathers, or others like them; helmet-feathers.

AJA

AIROSAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, genteely.

AIROSIDA'D, f. f. gracefulnes, gentility.

AIRO'SO, adj. lying open to the wind; also elegant, nice, fine, genteel.

AIS

AISLA'DO, adj, encompassed with water like an island.

Quedar uno aistado, to be so surrounded by misfortunes to, as not to be able to extricate one's self.

AISLA'R, v. a. to encompals with water like an island.

Aislurse una persona, to be so surprised or astonished, as not to know what one does.

AJA

AJA'DA, f. f. a fauce made with garlick and falt.

AJAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of reproaching, injuring or degrading a man's reputation.

AJA'R, v. a. to handle any thing fo as to spoil its beauty or make it fade.

Ajúr, to injure, reproach, or degrade any one's reputation.

AJE

AJENADO'R, f. m. the person who delivers possession to another, or parts with an efface outright. $AJEN_A'R$, v. a. to alienate, to

pafs away an estate to deliver up

possession to another.

AJE'NO, adj. belonging to another man, of another country, foreign, none of our kin or relation, alien, ftrange, inconvenient, unmeet, misbecoming, contrary, different, of another fort, absurd, beside the purpose. disagreable, averse, unwholesome, hurtful, unkindly.

AJE'TE, f. m. young garlick; alfo a fauce made with garlick.

AJI

AJICO'LA, f. f. a fort of glue,

made by boiling pieces of leather I with garlick.

AJILIMO'GE, f. m. a fort of

AJILLO, diminut. of ajo, f. m.

A J O

AJO, f. m. garlick; also paint used by women.

Un májame un ajo, a numbskull, a dunce.

Villano harto de ajos, a stubborn stinking clown.

Datte su ajo, to season meat, to dress meat, to daub any thing, or to paint a woman's face.

Prov. Tiesso como un ajo, as stiff as garlick; that is, healthy, strong, robust.

Prov. Suspirár por los ajos y cebollas de Egypto, to figh after the garlick and onions of Egypt; to desire to return to the past wicked life; to wish for filth and loathsomeness.

Prov. Hacer morder el ajo, to make bite the garlick; to hold a man's nose to the grind-stone.

Prov. Ajo crudo y vino puro, pasan el puerto seguro, taw garlick and pure wine pass the port safe; in Spain they call the passes of mountains dryports; these mountains are generally very cold, and wine and garlick comfort the flomach, and keep out the cold; fo it signifies they are a good defence for travellers who are to pass them.

AJOBA'R, v. a. to load, to carry upon the back.

AJO'BO, f. m. the action of loading,

AJO'LIO, f. m. a fauce made with oil and garlick.

AJO'NGE, f. m. the juice of a thiftle, with which they make birdlime.

AJONJE'RA, f. f. the wild plant birdlime is made with.

AJONJG*LI, f. m. a very fmall bright feed fo called.

AJORA'R, v. a. to force or drive by violence.

AJO'RCA, vid. AXO'RCA.

AJODA'R, v. n. to cry out till one is hoarse.

AJORNALA'R, v. a. to hire by the day.

AJO'RRO, adv. towing one boat after another.

AJU

AJUA'GAS, f. f. an ulcerous swelling among horses.

AJUANETA'DO, adj. full of corns.

Cara ajuanetada, a lean face.

AJUA'R , f. m. vid. AXUAR.

AJUFA'YNA, f. f. a deep bason. AJUCIA'R, v. n. to grow ripe in judgment.

AJUNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting together, joining.

AJUNTA'R, v. a. to put togother, to join.

AJUSTADAME'NTE, adv. rightly, juffly, truly.

AJUSTADO'R, f. m. an under waistcoat.

Ajustadme essas medidas, this is said when a man speaks foreign to the purpose, and another should answer, combine this matter if you can.

AJUSTAMIE'NTO, s. m. equa-

AJUSTA'R, v. a. to adjust, to make fit; also to reconcile differences, to make accounts even.

Ajustarse, v. r. 10 agree in any bargain, or contract.

Ajustarse al tiempo, à con el tiempo, to conform to the times.

Hombre ajustudo, didamen ajustado, a man of integrity and fincerity. AJU'STE, s. m. a contract, a bargain.

AJUSTICIA'R, v. a. to execute criminals.

ALÁ

AL, in old 5panish, fignifies another thing.

Non fagades al, do no other.

Al, from ALGO, something.

Al, is also the article of the dati e case, corruptly from a el; as, al hombre, to the man; al momento, this moment; fomerimes it stands for the preposition in, as al fin, in fine.

A'LA, f. f. a wing; also the bonnet of a fail.

Ala de texádo, the eves of a house.

Alas de pez, the fins of a fish.

Ala de batálla, the wing of a battle.

Ala de gente de acabállo, a squadron of horse.

Ala yérva, the herb enula campana.

Alas de fombréro, thè brims of a hat.

Ala de mósca, in cant, is a cheating trick at cards.

Alas de murtiélago, bat's wings, taph, any thing that has a false appearance, because a bat's wings have no feathers.

Baur las alas, to clap the wings; to make hafte, as birds do in their flight.

Caerfe las alas, to hang the wings, to difmay, to lose courage.

Dár alas, to grow bold, proud. Quebrárse las alas; to be cast down.

Ilevar alas en los carcañales, to run as if one had wings at their heels.

Cubrir con las alas, to protect.

Alá! interj. Ex. Alá! que tengo un doblon, O Lord! I have got a dobloon in my pocket.

ALABADO'R, f. m. one that praises.

ALABAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of praising.

ALABANCE'RO, f. m. a flatterer, a sycophant.

ALABANCIO'SO, f. m. a boafter.
ALABANDI'NA, f. f. a red
ftone mixed with blue.

ALABA'NZA, f. f. praise, commendation applause.

ALABA'R, v. a. to praise, to commend.

Es para alabár a Dios, when any thing is very beautiful or good, they fay it is a subject to praise God.

Alabárse, v. r. to boast, to vaunt. ALABA'RDA, s. f. f. halberd.

ALABARDA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with a halberd.

ALABARDE RO, f. m. a hald-

berdier, a yeoman of the guard, ALABARDI'LLA, f. f. a little halberd.

ALABASTRINO, adj. of the colour of alabbaster.

Alabastrinas, f. f. pl. thin pieces of alabbaster.

ALABA'STRO, f. m. alabbafter. ALABEA'R, v. n. to bend any wood fo as to make it crooked.

ALABE'GA, f. f. the herb called basil rowal.

ALABE' O. m. the vicious bent of a plank.

ALABE'SA, f. f. the handle of an halbert.

ALABE'Z, f. m. the fides of a target or shield.

ALACAYVO, f. m. vid. LACAYO. ALACAYUE'LO, f. m. diminut. of alacayo.

ALACE'NA, vid. ALHACENA, ALACER, f. m. a circle.

ALA'CHA, f. f. a little fish like a herring, taken for it.

ALACRA'N, f. m. a scorpion; also the rings which the reins of a bridle are fastened to.

Alacran márino, f. m. a sea scorpion. ALCRANA'DO, adj. bitten by scorpions.

ALADA'R, f. m. the hair on the temples.

ALA'DO, adj. winged.

ALADRA'DA, f. f. a furrow in ploughed land.

ALA'DRO, f. m. a plough.

A LA FE, in faith, in truth.

A LA HE, idem.

ALAFI'A, f. f. the pardon of a fault.

ALA'GA, f. f. a fort of grain called

in Latin alica.

ALAGA'R, v. a. to make much of, to footh.

ALAGARE'RA, f. f. a talkative, pratting woman.

ALAGARTA'DO, adj. coloured like a lizard.

Aedias, telas, cintas alagartadas, flockings, stuffs, ribbons of several colours.

ALA'GO, vid. HALAGO.

ALAGRE'ZA, f. f. obf. joy, hilarity, alacrity.

ALAU'NA, f. f. vid. LAGUNA ALAHI'LCA, f. f. hangings to adorn the walls. ALAI'CA, f. f. an ant that has go wings.

ALAJU', f. m. a fort of fweet-meat, or composition made of flour, honey, pine-apple kernels, and spice.

ALAJA f f vid AIHAJIA and

ALA'JA, f. f. vid. ALHA'JA, and its derivatives.

AL ALBA, adv. at break of day.

ALAMA, f. f. vid. LAMA. A LA MA'NO, at hand.

A las manos, as venir a las mános, to come to handy Rrokes.

ALAMA'R, f. m. filver or filken twift for cloaths.

ALAMA'RES, f. m. great filk, or gold and filver loops.

ALAMARA'DO, adj. a garment trimmed with loops.

ALAMBA'R, f. m. vid. AMBA'R.
ALAMBICA'R. v. a ro difil

ALAMBICA'R, v. 2. to distil. ALAMBI'QUE, s. m. a limbeck.

Araer por alambique, to bring through a limbeck, that is, the farthest way about.

Alambicarfe et celébro, to crack one's brain.

ALAMBO'R, f. m. the cavity of any thing.

ALA'MBRE, f. m. copper.

ALAME'DA, f. f. a grove; also a walk planted with trees.

ALAMI'N, f. m. a man of reputation, one that may fafely be trufted.

ALAMI'NA, f. f. a tax laid upon potters.

ALAMIRE', f. f. a key or cliff in mufick.

ALA'MO, f. m. a poplar-tree. Alâmo blanco, the white poplar.

Alamo negro, the black poplar, or alder.

ALAMO'N, f. m. a bird of a violet colour, with red feet and beak.

ALAMUD, f. m. the bolt of a fpringlock, or other bolt or bar to fasten windows or doors with.

ALANCEADO'R, f m. the person who brandishes a spear.

ALANCEAR, v. a to wound with a lance.

LANCE'L, f. m. vid. ARAN-CEL

ALANDA'L. f.m. a mass of coloquintida, out of which the pills are made.

 \mathbf{D}_{2}

ALANI'A, f. f. a cupboard made in the wall.

ALA'NO, f. m. a maftiff dog, particularly a bull-dog.

ALANTOIDES, f. f. the name of one of three tunicks, wherein the fœtus is enclosed.

A LA PAR, even, equal.

A LA POSTRE, at the end.

ALANZA'DA, f. f. fo much ground as one yoke of oxen will ear in a day, or a measure of land as far as a man can throw a dart.

ALANZA'R, v. a obf. to fling, to throw, to caft.

ALAQUE'QUES, f. m. pl. glass beads.

ALA'R, vid. HALAR.

ALA'RA, f. f. an egg without a shell, only covered with a pellicle.

ALA'RBE, f. m. an ignorant, cross, rustical man.

ALARA'CAS, f. f. pl. shouts, cries. ALARAQUIE'NTO, adj. noify.

ALA'RDE, f. m. a muster, a review of forces.

Hazér alárde, is properly to muster; metaph, to boast.

A la redónda, adv. round about.

ALA'RES, f. m. pl. fnare, gio, or fpringe.

ALARGAMIE'NTO, f. m. prolonging, getting far off, lengthening, firetching.

ALAGA'R, v. a. to prolong, to lengthen, to firetch out.

Alargar la vela, to loofe the fail, to foread it to the wind,

Alargár la riénda, to give a horse his head; metaph, to give one more liberty.

Alargar el tiempo, to drive off, or protract time.

Alargar el passo, mend your pace, go faster.

Alargár la bólfa, to have money at will.

Alargarse, v. r. to get far off; to talk long upon a subject.

ALARGAS, f. f. a delay.

ALARGE'Z, f. f. rose of Jerusalem, our Lady's rose.

ALARGUL'Z, f. f. the feed, or thin rind of a kind of weed used to give hair a fair colour; or a fort of wood called rose-wood, because it smells like roses.

ALARI'DO, f. m. a crying out.

Alaridos, cries, shouts, shrieks.

ALARIFA'ZGO, f. m. furveyorship.

ALARIFE, f. m. a furveyor, overfeer, or mafter builder.

ALARI'XES, f. f. a kind of grapes of a purplish colour.

AIA'RMA, to arms! to arms! a militari cry.

ALARSE, v. r. to rule away from justice or punishment.

ALASTA'R, v. a. to pay a fine or penalty.

ALASTRADO'R, f. m. oue that carries ballast to ships.

ALASTRA'R, v. a. to ballast.

Alastrárse, v. r. to lay one's self flat on the ground, as birds do when they are pursued.

A LAS VE'ZES, adv. by turns. ALATON, f. m. vid. LATON. ALATONA'R, v.a. to place with

thin brass;
ALATONE'RO, vid. ALMEZ.

ALATRON, f. m. falt-petre.

ALA'VAS, f. f. pl. the teeth of a wheel in clock-work.

ALAVE'O, f. m. the white that is in fome wood between the body and the bark.

A LA VISTA, to the fight.

ALAXEA'DO, adj. paved with flagstones.

ALAXU, vid. ALAJU.

ALAZA'N, f. m. a forrel horse. Alazan claro, a bright forrel.

Alazan dorado, betwixt roan and forrel.

Alazán tostádo, a dark sorrel.

Prov. Alajan toflado, antes muerto que cansido, a dark sorrel horse will die before he'll jade; so good an opinion the Spaniards have of that colour.

ALAZO, f. m. a blow with the wing.

ALAZO'R, f. m. wild faffron.

ALB

A'LBA, f. f. the dawn or break of day; also an albe, such as priests wear at the altar.

El reir del alba, the first dawning of the day.

Al alba, adv. at break of day.

ALBACA'RA, f. f. a pulley wherein a cord or rope runneth to draw any thing by; fome call it a windlace.

ALBACE'A, f. m. an executor, administrator, or affign left by will. ALBACEA'ZGO, f. m. the office, or charge of an executor.

ALBACO'RA, f. f. the early or first figs.

ALBA'DA, f. f. the fong fung, or the mufick played under the window of a miffres very early in the morning, by her lover.

ALBAHA'CA, f. f. a very fragrant herb called majericon, or sweet

garden balil.

ALBAHAQUERO, f. m. a flowerpot, any fuch pots as are used in gardens; from alhahdca, because that herb is kept in them.

ALBAHAQUILLA, f. f. fmall

Albahaquilla falvage, wild basil.

ALBAI'DA, obs. whiteness; also formerly a small piece of money worth half a maravedi.

Albalda, vid. ALBAYDA.

ALBAI'RE, f. m. an egg. Obf.

ALBALA, f m. a note, a receipt, a pass, an acquitrance; also a incence.

ALBANA'DO, adj. a fleep.

ALBANE'GA, f. f. a kind of network coif that women wear to keep their hair up.

ALBANEGUE'RO, f.m. a cane ALBANE'S, word.

for a gamester at dice.

ALBABAR, f. m. a kennel, gutter, fink, or common-shore. ALBABL, f. m. a plaisterer, or

ALBAnIL, f. m. a plaisterer, or brick-layer.

ALBANILERI'A, f. f. plaisterers, or brick layers work, or business.

ALBAQUI'A, f. f the refidue, the remainder to ballance the account.

ALBA'R, adj. that which is foon ripe; also very white.

ALBARA'DA, :. f. a dry flone walk without mortar; alo a causeway.

ALBARAN, f. m. a writing, a sheet of paper.

Albarán, f. m. a note, acquittance, receipt, or país.



ALBARAZA'DA, f. f. a fort of grapes of jasper colour.

ALBARAZADO, adj. affected with morphew.

ALBARA'ZO, f. m. a kind of morphew staining the skin.

ALBA'RCA, f. f. a kind of shoe tied about the foot.

ALEA'RDA, f. f. a pannel, a packfaddle.

Befiia de albárda, a beast to carry burdens.

Fuláno es una albárda, fuch a one is a packfaddle; to avoid faying he is an afs.

ALBARDA'DOR, f. m. one that puts the pack(addies upon the beast, or that makes them.

ALBARDA'N, f. m. an impudent merry fellow.

ALBADANI'A, f. f. an impudent, bold jeft.

ALBARDA'R, v. a. to put on a packfaddle or pannel.

ALBARDERI'A, f. f. the fireet the packfaddlers live in.

ALBARDE'RO, f. m. a pannel, or packfaddle maker.

ALBARDILLA, f. f. a little pannel or packfaddle.

ALBARDI'N, f. m. fmall rushes, or mat-weed.

ALBARDO'N, f. m. a beaft of burthen, that carries a packfaddle; a great packfaddle.

ALBARDONCI'LLO, diminut. of albardon.

ALBAREJO, f. m. diminut. of albar.

ALBARICO'QUE, f. m. an apri-

ALBARI'GO, adj. a kind of corn to make bread very white.

AIBARI'LLO, f. m. diminut. of albaricoque.

ALBARINO, adj. a dun, fwarthy colour.

ALBARJO'N, vid. ALVARJO'N.
ALBARRA'DA, f. f. a dry wall of
flones without mortar; also a causeway.

ALBARRA'N, f. m. a batchelor, or fingle man, a stranger, or one that has no certain place of abode.

ALBARRA'NA, f. f. a watch-tower flanding by itfelf in the fields; also a wild onion. ALBARRANE'O, f. m. a foreigner or ftranger.

ALBARRANI'A, f. f. fingle life, batchelor ship.

ALBARRA'Z, f. m. the herb stavefacre, or louse-bane.

ALBARTA'DA, f. f. a heap, a pile, a flack, a reek, any great mass, ALBATA'RA, the clitoris.

ALBATO'CHA, f. f. a fmall fort of covered veffel or bark.

ALBATO'ZA, f. f. a small boar covered over.

ALBAYALDA'DO, adj. daubed with cerufe.

ALBAYA'LDE, f. m. white ceruse. ALBA'YRE, f. m. in cant signifies an egg.

ALBAZA'NO, adj. of a chesnut colour.

ALBA'ZO, f. m. an affault made at break of day.

ALBEDRIADO'R, f. m. an arbitrator.

ALBEDRIA'R, v. a. to arbitrate, or determine between two parties.
ALBEDRIO, f. m. arbitrement, will, pleasure, advice, opinion.
ALBE'DRO, f. m. a crab-tree.

ALBE'ITAR, (f. m. the person ALBE'ITE, (who cures distempers in beasts, a farrier.

ALBEITERIA, f. f. the art of curing fickness in beafts.

ALBELIO'N, f. m. vid. ALBAñAR. ALBE'NDA, f. f. hangings made of white linen.

ALBENDE'RA, f. f. the woman who weaves such hangings.

ALBENDO'LA, f. f. a net of the finallest fize, to catch shrimps or prawns.

ALBENGA'LA, f. f. a fine web woven in filk, used by the Moors to adorn themselves.

ALBE'RCA, f. f. a pool or pond, a fish-pond.

ALBERCHI'GA, f. f. the fruit of the apple-quince.

ALBERCO'QUE, f. m. an apricor.

ALBERCHIS.GO, f. m. an apple quicoce.

ALBERENGE'NA, f. f. vid. BERENGENA.

ALBERGA'DA, f. f. a trench used in fortification.

ALBERGADO'R, f. m. one that

lodges, harbours, or entertains others.

ALBERGA'R, v. a. to lodge, harbour, or entertain.

Albergarse, v. r. to be entertained, to be lodged.

ALBERGUE, f. m. a shelter, any fafe place against bad weather also a public house; and among the knights of Malta, the several quarters where the nights of different nations live.

ALBERGUERI'A, f. f. a public house.

ALBERGUE'RO, f. m. an innkeeper.

ALBIHA'R, f. m. the herb called daffodil, or Narciffus.

ALBIHA RES, f. m. pl. the flower called Narciffus, or daffodil.

ALBI'LLA, f. f. a fort of white grape.

ALBILLO, f. m. wine made from a fort of white grape called albilla.

ALBI'N, f. m. a blood-flone.

ALBI'NA, f. f. the beating of the

water upon the shore.

Albina, f. f. a place overflowed with water, as a marsh or fen.
ALBINO, adj. born with very white hair, and a white skin.

ALBITA'NA, f. f. a piece of timber in a ship fo called.

A'LBO, adj. white.

ALBOAI'RE, f. m. chequer works made with varnished tiles of different colours.

ALBOGO'N, f. m. a flure.

ALBO'GUE, f. m. a pipe or flute, according to fome; yet in Don Quixore we find this word explained to be brass plates like candlesticks; which being hollow and beaten one against another, make a fort of rustic musick.

ALBOGUE'RO, f. m. a piper or one that makes pipes, or one that plays, or makes albogues.

ALBOHERA, f. m. vid. ALBU-FERA.

ALBOHO'L, f. m. the white flower of the herb jarion.

ALBO'NDIGAS, f. f. balls made of forced meat.

ALBONDIGUTELAS, f. f. links 'balls of forced mean.

ALBO'R, f. m. whiteness.

ALBORADA, f. f. music played to one at the break of day; also the break of day itself.

ALBORBO'LAS, f. f. pl. a noise made for some trifling matter.

ALBORBOLE'AR, v. a to make a noise of rejoicing. Obf.

ALBORE'A, f. f. the dawn of the day.

ALBOREA'R, v. n. to dawn.

ALBORECL'R, vid. ALBO-REAR.

ALBORGA, f. f. shoes made of broom.

ALBORNI'A, f. f. a great earthen; pan, fuch as they use to put milk in.

ALBORNO'Z, f. m. a fort of upper garment close before, with only a place for the head to come out, and a hood to it, made of a fort of fluff that turns off water, fo that none goes through.

ALBORONI'A, f. f. a kind of fallet made of herbs, milk, wine,

oil, cheefe, garlick.

ALBORO'QUE, f. m. a gratuity given to one that makes up a bargain between two, in the nature of brokerage; or to a workman above his hire.

ALBOROTADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, tumultuously, sedi-

ALBOROTADO'R, f. m. a mutinous feditious fellow.

ALBOROTAMIENTO, f. m. fedition, tumult, diforder, commetion.

ALBOROTAR, w. a. to raife a rumult, or fedition, to put in diforder.

ALBORO'TO, f. m. mutiny, rumult, or fedition, diforder, confusion.

ALBOROZADO'R, f. m. the perfon who excites mirth in others. ALBOROZA'R, v. a. to, rejoice, to be full of joy; also to raise a tumult.

ALBORO'ZO, f. m. joy, a violent commotion of the hearr, caused by any thing that is joyful.

ALBRICIAS, f. f. pl. a reward or

gratuity given to one that brings good news.

ALBUDE'CA, f. f. a fort of fpongy, watry, and unfavory melon.

ALBUFE'RA, If. f. a pool of ftagnating water.

ALBU'R, f. m. a gudgeon.

ALBURA, f. f. whiteness.

ALBURE'JO, f. m. a little mullet, a fish so called.

ALBURE'S, f. m. a term used in a certain game at cards.

ALC

ALCABA'LA, f. f. a duty impofed upon things fold.

ALCABALE'RO, f. m. a collector or gatherer of that duty.

ALCABO'R, f. m. the foot of a chimney.

ALCABU'CO, f. m. a forest or thick wood.

ALCABU'Z, vid. ARCABU'Z. ALCACE'L, f. m. green barley

cut for horses.

ALCACERI'A, f. f. obs. v. Alcaicerla.

ALCACHO'FA, f. f. an artichoke. ALCACHOFA'DO, adj. belonging to an artichoke.

ALGACHOFA'L, f. m. the place where artichokes grow.

ALCACIL, vid. ARCACIL. ALCAFAR, f. m. the trappings

of a horfe.

ALCAHA'Z, f. m. a cage or coop for birds, made of cane.

ALCAHAZA'DA, f. f. a quantity of birds inclosed in a cage, called alcahaz.

ALCAHAZAR, v. a. to shur birds up in a cage called alcahat.

ALÇAHOTAR, v. a. vid. AL-CAHUETAR.

ALCAHOTERIA, f. f. vid.
ALCAHUETERIA.

ALCAHUE'TA, f. f. a bawd.

ALCAHUE'TE, f.m. a pimp, or pander.

ALCAHUETEA'R, v. a. to procure, to pimp, or bawd.

ALCAHUETE'JO, f. m. a little pimp.

ALCAHUETERI'A, f. f. baw-ding, or a bawdy-house,

ALCAHUETI'LLO, f. f. a little pimp.

ALCA'IDE, f. m. the governor of a fort, town, or castle; also

ALCAIDE'SA, f. f. the wife of a gaoler.

ALCAIDIA, f. f. the government of a fort or town; also the keeping of a gaol.

ALCALDA'DA, f. f. a blunder, a bull, a prepofterous faying.

ALCA'LDE, f. m. a magistrate, of which there are these several forts.

Alcalde de aldea, a mayor, bailiff, or headberough of a country town.

Alcalde mayor de justicia, a lord chief-justice.

Alcalde de corte, a justice belongiag to the king's houshold.

Alcalde de alcades, a high commisfioner over the justices.

Alcálde de las alcádas, a judge of appeals, a chief judge to whom appeals lie from inferior courts.

Alcáldel le los hidálgos, a judge to try the case of gentility; that is, whe ther a man be really a gentleman, and consequently free from paying taxes, from arrests, &c.

ALCALDI'A, f. f. the jurisdiction, office, power, and territory, of district of the alcalde.

ALCALLE'R, f. m. a potter; also a potter's work-house.

ALCA'M, f. m. a kind of wild gourd called coloquintida.

AICAMI'Z, f. m. a review of foldiers, or the lift of their names. ALCAMONI'AS, f. f. f. fweet spice.

ALCAMPHO'R, f. m. camphire, the gum of a tree in the East-Indies.

ALCAMPHORA'DO, adj. belonging to camphire.

ALCA'NA, f. f. an exchange, a place full of shops.

ALCA'NCE, f. m. the action of reaching a thing, or of coming up with a person.

Alcance de cuenta, the ballance of an account.

Alcance de un cañon, the reach of a

Alcance, f. m. a wound which horses

receive by rubbing their feet one against another in running.

Despachar alcance, to send an express in order to reach the post.

Seguir el alcance, to pursue the enemies after an action.

ALCANCIA, f. f. a little round earthen pot to keep money in, fuch as children play with.

Alancia de fuego, a pot full of wild fire to throw among enemies, in the nature of our hand-grenadoes.

ALCANCIA'R, v. a. to throw such pots of wild fire; it is also a sport used in Spain where they have thin pots made, and riding, throw them at one another where they break on the atmour.

ALCANCIA'ZO, f. m. a blow with fuch a pot.

ALCANCI'LLA, f. f. a reddish fort of dye.

ALCA'NDARA, f. f. a perch for a hawk.

ALCANDI'A, f. f. a kind of finall grain, called millet or hirfe.

ALCANDIA'L, f. m. the ground where such feed is fown.

ALCANDIGA , vid. ALCAN-DIA.

ALCANDO'RA, f. f. a beacon, to alarm the country; meraph. a shirt. ALCA'NNA, f. f. an Egyptian plant used in dying.

ALCA'NTARA, f. f. a bridge.

ALCANTARILLA, f. f. a little bridge.

ALCANZADIZO, adj. that which may be reached.

ALCANZAD'OR, f. m. one that reaches, obtains, compasses, or overtakes

ALCANZAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of obtaining.

ALCANZA'R, v. a. to reach, to obtain, to compass, to overtake Alcanzár el techo, to reach to the cieling.

Alcanzár lo que se dessea, to obtain or compass one's wish.

Alcantar al que huye, to overtake one that runs away.

Alcantár a uno de cuenta, to prove an account is short; also to confute a man.

Alcanzárse la bestia, is when a horse over reaches.

No me alcánza la pretina, the girdle will not come about me.

No fe os alcánza, you do not comprehend it.

No le alcanza un huelgo a otro, he is quite out of breath.

No le alcança la fal al agua, he is fo poor he has not falt enough to feafon his water.

ALCAPA'RRAS, f. f. capers; a fruit.

ALCAPARRA'DO, adj. like capers, or dressed with capers.

ALCAPARRA'L, f. m. a piece of ground where capers grow.

ALCAPA'RRILLA, f. f. a little caper.

ALCAPARRO'N, f. m. a larger fort of caper; also the hilt of a fort of sword anciently used.

ALCAPARRONNA'L, f. m. a place where capers grow.

ALCAPARRO, f. m. the caper-tree.

ALCAPARRO'SA, f. f. a kind of mineral falt flound in coppermines.

ALCAPARRO'SO, adj. full of capers, or that taftes of capers.

ALCARAVA'N, f. m. the fowl called a bittern.

Piernas de alcaravan, long spindle shanks.

ALCARAVE'A, f. f. carraway feed.

ALCARCE'AA, f. f. dwarf elder. ALCARCHO'FA, an artichoke.

ALCARCHOFA'DQ, adj. of an artichoke colour.

ALCARCI'L. f. m. a wild artichoke.

ALCARRA'ZA, f. f. a fort of pitcher, commonly with four handles.

ALCARRI'A, f. f. a country full of villages and country houses, or cottages, also the country houses or cottages themselves.

ALCARTA'Z, f. m. a paper turned sharp at one end, and open at the other; fuch as confectioners use to wrap up sweetmeats, or the like.

ALCATA'RA, f. f. vid. ALQUI-TA'RA.

ALCATI'FA, f. f. a carpet, a blanket for a bed; a bed in a garden, ALCATIFE, f. m. in cant. fignifies filk.

ALCATIFERO, f. m. in cant, is a filk stealer.

ALCATRAZ, f. m. a fea fowl, like a fea gull.

ALCA'VIA, f. f. a Moorish carpet. ALCAUCI', or ALCAUCI'L, f. m. a kind of thiffle.

ALCAUDO'N, f. m. a fort of bird.

ALCAYA'TA, f. f. a pin or nail to hang cloaths, hats, or the like on.

ALCAZABA, f. f. a strong castle.

ALCA'ZAR, f. m. a fortress, castle, or the king's palace.

ALCAZU'Z, f. m. vid. ALCUZ-CU'Z.

A'LCE, f. m. an elk.

ALCEDO'N, f. m. vid. HAL, CYON.

ALCHERMES, f. m. a little worm of a red colour, which is generated in peafe.

ALCHIMIA, f. f. alchymy; also metal that is gilt and refined, pronounced alquimia.

ALCHIMI'LLA, If. f. the herb. flares wort.

ALCHIMISTA, f. m. an alchymift.

ACIBIA'DO, f. m. a plant fo called.

ALCIO'N, f. m. the bird called a king's fisher.

ALCIO'NIO, or ALCYO'NIO, f. m. a hard, yet spongy fort of matter growing in the sea.

A'LCO, f. m. a little fort of beaft in the West-Indies, like a dog.

ALCO'BA, f. f. an alcove, a feparate part of the room where the bed flands; also the beam of a ballance.

ALCOBI'LLA, of f. diminutives ALCOBITTA. of alcoba.

ALCOCA'RRA, f. f. a mouth, a wry face, a grimace,

ALCO'FA, I. f. a basket.

ALCOFO'L, vid. ALCOHOL.

ALCOHO'L, f. m. antimony, a mineral of a metaflic nature.

ALCOHOLADO; p. p. coloured with antimony, black

Toro alcoholido, a bull with black eyes, as if blacked with antimony.

ALCOHOLAR, v. a. to colour with antimony.

ALCOHOLE'RO; f. m. one that fells antimony.

ALCO'ILA, f. f. a little pot to preserve liquors in.

ALCOMENIAS, f f. all forts of fpice used in dressing meat.

ALCO'N, vid. HALCON.

ALCONCI'LLA, f. f. a fort of red, used by women for their faces.

ALCO'R, f. m. a hill.

ALCORA'N, f. m. the Coran, the book of the law of Mahomet.

ALCORAN'ISTA, f. m. one who professes the doctrine of the Alcoran.

ALCORCI', f. m. a fort of jewel used by women.

ALCORNOCAL, f. m. a grove or wood of cork-trees.

ALCORNO'QUE, f. m. the cork-

ALCORNOQUE'nO, adj. belonging to a cork-tree.

ALCO'RQUE, f. m. a shoe or flipper with a cork fole.

ALCO'RZA, f. f. a lozenge,

ALCORZA'R, w. a. to cover any thing over with fugar mixed with honey, or the white of an egg, as cakes are done.

ALCOTA'N, f. m. a hawk called hebby.

ALCOTO'N, f. m. cotton.

ALCOTONI'A, f. f. cloth made with cotton.

ALCO'VA, vid. ALCOBA.

ALCREBITE, f. m. brimfto-

ALCUCE'RO, f. m, the person who makes and sells alcuzas.

ALCURNIA, C. f. family, race.

ALCUZA, f. f. a tin oil bottle. ALCUZA'DA, f. f. the quantity of oil that may be contained in the alcuta.

ALCUZA'ZO, f. m. a blow with an oil pot.

ALCUZCUZ; f. m. a paste made with slour and honey, and redit-

ced into round pellets no bigger than feeds, good to eat.

ALCUZCU'ZA, f. m. vid. AL-CUZCUZ.

ALCUZCE'UZA, f. f. a fort of portage thickened with meal.

ALCUZI'LLA, f. f. a little oil pot.

ALCUZO'N, f. m. a great oil pot.

ALD

A'LDA, f. f. a skirt, a woman's coats.

Ponar aldas en cinta. to tuck up one's coats under their girdle; that is, to be in readiness.

ALDA'BA, f. f. a handle, ring, or hasp to lift a thing, or to hold by; also the knocker of a door.

ALDABA'DA, f. f. a stroke with a knocker or ring at a door.

ALDABA'ZO, f. m. augm. of Aldaba.

ALDABEA'R, v. a, to knock at a door, to clatter with a knocker.

ALDABI'LLA, f. f. a little knocker of a door, a little ring, handle or hasp.

ALDABO'N, f. m. a great knocher at a door, a great ring to hold by.

ALDA'VA, f. f. v. ALDABA.
ALDE'A, f. f. a village.

ALDEA'NA, f. f. a country lass, or woman.

ALDEANIE'GO, rustick, not wellbred.

ALDEAnE'GO, adj. mean, countrylike, ill bred.

ALDEA'NO, f. m. a countryman. ALDEGUE'LA, f. f. a little village.

ALDEA'R, v. a. v. HALDEAR.
ALDEO'RIO, f. m. a village or
little place where the inhabitants
are poor.

ALDERREDO'R, adv. round about,

ALDICA, a fort of brushwood ALDIZA, or heath they make brooms of.

ALDUCA'R, f. m. the filk of the fecond fort.

ALDU'DO, adj. vid, HALDU'DO.

A L E
ALEACIO'N, f. f. allaying, or mi

xing of metals.

ALEA'DA, f. f. a ftroke with a wing. ALEA'R, v. a. to mix metals; also to beat with the wings; metaphto begin to show courage.

Alear metales, to put alloy to metals.

ATEDD

ALEBRA'RSE, v. r. to be frighted; or in fear.

ALEBRASTA'RSE, v. r. vid. ALEBRARSE.

ALEBRONA'RSE, v. r. vid. ALE.
BRARSE.

ALE'CHE, f. m. a herring.

ALECHUGA'R, v. a. to plait or fold any thing in the form of a lettice.

ALECTO'RIA, f. f. a stone found in the liver of a cock.

ALE'DA, f. f. bee-glue found at the entrance of the hive.

ALEDANO, f. m. boundary, limit.

ALEFRI'S, f. m. (a fea term) a concavity made in building ships, to place the fide planks.

ALEGACIO'N, f. f. allegation. ALEGADO'R, f. m. one that alledges.

ALEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. alledging.

ALEGA'R, v. a. to alledge, to plead, to quote law or authors for what one fays.

ALEGA'TO, f. m. allegation. ALEGORI'A, f. f. allegory.

ALEGORICAME'NTE, adv. allegorically.

ALEGO'RICO, adj. allegorical.

ALEGORIZA'R, v. a. to speak
allegories.

ALEGRAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of rejoicing or making merry.

ALEGRA'R, v. a. to rejoice, to

make merry.

Alegrásse, v. r. to be joyful or merry.

ALE'GRE, adj. joyful, merry, of

ALE'GRE, adj. joyful, merry, of a pleasant disposition.

ALEGREME'NTE, adv. joyfully; merrily.

ALEGRE'ZA, f. f. mirth, joy.

ALEGRI'A, f. f. mirth, joy; alfore the feed called ajonjoti.

ALEGRO'N, f. m. a great sudden juy upon any groundless news.

ALEGUSTRE,

ALEGUSTRE, f. m. a flower fo called.

ALEJAMIE'NTO, f. m. distance, ALEJA'R, v. a. to putat a distance, to remove.

Alijár, v. a. to be afar or far, off. ALEJU, f. m. a fort of fweetmeat,

ALELI, or ALHELI, f. m. a violet, a clove gilliflower.

ALLELUYA, f. f. hallelujah, fung in churches.

ALEMA'NA, f. f. a fort of dance. ALEMANA'DO, adj. of, or like a German.

ALEMANISCO, adj. a fort of German cloth.

ALE'NDRO, f. m. the rofe bay-tree.

ALENTADAME'NTE, adv. courageously, map-like.

ALENTA'R, v. n. to breathe, to encourage, to grow bold.

ALEPHANGINAS, adj. fem. pl. an epithet given to a kind of medical pills.

ALE'RA, f. f. the right of feeding herd near another village.

ALE'RCE, f. m. the cedar-tree.
ALE'RO, f. m. the eves of a
house.

house.

ALERTA, adv. in a readiness,
upon one's guard, watchful.

ALERTA'R, v. a. to be quick, to be ready.

Alendrife, v. r. to be watchful or vigilant.

ALE'R TO, adj. vigilant, watchful, diligent, careful.

ful, diligent, careful.

ALE'SNA, f. f. an avl.

Agudo como úna alejna, as sharp as an awl, a man of a sharp wit; also an active, stiering person.

ALESNA'R, v. a. to polish, burnish, or make bright.

ALE'TA, f. f. a little wing, or fin of a fish.

ALE'TO, f. m. a sparrow - hawk, ofprey, or falcon.

ALETRIA, f. f. vermicelly, a fort of Italian pafte made with flour and eggs.

ALEVADA'R, v. a. to leaven bread.

ALE'VE, f. m. and f. traitor, traitress.

Aleve, adj. traitorous. Tom. I.

ALE'VO, f. m. a godfon.

ALEVOSAME'NTE, adv. treacheroufly, deceitfully.

ALEVOSIA, f. f. treachery, falshood.

ALEVO'SO, adj. treacherous.

ALEXI'XA, f. f. a fort of faufage of fwines flesh.

ALEXU', f. m. a fort of sweetmeat.

ALF

ALFAA'R, f. m. vide ALFA-HA'R.

ALFABE'GA , f. f. vid. ALBA-HACA.

ALFADI'A, f. f. present, gift. ALFAGE'ME, f. m. a barber.

ALFAHA'R, f. m. a potter's shop, or the place where he makes his pots.

ALFAHARERI'A, f. f. the place where all the potters live and work at their trade.

ALFAHARE'RO, f. m. a ponter. ALFAJO'R, vid. ALEXU.

ALFA'LFA, f. f. three-leaved, or clover grafs.

ALFALFA'R, f. m. a field of clover, grafs.

ALFA'LFES, f. m. vid. AL-FALFA.

ALFAMA'R, f. m. more properly alhamar, a coverlid, or red blanket.

ALFA'NA, f. f. a ftrong bold fpirited horse.

ALFANE'QUE, f. m. the hawk called a lanner.

ALFANGA'ZO, f. m. a stroke of a cymetar.

ALFA'NGE, f. m. a cymetar.

ALFANGO'N, f. m. augment. of alfange.

ALFANGONA'ZO, f. m. augment. of alfungon, and a blow or cut with the alfange.

ALFAQUE'QUE, f. m. one that is employed in the redemption of captives.

AIFAQUI', f. m. a high priest of the Moors.

ALFARA'CES, adj. the light

ALFARA'ME, f. m. a long gause hood to cover the face.

ALFA'RDA, f. f. a tribute the Moors and Jews paid to Christian princes, for liberty to live in their dominions.

Alfarda, f. f. a tribute paid for water, to water the lands.

ALFARDE'RO, f. m. a solledor of the water tribute.

ALFARDO'N, f. m. the axle tree of a waggon, coach, or cart.

ALFA'RGE, f. m. an oil-mill; properly the under-stone of the oilmill.

ALFARGIA, f. f. a very thin board.

ALFARMA, f. f. the herb rue, great faint John's wort.

ALFARO'BAS, f. f. pl. the herb and feed called carobes.

ALFAXE'ME, vid. ALFAJEME.
ALFAXOR, vid ALEXU.

ALFAYA, f. f. houshold-fluff, implements, furniture, all things moveable within the house.

ALFA'YA'TA, f. f. obf. a woman taylor.

ALFAYATE, f. m. obf. a taylor.

ALFETZA, f. m. an opening

made in a wall for a window to

be fixed in.

ALFELI'CHE, f. m. the epilepfy, or falling-fickness of children.

ALFERA, S. f. vid. ALHERA. ALFERA'DO, adj. vid. ALHE-RADO.

ALFERICA'DO, adj. foft, kind, fweet.

ALFERIQUE, f.m. a paste made of sugar to open obstructions in the breast, commonly made up in long stender rolls, to put into children's mouths for them to suek.

Hecho de alfeñique, a man that is very flender, or that is very dainty and nice.

ALFERAZGO, f. m. an enfign's employment.

ALFERECI'A, f. f. convultions. ALFERE'Z, f. m. an entign. At

chess it is a bishop.

ALFEREZA'DO, f. m. vid. AL-

ALFEREZA'DO, f.m. vid. AL-FERAZGO,

ALFICO'SO, ? f. m. a kind of cu-ALFICO'Z, cumber.

ALFI'D, f.m. obf. vid. AGUE'RO.

ALFIDE'L, f. m. obf. vid. ALFI-LER.

ALFI'L, f. m. an elephant, a term used in the game at chess.

ALFILE'R, f. m. a pin, such as are used about cloaths.

Alfilires de las feñoras, pin-money. ALFI'N, adv. at the end, or in fine.

ALFITE'TE, f. m. a composition of seasoning things.

'ALFOCI'GO , vid. ALHOCIGO.

ALFOLI', f. m. a granary for corn. ALFO'LLA, f. f. a cloth tiffued with gold and filk, a broade.

'ALFO'MBRA, f. f. a carpet.

AIFOMBRA'R, v. a. to cover with carpets.

'ALFOMBRI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of alfombro; alfo St. Antony's fire. 'ALFO'NDEGA, à ALFO'NDI-

GA, vid. ALHONDIGA.

ALFONS A'RIO, f. m. a charnelhouse where the skulls and bones
of the dead are laid up.

'AIFONSI', vid. ALPHONISI'.

ALFONSIGO, f. m. a pistach-nut. ALFONSINA, f. f. a fevere act they go through, who take their degrees in divinity at Alcalá.

ALFO'RIA. f. f. a wallet; a crooked-back fellow.

Catador de alfória, a poacher, that takes all game he can come at. 'ALFORJA'DO, adj. made in the shape of a wallet.

ALFORJE'RO, f. m. a maker of wallets.

'ALFORJI'LLAS, f. f. pl. a little

ALFO'RNAS, f. f. pl. the herb fennugreek.

ALFO'RRIA, or ALFO'RVA,

vid. ALFORNAS. 'ALFO'RXA, vid. ALFORJA.

ALFO'RZA, f. f. a tuck in a garment.

ALFO'STIGO, f. m. vid. AL-FONSIGO.

'ALFOZ, f. m. obf, the limits, or bounds.

ALG

'ALGA', f. f. fea-weed.

ALGACIAS, f. f. pl. a horfe man's

equipage.

ALGALA'BA, f. f. wild grapes.
ALGAPDA, f. f. obf. a thicket or
wood, a place full of bushes.

ALGA'LIA, f. f. civet, the civet cat; also a probe.

ALGALIE'RO, f. m. the person who sells civit or persume; also persumed with civet.

ALGA'AA, f. f. darnel.

ALGA'R, f. m. a cave.

ALGA'RA, f. f. a budy of horse that goes out to pillage, or the incursion they make.

ALGARABI'A, f. f. the Arabick tongue; also any unintelligible words or writings, gibberish.

ALGARA'DA, f. f. a tumult, a hurlyburly; also the passing of an army several times before fires in the night, to make the enemy believe they are more tan they are.

ALGAREA'R, v. a. to cry out, to make a great noise.

ALGARE'RO, adj. feditious, noify.

ALGA'RES, f. m. caves, dens, holes, or pits.

ALGARINO, adj. concealed, hid in a cave.

ALGARRA'DA, f. f. a warlike engine used by the ancients to shoot stones, darts, &c.

ALGARRO'BA, f. f. the fruit called a carobe.

ALGARRO'BO, S. m. the carobe-

ALGA'VA, or ALGAYDA, vid. ALGAIDA.

AIGAZA'RA, f. f. properly the cry or shout of the Moors, when in battle. Thence used for any confused noise.

ALGEBE'NA, f. f. an earthen bason.

A'LGEBRA, f. f. algebra.

ALGEBRI'STA, f. m. one that understands algebra; also a bone-

ALGECERFA, f. f. the place where chalk is made or fold.

ALGECL'RO, f. m. the person who brings or fells chalk

ALGREDE'Z, vid. AXEDREZ.

ALGEMIFA'O, f. m. a pedlar that goes from fair to fair, and from market to market. ALGE'R, f. m. plaister, such as is used on walls; also whiting.

ALGERI'FE, f. m. a. fisherman's net.

ALGERIFE'RO, f. m. a fisher-.
man.

ALGE'Z, f. m. plaister used in stuccoworks.

ALGEZA'R, f. m, the mine plaifter is found in, or taken from.

ALGEZO'N, f. m. a great piece of plaister.

ALGIBE, f. m. a ciftern, a great veffel to keep water in; also a place where flaves were kept.

ALGIONIFRA'DO, adj. affectedly, adorned.

A'LGO, f. m. fomething; it was formerly taken for wealth.

Fulano es algo, fuch a one is a manof note, or of worth.

Hombre de algo, a man of substance.

Mas vale algo que nada, fomething
is better than nothing.

ALGOD'ON, f. m. cotton.

Algodónes, f. m. pl. the cotton used in the ink glass.

Tener a uno entre algodones, criar entre algodones, to bring up one with effeminacy.

ALGODONADO'R, f. m. a cottoner.

ALGODONADURA, £ f. cotton, the nap of cloth.

ALGODONA'L, f. m. the ground where cotton grows.

ALGODONA'R, v. a. to fluff with cotton.

ALOGODONE'RO, f. m. the perfon who deals in cotton.

ALGO'RFA, f. f. a corn-loft, or a corn-house.

ALGORI'SMO, f. m. the science of numbers, arithmetick.

ALGORITHMO, f. m. arithmetick. ALGO'SO, adj. abundant of fea weeds.

ALGRINA'L, f. m. a fort of capused anciently by women.

ALGUACIL, f. m. the proper name of an officer to apprehend, malefactors.

Alguach de corte, is equivalent to our se eants at arms, and king's me ngers.

Alguacit de moscas, a great spidez that catches slies in her web.

Cada uno tiene su alguacil, every one has his fault finder.

ALGUACILA'ZGO, f. m. the office of an alguac l.

ALGUAQUIA, S.f. a match to light,

ALGUAQUIDA, Safire with.

ALGUAQUIDE'RO, f.m. a feller of matches.

ALGUARI'N, f. m. a pantry.

ALGUA'ZA, f. f. an hinge. ALGUIE'N, pron. rel. fomebody.

ALGUINIO, f. m. a large basket to gather fruit.

ALGUIRNA'LDA, f. f. vid. GUIRNALDA.

ALGU'N, pron. fome, (only used before substantives, never after;) as algun hombre, algun foldado', &cc. some man, some soldier.

ALGUNO, pron. fomebody, or fome one.

ALH

ALHA', f. m. God. ALHACE'NA, vid. ALHAZE-N'A

ALHADI'DA, f. f. burnt brafs; also a rule belonging so the aftrolabe.

ALHAGA'R, vid. HALAGAR. ALHAG'O, vid. HALAGO.^

ALHAI'TE, f. m. a jewel.

ALHA'IA, f. f. toy, all manner of furniture, houshold goods, or any other.

Prov. Alhaja que tiene boca, nadie la toca, nobody will meddle with a piece of furniture that has a mouth; that is, none care for fuch things as are a constant charge.

Prov. Quién trabája, tiene alhája, he that works has furniture; we must take pains if we expect to get any thing.

ALHAJA'R, v. a to furnish.

ALHAJE'ME, f. m. obf. a barber.

ALHALI', vid. ALHELI.

ALHAMAR, f. m. a red blanket.

ALHAME'L, obf. a porter that carries burthens, or a pack-horse.

ALHA'NGE, vid. ALANGE.

ALHANI'A, f. f. an alcove, or place for a bed to fland.

ALHAQUE'QUE, f. m. a herald at arms.

ALHAQUI', vid. ALFAQUI, ALHARA'CA; s. f. an out-cry.

ALHARAQUIE'NTO, f. m. a noify, bawling man or woman. ALHARGA'MA, f. f. wild rue.

ALHAVARA, f. f. a tribute collected from the ass-mills.

ALHAVEGA, f. f. majericon,

or sweet garden basil.

ALAXE'ME, vid. ALHAJEME. ALHAZE'NA, f. f. a cupboard. ALHE'GA, ALHE'LGA, f. f. the

flaple of a lock or bolt; also the space betwire teeth that do not fland close.

ALHELI'; f. m. vid. ALELI.
ALHE'nA C f a plant called pri

ALHE'nA, f. f. a plant called privet, or prim-print; also a fort of ointment to die the hair black.

Molido como una albeña, tired or weary.

Prov. No effe to tiendo fin athena, this proverb is to ridicule those who fill their houses with things of little or no use, and neglect the more useful.

ALHERA'R, v. a. to dye the hair black.

Aleñarse, v. n. to be blasted.

ALHE'RCE, f. m. a fort of cedar. ALHOCI'GO, f. m. the fiftick nut or tree; the pistacho.

ALHO'JA s. f. a lark.

ALHO'LBA, f. f. fenigreek.

ALHOLI', f. m. a place to keep corn in, a barn, a granary, a bin.

ALHO'LIA, or ALFO'LLA, f. f. a weaving or texture of filk and gold.

ALHO'MBRA, f. f. a carpet; also the red spots in the face, proceeding from heat.

ALHOMBRAR, v. 2. vid. AL-FOMBRAR.

ALHO'NDIGA, f. f. a shop, a ware house, a granary.

ALHONDIGUE'RO, f.m. a shopkeeper, a warehouse or granarykeeper.

ALHONDO'N, adv. at the bot-

ALHORT, vid. ALHOLI.

ALHO'RRE, f. m. a fort of trouble fome running tetter.

ALHO'RZA, vid. ALFORZA.

ALHOSTIGA C f. the fiftick put

ALHOSTIGA, f. f. the fiftick nut, or pistacho.

ALHO'STIGO, f. m. the pistachotree, or fistick-tree.

ALHO'Z, f. m. vid. ALFOZ.

ALHO'ZIGO. vid. ALHOCIGO. ALHURRE'CA, f. f. the falt foam that comes out of the roots of ca-

nes; also the foam of the sea. ALHUZE'MA, s. f. f. lavender.

ALI

ALIACA'N, f. m. the jaundice.

ALIACANA'DO, adj. jaundiced. ALIACRA'N, f. m. vid. ALIA-CAN.

ALIA'GA, f. f. broom.

ALIA'NZA, f. f. alliance, confederacy.

ALIA'R, v. a to ally, to confederate.

ALIA'RA, f. f. jack of the hedge, or fauce alone, having a tafte like garlick.

ALICA, f. f. a little wing.

ALICAI'DO, adj. wing-fallen.

ALICA'NTE, f. m. a fort of fuse ke.

ALICATA'DO, f. m. chequer work of different colours.

ALICATES, f. m. pl. pliers, a tool like pincers, used by several trades for small work; also nippers to pull out hair with.

ALICERES, f. m. pl. the Dutch tiles, fuch as we use to adorn the fides of chimnies with.

ALICIONA'R; v. a. to teach one one s lesson, to instruct.

ALICO'TA, f.f. an aliquot part, as two to fix, and three to nine, being the third part, and fo of other numbers.

ALIDA'DA, f. f. a cross-staff.

ALIENACIO'N, f. f. alienation.

ALIENAR, v. a to estrange, to alienate.

ALIE'NDE, adv. vid. ALLIEN-DE.

ALIE'NTO, f. m. breath, spirit, courage.

ALIE'R, f. m. a foldier placed at the fides of a ship to guard it.

 \mathbf{E} :

ALIFAFE, f. m. any thing that is lined with skins.

AIIFAFES, f. m. pl. a distemper that breaks out in blisters on the joints of beafts.

ALIFA'R, v. 2. to polish.

ALIFA'RA, f. f. over measure, over weight; also a luncheon.

ALIGACIO'N, f. f. allaying, or mixture of metals,

ALIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of binding, or tying together.

ALIGA'R, v. a. to bind, to tie; meraph, to lay under an obligation for a favour received.

ALIGERA'R, v. a. to lighten, to be nimble, or quick.

ALI'GERO, adj. having wings, aligerous, winged, bearded.

ALIJA'R; v. a. to lighten a ship, taking out goods, wither in a fform, or that she may draw less water, to pass over shoals.

AII'SO, f. m. the lightening a ship of her burden.

ALI'LLA, f. f. a little wing.

ALIMADO'R, f. m. filer.

AllMA'nA, If. f. a brute beaft, ALIMA'alA, (more particularly tame cattle.

ALIMA'R, v. a. to file; metaph. to polish, to refine.

ALIMA'RA, f. f. a fign made by the beacons on the coaft.

ALIMENTADO'R, f. m. one that nourishes, feeds, or maintains.

AI.IMENTA'R, v. a, to nourish, to feed, or maintain.

ALIME'NTO, f. m. nourishment, food, maintenance.

Alimentos, f. ra. pl. provision made for children in a contract or deed. ALIMPIADE'RO, f. m. any thing that ferves to make things clean. ALIMPIADO'R; f. m. a cleanser. ALIMPIADURA, f. f. a clean-

ALIMPIADURAS, f. f. pl. the dregs, fourf, parings, or any thing taken off to cleanse another thing.

ALIMPIA'R, v. a. to cleanse; from limplo, clean.

ALINDA'R, v. n. to limit, fet bounds, or confine also to make fine or curious.

ALI'NDE, f. m. the bounds or

limits of any place; also a magnifying glass, and the quickfilver behind a looking-glass.

ALI

ALINADO'R, f. m. one that fets things in order, that dresses or

ALINA'R, v. a. to dress, to adorn, to set in order, to make fit.

ALI'nO, f. m. neatness, dreffing. ALInO'SO, adj. belonging to finery, dress, or ornament.

ALIO'X, f. m. obf. marble.

ALIPTE, f. m. the servant who anoints, cleans, and perfumes people in the bagnio.

ALIQUIDA'R, v. a. to perform, or transact any thing diligently or expeditiously.

ALIRO'N, f. m. a large wing. ALISADU'RA, f. f. smoothing, plaining and fliding.

ALISA'R, v. a. to smooth, to make plain, and to flide.

ALIS'MA, f. f. a fort of plantain.

ALISO, f. m. a fort of willow. ALISONGEADO'R, f. m. a fycophant, a flatterer.

ALI'SSA, f. f. vid, ALI'SO,

ALISTA'R, v. a, to enroll, to lift; from lifta, a roll or lift; also to be ready, to be prepared.

Alistárse, v. r. to be enrolled, to be enlisted.

ALITERACIO'N, f. f. a figure in rhetorick fignifying an allusion to any thing, by playing upon the word.

ALIVIADO'R , f. m. one that eafes

ALIVIANA'R, v. a. to make light, or flight, or giddy-headed. ALIVIA'R, v. a. to case.

ALIVIO, f. m. eafe.

Alivio de luto, second mourning. ALIXA'RES, f. m. pl. public walks or places, for the people to divert themselves without the town.

ALIZA'CE, f.m.a foundation. ALIZA'QUE ,

ALIZA'R, f. m. a row of Dutch tiles in a wall; also the tile itself. Alizar, f. m. a dial post fixed against a wall, wherein were several dials wrought with checquer work.

ALJ

ALJA'BA, f. f. a quiver.

ALJABIBE, f. m. a person who fells cloaths ready made.

ALJAFE'RIA, f. f. the palace of the kings at Zaragoza.

ALJA'MA, f. f. an affembly, a congregation; also a particular place where Jews and Moors live among the Christians.

ALJAMI'A, f. f. a flrange barbarous language invented by the Moors, to make themselves understood by the Spaniards.

ALJAMIA'DO, adj. belonging to the language.

ALJA'RFA, à ALJARFE, f. f. a fort of net used by the Moors in fishing.

ALJARA'Z, f. m. a fmall bell, ALJEMIFA'O, f. m.a pedlar.

ALJOFAI'NA, f. f. a bason. ALJOFA'R, f. m. feed pearl.

ALJOFARA'R, v. a. to embroider, or adorn with feed-pearl.

ALJOFI'FA, f. f. a coarse cloth. ALJOFIFAR, v. a. to dry or rub with a coarfe cloth,

ALJOFIZA'R, f. m. a place laid with fine tile, or the tile itfelf. ALJONGE, f. m. the juice of a thiftle bird-lime is made of.

ALJO'NGE'RA, f. f. a fow-thiftle. ALJONGE'RO, adj. the appellative of that plant or thiftle, our of which that bird-lime is made, called aljonge.

ALJUBA, f. f. a Moorish garment like a short vest, after the eastern fashion.

ALJUFA'NA, (f. f. a deep bafon ALJUFA'INA, & without brims.

ALKALI', f. m. a fort of plant called falt-wort or kali,

ALKANQUE'GI, 7 f. m. alkeken-ALKAQUE'NGI, gi, a medeci-ALKAKE'NGI, nal fruit or berry, produced by a plant of the fame name, called winter-cherry.

ALE

ALLA', adv. thither; as voy alli, I go thither.

Alla, there, as alla efla, he is there.

ALLA'DO, adv. by the fide, two words.

ALLANADO'R, f. m. one that plains, levels, or makes early.

ALLANADU'RA, f. f. plaining,

levelling, making eafy.

ALIANA'R, v. a. to make plain, to level, to make easy; to quell difficulties, to quell rebels.

Allanásse, v. r. to be mitigated, or appealed, to be submissive to any law.

ALLEGADI'ZO, adj. that is, or that may be brought together.

ALLEGADO'R, f. m. one that gathers, or heaps.

Allegador de ceniça, y derramador de harina, one that gathers ashes and scatters flour; that is, one that saves at the spiggot, and lets it run out at the bung.

ALLEGADOS, f. m. pl. hangers on; also friends.

ALLEGADURA, f. f. 2 a ga-ALLEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. thering, or heaping.

ALLEGA'NZA, f. f. kindred.

ALLEGA'R, v. a. to gather, to heap, to draw near, to take a party.

Prov. Allegate a los buenos, y ferás uno dellos, join with good men, and you will be one of them; that is, keep good company, and you'll learn their good customs, and be a good man, or at last you will not fail to be thought one; the contrary to evil communication corrupts good manners.

ALLENA'R, v. a. to fil.

ALLENDE, adv. beyond, furthermore, or over and above, on the other fide.

Allende y aquende, on this fide, and the other.

ALLI' adv. there, in that place.
ALLICO, f. f. a certain herb that
comes up with the flax.

ALLOMA'R, v. a. obf. to curfe.

ALLOZA, f. f. a green aimond.

ALLOZAR, f. m. a grove of almostd-trees.

ALLO'ZO, f. m. the almond-tree. ALLUVION, f. f. a great sudden

inundation that carries all before it,

ALM

ALMA, f. f. the foul.

Alma de cañon, the bore, or chamber of a cannon,

Alma de cántaro, a filly fellow.

Mi alma, my dear foul.

Alma en pena, a melancholy, dull foul.

En mi alma, upon my foul (an affeveration.)

Cuerpo fin alma, a heavy, lumpish person.

En alma de la ley, the reason, or ground of the law.

Irfe el alma tras una cófa, to covet a thing passionately, as if one's foul yearned after it.

Pefame en el alma, I am forry at my heart.

Tocár en el alma, to touch to the quick.

Mil almas, a thousand souls, or men.

No hay us alma, there is not one foul, there is no body.

No tener alma, to have no foul, that is, no conscience.

Dar alma a una cosa, to make a thing lively.

Dár el alma a Dios, to give one's foul to God; that is, to die.

Dár el alma al diablo, to give one's foul to the devil, to stick to wickedness, or to curse one's self.

Dar el alma un amugo, to give one's foul to a friend, to expose or hazard one's life for him.

Amigo del alma, a dear friend.

En alma me dá que es afsi, my foul, that is, my mind gives me it is fo.

Prov. Por vueftra alma vayan effos paternoftros, let those paternofters, or prayers be for your own foul; this they say to one that mutters or curses.

Prov. Su alma en su pulma, you have your liberty to do as you will; as you brew you may bake; as the spaniards say, Allá se lo háya.

Prov. Un alma fold, ni canta, ni llors, one foul alone, neither fings, nor weeps; that is, one

person alone makes no harmony, wants society, and help.

Prov. Es como el alma de Garibay, que no quifo Dios ni el diablo, he is like the foul of Garibay, which neither God nor the devil would have.

ALMACAE'RO, f. m. a fisherman who goes to fish in a boat called almancebes, a skiff or fmack.

ALMACE'N, f. m. vid. ALMA-ZE'N.

ALMACERPA, f. f. a dry wall of flones or bricks withour mortar; also any wall or fence about a ground.

ALMA'CIGA, f. f. gum-mastich, ALMA'CIGAS, f. f. the beds in gardens where feeds are planted.

Almacigas, great pots, or boxes, or little beds, in which gardeners raise plants from the seed to transplant.

ALMACIGA'R, v. a. to stick, or mix with gum-massich.

ALMA'CIGO, f. m. feeds fit for transplanting.

ALMADA'NA, f. f. a mattock, or fpade, or a hoe.

ALMAD'EN, f. m. a mine, or vein of metal.

ALMADE'NA, f. f. a great iron fledge, to break stones, or work in a forge, or the like.

ALMADI'A, f. f. a low built veffet ufed in the Indies; also a float of feveral pieces of wood joined together.

ALMADRA'BA, f. f. the fishing of runny.

ALMADRA'QUE, f. m. a coarfe quilt, flock, or fixaw beds for fervants to lie down in their cloaths, when they must be ready at call.

ALMADRA'VAS, f. f. pl. places on the fouth coast of Spain, into which the fishermen drive the tunny fish; at these places abundance of the archest rogues in Spain are bred, and learn all forts of wickedness of one another, so that they are fit for any fort of villany.

ALMADRAVE'RO, f. m. is nor only a fisherman of those places,

but any vile fellow that has the education of them.

ALMADRE' nAS, f.f. wooden shoes. ALMAGAZE'N, f. m. vid. AL-MAZE'N,

AIMAGE'STO, f. m. the title of one of Prolemey's books, which treats of aftrology in general.

ALMA'GRA, f, f, vid. ALMA-GRE.

ALMAGRADO'R, f. m. one that marks, or colours red.

ALMAGRA'R, v. 2. to mark, or colour with red.

ALMAGRE, f. m. red oaker, or red lead.

ALMAIA'L, f. m. an herb, the ashes, whereof are used with fand, for making of glass, and called glass-wort, or faltwort, of which fal alkali is made.

ALMAIZA'L, ALMAYZA'L, f.m. a fort of veil, or head attire used by the Moorish women, made of thin filk, striped of several colours, and shagged at the ends. which hangs down on the back; alfo a hair cloth, such as they rub horses with.

"ALMAIZALA'DO, adj. covered ALMAYZALA'DO, (with, or made like fuch a veil.

ALMAIZA'R, f. m. vid. ADMAI-ZA'L.

ALMALA'FA, the fame fort of veil as the almaizal, only that is of filk, and this of linen; it is also a Moorish fort of upper garment, or vest.

ALMANACH, f. m. an almanack, a calendar.

ALMANA'QUE, idem.

ALMANDARAHE, obf. f. m. a harbour or road for ships.

'ALMANTA, vid. ALMACIGA. ALMARA'DA, f. f. a dagger or poniard with three edges.

ALMARAX, f. m, obf. a bridge. ALMA'RCHA, f. f. a village fituated in a bottom.

ALMARIA'LES, f. m. pl.low lands, which receive all the rain which runs down from the hills.

ALMARIE'TE, f. m. obf. a little cupboard.

ALMA'RIO, f. m. obf. a cup-

ALMARJA'I, f. m. the place where the herb grows that glass is made of.

ALMA'RJO, f. m. the herb that glass is made of.

ALMA'RO, f. m. an herb like marjoram; the herb mastich.

ALMARRA'XA, f. f. a glass bentle full of small holes to sprinkle water with,

ALMARRE'GA, f. f. a kind of blanket, a cloth to cover horses. ALMARTAGA, a head-stall for a herse, or a rein to hold, or lead him by when then rider alights; also the scum of lead, or litharge; and a fort of medicinal herb.

ALMARTAXA, f. f. the fcum, foam, or froth of filver.

ALMARTEGA , 🛭 vid. AMAR-

ALMARTIGA, TAGA.
ALMARZE'N; f. m. vid. ALMA-

ALMASTECH, f. m. vid. AL-*MASTIGA*.

ALMA'STIGA, f. f. gum-mastich. ALMA'TICA, f. f. vid. DALMA-

ALMATRE'RO, f. m. the person who fishes for shads.

ALMAXI'A, a Moorish garment. ALMAYZA'L, vid. ALMAIZA'L. ALMAYZO'R, vid. ALMAIZO'R. ALMAZA'RA, f. f. an oil mill.

ALMAZE'N, f. m. a storehouse, a warehouse, a magazine.

Almazén de aguadúcho, the conduit head which serves the aqueduct with water.

ALMAZENA'R, v. a. to lay up in a warehouse.

ALMAZI'GA, vid. ALMA'CIGA: ALME'A, f. f. red storax; also daffodil flowers.

ALMEA'R, f. m. an hay-rick. Almear de héno, a hay-loft,

ALME'JA, f. f. the shell - fish called a muscle.

ALMEJE'RO, f. m. one that gathers or sells muscles.

ALME'LLE, f. f. vid. ALMEN-DRA.

ALMEN'A, f. f. a battlement or turret of a wall.

ALMENA'DO, adj. made with battlements, or turrets.

ALMENA'RA, s. f. a beacon.

Almenára de azofár, a brass candlesticks with feveral fockets, or a brass lamp to hold several sconces, such as we call a branch.

ALMENA'RA, f. f. a piece of iron in which the poor among the Spaniards fix the tea, or heart of a pine tree, which, split, in pieces, burns like a torch, and is used as such.

ALME'NDOLA, f. f. vid. AL-ME'NDRA.

ALMENDOLO'N, If. m. vid. AL-ALMENDO'N, MIDON.

ALME'NDRA, f. f. an almond.

ALME'NDRA, de los andes, vide cocos.

ALMENDRAS de chachapoyas, 2 delicious and wholesome fruit in the Indies.

ALMENDRA'DA, f. f. milk of fweet almonds, with the substance of melon and pompion feeds preffed into it, and then boiled till it grows to a consistence.

ALMENDRA'L, f. m. an orchard of almond-trees.

AIMENDRE'RA, f. f. the almond-tree.

ALMENDRI'CA, f. f. a little almond.

ALMENDRO, f. m. an almond-

Prov. Al almendro y al villúno, el palo en la mano, to deal with the almond-tree, and with a clown, you must have a stick in your hand; that is, they both require thrashing.

ALMENDROLO'N, f. m. a great

ALMENDRO'NES, f. m. pl. candied almonds.

ALMENDRU'CO, f. m. a green almond.

ALMENI'LLA, f. f. a little battlement of a wall.

ALME'NOS, adv. at leaft.

ALMENORE'TE, adv. at the very leaft.

ALMERO'N, vid. ALMIRO'N.

AL ME'S, adv. monthly.

ALME'TE, f. m. a helmet.

ALMETOLI', f. m. obf. a tin oil pot.

ALMEXIA, f. f. a fort of filk

used anciently by ladies.

ALME'Z, f. m. the lote, or nettletree.

ALME'ZA, vid. ALME'JA.

ALMEZI'NA, f. f. the lote-tree, and its fruit.

ALMEZO; f. m. the fruit of the lotetree.

ALMIA'R, f. m. a hay-rick; also a stone, or heap of earth rising, and ending in a point for a boundary or landmark.

ALMI'BAR, f. m. fugar melted and boiled to make fweet-means with. ALMIBARA'R, v. a. to fweeten. ALMIDO'N, f. m. ftarch.

ALMIDONADO'RA, f. m. a starcher.

ALMIDONA'R, v. a. to flarch.

ALMIFO'R, f. m. an horse so called in cant.

ALMIFO'RA, f. f. in cant signifies a mule.

ALMIFORE'RO, f. m. in cant, a horse or mule stealer.

'ALMI'LLA, f. f. a waistcoat; also the bridge of a fiddle, and a long flip of flesh they cut out of swine from head to tail, counted excellent meat; also a little soul.

'ALMI'NA, f. f. obf. a tower or

ALMIRANTA, f. f. the admiral ship of a fleet.

'ALMIRA'NTAZGO, f. m. the office of an admiral.

Almirantage, the court of admiralty, or the office of an admiral.

'ALMIRA'NTE, f. m. an admiral Almirance de Cafiilla, the admiral of Castile.

ALMIRE'Z, f. m. a mortar of metal.

ALMIRO'N, f. m. white endive.

ALMISCLE'RO, adj. belonging to musk.

ALMISOR, f. m. f. a horse or mare, called so in cant.

'ALMISORE'RO (f. m. a horfe ALMISOTE'RO; or mare frealer. ALMI'SQUE, vid. ALMIZCLE. ALMISOÜE'RA (f. a hox. or

ALMISQUE'RA, f. f. a box, or place to keep music.

ALMIXAR, f. m. the place where figs are dried to keep.

ALMIZCLA'DO, adj. perfumed with musk.

ALMISCLE, f. m. musk.

ALMISCLERO, f. m. a fort of mouse that breeds in the water, whose skin smells of musk.

ALMO, adj. kind, nourishing.

ALMOCADE'N, f. m. a captain of foot.

ALMOCAFRE, f. m. a dibble to fet herbs with.

ALMOCATI, f. m. the marrow of the bone, and the substance of the brains.

ALMOCE'LA, f. f. a hood of a particular form, fo called.

ALMOCRE'BE, f. m. a carrier, ALMOCRE'VE, a mule-driver. ALMODON, f. m. flour, fine meal, or corn.

ALMODRO'TE, f. m. a fort of fauce made of garlick, cheefe, and other ingredients, to dress the fruit called in Spain berenienas.

ALMOFA'R, f. m. fome covering for the head, whether cap, hood, or veil.

ALMOFARIZ, f. m. vid. ALMI-RE'Z.

ALMOFE'X, vid. ALMOFRE'S. ALMOFFA, f. f. a bason.

ALMOFRE'Z, f. m. or ALMO-FRE'X, a bag made like a pillow, properly a case to carry a travelling bed in.

AIMOGA'MA, f, f, the narrow parts of a ship towards head and ftern, diffant about half way from the widest in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the faster to the rudder.

ALMOGAVA'RES, (f. m. pl. old ALMOGA'RAVES, experienced foldiers, that were formerly kepr in garrison; also a party of horse sent out to reconnoite the enemy.

ALMOGO'TE, f. m. a battalion of foldiers in battle array.

ALMOHA'DA, f. f. a pillow, or a cushion; also the stones at the corner of a building which jet out beyond the rest of the wall.

Consultar con el almoháda, to consult one's pillow, to sleep upon a business.

ALMOHADI'LLA, f. f a little pillow or cushion; a cushion women in Spain used to work on; also swellings on the mules fides under the saddle.

ALMOHA'TRE, f. m. mercury fublimate.

ALMOHA'ZA, f. f. a curry-comb.

ALMOHAZA'R, v. a. to curry horses.

ALMOHINO, adj. fretful.

ALMOJA'MA, f. f. the flesh of the tunny fish dried.

ALMOIA'RRA, f. f. a fort of earthen pitcher with a great belly, and four or more handles.

ALMOJATE'R, f. m. fal ammoniac.

ALMOJAVA'NA, f. f. a fort of cheefecake.

ALMO'NA, f. f. the place where for is made.

ALMO'NDIGA, vid. ALBO'N-DIGA.

ALMO'NEDA, f. f. a publick fale, an auction.

Prov. En el almonéda, ten la barba queda, at a sale keep your beard on your chin still; that is, ler not your beard wag too sast in bidding, lest you overbid and repent.

ALMONEDEA'R, v. a. to have to do in fales.

ALMORADUX, f. m. the herb fweet marjoram.

ALMORA'FES, f. m. pl. armour for the thighs.

ALMORRANA'DO, sdj. one that has the piles.

ALMORRA'NAS, f. f. pl. the piles or hemorrhoids.

Admorránas con sangre, the bloody piles, or hemorrhoids.

Almorránas fin fangre, the dry piles.

Almorránas con resquebrajauára, the fiftula in ano.

ALMORRANIE'NTO, adj. one that has the piles.

ALMORTAS, f. f. pl. a kind of peafe which are square.

ALMO'RREFA, f. f. a particular manner of making floors with blue bricks.

ALMORZA'DA, f. f. what may be contained in both hands.

ALMORZA'R, v. 2. to breakfa& ALMOSNA, f. £ vide LIMO'S-NA.

ALMOSTA, f. f. as much as a man can grafp with both hands. ALMOTACE'N, f. m. a clerk of the market; also an officer to fee the streets are kept clean.

'ALMOTACENA'ZGO, f. m. the office of the clerk of the market; or of the officer that is to see the Areets kept clean.

'ALMOTACENI'A, f. f. idem.

ALMOTALE'FE, f. m. an officer where there are filk works, to view them, and put feals to the filks before they are fold.

'ALMOXARIFA'ZGO, f. m. cuftom or duty upon commedities, and the office of a customer.

'ALMOXARI'FE, f. m. a receiver of customs for commodities imported or exported; formerly the treasures were so called, as may be seen in ancient histo-

'ALMOZA'DA , f. f. vid. AL-MOSTA.

'ALMU'CIO, f. m. a certain ornament of furrs, worn by canons of churches.

'ALMU'D, f. m. a measure of half a bushel.

'ALMUDA'DA, f. f. as much land as half a bushel of wheat will fow.

'ALMUDE'JO, f. m. vide AL-MUD.

'ALMUDE'NA, f. f. a publick storehouse for corn, a grange.

ALMUDE'RO, f. m. the officer who inspects the dry measures.

ALMUDI, f. m. the custom-house where all the corn is fold; fo called, from the measure almud.

'ALMUE'DANO, f. m. obf. a cryer. ALMUE'RZA, f. f. as much corn, oats, or other fuch thing as may be contained in both hands when opened and joined.

ALMUER'ZO, f. m. a breakfast. ALMUEZA, f. f. vide AL-MUERZA.

'ALMU'AA, (f. f. vide ALMU-ALMUNIA, DE'NA.

ALMU'RCA, f. f. the lees or dregs

ALMUTAZA'F, f. m. an officer that has the care of inspecting meafures.

ALN

ALNA, f. f. an ell. ALNADILLO, S. m. f. diminut. of alnádo.

ALNA'DO, f. m. a fon - in - law; that is, a man's wife's fon by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.

ALNA'FE, f. m. a close furnace to put fire in, and a pot over. ALNO, f. m. an elder-tree.

ALO

A'LO, f. m. the herb called comfrey, or camfrey.

ALOBADA'DO, adj. that has been bit by wolves. ALOBA'DO, adj. vide LO-

BADO.

ALOBUNA'DO, adj. wolf-like, especially in the colour.

ALOCA'DO, adj. freakish, maddish. ALODIA'LES, adj. f. m. pl. an epithet tobienes; alodial, not feudal. A'LOE, f. m. vide ACIBAR.

ALOGADO'R, f. m. obf. one that lets out houses or la nds to hire. ALOGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the letting of a house, or setting to

ALOGA'R, v. a. obf. to let out to hire, or to hire.

ALOGUE'R, I. m. the rent ALOGUE'RO. (for lodging or houserroom, house rent, or any nent.

ALOJADO'R, f. m. one that lodges, a harbinger, a quartermaster.

ALOJAMIE'NTO, f. m. lodgings, quarters.

ALOJA'R, v. a. to lodge, to

quarter. Alojárfe, v. r. to be lodged, or to

be quartered, A LO MAS, adv. at most.

A LO ME'NOS, adv. at least.

ALO'N, f. m. wing. ALO'NDRA, s. f. a lark.

ALONGAMIE'NTO, f. m. prolonging, protracting, or streetching out.

ALONGA'R, v. to prolong, to protract, to firetch out.

ALONJOLI', vid. AJONGOLI'. ALOPECIA, f. f. fcurf, feab.

ALOPIADO, adj. drowzy, sleepy, or mixed with opium, whence the word.

ALO'QUE, f. m. a pale wine between white and red.

ALO'SA, f. m. the fish called a

ALOTO'NES, f. m. pl. the fruit of the lote-tree.

ALO'XA, f. f. mentheglin, or mead. ALOXERI'A, f. f. the house where metheglin or mead is fold. ALOXE'RO, f. m. the person who fells or makes metheglin or mead. ALOZNA, f. f. obf. wormwood.

A L P

Alogna marina, wormseed:

ALPARCERI'A, f. f. pastner-

ALPARCE'RO, f. m. a partner. ALPARGA'TA, f. f. vide AL-PARGATE.

ALPARGATA'DO, adj. one shod with buskins, made of packthread or rushes.

ALPARGATA'R, v. a. to make shoes of packthread, or rushes. ALPARGATA'ZO, f. m. a stroke

with an alpargate.

ALPARGA'TE, f. m. a fort of shoe or buskin made of packthread, and sometimes of rushes. ALPARGATE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells alpargates. ALPARTA'Z, f. m. a coat of mail.

ALPECHI'N, f. m. the dregs or lees of oil,

ALPESTRE, adj. alpine, rough, ALPE'Z, f. m. (the same as alo-

pecia) scurf, scab. ALPHA; f. f. the first letter in

the Greek alphabet. ALPHABE'TICO, adj. alphabe-

tical, in order of the alphaber. ALPHABE'TO, f. m. the alphabet.

ALPHO'N, f. m. vide ALBA-RAZO.

ALPICG'Z, f. m. cucumber.

AL PIE', adv. at the foot.

Al pie de la létra, exactly, to a tittle.

ALPI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the Alps.

ALPISTE, f. m. an herb called foxtail; formail; also Canary seed, such as birds eat.

ALPISTE'LA' | f. f. a cake made with flour, eggs, and fugar.

ALPIVRE, f. f. an herb called bishop's wort.

AL PRESE'NTE, adv. at prefent. AL PRINCIPIO, adv. at first, in the beginning.

ALQ.

ALQUAQUE'NGI, f. m. 2 cockle. ALQUEMI'STA, f. m. vide AL-QUIMISTA.

ALQUERI'A, f. f. a farmer's house.

ALQUE'RME, f. m. the grains of the scarlet oak, also the composition made of them with sugar, powder of roses, coral, pearl, and other cordial ingredients.

ALQUE'RQUE, f. m. the game of draughts.

ALQUETIFA, (f. f. vide ALCA-

ALQUETIZA, TIFA.
ALQUE'Z, f. m. 2 large measure

containing about eighty gallons.

ALQUIBLA, f. f. the fourhern

climate, coast, part, or quarter of the world.

'ALQUICE'L,' f. m. a Moorish mantle or covering.

ALQUILADI'ZO, adj. that may be hired.

ALQUILADO'R, f. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire.

ALQUILAMIE' NTO, f. m. letting out to hire.

ALQUILA'R, v. 2. to hire, or let out to hire.

ALQUILE', f. m. hire.

ALQUILO'N, adj. any thing proper or capable to be hired.

ALQUI'MIA, f. f. alchemy, or the art of shemistry.

Prov. Alquimia probled, tener rease y no gaster needs, it is a tried alchemy to have an estate, and to food nothing.

ALQUIMFILA, f. f. the herb ladiesmantle.

ALQUIMISTA, f. m. a chemist.

Prov. Alquimista certero, del hierro
penso hacer ero, y del ero hierro, a

Tom. I.

never-failing chemist, he thought to turn iron into gold, and turned the gold into iron; a sling all chimists.

ALQUINA'L, f. m. a fort of Moorish handkerchief.

ALQUITA'RA, f. f. a limbeck.

ALQUITIRA, f. f. gum tragacanth.

ALQUITRA'N, f. m. naptha, a liquid substance flowing out of the earth, in some places like melted pitch; in some places they use it for ships, instead of pitch and tar.

ALQUITRANA'R, v. a. to daub with alquitran.

Es un alquitrán, he is a passionate, hasty man.

ALQUITRAVE, f. m. vid. AR-CHITRAVE.

ALQUIVA'L, f. m. vide ALQUI-CE'L.

ALR

AL REDEDO'R; adv. round about.

AL REI'R DEL ALVA, at the dawn of day.

AL REVE'S, adv. the wrong day.
AL ROMPER EL ALVA, vid.
AL REIR DEL ALVA.

ALS

ALSTNE, f. f. the herb chick-weed.

ALT

A'LTA, f. f. in cant, is a tower, or a window.

Alta, f. f. an old Spanish dance.

ALTABA'QUE, f. m. a great bafket, a hamper, or pannier.

ALTAMA'R, f. m. the main ocean.

ALTAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully, prodigiously.

ALTAMERO'N, f. m. in cant, is a thief that gets in at the tops of houses to rob.

ALTAMIA, f. f. an earthen por-

ALTAMI'SA, vid. ARTEMI'SA.

ALTA'NA, f. f. in cant, a church ALTANA'DO, adj. in cant, married. ALTANERIA, f. f. the sport of hawking; also pride, vanity, insolution, impudence.

ALTANE'RO, f. m. and adj. a hawk, or any bird that foars high thence, any conceited, or high; flying person.

ALTA'NTO, adv. vide TANTO. ALTA'QUE, f. m. a wicker basket. ALTA'R, f. m. an altar.

ALTARE'RO, f. m. the person who takes care to adorn the altar. ALTARI'CO, f. m. diminutive of altar.

ALTERA'BLE, adj. alterable changeable, mutable.

ALTERACION, f. f. alteration, change; also passion, or anger.

ALTERADO'R, f. m. one that often alters, or changes.

ALTERA'R, v. a. to alter, to change, to provoke, to anger.

Alterar la gente, to stir up the people, to commit any disorder.

Alterárse, v.*r. to be changed, to be provoked.

ALTERCACIO'N, I.f. contention, wrangle, dispute.

ALTERCADOR, f. m. a wrangling fellow.

ALTERCA'R, v.a. to wrangle, to dispute, to contend, to debate.

ALTERNACIO'N, f. f. acting alternatively, or by turns.
ALTERNADAME'NTE, adv.

alternatively, by turns.

ALTERNADO'R, f. m. one that

does things by turns.

**ALTERNA'R, v. a. to act alternately, or by turns.

ALTERNATIVA, f. f. a change, an alternative, choice, option.

ALTERNATIVAME'NTE, adv. akernatively, fucceffively.

ALTERNATI'VO, adj. alternate, reciprocal.

ALTE'RNO, adj. done by turns. ALTE'ZA, f. f. highness, lofti-

nefs.

ALTIBA'XO, f. m. 2 downright ftroke.

ALTIBA'XQS, f. m. pl. uneven places, up and down hill; the uneven carriage of a man.

r

ALTILOQUO, adj. eloquent.
ALTISONA'NTE, adj. fonorous,
founding, noify.

ALTISONO, adj. highest, supreme.

ALTITUD, f. f. loftiness, altitude, highness.

ALTIVAME'NTE, adv. loftily, proudly.

ALTIVECE'R, v. n. to grow proud.

ALTIVEDA'D, If. f. pride, hau-ALTIVEZ, (ghtiness.

ALTIVO, adj. proud, or lofty.

ALTO, adj. high, lofty, tall, profound.

Hacir alto, to halt in a march.

Passósele por alto, he took notice of it.

Also de al, be gone.

Cafa de tres altos, a house three stories high.

Brocado de tres alsos, the richest brocade.

Also mar, the deep sea, far out at sea.

El alto de veloz, a flight, scampering; it is a cant word, but whence derived I do not find.

ALTOBO'RDO, f. m. a ship of the largest fize, a first rate.

ALTO'R, f. m. vide ALTURA. ALTOZANI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of.

ALTOZA'NO, f. m. a little hill or mountain.

ALTRAMU'Z, f. m. a lupin, or kidneybean.

ALTRAVES, adv. a crofs.

Dar al naves, to run aground, to be ship-wrecked.

ALTURA, f. f. height, altitude; and tailness; also the latitude of a place.

ALU

ALUBIAS, f. f. pl. a kind of peafe.

ALUCIA'R, v. a. obf. to make shine, to give a luftre.

ALUCIDA'D, f. f. obf. luftre. ALUCON, f. m. an owl.

ALU'DA, f. f. an ant that has wings.

ALUDI'R, v. n. to allude,

ALUDO, adj. winged, that has wings.

ALU

ALUENGA'R, v. a. obf. to lengthen, to extend.

ALUFRA'R, v. a. to see quick, diffinctly, and from afar.

ALUGA'R, v. a. to let out, to give for hire.

ALUMBRADO'R, s. m. one that lights.

ALUMBRA'R, v. a. to light, to give light, explain.

Alumbrár una persona, is either to light a man, or to inform his judgment.

Dios te atumbre con bien, God give you a happy hour, God fend you a fafe delivery; a prayer for women with child.

ALUMBRE, ALUMBRE'A, f. m. alum.

ALUMBRE'RA, f. m. an alum mine.

ALUMINO'SO, adj. mixed with alum.

ALU'MIXA, f. f. lavender.

ALUMNO, f. m. a foster-child, one that is bred up under those that are not his parents, or he that breeds up such a child.

ALUNA'DO, f. m. a lunatick.

Atunado, adj. any thing hurt, or damaged by the influence of the moon.

Alundo, adj. is applied to a horse who suffers a contraction of his nerves all over his body, or in any part, so that he cannot move.

ALUNAMIE'NTO, f. m. the madness that comes at full moon.

ALUNA'RSE, v. r. and n. to become mad, to run mad.

ALUQUE'TE, f. m. fometimes taken for a match to light fire with, but generally for a zeft, that is, a round, thin bit of orange peel, which fome fqueeze into drink, and rub the edges of the glafs or cup with.

ALUSIO'N, f. f. an allufion.

ALUSIVAME'NTE, adv. with allusion to, allusively.

ALUSTRA'R, v. a. to give a lustre

to a thing, to make it bright and shining.

ALUTACIO'N, f. f. fo the miners call the first gold found in the mines, about four feet deep.

ALUZEMA, vid. ALHUZE'MA. ALUZIA'R, v. a. to make fmooth, plain, bright, or gloffy.

ALUZINA'R, v. n. to guess at uncertainties, as one sees betwikt light and darkness.

A L V.

ALVA, f. f. vid. ALBA. ALVA'R, adj. white.

ALVEDRI'O, f. m. vid ALBE-DRI'O, and its derivatives. A'LVEO, f. m. the channel or bed of a river.

ALVE'RIA, ? f. f. vide AR-ALVERIA'NA, { VE'IA.

ALVIDRIA'R, v. a. to glaze. ALVO, adj. very white.

A L 7.

ALZA, f. f. a piece of leather placed between the last and upper leather to make the shoes a little wider.

ALZADA, f. f. the conclusion of a controversy at law, a court of appeal, an appeal.

ALZADE'RA, f. f. a stone a man holds in his hand to leap with; also a pole which rope-dancers use. ALZA'DO, f. m. a curious description of any place or edifice.

ALZADURA, f. f. the action of raising, or lifting up.

ALZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a revolt, a rebellion.

ALZAPI'E, f. m. a gin or fnare used by sportsmen.

ALZAPRI'MA, f. f. a crane to draw up weights, also a trick, a trep. Dar alzaprima, to entrap, to ensnare a man.

ALZAPRIMA', v. a. to crane up.
ALZA'R, v. a. to lift, to raife,
to take up, also to lay up, or
keep.

Altarrey, to proclaim a king by a folemn and legal publication.

Ahir, to raise up the host at mass.

Ahir, v. n. to stand, to raise up.

Ahir, to take away; also to lift up a burden.

Aliar un deflierro, to recal a banished person.

Abor tos naypes, so cut the cards at play.

Alidr (en la imprenta) to put in order the printed leaves, (in printing.)

Alte dies fu ira, (vulgar phrase)
When they are in a great passion.
Atthe barbecho, to till, to plough
an uncultivated ground.

Attar cabeça, to recover, to refluxe from fickness or poverty, to lift up one's head.

Alfar de eras, to keep up the corn after harvest.

Alfar de obra, to interrupt a work.

Alfar et gallo, to speak with pride and arrogance.

Attar el grito, to raise the voice.

Altar el real, to decamp.

Altar frigura, to cast a figure, (in astrology.)

Altar herver, to begin boiling.

Altar la mano, to threaten, to menace by action.

Aixir La mano de uno, to abandon a person or affair, to forsake it. Alxir La mesa, to take away the table.

Alair la tienda, to shut up one's shop; also to shift the tent.

Alair velas, to sail.

Akirse, v. r. to rebel.

Altarfe en el juego, to give over play, when one is a gainer.

Altarfe a mayores, to pretend fuperiority, among equal perfons.

AMA

A'MA, f. f. a mistres, a governes, a nurse, a housekeeper.

AMABILIDA'D, f. f. a fweet, or amiable disposition.

AMA'BLE, adj. lovely, amiable.
AMABLEME'NTE, adv. lovingly, amiably.

AMA'CA, f. f. a hammock, a hanging bed.

AMACE'NA, f. f. a fort of large plum.

AMACHAMARTI'LLO, adv. firmly, folidly, refolutely.

AMADIZITOS, f. m. pl. little favourite lap-dogs; also the nicest forts of sops or beaus.

AMADOR, f. m. a lover.

AMADRIGA'RSB, v. r. to take shelter as rabbits do by running into their burronghs; metaph. to fly for refuge or protection to a church, or a great man's house.

AMADRINA'R, v. a. to make horses or mules tame and gentle. which is done at the time of breaking, by tying one that is not broke with one that is, which last serves as a kind of madrins or example to the other.

AMAESTRADURA, f. f. a contrivance, by which shop-keepets, as mercers, linen-drapers, &c. hinder their buyers from having a good fight of their goods.

AMAESTRAMPENTO, f. m. instructing, teaching, discipline.

AMAESTREA'R, v. a. vide AMAESTRA'R.

AMAGADOR, f. m. one that offers to strike.

AMAGAR, v. a. to make an offer, or lift up the hand, as if one was going to ftrike.

Amagarse, v. r. to cringe to contract or draw one's self in to a smalk compass.

AMA'GO, f. m. the action by which one offers or threatens to firike.

AMAINA'R, v. a. to firike fail, to take in the fails; metaph. to cool, to relent.

AMAITINAR, v. a. to observe narrowly, to fix one's eye on any thing:

AMAJADA'R, v. m. to remain, or to be lodged in the sheep-fold.

AMA'LGAMA, If. f. a cheAMALGAMACION mical composition, which filversmiths make
use of for gilding.

AMAMA'R, vide MAMAR,

AMAMANTAMIE'NTO, f. m., giving fuck, fuckling.

AMAMANTA'R, v. a. to suckle, to give suck.

AMANA'R, v. a. to put a thing in readiness, so as it may be at hand.

AMANCEBAMIE'NTO, f. m. concubinage.

AMANCEBA'DO, f. m. one that keeps a mistress.

AMANCEBAR'SE, v. r. to live in a state of fornication.

AMANCILLA'R, v. a. to stain, defile, pollute.

AMANCILLA' DOR, f. m. one that stains, or defiles.

AMANDERE'CHA, adv. on the right hand.

AMANECE'R, v. n. to grow day.

Amanecer, to be, or to arrive in a
place at the dawn or break of
day.

Al Amanecer, adv. of time, at the dawn or break of day.

AMAZARSB, v. r. to be handy of dexterous at any thing.

AMA'āOS, s. m. preparation, readiness.

A MA'NO ISQUIERDA, Vide A MA'NO DERECHA, Vide MANO.

AMANOJA'R, v. a. to tie or make up in bunches or parcels.

AMANSADO'R, f. m. a man that tames, pacifies, or quells.

AMANSAMIE'NTO, f. m. taming, pacifying, quelling.

AMANSA'R, v. a. to tame, pacify, or quell.

AMANTE, f. m. a lover.

AMANTENIE'NTE, adv. forci-bly, vigorously, irresistibly.

AMANTES, f. m. a fea term, a great rope used to unburden ships with.

AMANTILLA'R, v. a. to rop the lifts, fo the scamen call it; that is, to make the arms of the yards hang higher or lower, as they think fit.

AMANTILLOS, f. m. pl. the lifts, fo the feamen call certain ropes which belong to the yard arms, and ferve to top them; that is, to make them hang higher, or lower, or as they please.

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AMANUE'NSE, f. m. an amanuenfis, one that writes for another.

'AMANZILLADO'R, f. m, one that moves compassion, or that spots or defiles.

'AMANZILLA'R, v. a. to move compassion; also to spot, or defile. 'AMAPO'LA, f. f. a poppy.

AMAPOLA'RSE, v. n. to blush. AMA'R, v. a. to love.

AMARACI'NO, f. m. a fort of

'AMA'RACO, f. m. sweet marjoram, feversew.

'AMARA'NTO, f. m. the amarant, or flower-gentle, whereof there are feveral forts.

'AMARGALE'JAS, f. f. pl. a fort of plums that have a harsh tafte.

AMARGAME NTE, adv. bitterly.

AMARGA'R, v. n. to taffe bitter,

to be unpleafant.

AMARGA'ZA, the herb pellitory of the wall.

AMA'RGO, adj. bitter; any thing that is displeasing.

Atguste estragado lo dulce le es amárgo, the sweetest thing is unpleasant to a sick palate.

'AMARGO'N, f. m. wild endive.
AMAGO'R, f. m. bitternefs.

AMARGO'SO, adj. bitter.

AMARGUI'LLO, adj. bitterish, a little bitter.

AMARGURA, f. f. bitterness; metaph, forrow.

AMARICA'DO, adj. effeminate, woman-like.

AMARILLEA'R, v. n. to turn yellow, pale, or wan.

AMARILLE'10, adj. yellowish. AMARILLE'2, f. f. yellowness, puleness, wanness.

AMARI'LLO, adj. yellow; also pale and wan.

AMA RO, f. m. the herb St John's wort; by poetical writers used for butter.

AMA'RRA, f. f. a cable, cord, or rope to make any thing faft.

AMARRADE'RO, f. m. the place for anchoring; also the place for mooring ships.

AMARRA'R, v. 2. to make fast, to anchor; this word is used by seamen, as ours do the word

to lash; that is, to tie or make fast.

Amarrár el navio, to moor a ship.

AMARRAZO'N, f. m. a cable rope.

AMARRIDO, adj. afflided, grieved, perplexed, fad, melancholy.

AMARTAGA, f. f. the litharge of metals.

AMARTELA'DO, adj. fallen in love, fmitten with beauty.

AMARTELAMIE'NTO, f. m. falling in love.

AMARTELA'RSE, v. r. to fall in love.

AMARTILLA'R, v. 2, to hammer; also to cock a gun.

AMA'S, adv. besides, over and above.

A MAS CORRE'R, adv. with all possible quickness and celerity.

A MAS TARDA'R, adv. at lateft, at most.

AMASSADE'RA, f. f. rub, trough to knead dough in; a woman that kneads or makes bread.

AMASSADO'R, f. f. one that kneads bread, or any fuch thing.

AMASSADU'RA, f. f. kneading of bread.

AMASSA'R, v. a. to knead, to make bread.

AMASSIIO, f. m. a vessel to knead, or make bread in; also any quantity of dough.

AMATA'R, v. a. vide MATA'R. AMATHYSTE, f. m. a precious flose, called an amethyft.

AMATO'RIO, adj. belonging to

AMAZO'NA, f. m. a masculine woman.

AMB

AMBA'GES, f. m. pl. a long tedious flory to no purpose, a fetch about, impertinencies, intricate passages, turnings and windings. AMBAR, AMBARGRIS, f. m. ambergris.

Ambir, f. m. is also the yellow amber, of which we have beads, and other curiosities.

AMBARES, f. m. pl. the fruit of a large tree in India.

AMBARINO, adj. belonging to amber.

AMBA'S, adj. fem both.
AMBI'A, f. f. 2 liquor in Peru,

which flows from a spring.

AMBICIO'N, s. f. ambition.

AMBICIONA'R, v. a. to feek for preferment, to fue or court another for a place.

AMBICIOSAML'NTE; adv. ambitiously.

AMBICIO'SO, adj. ambitious, proud, vain glorious.

Ambicioso, adj. desirous of honour and promotion.

AMBIDEXTRO, adj. one that uses both hands equally.

AMBIE'NTE, f. m. the ambient air, that furrounds all the bodies.

AMBIGUAME'NTE, adv. ambiguously, doubtfully.

AMBIGUIDA'D, f. f. ambiguity, doubt.

AMBI'GUO, adj. ; ambiguous a doubtful.

A'MBITO, f. m. the ambit, the compass or circuit of any thing.

A'MBLA, f. f. the amble of a horse.

AMBLADO'R, f. m. an ambler. AMBLA'R, v. n. to amble, to pace.

AMBOS, pron. adj. both. Ambos a dos, both together.

AMBRO'LLA, f. f. a deceitful practice.

AMBROLLADO'R, f. m. an intangler, an infinarer.

AMBROLLAR, v. a. to trouble, perplex, or moleft.

AMBRO'SIA, f. f. the mean the poets feigned the gods did eat.

Ambrofia, f. f. the herb oak of Jerusalem.

AMBROSIA'NO, adj. belonging to ambrofia.

AMBRU'NESA, f. f. a fort of cherry.

AMBULA'R, v. n. to walk.

AMBULA'RIOS, !, m. pl. ragged clothes.

AMBULATI'VO, adj. vide AM-BULAR.

AME!

AMEBE'O, f. m. answering alter-

45

nately, verses when one answereth another by course, as in fome of Virgil's Eclogues.

'AMELONA'R, v. 2. to soften or mollify; also to shape like a melon.

'AMECE'R, v. n. to mix. AMECHA'R, vid. MECHA'R. AMEDRENTADO'R, f. m. one

that frights or puts others into

AMEDRENTA'R, v. a. to put into fear, to make one afraid; from the Latin metus.

AMEJORA'R, v. a. to better, to make better.

Amejorar, v. n. to grow better. AMELECINAR, v. a. to cure, to give a medicine or a clyfler.

'AMELGA'R, v. a. to make holes in the ground, as is done when an estate is taken possession of, to know the li-

AME'ILA, f. f. vid. ALME'N-DRA.

AMELLON, f, m, vid. ALMI-DO'N.

'AME'LO; f. m. the herb flarshare - wort, or codwost . WOIT.

'AME'N, f m. amen, fo be it Amin, adv. besides, over and. above, except, excepted.

En un fonte amén, in an instant, in a moment,

'AMENA'ZA, f. f. a threat.

AMENAZA'R, v. a. to threa-

Prov. Los emenazados pan comen, threatned folks eat bread AMENGUADO, p. p. vid. MEN GUADO.

AMENGUADOR, f. m. one who

AMENGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. a diminution, or lesening.

AMENGUA'R, vid. MENGUAR. AMENIDA'D, f. f. pleasantness, clearness of weather.

AME'NO, adj. pleasant, delight-

AMENTA'R, v. a. to sling, or throw with a fling; also to tie with ropes.

AML'NTO, f. m. vid. AMIE'N-

A M I

AMENU'DO, adv. often.

AME'OS, f. m. the herb ammy. AMERA'R, v. a. to mix water with wine.

AMESNADO'RES, f. m. pl. obf. the king's guards.

AMESNA'R, v. a. obf. to be upon guard, or to do monthly duty.

AMESURA'R, v. a. to measure. AMETALA'R, v. a. to mix, or

cover with metal; also to feign or counterfeit.

AME'XA, f. f. obf. a plum, or prune.

AMI

A'MIA, f. a kind of fish that keep company in shoals.

AMLA'NTO, f. m. a kind of stone like alum.

AMICI'CIA, f. f. obf. friendship. AMIDO, adv. unwillingly.

AMIDO'N, f. m. vid. ALMI-DO'N.

AMIE'NTO, f. m. a leathern strap wound about a dart, which ferves to fling it with the greater force.

AMIESGA'DO, Is. m. a fruitlike AMIEZGA'DO, Sa firawberry. AMI'GA, f. f. a female friend, when meant of a friend to a man; also taken in an ill sense.

AMIGA'BLE, adj. friendly.

AMIGABLEME'NTE, adv. in a friendly manner.

AMIGA'JAS, vid. MIGAJAS. AMIGAR, v. a. to make or become

Amigarje, v. r. to lie together.

AMI'GO, f. m. a friend, when meant of a woman's friend, taken in an ill fenfe.

Amlgo, adj. friendly, kind.

 $AMIG \cup ' \perp E$, f. f. a half friend.

AMIGUILLA, f. f. a little she friend or mistress; diminutive of

AMILANA'R, v. a. to frighten, to fcare.

Amilanarse, v. r. to be daunted, or frighted, as birds are when they see the kite.

AMISTA'D, s. f. friendship.

Prov. Amifiad de yérno fol de invierne, a son in-law's friendship is like the winter fun; that is. but just warm, and not lasting.

Amistal, f. f. whoredom, fornication, harlotry.

AMISTA'NZA, f f. friendship.

AMISTA'R', v. a. to join in a league of friendship.

Amistarse, v. r. to be in conjunction. with a harlot.

AMISTOSAME'NTE, adv. friendly. Obf.

AMISTOSO, adj. friendly, kindly. Obf.

AMI'TO, f. m. an amice; that is, a square linen cloth the priest ties about his neck hanging down behind, under the alb when he vests to fay mass.

AMM

AMMI, f. m. bishop's weed; a kind of herb.

AMMONIACO, f. m. gum ammoniac.

AMN

AMNESTI'A, f. f. amnefty, free pardon, forgetfulnefs of past offences.

AMO

A'MO, f. m. preceptor, fchoolmafter.

A'mo, f. m. mafter, owner.

AMUDITA, f. f. a kind of ferpent.

AMODORRA'DO, adj. sick of a lethargy, seized with a drow-

AMUDORRA'RSE, v. n. to fall fick of a lethargy, to be feized with a heaviness.

AMODOKRECL'RSE, v. r. idem AMODURKI'DO, vid. AMO-DORRA'」O.

AMUHA'KSE, v. r. to grow mouldy; or be covered with moss.

AMUHATRA'R, v. a. to take up, or let out at extortion, to PAVD.

AMUHINA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to anger, to fret,

AMOJAMA'DO, adj. lean, thin, barren, wrinkled with age.

A M O

'AMOJONADO'R, f. m. one who fets bounds or limits.

'AMOJONA'R, v. a. to limit or fet bounds.

'AMOLADO'R, f. m. a grinder.

AMOLADURA, f. f. the drofs that comes off iron in grinding.

'AMOLA'R, v. a. to grind, to whet, to sharpen.

'AMOLDADOR, f. m. one that casts in a mould.

'AMOLDA'R, v. a. to cast in a mould, to fit as if things were cast in the same mould.

'Amold'r, to direct or correct any one's manners or life, to institute one's life according to the rule of reason.

'AMOLLA'R, v. a. obs. to soften, or slacken.

'AMOLLENTADU'RA, f. f. obf. foftening, flackening.

AMOLLENTA'R, v. 2. obf. vid.
AMOLLAR.

'AMO'MO, f. m. 2 plant of a very hot, aftringens, and drying nature.

'AMONDONGA'DO, adj. gross, all of a heap, all belly.

Rostro amondongádo, a plumpy face.

AMONEDA'R, v. a. to strike as smiths do, to hammer, to forge, to coin, or stamp money.

'AMONESTACIO'N, f. f. warning, admonition; banns bid is churches before matrimony, then used in the plural amonestactiones.

ADMONESTADO'R f. m. a warner, an admonisher.

'AMONESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. for amoneflación, but little used.

'AMONESTA'R, v. a. to warn, to admonish,

'AMO'NIO', f. m. an herb called ammony.

AMONTA'R, v. a. to amount, also to get up into the mountains.

Amontarfe, v. r. to separate one's self from the society of men.

AMONTO'N, adv. by the heap.

AMONTONADAME'NTE, adv.

hy heaps

'AMONTONADO'R; f.m. a heaper. AMONTONAMIE'NTO, f. m. a heaping, AMONTONA'R, v. a. to heap.

AMONTO'NES, adv. by heaps, in great quantities, plenteoully, plentifully, abundantly.

AMO'R, f. m. love.

Amór, a fort of small tree.

Amóres, commonly taken in the
worst sense for a lewd passion; as
also for common courtship, or

Amor de Dios, charity.

making love.

Amor Platonico, Platonic love a fincere, reasonable, and honest love.

Amor proprio, self-love selfishness.

En buen amor y compañis, with unanimous consent.

Por amor de Dios, for God's sake. Por amor de mi, por amor de fulano, for my sake, or thy sake.

Amor de borteláno, f. m. the plant called burdock.

AMORADU'X, f. m. marjoram, a fragrant plant so called.

AMORATA'DO, adj. of a dark or brown colour; blackish.

AMORDAZADO'R, f. m. slanderer, an ill tongue.

AMORDAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. flander, flandering, obloquy, detraction, backbiting.

AMORDAZA'R, v. a. to flander, to vilify, to detract, to backbite.

AMOREA'R, v. a to show to the fire, to warm gently.

AMO'RES SECOS, f. m. burdocks.

AMORGA'DO, adj. about to die, half dead.

AMORGO'NAR, v. a to lay branches in fuch a manner, as the branch from one vine is brought under the earth to the place defigned for another vine to grow.

AMORICO'NES, f. m. pl. clownish coarfe love, a among peafants.

AMORIOS, f. m. a clownish, or jocofe word for love.

AMORISCA'DO, after the Moorish fashion.

AMORMA'DO cabállo, vid. CA-BA'LLO.

AMORMI'OS, f. f. daffodil.

AMOROSAME'NTE, adv. lovingly, kindly.

AMORO'SO, adj. loving, kind.

AMO'RRA, f. f. a fport among children, when one holds up fingers, and the other blindfolded is to guess how many were held up.

AMORRA'R, v. n. to be filent. AMORTAJA'R, v. a. to put into a shroud for burial.

AMORTECE'R, v. a to fwoon; or faint away; to be as it were dead.

Amortecies, v. r. to be in a swoon.

AMORTECIMIE'NTO, f. m.

swooning, or fainting away.

AMORTIGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. mortifying, or deadening.

AMORTIGUA'R, v. a. to mortify, to deaden. In painting, to darken colours.

AMORTIZACIO'N, the falling of an estate to mortmain.

AMORTIZA'R, v. a. to put an estate into such hands as it cannot be fold or disposed of again, which the English law calls mortmain.

AMOSCADO'R, f. m. a fan to drive the flies away.

AMOSQUEA'RSE, v. r. to be freed from flies by driving them away.

AMOSTAZA'R, v. a. to mix, or feafon with mustard; metaphorically, to vex, fret, or put into a passion.

Amostazárse, v. r. to be mixed or feasoned with mustard.

AMOSTRA'R, v. 2. to show. AMOTINADO'R, f. m. one that raifes mutinies.

AMOTINA'R, v. a. to raife a mutiny, to fir np to fedition.

AMOVE'R, v. a. to take away, to remove.

AMOVI'BLE, add moveship, on

AMOVI'BLE, adj. moveable, or that can be moved.

AMOXAMA'DO, adj. shrivelled a shrunk up.

A M P

A'MPA, f. f. vid. HA'MPA.

AMPA'RA, f. f. fequefiration.

AMPARADO'R, f. m. a protector, a defender.

AMPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. the
act of protecting.

AMPARA'NZA, f. f. obs. vid. AMPAR'O.

AMPARA'R, v. a to protect, defend, or support.

Ampararse, v. r. to be protected, to defend one's felf.

AMPA'RO, f. m. protection, defence, support.

AMPHIBLEDA'D, f. f. amphibiousness, the quality of being able to live in two different elements.

'AMPHI'BIO, adj. amphibious, that lives either on the land, or in the water.

AMPHIBOLOGIA, f. f. a doubtful sentence that carries a doubtful meaning.

AMPHIBOLOGICAME'NTE adv. amphibologically, doubtfully, equivocally.

AMPHIBOLO'GICO, adj. ambiguous doubtful.

AMPHISBE'NA, f. f. a serpent which feems to have a head at both ends, and goes both ways.

'AMPHI'SCIOS, f. m. pl. the amphiscii, so called from their cafting two shadows, the inhabitants of the torrid zone.

AMPHITEA'TRO, f. m. amphitheatre, a round theatre for the people to fit about and fee sports.

AMPHORA, s. f. a Roman meafure, but fometimes used by the Spaniards, espacially poets, for any great pitcher.

AMPLE'XO, f. m. an embrace. AMPLIAME'NTE, adv. fully, largely.

AMPLIA'R, v. a. to enlarge, to make wide.

AMPLIFICACIO'N, f. f. an en-

AMPLIFICA'R, v. a. to enlarge, make wide, or ample.

A'MP110, adj. ample, extended, unlimited.

AMPLITUD, f. f. largeness, amplirude.

AMPLO, adj. ample, large, wide. A'MPO, f. m. whiteness of snow. Ampo de niève, a flake of snow.

AMPO'LLA, f. f. a bliffer in the flesh, a bubble in the water, a glass viol, or bottle with a round belly.

AMPOLLA'RSE, v. r. to rife in blifters.

AMPOLL'OSO, adj. full of blif-

AMPO'N, adj. vainly pompous, hollow and vain, though abou nding with ornaments; foolishly gay.

AMPRICIA, f. f. a brief that lawyers use to plead by.

AMPUTA'R, v. a. to cut off.

A M U

AMUCHACHADO, adj. boyish, boylike.

AMUCHIGUA'RSE, v. r. to be increased, augmented.

AMUFA'R, v. a. to attack any thing in a roaring bellowing manner.

AMUGERA'DO, adj. imitating a woman in words or actions.

AMUGERIE'GAS, adv. in the manner that women ride on horseback.

AMUGRONA'R, v. a. vid. AMOR-GONA'R.

AMULA'R, v. a. to numble as old women do their meat.

AMULATA'DO, adj. like a mulatto; that is, tawny, like one that is born of a black and a white.

AMULE'TO, f.m. an amulet.

AMU'RA, f. f. the main-rack, which is a great rope in a ship seized into the clew of the sail. to carry forward the clew of the fail, and to make it stand close by a wind; it is also taken for that part of the ship which is the midway from the broadest part to the head.

AMURADAS, S. f. pl. the high fides within the ships.

AMU'RAR, v. a. to carry the extremities of the fails towards the prow.

AMU'RAS, f. f. pl. the ropes which ie the fails.

AMU'RCA, f. f. the lees, or dregs of oil.

AMU'RCO, f. m. the blow given by striking with the horns.

AMU SCO, adj. a sh coloured.

AMUSGA'R, v. a. to make an un. lucky motion, as vicious beafts. especially mules, do with their note and ears, when they are bent upon mischief; also to fretch out the snout to bite; from the Italian mufo, a fnout.

ANA

A'NA, f. f. a measure about three quarters of an English yard; it is also sometimes taken for a fathom.

ANABATISTAS, f. m. pl. anabaptists, the sectaries so called.

ANACA'LA, f. f. the baker's maid who fetches the bread from private houses to the bake-house, and carries it home again baked.

ANACA'LES, f. m. pl. the boards which the bread is fet on before it goes into the oven, and after it is drawn.

ANACA'LO, f. m. a man that carries bread from the bakehouse.

ANACARDI'NA, f. f. the confection made with the fruit called anocárdo.

ANACA'RDO, f. m. a fort of fruit ANACENU'SIS, f. f. a figure used in rhetorick, fignifying a repetition of any thing.

ANACEPHALEO'SIS, f. f. a recapitulation.

ANACHORE'TA, f. m. an anchorite or hermit, who leads a folitary life.

ANACHORETICO, f. m. diminut. of anachoréta.

ANACHRONI'SMO, f. m. a bad calculation in chronology.

A'NADE, f. m. a duck or drake. ANADEA'R, w. n. to waddle like a duck.

ANADI'NA, or ANADI'NO, f. m. a duckling, a fmall duck,

ANADIPLO'SIS; f. f. a figure in rhetorick when the last word of a verse is repeated at the beginning of the next.

A NA'DO, adv. as paffar un rie a nado, to swim over a river. ANADO'N, f. m. a little duck.

ANAFALLA, S. f. agiost of cottoncloth.

ANAFA'YA , f. f. vide ANAFAL-

'ANAGALI'DE, f. f. the herb calve's frout.

ANAGLYPHOS, f. m. pl. veffels or plates chafed, imboffed or wrought with the hammer, not engraved.

'ANAGO'GE, or ANAGOGIA,

f. f. the fubtle or lofty interpretation of feripture, or other myfterious book.

'ANAGOGICAME' NTE, adv.myfterioufly, myffically.

ANAGO'GICO, adj. sublime, sub-tile, lofty.

'ANAGRA'MMA, f. m. an anagram.

ANAGYRIS, f. m. bean-trefoil, an herb fair to look at, but of an ill fcent.

ANALEMMA, f. m. arm in dialling, a way to find out the course of the sun, and the increase of the shadow.

ANALIPTICO, adj. belonging to a reftorative medicine used in a consumption.

'ANALES, f. m. pl. annals, histories digested in the exact order of time.

ANALISTA, f. m. vid. ANNA-LISTA.

ANALOGIA, f. f. analogy, proportion, like reason.

ANALOGICAME'NTE, adv. proportionably, in like reason.

ANALOGI'CO, adj. proportionable, analogick,

ANA'LOGQ, f. m. any thing in proportion to another.

ANALYSIS, f. f. a resolution, or unfolding a discourse.

ANALYTICA, f. f. the art of refolving, or unfolding a difcourfe.

'ANANA'SSO, (f. m. pine-apple.

ANAPE'LO, f. m. wolfs-bane, a poisonous herb.

ANAP'ESTICO, adj. belonging to a foot or measure in verse, having the two first syllables short, and the last long.

'ANAPES'TO, f. m. a foot or meafure in a verse, having the two fift syllables short, the next long. ANAPHO'RA, f. f. a figure, when in the beginning of every verse or member of a sentence, the same word is repeated.

ANAPHORICO, adj. belonging to anaphora.

ANAQUE'L, f. m. a fort of cupboard or hollow in a wall, to fer glaffes or other things; also a shelf.

ANAR'CA, C. m. the author of ANA'RCHA, confusion.

ANARCHIA, f. f. anarchy, or confusion; pronounce anarkis.

ANARCHICO, adj. belonging to anarchy or confusion.

ANASCOTE, f. m. a fort of fluff,
which our merchants call hounfcott,

ANASTOMO'SIS, f. f. the orifices of the veins and arteries where they meet, also the bursting of those orifices, and the blood which comes by breaking a vein.

ANASTOMO TICO, adj. belonging to anaflomófis.

ANASTRO'PHE, f. f. an inverfion, or fetting that word foremost which should follow.

ANA'TA, f. f. a year's revenue of a benefice, paid to the pope by the person promoted to it.

ANATHE'MA, f. m. an anathema, a curfe, or excommunication.

ANATHEMATIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an anathematization, or curling.

ANATHEMATIZA'R, v. 2. to anathematize, or curfe.

ANATI'STA, f. m. an officer that: receives a year's revenue of benefices for the pope.

ANATOCISMO, f. m. ufury upon ufury.

ANATOMTA, f. f. anatomy; also a very lean man.

Hacer anatomia, to examine with the greatest care.

ANATOMICAME'NTE , adv. anatomically.

ANATOMICO, adj. belonging to snatomy.

ANATOMISTA, f. m. an anatomif, he that makes an anatomy.

ANATOMIZAR, v. a. to anatomize,

ANC

A'NCA, f. f. the hip or buttock of a horfe.

Cabalgar en las ancas, to ride on the rump, or to ride behind another.

Caballo que no sufre ancas, a horse that will not carry-double.

Ración que no sufre ancas, an allowance that will not admit of a supernumerary guest.

Anca de navio, the quarter of a ship.

ANCARO'TES, f. f. the gum of a tree in Perlia.

ANCHA, f. f. in cant, a town of

ANCHAME'NTE, adv. widely, largely, loofely.

ANCHARIA, f. f. vide ANCHU'-

ANCHE'ZA, f. f. vide ANCHU-RA.

ANCHICO'RTO, adj. short and wide.

ANCHO , adj. broad.

ANCHO'R, f. m. vide ANCHU'-RA.

A'NCHORA, f. f. (ancora) the anchor of a ship.

ANCHO'VA, f. f. an anchovy.

ANCHOVE'TA, f. f. a little anchovy.

ANCHURA, f. f. breath.

Vivir à anddr a fus anchuras, to live in a licentious manner.

ANCHUROSO, adj. very wide or broad; metaph. Spoken of a person who leads an extravagant life, as if he was wide from the intent and design of living.

ANCHUSA, f. f. a kind of buglefs, alchanet or orchanet.

ANCIANAME'NTE, adv. anciently.

ANCIANIA, f. f. ancientness.
ANCIANID'AD, f. f. old age.

ANCIA'NO, adj. ancient, old.

ANCILA, f. f. a bond-woman, a fervant maid.

ANCLA, f.f an anchor.

ANCIA'DO, p. p. anchored.

ANCLA'GE, f. m. anchorage.
ANCLA'R, v. a. to cast anchor.

ANCLAS, f. f. pl. in cant fignifies the hands.

ANCON

ANCO'N, f. m. an harbour for

A'NCORA, f. f. an anchor.

ANCORA'GE, f. m. the tribute that ships pay for anchoring.

ANCORA'R, v. a. to anchor. ANCO'RCA, f. f. a pale colour.

ANCUZA, f. f. a fort of buglofs.

A N D

ANDABA'TAS, f. m. gladiators, who blindfolded themselves before they engaged.

ANDABOBA, f. f. a trick, a fraud used in some games at cards.

ANDACA', come hither.

ANDA'DA, f. f. wandering.

ANDADE'RA, f. f. 2 woman among the nuns to go of errands.

ANDADE'RO, f. m. the man who goes of errands.

ANDA'DO, adj. gone, walked over; also a fon-in-law, the fon of a man's wife, or a woman's husband in former wedloc.

Andado, f. m. the common path, or highway.

ANDA'DOR, f. m. a walker; also a beadle or such officer that goes about to warn people.

'ANDADO'RES, f. m. pl. leadingstrings, to teach children to

ANDADURA, f. f. going, walking; gait, or way of going.

Cabállo de andadura, a pacing horse. ANDA'MIO, s. m. a scassold. Vide

Andámio, f. m. a fort of shoes, the foles of which are made with cork.

ANDA'NA, S. f. navio de andána, a ship well flowed, and fit for failing.

Andona, f. f. any thing put in good order, as a fine row of houses or windows, or tire of guns.

ANDA'NCIA, f. f. going; also behaviour, or conduct of a person; alfo good luck, or bad luck, chance, formne.

Andáncia, f. f. a walking place. ANDANTE, adj. used in romances, as caballero andasti, a knighterrant.

Tom. I.

ANDA'NZA, s. f. a ramble, a jaunt, a tour, a flight, an excurfion; the manner of proceedind, behaviour, conduct; fortune, event, luck, run.

Mai andánza, ili luck.

ANDA'R, f. m. the action of wal-

Andår, v. a. to go, to walk.

Andar en zancos, to walk upon stilts. Andár en cárnes, to go naked.

Andar en cuéros, idem.

Andar en cuérpo, to go without 2 cloak.

Andar del cuerpo, to go to stool.

Andár a la máno, to be ready at hand. Ander a gatas, to creep on all fours.

Andar a orza, to fall with a fide wind.

Andár a sesgo, to go fideling. Andárse a las anchúras, to lead à loofe life.

A mas andar, to go full speed.

ANDARA'YA, f. f. a fort of game like draughts.

ANDARIE'GA, f. f. a gadding

Prov. La muela buena, como la viúda, gorda y ondariéga, a good mule should be like a widow, fat, and a great walker.

ANDARIE'GO, f. m. a man that always is gadding.

ANDARILLA, f. f. a little fedan, or chair to be carried in.

ADARI'N, f. m. a running foot-

ANDARIVE'L, f. m. the name of a rope so called on board a ship A'NDAS, s. f. pl. a bier to carry the dead, or to carry images in procession.

Ande, let it go, or let him go. A'nden mis blancas tocas, let my white head-cloaths come on again; that is, off with the mourning.

Ande la losa, let us be merry. ANDE'N, f. m. a walk, or a gallery, or any place to walk in.

ANDE'RO, f. m. the poles which chairmen carry their chairs with. ANDILL'A, f. f. a faddle, with a frame standing up about it, for women to ride on; also a little bier, or fuch like carriage.

ANDI'RA, f. f. vid ANGELI'N. A'NDITO, f. m. a passage, or walk. AND G'LAS, y girigayes; foolerie and nonfense.

ANDOLI'NA, f. f. fwallow. Obf. ANDORINA, f. f. a fwallow.

ANDO'RRA, f. f. an ordinary golfiping woman.

ANDORRE'RO, adj. wandering, rambling.

ANDRAJE'RO, f. m. a ragman. ANDRA'JO, f. m. a rag, a clout. ANDRAJOSAME'NTE, adv. nakedly, raggedly.

ANDRAJO'SO, adj. ragged, tattered.

ANDRINA, s. s. obs. (endrina) a kind of plum so called.

ANDRO'MEDA, f. f. one of the twenty-two constellations.

ANDROMI'NA, f. f. a falle pretence.

ANDRONA, f. f. vid. ENDRI'-ÑΑ.

ANDRO'GENO, f. m. an hermaphrodite.

ANDRO'SACES, f. f. the white herb.

ANDUARES, f. m. pl. vld.ADUA'~ RES

ANDULA'RIOS, f. m. pl. ragged cloaths.

ANDULE'NCIA, f. f. a walking, rambling.

ANDURRIA'LES, f. m. pl. unfrequented ways and passages.

ANB

ANEA'GE, f. m. the act of meafuring by ells, or a duty upon every ell of cloth; in arithme-, tick, the rule for reducing the. ells of one country to the measure of another.

ANE'AR, v. a. to measure by clis.

ANEBLA'R, v. a. to cover, or overwhelm with darkness.

ANECIA'RSE, v. r. to make one's self foolish, or ignorant. ANEGADI'ZO, adj. that is fubjed to be drowned, flooded, or overflowed.

ANEGADU'RA, a drowning, ſ. f. flooding or. ANEGAMIE'Nover flowing. TO, f. m.

ANEGA'R, v. a. to drown, flood, or overflow.

G

Anegarfe, v. r. to be drowned, to be overflown.

ANE'JO, adj. vid. ANE'XO. ANELA'R, v. ia, vid. ANHE-IA'R

ANE'MONE, f. f. the wind flower.

ANE'MOSCO'PIO, f. m. a machine invented to shew the changes of the wind.

'ANEXA'R, v. a. to annex. ANE'XO, adj. annexed.

ANF

ANFIO'N, f. m. laudanum, given to make persons sleep.

ANFITEA'TRO, f. m, an amphitheatre, a place with feats round to fee sports.

ANFRA'CTO, f. m. broken, rugged passage.

ANG

ANGARPILAS, f. f. pl., a handbarrow, also the frames which men have on their breafts to carry great pitchers, or jars of waters on; also any hurdle to draw goods on.

ANGA'RO f. m. a fignal. A'NGEL, f. m. an angel.

ANGE'LICA, f. f. the plant angelica.

ANGELICAL, adj. angelical.

ANGELICAL ME'NTE adv. an

ANGELICALME'NTE, adv. angelike.

ANGELICO, f. m. a little angel.

Angélico, adj. angelical.

ANGELI'N, f. m. a tree fo called.

ANGELO, f. m. an angel.

ANGELO'TE, f. m. augment.

of angelo.

ANGE'NA, f. f. fquinancy, fquincy, or quincy.

ANGE'O, f. m. canvafs.

ANGI'NA, f. f. an inflammation of the throat, quinfy.

ANGOSTA'R, v. a. to make narrow, or streight.

Angostarse, v. r. to be made narrow, or streight.

ANGO'STO, adj narrow or ftreight.

ANGOSTURA, f. f. narowness; freightness.

ANG

ANGRA, f. f. bay, harbour. ANGUI'LA, f. f. an eel.

ANGUILA'ZO, f. m. a lash with a whip, because it winds about like an eel.

ANGULA'R, adj. augular, that has many corners, or that belongs to the corner.

ANGULARME'NTE, adv. angularly.

ANGULE'MA, f. f. canvals.

Hacer anguelmas, to be very ceremonious; the spaniards, when they see a person too ceremonious, say no haga angulemas, don't be impertinent.

A'NGULO, f. m. angle, or geometrical term.

Angulo redo, a right angle.

Angulo angudo, an acute angle.
Angulo obtifo, an obtufe angle.
Angulo reflitado, an angle sailant, which thrusts out its point from the works in fortification.

ANGURRI'A, f. f. a water-melon.

Angurria, f. f. strangury, difficulty in making water.

ANGUSTIA, f. f. anguish, pain, trouble.

ANGUSTIADAME'NTE, adv. anxiously, painfully.

ANGUSTIA'R, v. a. to trouble, vex, or afflict.

ANGUSTIO'SO, adj. afflicted, troubled, painful.

ANH

ANHELA'R, v. n. to breathe with difficulty; also to be eager after any thing, to cover a thing earnestly.

ANHE'LITO, f. m. the breath.

ANHE'LO, f. m. desire, ambi-

ANHO'RCA, f. f. the herb briony.

ANI

ANIDAMIE'NTO, f. m. nefting, lodging.

ANIDA'R, v. n. to neft, to lodge, to fettle.

ANIE'BLARSE, v. r. to hurt with the fog.

ANIHILA'R, v. a. v. ANIQUI-LAR.

ANIL, f. m. vid. AnIL.

ANILLO, f. m. 2 ring.
ANIMA, f. f. the foul.

ANIMA'BLE, adj. capable of receiving a foul.

ANIMACION, f. f. the infusion of the foul into the body.

ANIMADO'R, f. m. who gives the foul, or spirit.

ANIMADVERSION, f. f. animadversion, or taking notice, or observing.

ANIMAL, f. m. an animal, any living creature; commonly taken for a beaft, or for a brutish

Animal, adj. belonging to fenfa-

ANIMALA'ZO, f. m. a great beaft.

ANIMALEJO, f. m. a little animal. Animales cenidos, insects.

ANIMA'LIA, f. f. an animal. ANIMALI'TO, a little animal.

ANIMALO'N, (f. m. augm. of ANIMALOTE, animal.

ANIMA'NTE, f. m. one who lives, or gives life.

ANIMA'R, v. a. to encourage, or give life.

Animarfe, v. r. to pluck up cou-

ANIME, f. f. the gum called gum anime.

ANIME'RO, f. m. the person who begs or collects the alms to relieve souls from purgatory.

A'NIMO, f. m. the mind; also courage.

ANIMOSAME'NTE, adv. courageously, boldly.

ANIMOSIDAD, f. f. conrage, boldnefs.

ANIMOSO, adj. flout, valiant, bold, daring, courageous.

ANITADAME'NTE, adv. chil-dishly.

ANInADO, adj. childish.

ANIMARSE, w. a. to grow childish.

ANIQUILACION, f. f. annihilation, entire diffolution of any thing.

ANIQUILA'R, v. a. to annihilate, to reduce to nothing.

Aniquilárse, v. r. to be annihilated, to be entirely disfolved, or reduced to nothing.

ANIS, f. m. aniseed.

ANISILLO, f. m. diminut. of

ANIVERSA'RIO, f. m. anniverfary.

ANN

ANNA'L, adj. vid. ANNUA'L. ANNALES, f. m. pl. annals, hiftories of any thing.

ANNALISTA, f. m. one who composes annals.

ANNA' TA, f. f. the annual product or revenue of an ecclefiaftical be-

ANNEXA'R, v. a. to join, to knit together.

ANNEXIDA'D, f. f. a conjunction, a knitting together.

ANNEXION, f. f. an union, or conjunction.

ANNE'XO, adj. joined, or knit together.

Annéxo, f. m. a small living that is annexed to a great one.

ANNIA'GA, f. f. a yearly pay-

ANNIVERSARIO, f. m. anniver-

ANNO. f. m. vid. AnO.

ANNO'JO, f. m. vid. AñOJO.

ANNOMINACION, f. f. an allufion to the name of any thing.

ANNOTACION, s. f. annota-

ANNOTADO'R, f. m. one who makes annotations.

ANNOTA'R, v. a. to remark, ob-

ANNUA'L, adj. belonging to a

ANNUNAME'NTE, adv. annual-

ly, yearly, every year. A'NNUO, adj. vid. ANNUA'L.

ANO

'ANO, s. m. (vóz de la cirugia) the

ANO'CHE, adv. laft night. ANOCHECE'R, v. n. to grow

night; also to be at night in a - place.

Anocheclo y no amaneció, he was here at night, and gone in the morning; faid of a tradefman that breaks, or other person that runs away privately.

Alanochécer, at the dusk of the evening, or the night-fall.

Anochecérse, v. r. to become dark; also to hide one's self.

ANODI'NO, adj. anodyne, that which has the power of mitigating

ANOMALIA, f. f. irregularity, deviation from rule; anomaly, anomalism.

ANOMALISMO, f. m. the same as ANOMALIA.

ANOMALO, adj. irregular.

ANONA, s. f. a sort of fruit so

ANONADACION, f. f. the contempt of one's felf.

ANONADA'R, v. r. to diminish, to decrease, lessen.

Anonadárse, v. r. to be diminished, lessened, decreased.

ANONYMO, adj. anonymous, without a name. Greck.

ANO'RCA, f. f. the herb fweet briony.

ANO'RIA, f. f. a wheel at a well with buckets to draw up

ANOTOMIA, f. f. vid. ANA-TOMI'A.

ANQ

ANQUI'LLA, f. f. a little hip, or buttock; diminut. of anca.

A N S

AN'SAR, f. m. a goofe.

goofe,

Prov. Es cómo el anfar de Cantimpola, que salio al lobo al camino, he is like Gantimpola's goofe that went out to meet the wolf; faid of fuch as voluntarily run into danger.

ANSARERIA, S. f. or ANSA-RIA, a place where geefe are kept. ANSARI'LLO, f. m. a goslin. ANSAR'INO, adj. belonging to a

ANSARO'N, f. m. a liule goofe.

ANSI', adv. fo obf. .

A'NSIA, f. f. anguish, pain, grief, anxiety, ardent desire, torment, agony.

Las ansias de la muerte, the pangs of death.

Cantar en el anfia, to confess a crime in tortures and agonies. ANSIA'DO, adj. covetous, gree-. dy, niggard, avaricious.

ANSIAR, v. a. to long, to defire eagerly, avariciously. ANSINA, adv. obf. vid. ASSI. ANSIOSAME'NTE, adv. anxioutly, painfully, grievoutly, also covetoutly, avaricious-

ANSIO'SO, adj. full of anguish, anxiety, pain, or grief.

ANT

A'NTA, f. f. among architects, is the same as a pilaster, or a half column against a wall.

ANTAGONI'STA, f. m. an antagonift, a contrary; in anatomy, is that muscle which counteracts some other.

ANTA'NA, f. f. a word of no meaning, and only used in the phrase llamarse antana; to gainfay what one has faid, to knock under.

ANTAñO, s. m. the last year.

Prov. En los nidos de antáño no hai paxáros ogaño, in last year's nest there are no birds this year; used to denote that a person is used coolly, or with indifference, when he was before careffed.

ANTARONA, adj. an old wo-

ANTAPHRODITICO, adj. good against the venereal disease.

ANTARTICO, adj. antartick, and opposite to the artick.

ANTA'RES, f. f. a star so called in the constellation of scor-

A'NTE, f. m. buff.

Ante, prep. before, in the presence of; as, ante escrivano, before a notary.

G2

Ante 6 antes, adv. rather, before that.

Ante, f. m. the first dish served for dinner or supper.

ANTEA'DO, adj. of a buff colour.

ANTE AYE'R, adv. the day before yesterday.

ANTE CA'MARA, f. f. antichamber.

ANTECA'NTO, f. m. a stanza, or a number of verses spoken or sung by way of invitation to another poet, to sing or speak verses.

ANTECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent going before.

Antecedente, f. m. the antecedent preposition.

ANTECEDENTEME'NTE, adv. before antecedent to.

ANTECEDE'R, v. a. to precede, to go before.

ANTECE'SSOR, f. m. an antecessor.

ANTECHINOS, f. m. pl. plate chafed.

ANTECOGE'R el ganado, v. a. to drive cattle before one.

ANTECHORO, f. m. the hall or room through which one goes to choir.

ANTE'COS, f. m. pl. the inhabitants of the earth that live in the fame meridian of the globe.

ANTEDATA, f. f. antidate.
ANTEDATA'R, v. a. to anti-

ANTEFERIR, v. a. to place be-

ANTEIGLESIA, f. f. the church porch.

ANTELACION, f. f. the act of preferring one before another.

ANTEMA'NO, f. m. a present made before hand, or before obtaining the favour that is expected.

Antemano, adv. previously, with a yearly notice.

ANTEMERIDIA'NO, adj. befo-

ANTEMULAS, f. m. the groom of the mules.

ANTEMURA'L, f. m. a fort

or mountain that defends a place.

ANTEMURO, f. m. a faussebraye, a small mount of earth erected round the foot of the rampart.

ANTE'NA, f. f. vide. ENTE'NA.

Antina de saracól, the upright post
in the middle of a winding staircase.

ANTENA'DO, f. m. a fon, or daughter-in-law; that is, the fon of a man's wife, or of a woman's husband by another.

ANTENO'CHE, adv. the night before last.

Ante omnia, before all things; it is plain Latin, but become a Spanish phrase in common use.

ANTEO'JOS, f. m. pl. speciacles.

ANTEPASSA'DO, m. gone before; ancestor, predecessor.

ANTEPE'CHO, f. m. any thing to lean one's breast against, to look over; parapet, rail of a balcony, or the like; also the poitrel, or armour, for the breast of a horse.

ANTEPENSA'R, v. r. to premedidate, to think on before.

ANTEPENU'LTIMO, adj. the last but two.

ANTEPONE'R, v. a. to prefer, or fet before.

Anteponérse, v. r. to be preferred, to be set before.

ANTEPORTA'L, f. m. the space before the porch of a house.

ANTEPUERTA, f. f. a piece of tapeftry, or any other hanging before a door.

ANTEPUE'STO, p. p. irreg. of the verb anteponer.

ANTERIO'R, adj. precedent, going before.

ANTERIORIDA'D, f. f. precedency, preference.

ANTERIORME'NTE, adv. previoufly, before hand.

ANTES, prep. and adv. before, rather.

Antes que, before that.

Prov. Antes que cases mira lo que házes, look before you leap; that is, consider and examine well the consequences of things before you engage.

ANTESALA, f. f. antichamber, a room before the room of flate.

ANTESALE'TA, f. f. a little antichamber.

ANTESIGNA'NO, f. m. an enfign.
ANTESTADURA, f. f. trenches
made with expdition in great neceffity.

ANTETO'DO, adv. first of all, in chief.

ANTEVEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. providence, forefight.

ANVEVE'R, v, a. to foresee.

ANTEVISO, adj. advised, admonished.

ANTEVI'SPERA, f. f. the day before the vigil.

ANTEVISTO, p. p. of antever; foreseen.

ANTHI'A, f. f. a kind of fish.

ANTHROPOLOGIA, f. f. the method among men to convoy an idea of the attributes of God.

ANTHROPO'PHAGO, f. m. a maneater, a cannibal.

ANTIPO'PHORA, f. m. a figure in rhetorick so called.

Antypophora, f. f. a figure in retorick, wen the orator asks, and antwers himself.

ANTIBA'CCHIO, f. m. a foot of a Latin verse so called, confisting of two syllables long, and one short.

ANTIBO, f. m. the force or impuise of the water.

ANTICIPACIO'N, f. f. anticipation, prevention.

ANTICIPADAME'NTE, adv. beforetime.

ANTICIPADO'R, f. m. one that prevents or anticipates.

ANTICIPA'R, v. a. to anticipate, or prevent.

Anticiparse, v. r. to be prevented, to be surprised.

ANTICO LAS, f. m. pl. vide ANTECOS.

ANTICUE'SCOS, f. m. pl. large breeches formerly worn.

ANTIDILUVIA' AO, adj. ante-diluvian.

ANTIDOTA'RIO, f. m. the place where apothecaries put the cordials in their shoop.

ANTI'DOTO, f. m. antidote prefervative against poison.

ANTIFA'Z, f.m. any thing that is worn before the face, to keep off the dust and sun.

ANTIFO'NA, f. f. an anthem.
ANTIGUA'LLAS, f. f. pl. anti-

quities, pieces of antiquity.

ANTIGUAME'NTE, adv. anciently.

ANTIGUAMIE'NTO, f. in. antiquating, or abolishing.

ANTIGUA'R, v. n. to antiquate, to abolish.

ANTIGUA'RIO, f. m. antiquary.
ANTIGUEDA'D, f. f. antiquity.
ANTIGUO, adj. ancient.

ANTIGUONES, f. m. pl. pieces of antiquiry.

ANTIGUOR, f. f. obf. antiquity.
ANTIGUOS, f. m. pl. or ancient authors.

ANTILO'GIA, f. f. a contradiction.

ANTIMETABOLE, f. f. a figure, when words are repeated in the same sentence, in a diverse case or person.

'ANTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging to antimony.

ANTIMO'NIO, f. m. antimony.

ANTI'NOO, f. m. one of the twenty-two celestial confiellations.

ANTIPA'PA, f. m. antipope.

ANTIPA'RA, s. f. 2 screen.

Antipura, any covering to hang before things to preferve them; also
a fort of buskins worn by harvest men, that the corn may
not prick their legs; a leather
apron.

ANTIPERISTASIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, which granting what the adversary says, denies his inference.

ANTIPATHIA, f. f. antipathy, a natural aversion to any thing.

ANTIPA'THICO, adj. antipatherick, having a natural contrariety to any thing.

ANTIPHONA, f. f. anthem.

ANTIPHONA'RIO, f. m. the book which hath the anthems.

ANTIPHONE'RO, f. m. who begins the anthem.

ANTIPHRASIS, f f. antiphrafis, the use of words in a fense opposite to their proper meaning. ANTIPO'CA, f. f. a confession in writing by which a man acknowledges himself hable to pay any fine, or demand.

ANTIPOC'AR, v. a. to acknowledge one's felf liable to pay any fine, or demand by a confession in writing.

ANTIPODA'L, adj. antipodal, belonging or relating to the antipodes.

ANTIPODAS, f. m. pl. the antipodes, or people that live in that part of the world which is directly under our feet.

ANTIQUA'DO, adj. out of fashion.

ANTIQUA'RIO, f. m. an antiquary, a man fludious of antiquiry.

ANTISCIOS, f. m. the people who have their shadows projected opposite ways.

ANTISCORBU TICO, adj. good against the scurvy.

ANTISPO'DIO, f. m. a kind of medicinal ashes made of certain herbs.

ANTISTROPHE, f. f. a figure, when in one fense a word is repeated, either in the same or divers cases.

ANTITHESIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when contraries are opposed to contraries.

ANTITYPO, f. m. antitype; that which is refembled, or shadowed out by the type; also a copy drawn from an original.

ANTIVENE'REO, adj. good against the venereal disease.

ANTOJADIZAME'NTE, adv. inconflantly.

ANTOJADI'ZO, adj. that longes for every thing.

ANTOJA'RSE, v. r. to long, to defire earnestly.

Antojársete a uno alguna cosa, to judge il of one thing.

Se la antojan berros, he does not understand what he says; (a vulgar expression.)

ANTO'JO. f. m. a longing, as a woman with child does; a fancy.

Antójo de larga vista, a prospective glass.

Antojos, f. m. pl. spectacles; from ante ojos, before the eyes.

Antojuélo, diminut. of antójo.

ANTONOMA'SIA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when another name is used instead of that which is proper to a man or thing.

ANTO'R, f. m. one who fells stolen goods.

ANTORCHA, f. f. torck, flam-

ANTORCHA'DO, adj. made like a torch; also wreathed or twifted.

ANTURFA, f. f. the action of felling goods before they are flule.

A'NTRO, f. m. a den, a cave. ANTRUE'JO, f. m. shroveride; obfolete.

ANTUVIADA, f. f. a blow, (in cant.)

ANTUVLA'R, v. a. to prevent, to furprise; metaph. to firike first.

ANTUVIO, vid. ANTUBION,
ANTUVION, or ANTUBION,
f. m. preventing another, or being
too quick for him; as jugar de
antuvión, upon a falling out to
give the first stroke, or wound
another by surprise.

ANTYE'R, adv. the day before yesterday.

ANU

ANUBLA'R, v. a. to blaft, or to be dark with clouds.

Anublárse el cielo, is for the sky to grow cloudy; from núbe, a cloud.

Anubidrse el trigo, is for the corn to be blasted.

ANUBLO, f. m. blight, mildew.
ANUDADO'R, f. m. one that knots.

ANUDADU'RA, f. f. knotting. ANUDA'R, v. a. to knot.

Anudárse la garganta, not to be able to speak for trouble or concern.

Anudár en los effúdios, to make no progress in one's studies.

ANULACIO'N, f. f. abolition.

ANULA'R, v. a. to annul, to make void.

ANULO'SO, adj. full of rings.

ANUMERA'R, v. a. to add to the number.

ANUNCIACIO'N, f. f. a declaration, or notification.

ANUNCIADO'R, f. m. f. one who declares, or notifies; a meffenger.

'ANUNCIAMENTO, f. m. vid.
ANUNCIACIO'N.

ANUNCIA'R, v. a. to declare, to notify, to make known; often taken in an ill fense.

AN'UNCIO, f. m. presage, or warning of some ill.

'ANXE'O vide ANJE'O.

ANZE'L, f. m. obf. a refolution, a decree, or decision of wife men.

ANZOLA'R, v. a. to catch in a fish-hooks.

ANZOLE'JO, f. m. a small fishhook.

ANZOLE'RO, f. m. the man who makes fish-hooks.

'ANZUELA'R, v. a. vide AN-ZOLA'R.

ANZUE'LO, f. m. a fish-hook.

Tragár el anzuelo, to swallow
the fish-hook; or, as we say,
to swallow the bair, when a
man greedily lays hold of what
is laid to do him harm.

Roér el anzuelo, to gnaw off the hook, that is to escape the bair. Picar en el anzuelo, to leap at the bair, to suffer one's self to be ensnared.

AñA

ALA, f. f. a fort of fox.

ALADA, f. f. the space of one

AñADIENCIA, (f. f. an addition, AñADIDURA, (that which is given over in buying, or a small matter to make up weight.

AnADIMIL'NTO, f. m. addition.

AñADIR, v. a. to add, to put to.

Añadir, to amplify, or exaggerate a thing.

Anadir, to make an addition of what we are treating of.

AnAFI'L, f. m. a hauthoy, a fort

of straight trumpet used by the Moors, and made of metal.

ARAFILE'RO, f. m. one that plays on a trumpet, or makes them. ARAGA'ZA, f. f. bird catl.

Añagúa, enticement, allurement. Hacer añagátas, to flatter one, in order to deceive him.

AñA'L, adj. belonging to a year.

Añál, f. m. a yearly offering.

AñASCAR, v. a. to trouble, or entangle affairs.

AñASMES, f. m. pl. obf. bracelets.

ARAZEAS, f. f. pl. days of pleafure.

AñE

AnEJARSE, v. r. to grow old, or fale.

AnE'IO, adj. what is more than one, two, or more years old; fpeaking of wine, &c.

ΑñΙ

AnI'CO, f. m. the smallest bit of any thing.

Hacer anicos, to cut in little bits, to pull to pieces.

Hacerfe anicos, to be in the greatest fury.

AnIL, f. m. indigo, or indico.
AnILA'DO, adj. dyed with anil,
or indigo.

AnINE'S, f. m. the coarse part of flax, tow-oakum to calk ships with

AñINOS, f. m. the fine fleece of a lamb one year old.
AñIR, f. m. obf. vide AñIL.

O ñ A

AñO, f. m. a year.

Mat año, God forbid.

Sacar el vientre de mal año, to be very well entertained.

AñOJO, f. m. a yearling calf.

AñO'SO, adj. ancient, old.

AñOVE'Z, adv. every other year, when the land yields a good crop one year, and a bad one the next.

AăU

AñUBLA'DO, adj. blindfold.
AñUBLA'R, v. a. vide ANU-BLA'R.

Añublúrfe, v. r. vid. ANUBLA'RSE.
AñUBLO, f. m. blasting of corn,
mildew.

Añudá los labios, be filent, hold your tongue.

AñUDADÜRA, vide ANUDA-DURA.

AñUDA'R, vide ANUDAR.

An USGA'R, v. a. to vex or trouble another.

Anusgarse, v. n. to stick in the throat.

AOA.

AOA'O, an adverb of calling at a diffance.

AOC

AOCAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of making any thing-hollow.
AOCA'R, v. a. to make hollow.
AOCHA'VO, f. m. vide OCHA-VO.
AO'CHO, adj. num. vide OCHO.

A O J.

AOJADO'R, f. m. one that bewitches with his eyes.

AOJADU'RA, f. f. bewitching, or fascinating, doing mischief with the looks.

AOJAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.

AOJA'R, v. a. to bewitch, or do mischief with only looking, to look upon any one with an evil eye.

AO'JO, f. m. vide. OJO.

A O R

AO'RA, adv. now.

Aóra poco, a little while fince.

AORMA'R, v. a. vide AHORMA'R.

AO'RTA, f. f. the great artery.

AORZA, f. f. vide ORZA.

Aóra, adv. (a fea word) on the left hand.

AOS

'AOSAD'AS, adv. boldly, audaciously.

AOV

AOVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs, as birds and infects do.

APA

APABILA'RSE, v. r. to confume one's felf by degrees, as a candle does.

APACA'R, v. a. to pacify, to make eafy, to mitigate.

APACENTADO'R, f. m. one that feeds, or that grazes, a herd-groom, or herdfman.

APACENTAMIE'NTO. f. m. feeding, grazing, putting into pasture; also pasture itself.

'APACENTA'R, v. a. to feed, to to graze, to put into pasture; used also in a spiritual sense.

APACIBILIDA'D, f. f. lenity, ease, quiet, peace.

APACI'BLE, adj. meek, pleafing to all persons, calm.

Un dia apacible, un ficio apacible, a fine day, a pleafant place.

APACIBLEME'NTE, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.

APACIGUADO'R, f. m. a peacemaker, one who endeavours to reconcile differences.

APACIGUAMIL'NTO, f. m. the action of pacifying or appeafing.

APACIGUA'R, v. a. to pacify, to appeale, to calm.

APADRINADO'R, f. m. one who fupports, or is fecond to another; a protector, a defender.

'APADRINA'R, v. a. to second, to back, to support.

APAGA'BLE, adj. extinguishable, that may be quenched.

APAGADO'R, f. m. one that quenches or extinguishes, or appeales; also an extinguisher, a hollow cone put upon a candle, to quench it.

APAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a dejection of mind.

APAGA'R, v. a. to quench, to extinguish, to appeale, or pacify. Apagar la fed, to quench one's thirst.

Apagarse, v. r. to be extinguished, or to be quenched.

Aun: [que malicia obscurézca la verdád no la puéde apagár, deceit may perplex, but can never overthrow the truth.

APAGULLA'R, v. a. to strike any body unawares, and suddenly.

APAINELA'DO, adj. in (architedure) the appellative of an architedure) the appellative of an architecture in interest and ellipsis formed upon its greater axis.

APAISA'DO, adj. (pintura apaifada)
a picture or landscape disposed in
length.

APAJA'DO, adj. covered with flraw, strewed over with flraw.

APALABRA'R, v. a to give one's word, to engage; also to speak to.

APALAMBRA'RSE, v. r. to be very thirfly.

APALANCA'R, v. a. to raife, to move, to lift any weight with a lever; also to supplant, to force away by stratagem.

APALEADO'R, f. m. one that beats with a cudgel; also one that ventilates corn.

Apaleadór de sardinas, in cant, a galleyslave.

APALEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cudgeling.

APALEA'R, v. a. to cudgel; or beat; also to ventilate grain.

Trås corduno apalcado, first cuckolded, then beaten.

APALMA'DA, adj. the hand held up so, as the palm is seen, as in a coat of arms.

APALPA'R, v. a. vide PAL-PA'R.

APANA'GE, f. m. lands, or a capital, of money fet apart for the maintenance of younger children.

APANCO'RA, f. f. a fort of shell growing by the fea fide amongst rocks.

APANDILLA'R, v. n. to be divided in different parties against each other; also (in cant) to cheat at cards,

APANIAGUA'R, v. a. to maintain, keep, or feed. Obf.

APARADO'R, f. m. he that takes or grasps.

APANAMIE'NTO, f, m. taking, or grasping.

APAñA'R, v. a. to take, or grasp, to keep carefully; also to seize, to take by force, to lay hold on. Apañar, to act with consideration and prudence.

APA'ñO, f. m. a taking up, or grasping; bur more properly, handiness, dexterity.

APAñUSCA'DO, adj. intangled. APAñUSCADO'R, f. m. f. the perfon who grasps or takes hold.

APAPAGA'YADO, adj. parrot-like.

Narly apapagayada, an aquiline, or
hooked nofe.

APAPAGAYA'RSE, v. r. to swell or bridle, as a parrot does.

APA'R, adv. vid. PA'R.

APARADO'R, f. m. a fide-board table, a dreffer in a kitchen, the place where workmen keep their tools or infiruments.

APARA'R, v. a. to prepare, provide, and make ready; also to hold up the hands or other things to catch what is tossed.

Apararse, v. r. to be prepared, to be provided; also it is taken, for the female to be ready to receive the male.

APARATA DO, adj. prepared; bien o mal aparatado, able bodied, or in bad health.

APARA'TO, f. m. pomp, splendour, sumpruosity, expensiveness; also preparation, readiness.

APARATOSO, adj. fumptuous, costly, expensive, splendid.

APARCE'RIA, f. f. partnership in trade, or the like.

APARCE'RO, f. m. a partner.

APARCIA'R, ∇ . a. to partake, to share.

APAREADO'R, f. m. one that pairs or couples.

APAREADURA, f. f. or APA-REAMIE'NTO, f. m. pairing, or coupling.

APAREA'R, v. a. to pair, to couple.

Aparedrie, v. r. to go, or walk two by two.

APARECEDO'R, f. m. one that appears or comes in fight; or one that feems or has a refemblance.

Obf.

'APARECE'R, v. a. to appear, to come into fight, to be found.

"APARE CIMIE'NTO, f. m. an appearance, a refemblance, coming in fight.

'A paréd en médio, the next house, which is only parted by a wall.

APAREJAD'OR, f. m. one that prepares, provides, dresses or makes ready.

'APAREJAMIE'NTO, a provision, preparation; prevention.

"APAREJA'R, v. a. to make ready, to prepare, provide, or drefs; also amongst muleteers, to saddle, to pannel.

APARE'JAS, adv. alike, by pairs.
'APARE'JO, f. m. preparation,
provision, necessaries; also the
faddle, or paunel, bridle, &c. for
a horse.

'Aparéjo reál, a fea term; our failors call it the garnet; which is a tackle, wherewith they hoife in all casks and goods, if they be not too heavy, as great ordnance, or the like.

APA'RÉJOS, f. m. pl. the tools or inftruments of a workman; alfo the rigging, or tackling of a ship.

'APARELLA'R, v, a. obs. vide APAREJA'R.

APARE'NCIA, f, f. vide APA-RI'ENCIA.

Aparencias, f. f. pl. the feenes in a play-house, or other shows reprefenting things, but without life,
f or motion.

'APARENTA'R, v. n. vide EM-PARENTA'R.

APARE'NTE, adj. apparent, feeming, not real; also false, deceitful, or able, convenient, proper; also appearing true; anciently, elegant, handsome, beautiful, fair.

APARENTEMENTE, adv. apparently, with femblance of truth.

'APARESCEDO'R, f. m. vide APARECEDO'R.

'APARESCE'R, v. a. vide APA-RECE'R. APARESCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide APARECIMIE'NTO.

APARICION, f. f. apparition, appearance, visibility.

APARIE'NCIA, f. f. appearance, likelihood.

Apariencias, f. f. pl. the decorations or scenes of a stage.

APARI'R, v. a. to appear, to come in fight.

APAROCHIA'R, v. a to furnish one's shop well vith goods.

APARTADAME'NTE, adv. feparately, diffinally.

APARTADI'JO, or APARTA-DI'ZO; f. m. a place apart, a division, or separation, a bye place to lay things out of the way. APARTADIZO, adj. peevish, cross, morose, man-hater.

APARTADOR, f. m. one that parts, or feparates, or puts away, but more peculiarly used among those that deal in wool, who separate four five forts of it.

APARTA'DOS, f. m. pl. the little boxes the printers letters lie in, for composing; or any other such boxes divided from one another.

APARTAMIE'NTO, f. m. a feparation, division; also a divorce or legal separation of husband and wife.

APARTAR, v. a. to part, to fet apart, to feparate.

Apactárse, v. r. to part, to be divorced, to separate, to set aside.

Apartár la génte, to make room in a croud.

Apartarfe de la querella, to let fall a fuit.

Apartárse de lo concertádo, to go from one's bargain.

Apartir, to diffuade, to dehort, to divert one by reafon from any thing.

Apartar la mano de uno, 6 de una cofa, to forfake one, or to fet aside any business.

Apartar la vifla, ò los ojos, to forget, to neglect.

Apartarfe del distamen de otro, to be of a contrary opinion.

Apartarse de si mismo, to lead a loose disorderly life.

APA'RTE, adv. apart, afide.

Llamdr uno apárte, to take any body afide; that is, when you impart fome fecret.

APARVA'R, v. a. to make a heap, to accumulate.

APASCENTAR, v. a. vid. APA-CENTAR.

APASSIONADAMENTE, adv. lovely, passionately with great love.

APASSIONA'R, v. a. to defire eagerly; also to vex, to plague, to give trouble.

Apassionarse, v. r. to be put into a passion, to be vexed, to be passionately in love; also to be partial.

Hombre apassionado no quiére sér confoládo, a passionate man is deaf to all advice.

APASTA'R, v. 2. vid. APACEN-TA'R.

APASTO, f. m. food, nourishment.

APATUSCA'R, v. a. to do things in a hurry, to make more hafte than good speed.

APATUSCO, f. m. an ornament of feveral bawbles; also any thing made in a hurry.

APAZOTE, f. m. a fort of herb fo called.

A P E

APE', f. m. an Indian word for a great commander among them.

APE'A, f. f. a fetter, fetlock, shackle.

APEADE'RO, f. m. a horfeblock, to mount or difmount a horfe.

APEADO'RES, f. m. pl. persons appointed to adjust the bounds of lands.

Apeamiento de una heredad, the extremity, bounds, or limits of a field measured.

APEAMIE'NTO, f. m. alightning, difmounting; also conceiving, or comprehending.

APEA'R, v. a. to alight, or difmount; also to conceive, or comprehend; to stop a cart by putting a stone under the wheels.

Apearse.

Apearse, v. r. to alight from a horse, or carriage; to fall from preferment.

Apear el rio, to be able to pass a river on foot, or to ford it.

Apear heredades, to fix, or settle the bounds of lands.

APE'CHOS, adv. as, tomár á péchos, to take a thing upon one, to take charge of it, to take it un der a man's own care.

APECHUGA'R, v. n. to clasp, or grasp close to embrace; also to undertake with spirit and courage.

APEDAZA'R, v. a. to break any thing in to pieces.

APEDA'ZOS, adv. by piecemeal. APEDERNALA'DO, adj. as hard as a flint-flone.

APEDREADE'RO, f. m. the place where boys throw stones at one another.

APEDREADO'R, f. m. one that is always throwing flones.

APEDREAMIE'NTO, f. m. the throwing of flones.

APEDREA'R, v. a. to stone, or fling stones; also to hail, or spoil with hail.

Las viñas fe apedreáron, the vineyards were spoiled with a storm of hail.

Roftro apedreado, à empedrado, a face marked with the finall-pox. APEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. flicking, cleaving, or fastening to; also inclination, propension, of mind.

APEGA'R, v. a. to flick, to cleave, to cling.

Apegarse, v. s. to be close to another.

APE'GO, f. m. vid. APEGA
MIENTO.

APELACIO'N, f. f. an appeal.
APELAMBRA'R, v. a. to take

the hair offskins, as tanners do with lime.

APELA'NTE, f. m. he that appeals.

APELAR, v. m. to appeal.

APELATIVO, f. m. appellative, a name given.

APELDAR, v. n. obf. to fly, to make an escape.

APE'LDE, f. m. an escape, in a hurry.

Tom. I.

APELIGRA'DO, adj. exposed to danger.

APELIOTES, f. m. a wind fo called; the same as subsolution.

APPELLAR, v. a. to foften a skin with oil or fat, as tanners do. APELLIDA'R, v. a to call upon, to call for affiftance; to cry for fuch a party or faction.

APELLI'DO, f. m. furname.

Prov. El más ruyn del apellido, da máyor vóz pór ser óydo, the most sulpable makes the greatest noise to be heard; that is, the worst people are mo noisy and loud.

APELLUCA'R, v. a. to force, or compress many things into one by squeezing them.

APELLUZCA'R, v. a. to mould into a mass.

APELMAZA'R, v. a. to fquat, fqueeze, or flat together; to mould with the hands or feet; also to grow or make lazy.

APE'LO, adv. fit to a hair, exact, just, even.

Apelo ayuso down the hair, or with the hair.

Apélo arriba, up the hair, or against the hair.

A redro pelo, against the grain.

APE'NAS, adv. scarcely, hardly,

barely.

APENDICE, f. m. appendix, fup-

plement, addition.

APEāUSCA'R, vid. APELMAZA'R.

APE'O, f. m. the fettling the bounds of lands; also the act in justice by which the bounds are fixed.

APEONA'R, v. n. to run on the ground; a term properly of sportsmen.

APERADO'R, f. m. one that commands and directs labourers; also a cart-maker.

APERA'R, v. a. to make any fort of carts or waggons.

APERCEBIMIE'NTO, f. m. preparation, provision, warning; also an order.

APERCEBER, v. a. to prepare, provide, warn; also (in law) to advise one to appear before the judge.

Hombre apercebido, médio combatido, the man who is upon his guard is the least hurt; that is, the more cautious ly any one acts, the less danger he exposes himself to.

APERCOLLA'R, v. a. to take a man by the collar.

Apercollár, v. a. to take any thing clandestinely.

APERDIGA'DO, adj broiled, finged; also a word to reproach those that have been in the inquisition, as if they had narrowly escaped being burnt.

APERDIGA'R, v. 2. to broil, to finge.

APERITIVO, adj. aperitive, opening.

APERNA'R, w. a. to hold. or catch any one by the leg.

APE'RO, f. m. a sheepcore, a fold.

Apéro, f. m. all the furniture, or harness, for beasts that work in the country; also the tools belonging to any trade.

En cafa del harro péor apéro, a bad knife in a cutler's house; or, no body goes worse shod than the shoemaker's wife.

APERRE'ADO, adj. dogged, sharp, biting; also ill used, as we say, used like a dog.

APERREADO'R, adj. troublefome, importunate.

APERREA'R, v. a. y n. to grow dogged, sharp, and biting; also to tire, to vex one felf.

APERROCHA'- adj. that has DO,
APERROCHIA'- good custom in felling.

APERROCHA'R, v. a. to have good custom in felling; to become a parishioner.

APERSONA' DO; adj. as, bien aperfonddo, that has a good prefence. APERSONA' RSE, v. r. to be of a graceful comely mien, or prefence.

APESADUMBRA'R, v. a. to cause trouble or vexation.

APESA'R, adv. in spight of; to one's forrow.

APESARADAME'NTE, adv. grievously, vexatiously, anxiously.

APESARA'R, v. a. to grieve, to trouble,

Н

APESGAMIE'NTO, f. m. fqueezing, weighing, or pressing flat. APESGA'R, v. 2. to squeeze, weigh, or press flat.

APH

Apesgarse, v. r. to be weighty, heavy.

APESTA'DO, adj. infected with the plague.

APESTA'R, v. a. to infect with the plague, thence to poison with a stench.

APETECEDO'R, f. m. f. one who desires, or has an appetite for any thing.

APETECE'R, v. a. to have an appetite, or defire for a thing, to cover, or long for.

APETECIBLE, adj. that which excites the appetite, which is to be covered, or defired.

APETI'BLE, adj. vid. APETE-CIBLE.

APETENCIA, f. f. the defire or coveting any thing.

APETITTVO, adj. belonging to the defiring or covering any

APETITO, f. m. petite, defire, covetousness.

APETITO'SO, adj. to be covered, or defired, a thing exciting the apetite; also one that has a fancy for every thing he fees.

APH

APHA'CA, f. f. verches or tares.

APHE'LIO, f. m. that part of the orbit of a planet in which it is at the point remotest from the fun.

APHE'RESIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a letter or a syllable is taken from the beginning of a

APHORI'SMO, f. m. aphorism, general rule.

API

APIADA'DO, adj. that has taken compassion or pity, become tender hearted.

APIADAR, v. a. to take pity, to have comp flion, or to move pity, or compassion.

Apiadárse, v. r. to be compassio- !

APIA'STRO, f. m. the herb called crows-foot.

APICARA'DO, adj. roguish, knavish.

A'PICE, f. m. a jot, a tittle, the leaft thing that may be.

A'pice, f. m. the height, top, fummit, perfection; also a very small object.

Estar en los apices, to have a perfect knowledge of any art or science.

APICOS PARDOS, adv. vid. PICO.

APIE JUNTILLAS, adv. PIE'. APIŁ'RNA SUE'LTA, adv. vid. PIE'RNA.

APILA'R, v. a. to heap, thrust, or mould together.

Apilárse la génie, to run into a throng.

APILA'SCO, adv. cast into large

APEADURA, f. f. 2 clinging or APIAMIENTO, flicking close f. m.

APInA'R, v. a. to cling, flick, or run close together, to close as hard as a pine-apple.

A'PIO, f. m. smallage, or water parsley.

A'pio, f. m. celery, an herb much used in winter sallads, a species of parsley.

APIOLA'R, v. a. to tie, or hold down by the foot, to hang.

API'QUE, adv. upon the point, just ready, upon the brink; as apique de perderse, upon the brink of perdition; et navio se fue a pique, the ship went to the bottom, or was funk.

APISONA'R, v. a. to ram down, to squeese or compress.

APITO'N, f. m. the bud of a flower before it bloffoms.

APITONA'DO, adj budded; alfo passionate, hasty, or furious.

APITONAMIE'NTO, f. m. budding; also passion, hastiness, or

APITONA'R, v. n. to peep out, to begin showing iffelf, it is faid of the horns of caule.

Apitonárse, v. r. to be so enraged as not to know what one

APL

APLACA'BLE, adj. that may be appealed, assuaged, mitiga-

APLACADO'R, f. m. a peacemaker.

APLACAMIE'NTO, f. m. the peace that is made.

APLACA'R, v. a. to appeale, or pacify.

Aplaca el tiempo, the Rorm is OVEL.

APLACENTA'R, v. a. to please, to delight,

APLACE'R, v. n. to please.

A placer, adv. at pleasure.

APIACIBLE, adj. pleasing, delìghtful.

APLACIE'NTE, adj. affable. agreable, pleasing.

APLANAMIE'NTO, f. m. the planing or finoothing any thing. APLANA'R, v. a. to smooth, or plane.

Aplanarse, v. r. to fall down; also to be aftonished and flupi-

APLANCHA'R, v. a. to make even, smooth, or plain.

APLASTA'R, v. a. to fquat, squeeze, or flat together, to mould with the hands or feet.

APLAUDI'R., v. a. to rejoice, or clap hands, to give praise; also to applaud.

APLA'USO, f.m. applause, approbation.

APLAYA'R, v. n. to overflow.

APLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an appointment, a fet time.

APLAZA'R , v. a. to appoint a day, to warn to a day.

APLICA'BLE, adj. applicable, fit, apt, proper.

APLICACIO'N f. f. applica-

APLICADE'RO, adj. that may be applied.

APLICADO'R, f. m. one that applies.

APLICA'R, v. a. to apply.

Aplicase, v. r. to be diligent, to be careful, industrious.

Aplicar a uno, a una cosa, to set one upon a thing.

Aplicar el oido, to tend atten-

APLOMA'DO, adj. heavy as lead, leaded, like lead, dull, lumpish; also upright, or perpendicular.

APLOMA'R, v. a. to cover, or folder with lead; also to set upright, or perpendicular with a plummet.

Aplomárse, v. r. to be at a stand, to know not what to say or do.

APO

APOCA, f. f. an acquittance or discharge.

APOCADAME'NTE, adv. meanly, abjectly, of little value.

APOCA'DO, adj. made little, or of finall value, lessead, of little worth; also mean-spirited.

APOCADOR, f. m. the person who lessens or diminishes.

APOCAMIE'NTO, f. m. leffening; also meanness of spirit.

MPOCAR, v. a. to lessen, to make small account of, or undervalue; to become mean-spirited.

Apocárse, v. r. to be lessened; also to despise one's self, to undervalue one's self.

APOCE'MA, f. f. a decoction.

APO'CHA, f. f. a receipt given on payment.

APO'COPE, f. f. a figure in poetry, which takes a fyllable from the end of a word.

APOCRYPHO, adj. apocryphal, fabulous, uncertain.

APODADE'RO, f. m. joke, banter, pun.

APODA'DO, adj. reflected on, jes-

APODADO'R, f. m. one that is full of jefts, and biting words; a banterer, a jefter.

APODAMIE'NTO, f. m. a reflecsion, or jeft. APODA'R, v. a. to reflect on, to jest upon another, to use witty sharp expressions.

APODENCADO, adj belonging to a fetting dog.

APODERA'R, v. 2. or APODE-RA'RSE, v. r. to take or give power, or possession, to enable, to possess.

APO'DO, f. m. a witty jest, or reslection upon another.

APODO'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, called reddition.

APOGE'O, f. m. apogee, or apogeum, a point in the heavens, where the sun or planet is at the greatest distance possible from the earth.

APOLILLA'DO, adj. motheaten.

APOLILLADURA, f. f. eating, or the hole made by a moth.

APOLILLA'RSE, v. r. to be moth-

APOLLA'R, v. a. to fet the hen upon her eggs.

APOLOGETI'CO, adj. belonging to an apology.

APOLOGIA, f. f. an apology.

APOLOGISTA, f. m. the person who writes apologies.

APOLOGIZA'R, v. a. to defend any one's cause by speaking or writing.

APO'LOGO, f. m. a fable, a tale, in which we make birds, beafts, and things inanimate to speak.

APOLTRONA'RSE, v. r. to grow lazy, and idle.

APOMAZA'R, v. 2. to rub the canva's with the punnice - stone, as painters do.

APOPHASIS, f. f. a figure by which the orator feems to wave what he would plainly infinuare.

APO'PHISIS, f. f. the prominent parts of fome bones.

APOPHTHE'GMA, f. m. an apophthegm, a short and remarkable faying.

APOPLETICO, adj. belonging to an apoplexy.

APOPLEXI'A, f. f. apoplexy.

APOOUECE'R, v. a. vid. APO

APOQUECE'R, v. a. vid. APO-CA'R. APORCA'DO, adj. dug in ridges, or little hillocks, or made in trenches.

APORCADURA, f. f. raifing ridges, or hillocks, or making little trenches.

APORCA'R, v. a. to make little ridges, to throw up earth about plants to keep the roots warm, or make little furrows to drain away the water.

APORFIA, adv. contentiously, vying, firiving to outdo one another.

APORI'SMA, f. f. an inflammation after being let blood.

APORRA'R, v. a. vid. APOR-REA'R.

APORREADURA, f. f. APORREAMIE'NTO, a beatf. m.

APORREA'R, v. a. to beat.

Aporreurse, v. r. to beat one's self; also to faint with weariness.

Aporrearse en la jaula, aporrear la jaula, to tire in vain.

APORRI'LLO, adv. abundantly, copiously, plentifully.

APORTADE'RAS, f. f. pl. panniers or packs carried by horses or mules.

APORTAMIENTO, f. m. arriging.

APORTA'R, v. n. to arrive to come into a port.

APORTELLA'DO, f. m. the name of an honourable ancient dignity in Spain.

APORTILLA'R, v. a. to break open, or to batter down, to make a breach.

APOSE'MA, f. m. 2 physical potion, a decoction.

APOSENTA'DO, adj. lodged, quartered, billetted.

APOSENTADO'R, f. m. a harbinger.

Aposentador de exercito, a quarter-

APOSENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. a lodging, or quartering.

APOSENTA'R, v. a. to lodge, to quarter.

Aposentar arboles, to plant trees in rows.

APOSENTILLO, f. m. a little chamber.

H 2

APOSE'NTO, f. m. a chamber, lodging, or quarters.

Aposento de nao, a dock where ships are built; also a cabbin in a ship.

APOSIOPE'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when one through anger or earnestness leaves out a part of a sentence.

"APOSPE'LO, adv. oppositely, violently.

APOSSESSIONAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting into possession.

APOSSESSIONA'R v. a. to put into possession,

Apossessionarse, v. r. to take posses-

APOSTADA'ME'NTE, adv. purposely, designedly.

APOSTA'L, f. m. a fit place to catch fish.

APOSTAMIE'NTOS, f. m. pl. obf. furniture, or ornaments.

APOSTA'R, v. a. to lay a wager; also to post a fentinel, or body of men.

APOSTASIA, f. f. apostacy, departure from what a man has proffessed.

APO'STATA, f. m. f. an apoftate, one that renounces his religion.

'APOSTATA'R, v. a. to apostatize, to renounce one's reli-

'APOSTE' MA, f. f. an apostume, apostume, or impostume, a swelling; an abscess.

APOSTEMACIO'N, f. f. the gathering of a purulent tumour, an apostemation.

'APOSTEMA'R, v. a. to apostemate, to swell and corrupt into matter.

'Apostemárje, v. r. to be apostemated.

'APOSTIA', f. f. calumny, falshood.

APOSTILLA'R, v. a. to illustrate with marginal notes.

'APO'STOL, f. m. an apostie.
APOSTOLA'DO, (f. m. apost-

APOSTOLA'ZGO, (f. m. apoft-APOSTOLA'ZGO, (leship.

APOSTOLICA'L, adj. vid. A-POSTO'LICO.

APOSTOLICAME'NTE, adv. apostolically.

APOSTO'LICO, adj. apostolical, or belonging to the apostles.

APO'STOLO, f. m. vid. APO'S-TOL.

APO'STROPHE, f. m. a figure when we turn our discourse from those we speak to, to the absent; also a dash with the pen, being a note of cutting off a letter, as when we write believed, for believed.

APOSTURA, f. f. handfomeness, comeliness.

APOTHE'CA, f. f. am apothecary's shop.

APOTHECA'RIO, f. m. an apothecary.

APOYA'R, v. a. to maintain, to fupport, to prop.

Apoyarse, v. r. to be supported, maintained.

APC'YO, f. m. support, prop; also help, protection, favour.

APR

APRACA'R, v. a. to appeale, assuage, mitigate.

APRECI'ABLE, adj. praife worthy, commendable, lauda-

APRECIADAME'NTE, adv. commendably, praife worthily. APRECIADU'R, f. m. an appraifer, one that fets a rate or value on goods.

APRECIADU'RA, f. f. prizing, valuing, fetting a rate.

APRECIA'R, v. a. to prize, to value, to fet a rate; to efteem.

APRECIATIVO, adj. commendable, laudable.

APRECIO, f. m. price, value, esteem.

APREGONA'R, v. a. to cry.

APREHENDE'R, v. a. to apprehend, to conceive; also to suspect, or be apprehensive, to lay hold of.

APREHENDEDO'R, f. m. one that apprehends, conceives, or is apprehensive.

APREHENSIO'N, f. f. apprehension, fear, suspicion of something. APREHENSI'VO, adj. apprehenfive, fearful, suspicious.

APREMIADAML'NTE, adv. violently, by compulsion, or force.

APREMIADO'R, f. m. one that forces or compels.

APREMIADU'RA, f. f. force, compulsion.

APREMIAMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. APREMIO.

APREMIA'R, v. a. to force, to compel.

APRL'MIO, f. m. force, compulfion, violence.

APRENDE'R, v. a. to learn.

APRENDIGO'N, f. m. a beginner, a novice, an apprentice, an un experienced attempter, a learner.

APRENDI'Z, f. m. an apprentice.

APRENDIZA'SGO, f. m. apprenticeship.

APRENSADO'R, f. m. a preffer. APRENSA'R, v. a. to prefs; also to distress, to molest.

APRESA'R, v. a. to press one against his will; also to take him prisoner.

APRESENTA'R, v. a. vid. PRE-SENTA'R.

APRESTADO'R, f. m. one that prepares or makes ready.

APRESTADU'RA, f. f. preparing, or making ready.

APRESTA'R, v. a. to prepare, to make ready.

APRESTO, f. m. a preparation. APRESURACIO'N, f. f. readines, dispatch, diligence, celerity.

APRESURADAME'NTE, adv. hastily.

APRESURADO'R, f. m. one that haftens.

APRESURAMIE'NTO, f. m. hafting.

APRESURA'R, or APRESSU-RA'R, v. a. to hasten, to make haste.

Aprefurárse, v. r. to be expeditious, quick, or speedy.

APRETADAME'NTE, adv. clofely, preflingly, forcibly.

APRETADE'RAS, f. f. pl. ropes that we use to bind any thing.

APRETADO'N, f. m. the cant word for a doublet.

'APRETADO'R, f. m. a woman's girdle; also a filver and gold wire women wore on the head.

Apretador, f. m. a rammer, fuch as paviors use to ram in the stones with.

APRETADURA, f. f.
APRETAMIE'NTO, f. m. | fqueezing, preffing ftreightning; also affliction, forrow, greef.

APRETANTE, f. m. in cant, a sharper at play, who lets his cully win a while, and then squeezes him.

APRETA'R, v. a. to squeeze, press, streighten, or close, also to pursue and molest.

Apretar con une, to hold, to seize

Apretár la mano, to confirm a promise.

Apretár las foletas, to run, to fly.

Apretár las cinchas, to girt a horse tight.

'APRETO'N, f. m. a sudden preffing exigency; also a short swift race; also affliction.

'APRETU'RA, f. f. ftreightness; a throng, a pressing circumstance.

APRIE'SSA, adv. hastily, quickly.

4PRIE'TO, f. m. danger, pressing circumstance, difficulty.

4PRIMAS, adv. chiefly, first of all.

APRISA, adv. in a hurry, quickly.

APRISA'R, v. n. to catch fire, to take fire.

APRISCA'R, v. a. to put into a sheepfold.

APRI'SCO, f. m. a sheepfold.

APRISONA'R, v. a. to imprifon,
to fetter.

4PRI'SO, f.m. eb. vid. APR'ISCO. 4PRO, f.m. a boar. Ufed only by poets.

APROA'R, v. a. to steer a ship. APROBACIO'N, s. f. approbation, confent, liking.

4PROBADO'R, f. m. the person who approves.

iPROBA'R, v. 2. to approve, to allow, to consent, to like.

APRO'CHES, f. m. pl. the approaches at a fiege.

APRONTAMIE'NTO, f. m. preparation, the act of making ready what will foon be wanting.

APRONTA'R, v.a. to make ready, to put in order.

APRO'NTO, vid. APRONTA-MIENTO.

APROPINQUA'R, v. a. to approach, to draw near.

APROPO'SITO, vid. PROPO-SITO.

APROPRIACION, f. f. appropriation, applying, adapting.

APROPIA'R, v. a. to appropriate, apply, adapt, fit.

Apropriarse; v. r. to adapt any thing to one's self.

APROVACION, vid. APRO-BACION.

APROVA'R, v. a. vid. APRO-BA'R.

APROVECE'R, v. n. vid. APRO-VECHA'R.

APROVECHADAME'NTE, adv. profitably, ulefully.

APROVECHAMIE'NTO, f. m. profit, gain, advantage.

APROVECHA'R, v. n to fave, to improve, to put to good use, to profit.

Aprovecharse, v. r. to be put to good use, to be profitable.

APROVECHO'SO, adj. profitable, useful beneficial.

APROVECIMIE'NTO, f. m. vid. APROVECHA'MIENTO.

APROVEE'R, v. a. vid. PRO-VEE'R.

APROXIMACIO'N, f. f. approaching, or drawing mear.

APROXIMA'R, v. a. to approach, to draw near.

APRUE'VA, adv. upon trial.

APS

APSIDES, f. m. apfides, the higher apfis is called aphelion, or apogee, the lower periphelion, or perigee.

APT

APTAME'NTE, adv. fitly, properly, aptly.

APTITU'D, f. f. aptness, reading ness, capacity.

APTO, adj. apt, ready, capable.

APTU'NO, f. m. autumn. Obf.

APU

APUE'STA, f. f. a wager.

APUESTAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, delicately, nobly, gracefully.

APUESTO, adj. seasonable, opportune, in right time.

Apuesto, f. m. gracefulness, neatness.

APUNADA'R, v. a. to strike with the fist.

 $APU\bar{n}A'R$, v. a. to grasp in the fift.

APUnADU'RA, s. f. a grasp.

APUREADURA, f. f. a beating, or buffeting.

APUnEAR, v. a. to beat or buffet.

APURETEAR, v. a. to beat with the fift.

APUNTACION, f. f. annotation, note,

APUNTADO'R, f. m. an observer, one that points out, or directs, or one that takes notice of faults.

APUNTALA'R, v. a. to prop, or shore up, to underfet, to support.

APUNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. an advice, remembrance; also pointing, and agreement.

APUNTA'R, v. a. to appoint, to point out, to mark, also to sharpen, to edge.

Apuntarfe, v. r. to grow four.

APUNTILLA'R, v. 2. to kick, to fpur.

APU'NTO, adv. ready.

APUnUSCA'R, v. 2. to gripe roughly in the fift, to rumple, to fqueeze.

APURADAME'NTE, adv. cleanly, absolutely, or of necessity.

APURADE'RO, adv. cleanly, abfolutely, or of necessity.

APURADE'RO, f. m. a clear or manifest proof of any thing.

APURADO'R, f. m. one who drives another to extremity; also one

that fearches out the truth of any thing.

APURAMIE'NTO, f. m. draining; also purifying, and driving to extremity.

'APURA'R, v. a. to drain, to purify, to drive to extremity; also to examine, to drain, and to provoke.

Apurár la paciencia, to try a man's patience.

Apurár un hombre, to press a man hard.

APURO, f. m. vid. APURA-MIENTO.

M Q U

AQUADRILLA'R, v. 2. to conduct a squadron of soldiers.

AQUANTIADO, adj. belonging to quantity, equalling in quantity.

AQUA'RIO, f. m. the eleventh fign in the zodiac.

AQUARTELAMIE'NTO, f. m. the place where foldiers are quartered.

AQUARTELA'R, v. a. to quarter foldiers, to appoint them quarters.

AQUA'TICO, adj. watery, or that belongs to the water.

AQUATIL, adj. that lives in the water.

AQUATISMO, f. m. an ocean, or congregation of waters. Obf.

AQUATO'CHO, f.m. vid. AGUA-TO'CHO.

'AQUE'DA, adv. as, tañér á qué ia, to ring the bell which fets the watch at night.

AQUEDADO'R, f. m. one that flops, or flays; that stills or quiets.

AQUEDA'R, v. a. to stay or stop, to still or quiet.

AQUEDUCTO, f. m. an aqueduct.

AQUEJADAME'NTE, adv. anxiously, vexatiously, hastily.

AQUEJAMIE'NTO, f. m. hastines, anxiery.

'AQUEJA'R, v. a. to haften, to press.

AQUEJOSAME'NTE, adv. an-

AQUE'L, pron. that man.

AQUELLA, pron. that woman.

AQUE'LLO, pron. that thing. AQUE'NDE, adv. obf. on this

fide.

AQUEO, adj watery, or belonging to water.

AQUE'SSO, adv. that,

AQUE'STA, pron. that woman. AQUE'STE, pron. this man.

AQUE'STO, pron. this thing.

AQUI, adv. here; also now.

AQUIESCE'NCIA, f. f. agreement, condescension.

AQUIÉTAMIE'NTO, f. m. quieting, ftilling; pacifying.

AQUIETA'R, v. a. to quiet, still, or pacify.

A'QUILA, vid. AGUILA.

AQUILATA'R, v. a. to refine or purify gold.

AQUILE'ñO, vid. AGUILE'ñO.
Aquileño, f. m. a man apt or fit
to be a thief.

AQUILIFER, 6 AQUILIFERO, f. an ancient enfign, a cor-

AQUILINO, the same as aqui-

AQUILLA, f. f. the keel of a ship.

AQUILLOTRA'DO, adj. a clownish word; desperaely. in love. AQUILO'N, f. m. the north.

AQUILONA'R., adj. belonging to the north.

AQUISTAR, v. a. to acquire, to get, to obtain.

AQUITI'BI, f. m. a burlefque name given to each of the porters, who, dreffed like fextons, carry the reprefentations of the inftruments of our Saviour's passion in the procession of Passionweek.

AQUO'SO, adj. full of water.

ARA

A'RA, f. f. an altar, or an altarflone laid on the altar where mass is said; also, a constellation so called.

ARA'DA, f. f. a ploughed field. ARADO, f. m. a plough.

Arddo coméro, a crooked plough. ARADO'R, f. m. plougher, ploughman.

ARA'DRO, f. m. vid. ARA'DO.

ARADU'RA, f. f. ploughing.
ARAGA'N, adj. vid. HARA-GA'N.

ARA'IZ, f. f. vid. RA'IZ.

ARAJE'DA, f. f. the plough-staff to cleanse the coulther with.

ARA'LDO, f. m. vid. HERA'L-DO.

ARA'M, f. m. brass drawn or worked out to a length, as brass wire.
Obf.

ARAMBE'L, f. m. a tattered cloth, a rag; fometimes taken for the hanging of a room.

ARAMBRA'DO, adj. of a copper colour, or covered with copper.

ARAMBRA'R, v. a. to paint or dye of a copper colour, or to cover with copper.

ARA'MBRE, f. m. copper.

Hllo de arámbre, brass or copper wire.

ARAMI'A, f. f. 2 ploughed field. ARA'NA, deceit, craft.

ARANCE'I, f. m. a regulation of rates of provisions; also setting the duties paid on goods in the custom-house; also, a method, a rule.

ARANDA'NO, f. m. the fruit of the service-tree.

ARANDE'LA, f. f. a thing in the shape of a funnel, fastened to the thick end of a lance to defend the man's hand; it is also a fort of band worn by women.

ARA'NDES, f. f. pl. strawberries.

ARANEA, f. f. the twoicle of the eye, that contains the crystalline humour.

ARANIE'GO, adj. a hawk that has been taken in a net.

ARANZA'DA, f. f. an acre, or about the same quantity of ground, or land.

ARA'āA, f. f. a spider. It is also a branch to hang in the middle of a room with many candles; and in some places a crab; also an industrious diligent man.

Prov. Al adna hund la rucca el diáblo, porque seque la sela del ribo, the devil fole the spider's distaff, that she might draw her thread through her tail; this they fay to any that do things prepofterously.

ARAMADOR, f. m. one that feratches.

ARARADURA, f. f. a scratching or clawing.

 $ARA\bar{a}A'R$, v. a. to fcratch, to claw; also to be a miser, a fcrape-penny.

ARAñE'TA, f. f. a little spi-

ARARENTO, adj. full of spi-

ARARIEGO, f. m. a kind of kite fo called.

ARAnITA, f. f. a little spider.

ARAñO, f. m. a scratch. ARAñUL'LA, f. f. diminut. of arana.

ARANUB'LO. f. m. a spare, a net to catch birds in.

ARANZE'L, a scroll, a roll of paper, a muster-roll, a list; also a proclamation settling the rates of provisions.

ARA'R, v. a. to plough.

Arir el már, metaph, to plough the feas, to fail; it is alfo called ploughing, because the ship leaves a track behind her, as the plough does a furrow.

'ARASA'R, v. z. vid. ARRA-SA'R.

ARASTRA'R, v. a. vid. AR-RASTRAR.

ARASUZ, adv. now, now for

ARATIVO, adj. arable, fit for tillage.

ARATO'RIO, adj. contributing to tillage.

ARA' TOS, adv. now and then, by fits, at feveral times.

ARAVA'L, S. m. vid. ARRA-BAL.

ARB

ARBE'JA, f. f. the tare or

ARBITA'NA, f. f. vid. ALBI-TA'NA.

ARBITRADO'R, f. m. an arbi-

ARBITRA'L, adj. voluntarily

left to one's own choice; ar-

ARB

ARBITRAME'NTO, f. m. judgment, decision, determination. ARBITRA'NTE, f. m. an arbitrator, an umpire.

ARBITRA'R, v. a. to arbitrate,

ARBITRARIAME'NTE . adv. decisively, determinately, peremptorily.

ARBITRARIO, adj. that is, or may be put to arbitration; also arbitrary.

ARBITRE'RO, adj. obstinate, stiff in opinion, froward, pertinacious.

ARBITRIA'NO, f. m. an arbitrator an umpire Obs.

ARBI'TRIO, f. m. a man's will, opinion, or decision; also a pro-

ARBITRI'STA, f. m. a pro-

ARBITRO, f. m. an arbitrator,

A'RBOL, f. m. a trée, a mast of a ship

Arbol del parayso, vid. 'ALHEnA. Arbol trifte, a tree growing in several parts of India.

Arbol mayor, the main-mast of a

Arbol de proa 6 de trinquete, the fore-

Arbol de mezána, the mizzen-mast, the mast in the stern of a ship. Arbol de la camisa, the body of a shirt, also a tool used by watchmakers.

Prov. Quien a buen arbol se arrima, buena sombra la cobija, he that leans against a good tree, has a good shade over him; that is, he that relies on good worthy people reaps a benefit.

ARBOLA'DO, f. m. in cant, a tall man.

Arbolado, ad! fet upright as a tree. raised or lifted up.

ARBOIA'R, v. a. to mast a ship, to fet upright.

Arbolar vandera, to set up, or to hoift, or hold up the colours, to display them.

ARBO'LARIO, f. m. vid. HER-BOLARIO.

ARBOLA'ZO, f. m. a great tree. ARBOLCI'LLO, f. m. a little tree,

ARBOLEC'ER, y. n. to grow up to a tree.

ARBOLECI'CO, f. m. vide AR-BOLECILLO.

ARBOLE'DA, f. f. a grove of

ARBOLEDE'RO, f. m. one than looks to an orchard, or a wood. ARBOLE'TE, f. m. a lime-twig. ARBOLI'LLO, diminut. of arbol. ARBOLI'STA, f. m. a gardener. a dreffer or planter of trees.

ARBOLLON, f. m. a drain to draw off water.

ARBORA'DO, adj. full of trees. or shaded with trees.

ARBORA'R, v. n. to grow up to trees; alfo as arbolár.

ARBORBO'LA, f. f. a tumult, an up roar.

ARBOSANTE, f. m. a short ladder, also a prop to support any building.

ARBUSTO, f. m. a little tree, a shrub.

ARC

A'RCA, f. f. a cheft, a bin to keep bread and corn, a great ciftern to keep water.

Arca .del pan , a bin for bread; meraph, the belly,

Arca de Noé, Noah's ark; metaph. any place or cheft that contains all forts of things.

Prov. En arca de avariênto, el diablo yaze dentro, the devil lies in a covetous man's chest.

Prov. . En arca ableriá el jústo péca . the just man sins by an open chesta opportunity makes the thief.

Sangrár à uno de la vena del arca, to trick any one out of his money. Prov. Ni ojo en lá cária, ni mano. en el arca, neither look into writing paper, nor put your hand into another man's purse; that is, be not impertinently curious to observe what does not belong to

ARCABUCEA'DO, adj. shot. ARCABUCEA'R, v. a. to shoot, ARCABUCERIA, S.f. the infar-

try who made use of an engine to shoot darts or stores out of. Obs.

ARCABUCE'RO, f. m. an engineer; a maker of military engines. Obf.

ARCABU'CO, f. m. a great thick wood of trees.

ARCABUZ, f. m. a musket.

ARCABUZA'ZO, f. m. a musket-

ARCABUZERI'A, f. f. musketeers a body of them.

ARCABUZE'RO, f.m. a musketeer. ARCACHO'FA, S. f. vide ALCA-CHO'FA.

ARCA'DA, f f. straining or reaching to vomit.

Estár uno dando arcádas, to be in the pangs of death.

ARCADE'RO, f. m. a chest-maker, a joiner.

ARCADO'R, f. m. vide AR-QUEADOR.

ARCADU'CES, f. m pl. buckers . fixed to the wheel of a water-mill to draw up water in.

'ARCADUZ, f. m. a pipe, or conduit for water, an aqueduct, a por, whereof they tie a great many to a rope fet round a wheel to draw up water.

Arcaduz, a mark or token of the affections of the mind; also a bufy-body flatterer or pimp.

ARCADUZA'R, v. 2. to lay pipes, or other conveniencies to carry water; metaph, to contrive and · lay the method to carry on any business.

ARCANIDAD, f. f. a fecret.

ARCA'NO, adj. secret, concealed, hidden, undifcon vered.

ARCA'Z, f. m. a man's cheft, or breast, all that part of him which is shut in by the ribs; also a great trunk or chest.

Arcaz, f. m. a great chest.

ARCE, f. f. the bladder-nut.

Arce, f. m. a tower.

ARCE'A, f. f. a wood-cock, or a fnipe.

ARCEBISBE, f. m. obf. an archbi-

ARCEDIANA'ZGO, f. m.an archdeaconship.

ARCEDIA'NO, f. m. an archdeacon,

ARCE'N, f. m. vide ARZE'N. ARCE'RO, s. m. vide ARCHE-

ARC

A'RCHA, f. f. the blade of the weapon used by archers anciently.

ARCHA'NGEL, f. m. an archangel; pronounce arcangel.

ARCHE'RO, f. m. an archer; also one of the King of Spain's guard, a yeoman of the guard.

ARCHERUE'LO, f. m. a little archer, or small yeoman of the guard.

ARCHE'TYPO, f. m. original, model, pattern. Pronounce arké-

ARCHIBA'NCO, f. m. a table, or a feat with a drawer under

ARCHI'BO, f. m. vide ARCHI'-VO.

ARCHIBRIBO'N, f. m. a mafter beggar, the chief of the mumpers.

ARCHIDIA'BLO, f. m. a grand or arch-devil.

ARCHIDUCA'DO, f. m. an achdukedom.

ARCHIDU'QUE, f. m. an arch-

ARCHIDUQUE'SA, f. m. an archdutchess.

ARCHIGA TO, f. m. the chief among the cats; a word used jocosely.

ARCHILAUD, f. m. a large

ARCHIMANDRITA, f. m. a fuperior of religious men.

ARCHIPIE'LAGO, f. m. the Archipelago, a part of the Mediterranean Sea which is full of islands.

ARCHIPOBRE, f. m. the chief of the beggars or mumpers.

ARCHIPOE'TA, f. m. the prince of poets.

ARCHPRE'STE, f. m. an archpriest, or chief-priest.

ARCHISYNAGOGO, f. m. the chief of the synagogue.

ARCHITE'CTO, or ARCHITE'-TO, f. m. an architect.

ARCHITECTURA, f. f. architecluse.

ARCHITRA' VE, f. m. architrave, the mafter or principal beam in any firucture; in Rone-work it is that part which lies immediately. upon the columns, and supports the structure.

ARCHITRICLI'NO, f. m. he that orders and takes care of a feaft.

ARCHITYRA'NO, f. m. an archtyrant.

ARCHIVA'R, v. a. to have any thing recorded; to keep it in the archives.

ARCHIVE'RO, s. m. the master of the records.

ARCHIVI'STA, f. m. a keeper of the records.

ARCHIVO, f. m. an archive, place where records are kept.

Archivo, the person who keeps a se-

ARCI'LLA , f. f. clay.

ARCILLO'SO, adj. belonging to

ARCIPRETA'ZGO, f. m. the dignity or jurisdiction of the chiefprieft.

ARCIPRE'STE, vide ARCHI-PRE'STE.

A'RCO, f. m. a bow; also an

Arco entéro, an arch that is a complete semicircle, whose chord is the whole diameter.

Arco diminuldo, an arch that is less than a semicircle, and therefore its chord is less than a semidiameter.

Arco compuésto, an arch composed of two fmall arches, which meeting at the top cut one another there, and form an angle. ARCO'LA, f. f. a fort of coarfe canvas.

ARCO'N, f. m. augm. of arca, a great cheft.

ARCTICO, adj. belonging to the north pole.

ARCTURO, a flar in the heavens fo called.

A R D

ARDA, f. f. a squirrel. ARDALEA'R, v. n. to grow thin, (speaking of grapes.) ARDENTIA ARDENTIA, f. f. the light caufed by the waves in a tempest; a seaterm.

ARDE'OLA, f. f. a little heron.

ARDE'R, v. n. to burn, to flame. to blaze.

ARDID, f. m. a stratagem and cunning contrivance.

ARDIDAME'NTE, adv. bravely, couragiously.

ARDIDE'ZA, f. f. magnanimity, bravery; also cunning,

craft.

ARDIDO, adj. burnt; fet on fire; also hot in remper, hasty.

ARDIDOSO, adj. sagacious, acute, quick fighted; also flour

valiant, couragious.

ARDI'ENTE, adj. burning hot, also passionate and bright.

ARDIENTEME' NTE, adv. hot-

Ardientemente, adv. bravely, couragiously.

ARDILLA, f. f. dim. of arda.

ARDIME'NTO, f., m. heat,
burning; also a fiery temper,
boldness, courage, an earnest
defire.

ARDI'TE, f. m. a piece of copper money formerly in spain, worth three maravedies.

No vale un ardite, no fe me dd un ardite, no fe eftima en un ardite, not worth a doit. I don't value it a pin, it is not worth a pin.

ARDO'R, f. m. heat, burning, a flame, or blaze; also eagerness, boldness.

'ARDUAME'NTE, adv. difficultly.

ARDUIDAD, f. f. difficulty, hard labour, great pains.
ARDUO, adj. difficult.

ARE

A'REA, f. f. the area, or superficial contents of any thing; also in geometry, the surface between any line.

ARÉCE'R, v. a. vide SECAR.
ARE'ITO m. a kind of
dance.

ARE'NA, C. Trand.
Tom. I.

Dár cálza de aréna, to take a heavy revenge on a man.

Escribir en la aréna to write, on sand; to make slight of what one hears.

Sembrár en la arená, to fow on the fand; to labour in vain.

Contar las arénas, to count the fands; to undertake impossibilities. Ay mas de tal cósa que de aréna, there is more of such a thing than of sand; that is, there is great plenty.

Prov. Comer arena antes que hacer viléça, to eat fand, rather than do a base action; that is, to suffer all extremities.

ARENA'L, f. m. a fandy place, a fandpit, or the fands on the shore.

ARENALILIO, f. m. diminut. of arenal.

ARENCA'DO, adj. like a herring, or tafting of herring; as dry as a herring.

ARENCO'N, f. m. augment. of arénque.

ARE'NGA, f. f. a long speech, or a tale.

ARENGA'DO, adj. belonging to a speech foolishly or idly uttered.

ARENGA'R, v. n. to make an ora-

ARENI'LLA, f. f. fmall fand.

Arenillas, f. f. pl. a fort of dice that have no spots, but upon one side.

ARENISCO, adj. fandy.

ARE'NQUE, f. m. a herring.

Arénque ahumádo, a red herring.

ARENQUI, f. the name of a liquor diffilled from dates.

ARENQUE'RO, f. m. one that fells herrings.

ARE'STA, f. f. the coarfest fort of flax.

ARESTIN, f. m. a difease in a horse's pasterns, called the scratches; in children a scald head.

ARF

ARFA'R, v. n. to plunge, or roll as a ship does.

Arfar el navio, the ship plunges fometimes a-head, and fometimes a-ftern.

ARFFL, f. m. the bishop at chefs.

ARG

ARGADIJO,
ARGADILLO,
ARGADIARGADIXO,

f. m. a reel, to reel
thread or yarn on;
or any fuch frame
made of fimall fticks; also a busy
body.

ARGA'DO, f. m. a shuffle, a trick.

Prov. Argado fobre argado, y no miét fobre ojuélas, reel upon reel, and no honey upon fritters, that is, toil upon toil, or misfortune upon misfortune, and nothing to fweeten them.

ARGALI'A, f. f. obf. a fyringe.

ARGAMANDE'L, f. m. a tattered rag.

ARGAMANDIJO, f. m. a reel, or any fuch frame made of small flicks.

ARGAMA'SSA, f. f. a shift clay, plaster, strong lime and sand, coment, and mortar.

ARGAMASSA'R, v. a. to cover with cement, or mortar.

ARGANAS, f. f. pl. a fort of panniers made of hemp, like a close net, to carry corn on beasts backs from the field, or any such use; also a crane to draw up stones.

ARGANDIJO, s. a pair of yarn windles.

ARGANE'O, f. m. a little iron or brafs ring that boats are generally fixed to.

A'RGANO, f. m. an engine of many, arches, used formerly at the sieges of towns.

ARGAVIE'SO, f. m. a ftormy shower.

ARGAYO, f. m. a great coat or cloak, which covers the rest of the cloaths.

ARGE'L, f. m. a horse with his off foot white, and no other white about him, which in Spain is looked upon as an ill mark.

T

66

Argel, adj. un fortunate, unhappy, alfo flavish.

ARGE'MA, f. f. a film that grows over a horse's eye, either by the falling of humours, or caused by a blow.

ARGE'MONE, f. f. an herb fo called.

ARGE'N, f. m. a cant word for plate, or money.

Argin vivo, quicksilver.

ARGE'NT, f. m. obf. plate,

ARGENTADO'R, f. m. one that filvers over; or plates, or adorns with filver.

ARGENTA'R, v. a. to filver over, to plate, or adorn with silver.

'ARGENTERI'A, f. f. any vestels of plate, or any garments adorned with plate.

ARGENTIFODI'NA, f. f. a filvermine.

ARGE'NTO VIVO, f. m. vide ARGE'N VI'VO.

ARGI'LLA, f. f. clay.

ARGO'LLA, f. f. a great iron ring to hold by, or for fuch

Juigo de argólla, a game at which they drive a ball through

ARGOLLI'CA, f. f. a fmall ARGOLLITA, (iron ring.

ARGOLLO'N, f. f. a very great massive iron ring.

'ARGO'MA, f. f. a tinden

ARGONAVE, f. m. one of the fixteen confiellations.

ARGU'CLA, f. f. fubtilty, briskness, fmartnefs.

ARGU'E, f. m. an instrument to draw up weights; a crane.

'ARGUELLA'R, v. a to lessen or diminish.

ARGUE'LLO, f. m. filth, unclean-

ARGUE'NA, f. f. a budget, bag,

or waller. ARGUERAS, f. f. pt. yide ANGA-RILLAS.

ARGUI'R, v. n. to argue, to difpute; also to convince, and to aceuse, and reprove.

'ARGU'LLO, ARGULLO'SO,

ARGULIOSAME'NTE . vide ORGULIO, ORGULIOSO, ORGULLOSAME'NTE.

ARGUMENTACIO'N, f. f. argumentation, disputation.

ARGUMENTADO'R, f. m., one that argues or disputes.

ARGUMENTA'R, v. a. to argue, dispute, or reason.

ARGUMENTI'LLO, f. m. diminut. of argumento.

ARGUME'NTO, f. m. an argument, a reason; also the brief contents of a book.

ARGUMENTO'SO, adj. diligent, ingenious.

ARGUTO, adj. sharp, ready, quickwitted.

ARGUYL'NTE, f. m. he that argues, or disputes.

ARI

 A^*RIA , f. f. vide ARIETA. ARIBA'R, v. a. to wind up thread or yarn upon a reel. ARI'BO, f. m. a reel for thread or

ARICA'R , v. a. vide ARREJA-CA'R.

ARI'DEZ; f. f. dryness.

A'RIDO, adj. dry, withered. ARIE'NZO, f. m. a little young

A'RIES, f. m. the first fign in the zodiack, called the ram.

ARIE'STA, f. f. vide ARIS-TA.

ARIE'TA . f. f. an operafong.

ARIETE, f. m. a battering ram.

ARI'JA, f. f. vide HARI'JA.

ARI'LLOS, f. m. ear-rings. ARIO'SO, adj. viscous, slimy.

ARISA'RCO, f. m. obf. a great coat of coarfe cloth.

ARISA'RO, f. m. an herb fo called.

ARI'SCO, adj. austere, rigid, intractable, ill-natured.

ARISTA, f. f. the beard of the ear of corn, called the awn.

ARISTOCRACI'A, f. f. aristocracy. commonwealth governed by the nobility.

ARISTOCRA'CIO, 7 adj. belonsing to arif-tocracy. ARISTOCRATI-

ARISTOLOGHIA, S. f. f. the herb called hartwort. ARITHME'TICA, f. f. arithme-

tick, the art of numbering. ARITHME'TICO, f. m. an arith-

metician.

Arithmético, adj. belonging to arithmetick.

ARL

ARLEQUEN, f. m. a harlequin. Artinga de véla, our seamen call it a bolt-rope, and is the rope into which the sail is sewed or made

A'RLO, f. m., a shrub so called. Women in Spain used it formerly to dye their hair yellow.

ARM.

ARMA, f. f. veapon, alarm.

ARMACIU'N, f. f. obf. a military tune in use among the ancients. ARMA'DA, f. f. a fleet of men

Dar armada, 6 armadilla, in cant, is to furnish one with money to play with another.

ARMADI'A, f. f. a raft to send things down a river; a trap, a

ARMADI'JO, f. m. a snare, a gin to catch birds, or any fmall creatures.

ARMADI'LLA, f. f. a little fleet of fighting ships, a small squa-

ARMADI'LLO, f. m. an animat in the West-Indies, covered all over with scales like armour.

ARMADO'R, f. m. one that fits out armed ships against ennemies; alfo an under-waiftcoat.

ARMADU'RA, f. f. armour, furniture; also a bedflead, or any ting formed in that nature.

ARMAME'NTO, If. m. arma-ARMAMIE'NTO, (ment, warlike preparation.

ARMANDI'JAS mide ARMA-DUO.

ARMA'R, v. 2. to arm.

Armar à los pajaros, to set snares for

Armar nevio, to equip, or fit out ships.

Armar una ballesta, to bend a crossbow.

Armar une cafa, to set up the wooden frame of a house.

Annur al que juéga, to furnish a gamester with money.

Armar en el juego, to sharp, to cheat

Armar un Lizo, to lay a snare.

Armar brega, or pendencia, to begin a quarrel.

Armir una cáma, to set up a beds-

Armár zancádilla, to trip up one's heels, or to lay a flumbling-block in a man's way,

Armár una celáda, to lay an ambush.

ARMA'RIO, f. m. cupboard, prefs, chest of drawers.

ARMAS, f. f. pl. arms, weapons, armour; also the coat of arms of a family.

ARMATOSTE, f. m. a rack to bend a cross-bow, commonly used for any piece of lumber; also a fuare.

ARMAZON, f. f. arming, or equipping; also any frame-work, as the timber-work of a house, or the like,

Armazón de camá, a bedstead.

ARMELI'NA, f. f. an ermin. ARME'LLA, s. f. an iron staple for a lock or boit, or any fuch use; also a ring, and a knocker of a door.

ARMELLETA, f. f. diminut. of armella.

ARMENDO'N, f. m. starch.

ARMERI'A, f. f. an armoury.

ARME'RO, f. m. an armourer, one that makes or fells arms.

ARMIFE'RO, adj. armed, belonging to, or bearing arms.

ARMIGERO, adj. warlike, belonging to war.

ARMILA, s. f. a bracelet.

ARMILA'R, adj. a resembling a bracelet, armillary, composed of rings or circles.

ARMILLA, f. f. the shell-fish, called a cockie.

ARMI'N, f. m. vid. ARMIāO. ARMIñA'DO, adj. belonging to ermine.

AKMIñO, s. m. ermine.

Blanco como un armiño, white as an

ARMIPOTE'NTE, adj. powerful in arms.

ARMISTICIO, f. m. armistice, truce, suspension of arms.

ARMO'LES, s. m. pl. an herb called orach or golden flower.

ARMONI'A, f. f. vid. HARMO-NIA.

ARMONI'ACO, vid.AMMONI'A-CO.

ARMO'NICO, adj. vid. HARMO'-NICO.

ARMONIO'SO, vid. HARMO-NIO'SO.

ARMUE'LLES, f. m. pl. an herb called orach, or golden herb.

ARN

A'RNA, f. f. a bee-hive made of cork; also the belly.

ARNEQUIN, f. m. layman, a figure of a man made with joints to put in any posture, used by painters and carvers; theace taken for a tumbler, or a fellow that puts himfelf into all forts of postures.

ARNE'RO, f. m. a fieve.

ARNE'S, f. m. armour.

Echar mano a lus arneses, to draw the fword.

ARO

A'RO, f. m. a hoop, either of wood or iron, for casks, or any other use.

ARO'CA, f. f. a web of fine tex-

ARO'MAS, f. f. pl. fweet, or aromatick drugs.

AROMA'TICO, adj belonging to fweet spices or drugs, aromatick.

AROMATIZA'R, v. a. to perfume or scent with sweet spices.

ARO'MO, f. m. a spice-tree.

AROZA, f. m. the chief among the blackfmiths.

ARP

A'RPA , vid. *HARPA* .

ARPE'LLA, f. f. a bird of prey. ARPE'OS, f. m. pl. our seamen call them grapnels, which are in the nature of anchors for gallies, or boats to ride by.

ARPI'A , f. f. vid. HA'RPIA.

ARPILLA'R , v. a. vid. HARPIL-

ARPILLE'RA, f. f. a coarse piece of canvas, or fuch cloth vo wrap goeds.

ARPON, f. m. vid. HARPON.

ARQ

ARQUEA'DOR, f. m. a gauger. an officer whose business it is to gauge ships, or take their dimenfions, to know what burthen they will carry.

ARQUE'AGE, f. f. the gauging of a ship to know its dimen-

fions,

ARQUEAMIE'NTO, f. m. gauging, or taking the dimentions of ships.

ARQUEAR, v. a. to bow, or to arch; also to gauge, to take the dimensions of ships.

ARQUE'O, f. m. vid. ARQUEA'-GE.

ARQUERIA, f. f. arched work. ARQUE'RO, f. m. a bow-maker, or a chest-maker; also he that keeps the key of a public chest.

f. f. a fmall ARQUE'TA , cheft.

ARQUETO'N, f. m. a great chest, a bin for provender.

ARQUETO'NCILLO, a little chest.

ARQUIBA'NCO, f. m. a chief or principal form or bench.

ARQUILLA, f. f. a little chest.

ARQUILLO, f. m. a little

ARQUIME'ZA, f. f. a cheft of draws; also a buroe.

ARQUITA, S. f. diminue, of

ARR

'A'RRA, f. f. an earnest given as a security to fulfil the contract.

ARRAA'X, f. m. the flones of the olives, after they have been broken in the mill to take out the oil.

ARRABA'I, f. m. a fuburb.

ARRABIADAME'NTE, adv. furiously, passionately.

'ARRACA'DAS, f. f. pl. pendants for women to wear at the ears.

ARRACEA'R, v. a. to lessen, to diminish.

ARRACIFE, f. m. a caufe-way, thence taken for a ridge of rocks in the fea.

'ARRACIMA'R, v. a. to heap up many things together, suspending them like grapes.

'ARRAE'Z, f. m. a master of a vessel.

ARRAIGA'DAS, f. f. pl. the main beams belonging to any ship or vessel.

'ARRAIGA'R, v. n. to produce roots.

Arra gárfe, v. r. to fix or establish one's self any where.

Prov. De hombre arraigido no se verás vengido, you shall never be revenged of a rich man; that is, might will overcome right.

'ARRAI'GO, f. m. a fecurity, or bail for another.

ARRAMBLA'R, v. a. to gravel over.

ARRA'NCA, f. f. a pulling or tearing violently, rooting up.

ARRANCA SIEGA, f. m. a plucking or tearing up any thing by the roots, which ought to be moved.

ARRANCA'DA, f. f. precipitation, running hastily.

ARRANCADERO, f. m. the but end of a musket or gun.

ARRANCADO'R, f. m. one that pulls or tears away violently, that roots up.

ARRANCADURA, f. f. pulling or rearing away violently rooting up.

ARRANCAMIE'NTO, f. m. the fame as arráncadúra.

ARRANCA'R, v. a. to pull, or tear away violently, to root up, to fnatch away.

Arrancár el caballo, to start for a race, to sly out on a sudden.

Arrancárse el álma, to die with much firuggling, to be in great sorrow or pain, as if one's soul were torn away.

Arrancár del pecho, to hauk up phlegm.

Anancáse nabo, say the children in a play they have, when one sits on the ground, and the others strive to list him. They say, arrancáse nábo; that is, come up, turnip; and he answers, no puédo de harto, I am so full I cannot. They reply, arrancáse cépa, come up, root; and he again, no puédo de seca, I am so dry I cannot.

ARRA'NQUE, f. m. pulling out, rooting up.

Caballo de grande arranque, a horse slying out on a sudden.

Carbon de arranque, charcoal made by burning the roots of trees.

ARRAPA'R, v. a. to fnatch away, to take by force.

ARRAPIE'ZO. f. m. the lowest hanging part of any garment; any tatter, rag.

Lievar à uno de tos arrapieços, to tug a man away by his cloaths; that is, to atrest, to force him sway. ARRA'PO, s. m. vid. HAR-

RA'PO.

ARRAQUIBE, f. m. fort of narrow bordering worn for ornament about the bottom of a petticoat.

A'RRAS, f. f. pl. the money a husband gives his wife when they are maried; also earnest-money given to bind any bargain.

ARRASADU'RA, f. f. fmoothing, levelling, reaping, mowing, or shearing; also, flriking a measure that is over full.

ARRASA'R, v. a. to smooth, to level, to raise; also to mow, reap; or shear, to fill to the brim, to strike a full measure.

Arrafar, to level down, to lay wafte.

ARRASTRADURA, f. f. drawing,
dragging, trailing along the
ground.

ARRASTRAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.

ARRASTRA'R, v. a. to draw drag, trail along the ground, to draw, to execution.

Arrástra la hónra, honour puts a man upon many things he would not do.

Lievar la foga arrastrando, to drag, a halter after one; that is, to be in danger.

Andh arrastrado, to be in very mean condition, or full of troubles, to be harrasted with too much business.

Ser arrastrado, to be drawn as malefactors to execution.

Arrastrar, to trump, to win with a trump card.

Arrastrar a uno, to tire one, to molest him.

Arrastrar tutos, to be in a deep mourning.

Hacer una casa arrastrando, to do a thing by force, unwillingly.

ARRA'STRE, f. m. trumping at

cards.

ARRATONA'R, y a. vid, RA-TONA'R.

ARRAVA'L, S. m. vid. ARRA-BA'L,

ARRA'X, f. m. vid. ARRAA'X.
ARRAXA'QUB, f. f. an iron
prong, or fork with three crooked
points; also a fort of swallows
called martlets, with very little
feet, and their claws bent like
those forks.

ARRAYA'N, f. m. a myrtle-tree.

ARRAYANA'L, f. m. a myrtle-

ARRAZIFE, vid. ARRACIFE.
A'RRE, the word cariers use to
their horses, mules, or affes to
make them go.

ARREA'R, v. a. to dress, to adorn.

ARREBAñADO'?, f. m. one that rakes, or scrapes.

ARREBAÑADURA, f. f. a raking, or fera ing.

ARREBAÑA'R, v. a to rake, to ferape, to hoard; to fave.

ARREBATADAMEN'TE, adv. precipitately, hastily, inconfiderately, madly.

ARREBATADO'R, adj. one that finatches, or catches hastily.

ARREBATADO'RA, f. f. a buzzard.

ARREBATAMIE'NTO, f. m. fnatching, or caching; also haftiness, passion.

ARREBATA'R, v. a. to fnatch, to pull away violently, to catch fuddenly, to attract by violence.

Arebathfel, v. r. to be rapt in spirit.

Amebia cápas, a cloak-stealer; also a foppish person.

Arrebatado en espiritu, rapt in spirit, in an extasy.

ARREBAT'InA, f. f. a catching, or fnatching, a fray.

ARRE'BENTA BUEY, f. m. a great fly that vexes and hurts the cattle.

ARREBENTA'R, v. n. vid. RE-BENTA'R.

ARREBOCA'DO, adj. muffled, covered with a vail, or cloack.

Carne arrebochda, meat dreffed with eggs and other ingredients which difguife it.

ARREBO'L; f. m. the redness of clouds; also the red colour used by women to paint their face.

Arebolida mugér, a woman paintedred.

ARREBOLAR, v. a to colour,
paint, or counterfeit.

Arrebolárso, v. r. to be coloured, or painted.

Arrebolárfe, to paint red.

ARREBOLE'RA, f. f. a little box of paint.

ARREBO'LES, f. m. pl. the red curdling clouds in fair weather, coloured by the rifing or ferting fun, morning and evening; thence metaphorically the red paint in women's faces.

ARREBOLLA'RSE, v. r. to throw one's felf headlong from a precipice.

ARREBOLVE'R, v. a. vid. RE-BOLVE'R.

ARREBOZA'DA, f. f. a company of bees.

ARREBOZA'RSE, v. r. to muffle one's felf up, to cover one's face with a vail or cloak. ARREBUJA'R, v. a. to muffle, wrap, or cover up.

ARREBUJAMIE'NTO, ping. f. m.

up, covering, or muffling.

ARRECA'FE, f. m. a kind of thiftle very thorny.

ARRECHADU'RA, f. f. a ftiffness erection.

ARRECHA'R, v. a. to stand, to be stiff, or erect.

ARRE'CHO, f. m. flanding, or fer up an end.

ARRECLA'R, v. n. to increase in health, or grow firong after fickness; also to augment.

ARRECIFE, f. m. a causeway; also a ridge of rocks in the sea, or a fandy place.

ARRECIRSE, v. r. to be numbed, or grow fliff with cold.

ARRECOGE'R, v. a. vid. RECO-GE'R.

ARREDOMA'DO, adj. made in the fashion of a glass viol; in cant it signifies assembled, or agreed; also that has had a viol of ink thrown in is face.

ARREDOMA'R, v. a. a cant word, fignifying to affemble, or to agree; also to cast a viol full of ink against one's face, so that the glass breaks and cuts the face, and the ink runs about ands gets into the gashes, which is troublesome to be cured, so as not to leave a scar; a villainous fort of revenge, practifed by russians.

Arredomárse, v. r. to be offended.

ARREDONDA'R, v. a. to make
round.

ARREDRADU'RA, f. f. purting back, forcing or removing back.

ARREDRA'R, v. a. to put, force, or drive back.

Arredrurse, v. r. to give ground, to retire, to fall back.

ARRL'DRO, adv. behind.

Arrédro váyas enemigo málo, go behind me, fatan.

Arrédro pelo, against the hair, or the grain.

ARREGAZA'DO, adj. tucked up as women do their petticoats, when they go in the dirt.

Nariz arregazida, a nose that turn up as if it were tucked up.

ARREGAZA'R, v. a to tuck up as women do their coats to keep them from the dirt.

ARREGLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly, with good order, and rule. ARREGLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a regulation.

ARREGLA'R, v. a. to give orders, rules, or directions, to do any thing.

Arreglárse, v. r. to conformable to established rules.

ARREGOSTA'RSE, v. r. to tafte and please one's self with the relish; to desire such things as one has tasted.

Arregosible la visia a los blédos, ni dexo verdes ni secos, the gluttonous old woman, when she had tasted her beetroot, spared none in her garden; that is, the covetous person cannot be satisfied, the more he has, the more he desires.

ARREHE'NES, f. m. vid. REHE-NES.

ARREJACA'R, v. a. to roll the ground, and so to break the clods, and cover the seed.

ARREJA'DA, f. f. the ploughflaff, or the iron in a ploughflaff, with which the coulter is fcraped.

ARRE'LDE, f. m. a four pound weight.

Arrélde, s. m. a little bird so called.

ARRELLANA'DO, adj. fitting, fpread in a lazy posture.

ARRELIANA'RSE, v. r. to squat, or sit down at one's full ease, or in a lazy posture.

ARREMANGA-DURA, f. f. ARREMANGA-MIE'NTO, f. m. truffing or tucking up of fleeves.

ARREMANGA'R, v. a. to tuck or trufs up the fleeves.

ARREMA'NGO, f. m. truffing or tucking up of fleeves.

ARREMEDA'R, v. a. to mock.

ARREME'TE, f. m. precipitation, running hashily, the act of an attack.

ARREMETE'R, v. a. to affault, to fet upon, to attack, to run at.

Arremeterfe, v. r. to meddle in , to interfere, to interpose importunely or officiously.

ARREMETI'DA, f. f. an affault, an attack, a fetting upon, or running at.

ARREMOLINA'R, v. a. to turn round like a whirlpool.

ARREMPUJA'R, v. a to push with violence.

ARREMUE'CO, f. m. motions, gefture.

ARRENDA'BLE, adj. what is hired, or fit to be hired.

ARRENDACIO'N, f. f. a hiring, or letting out to hire.

ARRENDADE'RO, f. m. an iron hook or ring to tie horfes and mules to in a stable.

ARRENDADO'R, f. m. one that hires, or lets out to hire; a farmer also a mimick, one that mimicks another.

ARRENDADORCILLO, f. m. 2 litle farmer.

Prov. Arrendadorellos, comer en plata, morir en grillos, little farmers eat in plate, and die in irons. The farmers of the revenue get much by their farms, but live high, and die in a goal; applied to an extravagant person.

ARRENDA'JO, f. m. a bird that imitates any voice it hears,

Arrenditio, also the person who imitates any voice he hears, or any action he sees.

ARRENDAMIE'NTO, f. m. farming, hiring, or letting to hire.

ARRENDA'R, v. a. to bridle, curb, or rein, to hire, or let out to hire, or to farm; allo to mimick or all another.

ARRENTA'DO, adj, rich, weal-

ARRE'O, adv. one after another, fuccessively.

Arrio, f. m. ornament or drefs for a woman, furniture for a

ARREPASSA'R, v. n. to pals and repals.

ARREPASTA'R, v. a. to feed, graze, or put into pasture.

ARREPENTIDAS, f. f. pl. women that have been lewd, and are retired to live in a religious life. ARREPENTIMIE'NTO, f. m. repentance, penitence, forcow for what is past.

ARREPENTIRSE, v. r. to repent, to be forry for what is done.

ARREPISO, adj. penitent.

ARREQUI'VE, f. m. a fort of woman's drefs.

ARRESTA'R, v. a. to flop, detain, or arrest.

Arretarfe, v. r. to be bold, or enterprizing.

ARRE'STO, f. m. rashness, boldness.

ARREVOLVE'R, v. a. obf. to revolve, to roll any thing round; to cover by involution, to enwrap; to affemble in a circle.

ARREXA'QUE, f. f. a fork with three prongs, or any tool that has three teeth; also the bird called a martlet.

ARREYE'TO, f. m. a fort of dance.

ARREZA'FES, f. m. pl. places full of briars and brambles.

ARREZIA'R, v. n. to grow stron-

ARREZI'FE, f. m. vid. ARRE-CIFE.

ARREZPL, f. m. an inundation, a flood that carries all before it.
ARRIAGA, f. f. a very strong place.

ARRIA'L, f. m. the hilt of a fword.

ARRI'AR, v. 2. to weer, to fall back, as a ship does when they weer out cable.

Arriar las velas, is to strike fail; that is, to let the fail run down.

ARRIA'TE, f. m. a bed in a garden; a hedge; a cause-way; a path.

ARRIA'Z, f. m. obf. an iron button fixed in the middle of the hilt, that the fword may be held faft.

ARRIBA, adv. above.

Arribs, adv. a fea term, bear up; bring the ship more before the wind, De arriba abdxo, from the head to the foot, from the top to the bottom.

ARRIBA'DA, f. f. arrival; putting into an harbour.

ARRIBA'R, v. a. to arrive; to fucceed; to be forced back into the harbour.

ARRI'BO, f. m. an arrival.

ARRICE'TE, f. m. a place in the fea full of rocks ands fands.

ARRICISES, f. m. pl. an horse's girth; also the straps of stirrups.

ARRIE'DRO, adv. backwards.
ARRIE'NDO, f. m. vid. ARRENDAMIENTO.

ARRIE'RO, f. m. a carrier.

ARRIESGADAME'NTE, adv. dangerously, with hazard.

ARRIESGADO, adj. hazardous, bold, daring.

Hombre arriefgado, a venture some daring man.

ARRIESGAMIE'NTO, f. m. hazarding or venturing.

ARRIESGA'R, v. a. to hazard, to venture.

ARRIESTO, f. m. vid. ARRES-TO.

ARRIMADE'RO, f. m. the thing that a man leans agains, a leaning-place.

ARRIMADILLO, f. m. any thing placed against the walls to prevent the white-wash coming off on them that lean against them, a fort of fine mats they nail and cover the walls with.

ARRIMADI'ZO, adj. parasitical, one that flatters.

ARRIMADO'R, f. m. one that leans against any thing.

ARRIMADURA, f. f. the act of leaning against.

ARRIMAR, v. a to lean, or fet up one thing against another.

Arrimár las espuélas, to clap spurs to a horse.

Arrimár a uno, to leave a man dead, or in a desperate condition, as is were leaning against a wall.

Arrimár un dellio, to add one crime more; to accufe a man of one
crime more; to accufe faifly of a
crime.

Arrimár el clávo, to cheat; a metaphor taken from knavish farriers, who, on feeing a firanger upon a good horse, prick him that he may go lame, and then send some body after him, with another horse to fell.

'Arrimár, to flow; that is; to place goods in order in the hold of a ship.

Arrimar un testigo salso, to suborn a false witness.

Arrimirse a la pared, to lean against the wall.

Arrimárse a ruynes, to keep ill company.

Arrimárse al parecer de atro, to adhere to another man's opinion.

Prov. Arrimate a buenos, y feries uno dellos, keep company with good men, and you will be one of them.

ARRYMO, f. m. any thing to lean against or rely on, leaningplace, support, prop, stay.

ARRIMO'N, f. m. (a jocofe word) the act of leaning.

ARRINCA'R, v. a. vid. ARRAN-CA'R.

ARRINCONADO'R, f. m. one that thrusts into corners.

ARRINCONAMIE'NTO, f. m. thrusting into a corner, living obscure or in misery.

ARRINCONA'R, v. a. to mew up, to keep close, as it were in a corner, to deject or cast down.

Arriaconárje, v. r. to keep one's felf up close, to live in private.

ARRISCADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, valiantly, couragionsly,

ARRISCADO'R, f. m. a person who gathers olives.

ARRISCA'R, v. a. to harard; to endanger, to venture.

ARRISQUE, f. m. danger, hazard.

ARRITRA'NCA, f. f. the crupper of beafts of burthen.

ARRIVA, adv. vid. ARRI'BA.
ARRIVA'R, v. n. vid. ARRIBA'R.

ARRIXA'QUE, f. m. vid. AR-REXA'QUE.

ARRIZAFA, f. f. a royal garden.

ARRIZAR, w. a. to lash, bafte, or cudgel; a word used aboard the galleys.

ARRO'BA, f. f. twenty-five pounds, or a quarter of an hundred weight; in liquid measure eight asumbres, about twelve quarts English.

Arrobd, f. f. an instrument used in agriculture to lay the ground even and smooth.

ARROBA'DO, adj. one in a rapture, in an extafy.

ARROBADO'R, f. m. one that measures by the arroba.

ARROBA'L, adj. belonging to arróba.

ARROBAMIE'NTO, f. m. rapture, extafy.

ARROBA'R, v. a. to sell by the arroba.

Arrobar, v. a. to weigh or fell by arrobas. In agriculture, to lay the ground even by means of the inftrument called arroba.

Arrobarse, v. r. to be in rapture; to be deprived of one's senses.

ARROBE'RO, f. m. f. the person who sells by arrobar, or quarters of an hundred weight.

ARROBINA'R, v. a. to gather or forage together.

ARROBITA, f. f. diminutive of arrôba.

ARRO'BO, f. m. rapture, extafy.

ARROCA'DO, adj. raifed high;
also belonging to a diffaff.

Mangas arrocidas, high fleeves tucked up.

ARROCA'R, v. a. to raise, tuck, or roll up.

ARROCINA'RSE, v. r. to be flupid, to be ignorant.

Caballo arrocinado, a forry horfe, ARRODEA'R, v. a. vid. RO-DEAR.

ARRODILLADURA, f. f. the act of kneeling.

ARRODILLAMIE'NTO, C. IB.

ARRODILLAR, v. n. to kneel.

Arrodillárse, v. r. to kneel dewn, so bend one's kneer.

ARROGA'NCIA, f. f. arrogance, pride, haughtiness.

ARROGA'NTE, adj. arrogant, proud, haughry; also valiant, couragious.

ARROGANTEME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, arrogantly.

ARROGAR, v. r. to arrogate, take more upon one than belongs tohim.

ARROJADAME'NTE, adv. boldly, audaciously.

ARROJADIZO, adj. missible, thrown with the hand; also bold, shout, brave.

ARROJA'DO, adj. caft thrown, caft away; also al bold, rash, or desperate man.

ARROJA'DOS, f. m. pl. in cant, figuifies breeches.

ARROJAMIE'NTO, f. m. boldness, audacity, impudence.

ARROJA'R, v. a. to cast, to throw, to fling away.

Arrojdife, v. r. to cast, one's self violently, as from a high place; to do, or say any thing rashly, or without consideration.

ARRO'JO, f. m. bold ness, audacity, impudence.

ARROLLADOR, f. m. a roller. ARROLLA'R, v. r. to roll.

Arrollar; to be carried in a circle by the force of the air or water.

ARROMADIZADO, adj. that has taken cold, that has a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

ARROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to take cold, to have a defluxion, or a rheum falling.

ARROMADIZO, adj. vid. RO-MADI'ZO.

ARROMBA'DA, f. f. the bend or wale of galley.

ARROMPER, v. a. to plough am untilled field.

ARROMPIDO'S, f. m. pl. lands newly ploughed up, that were nor fown before.

ARRONDA'R , v. s. to make round.

ARRONJA'R , v. a. vid. ARRO-JAR

ARRONZA'R, v. fi. to weight anchor.

ARROPA'R, v. a. to cloath warm, to put on cloaths to keep out the cold.

Arropate que súdas, put on more cloaths, for you sweat; the advice good, when given seriously, but this is commonly spoke ironically, as when one pretends to be very weary with doing little or nothing.

ARRO'PE, f. m. must, new wine boiled thick.

Arrôpese con ello, let him have it to himself.

'ARROPE'AS, f. f. pl. a fort of handcuffs, with a bar going up from them to the collar, to hinder one from lifting his hand.

ARRO'PIA, f. f. vid. MELCO'-CHA.

ARROSCA'R, v. a. to make up like a roll of bread; to wrap up.

ARROSTRA'R, v. a. to face, or bring face to face; also to have a liking to a thing.

ARROTULA'R, v. a. to enroll, or to make up to a roll.

ARRO'VA, f. f. vid. ARRO'-BA.

ARROVE'RO, f. m. vid. ARRO-BE'RO.

ARROVINA'R, v. a. obf. to fnatch, or catch haftily.

ARROXAR, v. a. vid. ARRO-

JA'R, also to make red.

Arroxár, v. a. to heat an oven.

ARROYA'DA, f. f. a torrent, a fierce running stream.

ARROYA'R, v. a. to cut furrows or trenches for water to run,

Arroyarse, v. r. to divide itself into small channels.

ARRO'YO, f. m. brook, little ftream of water.

ARROYUE'LO, f.m. a little brook, diminutive of arroyo,

ARRO'Z, f. m. rice.

ARROZA'R, v. a. to freeze, or congeal drinking.

ARRUA'R, v. n. to grunt as a wild boar does when hunted.

ARRUFALDADO, adj. tucked up as women do their cloaths.

ARRUFA'RSE, v. r. to be angry, to be in a passion.

ARRUFIANA'DO, adj, become a bully, pimp, or ruffian, or after the manner of one.

ARRUFFIANA'R, v. a. to become a bully, pimp, or ruffian.

ARRUGA, f. f. a wrinkle; a fold; a plait.

ARRUGADURO, f. f. a wrinkling, or rumpling.

ARRUGA'R, v, a, to wrinkle.

Arrugarfe, v. r. to be wrinkled; also to die.

ARRUGIA, f. f. a gold-mine in which they dig very deep for the metal.

ARRUINAME'NTO, f. m. ruin, destruction, ruination.

ARRUINA'R, v. a. to ruin, deftroy, undo.

Arruinárse, v. r. to be ruined, or undone.

Arruinar la casa, to ruin one's house.

ARRULLADO, adj. lulled afleep.

ARRULLADO'R, f. m. who lulls to fleep.

ARRULLA'R, v. a. to cool.

Arrullár un niño, v. a. to lull a child to fleep.

Arrullarse, v. r. to fall asleep.

ARRU'LLO, f. m. the cooing of pigeons or doves; the finging or lulling a child to fleep.

ARRUMA'CO, f. m. a coy difdainful look when displeased, twitching up the nose; also carterwawling.

ARRUMAJE, f. m. the flowing of goods on board a ship.

ARRUMA'R, v. a. to flow goods in a ship, to lay one close to another.

ARRUMAZO'N, f. m. the gathering of clouds in the horizon

ARRUMBA'DA, f. f. the place aboard the galley where the men goto eafe themselves.

ARRUMBA'R, v. a. to cast headlong.

Arrumbarfe, v. r. to take a direction, or line, according to the voyage.

ARRUMBLA'R, v. 2. to run down impetuously.

Arrumblar, v. a. to carry off the fuperfices of the ground. It is faid of torrents.

Arrumblar con todo, to carry every thing, to leave wothing behind. ARRUMUE'CQ, f. m. vid. ARRU-MACO.

ARS

ARSENA'I, f. m. dock, arfenal, a place to build ships and lay up all their flores.

ARSENICA'L, adj. arfenical, containing arfenick.

ARSE'NICO, f. m. arfenick; poifon in general.

ART

ARTADE GUA, f. f. loufebane; am

ARTALE'TE, f. m. a little pye made with birds flesh minced.

ARTAMU'Z, f. m. vid. ALTRA-MU'Z.

ARTA'R, v. a. to force, to compel any one.

A'RTE, f. f. art; also workmanship and sagacity.

Arte mayor, a fort of Spanish poe-

Prov. Quien tiene arte, rd por toda parte, he that a trade may get his living any where.

Prov. Con arte, y con englio fe vive et medio año; con englio y con arte fe vive la otra parte, man lives one half year by art and deceit, and the rest he lives by deceit and art; that is, by cunning and cheating all his lifetime.

ARTE'10, f. m. a joint of a finger or a toe.

ARTEMI'SA, ARTEMI'SIA, ARTEMI'SSA, wort.

ARTEMO'N, f. m. the main-fail of a galley, the mizzen-fail.
ARTEKAME'NTE, adv. artifi-

ARTEKAME NTE, adv. artificially.

ARTERI'A, f. f. fagacity, craft, cunning.

Artéria , f. f. an artery.

ARTERI'AL, adj. belonging to the artery.

ARTERIOTOMPA, f. f. arteriotomy, letting blood from the artery.

ARTE'RO, adj. cunning, deceitful, crafty.

Prov. La muger artéra el marido por la delantéra, a subtle wise always observes her husband's commands.

ARTE'SA, f. f. a tray or a trough; a boat like a tray hewed out of a

Artefa , f. a tray full.

ARTESA'NO, f. m. a handicraft man.

ARTESILLA

ARTES'ILLA, f. f. a little tray. ARTESO'N, f. m. a vaulted roof of an house.

ARTESONA'DO, adj. a cieling that is made like a tray, with the hollow part turned upwards.

ARTESONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of artesón.

ARTESONES, f. m. pl. great trays, or troughs to knead bread in, or the like.

ARTESUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of artesilla.

ARTE'TICA, adj. fem the appellative of the gout that falls upon the joints and articulations.

ARTEXO, f. m. a fmall joint, as of a finger, or toe.

ARTECA, f. f. a piece of ground newly cultivated.

ARTICHO'CA, S. f. vide ARCHA-CO'FA.

ARTICO, adj. arctick, northern.

ARTICULACIO'N, f. f. articulation; also the springing or shooting of twigs from joint to joint.

'ARTICULA'R, v. a. to articulate in fpeaking; also to article, capitulate, or condition.

ARTI'CULO, f. m. an article; also a joint.

ARTIFARA, (f. f. in cant, bread.

ARTIFE'RO, f. m. in cant, a

ARTI'FICE, f. m. an artificer, a handicraft man; also a forger or contriver.

ARTIFICIA'L, adj. artificial; fictitious.

ARTIFICIALME'NTE, adv. vid. ARTIFICIOSAME'NTE.

ARTIFICIO, f. m. artifice; also art; also a trick, stratagem.

ARTIFICIOSAME'NTE, adv. artificially, deceirfully, cunningly, craftily.

ARTIFICIO'SO, adj. full of artifice, or deceit; also according to art.

ARTIGA, f. f. land newly broken in order to cultivation.

ARTILLA'R, v. a. to furnish with artillery.

Artillarse, v. r. in cant, to be ready armed.

Tom. I.

ARTILLERIA, S. f. artillery, ordnance.

Ponér tota la artilleria, to apply all the artillery; that is, to leave no flone unmoved.

General de la artillerla, general of the artillery.

ARTILLE'RO, f. m. 2 gun-

ARTIMAÑA, f. f. art, cunninh, fagacity, industry; also a snare.

ARTIMAñO'SO, adj. artful, cunning, deceitful.

ARTIMO'N, f. m. the mizzenmast of a ship, which is the mast next the stern.

ARTI'STA, f. m. an artift.

ARTIZADO, adj. done according to the rules of art.

ARTOTRO'GO, f. m. a greedy gluttonous fellow.

ARTRODI'A, f. f. in furgery, a kind of joint or articulation of the bones.

ARU

ARU'DA, f. f. vid. RU'DA.

A'RULA, f. f. diminutive of

ARUnA'R, v. a. to scratch with the nails.

ARUnO, f. m. the scratch made with the nails.

ARUāO'N, f. m. the person who feratches with the nails; in cant, a pick-pocket.

ARU'SPICE, f. m. a foothfayer, a diviner, by looking into the bowels of beafts.

ARUSPICINA, f. f. the art, or act of divining by bowels of beafts.

ARV

A'RVA, f. f. obf. a barbarous word for a field.

ARVADI'LLO, f. m. a spinningwheel.

ARVEJA'L, f. m. a place fowed with vetches.

ARVEJA'LVA, f. f. a great wild fort of vetch.

ARVEJAS, f. f. pl peas, but rather a fort of pulfe like large vetches. ARVEJO'N, f. m. a great vetch,

ARVEO'LA, f. f. a bird fo called.

A'RVOL, f. m. vid. ARBOL.

ARVOLA'R, vid. ARBOLA'R.
ARVOLE'DA, f. f. vid. ARBO-LE'DA.

ARVOLEDE'RO, adj. vid. AR-BOLEDE'RO.

ARVOLI'LLO, f. m. vid, ARBO-LI'LLO.

ARX

ARXO'NA, f. f. vid. ARJO'-NA.

ARY

ARYTE'NA, f. f. the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.

ARZ

ARZA, f. f. a great rope made fast to the mast with a pulley which ferves to heave goods into the ships.

ARZE, f. f. vid. AZRE.

ARZENA'L, f. m. vid. ARCE-NA'L.

A'RZEN, f. m. the shore or feafide, a bank to keep out water, a dyke.

ARZI'LLA, f. f. clay.

ARZILLO'SO, adj. full of clay.

ARZOBISPA'DO, f. m. archbishoprick; the flate or jurisdiction of an archbishop; his dignity.

ARZOBISPA'L, adj. belonging to an archbishop.

ARZOBI'SPO, f. m. an archbishop.

ARZO'LLA, f. f. a green al-

ARZO'N, f. m. either fore the, or the hind part of the saddle;

Arton delentero, the pommel of the faddle.

Artón trascro, the hinder part of the saddle.

K

Afirse al arton, to take hold on the fore or hind part of the saddle.

A S

AS, f. m. an ace at cards or dice.

Son tres dos y as, there are three,
two, and one; faid to a person
who enlarges or makes more of a
thing than it really is.

AS A

ASA, f. f. the ear, or handle to bold any thing bi; occasion, opportunity; in east, the ear of a man.

Amgo del afa, a great friend.

Ser mui del afa, to be great friend.

ASABIE'NDAS, adv. knowingly,
purposely, designedly.

'ASABOREA'R, v. a. to feafon, or relish.

'ASACA'R, v. a. obf. to plunder, to debauch.

A faco; as mêter a faco, to plunder.

ASADERI'A, S. f. vide ASSA-DERI'A.

ASAETEA'R, v. a. to shoot with arrows.

ASALARIA'R, v. a. to keep, at wages, to pay wages; from falário, wages.

ASALTA'R, v. a. to fet upon, to assault.

ASA'LTO, f. m. an attack, an.affault.

ASA'ETOS, adv. by leaps.

ASAO'NA, f. f. an affembly, or congregation of people.

ASAR, v. a. to roaft,

ASARABA'CARA, f. f. the herb afarabacca.

A'SARO, f. m. idem.

ASASINA'R, v. a. to affailinate, to murder,

ASA'SINO, f. m. an allasha, or murderer.

ASA'Z a adv. enough.

A S B

ASBESTI'NO, adj. belonging to a kind of ftone, of which they made cloth, that was cleanfed by burning in the fire. ASBE'STO, f. m. a fort of native fossile stone endued with the property of remaining uncosumed in the fire. The ancients had the art of making it into cloth,

A S C

ASCALO'NIA, f.f. a sharlot.
ASCENDE'NCIA, f. f. genealogy,
ancestry.

ASCENDE'NTE, f. m. the part of the ecliptick at any particular time above the horizon, which is supposed by astrologers to have great insuence.

ASCENDE'R, v. a to ascend, to go up.

ASCENDIE'NTE, f. m. forefather, progenitor.

ASCENSIQ'N, f. f. the visible ascension of our Lord into heaven.

ASCE'NSO, f. m. an ascent, or raising up.

ASCE'TICO, adj. belonging to the practice and instruction of the Christian religion.

ASCIOS, f. m. pl. the inhabitants of the torrid zone.

ASCI'TE, f. f. a particular species of dropsy.

ASCITICA'L, adj. belonging to ASCITICO, that species of dropfy called ascite.

A'SCO, f. m. a loathing.

ASCONDE'R, v. a. vide ESCON-DE'R.

ASCONDIDA'MENTE, adv. vide ESCONDIDAMENTE.

ASCORO'SO, adj. vide ASQUE-RO'SO.

ASCOSIDA'D, f. f. fikh, uncleannefs.

A'SCUA, f. f. a burning fire.

ASCURA'S, adv. for aefcuras, in the dark.

ASCU'SO, adv. fecretly privately. ASCURO, f. m. S. John's wort.

ASE

ASEADAME'NTE, adv. neatly, fprucely, nicely, cleanly, prettily, pleafingly.

ASEA'R, v. a. to adorn or compose any thing nearly.

Afearfe, v. r. to adorn one's felf neatly, cleanly.

ASECAS, adv. barely, drily: as, comér pan a secas, to eat dry bread.
ASECHA'NZA, s. f. vide ASSE-CHA'NZA.

ASEDIAR, v. a to beliege. ASEDIO, f. m. a liege.

ASELGA, f. f. the herb called white beet.

Aftiga brava, the herb pondweed. ASEMEJA'NZA, adv. to the like-

ASENDEREA'DO, adj. beaten or trodden to a path, or like a

path.
ASENDRA'DO, adj. idem.

ASE'NSIO, f. m. wormwood.

ASENT'AR, v. a. vide ASSEN-

ASENTIR, v. a. vide ASSEN-TIR.

ASE'O, f. m. vide ASSE'O.

ASERICO, f. m. vide AZERI'CO. ASERRAVE'LAS, adv. vide AFERRAVE'LAS.

ASERRA'R, v. a. to faw.

ASESA'R, v. n. to grow fober or wife.

ASESSO'R, f. m. an affestor, a lawyer joined in commission with a judge.

ASESTAR, v. a. to take aim, to level a piece.

ASF

ASFALTO, f. m. vide ASPALTO.

A S I

ASFAL, f. m. a barnacle to hold an unruly horfe by the nofe with.

ASIDE'RO, f. m. the ear or handle of any thing to take hold by.

ASIDIA'R, v. a. obs. to besiege.
ASIDILIA, , f. f. diminutive of
afilla.

ASI'DIO, f. m. obf. a fiege.

ASIE'NTO, f. m. a feat; the fituation of lace; fettledness; fedateness; fettling at the bottom of any thin,; a contract.

ASIGNA'R, v. a. to asign. to appoint,

ASILIA, f. f. a little handle so

hold any thing of fmall occasion.

ASIMIE'NTO, action of catching. to grow

ASININO, adj. belonging to an afs.

ASIO, f. m. a kind of owl with fea

ASIO, f. m. a kind of owl with feathers on her head like ears, hornowl.

ASI'R, v. a. to lay hold of, to flick to, to gripe, to grafp.

ASISTI'R, v. a. to affift, to aid, to attend, to wait on.

A S M

A'SMA, f. f. an afthma.

ASMADU'RA, f. f.
ASMAMIE'NTO,
f.m.

discretion,
judgment.

ASMAR, v. a. to judge any thing by conjecture; to dare to be hold; to be thoughtful.

ASMATICO, adj. one that is troubled with an afthma.

A S N

ASNA, f. f. a she afs.

ASNA'L, adj. belonging to an afs; also rough, favage, ferocious.

Meline of roles, coarfo Applications.

Medias afnales, coarfe flockings.

ASNALME'NTE, adv. ignorantly, foolishly, afs like.

ASNA'R, adj. vide ASNA'L.
ASNAS, f. f. pl. little beans.

ASNAZO, f. m. a great ass. ASNERIA, f. f. a drove of affes.

ASNERIZO, f. m, an afs-driver, or keeper.

ASNE'RO, f. m. a keeper of affes.

ASNICO, f. m. a little afs.

ASNI'NO, adj. belonging to an als.

ASNO, f. m. an afs.

Asno campés, asno campesino, a wild ass.

Afno fordifco, an als of the Sardinian breed, which are very ferviceable.

A S O

ASOBACA'R, v. 2. to truis up under the arm.

ASOBARCA'R, v. a. to lift up a weight.

ASOLA'R, v. a. to overthrow, deftroy, or lay level with the ground; from fuelo, to fun; from fol.

ASO'LAS, adv. along.

ASOLDADA'R, v. a. to grow like a foldier, or turn foldier.

ASOLEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a funning.

ASOLEA'R, v. a. to fun. ASOMA'R, v. n. ASSOMA'R.

ASOMBRA'R, v. n. vide ASSOM-BRA'R.

ASONA'DA, f. f. an alarm, a fudden noife.

A S P

A'SPA, f. f. a reel for thread, or yarn.

Aspas de molino, the sweeps of a windmill.

Aspas de ciervo, a stag's horns.

Caballero de aspa, a knight of the cross: that is, one that has been

crofs; that is, one that has been in the inquisition, because such are brought out in public, with a red and yellow crofs hanging before and behind them to be exposed to shame.

ASPA'LATO, f. m. the rofe of Jerufalem, or our Lady's rofe; also rofewood.

ASPALTO, f. m. a dark, but transparent colour used in painting.

ASPA'R, v. a. to reel thread, or yarn; also to plague, to molest,

ASPAVIE'NTOS, adv. the counterfeit hedoring behaviour of a cowardly bully.

ASPE'CTO, f. m. the aspect, look, air, appearance.

Al primer aspecto, at the first fight.

ASPELUZA'R, v. z. vide ESPE-LUZA'R.

ASPERAME'NTE, adv. harshly, feverely, bitterly, roughly, auftenely.

ASPERANCIA, f. f. hope, trut, expectation. Obf.

ASPERE'SA, f. f. vide ASPE-RE'ZA.

ASPEREA'R, v. a. to make, or become harsh, sharp, bitter, rough, or auftere, ASPERE'ZA, f. f. harshness, roughness, austereness, severity.

ASPE'RGES, f. m. aspersion, scandal; also, a sprinkling.

ASPE'RGULA, f. f. an herb called goofe-grafs.

ASPERIDA'D, f. f. sharpness, roughness, harshness, austerity.

ASPERIE'GA, f. f. a fort of apple of a pleafant tafte, though fomewhat fourish.

A'SPERO, adj. harsh, rough, auftere, fevere; also rugged; or craggy, as bad ways or mountains.

ASPERO'N, f. m. a whetstone: also the beak of a ship or galley.

ASPERSION, f. f. fprinkling; afperfion; detracting from another's character.

ASPERSORYO, f. m. the infirument with which the water is fprinkled,

ASPERURA, C. f. vide ASPE-REZA.

ASPHALTO, f. m. a folid bitteminous substance found swimming on the surface of lakes.

A'SPID, f. m. the venomous - creature called an afp.

ASPILATE, f. f. a fparkling gem fo called.

ASPIRACTON, f. f. aspiration, breathing.

ASPIRAME'NTO, f. m. blowing, breathing, aspiration.

ASPIRA'R, v. a. to aspire, to have high thoughts, or aim as great things; also to aspirate, to pronounce with full breath.

ASPIRA'NTE, f. m. one that aspires.

A S Q

ASQUEA'R, v. a. to loath, or make naufeous, to naufeate.

ASQUEROSAME'NTE, ad naufeoufly, hatefully.

ASQUERÓSIDA'D, f. f. a loathing, nauseating; also a dif-

ASQUEROSITO, adj. one that is nicely foucamish.

ASQUERO'SO, adj. loathfome; also loathing squeamish.

K 2

A S R

ASRE, f. m. the mapple-tree.

A S S

ASSA, f. f. the gum called lafer, or mafter-wort.

ASSACA'R, v. a. to accuse falfely, or calumniate. Obs.

ASSADERIA, f. f. a roafting kitchen.

ASSADE'RO, f. m. meat that may be roafted; it is fometimes, but feldom, ufed for a spir, or for a turn-spit.

'ASSADERI'LLO, diminutive of affudéro.

ASSA'DO, f. m. roafted meat.

ASSADO'R, f. m. a spit.

ASSADORA'DA, f. f. a blow given with a spit.

ASSADORA'ZO, f. m. a wound made by a spit.

ASSADORCILLO, f. m. a little fpit.

ASSADURA, f. f. roafting; also the name of a duty upon beafts.

ASSADURI'LLA, f. f. a little pluck, fuch as a lamb's or kid's. ASSAETEADO'R, f. m. one that shoots with-arrows.

ASSAETEA'R, v. a. to shoot with arrows.

ASSAFETIDA, f. f. the flinking gum called by fome devil's dung.

ASSALARIA'R. v. a. to allow a falary or wages.

ASSALTADO'R, f. m. the perfon who attacks another, or affaults.

ASSALTA'R, v. a to affault, attack, or fet upon.

ASSA'LTO, f. m. an affault, an attack.

ASSAMBLE'A, f. f. an affermbly.

ASSEMPAJA, f. f. a fort of fruit growing in India.

ASSARA'RSE, v. r. to be provoked, to be made angry.

ASSA'R, v. a. to roaft.

Affarse, v. r. to be roafted; to be sunburnt; to be worked into a passion.

ASSARABA'CA, f. f. the herb called afarabacca.

ASSASSINA'R, v. a. to kill any one by lying in wait or ambush for him.

ASSASSINA'TO, f. m. the action of killing any body treacherously.

ASSASSINO, f. m. an affaffin, a murderer.

ASSAYA'R, v. n. to endeavour to attempt to do any thing, to make a trial.

ASSA'Z, adv. enough.

ASSEADI'CO, adj. neatish; diminutive of affeido.

ASSEA'R, ∇ . at to make neat or curious.

ASSECHADO'R, f. m. one that watches, observes or spies.

ASSECHANZA, f. f. fnare, wile, contrivance to entrap another; fpying, watching, or observing.

ASSECHAM, v. a. to watch, to

observe, spy, to peep.

ASSE'CLA, s. m. a page, a lac-

quey.

ASSEDA'DO edi Grooth libe

ASSEDA'DO, adj. fmooth, like filk.

ASSEDIA'R, v. a. to befiege.

ASSE'DIO, f. m. a fiege.

ASSEGIARA'DO adj. a. reich

ASSEGLARA'DO, adj. a priest or churchman layman like.

ASSEGUNDA'R, v. a. to se-

ASSEGURACIO'N, f. f. fecu-

ASSEGURADAME'NTE, adv. fecurely, affueredly, without doubt.

ASSEGURADO'R, f. m. affurer, fecurer, infurer.

ASSEGURAMIE'NTO, f. m. fecurity, infurance.

ASSEGURA'NZA, f. f. affurance, fecurity, infuring.

ASSEGURA'R, v. a. to affure, fecure, or infure.

ASSEMEJA'NZA, f. f. likenefs. ASSEMEJA'R, v. a. to liken to

Assemblarse, v. r. to be like.

another.

ASSENDEREA'R, v. a. to beat or tread a path; also to pursue, chase or follow; to perplex, vex, or tire.

ASSENGLADURA, f. f. the

leagues that a veffel goes in four and tenary hours.

ASSE m. wormwood.
ASSE in. m. affent or confent,

ASSENTA'DA, f. f. all at once, altogether.

ASSENTADE'RAS, f. f. pl. the buttocks.

ASSENTADOR, f. m. a majorgeneral, that marks the ground for a camp, or one who quarters the troops.

ASSENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. fertling; also a contract.

ASSENTA'R, v. a. to place, to fettle, to feat, to fit; also to assure, to confirm; also to agree or to annote, to write down.

Assentarse en cucililas, to sit en one's haras.

Assentar el reál, to encamp.

Assentur piedras, to lay stones as a mason does.

Affentar en Ubro, to book down.

Assentár la máno o el guárate, to chastise, or punish.

Affentar, in fencing, to lay down the foils.

Assentár a la guéra, to list for a soldier.

Affentår cafå, to fettle to house-keeping.

Assentar el licor, to settle.

Affentar el pié, to live a fettled, fober life.

Affentar a mercedes como gravilan, to take fervice under fome great person without any certain vages, but only to be at the courtesy of the master, and be maintained on what is given.

ASSENTI'R, v. n. to effent, or be of the fame opinion.

ASSENTI'STA, f. m. one that keeps a register; asso an undertaker, a receiver of the king's revenue.

ASSE'O, f. m. neatnefs.

ASSERA'R, v. a. to fettle, to grow fober. Obf. ASSERRADE'RO, f. m. a faw-

ASSEKKADE'KO, f. m. a fa**v**pit.

ASSERRADO'R, C. m. a favyer.
ASSERRADU'RAS, f. f. pl. favduft.

ASSERRA'R, v. a. to faw.

ASSE'RTO, adj. afferted, affirmed. ASSERVA'R, v. a. to keep, to preferve.

ASSESA'R, v. n. to grow steady, fober, or wife.

ASSESI'NO, f. m. vide ASSAS-SINO.

ASSESSO'R, f. m. affeffor, lawyer commissioned to fit on the bench with a judge.

ASSESSO'RIA, f. f. the ferting on the bench with the judge, or the affeffor's allowance.

ASSESTADE'RO, f. m. the place where persons retire from the heat of the day.

ASSESTADOR, f. m. one that aims, levels, props or supports.

ASSETADURA, f. f. aiming, leveling, propping.

ASSESTA'R, v. a. to aim, to level, to prop, to support.

Affefflirse, v. a. to go right against; to be aimed at.

ASSEVERACIO'N, f. f. affeveration, affirmation.

ASSEVERA'R, v. a. to affirm, to alledge earnestly.

ASSI', adv. so.

Afsi me effoy, I am in the fame condition, or I am indifferent.

Assi mesmo, adv. even so; also, more over.

Assi qué, adv. so that.

ASSIDE'RO, f. m. any handle to take hold of; also an occasion or opportunity.

ASSI'DUO, adj. diligent, affiduous.

ASSIENTO, f. m. feat, chair, finuation; also the fettling of any liquor; also a contract, or bargain.

Affication de muella, the gums, or that part of them where the hind gums flick.

Afficintos de puños, the edge of the fleeves to which the wristbands are fewed.

Affiéntos de los pies, the soles of the feet.

Afficiates, they call pearls that are flat on one fide; also the receipts of the king's revenue, or contracts for receiving it.

Assento de edificio, the situation of a house.

Estár de astiénto, to be settled.

Hacér astiénto, to settle about the bottom of a vessel, as liquors that are not fine.

ASSIGNACION, f. f. appointment, affigament.

ASSIGNA'R, v. a to appoint, to

ASSIGNATURA, f. f. that treatife on any science to be every year by a professor university.

ASSI'LLA, f. f. a little handle to hold by.

ASSIME'SMO, adv. also, likewife.

ASSIMILACION, f. f. refemblance, exact copy.

ASSIMILA'R, v.n. to grow, or to become like, or to compare to.

ASSIMILATI'VO, adj. exactly copied, bearing a near reflemblance.

ASSIMI'SMO, adv. vide ASSI-MESMO.

ASSI'N, adv. obf. for afsl. ASSI'R, v. a. vide ASI'R.

ASSISIA, f. f. an evidence; affirmation, or deposition of witnesses taken in writing. Obf.

ASSISTENCEA, f. f. being in presence, or at hand.

Affishencia, s. f. a help, or defence, safeguard, assistance.

ASSISTENTA, f. f. a fervant who waits on the maids of honour; also a maid fervant.

ASSISTE'NTE, f. f. affiftant, helper; also one that is in prefence.

Assistente, a governor.

ASSISTI'R, v. n. to affift, to aid; also to be present.

Assistir à algúno, to assist, or help any one.

Affifir la raçon à alguno; for reafon and justice to affist any one; that is, when reason and justice is on his side.

ASSOCIACIO'N, f. f. affociation, a fociety; also the act of giving an affestor to a judge.

ASSOCIA'RSE, v. r. to go in company, to take a partner in trade, to adopt as a friend.

ASSOLACIO'N, s. f. weathing,

ruining or destroying; also sunning.

ASSOLADO'R, f. m. one that wastes, destroys, and levels with the ground.

ASSOLADU'RA, f. f. wasting, destroying, levelling with the ground.

ASSOLAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem. ASSOLANARSE, v. r. to be forched with the eaftern wind.

ASSOLA'R, v. a. to waste, deftroy, lay level with the ground; from fuelo, to sun, from fol.

Affolderie, v. r. to refine, to purify as waters do when the mud fubfides or finks down.

ASSOLCA'R, v. a. to make furrows; to plough, to cut through as a ship does in the fea.

ASSOLDAMIE'NTO, f. m. pay, wages, hire.

ASSOLDA'R, v. a. to keep in pay, to give wages.

ASSOLEA'R, v. a. to fun.

Affolearse, v. r. to be hurt by the heat of the sun, to be sun-burnt.

ASSOLTA'R, v. a. obf. vide SOLTA'R.

ASSOLVA'DO, adj. as, rio affolyado, a river that is choaked up with fand or mud.

ASSOMADA, f. f. a short appearance.

ASSOMA'DO, adj. looking out, appearing at a window; also drunkish.

ASSOMA'R, v. a. to begin so show itself, to peep.

Affomarse, v. r. to look out at window, or the like.

ASSOMBRADI'ZO, adj. that is easily frighted.

Caballo assombradizo, a starting horse.

ASSOMBRADO'R, f. m. one that frights others.

ASSOMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. fear or terror.

ASSOMBRA'R, v. 2. to fright, or scare; also to shadow; also to assonish, to move admiration.

ASSO'MBRO, f. m. fright, terror; also a prodigy.

ASSOMA'DA, f. f. the looking ASSOMO, f. m. out, or ap-

pearing of a man or other thing, as at a window, or fuch like place. Peeping out; as, affoma el dia, the day peeps.

Prov. Mas vale una traspuesta que dos assomádos, once scampering is worth twice looking out, or peeping; that is, one pair of heels is worth two pair of

Assomáda de guérra, an appearance of war, and a warlike exploit. Ni por affomo penfé en tal cosa, it never came into my mind, I never

thought of it.

ASSONA'DA, f. f. a found, a noise, a rumour, a report, a commotion.

Assonada de guérra, a rumour of war, warlike preparations.

ASSONADO'R, f. m. one that fets tunes; also one that raises men. Obs.

ASSONAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide ASSONADA.

ASSONA'NCIA, f. f. the found or melody of an instrument or the voice; also the consonance of Spanish verses.

ASSONANTADO, adj. speaking of verses those are affonantados that do not answer with an exact thyme. but only with an affonance.

ASSONA'NTE, f. m. an afforant. a wordthat rhymes almost with another, as cielo to bueno.

ASSONA'R, v. a. to rune, to found, to raise, to cause commo-

Affondr, v. a. to enlift soldiers. ASSOPIA'R, v. a. vide SOPIA'R.

ASSORDADURA, f. f. ma-ASSORDAMIE'NTO,f.m. (deaf.

ASSORDA'R, v, a. to deafen, or make deaf.

ASSOSSEGADAMETE, adv. quietly,

ASSOSSEGADAME'NTO, f. m. peace, pacification.

ASSOSSEGA'R, v. a. to pacify, to quiet, to appeale.

ASSOTANA'DO, adj. belonging to the lower part of an house,

ASSUE'TO, f. m. a vaçation-

Affuero, adj. accustomed.

ASSULCA'R, v. 2. to make furrows, te plough up.

AST

ASSUMCION, f. f. vide ASSUN-CIO'N.

ASSUMI'R, v. a. to assume.

ASSU'MPTO, f. m. vide ASSU'N-TO.

ASSUNCIO'N, f. f. affumption, taking up; the feast of the Assumpon of the bleffed Virgin.

VNTO, p. p. of assumir, taken , or added.

Assure, f. m. what is added, and the subject of a discourse.

ASSURA'R, v. a. to burn as victuals do in the pot.

ASSURCA'R, v. a. to furrow.

ASSUSTAR, v. a. to frighten, to cause a fright or a fear.

AST

ASTA, f. f. the flaff of a lance, fpear, or pike; any long staff. ASTA'R, v. a. in cant, to in-

ASTAS, f. f. a stag's horn.

ASTERI'SCO, f. m. an afterisk. ASTI'L, f. m. staff of a javelin, the handle of a spade, pick-ax,

or any such utentil; the stalk of any herb.

Afil de colúna, the body or shaft of a pillar or column.

ASTILLA, s. f. a slip, a splinter. Affilla, in cant, a small cheat, a petty larceny.

Afillia mucita, sea-term, as much of the ship's fides as is above wa-

ASTILLA'DO, adj. made chips or fplinters,

ASTILLADURA, f. f. making of chips; also, the chips themfeives.

ASTILLA'R, v. a. to make chips; also to splinter a broken bone. and to fet upon a staff.

Afillazos de tabéncas, in cant, money spent or lost at the tavern.

ASTILLE'JO, f. m, the confiellation called Orion.

ASTJLLE'RA, f. f. the place where they laid up their spears or lances.

ASTILLE'RO, f. m. a dock to

build ships in; a rack to place arms on, or any rack over a chimney.

ASTINENCIA, f. f. abstinence.

ASTINE'NTE, adj. abstinent, temperate.

ASTRAGA'L, f. m. the astragal, being a rounding, joining immediately to the square or dye of a pillar, or column; also the ankle-bone of the foot.

ASTRA'GALO, f. m. astragal. ASTRA'L, adj. belonging to the stars.

ASTRERIR, v. s. to compel, to force.

ASTRI'CTO, p. p. of aftrenir.

ASTRIFERO, adj. carrying or supporting a flar or many flars. adj. bin-ASTRINGE'NTE,

ASTRINGI'R, v. a. to bind together.

ASTRO, f. m. any of the luminous bodies in heaven, such as fun, moon, star, plamet.

ASTROLA'BIO, f. m. an aftrolabe, a mathematical instrument to observe the motion of the ftars.

ASTROLOGA'L, adj. aftrological.

ASTROLOGIA, f. f. aftrology. ASTROLOGICO, adj. aftrological,

ASTROLOGO, f. m. an aftro-

ASTRONOMIA, f. f. aftronomy.

ASTRONO'MICO, adj. aftrono-

ASTRO'NOMO, f. m. an aftronomer.

ASTROSAME'NTE, adv. loathformely, shabbily, poorly; also unfortunately.

ASTROSO, adj. loathforme, poot, shabby, ragged, dirty; alfo unlucky, or born under an ill planet.

ASTUCIA, s. f. fubrilty, craft, cunning.

ASTURIO'N, f. m. a little horfe, a small mag, or pad.

ASTUTAME'NTE, adv. craftily, fubrilly, cunningly.

ASTUTO, adj. fubtle, cumning, crafty.

ASU

ASU'SO, adv. above.

A S Y

ASYLO, f. m. a fanduary, or place of refuge.

ASYMETRIA, f. f. alymetry, contrariety to symetry, disproportion.

ASYMPTO'TOS, f. f. pl. right lines, which approach nearer and nearer to some curve, but never meet it.

ASYNDETON, f. f. a figure in grammar, when a conjunction copulative is ommitted.

ATA

ATA, f. f. a tree so called. Ata, prep. until. Obs.

ATABACA'DO, adj. snuff coloured.

ATABAL, f. m. a kettle-drum. ATABALE'JO, f. m. a small kettledrum.

ATABALE'RO, f. m. a kettle drummer.

ATABALI'LLO, f. m. a little kettledrum.

ATABARDILLA DO, adj. belonging to the spotted fever.

ATABE, f. m. a breathing hole, a vent.

ATABLAR, v. a. to smooth the earth with boards.

ATA'CA, f. f. a ladle. Obf. ATACA'DO, adj. in cant, stab-

ATACADO'R, f. m. a lace, such as women use to their stays. In martial affairs, a rammer of a gun. In cant, a dagger.

ATACADURA, f. f. lacing. ATACAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide ATACADURA.

ATACA'R, v. a to lace on stays, boddice, or the like; also in martial affairs to attack; also to teaze, to ask with importunity; in cant, to stab.

Asacár calças, to lice or tie up one's breeches.

Atacár un arcabúz, to ram down the charge in a musket.

Calzas altacadas, anciently, breeches and flockings in one pieces that they used to lace to the waiftcoat.

Hombre de calzas atacadas, a man very ceremonious.

Atachree, v. r. to catch at; to tie one's self to; to be puzzled; to puzzle; to be bewildered.

ATADE'RAS, f. f. pl. garters. ATADE'RO, f. m. a sope or

ATADIJO, f. m. a little bundle. ATADILLO, f. m. a finall bundle or parcel tied up.

Atadillo de almiscle, a musk cod. ATADO'R, f. m. one that binds, or ties; or the string or cord that ties.

ATADURA, f. f. tying; also a band, or firing.

ATAFAGA'R, v. a. to put one in a paffion, to make angry.

Atafagarfe, v. r. to be in a passion, to be angry.

ATAFE'A, f. f. a furfeit.

ATAFA'RRA, f. f. vide ATA-HARRE,

ATAHARRADU'RA, f. f. cruppering; and thence truffing, or binding up.

ATAHARRA'R, v. a. to crupper a beaft; thence to truss up, to bind up.

ATAHA'RRE, f. m. a crnpper, but generally for a beaft of bur-

ATAHO'NA, f, f, an als or a horfe-mill.

ATAHONA'R, v. a. to grind in a mill.

ATAHONE'RO, f. m. a miller. ATAHO'RMA,) f. f. the great ATAHORNA, eagle called an ofprey.

ATAJADI'ZO, f. m. a small closet contrived out of a room.

ATAJADUR, f. m. he that cuts through any place or path in order to shorten his way.

Atajador, s. m. the officer that goes every where exploring where the enemy is when the armies are within reach.

Atajador, s. m. one that cuts off,

stops, or prevents, that runs down, or puts others out of countenance.

Atájamiento de sangre, stopping of blood.

ATAJA'R, v. a. to cut off, to stop away, to prevent, to take the short cut, to be brief, to put out of countenance.

Atajár ganádo, to drive away cattle, to steal it.

Atajar camino, to stop a way. to take the shortest way.

Atajár el enemigo, to cut off an ennemy's retreat, or provisions. Atajár pléyto, to vithdraw one's plea.

Atajár razónes, to make few words. Atajárse un hombre, to be out of countenance, to be run down. to have nothing to fay for him-

ATAJASOLA'ZES, f. m. a diffurber of mirth, a messenger of ill

ATAIFO'R, f. m. a deep dish for foop, or pottage; also a round table.

ATA'JO, f. m. a short cut in the road; also a stop in the way, or a wear in a river, or a stile in a hedge.

Asájo de gánado, a number of cattle.

Prov. No dy atajo fin trabajo, there is no short cut withous fome trouble; that is no convenience without an inconvenience. ATAJUE'LO, f. m. diminut. of

ATA'L, adv. fo that,

ATALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce with a wimble.

ATALA'R, v. a. vide TALA'R. ATALAYA, f. f. a watch-tower, or a centinel, or person that stands to discover, or watch. In cant, a thief.

ATALAYADO'R, f. m. ceminel, watch, spy in war.

ATALAYAMI'ENTO, f. m. watching, or looking out to disco-VCF.

ATAIAYA'R, v. a. to fland centinel, or be upon the watch upon a high place or aboard a ship.

Atalayár, to observe studiously the actions of one's self, or another.

'ATALEA'R, v. a. vide ATA_7 LAYA'R.

ATALO'N, f. m. vide TALO'N.
ATALVI'NA, f. f. a fort of hafty
pudding made of almonds, milk,
and flower.

'ATAMBO'R, f. m. a drum, or the drummer.

ATAMBORCI'LLO, f. m. a little drum.

ATAMBOREA'R, v. a. to beat a drum,

'ATAMIE'NTO, f. m. flothfulness, or a remifiness, of mind or spirits; cowardice.

Atamiénto, a tying, or binding; unhandiness.

obf. the fame as tan, fo much.

'ATANA'SIA, f. f. the herb tanfy.

ATANCA'R, v. a. to prefs or fqueeze.

Atancar, to be fast, that one cannot get out, to stick.

ATAREDE'RO, adj. pertaining, or belonging to.

ATARE'R, v. imp. to belong, to appertain.

Ataner, v. a. to detain, to keep back.

Ataneme ach essa burra, stop that as for me.

ATA'NES, adv. until,

ATANO'R, f. m. a conduit, or pipe to convey water, a water-cock,

ATANQUI'A, f. f. a plaister used to pull off hair, sometimes a pair of nippers to pull out hairs.

Atanquia, a gross sort of silk.

ATANTO, adv. so far as.

Atdato, adj. fo great. Vide TAN-TO.

'ATAPADO'R, f. m. a stopper, or cover.

ATAPADU'RA, f. f. flopping, or covering.

ATAPA'R, v. a. to flop, to cover; metaph, to conceal.

ATAPIA'R, v. a. vide TA-PIA'R.

ATAPIERNA, f. f. a garter.

ATA'QUE, f. m. attack, affault. ATAQUI'ZA, f. f. a planting of new vines.

ATAQUIZADO'R, f. m. the man who plants the new vines.

ATAQUIZA'R, v. a. to plant new vines, where the old ones are either withered or dead.

ATA'R, v. a. to tie, to bind; also to hinder.

Locó de atár, a madman, an enraged furious person.

Atarse, v. r. to be beside one's felf.

Ni ata ni defata, he neither ties, nor unties; that is, he fays nothing to the purpose, or that thing is not tot the purpose. As some say, it is neither here nor there.

Prov. Quien bien dta, bien desata, he that ties well, unties well; equivalent to fast bind, fast find.

ATARACE'A, f. f. a well prepared mixture of two colours. Vide TARACE'A.

ATARACEA'R, v. a. to adorn with many colours.

ATARANTADO, adj. stung by the tarantula, applied to any one that moves frequently his head and body.

ATARASCA'R, v. a. to wound in the face with a fword.

ATARAZA'NA, f. f. dock, arfenal, place to build ships; also a storehouse, a magazine.

Atarazána, a wine cellar; and (in cant) the place where thieves conceal the things they have folen

ATARAZANA'L, f. m. vide ATA-RAZANA.

ATARAZA'R, v. a. to pull in pieces, to tear.

ATA'RSE, f. f. the tamarisk-tree. ATARE'A, f. f. a task of work to be done.

ATAREA'R, v. a. to fet a task.

Atarearfe, v. r. to fet one's felf a task.

ATARRAGA'R, v. a. to fit shoes on the horse.

ATARRA'YA, f. f. a fishing or fowling net.

ATTARRE'A, f. f. Vide ATA. ATTARRIO'N, f. m. (HA'RRE. ATARUGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a wedge; a large skewer.

ATARUGA'R, v. a. to wedge any thing.

ATARXE'A, f. f. a case of bricks made to screen the water-pipes from being spoilt.

ATASAJA'DO, adj. broke or cut in pieces.

ATASCADE'RO, f. m. a marshy place; an obstruction in doing any thing.

Atascadero, a place where carriages or cattle stick in the mire.

ATASCA'R, v a. to calk a veffel; that is, to ftop up all the crannies with oakum.

Atafcarfe, v. r. to flick in the mire, to be fast that one cannot get out, to run one's felf into straights or difficulties.

ATAVA'L, f. m. vide ATA-BAL.

ATAVALE'RO, f. m. vide ATA-BALE'RO.

ATAU'D, f. m. a coffin.

ATAVIADAME'NTE, adv. finely.

ATAVIA'R, v. a. to dress, to adorn, to set off.

ATAVILLA'R, v. a. to fold together.

ATAVIO, f. m. apparel, ornament, drefs.

ATAURIQUE, f. m. in building, a Moorish ornament over a door.

ATAUXI'A, f. f. damasking on metal; inlaying one metal with another; also the fine gilding we see on swordblades, or the like.

ATAXI'A, f. f. vide ATAR-XE'A.

ATAYFO'R, f. m. vide ATAI-FO'R.

ATAYMADO, f. m. vide TAY-MADO,

ATE

ATE, adv. vide ANTE. Obf. ATEDIA'RSE, v. r. to be weary, to be tired.

ATEME'R, v. a. vide TEME'R.
ATEMORIZA'R, v. a. to put
into a fear, to make one afraid,
to scare, to daunt.

ATEMPERAR

ATEMPERA'R, v a. to modera-ATEMPLAR, te, to appease.

ATENACEA'R, v. a. to nip, or pull piece-meal with pincers.

ATENAZA'DAS, adv. by nips of pincers.

ATENAZA'R, v. a. to aip or pull in pieces with pincers; from tenázas, pincers.

'ATENCIO'N, f. f. attention, application; also respect, politeness.
ATENDA'R, v. n. to pitch tents, to encamp.

ATENDE'R, v. a. to attend, to give ear; also to wait on.

ATENEDO'R, f.m. 2 parry-man. ATENE'R, v. a. obf. to keep peace with others.

Asenerse, v.r. to flick to a thing, to fland to it.

ATENTADAME'NTE, adv. carefully, attentively, deliberately; also politely.

ATENTA'DO, adj. that proceeds with caution.

Attentado, f. m, a fentence or decree of a judge contrary to law. ATENTAME'NTE, adv. atten-

tively, carefully, respectfully, politely.

ATENTA'R, v. a. to attempt, but more properly to feel, or grope, as in the dark.

Atentisfe, v. r. to do things with deliberation, to be folid, or flayed.

ATE'NTO, adj. heedful, attentive, careful; also polite, courterus.

Atente, adv. about that, for which cause.

ATENUACION, f. f. a washing or confuming away; also tenuity; growing thin.

ATENUA'R, v. r. to attenuate, to fpend, to waste, to consume.

Atenuarse, v. r. to be wasted, to be wore away.

ATERCIANA'DO, adj. belonging to the terciana, or tertian day ague.

ATERECE'RSE, to starve or grow fiff with cold.

ATERECI'DO, adv. starved, or grown stiff with. cold.

ATERECIMIE'NTO, starving or growing stiff with cold.

Tom. I.

ATERICIA'RSE, v. r. to be ill of the jaundice.

ATERIDO, adj. starved, or stiff with cold; also slothful, lazy.

ATERI'RSE , vide ATERE-CE'RSE.

ATERITA'DO, adj. flupid.

ATERITA'RSE, v. r. to be stu-

ATERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a deftruction, a levelling to the ground.

ATERRA'R, v. a. to throw down, to pull down, to terrify, to fright; to humble.

Aterrarfe, v. r. to come near the land, (a fea-term.)

ATERRE'RO, adv. tirár á terréro, to shoot at a settled mark, to a sure mark, to shoot point blank.
ATERRONA'DO, adj. cloddy, full of clods.

ATERRORIZA'R, v. a. to strike terror or fear in any one, to amaze, to surprize.

ATESA'R, v. a. to make hard. ATESORA'R, v. a. vide ATHE-SORA'R.

ATESTACION, f. f. attesting, witnessing.

ATESTA'DO, adj. crammed, stuffed full.

Villáno atefládo de djos, a clown fluffed with garlick; that is, a furly, unmannerly down.

ATESTADO'R, f. m. one that witnesses, or one that stuffs or crams.

ATESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of fluffing or ramming any thing down.

ATESTA'R, v. a. to fluff, to cram full, to ram down; also to testify, or bear witness.

ATESTIGUACION, f. f. a depofición or charge.

ATESTIGUADO'R, f. m. one that testifies, affirms, or witnesses. ATESTIGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. testifying, witnessing.

ATESTIGUA'R, v. 2. to tellify, to witness.

ATETA'R, v. a. to give suck.

ATEZAMIE'NTO, f. m. the action of blacking the face, or daubing it.

ATEZA'R, v. a, to black or daub

the face, or befinear it with foot, charcoal, &c.

Aterárse, v. r. to acquire blackness, by reason of the heat of the climate.

ATH

ATHANA'SIA, f. f. the herb taufy.

ATHEISMO, f. m. atheism.

ATHEISTA, f. m. or ATHE'O, an arheist.

ATHE'O, f. m. an atheift.

ATHER'A, f. f. a kind of pudding made very thin.

ATHESORAR, v. a. to treasure

ATHLE'TA, f. m. wrestler, chain-

ATHLETICAME'NTE, adv. in an arhletick manner, with great firength, with most manly vigour.

ATHLE'TICO, adj. athletick, belonging to wrestling.

ATI

ATIBIA'R, v. n. vide ENTI-BIA'R.

ATIBORRA'R, to fill any thing with lees or drofs.

ATICO, adj. belonging to the Attick order in architecture.

ATICURGA, adj. the appellative of the base of an Attick pillar.

ATIEMPO, adv. in time, in sca-

ATIE'NTAS, adv. carelessly, without deliberation, without thought, groping in the dark.

ATIE'NTO, adv. the fame as atientas.

ATIESSA'R, v. a. to stiffen.

ATIE'STO, f. m. the act of filling up wine-veffels with wine after it has fomewhat diminished by feating or evaporation.

ATILDADURA, f. f. elegance, finery in drefs; also the filling, polishing, or refining of any thing.

ATILDA'R, v. a. to put any writing in perfect order, a cording to the first rules of critical graphy.

L

Atildarse, v. r. to be elegant, or fine in dress.

ATINADAME'NTE, adv. judiciously, discreetly.

ATINA'DO, adj. gueffed, or hit upon by guess; also, judicious, discreet.

Asinúdo, f. m. a prudent, deliberate, cautious, wise man.

ATINA'R, v. a. to guess right, to find, to hit upon things by guess.

ATTNCAR, f. m. borace, a fort of gum used in soldering of gold.

ATI'NO, f. m. goods guess, judgment, discretion, foresight.

ATIPLA'DA, adj f. treble, that reaches high in music.

ATIPIA'R, v. a. to sharpen the found.

Auplaife, v. r. to pass suddenly from a grave to an acute note or found in singing or playing.

'A tira mas tira, adv. pell-mell, confusedly, tumultuously.

ATIRICIA'R, v. a. to grow yellow countenanced, to fall into the jaundice.

ATISBADO'R, f. m. the person who discovers, perceives.

ATISBADURA, f. f. a discovering, perception, knowledge.

ATISBA'R, v. a. to perceive, to discover, to understand, to comprehead.

ATIZADO'R, f. m. one that stirs up or kindles fire; also one that provokes, or sets people to quarrel; also a poker.

'A izár una pendencia, to heighten a quarrel.

ATIZONA'R, v. a. to repair old walls with brick or stone.

ATL

'ATLANTES, f. m. pl. timbers, or stones in a building which fustain the beams and joists.

'ATLANTIDES, f. f. pl. the flars called Pleiades, or feven flars.

ATLE'TA, f. m. vide ATHLE'-TA.

ATM

'ATMOSPHE'RA, f, f, the atmofphere, ATMOSPHE'RICO, adj. atmospherick, belonging to the atmosphere.

ATO

ATO, f. m. vide HATO.

ATOA'R, v. a to tow a great ship with a finall veffel.

ATOBA'R, v. a. to faften any one's mind; that is, to aftonish, or furprize.

Atobarse, v. r. to remain assonished and confused.

ATOCATE'JA, adv. directly, immediately.

ATO'CHA, f. f. the outside of the plant called espárto, after the espárto is taken out, when it remains bruised and beaten so soft, that it serves to put into beds instead of straw.

ATOCHA'DO, adj. foolish, fostpared, dull, stupid,

ATOCHA'L, 6 ATOCHA'R, f. m. a broom-field, or close.

ATOCHAMIE'NTO, f.m. growing dull, or foolish.

ATOCHA'R, v. a. to fluff with broom.

ATOCINA'R, v. a. to make bacon.

Atocinar, v. a. metaph. to kill.

Atocinarse, v. r. to be in a passion.

ATO'LE, f. m. a drink so cal-

ATOLIADA'I, f. m. 2 bog, a quagmire, a flough, or dirty place, where cattle or carts flick. ATOLIADE'RO, f. m. 2 bog. Atolladero, f. m. an obfiacle.

ATOLLADURA, f. f. flicking in the mire.

ATOLLA'R, v. n. to flick in the mire or otherwise, so that one cannot flir without help.

Atollarse, v.r. to labour under difficulties, to meer with obstructions, to be hindered,

ATOLONDRA'R, v. a. to knock any one on the head with any thing.

Atolondrurse, v. r. to be stupissed, to be put beside one's self.

ATOLONDRONA'R, v. a. to flupify, to put a man belide himfelf. ATOMO, f. m. an atom.
ATONA'DO, adj. obf. aftonished,

amazed, beside himself.

ATONA'RSE, v. r. obs. to be aftonished, or amazed, or beside himself.

ATONI'TO, adj. aftonished, amazed.

ATONTADAME'NTE, adv. rafhip, inconfiderately, foolishly.

ATONTA'DO, adj. foolish, or filly.

ATONTAMIE'NTO, f. m. foolifhnefs, rashnefs.

ATONTA'R, v. n. to grow foolish. ATONTAS, adv. foolishly.

A TOPA TOLO'NDRO, adv. inconsiderately, foolishly.

ATORADAME'NTE, adv. enti-

ATORAR, v. a. to press, squeeze, or ram one thing into another.

ATORDIR, v. a. obs. vide ATUR-

ATORGA'R, v. a. to grant, to permir.

ATORMECE'R, v.n. vide ADOR-MECE'R.

ATORMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide ADORMECIMIENTO.

ATORDI'R, v. a. obf. vide ATUR-DI'R.

ATORMENTADO'R, f. m. tormentor, executioner; also a vero troublesome or offensive person.

ATORMENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. a tormenting, a vexing, troubling, perplexing.

ATORMENTA'R, v. 2. to torment, to rack, to put to great pain; to vex, to free.

ATORNA'R, v. a. to enclose, to compais about.

ATOROLLA'R, v. a. vide ATU-RULLA'R.

ATOROZONA'R, v. a. to give the gripes, or rwifting of the guts.

ATORTOLA'R, v. a. to firike terror or fear, to make as timorous as a dove.

ATORTUJA'R, v. a. to fquat or fqueeze a thing flat as a tortoife.

ATORZONA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled or yexed with the gripes, as horses.

ATOSSIGADO'R, f. m. one who gives poison; also one that teazes with importunity.

ATOSSIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of giving poison.

ATOSSIGA'R, v. a. to intoxicate, to poison; also to vex with importunity.

A T R

ATRABANCAR, v. a. to hurry a work on; to make more hafte than good speed.

ATRABILA'RIO, adj. atrabilatian, melancholy.

ATRABILIS, f. f. black choier, melancholy.

ATRACA'R, v. a. to throw the grappling irons aboard a ship.

Atracárse, v. r. to join ships together by grappling irons.

ATRACCION, f. f. attraction.

ATRACTIVO, adj. attractive, or drawing to.

ATRACTY'L, f. m. wild bastard fastron.

ATRAE'R, v. a. to attract, to draw, to allure.

ATRAFAGA'R, v. a. vide ATA-FAGA'R.

Atrafagårse, v. r. to harras one's felf with too much business.

ATRAGANTA'RSE, v. r. to be choaked by the victuals in the throat.

ATRAGOS, adv. by gulps.

ATRAHE'R, v. a. to attract, to draw fomething.

Atraher, v. 2. to attract, to allure, to invite, to intice.

ATRAIDORA'DO, adj. traitor-like, treacherous.

Atraidorádo, adj. treacherous, traitorous, treafonous, treafonable, having the nature or guilt of treafon.

ATRAIDORAME'NTE, adv. treacherously, deceirfully.

Atraidoraments, adv. treacherously, treasonably.

ATRAILLA'R, v. a. to draw, drag, or lead a ship or leash.

ATRAIMIE'NTO, f. m. attracting, drawing, or alluring.

ATRAMPARAI'Z, adv. quite pulled, or torn up by the roots.

ATRAMUZES, f. m. plur. vide.

ALTRAMUZES.

ATRANCAR, v. a. to bar, to make fast with a bar; also to take large steps, to step over a ditch, or the like.

ATRAPA'R, v. s. to overtake. ATRAS, sdv. behind.

De tiempos atrás, of former times. Atrás máno, behind-hand.

ATRASADO, adj. behind-hand with the world, indebted; also behind, or short in the way.

ATRASAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide. ATRASO.

ATRASA'R, v. a. to put behind, to keep back.

Atrafurse, v. r. to stay behind, to run in debt.

ATRASMA'NO, adv. aside, out of the way, out of the reach.

ATRASO, f. m. the loss of wealth, or of any other thing.

ATRAVANCA'R, v. a. obs. vide ATRAVESSA'R.

ATRAVESARO, f. m. a beam or a piece of timber that stands or is placed across.

ATRAVESA'R, ot ATRAVES-SAR, v. a. to cross; to lay across. Atravessur à uno con la espuda, to run a man through.

Anavessir et coraçon, to grieve to the heart, to move to compassion.

Atravessár la calle, to cross the street.

Atravessúr en la juégo, to bar; to cast.

Attave faire, v. r. to interpose; to interrupt; to break off; to be contrary; to mediate.

ATRAVESI'A, S. f. vide TRAVE-SIA.

ATRAZADERA, f. f. a bawd. ATRAZA'R, v. a. to act cunnin

ATRAZA'R, v. a. to act cunningly, craftily, or vilely.

ATRE'CHOS, adv. by intervals, from space to space.

ATREGUA'DO, adj. that is mad by fits, that has lucid intervals. ATREGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of making a truce. Obf.

ATREGUAR, v. a. to grant a truce.

ATREVE'NCIA, f. f. obf. vide ATREVIMIE'NTO.

ATREVE'RSE, v. r. to dare, to be bold; to be faucy.

ATREVIDA'D, f. f. vide ATRE-VIMIE'NTO.

ATREVIDAME'NTE, adv. boldly, daringly; faucily.

ATREVIDILLO, f. m, a little bold hor-headed fellow.

ATREVIDO, adj. bold, daring; inconfiderate, faucy.

ATREVIMIE'NTO, f.m. boldnefs, impudence.

ATRIA'CA, f. f. treacle.

ATRIA'NGULA, f. f. a plummet hanging to a triangular board, used by workmen to try their work.

ATRIAQUE'RO, f. m. one that fells treacle; a quack, a mounte-bank.

ATRIBUCION, f. f. attribution, assignation.

ATRIBUI'R, v. a. to attribute, to lay to one.

Atribulrse, v. r. to arrogate to one's felf.

ATRIBULACIO'N, f. f. tribulation, trouble.

ATRIBULADAME'NTE, adv. in a for fowful manner.

ATRIBULA'R, v. a. to trouble, to grieve.

Anibulárfe, v. r. to grieve, to mourn.

ATRIBUTA'R, v. 2. to impose a tribute.

ATRIBUTO, f. m. an attribute. ATRICIO'N, f. f. attrition.

ATRIL, f. m. stand, a desk to set a book on.

ATRILE'10, f. m. a little stand, or desk for a book.

ATRILE'RA, f. f. the cover of a stand or desk.

ATRINCADU'RA, S. f. vide TRINCADU'RA.

ATRINCA'R, v. 2. vide TRIN. CA'R.

Atrincarse, v. r. to break itself into

ATRINCHERAMIE'NTO, f. m.

the act of making trenches.

ATRINCHERA'R, v. r. to in-

ATRINCHERA'R, v. r. to intrench.

ATRIO, f. m. a court-yard.

ATRITO, adj. belonging to attrition.

ATRO, adj. black.

L 2

ATROCHA'DO, adj. giddy-headed, rattle-brained; also, stopped, or crossed.

ATROCHA'R, v. a. to ftop a paffage; also to strike out the way or road.

ATRO'CHE Y MO'CHE, vulgar adverb: at random, rashly, hand over head.

ATROCIDA'D, f. f. cruelty, inhumanity, fierceness.

A TROMPA TALIDA, adv. at the found of a trumpet.

A tromps y taléga, adv. without reflexion, order, or disposition agreed before hand.

MTROMPETADO, adj. shaped or made like a trumpet.

ATROMPO'N, adv. without any rule or order.

ATRONADOR, f. m. thunderer, the person who thunders or makes a noise; also a sool, or filly fellow

ATRONAMIE'NTO, f. m. Aunning with noise; also rashness, or folly.

ATRONA'R, v. n. to thunder; to make a great noise; to become a fool.

Atronarse, v. r. to be stunned with notife; to be thunder-struck, to be killed by the notife of thunder, as it happens to silk-worms.

ATRONEA'R, v. a. to make loopholes to shoot out at.

ATROPA'R, v. a. to gather into a troop, or body, to close up.

Arropárie, v. r. to be gathered into a troop, to be closed up.

ATROPELLADAME'NTE, adv. confuledly, diforderly.

ATROPELLADO'R, f. m. the person who treads under foot.

ATROPELLAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of treading under foot.

ATROPELLA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to bear down, to run ever.

Atropellarse, v. r. to be trod under foot, to be run over.

ATROPHIA, f. f. a kind of confumption.

ATROPHICO, adj. that is in a confimption.

ATRIUZ, adj. atrocious, heinous, cruel, or fierce.

ATROZA'R, v. a.- to bind, or tie the yarm-arm to the mast.

ATROZME'NTE, adv. beinoufly, cruelly, fiercely.

ATRUE'NDO, f. m. pride, boafting, oftentation.

ATRUE'QUE, adv. vide TRUE-QUE.

ATU

ATUE'NDO, f. m. vide ATRU-ENDO.

ATRUERTO, adv. wrongfully, unjuftly.

ATUFADAME'NTE, adv. peevishly, passionately.

ATUFA'R, v. a. to put into a fret, or passion, in a sume.

Atufarfe, v. r. to take pet.

ATUIA'DO, adj. obf. fit, hand-fome, decent.

ATU'MBO, f. m. vide TU'MBO.
ATU'N, f. m. a fish called a tun-

ATUNARA, f. f. the place where tunnyfish are caught.

ATUNE'RA, f. f. the hook to catch tunny-fish with.

ATUNE'RO, f. m. one that catches, or fells tunny-fish; a scoundrel, a blackguard.

ATURADUR, f. m. the person that suffers labour.

ATURA'R, v. 2. to fuffer with conftancy, to bear up against afflictions.

ATURDIDAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, madly.

ATURDIMIE'NTO, f. m. aftonishment, furprize.

ATURDI'R, v. a. to stun, also-

Aurdirse, v. r. to be assonished.

ATURRULLA'R, v. 2. to consound

with fear or furprize.

ATUSADO'R, f. m. a person who

shears, or clips.

ATUSA'R, v. a. to shear, to clip

ATUSA'R, v. 2. to shear, to elip close; also to browse 22 cattle

ATUTHIA, f. f. tutty. It is the foot of brass, which flicks to the furnace, in the fusion of metal.

ATUTIPLE'N, adv. abundantly; vulgar expression.

AUC

A'UCA, f. f. a goose.
AUCTO'R, f. m. the person who
fells any thing.

AUD

AUDA'CIA, f. f. magnanimity, courage, spirit; also impudence. AUDA'Z, adj. bold, audacious; also impudent.

AUDIE'NCIA, f. f. audience. liberry of speaking granted; also the court of judicature, or the place where it is kept

AUDIENCIL'RO, f. m. an officer belonging to a court of justice. AUDI'TO, f. m. hearing.

AUDITO'R, f m. a king's officer, or judge civil and criminal.

AUDITORA'TO, f. m. the dignity of fuch a judge.

AUDITO'RIA, f. f. the auditor's office, the place where he fits in order to examine and judge.

AUDITO'RIO, f. f. auditory, audience.

A U G

A'UGE, f. m., that point wherein the fun or any other planet is farthest from the center of the earth.

Fulino effi en fu auge, fuch a one is at the highest pitch, or summit of glory.

AUGU'RES, f. m. pl. the augurs among the Romans.

AUGU'STO, adj. august, venerable.

AUL

A'ULA, f. f. a hall; a court; a palace; a public school at the universities.

AULA'GA, f. f. a fort of prickly broom.

AULAGA'R, f. m. a place where brooms grows.

A'ULICO, adj. belonging to the court.

AULIADO'R, f. m. one that howis.

AULLA'R, v. a. to how as dogs or wolves do.

AULLI'DO, f. m. a howl like that of a dog, or wolf.

AULLO, f. m. vide AULLI-

A U M

AUMENTACION, f. f. augmentation, increase.

AUMENTADOR, f.m. one that increases, augments, adds to.

AUMENTA'K, v. a. to increase, augment, add to.

AUMENTATI'VO, adj. augmentative, increasing, adding.

AUME'NTO, f. m. increase, addition, augmentation.

AUN

AUN, 2dv. yet, adhue.

Aun, adv. allo, ettam.

'AU' NA, adv. at once, together. AUNA'DOS, f. m. pl. confederates,

persons united or allied.

AUNAMIE'NTO, f. m. confederating, uniting, binding toge-

'AUNA'R, v. a. to confederate,

Aunarse, v. r. to be united, to be allied, or confederated.

'AU'NNO, adv. obs. not yet. AU'NQUE, adv. although.

A U R

AURA, f. f. air, gale, breeze. A'UREO, adj. golden.

AURE'OLA, f. f. a circle painted round the head of our Saviour and the faints by painters.

AURICULA'R, adj. belonging to

AURI'FERO, adj. who bears gold, gilt with gold.

AURI'GA, f. f. a coachman.

AURO'RA, f. f. the break of day, the aurora, the morning.

Coter de aurora, a colour between white and light red.

Prov. Aurora rubia, ò viento ò pluvia, a red morning is a fign of wind or rain.

'AURAGA'DO, adj. ill-ploughed and left full of lumps of earth,

A U S

AUSE'NCIA, s. f. absence.

Prov. Ausencia enemiga de amor quan lijos de ojos, tan lejos de corazón, absence an enemy to love, as far as from the eyes, fo far from the heart; out of fight, out of mind.

AUSENTARSE, v. r. to absent one's self, to depart, to go away.

AUSE'NTE, adj. absent, not prefent.

AUSPICIO, f. m. omen, fign, token of the event of things, shewed by flights of birds; good or bad fuccefs, conduct, management, government, command, advice, authority, one's fancy, will or pleafure; also good omen and protection.

AUSTERAME'NTE, adv. severely, harshly, aufterely.

AUSTERIDA'D, f. f. aufterity, feverity, rigour, harshuefs, morrified life.

AUSTE'RO, adj. austere, harsh, severe, rigorous, ill-natured. AUSTRA'L, adj. belonging to

the fouth. AUSTRO, f.'m. the fouth wind.

AUT

 $m{AUTAN}$, $m{adv}$.

Bedel a aután, to drink flisfly, or to a certain pitch.

AUTHE'NTICA, f. f. the conftitutions, system of laws and cuscoms...

AUTHENTICAME'NTE, adv. authentically, by public autho-

AUTHENTICA'R, v. 2. to make a writing authentick, to give it fufficient authority.

AUTHENTICIDA'D, f. f. authenticity, genuineaels, the quality of being authentick, legal authority.

AUTHE'NTICO, adj. authen-

AUTI'LLO, f. m. a small fort of owl, a howler,

Autillo, f. m. diminutive of anto-

AUTO, f. m. a public aft, a decree of a court or a school, or other public act; a representation of some devout play,

AVA

Autos, all the papers relating to a fuit in law.

Auto de se, or de inquisición, the public act of the inquisition, when they bring out all their prifoners, and read their offences in public, at which time fentence is passed upon them.

AUTOCRACIA, f. f. autocracy, independent power.

AUTOGRAPHICO, f. f. autographical, of one's own writing.

AUTOGRAPHO, f. m. a particular person's own writing.

AUTOMA'TICO, adj. having the power of moving itself.

AUTO'MATO, f. m. auromaton, a machine that has the power of motion within itfelf.

AUTO'R, f. m. author, inven-

AUTORIDA'D, f. f. authority, power, credit; oftentation; tellimony, credibility.

AUTORIZADAME'NTE, adv. with authority, peremptorily.

AUTORIZADO'R, f. m. a per-

for invested with authority; one that certifies and gives authority. AUTORIZA'R, v. a. to authorize, to make any thing legal; to prove, to justify, to give cre-

AUTUMNA'L, adj. belonging to autumn.

AUX

AUXILIA'R, v. a. to help, fuccour, relieve, protect, affift. Auxiliar, adj. auxiliary, giving help or affiftance, Verbe auxiliar, auxiliary verb.

AUXI'LIO, f. m. help, aid, relief, allstance, succour.

AVA

AVA, adv. take heed. AVADA'DO, adj. fordable. AVADA'RSE, v. r. to become fordable.

AVAHA'R, v. a. to warm one's hand by the breath.

AVALA'NTARSE, v. 1. vide.
ABALANZARSE.

AVALGA'R, f. m. a purging medicine so called.

AVALIA'DOR, f. m. a prizer, a valuer.

AVALIA'R, v. a. to value, to prize, to rate.

AVALLA'R, v. a. to inclose, intrench about, to fortify, to raise a fence.

AVALORA'R, v. a. to augment, increase, or raise the value, esteem, or credit of a thing.

AVALO'RIOS, f. m. pl. glass bugles.

AVALOTE, f. m. tumult, noife, fedition.

AVAMPIE'S, f. m. pl. splatterdashes, vulgarly so called.

AVANCE, f. m. attack, affault. AVANGUA'RDIA, f. f. the van

of an army,

AVANICA'R, v. a. to fan.

AVANICO, f. m. a fan.

AVANI'NO, f. m. a little gorget women wear about their necks.

'AVA'NT, adv. farther, beyond, AVANTA'I, f. m. an apron.

AVANZAR, v. a. to go forward, to advance; to attack; to overballance in an account currant.

AVA'NZO, f. m. the ballance in accounts; also the benefit of a merchant.

AVA'OS, have a care, stand off.
A clownish word,

AVARAME'NTE, adv. cove-

AVARATA'R, v. 2, vide. ABA-RATA'R.

AVARI'ÇIA, f. f. avarice, covetousnels.

AVARICIO'SO, adj. covetous.

Pro. El avariento do tiene el thefuro tiene el entendimiento, wherever a covetous man's treasure is, there is his heast also.

AVARO, adj. vide. AVARIE'N. TO.

AYARRA'R, v. 2. vide. ABAR-RA'R, AVARRA'Z, f. m. vide. AL- BARRA'Z.

AVARRI'SCO, adv. vide, ABAR-RISCO.

AVASALLA'R, v. a. to bring under subjection, to subdue; to conquer, to reduce under a new dominion.

A V E

AVE, f. f. a bird.

Ave de cuchár, all birds that have broad beaks, as geefe, ducks, &c.

A VECES, adv. fometimes.

AVECHUCHO, f. m. a useless bird; also amugly man.

AVECICA , a little bird.

AVECINA'R, v. a to move to, to arrive.

Avecinurse, v. r. to approach.

AVECINDAMIE'NTO, f. m. mansion, dwelling-place, abode.

AVECINDA'RSE, v. r. to fettle, or take up one's abode in any place.

AVEGA'DAS, vide. VEGA'.
DA.

AVE'JA, ſ. f. a bec.

AVEJARUCO, called a witwall.

AVEJENTA'RSE, v. r. to grow old, to appear old.

AVEJE'RA, f. f. the herb balmgentle.

AVEJO'N, f. m. vide. ABE-JO'N.

AVELENA'R, v. a. vide. AVE-NENAR.

AVELLACA'DO, adj. knavish. AVELLACA'R, v. n. to grov

AVELLACA'R, v. n. to grow knavish.

AVELLA'NA, f. f. a hazel-nut. AVELLANA'DA, f. f. a fort of fauce made with pounded hazelnuts.

AVELLANA'DO, adj. like a hazel-nut; also tough, as sound as a nut,

AVELLANA'L, f. m. a hazelgrove.

AVELLANA'RSE, v. r. to grow eld and tough,

AVELLANE'DA, f. f. vide.
AVELLANA'L.

AVELLANE'RA, f. f. a woman who fells hazel-nuts.

AVELLA'NO, f. m. a grove of hazels.

AVE'NA, f. f. oats.

Avina vana, or montesina, wild

AVENA'DO, adj. mixed with oats; also mad, or hair-brained.

AVENA'L, f. m. the field where oats are fowed.

AVENENA'R, v. 2 to poifou.

AVENEDIZO, f. m. a stranger, one that comes from another place.

AVENE'NCIA, f. f. agreement; also a cane to take out wine at the bung of a cask.

Prov. Mas vale mala avenencia, que buena fentencia, a bad agreement is better than a good judgment; that is, it is better to agree at any rate than to go to law.

AVENI'DA, f. f. flood, inundation; also, an avenue.

AVENIMIEN'TO, f. m. vide.
AVENL'NCIA.

AVENI'R, v. a. to come together, to agree; also, to happen.

AVEROLAS, f. f. pl. the eyelids. Obf.

AVENTADE'RO, f m. a fan to make wind with, or drive flies away.

AVENTADO'R, f. m. one that fans, or a fan.

AVENTADU'RA, f. f. fanning, or winnowing.

AVENTA'IA, f. f. advantage; that which the husband or wife may give to the last living of both.

AVENTALADAME'NTE, adv. advantageoufly.

AVENTAJA'R, v. a. to exceed, to excel; to furpals, to gain an advantage.

AVENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. fanning.

AVENTANA'DO, adj, that has many windows.

AVENTANA'RSE, v. r. to fland exposed, to view with open windows. AVENTA'R, v. a. to fan, to run headlong.

Aventurse, v. r. to take a fright, and run headlong.

Aventar trigo, to winnow corn.

AVENTURA, f. f. an adventure, used much in romances.

Aventura, adv. by chance, accidentally.

AVENTURADO, adj. fortunare; adventured.

AVENTURAR, v. a. to venture, to hazard.

Prov. Quien no se aventura no há ventura, he that does not venture has no luck; nothing venture nothing have.

Prov. Quien no se aventura no passa a mar, he that does not yenture never crosses the sea.

'AVENTURE'RO, f. m. an.adventurer, one that ventures or hazards; also a chance comer.

AVE'R, v. n. vid. HAVER. AVERAMIA, f. f. a fort of

wild duck

AVERA'R, v. a. to aver, to affirm, to verify.

AVERDUGADO, f. m. a round fort of fardingale women once

AVERGONZADO, f. m. one that has been exposed to public view for fome crime : as in the pillory, or as they use, carried about the fireets on an afs, and a cryer declaring his offence.

'AVERGONZA'R, v. a. to put to the blush, to make asha-

Avergonderse, v. r. to be ashamed. AVERIA, f. f. average, the waste or decay of wares or merchandizes.

AVERIGUABIE, adj. belonging to an examination, or making out of the truth.

AVERIGUACION, f. f. making out of the truth, or examining the truth.

AVERIGUADAME'NTE, adv. according to truth.

AVERIGUADO'R, f. m. one that examines, or fifts out the

AVERIGUAMIE'NTO , f. m. averiguation.

AVERIGUA'R, v. a. to examine, to lift out the truth.

No podérse averiguar con lino, not to be able to reduce a man to rea-

Averiguarfe, v. r. to agree with. AVERIO, f m. a flock of birds.

AVE'RNO, f. m. hell. Poetical. AVERSA'R, v. a. to be averse,

to oppose, to contradict. AVERSIO'N, f. f. aversion, re-

pugnancy, opposition; hatred. AVE'RSO, adj. averse, opposite,

contradictory, perverse. AVERTAMI'A, f. f. a bird fo

called.

AVERTURA, f. f. vide. ABER-TURA.

AVESTRUZ, f. m. an oftrich.

AVE'TO, f. m. vide. ABE'TO. Avéto, f. m. an oil used by painters and physicians for plaisters

and varnish, AVEZADURA, f. f. cuftom,

ule. AVEZA'R, v. a. to use, inure,

or accustom.

AVI

AVIADOR, f. m. a fmall piercer or wimble that makes way for another,

AVIAMIE'NTO, f. m. readiness, dispatching, setting forward.

AVIA'R, v. a. to make ready, to dispatch, to set forward, to put into the way.

AVICIA'DO, adj. grown vicious. AVICIA'RSE, v. r. to become vicious.

AVIDAME'NTE, adv. COVEtoufly, greedily.

A'VIDO, adj. coverous, greedy. AVIELDA'R, v. a. to fan or

AVIE'NTO, f. m. a fort of fork, used to put straw into a cast.

AVIESSA'MENTE, adv. out of

the way, froward, crossly. AVIE'SSO, adj. cross, out of the way, froward, untoward.

AVILANTE'Z, (f. f. basenefi,

AVILANTE'ZA, (vileness; also infolence, impudence.

AVILLANA'RSE, v. r. to become low, mean, abject, to degenerate from the actions of our ancestors.

AVILTACIO'N, f. f. scorn, contempt, derision; also meanness.

AVILTADAME'NTE, adv. contemptibly, despicably, meanly.

AVILTAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide. AVILTACION.

AVILTA'R, v. a. to despise, to fcorn, contemn; to make mean, to undervalue,

AVINGARA'DO, adj. ill-natured.

AVINAGRA'R, v. 2. to grow sharp as vinegar, or to mox with vinegar.

Avinagrárse, v. r. to be sharp or angry.

AVINA'R, v. a. to mix or drefs with wine.

AVINENTE'ZA, f. f. conformity, agreement.

AVINIE'NTE, adj. obf. conver nient, seasonable.

AVI'O, f. m. prevention, readiness, dispatch.

AVION, f. m. a little bird, called a martier.

AVISADAME'NTE, adv. difcreetly, prudently, advisedly.

AVISA'DO, adj. prudent, dis-Treet.

Avisado, s. m. in cant is a judge,

AVISA'R, v. a. to give notice. to advertise; in cant, to obferve.

AVISAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide. AVISO.

AVISIONA'RSE, v. r. to play tricks in order to make people believe one thing for another, or to conceal fomething from

AVI'SO, f. m. warning, notice given, intelifence, advice.

Aviso o navro de aviso, a king's packetboat.

Efter fobre eviso, to be upon one's guard.

AVISO'N, adv. take case.

AVISPA, f. f. a wash.

AVISPA'R, v. a. to prick, lash, whip, or spur; in cant, to fright, and to examine with attention, Arispárse, v. r. to grow peevist, to

grow uneary

AVISPO'N, f. m. in cant, the man who enquires, or looks out sharp that he may steal wome thing.

AVISTA, adv. at fight.

AVISTA'R, v. a. to see at a distance before.

Avisturse, v. r. to speak mouth to mouth.

AVITA'R, v. a. to fasten a cable, a seaterm.

AVITUALLA'R, v. a. to victual, to flore with provisions.

'AVIVA'R, v.a. to revive, to quicken, to chear.

'AVIZO'R, f. m. a spy, an observer of other men's actions.

'AVIZORA'R, v. a. to listen or pry into other people's secrets.

AVO

AVOCACION, f. f.
AVOCAMIENTO, f. m away, or from.

AVOCAR, v. a to call away, to

AVOGA'CIA, f. f. the office of a counfellor or advocate.

'AVOGACIO'N, f. f. pleading as a counsellor.

AVOCACION

AVOGACIO'N.
AVOGA'R, v. a. to plead as a

counsellor.

AVOLE'NGO, f. m. a descendant
of a grandfather, also the estate

of the grandfather.

AVOLE'ZA, f. f. flight. Obf.

A'VOLO, f. may vide. AVUE'LO.

AVOLO'RIO, f. m. vide. AVO-LE'NGO.

AVORTA'R, v. a. vide ABOR-TA'R. 'AVORTO'N, vide ABORTO'N,

AVU,

'AVUEGA'STA, f. f. a kind of duck.

'AVUE'10, grandfather; also, an old man.

old man.

AVUE'LOS, f. m. pl. ancefors.

AVUTA'RDA, f. f. a flow, heavy

bied with finall legs.

A X

AX, f. m. sickness, infirmity, ill state of health.

Ax, an interjection of complaint when a person is in pain.

A X A

AXA'DA, f. f. vide AZA'DA. AXADU'N, f. m. vide AZA-DO'N.

AXADRE'A, f. f. the herb winter favoury.

AXAMA'R, v. a. to call.

AXANAR, v. a. to fmooth, or make plain. Obf.

AXAQUE'CA, f. f. a violent pain that feizeth one fide of the head.

AXAQUECA'RSE, v. r. to be feized with a violent pain on one fide of the head.

AXAQUECO'SO, adj. that is troubled with a pain in the head.

AXAQUIE'NTO, adj. troubled with small ailings.

AXA'R, v. a. obf. to find.

AXA'RABE, f. m. a fyrup; a phyfical potion.

AXARA'CA, f. f. a fnare, a gin.
AXARA'FE, f. f. a high terras,
a halcony on the top of a house,
the halcony round the top of a
tower.

AXARA'VE, f. m. vide XARA'-

AXE

AXE, f. m. an imaginary line drawn from one pole to another, round which the earth moves.

AXEDRE'A, f. f. the herb winter favoury.

AXEDRE'Z, f. f. the game of chefs,

AXEGAR, v. a. to arrive, to come near to another.

AXE'NGE, f. m. filver; an old word.

AXE'NIO, f. m. wormwood.
AXE'NTE, f. m. obf. filver,

AXENUZ, f. f. fennel-flower.

AXERQUIA, f. f. fuburb,

AXES, f. m. crab-lice.

'A X 1

AXI, the fruit of capficum when red.

AXIMEZ, f. m. a Moorish fashioned window.

AXIME'NES, f.m. a warm funny place.

AXIO'MA, f. m. axiom, proposition so plain that needs no proof.

A X O

AXOFA'INA, f. f. vide AXUFAI-NA.

AXO' NInO, or AXO' TAI'TA, words of no fignification, but used by mothers and nurses to quiet infants.

AXO'RCAS, f. f. bracelets.

Axorcas de pies, ornaments worn about the ancies refembling bracelets; ironically, fetters or irons on the feet.

'AXOVA'R, f. m. vide AXUA'R.

A X U

AXUA'GAS, f. f. pl. the sparin in a horse's leg.

AXUA'R, f. m. all manner of houfhold fluff or furniture, more particularly that which the bride carries with her when she is married.

AXUFA'INA, f. f. obf. a bafon.

AXU'NDIA, S. f. vide ENXU'N-DIA.

AY.

AY, an exclamation of complaint.
Ay de mi! alas for me!

A Y A.

AYA, f. f. vide HAYA.

AYANQUE, f. m. one of the chief ropes in a ship, fo called.

AYA'NTAR, f. m. a dinner.

Myántar de gorrión, a sparrow's dinner; that is, a very small one.

Ayantár, v. a, to dine.

Ayuntar come perro, to dine like a

dog ;

dog; that is, to dine without drink.

A Y E.

AYEGA'R, v. a. to arrive, to draw near.

AYE'NO, adj. vide AJE'NO.

AYE'R, adv. yesterday.

AYERMA'DO, adj. deserted, forfaken.

AYM.

AYME! alss! woe to me!

AYO.

AYO, f. m. tutor, gouvernor of youth.

AYODO'RO f m ohf help

AYODO'RO, f. m. obf. help, affiftance, fuccour, relief.

AY U.

AYUDA, f. f. help, affiftance, fuccour; also a clufter; also a fubfiedy granted to a prince.

'Ayúda de cófia, a gift over and above wages, a voluntary supply to bear one's charges.

Ayúda de camára, a groom of the bedchamber to a prince.

Pérro de syúda, a great dog that can defend or affift his mafter, or look to his house or cattle.

Dies y syúde, God, and good friends.

AYUDADO'R, f. m. a helper, one that relieves or affifte.

AYUDA'NTE, f. m. an affiftant; also the adjutant of a regiment.

AYUDA'R, w. a. to belp, relieve, fuccour, or affift.

Ay udárse, w. r. to help or affift one's felf.

'AYUDO'RIO, f. m. obf. vide AYUDA.

AYUNADO'R, f. m. one that fafts much.

AYUNA'R, v. n. to fast.

AYU'NAS, adv. efter en eyú es, to be fasting.

Estár en ayuna: de una cosa, to know nothing of the matter.

AYUNA'NTE, f. m. the person who fasts.

Tom. I.

AYU'NO, f. m. a fast.

AYU'NQUE, f. m. a smith's anvil.

AYUNTADAME'NTE, adv. jointly.

AYUNTADO'R, f. m. one that joints, or puts together.

AYUNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. joining, putting together; carnal copulation; meeting; city council; court of justice.

AYUNTA'R, v. a. to join, to put together, to couple.

AYU'SO, adv. below, or beneath.

De Dios en ayúso, under God. AYZA'R, v. a. vide AYSSA'R.

AZ,

AZ, f. f. vide HAZ.

AZA.

AZA, f. f. vide HA'ZA.
AZABACHA'DO, adj. belonging

to jet; black.

AZABA'CHE, f. m. jet.

Azebáche, any thing that is very black.

AZABA'RA, f. f. aloes, a plant fo called.

AZABIBE, f. f. a dried cher-

AZABO'N, f. m. soap.
AZABRA, f. f. a small fort of

bark.

AZACA'N, f. a water - carrier.

Azacán, work without profit.

Andar como un azacán, 6 hecho un azacán, spoken of a mann who works incessantly, giving himself no time for rest.

AZACAYA, f. f. a bucket to draw water out of a well.

AZA'CHE, f. m. obf. filk.

AZA'DA, s. f. a spade.
Azáda de dos diéntes, a spade with

Azada de dos diéntes, a ipade with

AZADI'TA, f. a small spade. AZADO'N, f. m. a spade.

AZADONA'DA, f. f.
AZADONA'ZO, f. m.
as much as a spade cuts at once.

AZADONE'RO, f. m. a personwho digs with a spade.

AZAFATA, f. f. a lady of the queen's wardrobe.

AZAFATE, f. m. a work-basket made with ozier or reeds; also a hamper.

AZAFRA'N, f. m. saffron.

Azafran romin, baftard faffron.

AZAFRANA'L, f. m. a field where faffron grows.

AZAFRANA'R, v.2. to dye with faffron.

AZAGA'YA, f. f. a javelin.

AZAGUA'N, f. m. vide ZA-GUA'N.

AZAHA'R, f. m. orange or lemony flower.

Azahar brave, a fort of lupine.

AZAINADAME'NTE, adv. treacheroufly, deceitfully.

AZAINA'DO, adj. cunning, malicious.

AZALE'JA, f. f. a towel.

AZANO'RIA, f. f. vide ZANA-HO'RIA.

AZANORIA'TE, f. m. pickled carrots.

AZARA, f. f. vide HAZARA.

AZAñERÍA, f. f. vide HAZAñE-RI'A.

AZAñO'SO, adj. vide HAZAñO'SO.

AZA'R, f. m. ill luck, misfortune, obstacle, an ace of dice.

Tener ajár con alguna cofa, to have an aversion or dislike to any thing.

AZARANDA'R, v. a. to clean wheat or other grain with a cribble.

AZARA'R, v. a. to make unfortunate, one who had hopes of being happy.

ALARBE, f. m. a pipe, a duft, a canal through which water runs.

AZA'RCON, f. m. ashes of a blue colour coming from burnt lead.

AZARNE'FE, f. m. a fort of poi-

AZARO'LLA, f. f. vide AZERO'-LA.

AZAROSAME'NTE, adv. unhappily, unfortunately, unluckily.

AZARO'SO, adj. unhappy, unforrunate, unlucky.

AZAROTE, f. m. the gum called farcocolla.

M

AZAVA'CHE, f. m. vide AZA-BACHE.

AZC

AZCON, f. m. 2 fmall dart; fre-AZCONA, f. f. Sword. AZCONI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of

azcón, Os azcóna.

AZE

AZEBIBE, St. m. a plum.

AZEBIU, AZE'BO, f. m. the holm, or holly-

AZEBUCHA·I, f. m. a grove of

wild olive-trees. AZEBU'CHE, f. m. a wild olive-

AZECALAR, v. a. vide ACICA-LAR.

AZECHA'R, v. a. vide ASSE-CHA'R.

AZE'CHE, adj. a fort of black earth or mineral.

AZE'DA, f. f. vide AZEDE'RA. AZEDA'R, v. a to four, to make

sharp. AZEDE'RA, f. f. the berb forrel.

AZEDERI'LLA, f. f. little forrel. AZEDI'A, f. f. fournels, sharpncfs; also peevishness and sloth. Azedia de estómago, a crudity in the stomach.

Azedla, f. f. a fish like a foal, but very small.

AZED'O, adj. four, sharp, eager. AZEDU'RA, f. f. fourness, eager-

AZEITA'DA, f. f. an effusion or spilling of oil,

AZEITA'R, v. a. to pour oil into any thing.

AZE'ITE, f. m. oil.

AZEITE'RA, f. f. an oil-bottle.

AZEITE'RO, f. m. the man who fells oil.

AZEITO'SO, adj. oily.

AZEITUNA, f. f. an olive.

AZEITUNA'DO, adj. belonging to olive colour.

AZEITUNE'RO, f. m. who gathers the olives.

AZEITUNI . ady. obs. vide AZELTUNADO.

AZEITUNO, f. m. the olive-

Prov. Olivo y azéituno todo es uno, call it olive or olive-tree, it is all one.

AZELGA, f. f. the herb called white beet.

Cara de azelga, a greenish, dirty complexion

AZEMI'IA, f. f. a baggage, or fumpter-mule.

AZEMIIA'R, adj. belonging to the fumpter-mule.

AZEMILERI'A, f. f. the place where mules are kept.

AZEMILE'RO, f. m., a muleteer, a fumpter.

AZEMILO'N, f. m. a great booby, a fellow only fit to carry.

AZEMI'TA, f. f. bread made with bran.

AZEMI'TE, f. m. bran.

 $AZE'\bar{n}A$, f. m. a water-mill.

 $AZE\bar{n}E'RO$, f. m. the miller of a

AZEQUI'A, f. f. an channel for water.

AZEQUIA'DO, adj. full of cenduit-pipes or channels.

AZE'RA . f. f. vide HAZE'RA. AZE'RADO, adj. steeled.

Agua azérada, chalybeate-water, that has had a red hot iron or steel steeped in it.

AZERA'R, v. a to steel, to cover, adorn, or strengthen with steel. AZERI'CO, f. m. a small pillow

laid upon the great one in the bed. to reft the head on.

Azerico de olór, a sweet bag. Azerico de alfilères, a pin-cushion.

AZE'RO, f. m. fleel.

AZERO'LA, f. f. a fort of fruit fo called.

AZERO'LO, f. m. the tree which bears the azerola.

AZERO'S, f. m. pl. the point or edge of a weapon.

Hámbre de buénos azeros, a man of mettle.

AZERRA'DO, f. m. in cant, an officer of justice.

AZERRA'R, v. a. in cant, to feize, to lay hold of.

AZEVA'R, f. m. the herb feahoufe-leek.

 $AZE'VO_{\bullet}$ f. m. vide AZE'BO.

AZE'YTE, f. m. oil.

AZI

A'ZIA, adv. towards.

AZIA'GO, adj. unlucky.

AZI'AL, f. m. an instrument put to the mouth of horses and mules to keep them fleady when shoeing. AZIBAR, f. m. aloes.

AZIBARA'R, v. a to make any thing bitter; to difgust, to mar pleasure.

AZICALA'R, v. a. to polish, furbish, sharpen.

AZICA'TES, f. m. pl. spurs which have a long sharp iron spike inftead of rowels.

AZI'GE, adj. a fort of black earth.

AZI'MO, adj. unleavened.

AZIO'N, f. a stirrup-leather.

AZITA'RA, f. f. vide ACITA'-RA.

AZIVA'R, f. m. vide AZIBA'R.

A Z O

AZO, adj. obs. this and that.

AZOFAI'FA, f. f. the fruit called a jujub.

AZOFAI'FO, f. m. the jujub-tree. AZOFA'R, f. m. vide LATO'N

AZOFEIFA, vide AZOSAI-AZOFEIFO, FA, and AZO-

FA'IFO. AZOGA'DA, adj. fem. an appel-

lative given to lime when lightly wetted by the masons as being in a kind of motion.

AZOGA'DO, adj. infected with the fumes of quickfilver; reftless, that cannot be still in a place; also timorous.

AZOGA'JO, f. m. a little marketplace.

AZOGA'R, v. a. to mix, rub, or temper with quickfilver, or to infedt with quickfilver.

Azogárfe, v. r. to be mixed with quicksilver.

AZC'GUE, f. m. quickfilver, or mercury.

Azógue, f. m. a market-place.

AZOGUE'RO, f. m. the perfor who buys or fells quickfilver.

AZOLA'R, v. a. to plane, wood is planed.

AZOLVA'R, v. a. to obstruct or flop the passage of a conduitpipe.

'AZOMAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of irritating and exciting a dog against another.

AZOMA'R, v. a. to provoke, to instigate.

AZO'R, f. m. a hawk; in cant, a thief.

AZORA'DO, adj. that fails ill, because ill stowed.

AZORA'R, v. a. to strike fear or terror into any one.

'AZORE'RO, f. m. a thief's companion.

AZORRAME'NTO, f. m. the fluffing of the head; heaviness.

AZORRA'RSE, v. r. to be heavy

and dull in the head; to be in liquor.

'AZOTACA'LLES, f. m. one who is always walking about the fireets.

'AZOTADO'R, f. m. the person who whips.

AZOTA'INA,f. f. a good or found flogging.

AZOTA'R, v. a. to whip, to strike with lashes.

47.0TA'ZO, f. m. the blow of a

AZOTE, f. m. lash, whip.
AZOTE'A, f. f. a gallery in a

house where they walk to sun themselves.

AZOTINA, f. f. a whipping. AZOTO'N, f. m. a great whip.

AZR

AZRE, f. m. the maple-tree.

AZU

AZUCAR, f. m. fugar.

Aquear piedra, or aquear candi, sugarcandy.

AZUCARA'R, v. a. to sweeten any thing with sugar.

Aquearár, to give a person fine sweet words.

AZUCARE'RO, f. m. a vessel to hold sugar.

AZUCE'NA, f. f. a lily.

AZUD, f. f. the place where water begins to run into the channels.

AZU'DA, f. f. a large weel used to draw water out of a river.

AZUE'LA, f. f. a little axe, or hatchet.

Azuéla de dos manos, a cooper's axe. AZUFA'IFA; s. f. jujubs.

AZUFA'IFO, f. m. the jujub-tree. AZUFRA'R, v. a. to fmoke with brimflone.

AZUFRE , f. m. brimstone.

AZUL, adj. blue.
Azül celeste, sky colour.

Azul claro, light blue.

Azúl obscuro, dark blue.

Azúl subido, a dark blue.

Azúl turqui, dark blue.

Azul verde, azul de costras, ski blue. AZULA'QUE, s. m. a fort of mortar or cement, with which they join earthen-pipes or conduits together.

AZULAR, V. a. to coulour blue.

Azúlar, v. n. to have a bluish cast or look bluish,

AZULE'JO, f. m. a tile glazed, fuch as we use to adorn the fides of chimneys.

AZUMBAR, f. m. red ftorax; fpikenard; daffodil flowers.

AZUMBRA'R, v. a. to measure out liquor by the measure called an azumbre.

AZUMBRE, f. m. a measure for liquors, about half a gallon.

AZUT, f. m. a wall to keep ditches in their bounds.

AZUTE'A, f. f. a terrass.

AZUTE'RO, f. m. the keeper of the terrals.

AZUZADOR, f. m. one who infigates or provokes.

AZUZA'R, \forall . a. to infligate of provoke.

AZY

AZYMO, adj. unleavened.

B.

P The fecond letter of the alphabet, and the first confonant.

B MOL, f. m. a B flat in music.

B QUADRADO, f. m. a B. sharp in music.

RAA

BAARA'Z, f. m. a fort of root which has a glittering in the dark.

BAB

BA'BA, f. f. drivel, flaver.

BABADE'RO, f. m. a bib, as

BABADO'R, children or fools

wear to keep their cloaths clean.

BABAHO'L, f. m. a fort of fmall

red poppy.

BABA'NCA, f. m. a fool.

BABARA, f. f. a fort of country dance; a kind of a coach.

BABATE'L, f. m. a flavering bib, or any thing that hangs about the neck in a diforderly flovenly manner; meraph, a fool.

BABA'ZA, f. f. an augmentive of bába; also a kind of snail.

BABAZO'RRO, f. m. a name given in jest to those that are born in the province of Alba; a fool that sets up for a man of wit and penetration.

BABEA'R, v. n. to drivel, to flaver.

BABE'O, f. m. the act of spitting, fallivation.

BABE'RA, f. f. that part of the helmet that covered the chin; also a fool.

BABE'RO, f. m. obf. vide BA-BADE'RO.

BABERO'L, f. m. the head-piece in an armour.

BABE'S, f. m. pl. the beams in a ship, which are those great timbers that keep the sides of the ship asunder and support the deck.

BABIA, f. f. folly, supidity.

Esta en bibia, to be in a careless
posture.

BABIE'CA, f. m. the name of a famous horse. It is now used to fignify a lazy foolish fellow.

BAC

BABILA'DA, f. f. privities. A cant word.

BABILONIA, f. f. any place where there is a great concourfe of people; a confusion; a multiplicity of tongues; a vicious place.

BABO'RD, f. m. the left-hand fide of the ship, by our seamen called the larboard fide.

BABO'SA, f. f. filk; the fame as bábaza.

Hlerba babófa; the herb of which aloes is made.

BABOSEA'R, v. a. to flaver any thing.

BABO'SO, adj. drivelly, flavery BABU'JA, f. f. a bubble in the water; a flud; a nail with a great head.

BAC

BA'CA, f. f. vide. VA'CA.

Baca, f. f. a breach in a water-courfe, or ditch; a man or a woman
that are flothful, poor spirited,
and good for little.

Báca, f. f. a word generally used in the plural number to fignify all forts of berries.

Bacás de laurel, bay-berries.

BACALLA'O, f. m. the fish we call poor-jack, cod-fish, falt-fish.
BACE'RA, f. f. an obstruction or disorder in the melt occasioned by hard drinking; a swelling in the belly.

BACE'TA, f. f. a game at cards called basset.

BACHANA'L, adj. any thing belonging to the god Bacchus; a great fatbellied man; a hard drinker and merry companion; pronounce bacanal.

BACHA'RA, f. f. an herb and flower called ladies gloves.

BACHILLE'R, f. m. a bachelor of arts, in divinity, canon and civil law, or physic.

Bachiller de zibi quoque, a bachelor that had is degree after all the ceremonies performed to another, when the dodor, who gives it, fays to every one of the reft. Tibi quoque.

Bachitter, adj. talkative, prating. BACHILLEREA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble very much.

BACHILLERI'A, f. f. prating, babbling, talkativeness.

BACIA, f. f. bason, generally a barber's bason.

BACIA'R, v. a. vide. VACIA'R.
BA'CIGA, f. f. a certain game at
cards.

BACILA'R, v. n. to stagger, to waver, to be unsteady.

BACFILA, f. f. the four cards that remain after the repartition of eleven given to each of the four players at the game called reversino.

BACI'N, f. m. a close-stool-pan. BACINA, s. f. vide. BA'CIA.

BACINA'DA, f. f. what is thrown out of a close-stool-pan or other filth.

BACINE'JO, BACINICA, BA-CINICO, BACINILLA, and BACINI'LLO, a little basion or closestool-pan. All diminutives of bacin.

BACINE'RO, f. m. the person that goes about with a box in the church to receive charity.

BACINE'TA, f. f. diminutive of bacla.

BACINE'TE, f. m. a kind of headpiece or helmet; also a cuiraffier, very seldom used in this last sense.

BA'CULO, f. m. a staff; also support, comfort.

Báculo paftoral, a bishop's crofier.

BAD

BA'DA, f. f. a rhinoceros, more properly abáda.

BADAIA'DA, f. f. the firoke of a clapper of a bell; a foolish exprefion.

BADAJEA'R, v. n. to ring bells; to let the clack of the tongue run.

BADAJI'LLO, f. m. a little clapper of a bell.

BADA'JO, f. m. the clapper of a bell; a dull fellow, a booby.

BADAJUE'LO, f. m. a linle clapper of a bell; a little prating

'BADA'L, f. m. a thing they clap up to horses and other beafts mouths like a basket or bag, to hinder it from eating as it goes along.

Echar a uno badal a la boca, to take up a man fo sharply, that he has nothing to say for himfelf.

BADA'NA, f. f. leather dreffed very foft and pliable.

Zurrar a uno la badana, to thrash a man's jacket, to beat him, to abuse him.

BADANADO, adj. lined or covered with badina.

BADANI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of badána.

BADA'ZAS, f. f. pl. the ropes by which the bonnets are laced to the fails.

BADE'A, f. f. a water-melon; a worthless fellow.

BADELI'CO, f. m. in cant, fignifies a shovel.

BADL'N, f. m. a torrent.

BADIL, f. m. a shovel; the wooden thing they beat mortar with. BADILAZO, f. m. a stroke with a shovel.

BADI'NA, f. f. a fort of pool made by the rains.

BA'DO , f. m. vide VA'DO.

BADULA'QUE, f. m. meat hashed with thick sauce; a worthless man,

BAF

BAFANEA'R, v. a. to boast, to fwell any thing beyond the truth.

BAFANERIA, f. f. a boasting. BAFANE'RO, f. m. a boafter, a vaing lorious fellow.

BA'FO, f. m. vide. BA'HO.

B A G'

BA'GA, f. f. 2 cord which ties the packs upon horfes.

BAGA'GE, f.m. baggage; also a beaft to carry baggage.

BAGAGERO, f. m. a baggage

carrier; also the beast which carries the baggage.

BAGASA, f. f. a lewd woman. BAGATE'LA, f. f. a trifling thing.

BAGUE'TA, f. f. a drum-flick. BA'GUIDO, f. m. a swimming in the head.

BAH

BAHARA'DA, f. f. vide. VAHA-RA'DA.

BAHARI', f. m. a goshawk. In cant, an underling, a novice at cheating.

BAHI'A, f. f. a haven, or bay. BA'HO, f. m. the steam of any hot thing.

BAHORRINA, f. f. a low, mean, trivial thing.

BAHU'NO, adj. vulgar, low, vile, bad, contemptible, worthless.

Bahuna gente, the multitude, the mob.

BAHURRE'RO, f. m. a bird-catcher; a man who speaks very ignorantly.

BAI

BAl'A, f. f. vide. BAHI'A. BAIBE'N, f. m. vide VAI-VE'N.

BAI'DO, f. m. vide VA'GUI-DO.

BA'ILA, f. f. a fea-trout.

BAILADE'RA, f. f. a dancing woman.

BAILADO'R, f. m. a dancer. BAILA'R, v. n. to dance; in

cant, to fleal. BAILARI'N, S. m. f. a dancer.

BA'ILE, f. m. a ball or entertainment of dancing; also a judge.

BAILI'A, f. f. the authority or jurisdiction of any judge.

BAILIA'GE, s. m. a benefice among the knights of Malta.

BAILI'O, f. m. the name given to the knight of Malta that obtains a benefice.

BAILI'TO, f. m. in cant, a little thief.

BAILO'N, f. m. an old thief. BA'INA, f. f. vide. VA'INA.

BAINICA, f. f. vide. VAINI-

BAINFLLA, f. f. vainilla, a drug used in chocolate.

BAI'O, adj. vide. BA'YO.

BAIVE'L, f. m. a stone-cutter's square to see if his work is even.

BAL

BA'LA, f. f. a bullet.

Bála de viénto, a foot-ball full of wind.

Bála de mercaderla, a bale of merchants goods.

Bálas enramádas, chain-shot, such as is used at sea.

BALA'DA, f. f. in cant, an agreement.

BALADI', adj. slight, that is not firong or lasting.

BALADRO, f. m. bellowing. BALADRO'N, f. m. a noify fellow, a bully.

BALADRONA'DA, f. f. the words, actions, or behaviour of a bully.

BALADRONEA'R, v. n. to prate, to make a noise, to boast.

BALADRONERIA, f. f. prating, making a noise, boasting.

BALAGA'R, f. m. an hay-rick. BA'LAGO, f. m. the whole reed

of corn that is not broke; sometimes taken for a sheave of .: corn. BALAGUE'RO, f. m. an heap of

BALANCE, f. m. balancing; also danger.

Balance, ò balanzo de cuenta, the balance of an account.

BALANCEAR, v. 2. to balance: also the hesitate, to fluctuate: also to settle an account.

BALANCIA, f. f. obf. a watermelon.

BALANCIN, f. m. a long pole whit a weight at each end. fuch as ropedancers use to poile themselves.

BALA'NDRA, f. f. a veffel called a bilander, small, but safe in bad weather.

BALANDRA'N, f. m. a caffock. BALA'NZA, f. f. a balance, a pair of scales; in cant, gallows, gibber.

BALANZA'R, v. a. vide BA-LANCEAR.

BALANZA'RIO, f. m. one who weighs or balances, or makes equal any thing.

BALA'NZO, f. m. vide BALAN-CE.

BALA'R, v. n. to bleat like sheep.
BALAUSTIA (f. f. the dried
BALAUSTRIA. bloffoms of
pomegranates.

BALAUSTRA'DA, f. f. the ballisters of a stair-case.

BALAU'STRE, f. m. a balluster, a rail.

BALAUSTRIA'DO, adj. decorated with a balustrate.

BALAUSTRI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of balaustre.

BALA'X, f. m. a precious stone like a rul y.

BALA'ZO, f.m. a bullet-shot. BALBUCIL'NIL, adj. fluttering

or stammering. BALCO'N, f. m. balcony.

BALCONA'JE, f. m. a row of BALCONERIA, f. f. balconies.

BA'LDA, f. f. a thing of little or no value, good for nothing; also idleness, laziness.

Andur a la búlda, to go idling about.

Vivir a la bálda, to live idly.

BALDADO'N, f. m. a withered, or maimed limb, or a man that has fuch a one.

BALDACHI'NO, C. m. a canopy
BALDAQUI
holy things.

BALDA'R, v. a. to maim, deface, or deprive of a limb.

face, or deprive of a limb.

BA'LDE, f. m. obf. a bucker.

Baide adv. as, de balde, for no-

Querér a uno mal de bâlde, to bear a man an ill vithout cause.

BALDE'O, f. m. in cant, a fword.

BALDIO, adj. idle; also void, waste; put to no use.

Baldio, f. m. a common, an open ground equally used by cartle of several persons.

BALDO, f. m. the fame as fallo; a word that in playing at cards means none; for inftance, one fays play club; the other answers baldo, I have no clubs.

BALDON', f. m. reproach, abufive language, affront.

BALDONA'DA, f. f. a common frumper.

BALDONADO'R, f. m. one that reproaches, or gives abusive language.

BALDONA'R, v. a. to reproach, to give abusive language.

BALDO'SA, f. f. a (quare tile. BALDRA'QUE, f. m. a thing of no value.

BA'LDRES, f. m. a sheep-skin, or any flight leather tanned.

BALERI'A, f. f. a great heap of bullets.

BALERI'NA, f. f. the herb valerian.

BALHURRI'A, f. f. in cant, the mob.

BALI'A, f. f. vide VALI'A. BALI'CA, f. f. a fort of boat.

BALL'DO, f. m. the bleating of a sheep.

BALI'JA, f. f. a cloak-bag, a mail, or portmanteau.

BALI'SA, f. f. land-mark, lighthouse on the shore for ships to steer by; also a beacon.

BALI'STA, f. f. vide BALLE'S-TA.

BALITA'R, v. n. vide BALA'R.
BALLE'NA, f. f. a whale; also
the women's stays.

BALLENA'TO, f. m. the young of a whale-fish.

BALLENE'R, f. m. a ship so called.

led.

BALLES'TA, f. f. a cross-bow.

Ballestás, f. f. pl. in cant, a wallet.

BALLESTAZO, f. m. a shot of a fleelbow.

BALLESTEADOR, f. m. vide BALLESTERO.

BALLESTEA'R, v. a. to shoot with a cross-bow.

BALLESTE'RA, f. f. the part of the galley on which the foldiers stand to fight.

BALLESTERI'A, f. f. the art of using the bow.

BALLESTE'RO, f. m. 2 crofsbow man, or one that makes crofs-bows. BALLESTI'LLA, f. f. the crofsftaff used for taking the sun's altitude; also a sleam to bleed horses with; and a little crossbow.

BALLESTC'N, f. m. in cant, a trick, a cheat.

BALLI'CO, f. m. a fort of weed growing among corn, darnel, or tares.

BALLUCCA, f. f. a weed growing among corn, fo called.

BALNADU', f. m. obf. a gate. BALO'N, f. m. a great pack of

goods.

Juego de balón, the foot-ball game.

BALO'NA, f. f. a band. BALO'NES, f. m. pl. breeches.

BALOTA, f. f. ballot, a little ball, used in some places to give in votes with.

BALOTI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of balous.

BA'LSA, f. f. a pool, or puddle of water; also a float on the water, a flat beat.

BALSAMA'R, v. a. to embalm. BALSA'MICO, adj. balfamic, belonging to balfam.

BALSAMI'NA, f. f. the herb

BALSAMO, f. m. balfam.

BALSA'R, v. a, to fill with water, to make a puddle.

BASILLA, f. f. a puddle of water.

BALSOPE'TO, f. m. a kind of large purie so called.

BALTE'A, f. f. 2 belt.

BALTRUE'TO, f. m. a roguish rambling fellow.

BALUA'RTE, f. m. 2 bulwark, a bastion.

BALVASORES, f. m. pl. the great ruling men in a nation.

BALUMBA, f. f., the great bulk
BALUME, f. m. made by many
BALUMEN, f. m. things diforderly heapedtogether and covered, used

ly heaped together and covered, used to signify the great bulk one makes that wears many cloaths.

BALUZ, f. m. a small bar of gold.

BALZA, f. f. a banner in former times peculiar to the Knighta Templars,

B A M

BAMBA, f. m. a foolish fellow.

Trair en bamba, to banter.

BAMBALEA'R, v. n. to stagger, to totter, to shake, to quiver.

BAMBAL'INA, f. f. canvas, as used to make the scenes in theatres, on which are represented the skies, &c.

BAMBANEA'R, v. n. vide BAM-BALEA'R.

BAMBAROTEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to make a noife.

BAMBAROTE'RO, f. m. the person who bawls, or cries out, makes a noise.

BAMBARRI'A, f. f. a fool, or idiot.

Bembarria, or Bambarrión, an accidental, yet successive operation of any thing.

BAMBOCHE, f. m. a landscape. BAMBOLEA'R, v. n. vide BAM-BALEA'R.

BAMBOLE'O, f. m. a tottering, shaking, or flaggering.

BAMBU'LLA, f. f. pride, oftentation, boasting.

BAMBONEA'R, f. f. to play the

BAN

BANA'NA, f. f. an American fruit fo called.

BA'NAR, f. m. a lord, or mafter.

BANA'STA, f. f. basket, pannier. BANASTE'RO, f. m. in cant, a gaoler.

BANASTO, f. m. a porter that carries a basket; also a great basket. In cant, a gaol.

BA'NCA, f. f. a bench.

BANCA'L, f. m. a carpet or cloth to cover a bench.

Bancal, f. m. heaps or banks of

BANCARIA, adj. belonging to the bank.

BANCAROTA, f. f. a bank-

BA'NCO, f. m. bench, flool; a bank of fand in the fea; a

bank of money. In cant, a pri-

BAN

Banco de facissól a bench with a desk before it to read or write on.

Bancos de fréno, the cheeks of the bridle, and the rings that holds the bit.

Razón de pie de bánco, a foolish reason.

Báncos de gálera, the seats the men fit on to row in a galley or in a boat.

BA'NDA, f. f. a fide; a band of men; also a scarf.

BANDA'DA, f. f. a multitude, a number of people a gang. BANDEA'R, v. a. to bandy, to follow a faction; also to go from fide to fide; also to succour, protect, help, asist, relieve.

Bandéarse, v. r. to help one's self to relieve one's self, by diligence and industry.

BANDE'JA, f. f. 2 voider, a filver dish.

BANDE'O, f. m. fiding, following a faction.

BANDE'RA , f. f. enfign , flag, banner, the colours.

Bandéras tendidas, colours flying. BANDERA'DO, adj. vide ABAN-DER A'DO.

BANDERE'TA, f. f. a pendant, a little flag, a streamer.

BANDERI'A, f. f. rebellion.

BANDERFLLA, f. f. a little enfign, flag, or banner.

BANDERIZA'DO adj. factious, quarrelfome, linglous.

BANDERI'ZO (f. m. a factious BANDE'RO, (man.

BANDERO'LA, f. f. a little flag, streamer, or banner; any loofe rag that hangs.

BANDI'DO, f. m. a highwayman, an outlaw.

BANDI'NES, f. m. pl. the lockers aboard a ship.

BANDI'R, v. a. to banish.

BA'NDO, f. m. faction; proclamation to fummon a criminal to appear or to declare a man atraitor. BANDOCIDA'D, f. f. obf. rebellion, rifing in a rebellious tumult.

BANDO'LA, f. f. 2 lute with four ftrings.

BANDOLE'RA, f. f. bandolier.

BANDOLE'RO, f. m. a seditious person; one that has been proclaimed; a highwayman, a robber, an outlaw.

BANDUJO, f. m. a pudding, a

BANDULLO, f. m. the whole of the guts or intestines of a man or

BANDURRIA, f. f. an instrument like a little fiddle,

BANDU'XO, f. m. vide BAN-DUJO.

BANGUA'RDIA, C. f. vide VAN-GUA'RDIA.

BANI'DO, adj. banished.

BANO'VA, f. f. a thin quilt to cover the bed.

BANQUE'RA, f. f. a small beehive.

BANQUE'RO, f. m. a moneybanker.

Banquéro, in a cant, a goal-keeper. BANQUE'TA, f. f. the banquet, or foot-bank, which is a step raifed with earth under every parapet or breaftwork for men to fland to fire over.

BANQUE'TE, f. m. banque, feaft. entertainement.

BANQUETEA'R, v. a to feast, to banquet.

BANQUI'LLO. f. m. a little ftool.

BA'nA, f. f. a pond for beafts to Water at.

BAnADL'RA, s. f. a scoop.

BAñADO'R, f. m. one that bathes or dips.

BAñADU'RA, s. f. bathing, or dipping.

 $BA'\bar{n}AR$, v. a to bathe, to dip.

Banarse en agua rosada, to bathe in rose-water; that is, to be very well pleafed.

Banur con cera, to cover over with

Bañúr vasljas de búrro, to glaze earthenware.

 $BA\tilde{n}l'L$, f. m. vide $BA\tilde{n}A$.

BA'nO, f. m. a place so called by

the Moors, where their slaves where kept.

Báñe , f. m. a bath.

BAO

BA'O, f. m. vide BA'HO.

Báo de navio, the cradle or frame of timber brought along the outfide of a ship, to launch her more

BAP

BAPTI'SMO, f. m. baptifm. BAPTISTE'RIO, f. m. the font or place of baptism.

BAPTIZAR, v. a. to baptize. BAPTI'SO, f. m. vide BAPTIS-

BAQ

BAQUE, f. f. a fall, a lofs.

Prov. Chico baque, y grand caida, a little fall that makes a great noise; a great cry and little

Dar el baque, to give a fall. BAQUE'RO, f. m. vide VAQUE'-

RO. BAQUE'TA, f. m. a rammer of a

Baquésa, f. f. neats-leather.

Baquetas, the drum-flicks.

Mandar a baqueta, to command imperioufly.

BAQUETEA'R, v. 2. (pafar la baquéta) to run the gantlet,

BAR

BA'RA, f. f. vide VA'RA. BARACA'N, f. m. a fort of coarle camblet.

BARAGA'N, f. m. a fort of fine carpet.

BARAHA', f. f. the Jewish prayers, or devotions.

BARAHU'NDA, f. f. tumult, confusion, disorder.

BARAHUSTADO'R,f. m. in cant, a poniard.

BARAHUSTA'R, v.a. to rush in BARAHUSTEAR, C among weapons and make way; to cross weapons to keep out an enemy. BARAHU'STES, f. m. pl. bannifters for galleries or flairs; formerly, a fort of great darts that were cast out of an engine.

BARA'JA, f. f. a confusion, a fray, a quarrel; also a pack of

Echarse en la barája, to desist from what one was about, to throw up the cards.

BARAJADO'R, f. m. the dealer at cards, he that shuffles.

BARAJADURA, f. f. a blow given in a quarrel.

BARAJA'R, v. a. to confound, intangle, or mix together.

Barajár, v. a. to shuffle cards; also to quarrel, to embroil. Paciéncia y barajar, to bear patien-

tly our misfortunes wherefeover

BARAJE'L, f. m. a provost of an army.

BARA'L , f. m. vide VARA'L.

BARALLAR, v. n. to be quarrel-

BARA'NDA, f. f. a rail to lean against.

BARANDI'LLA, f. f diminutive of baranda.

BARA'R, v. n. to lay a ship aground; also to launch a ship. BARA'TA, f. f. a deceitful bar-

BARATA'R, v. a. to fell cheap; to cheapen; to cheat; to barter; to truck.

BARATERIA, f. f. fraud, deceit, or a suborning, bribing of a judge.

BA'RATHRO, f. m. abyfs, bottomless pit.

BARATIJAS, f. f. pl. pediars ware, things of a small value.

BARATI'LLO, f. m. a place in the market, where mean goods are fold for a small manter.

BARATI'STA, f. m. a broker; alfo a cheat.

BARA'TO, adj. chesp.

Baráto, s. m. money given to standers by at play by the winner, which is so usual in Spain, wherever there is play, that there are many who live only by frequenting gaming-houses, and receiving the bounty of winners.

Moter en baráto, to carry things by noise; to make a disturbance; to compais one's ends.

BARATO'N, f. m. a cheap thing, or one that sells cheap, and the barterer.

BARAU'NDA, S. f. vide BARA-HU'NDA.

BARBA, f. f. the beard, the chin; also the small strings of the root.

Barba cabrúna, an herb called goat's beard, or man's beard that looks like a goat's.

Bárba de balléna, whale-bone.

Hómbre de bárba, a man of reputation. Decirselo en sus bárbas, to say a thing to a man's face.

Arremeter a las bárbas, to fly at a man's face.

Pelarse las barbas, to tear one's beard for anger.

Llevár a uno de las bárba, to lead a man by the beard.

Escotar tante por baiba, to pay fo much a head, to club.

Echar la buena barba, to flatter 2 man out of his money.

BARBACA'NA, f. f. barbacan, a fortification placed before the walls of a town, or an opening in the wall, through which a gun is levelled.

BARBACANE'RA, f. f. a whore that plies about the walls of

BARBACO'A, f. a. scaffold or any fuch like place, raifed above the ground.

BARBA'DA, f. f. water-chains of à bridle, or the rings that hold the bit to them.

Barbada, f. f. a kind of fish with a smooth skin, without scales.

BARBADI'LLO, adj. bearded, belonging to a beard.

BARBADLÃO, s. m. a Capuchin

BARBA'DO, adj. bearded, that has a beard.

BARBADURA, f. f. the beard. BARBA'JAS, f. f. pl. the fibres that are about the roots.

BARBA'LLA, f. f. an herb fo called; eaten in fallad.

BARBA'NCA, f. f. a confusion or noise of a multitude.

BARBAR

BARBA'R, v. n. to begin to have a beard, to put on a beard.

BARBARAME'NTE, adv. barbaroufly.

BARBARERIA, f. f. vide BAR-BARI'DAD.

BARBARE'SCO, adj. vide BAR-BARO.

BARBA'RIA, f. f. barbarity.

BARBARIDA'D, ?

f.f.barbarity. *BARBARIE*. BARBARIEDA'D, 🕽

BARBARI'SMO, f. m. a barbarism in speaking or writing; all barbarous nations.

BARBARO, adj. barbarous; f. m. a barbarian.

BARBA'SCO, f. m. the herb mul-

BARBA'ZA, f. f. a great beard.

BARBEA'R, v. s. to reach any thing with the beard, or that is as high as the beard.

BARBECHACIO'N, f. f. obf. vide BARBE CHO.

BARBECHA'R, v. a. to plough, or break up the ground.

BARBECHE'RA, f. f. a ploughing.

BARBE'CHO, f. m. a ploughed

BARBECILLA, f. m. a little

BARBERI'A, f. f. a barber's

BARBERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive OE barbéro.

BARBE'RO, f. m. a barber.

BARBERO'L, f. m. vide BABE_ RO'L.

BARBERO'TE, f. m. he that trims the galley-flaves.

BARBE'TA, f. f. the tackle aboard a ship to hoist in the boat.

BARBEZILLA, f. f. a little beard.

BARBICA'CHO, f. m. a flay, fillet, or ribbon that comes under the chin.

BARBICA'NO, adj. grey bearded.

BARBIHE'CHO, adj. newly or freshly shaved.

BARBIESPE'SSO, adj. thick-

BARBILI'NDO, adj. smooth faced, close shaved.

Tom. I.

BARBILLA, f. f. the chin, a little beard.

BAR

BARBILLE'RA, f. f. locks clipped off wool, shear-wool, floks fuch as clothworkers make in shearing, used in stuffing of bed ticks,

BARBILU'CIO, adj. belonging to a fmooth or pretty beard.

BARBINE'GRO, adj. black-bear-

BARBIPONIE'NTE, adj. that begins to have a beard.

BARBIRUBIO, adj. red-bear-

BARBITEnI'DO, adj. with a painted beard.

BARBIZAE'nO, adj. hairy, roughbearded.

BA'RBO, f. m. the fish called a barble.

Bárbo de la mar, a mullet.

BARBO'N, f. m. a great childish fellow, a booby.

BARBONA'ZO, f. m. augm. of barbón.

BARBOQUE'JO, f. m. a muffler. BARBO'TE, f. m. the part of the helmet that covers the chin. BARBUDI'LLO, f. m. a little bearded fellow; also a water-dog.

BARBU'DO, adj. that has a great

Barbudo, f. m. in cant, a goat. BARBU'LLA, f. f. an undiftinguishable noise or confusion.

BARBULLAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide BARBU'LLA.

BARBULLA'R, v. a. to speak in a hurry, confusedly.

BARBULLERIA, f. f. noise, comfusion, hurry.

BARBUTI'JAS, f. f. pl. then bubbles in the water when it rains.

BA'RCA, f. f. a bark, a great boat.

BARCA'DA, f. f. a boat full.

BARCA'GE, f. m. passage-money, a duty paid for things carried cross a river.

BARCA'ZA, f. m. augm of barca. BARCE'L, f. m. obf. a prison.

BARCE'LLA, f. f. a measure of liquids fo called.

BARCELONE'S FALDUDO, in cant it means a shield, a buckler, a target,

BARCI'NA, f. f. a net.

BARCINO, adj. belonging to a reddish colour.

BA'RCO, f. m. a boat.

Bárco luéngo, a swift sort of vessel used in the Streights.

Bárco otorgádo, a sort of boat.

Bárco Ueno y bárco vacio a boat fometimes empty, and fometimes full, spoken in respect to tha instability or vicissitude of things.

BARCO'N, f. m. augm. of barco. BARDA, f. f. a thick hedge, a wall that divides or encloses.

Bárda de caballo, s. f. armour for a

Barda de murálla, the covering on the top of a wall, whether of board, stone or any other.

BARDA'GO, f. m. among failors, a rope or tackle so called.

BARDA'L, f. m. enclosure.

BARDA'NA, f. f. dock, a plant; the great burr, the clot-hurr; also a coarse fort of cloth.

BARDA'NZA, f. f. a hankering love unlawful lust.

BARDA'R, v. a. to lay boards, timber or stones on a wall to keep the rain from foaking into

Bardar las viñas, to prune the vi-

BARDO'MA, f. f. dirt, clay. BARETEADO, adj. ftreaky, ftri-

BARI'LLA, f. f. vide VARI'I.-

BARITO'NO, f. m. a voice between tenor and a base.

BARJULETA, f. f. a travelling-

Barjuléta, s. f. a purse, a pouch. BARJULETAZA, f. f. a large purfe.

BARLAVENTEA'R, v. n. vide BARLOVENTEAR,

BARLOA'R, v. n. to grapple a ship.

Barloar, or barloventear, v. 2. is to ply to the windward; also to ply up ano down, or to cruise about.

Barloventear, to wander up and

BARLOVE'NTO, f. m. the windward.

N

BARNIZ, f. f. varnish.

BARNIZADOR, f. m. a varnisher.

BARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish. BA'RO, adj. rare, thin, loofe.

BARO'METRO, f. m. a baro-

BARO'N, f. m. a baron; also a

BARONE'SA, f. f. a baronness, the lady of a baron.

BARONIA, f. f. a barony.

BARONI'L, adj. manly.

BARQUEA'R, v. a. to guide a

BARQUE'RO, Is. m waterman, BARQUE'ROL, boat man.

BARQUE'TA, (f. f. a small boat BARQUILLA,

Ducado de la barquilla, a ducat that had a boat flamped on it.

BARQUILLE'RO, f. m. a boatbuilder, or one who fells boats.

BARQUILLOS, f. m. pl. large wafers, rolled up, and sweet to

BA'RRA, f. f. an iron or wooden bar; the bar at the entrance of an harbour; a gross-spun thread in cloth; a bar of filver or gold; a barrier.

Tirár la bárra, to pitch the bar, an exercise formerly in use.

Bárras de cabestránte, the capitan-bars; being small pieces of timber put into the barrel of the capstan through square holes, by which men turn the capitan to heave the anchor.

Estirár la bárra, to pitch the bar beyond another, to outdo him. Estar en barras, to be upon the point

of completing one's busines. De barra à barra, from end to end

BARRA'CA, f. f. barrack, hut. fuch as foldiers have to lie in, or fishermen on the sea-side.

BARRACHE'L, f. m. a provost in an army; also an officer to appreend robbers.

BARRA'CO, f. m. a tame boar; alfo a small fort of cannon.

BARRAGA'N, f. m. a great lufty fellow; also a bachelor.

Bairagun, a coarse kind of cam-

BARRAGANA, f. £ a great rom-

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ping wench; a fingle woman; alfo a strumpet.

BARRAGANA'DA, f. f. is formetimes taken for a flout action, l'ometimes for whoredom.

BARRAGANE'TE, f. m. a piece of wood on the outlide of a ship, to fasten some of the tackling to.

BARKAGANI'A, f. m. whoredom.

BARRA'JO, f. m. strife, conten-

BARRA'L, f. m. a large bottle. BARRA'N, f. m. a clown, a rustical fellow.

BARRA'NCA, f. f. \(\nabla\) a flough in a-BARRA'NCO, f. m. (road, a deepplace where the ground is broken up; a place where cattle are fluck; also a rub in a way.

BARRANCO'SO, adj. rugged, uneven, full of floughs and rid-

BARRANQUEA'R, v. n. to whip a top, such as boys play with.

BARRANQUE'RO, adj. hopping about like an unfteady top.

A traque barraque, adv. at any time, for any reason or motive.

BARRAQUI'LLA, f. f. a little barrack; also a cabbin in a

BARRAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little boat; also a small piece of can-

BARRA'R, v. a. to bar, to make fast.

BA'RRAS, f. f. pl. any fort of bars, and barry in heraldry.

Juégo de bánas, a game with bowls to be drove through an iron ring.

BARREA'R, v. a. to bar, to barricade.

BARREDE'RA, f. f. z drag-

Barredera, a sail that hangs so low it fweeps the hatches.

BARREDE'RO, f. m. a broom, or any thing to fweep with; an oven's broom.

BARREDO'R, f. m. a fweeper. BARREDU'RAS, f. f. pl. fweepings, the dirt that is sweept together.

BARRE'N, f. m. the rifing part

of a great faddle, which holds in the rider.

BARRE'NA, f. f. the nail-piercer, or augre; also that part of the saddle to which the stirrups hang.

BARRENA'B, v. a. to pierce, or

Barrenádo de cáscos, that has had his skull bored, or has no brains. BARRENDA'R, v. a. vide BAR-RE'R.

BARRENDE'RO, f. m.a fweeper. BARRENi'LLA, f. f. a finall piercer or augre.

BARRENI'LLO, f. m. a furgeon's instrument to trepan a broken skull.

BARRE'nA, f. f. San earthen pan. BARRE'āO , f. m. 🕻

BARRENO'N, f. m. a great earthen pan.

BARRE'NO, f. m. a piercer or augre, or the hole made with

BARRE'R, v. r. to fweep.

Barrér todo lo que hay, or dexar le cása barrida, to sweep away ali. BARRE'RA, f. f. a barrier; also a claypit.

BARKE'TA, f. f. a little bar.

BARRETEA'R, v. a. to bar, to barricade, to fortify by means of a barrier. Among shoemakers, tomake shoes stronger by an additional sole.

BARRIA'DA, f. f. vide BA'R-RIO.

BARRIAL, f. m. a clayish spot of ground, a clay-pit.

BARRI'CA, f. f. cask, hogshead_ BARRICA'DA, f. f. Roppage obaruction, barricade.

BARRIE'NTO, adj. full of clays. BARRI'GA, f. f. the belly, the pauach.

Trakér barriga, to be with child.

BARRIGU'DO, adj. that has a great belly.

BARRIGUL'LA, Sf.f.a little belly. BARRIGUITA, 🕽

BARRIL, i. m. any fort of cask or barrel; an earthen veffel with a liear belly and narrow neck, in which harvest-men earry drink into the fields.

BARRILE'IO, f. m. a little cask or barrel.

BARRILE'RO, f. m. a cooper. BARRILE'TE, f. m. a particular

ligature made round a mast. A feaman's word.

BARRILI'LLO, f. m. a little cask or barrel.

BARRI'LLA, f. f. a little bar; also the herb glasswort.

BA'RRIO, f. m. a ward or quarter in a town; a farm-house.

BARRIO'NDO, adj. sharp, or four.

BARRISCA'R, v. a. to fell by the lump.

BARRE'TO, f. m. all the noise the elephant makes.

BARRIZA'L; f. m. vide BAR-RIA'L.

BARRO, f. m. clay, mortar; earthen pots; pimples on the face.

BARRON, f. m. a great earthen pan.

Barros de róstro, pimples, carbuncles in the face.

BARRO'SO, adj. clayish; pim-

BARRO'TE, f. m. a great bar. BARRO'TES, f. m. pl. see ABAR-RO'TES.

BARRUCA, f. f. deceit, cunning,

Barrúca, f. f. obs. cunning, dupli-

BARRUE'CO, f. m. the pearl that is not round, but ill-shaped.

BARRUNTA'R, v. a. to guess at a thing by some sign, token, or symptome; to imagine, to prefume upon some ground.

BARRUNTE, f. m. obf. fpy. BARRUNTO, f. m. guess, pre-

fumption, imagination.

BARZO'N f m a ring to fix the

BARZO'N, f. m. a ring to fix the plough-share in.

BAS

BA'SA, f. f. base, pedestal on which a pillar, statue, or any other thing stands; also the foundation or basis of any thing.

Bása, s. f. a trick made when playing at cards.

No dexár, hácer bafa, to talk all

without fuffering the rest to put in a word, alluding to not let him win a trick at cards.

BASCAS, f. f. pl. a loathing in the flomach, striving to vomit, inward struggling, a qualm upon the flomach, a reaching.

BASCOSIDA'D, f. f. filth, nastines.

BASCO'SO, adj. that is troubled with qualms or reachings.

BASE, f. f. the base of a pillar of any thing.

BASE'MIA, f. a qualm, or provocation to vomit.

BASI'JA, any fort of pot or veffel.

BASI'LCA, f. f. in cant, the gallows.

BASILICA, f. f. a church; any royal house.

BASILICO, f. m. basil, an herb so called.

BASTLICON, f. m. an ointment used by surgeons.

BASILI'SCO, f. m. a basilisk, a fabulous beast, faid to kill by looking.

BASI'LLO, vide VASI'LLO.

BA'SIS, f. f. the base any thing rests on.

BASQUE'AR, v. n. to reach for vomiting.

BASQUENCE, f. m. the language of Biscay.

BASQUI'ñA, f. f. a large upper petticoat to wear over the rest.

BASTA, f. f. a stich in a quilt or matress.

Basta, adv. enough, avast.

BASTA'GE, f. m. a porter to car-BASTA'JE, ry burthens.

BASTA'GO, f. m. vide VASTA'-GO.

BASTAME'NTE, adv. grossly, coarsely.

BASTA'NTE, adj. fufficient.

BASTANTEME'NTE, adv. fufficiently.

BASTA'R, v. n. to fuffice.

BASTA'RDA, f. f. a fail fo called.

BASTARDE'AR, v. n. to degenerate.

BASTARDE'LO, f. m. book of memorandum, posting-book, journal that is to be transcribed into the ledger-book, a common-place-book.

BASTARDIA, f. f. bastardy.

BASTARDO, f. m. a baffard; also wine made of raifins, or any thing that is irregular.

Bastárdo, in fortification, a plat-

Baftardo, adj. baftard, illegitimate, fpurious.

BASTE, f. m. a pack-faddle finely worked.

BASTEA'R, v. a. to pack a faddle with wool.

BASTECEDO'R, f. m. a purveyor.

BASTECE'R, v. a. to victual, to furnish with provisions.

BASTECIMIE'NTO, f. m. necesfary provision in plenty.

BASTEDA'D, f. f. vastness, amplitude.

BASTERO, f. m. the maker of packfaddles.

BASTI'DA, s. f. a wooden tower raised against a town besieged.

BASTIDO'R, f. m. a frainingframe for a picture, or the like; or such a frame as embroiderers, or starchers, or other such trades use.

BASTILLA, f. f. fold or plait in cloth.

BASTIME'NTO, f. m. victuals, provisions.

BASTIO'N, f. m. a bastion.

BA'STO, adj. coarfe, gross, unpolished.

Basto, s. m. a sort of pannel.

BASTO'N, f. m. a cane, a flick.

Bafton de general, a general's staff.

Echar el bafton, to interpose between friends that are ready to quarrel.

BASTONA'DA; f. f. a stroke with a club or staff.

BASTONA'ZO, f. m. a great cudgel, or a stroke with it.

BASTONCILLO, f. m. a little flaff. In architecture, it is a fmall round in a pillar between two great ones.

BASTONE'RO, f. m. an officer that carries a staff.

BASTOS, f. m. pl. is also the club at cards, so called, because the Spanish cards have those we call

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clubs, made in the shape of real clubs, called in Spanish bastones, and thence bastos.

BASURA, f. f. ordure, excre-

BASURE'RO, f. m. the person who carries away the dirt, a scavenger.

BAT

BA'TA, f. f. a night-gown. BATACA'ZO, f. m. the ftroke a man gives on the ground when he falls or is struck down.

BATADO'R, f. m. a washing

BATAFALUGA, of, f. annifeed. BATAGUE'LA, f. f. a little knea-

dind trough. BATAHO'LA, f. f. confusion, noife, tumult, rumour.

BATA'ILA, f. f. a battle, an

Batália campál, a pitched battle. BATALLADO'R, f. m the person who fights, a gladiator.

PATALLA'R, v. n. to fight, to contend.

BATALLERAME NTE, adv. frequently.

BATALLE'RO, adj. common, usual, frequent.

BATA'LLO, f. m. any thing full of flesh or plump.

BATALLO'LAS, f. f. the space in a galley between the oars; also forked irons on the fides of the

BATALLO'N, f. m. a battalion. BATALLO'SO, adj. warlike, belonging to war.

BATA'N, f. m. a fulling-mill for

BATANADO'R, f. m. a fuller of cloth.

BATANA'R, v. a. to full, to mill cloth, or the like; also to beat one.

BATANEA'R , v. 2. vide VATA-

BATANE'RO, vide VATANA-DO'R.

BATATA, f. f. a potatoe-root. BATE'A, f. f. a painted hamper. Baila, f. f. a kneading-trough, a binn for bread.

BATEA'R, v. a. to baptize; a corrupt word.

BATEGUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of

BATE'L, f. m. a ship-boat, a pinnace, or yawl.

BATE'LES, f. m. pl. in cant, is a gang of thieves or rusti ans.

BATELI'LLO, f. m. a little boat. BATE'O, f. m. a christening.

BATERI'A, s. f. a battery, battering of a place; contention, or strife.

BATICU'LO, f. m. a fort of white veil hanging on the shoulders, and full of plaits below.

BATI'DA, s. f. a noise that huntsmen make to rouze up a deer, or wild boar.

BATIDE'RA, f. f. a chissel, a hatcher, a large ax, also an instrument to beat lime with.

BATIDE'RO, f. m. 2 place where there is much hammering or beating,

Batidéro de agua, a great fall of water.

BATI'DO, adj. beaten, or hammered. BATIDO'R, f. m. one that beats, or hammers.

Batidor, f. m. a spy in an army, a fcout, or whatch centinel.

Batidór de óro, ó plata, a goldbeater.

BATIDU'RA, f. f. a beating, or hammering.

BATIE'NTE, f. m. the jam of a

BATIFU'LLA, s. m. vide Batidor de óro.

BATIHO'JA, f. m. a gold-beater. BATIMIE'NTO, f. m. beating.

BATI'R, v. a. to beat, to hammer, to batter.

Batir hója, to beat metal in to thin plates, or filver, or leaf-gold.

Batir los diéntes, to chatter the teeth.

Batir huévos, to beat eggs.

Baur el cobre, to hammer copper; meraph, to ply to business very affiduoufly.

Baitr el estandarte, for abaitr, to ftrike the colours.

Bailr múros, to batter walls.

Bailr en rulna, to batter quite down.

Bailr monéda, to coin money.

Bailr las álas, to clap the wings, to fly fwiftly.

Batir las ólas, to beat the waves, to

BATOLO'GIA, f. f. a fort of tautology, or foolish repetition of the fame words.

BATUCA'R, v. a. to mix confuledly, without distinction.

BATUE'CAS, f. m. pl. a fort of wild mountaineers.

BATUE'CO, f. m. a clownish, brutal fellow.

BATUQUE'RIO, f. m. violent shake given to liquids that they may

BAU

BAU'CADO'R, f. m. an artful cheat a cunning rogue.

LAU1, 1. m. a trunk; ironically the belly.

BAUPRL'S, f. m. the boltsprit of a ship.

BAUSA'N, f. m. / a figure made BAUSA'NA, f. f. clike a man fluffed with ftraw, used formerly to fet on walls where the garrison was weak, to make it appear stronger; a fool, heavy, flupid person, or one that stands gazing at any thing as if he were out of his fenfes.

BAUTISMO, f. m. vide BAP-TISMO.

BAUTISTE'RIO, f. m. vide BAP. TISTE'RIO.

BAX

BA'XA, f. f. an old dance. Báxa, f. f. an abatement.

Báxa, f. m. a Turskish bashaw. BAXA'DA, s. f. a descent.

BAXA'DO, adj. brought down,

humbled, debased. BAXADU'RA, f. f. defeending.

BAXAMANE'RO, f. m. in cant. a thief.

BAXAMA'R, f. f. low-water.

BAXAME'NTE, adv. lowly, humbly, basely.

BAXAMIE'NTO, f. m. bringing down, descending.

BAXA'MO, adv. underhand, in a private clandestine manner.

BAXA'R, v. n. to bring, or come down, to difmount, to humble.

Basar de precio, to lower the price.

Baxár de púnto, to be humbled, to fall to a lower condition.

Baxár los bnós, to bring down a man's stomach.

BA'XAS, f. f. pl. fands in the fea.

BAXE'L, f. m. any fort of ship, or other vessel, but more particularly the smaller fort, and under three decks.

BAXELFTO, f. m. diminutive of baxél.

BAXE'RO, adj. that which is below, the under-lip.

BAXE'TE, f. m. a finger that has a voice tending from the tenour to the base.

BAXE'ZA, f.f. lownels, meannels, vilenels, basenels; a mean base action.

Baxeça de animo, lowness of spirit, a dejected mind.

BAXI'LLA, f. f. all the plate or other furniture for the table.

BAXI'LLO, f. m. low, a little fellow.

BAXIO, (f. m. a shoal, or fand in BAXO, the fea; also lowering in price and value.

Baxo, adj. low, deep; in music, the base; in a house, the lower

Hombre bázo, a mean man.

Hablur baxo, to talk low.

Mar báxa, a shallow sea.

Pensamientos báxos, a mean spirit. Precio báxo, a low price.

BAXO'N, f. m. the base in mufic, and the instrument called bassoon.

BAXONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of baxón.

BAXUE'LO, f. m. a little low fellow.

BAXURA, f. f. obf. barbarity.

BAY

BAYA, f. f. laughing at, ridiculing, bantering, mocking. Dar biya, f. f. to banter, to holloo after. Baya, f. f. a berry. BAYAL, f. m. a frame used in shifting mill-stones when renewing their edges by hammering.

BAYE'TA, f f. a kind of woollen ftuff.

BAYO, adj. bay, of a bay colour.

BAYONETA, f. f. a bayonet, a short dagger fixed at the end of a musket.

Calar la bayoneta, to fix the bayonet to the musket.

BAYONETAZO, f. m. a wound made with a musket.

BAYU'SA, f. f. in cant, a fword.

BAYU'CA, f. f. in cant, a tavero.

BAZ

BA'ZA, f. f. a trick at cards.
BA'ZO, f. m. a fpleen, the milt.
Ba'zo, adj. brown coloured.

BAZOFIA, f. f. the worst part of eatables.

BAZUCA'R, v. a. to mix together.

BDE

BDELI'O, f, m. bdellium, or a black tree in Arabia, or its gum.

BE

BE, the cry of a sheep.

BEA

BEATA, f. f. a fort of religious woman, employing herfelf in prayer, and works of charity; also any female hypocrite, called ironically by that name.

BEATERIA, f. f. a religious action; hypocrify.

BEATERIO, f. m. a house where the religious women live.

BEATIFICACION, f. f. beatifi-

BEATIFICA'R, v. a. to place among the faints.

BEATIFICO, adj. bleffed.

BEATI'LLA, f. f. a fort of linnen wove very thin to make white veils for women, fomething like a fine-canvas.

BEATITU'D, f. f, beatitude, bleffedner. One of the titles given to the pope.

BEA'TO, adj. bleffed, or a religious man, that lives as the beatas above.

BEB

BEBEDE'RO, f. m. a trough for beafts to drink in.

BEBED1'LO, f. m. love - potion, fuch as foolish women give to men to make them love them.

BE'BEDO, adj. drunk.

BEBEDC'R, f. m. f. a drinker, a toper.

Prov. Debaxo de una máta cápa, hay buén bebedór, under a bad cloak may be a great drinker; that is, under a mean habit may be a rich man, teaching us to despise no man on the account of his dress. BEBER, v. a. to drink.

Beber al cabo, to drink all up.

Beber hasta mas no poder, to drink as long as a man can hold.

Beber hasta caer, to drink till one cannot stand.

Bebér los viéntos, to drink up the wind; that is, to desire any thing immoderately, which makes a man anxious, and breathe quick.

Bebér la ciencia, to drink up a science, to become master of it with as much ease as a man can drink.

Defear beber la fangre de otro, to defire to drink another man's blood, the utmost malice.

Beber por calabaça, to drink out of a calabash; that is, to do any thing without confideration; because he that drinks out of a calabash, sees not what the drinks, as he does, who has an open cup.

Beber de códos, to drink at one's elbows that is, at leisure.

Bebér de autún, to drink as much as one's neighbour.

Beber de brúces, to drink lying all along on the ground.

Beber por onças, to drink by ounces, to be precise.

Beberfe el fefo, to turn one's brain.

Beber fobre tarja, to live high upon truft, without defign to pay.

Beher a dos mános, to drink holding the cup with both hands,

Beber a tutti quanti ; to drink to all the company.

Darfela a beber, to give it a man to drink; that is, to do a man a difkindness, in revenge for another. BEBI'DA, f. f. drink; also a po-

BEBI'DO, f. m. a drunken man. BEBIE'NDA, f. f. vide BEBI'-DA.

BEBLA'DA f. f. drunkenness. BEBLA'DO, adj. drunken.

BEBORROTEA'R, v. n. to be always drinking or fipping.

BEBORROTO'N, f. m. one that is always drinking or sipping. BEBRA'GE, f. m. a draught; commonly a phisical draught.

BEC

BE'CA, f. f. the dignity of entering on a fellowship, or any college preferment.

Béca, f. f. a welt of cloth hanging about the neck, and almost down to the feet, after the manner of the doctors of divinity's scarfs in England; formerly wore in Spain by dignified clergymen only, now left off by them, and worn by all fludents in colleges. who are distinguished and known by the feveral shapes and colours of them.

BECA'DA, f. f. a woodcock. BECAFIGO, f. m. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs and grapes; a fig-pecker. BECARDO'N, f. m. a snipe. BECERRI'LLO, f.m. a young calf.

BECE'RRO, f. m. a young calf. BECE'TQ, f, m. the hanging part of the lip; also lip-jewels, worn by some Indians.

BE'CO, f. m. an alley. BECOQUEN, f. m. a little bonnet or cap that ties under the chin. BECO'TE, f. m. a ring fome Indians wear in their lip.

BED

BEDE'JA. f, f, vide VEDEJA. BEDEJU'DO, adj. vide VEDE-JUDO.

BEDE'L, f. m, an officer in the

univerficies in Spain, being the fame as the beadle among us.

BEF

BEDE'N, f. m. a ribband, a headband, fillet, or hair-lace to tie up the hair with; a wreath or cornish at the top of a pillar.

BEDE'RRE, f. m. in cant, a hangman.

BEDIJA, f. f. vide VEDEJA. BEDIJUDO, adj. vide VEDE-JUDO.

BEF

BE'FA, f. f. a fcoff, an abusive jest. BEFA'R, v. a. to scoff, to jeer, to deride.

BE'FO. adj. splay-footed.

BEFRE, f. m. the creature called castor, or beaver.

BEG

BE'GE, f. m. the beak of a ship. BE'JE , (BEGIN, f. m. a fine fort of mush

Hacerse un begin, to be in a great passion, to be enraged.

BEH

BEHEMOTH, f. m. generally interpreted a great beaft; but by fome is made to comprehend all four-footed beafts.

BEHETRI'AS, are lordships, or liberties free from the subjection of any lord, but what they chuse at pleasure, and can discard at will. BEHO'RDO, f. m. the herb called cats-tail.

BEJ

BEJUCO, f. m. a Willow twig.

BEL

BEL, adj. m. '(contracted from bello) handsome, beautiful, fine, pretty.

BELDA'D, f. f. beauty; also a beautiful woman.

BELEñO, f. m. the herb henbane. BELE'ZA, f. f. a plant so called. BELFO, adj. one who has a hanging under-lip,

BELHE'ZES, f. f. pl. in cant, goods, moveables.

BELIA'L, edj. wicked, incorrigibile. BELICO, adj. warlike, as a thing belonging to war.

BFLICOSAME'NTE, adv. warlike. BELICO'SO, adj. Warlike, as a warlike man.

BELI'DA, f. f. the herb called crowfoot.

BELI'GERO, adj. belligerous, warlike.

BELITRE, f. m. a beggar, a scoundrel, an inconsiderable fellow, a vagaboad.

BELITKE'RO, f. m. one that sobers and supports all manner of rogues.

BELLACA'DA, C. f. a bad and mean action.

BELLACAME'NTE, adv. basely, knavishly.

BELLACO, f. m. a knave a villain; an arch-wag.

BELLACO'N, f. m. augm. of

BELLAMB'NTE, adv. fairly, beautifully, finely.

BELLAQUERIA, f.f. difgrace; villainy, roguery.

BELLAQUILLO, f. m. a little knave.

BELLEGUIN, f. m. a bailift's follower.

BELLEZA, f. f. beauty; also a beautiful person or thing. Decir bellezas, to speak with particular graces.

BELLI'DO, adj. graceful, handfome, pretty.

BELLIRI'FE, f. m. in cant, an officer, or justice.

BELLO, adj. fair, beautiful. Of old it was used to signify rich. BELLO'N f. m. brass, or copper money.

BELLORITA, f. f. the primrofe. BELLO'SA f. f. in cant, 2 rough feaman's coat, or any coarfe woollen.

BELLO'TA, f. f. an acorn. Cordónes de bellota, ftrings with

taffels to them, Estar un hombre de la bellota, to be fat and lufty a swine.

BELLOTE, f. m. a rounde headed nail,

BELLOTE'RO f. m. one that gathers or fells acorns; alfo the place where acorns are found.

Ha ido al bellotero, he has been fed with acorns as hogs; speaking of a very far and lufty man,

Beliotero, f. m. an acorn-tree. BEL RA' TO, a great while.

BEN

BENALA'QUE, f. m. a farmhouse upon a vineyard.

BENDECIR, v. a. to blefs. BENDICIO'N, f. f. a bleffing. BENDI'TO, adj. bleffed.

BENDITAME'NTE, adv. bleffedly.

BENEFACTO'R f. m. a benefactor.

BENEFICE'NTIA, f. f. beneficence, doing of good turns.

BENEFICI'ADO, f. m. a priest that has a benefice, or lands, or other things inproved.

BENEFICIADU'R, f. m. a perfon who does good turns; also one that has the care of any thing, an administrator.

BENEFICIAL, adj. beneficial, belonging to a benefit, or bene

BENEFICIA'R, v. a. to improve. Beneficiár, v. a. to do good turns, to be kind, and beneficent.

Beneficiar oro, o plata, to refine gold or filver.

Beneficiar la tierra, to manure, or improve land.

BENEFICIO, f. m. a benefice, a benefit, also inproving, and an ecclefiaftical benefice.

BENEFICIO'SO, adj. beneficent, kind; also profitable, beneficial. BENE'FICO, adj. one that does

good turns, or bestows benefits.

BENEMERE'NCIA, f. f. good turns done to the commonwealth, service to one's country.

BENEME'RITO, adj. worthy, well deserving.

BENEPLACITO, f. m. permission, approbation.

BENE'RA, C. f. vide VENE-

BENEVOLE'NCIA, f. f. good-

BENE'VOLO, adj. well - affected.

BENGALA f. f. avery flight fort of filk web.

BENIGNAME'NTE, adv. kindly, lovingly.

BENIGNIDA'D, f, f. goodness, kindness, bounty; also salubrity, whole-fome quality,

BEN1'GNO, adj. courteous, loving, kind, bountiful, also wholesome, sweet, mild.

BENI'NO, f. m. a bunch, or fwelling.

BENJUI' f. m. benzoin, a rofin or gum so called.

BEO

BE ODE'Z, f. f. drunkenness. BEO'DO, adj. drunk.

BEQ

BEQUE, f. m. the beak of a ship, or galley; also an house of office.

BER

BERBENA, f. f. vide VERBE'-

BE'RBE'RIS, f. m. the white thorntree.

BERCE'RO, f. m. f. the person who fells cabbage, falad, &c.

BERDOLAGA, f. f. vide VERDOLAGA.

BERE'DA, f. f. vide VEREDA. BERENGE'NA, f. f. a kind of fruit like a cucumber, shaped like a pear, eaten in Spain, boiled with beef or mutton, or otherwise dressed on fishdays.

BERENGENADO, adj. belonging to berengenas.

BERENGENA'L, f. m. a field where berengénas. grow.

BERENGENAZO, f. m. blow given with a berengena.

BERGAMO'TA, f. f. a bergamot pear.

BERGA'NTE, f. m. a rogue, a

BERGANTIN, f. m. bergantine, a kind of veffel

BERGANTUN, f. m. a great rogue.

BERI'L, f. m. a greenish precious flone.

BERILES, f. m. pl. fine glaffes to preserve the light, or to fer before relicks or pictures in miniature.

BERLA'N, f. a fort of game at cards.

BE'RMA, f. f. the lower part of a wall in fortification.

BERMEGIA, f. f. a fly trick. BERMEJE'AR, v. n. to be reddish; also to blush.

BERMEJI'ZO, adj ruddy, reddish; substantively used, a little red-haired boy.

BERME'JO, adj. red; red-hai red. BERMEJUE'LA, f. f. a reddish fish, called a rochet.

BERMEJU'RA, f. f. redness.

BERMELLON, f. m. vermil; vermilion, fine red.

BERNARDINA, f. f. proud and boasting speech.

BERNEGA'L, f. m. a fort of varnished earthen vessel to drink out of; a filver or golden cup.

BE'RNIA, f. f. a coarse fort of cloth.

BERNIZ, f. f. vide BARNIZ. BERRAZAS, f. f. pl. over-grown Water-creffes.

BERRA'CO, f. m. a bear-pig; & nut with a green husk; a shore piece of canon with a wide

BERRA'ZA, f. f. an acquatick plant fo called.

BERRE'A, f. f. a place where water cresses grow.

BERREA'R, v. n. to cry like a calf, to bellow; to quarrel and to fight.

BERREGUETA'R, v. n. to deceive by tricks at cards.

BERRI'DO, f. m. the belloving of calves.

BERRI'N, f. m. the person who puts himself in a passion.

BERRIONDE'Z, f. f. rut, pride in fows.

BERRIO'NDO, adj. in brimming, in lust.

BE'RRO, f. m. the herb called water - creffes.

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BERROCA'L, f. m. a place full of rocky hillocks

BERROQUEZA, f. f. a fort of speckled coarse marble.

BERRUE'CO, f. m. an uneven hillock; also a wart; mishapen pearl.

BERRUGA, f. f. a wart; the top of a hill or rock.

BERRUGO'SO, adj. full of warts; full of hillocks.

BERRUGUE'TA, f. f. in cant, a cheat at cards.

BERRUGUIE'NTO, adj. vide BERRUGOSO.

BERYLO, f. m. a precious stone called a beryl, green coloured.

BE'RZA, f. f. cabbage.

Berza perruna, wild mercury.

Bérça créspa, curled cabbage.

Bérça colorada, red cabbage.

Bergas floridas, colliflowers.

BERZE'RA, f. f. herb-woman. BERZUE'LA, f. f. young cabbage,

BES

BE'SA MANOS, f. m. a kiffing of the hands, a ceremony performed by an inferior to a superior.

BESA'NT, f. m. a coin fo called, formerly in use.

BESAR, v. a. to kis.

Befar la ropa el suelo, to drag, to touch the ground.

touch the ground.

Befår el aktóte, to kiss the rod.

No hay fino llegår y befår, it is touch and take.

BESICOS DE MONJA, a fort of sweetmeats.

BESPTO, f, m. diminutive of befo.

BE'SO, f. m. a kifs.

Dar bésos al járro, to toss the pot.

BESTEZUE'LA, f. f. a little beaft.

BE'STIA, f. f. a beaft; a brutish man, a dunce, an ill-bred fellow.

Bestia de albarda, a beast; of burthen.

Condendr 4 béstias, to condemn to be torn in piece by Wild bests, BESTIA'L, adj. beaftly, belonging to beafts.

Pecado beflial, the fin committed with a beafts.

BESTIALI'DAD, f. f. beaftlines.

BESTIALME'NTE, adv. bru-tishly.

BESTIA'R, f. m. cattle.

BESTIA'ZA, f. f. augmentative of beflia.

BESTIO'N, f. m. a great beaft a great booby fellow. In architecture, or painting, a fort of a half pillar or tall pedeftal, with fome figure on it, fome of which feem to bear up the structure. In fortification, bastion.

BESTO'LA, f. f. an iron used to clean the coulter of the plough.

BESUCADO'R, f. m. he that gives many kiffes or buffes, and in a coarfe manner.

BESUCA'R, v. a. to kis often, or after a rude manner.

BESU'GO, f. m. a fish called a feabream.

Ojo de besugo, white eyes.

Elado como un besúgo, frozen like a bream.

BESUGUE'TE, f. m. a little fish like a fea-bream.

BET

BETA, f. f. a vein in a metallick mine, and also a vein in stone or marble.

BE'TAS, f. f. pl. ropes used among failors.

BETA'DO, adj. diftinguished by vains of various colours, faid of marble and stone.

BETARRAGA, C.f. a beet-root.

BETELE' C m a plant fo called

BETELE', f. m. a plant fo called, which the Affatick men and women chew.

BETO'N, f. m, the coarse wax at the mouth of the bee-hive.

BETO'NICA, f. f. the herb betony.

BETUMA'R, v. a. vide BETU-MINA'R.

BETU'MEN, f. f. bitumen, a liquid thick substance,

BETUMINA'R, v. a. to daub with betumen.

BETU'N, f. m. vide BETU-MEN.

BETUNA'R, v. a. to daub, to careen ships, to use washes to the face.

BEU

BEUDO, f. m. vide BORRA-CHO.

BEU'NA, f. f. a fort of reddish grape.

BEV

BEVA'NDA, f. f. vide BEBA'N-DA.

BEVEDE'RO, f. m. vide BEBE-DE'RO,

BEVEDO'R, f. m. vide BEBE-DO'R.

BE'VER, v. a. vide BEBER. BEVIDA, f. f. vide BEBIDA.

BEX

BEXI'GA, f. f. a bladder.

BEXIGAZO, f. m. a blow with a bladder.

BEXIGOS, f. m. pl. the difeafe among horfes called the fcratches.

BEXIGUILLA, f. f. a little bladder.

BEXI'N, f. m. the mushroom called puff-balls, or puffy mushroom; metaph. a boy that swells with anger, and after making faces bursts out in tears.

BEXUCO, f. m. a withe.

BEZ

BEZAA'R, f. m. the bezoarftone.

BEZA'R, f. m. vide BEZAA'R.
BE'ZO, f. m. use custom, also
a kis, and a lip, and the swelling
a bout a wound when it festers.

BEZOA'R, f. m. vide BEZAAR. BEZU'DO, adj. having thick lips like a negro.

BIA

BIAZAS, f. f. pl. knapfack.

BIB

BIB

BIBARO, f. m. the caftor, or beaver.

BIBLIA, f. f. the Holy Bible.

BIBLIOTHE'CA, f. f. library a large collection of books.

BIBLIOTHECARIO, f. m. a librarian, or library-keeper.

B 1 C

BICE'RRA, f. f. a kind of wild goat.

BICHO, 6 BICHA, f. m. f. a fort of figures half men or women, and half fish, or any other beaft. Bichos, f. m. 6 Bichas, f. f. any venomous beafts, or any infects in general.

Cara de bicho, a great ugly face.
Un mal bicho, a malicious and mischievous fellow.

BICO, f. m. a finall ornament of gold formerly Worn upon men's caps or bonnets.

BICO'CA, f. f. a centinel's box; a fmall bad fortified place; a little village.

BICO'RNE, adj. belonging to any thing which has two horns; used by poets.

BICORPO'REO, adj. belonging to two bodies.

BIE

BIE'LDA, f. f. a van, or fan, to winnov corn with.

BIELDA'R, v. a. to fan to win-

BIE'LDO, f. m. a fan, or a thing to cast up corn against the wind to wip-now it.

BIEN, f. m. good; also prosperity, advancement.

Bien, adv. good, well; also much, very.

Bien que; fi bien, although.

BIENANDANTE, adj. fuccefsful, fortunate; a word used in romances.

BIENAVENTURADAMENTE adv. blessedly, fortunately, luckily.

BIENAVENTURA'DO, adj. happy, fortunate, lucky.

BIENAVENTURA'NZA, f. f. blifs, happiness, good for-

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BIENDEZI'R, v. a. vide BENDE-ZI'R.

BIE'NES, f. m. pl. goods.
Biénes ráiges, an effate real.
Biénes muébles, moveables.
BIENCH AN ARDA G. 6. char.

BIENGRANA'DA, f. f. the plant oak of Jerusalem.

BIENHADA'DO, adj. fortunate, lucky; roguish, mischievous.

BIENHABLADO, adj. well-spoken, that speaks well.

BIENHECHOR, f. m. benefactor.

BIE'NNIO, f.m. the space of two years.

BIE'NQUE, adv. although.
BIENQUERENCIA,
G. f. good
BIENQUERIE'NCIA,
will, affection.

BIF

BIFO'RME, adj. of two shapes or forms; used by poets.

BIFRO'NTE, adj. that has two faces; used by poets.

BIG

BIGAMIA, f.f. bigamy, or being married to two women, or having two husbands.

BIGAMO, f. m. one that has been twice married, or that has two wives at once.

BIGA'RDO, f. m. an abusive name given to religious men.

BIGARRA'DO, adj. of various colours

BIGO'RDA, f. f. the herb bind-weed.

BIGO'RNIA, f. f. a bickhorn, an anvil that has a round point flicking out, to hammer things round on; also a smith's vice to hold fast any thing in.

Los de la bigómia, in cant, a parcel of bullies.

BIGO'TA, f. f. a pully to draw up weights.

BIGOTA'ZO, f. m. augmentative of bigote.

BIGO'TE, f. m. whisker, mustacho.

BIGOTE'RA, f. f. a little sheath or bag that Germans and Goths used to our their whiskers with.

Tener buenas bigoteras, to be pretty, faid in speaking of women.

BIL

BILO'RTA, f. f. an iron ring fixed in the axle-tree of a cart or coach.

BILLE'TE, f. m. a bilier, a note; also a bill of exchange.

BILLETICO, f. m. a billet-doux, a love letter.

BIM

BIMBRAR, v. a. to shake, to brandish.

BIMBRE'RA, f. f. a place where

oziers grow, or an ozier-tree.

BIME'STRE, adj. two months old.

BIN

BINA'R, v.a. to plough twice over, BINA'RIO, adj. confisting of two things, that belongs to two things. BINAZO'N, f. f. in husbandry, the second ploughing given to a field.

BINC'CULO, f. m. a telescope with two beres.

BINZA, f. f. the pelicle of an egg or of an onion,

BIO

BIO'MBO, f. m. a skreen.

BIR

BIRA'R, v. a. to tack about in a ship.

BIRIBI'S, f. m. a kind of play or lottery.

BIRLA'DO, f. m. in cant, a hubble, BIRLADU'R, f. m. in cant, a bubbler.

BIRLA'R, v. a. to play at ninepins; in cant, to cheat, to impose upon.

BIRLE'SCA, f. f. in cant, an affembly of whores and rogues.

BIRLE'SCO, f. m. in cant, a ruffian, a thief.

BIRLOCHA, f. f. a kire as children play with, or fly in-the air, BIRLOCHE, f. m. vide BIRLES-

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BIRLO'NGA, f. f. a game fo called, BIRLOS, f. m. pl. nine-pins to play with.

BIRO'LA, f. f. a little ring fixed to the end of a flick or walkingcane.

BIROTA'ZO, f. m. vide VIRO-TA'ZO,

BIRO'TE, f. m. vide VIRO'TE. BIRRE'TA, f. f. a cardinal's cap. BIRRETE, f. m. a cap.

BIRRETI'NA, f. f. a grenadier's cap.

BIRRO, f. m. a fort of short cloak formerly worn, which reached down only to the waist.

BIS

BISA'GRA, f. f. a hinge.
BISAVUE'LO, f. m. a great grandfather

BISA'LTO, f. m. green peafe.

BISA'RMA, f. f. a kind of weapon with two pikes.

BISCOCE'R, v. a. to cook over again, to drefs a thing twice over. BISCOCHA'DO, adj. baked hard like bifcuit.

BISCOCHE'RO, f. m. a biscuitmaker or feller.

BISCO'CHO, f. m. biscuit.

BISE'L, f. m. the edge of a plate of glass.

BISIE'S TO, f. m. the additional day to the leap-year.

Mudár bisiésto, to take another course.

BISLUMBRE, f. f. f. twilight; also any twinkling light or glittering, as of a glass in the sun, or the like.

BISO'JO, adj. fquint-eyed; looking two ways at once.

BISUNERIA, f. f. a thing inconfiderately and rashly done.

BISU'nO, adj. a new raifed foldier.

Bifono, adj. beginning to learn any art or fcience.

BISO'NTE, f. m. a fierce fort of beaft with a long mane, and shaped like a flag, but has only one horn.

BISPE, f.m. obf. vile OBISPO.
BISPERA, f. f. vide VISPE'KA.

BISSEXTI'L, or AnO BISSEX-TIL, f m. the leap-year.

BISSIE'STO, f. m. vide BISI-L'STO.

BISSYLLABO, adj. of two fyllables.

BISTO'RTA, f. f. the herb bistort or fnake-weed.

BISTRAHE'R, before it is due; alBISTRAYER, fo to give earnest.
BISTRE'TA, f. f. payment before
the money comes due.

BIT

BITA'CORA, f. f. the birtacle; a frame of timber in the steerage, where the compass is placed on board a ship.

BITAS, f. f. pl. the place the anchor is fastened to in a ship. BITUMEN, f. m. vide BE-TUN.

BIZ

BIZARRAME'NTE, adv. gallantly, fairly, finely, very well.

BIZARREA'R, v. n. to play the gallant, to be fine and gay.

BIZARRI'A, f. f. bravery, gallantry rich apparel.

BIZARRO, adj. brave, gallant, fine in apparel.

Hablar bifarro, to talk gallantly or fantaffically and extravagant-

Rópa bizárra, a rich costly garment.

BIZA'ZAS, f. f. pl. leathern wallets, budgets, or bags.

BISCO, adj. fquint-eyed.

BISCOCHA'DA, f. f. broth or foup made with wine or milk, fugar, &c. with biscuit in it.

BIZCO'CHO, f. m. biscuit, a kind of hard dry bread, made to be carried to sea.

Bizcocho de azúcar, a composition of fine flour, sugar, &c.

BIZCOCHUE'LO, f. m. a fine finall fort of biscuit.

BIZCOTE'LA, f. f. 2 kind of biscuit covered with sugar, made by the nuns.

BIZMA, f. f. a cere-cloth, to

keep together a broken bone that is fet, or to strengthen a weak part.

BIZMA'R, v. a. to wrap up in a cereclorh.

BIZNA'GA, f. f. a fort of wild fennel, used to make picktooths.

BIZNIE'TA, f. f. a great-grand-daughter.

BIZNIE'TO, f.m. a great-grandfon.

BIZUE'JO, adj. fquint-eyed.

BLA

BLAGO, f. m. a staff, or

BLA'NCA., f. f. a piece of money about the third part of a farthing.

No tengo blanca. I have not one cros.

No vale úna blánca, it is not worth a doit.

Pagár blánca a blánca, to pay by drivelets.

Cosa de tres a la blánca, a thing of a very inconsiderable value.

BLA'NCO, adj. white; substantively used, a mark to shoot at.

Dexár en blánco, to leave a blank in a writing; to baulk, to difappoint.

Salir en blinco, to fail in an undertaking.

Quedár en blunco, to be left in the lurch.

Dar en el blanco, to it the mark, to hit the nail on the head.

No fe fi fulling es blanco, ni negro, I know not whether fuch a one is black or white; that is, I know nothing of him.

Hazer lo blánco négro, y lo négro blánco, to make white black, and blak white; to impose a falshood, to oppose the known truth.

No me dixo blanco has el 6jo, he did not fay white is your eye; that is, he took fo little notice of me, that he did not look me in the face.

Arm...o de punta en blanco, armed at all points, cap-a-pec.

Dezir á úno de púnta en blánco que no es afil, to tell a man point blank it is not fo, is next to giving him the lye.

Hijo de la gallina blunca, the son of the white hen; that is, a fortunate man who succeeds in all things.

El blánco del áve, the wings and breaft, or the brawn of a fowl.

BLA'NCOR, f. m. BLANCURA, f. f. whitenefs.

Prov. La blancura mil táchas diffimula, whiteness covers a thousand faults; that is, a delicate white skin in a woman,

BLA'NDA, f. f. in cant, a bed.

BLA'NDALES, f. m. pl. a certain part of a ship's tackle, fo called.

BLANDAME'NTE, adv. foftly, gently.

BLANDEA'R, v. a. to brandish, to shake; also to fasten, and to waver in one's resolution.

BLANDE'O, f. m. a frony hard ground, or foft and fmooth ground, used in both senses.

BLANDE'ZA, C. f. flattery.

BLANDI'CIA, Ci. r. nattery. BLANDI'CO, adj. foolish.

BLANDI'R, v. a. as blandiar.

BLA'NDO, adj. foft, tender, gentle, effeminate. In cant, coward.

Blándo de corázon, tender - hearted.

Trair blánda la máno, to carry a gentle hand, to reprove a man lovingly.

BLANDON, f. m. a great flambeau; and also a great candlestick to fet such a light on.

BLANDUJO, adj. diminutive of blando.

BLANDURA, f. f. fostness, gentleness, tenderness; also negligence and laziness.

BLANDURI'LLA, f. f. paste, or fuch compositions women use for their hands or faces; also ointment, or poultices to ripen any swelling.

BLANDU'XO, adj. fostish.

BLANQUEA'DOR, f. m. a whisener, a whither. BLANQUEA'DURA, C. f. whitening.

BLANQUEAMIE'NTO, vide BLANQUEADURA.

BLANQUEA'R, v. a. y n. to whiten, or to look white.

BLANQUECEDO'R, f. m. one that whitens.

BLANQUECE'R, v. a. to whiten filver or new coin.

Blanquecer, v. n. to grow white. BLANQUECI'NO, adj. whitish.

BLANQUE'O, vide BLANQUEA-DURA.

BLANQUERIA, f. f. a meadow where linen is whitened.

BLAQUE'RO, f. m. vide CUR-TIDO'R.

BLANQUIBO'L, f. m. obf. ceruse,

BLANQUI'LLO, adj. whitish.

BLANQUIZA'L, f. m. 2 white field.

BLA'O, adj. blue; in heraldry, azure.

BLASMA'R, v. a. to reproach, injure, degrade, or retract from any one's reputation.

BLA'SMO, f. m. injury, reproach, difgrace, detraction.

BLA'SON, f. m. blazon, a coat of arms: also boasting.

BLASONADO'R, adj. boaffing, proud.

BLASONA'R v. a. to blazon; also to boast.

BLASPHEMADO'R, f.m. a blafphemer.

BLASPHEMAME'NTE, adv. impiously, blasphemously.

BLASPHEMA'R, v. a. to blafpheme.

BLASPHE'MIA, f. f. blafphemy.

BLASPHE'MO, adj. blafphe-mous.

BLATA, f. f. vide POLILLA.
BLAUCHE'TE, f. m. obf. a

BLE

BLE'DO, f. m. an herb called blire.

No dárfele un blédo, I don't value it of a pin.

BLO

BLO'NDO, adj. reddish, with a cast of white, a fort of sandy-coloured.

BLOQUEA'R, $\dot{\mathbf{v}}$. a. to blockade a town or city.

BLOQUE'O, f. m. a blockade.

BOA

BOALA'GE, f. m. a tribute paid for oxen.

BOALA'R, f. m. an enclosed piece of ground.

BOA'RDA, f. f. a garret - window, fuch as looks our upon the tiles at the top of the roof.

BOARRL'TE, f.m. a ftorm or tempest.

BOA'TO, f. m. the found of a roaring noify voice; fine appearance, show.

BOB

BOBA'DA, f. f. a foolish expreffion or action.

BOBALI'AS, f. m. a filly fool, a mere dolt.

BOBALICO'N, f. m. a blockhead, a flupid fellow.

BOBALISO'N, f. m. a fool, a booby.

BOBAME'NTE, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, flupidly.

BOBARRI'A, f. f. m. a booby, a BOBRRRO'N, f fool, a blokhead. BOBA'S, f. f. pl. an herd called sharewort.

A bóbas, foolishly.

BOBATICAMENTE, adv. foolishly, ignorantly, supidly, impudently.

BOBA'TICO, adj. foolish, fil-

BOBAZO, f. m. a great fool.

BOBE'AR, v. n. to play the fool.

BOBEDA, f. f. a vault.

BOBEDA'D, f. f. folly, foolishness, ignorance, stupidity.

BOBIBELLA'CO, f. m. a cunning, artful, fubtle knave.

BOBICU'LTO, adj. done by a foolish person, who thinks he

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has done it it a complete mauner.

BOBILLOS, f. m. pl. a fort of threadlace, much worn in Spain formerly by the women.

BOBILI'S BO'BILIS, adv. in vain, without pains, without deferving. Quix. tom. 2. Para que yo lo communique con biro de bobilis bobilis, to the end that I may communicate it to another without pain, without labour, without deferving it.

BOBI'LLO, f. m. a little fool; also a little bellied mug with a handle.

BOBI'NA, f. m. vide BOBO.

BOBI'T'O, f. m. diminutive of bobo.

BC'BO, f. m. f. a fool; a fliff hollow fort of ruff formerly worn.

Carillos de bóbo, great blown che-

Parèce el bôbo de cória, he is more knave than fool.

EOBC'N, f. m. augmentative of

BOBONCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of hobo.

BOBO'TE, f. augmentative of bobo.

BOBU'NO, adj. foolish, fimple, flupid,

B O C.

BOCA, f. f. the mouth; also an opening, a great hole.

Boca de calle, the end of, or entrance into a street.

Boca de cofidi, the mouth of a fack; a wide or infatiable mouth.

Bóca de escótilla, a scuttle in the hatches or deck of a ship.

Boca de espuéria roia, a sparrow -

Bóca de fuégo, any fort of firearms.

Boca de noche, night-fall.

Bóca de rió, the mouth of a river.

Escuro cómo bóca de lóbo, as dark as a dungeon.

Oler mal la boca, to have a flinking breath; to have an ill tongue. Boca arriba, with the mouth up-

Bóca abáxo, with the mouth down.
Regalár a úno aque quieres bóca, to treat
a man with all his mouth can
crave.

Quiturfelo de la boca para darlo à otro, to spare it out of one's mouth to give to another.

Atapár bócas, to ftop mouths, to give or do fomething that one may not speak ill.

Eftar boca con boca, to be crowded together, mouth to mouth.

Dár cuenta de un negócio a bóca, to give an account of a business sace to face.

Sustentier muchas bocas, to feed many mouths.

No tomar á úno en la bóca, not to mention a man.

Fegár la bóca à la paréd, to cling one's mouth to the wall; not to have courage to discover one's wants.

No os fálga de la bôca, do not speak a word of it.

No dixo esta bóca es mia, he did not fay, this mouth is mine; that is, he did not speak one word.

No tenér bôca pára dezir que no, not to know how to give a refusal. No tenér bôca el cabúllo, to be hardmouthed.

Decir todo lo que se le viéne à la bóca, to say any thing that comes uppermost.

Guardár la bóca el enférmo, to be regular and eat or drink nothing but what the physician orders.

Boca de horno, of an oven.

BOCACI', f. m. buckram.
BOCA'DA, f. f. a mouthful.

BOCADEA'R, v. a. to bite.

BOCADFLLO, f. m. a fmall bit, or mouthful; also a fort of fine linen.

BOCA'DO, f. m. a morfel, a bit, a mouthful, a bite; the wadding of a gun, the bit of a bridle.

Eocado fin hueffo, a bit that has no bone, a convenience without an inconvenience.

Tomár un bockdo, to eat a bit, to break one's fast.

Alcanged un bocado, give me a bit to eat,

Dar un becido, to give poison, to poison.

No hay un bocado, there is not a morfel.

Comerselo en un bocado, to eat it at a mouthful.

Querérfele comér à bochdos, to be in such a passion, as if one would cat a man.

Levantarf: con el bocado en la bóca, to rise from table with one's mouth full; that is, not to allow one's self time to eat.

Sacár el bocado redóndo, to bite out a mouthful.

BOCA'L, f. m. a pot, or mug with which they take wine out of great jars.

Bocál de pόζο, the mouth of a well.

BOCAMA'NGA, f. f. the extremity of a fleeve.

BOCANA'DA, f. f. a mouthful of liquor.

Bocanada de gente, a crowd of people.

Bocanada de viento, a blast or pust of wind; a gale.

BOCARA'N, f. m. buckram.

BOCA'R, v. a. to rough hew, or cut out any work.

BOCA'ZA, f. f. a large mouth. BOCE'L, f. m. the brims or lips of

a cup or other vessel; the edge of any ornament in carved work.

BOCELA'R, v. a. to make the brim or edge of any veffel.

BOCELLA'R, f. m. obf. a kettle.
BOCE'RO, f. m. obf. advocate.
BOCETA'R

BOCEZA'R, v. a. to gape, to yawn.

BOCE'ZO, f. m. gaping or yawning.

BOCHA, f. f. the play at bowls or balls.

BO'CHE, f. m. the hole children cut in the ground to play at chuck; in carr, the hangman.

BOCHE'RO, f. m. in cant, the excutioner's man.

BOCHI'N, f. m. the hangman.

BOCHORNA'D), dj. withered, or dried up with heat; fainting with heat.

BOCHO'RNO, f. m. fultry, clofe, hot weather; also shome, blush. BOCI'NA, f. f. a hunter's corner; also the northern confiellation cal-

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led ursa minor, or the leffer bear; alfo a speaking trumpet they use at sea, and a fort of sea-snail.

BOCINE'RO, f. m. one that winds a cornet, or he that makes or fells them.

BOCO'LICA, f. f. eatables, any thing that is to be eat.

BOCON, f. m. a great mouth, also a mouthful of victuals.

BOCUDO, adj. that has a great mouth.

BOD

BO'DA, f. f. a wedding. Andarse de bola en boda, to go from wedding to wedding; that is, to live an idle life.

BODAR, v. n. to marry.

BODE'GA, I. f. a cellar for

In a ship the hold, which is all the empty space below the first or lower deck, where provisions and stores, or goods are stowed.

BODE'GO, of. m. a place where the meaner fort of BODE-Speople go to eat. GO'N.

BODEGONEA'R, v. n. to ramble from one cook shop to another. BODEGONE'RO, f. m. a man that keeps a bodegon or eatinghouse.

BODEGUE'RO, f. m. a cellarman, he that has charge of the cellar.

BODEGUILLA, f. f. diminutive of bodega.

BODIA'N, f. m. a sca-fish like a cench.

BODI'GO, f. m. a small cake or roll of bread, which in Spain they offer in the church.

BODIJO, f. m. a ridiculous wedding.

BODOCA'DO, 7 f.m. the stroke of BODOCA'a peller, shot out of a cross-bow.

BODO'LLO, f. m. a pruning-knife used by gardeners to cut branches of trees.

BODG'QUE, f. m. a pellet of clay, a clay bullet.

FODOQUE'RA, f. f. the mould in which the pellets of clay are made.

BODO'RRIO, f. m. a poor, mean, ridiculous, and ill-forted marriage.

BOG

BOE

BOEMIA'NO, f. m. a fortunereller.

BOE'MIO, f. m. a short cloak. BOEZUE'LO, f. m. thing filled up with straw, bearing some refemblance to an ox, and used by sportsmen in chacing partridges,

BOF

BOFA'DA, s. f. a dish of victuals made of the entrails minced small. BO'FE, f. m. the lungs or lights. Echár los bófes, to vomit one's heart up; to be so anxious as not to have time to breathe,

 $BOFE'\bar{n}A$, f. f. the same as boses. v. BOFE'TA, f. m. a fort of fine linen.

BOFETA'DA, f. f. a cuff on the

BOFETEA'R, v. a. to buffet. BOFETON, f.m. a cuff on the ear. BO'FO, f. m. a bruise in the flesh; also a fine manchet of bread.

Bofones de jubón, the buckram and canvas, or inward part of a dou-

BOFORDA'R, v. n. vide BO- $HORD_{A'R}$

BOFO'RDO, f. m. vide BO-HO'RDO

BOG

BO'GA, f. f. rowing with oars. BOGA'DA, f. f. a buck, or bucking; that is, foaking; of linen in lye, also rowing with oars.

BOGADO'R, f. m. a rower, one that tugs at the oar.

BOGA'R, v. n. to row, to rug at

A bogarancáda, adv. with all might and main.

BOGAVA'NTE, f. m. the foreman in rowing.

BOGL'TA f. f. a kind of fish like a herring,

BO'GO, f. m. a fort of fish very white,

BOH

BOHEñA, s. f. vide BOFEñA. BOHORDA'R, v. a. to cast long stiff rushes, called bohordos, at one another, or instead of them finall rods.

BOHO'RDO, f. m. any fort of rush, but particularly the great rush that has a long round head, like velvet; also small rods, which the gentry, riding abroad to divert themselves, dart up into the

Bohordo, the plunging of a horse, or his rifing with all four upright from the ground.

BOI

BOIL, f. m. a Rable to shut in oxen at night. BOITRINO, f. m. a kind of fishingner:

BOJ

BOJA, f. f. compassing, or going about; also a little sore. BOJA'R, v. a. to compais, or go about; to be so much about.

BOL

BOL, f. m. bole, a kind of medicinal earth fo called.

BO'LA, f. f. any round bowl, bur generally taken for fuch a bowl as is used at nine-pins, on bowling-greens, or te like.

Bóla de viénto, a wind-ball in the name of our foot-ball.

Embocár la bóla, to strike the ball. or bowl into the mouth of the ring.

Tener la bola en el emboque, to lie in paſs.

BOLA'DA, f. f. vide BOLAZO. BOLADO, f. m. a cake made with fugar, &c.

BOLANTI'N, f. m. a fine this packthread.

BOLAZO, f. m. a firok of a bowl.

BOLCHACA, f. f. BOLCHACO, f. m. 2 pocket.

BOLE'A, f. f. a piece of wood

faitened to the frame of a coach, to the extremities of which the long straps of the horses are faste-

BOLEA'DO, adj. that has a crown as round as a ball. Said of a hat. BOLEADO'R, f. m. 2 thief that plies at fairs.

BOLEA'R, v. n. to bowl.

BOLL'O, f. m. a flight or stroke given to a ball before it comes to the ground, or the flight of the

Lievárse una cósa de boléo, to do a thing or run away with it at a beat.

BOLL'RO, s. m. a child that flies from his house and parents.

BOLE'TA, f. f. a little billet, or ticket; a billet for quarters.

BOLETA'R, v. a. to fell any thing wrapped in small pieces of paper.

BOLETI'N, f. m. a foldier's billet for quarters formerly; the order given to a treasurer for paying money.

BOLI'CHE, f. m. the small fish drawn in a net; also the whole draught, as it is often bought. In cant, a gaminghouse.

BOLICHE'RO, f. m. in cant, a cardmaker.

BOLICIA, f. f. a company of riotous tumultuous men.

BOLI'LLA, f. f. a little bowl or

BOLI'LLO, f. m. a little nine-pin, or a bobbin to make lace.

BOIT'NA, f. f. the bow-line, a featerm.

BOLINA'R, v. a to fail upon a

BOLINE'TE, f. m. a capstan of a ship.

BOLI'SA, f. f. ashes.

BOLLA, f. m. a little light roll of bread; also an impression.

BOLLADURA, f.f. vide ABCL-LADU'RA.

BOLLA'R, v. a. vide ABOLLA'R. BOLLECE'R, v. a. obs. to raise BOLLESCER f or cause a tumult. BOLLE'TA, f. f. vide BOLETIN. BOLLICIA'R, v. a. vide BULLI-CIA'R.

BOLLI'R, v. n. vide BULLIR. BOLLITO, f. m. diminutive of bòlla.

BOL

Bollo de golpe, a bump, or swelling by a blow.

Bólla maimón, a cake or roll full of Sweetmeats.

BOLLG'N, f. m. a large fort of nails used to adorn coaches or chairs, called fluds or knobs.

Bollón de cinta, a stud or boss on a girdle.

BOLLONA'DO, adj. studded, or boffed.

BOLLUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of búllo.

BO'LOS, f. m. one of the ninepins; also a cushion to make laces. Juego de bolos, the play called nine-

BOLONI'O, f. m. an ignorant man BG'LOS, f.m. pl. nine-pins to:play Estar en los bolos, to be within pins; metaph, to have the convenience of managing one's business at pleasure.

BO'LSA, f. f. a purfe, a pouch; alfo an exchange for merchants to

Bólja de camino, a pouch or bags for a traveller to carry his necessa-

Bólfa de arzón, a hawking-bag, or a bag to carry behind one on horfeback.

Bólja en veftida; a pucker or fold in a garment.

Bórsa rota, a torn purse: metaph, a man that cannot keep his, money. Bólja de hierro, an iron purse; a man that will not part with his money.

Bólfa de Dios, God's purse; that is, alms for the poor.

Dar ótro nudo a la bólfa, to give the purse another knot, to be proof a gainst all temptations of laying out money.

Fiur a sacar de la bolfa, to trust till the money is taken out of the purie, to fell for ready money.

Ilevar bien herrada la bolla, te have the purse well lined.

BOLSA'R, v. a. to make purfes, to pucker, or gather up, as garments ill made do.

BOLSEA'R, v. n. to pucker, or gather up, to wrinkle; also to fold or plait,

BO'LLO DE PAN, f. m. a roll of | BOLSE'RO, f. m. a purse-maker, BOLSICA, f. f. a little purse.

BOLSICO, f. m. a little pusse or pouch.

Prov. Quien tiene quatro y gafta cinco no ha menester botsico, he that hath four and spends five, has no need of a purse.

BOLSI'LLA, f. f. 7 BOLSI'LLA, f. m. > a coat-pocket, BOLSI'TA, f. f. J

BOLSO'N, f. m. a great purse or

BOLSONE'S, f. m. the foundation of an arch.

BOLTA'RIO, adj. an unsteady person, that is not long in a mind. BOLTEADOR, f. m. tumbler, a vaulter.

BOLTEADURA, f. f. numbling, vaulting.

BOLTEA'R, v. a. to tumble, to vault; rather voltedr, from volvo. BOLTEZUL'LA, vide BUEL-TEZUE'LA.

BOLTO'N, f. m. a jewel like a heart, to hang about the neck. Bolton de cinta, a stud, or boss on a

girdle. BOLVE'R, v. a. vide VOLVER.

BOM

BOMBA, f. f. a pump; also a bomb.

Dar a la bómba, to pump; metaph. to vomit.

Bomba marina, a column of water that appears in the fea in flormy weather, dangerous for ships.

BOMBA'RDA, f.f. a mortar-piece. BOMBARDEA'R, v. a. to bombard.

BOMBARDE'RO, f. m. a gunner, a bombardier.

BOMBASI', f. f. a coarse fort of cloth of different colours, made of cotton and wool.

BOMBEA'R, v. a. to throw bombshells.

BON

BON, adj. obf. vide BUENO. BONANCIBLE, adj. fair, calm; (speaking of weather.) BONA'NZA, f. f. a calm, fair weather at fea ; metaph. prospe-

BONANZA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair or calm.

BONA'ZO, adj. very good natu-

BONDAD, f. f. goodness.

BONDA'R, v n. vide BASTA'R. BONDE'JO, f. the cheefe-prefs.

BONE'TA, f. f. bonnet, an additional sail added upon occasion to the other fails, to gather all the

wind that may be gathered. BONETA'DA, f. f. a pulling off the bonnet, falutation.

BONE'TE, f. m. a cap, a bonnet. Un brano bonete, a great fool, an ignorant fellow.

BONETERIA, f. f. the place where caps are fold or made.

BONETE'RO, f. m. a cap-maker. BONETILLO, f. m. a little cap, a skull-cap.

BONICAME'NTE , adv. prettily , neatly, foftly.

BONI'CIA, f. f. vide BONDA'D. BONI'CO, adj. pretty, neat.

EONIFICA'R, v. a. to do good, to approve any thing.

EONI'LLO, adj. diminutive of bueno. BONINA, f. f. the herb camomile. BON1'TALO, f. m. vide BONI-

BONITAME'NTE, adv. vide BONICAMENTE.

BONI'TO, f. m. a kind of seafish so called.

Bonico, adj. pretty.

BONVARO'N, f. m. the herb groundfell.

BOń

BOnI'GA, f. f. a cow dung.

BOO

BOO'TES, f. m. a confiellation fo called,

BOQ

BO'QUE, f. m. a he goat. BOQUEA'DA, f. f. a gaping, or yawning.

La ultima boqueuda, the last gasp. BOQUEAR, v. n. to gape, to yawn, to open the mouth, to gasp for breath; also to die, to expire.

No ofarboquear, not to dare to speak a word.

Boqueár, or Dar la postrer hoqueáda, to breathe one's last.

BOQUE'RA. f. f. the opening made on the side of a canal for the purpose of part of the water another way.

BOQUERO'N, f. m. a great hole in a wall, a great opening, or yawning.

BOQUE'TE, s. m. diminutive of boquerón.

Tomar boquete to escape, to fly.

BOQUIABIE'RTO, adj. open-

BOQUIA'NCHO, adj. with a large mouth.

BOQUIFRUNCIDO, adj. shrivelmouthed, that has the mouth drawn up like a purse.

BOQUIHUNDI'DO, adj. that has the mouth funk in.

BOQUI'LLA, f. f. a little mouth.

BOQUIMUE'LLE, adj. tendermouthed, (speaking of horses); also credulous.

BOQUIN, f. m. the coarsest fort of

BOQUINA, f. f. goat-skin.

BOQUINE'GRO, f. m. a fort of a fnail.

BOQUINVELI', f. m. an unexperienced person easy to be deceived.

BOQUIRO'TO, adj. wide-mouthed; metaph, foul-mouthed.

BOQUIRO'XO, of. m. a young beau. In cant, BOQUIRU-Sa cully; BIO,

also a credulous unexperienced

BOQUISE'CO, adj. dry-mouthed: metaph, a man that cannot speak one word of comfort.

Me dexaron fair boquiseco, they let me come away without wetting my lips.

BOQUISUMI'DO, adj. that has the mouth funk in, like old people who have lost their teeth.

BOQUI'TA, f. f. a little mouth. BOQUITUE'RTO, adj. vry-mouthed.

BOQUIVER'DE, f. m. one who talks inconsiderately, idly.

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BOR

BORBO'LLA, f. f. a little bubble upon the water.

BORBOLLEA'R, v. n. to bubble, to boil up.

BORBOLLITA, f. f. a little bub-

BORBOLLO'N, f. m. the violent gushing of vater out of a pipe. or other hole; also the bubbling of boiling water or of a spring that gushes out of the ground. BORBOTA'R, v. n. to gush vio-

lently out of a pipe; to boil very

BORBOTON, f. m. vide BOR. BOLLO'N.

BORBOTEAR, v. n. to mutter, or grumble.

BORBUJA, f.f vide BORBO'L-

BORCEGUI', f. m. a buskin.

BORCEGUINERI'A, f. f. the place where buskins are fold.

BORCE'LLA, f. f. the edge or rim of a box or cheft.

BO'RDA, f. f. the main-fail of a galléy.

BORDADO'R, f. m. f. an embroiderer.

BORDADURA, f. f. embroidery, also edging.

BORDA'R , v. a. to embroider ; also to edge.

BO'RDE, f. m. the edge, the brim, the fide of a ship; also a bastard fon.

Bórde tajádo, shagged or jagged edge.

BORDEA'R, v. n. to tack forwards and backwards at fea; alfo to cruize.

BORDIO'NA, f. f. a whore a common prostitute.

BO'RDO, f. m. as, ir a bordo, to go aboard a ship.

Hazér otro bordo, te tack the shiph, to bring her head about.

BORDO'N, f. m. a staff to walk with, a pilgrim's staff; also the great or base string of an instrument.

BORDONADO'RES, f. m. pl.

fome gentlemen who where used to cast wooden rods at a mark to exercise their strength and try whether they coul strike it.

BORDONCI'CO, f. m. diminutive of bordon.

BORDONCI'CO
BORDONCILLO,

f. m. a little
walking - flaff,

BORDONE'AR, v. a. to strike with a walking staff.

BORDONERIA, f. f. the custom of going abou tlike a pilgrim.

BORDONE'RO, f. m. a counterfeit pilgrim that goes about in that habit to live idly; an idle ftrowling fellow or beggar.

BOREA'L, adj. belonging to the north.

BO'REAS, f. m. the north wind.

BORE'O, adj. vide BORE'AL.
BORGOāA'RSE v. r. to boaft or

BORGOROTA, f. f. a kind of helmet.

BO'RLA, f. f. a tuft, or raffel of filk, or other matter. Docgors wear & bórla, that is, a filk raffel on their caps to denote their degree.

BORLADO'R, f. m. a taffelmaker.

BORLI'LLA, f. f. a little tuft or raffel.

BORLO'N, f, m. a great tuft or taffe).

BORLO'NES, f. m. pl. a fore of fuff.

RO'RNE, f. m. the end of the lance used in tilting; also a fort of pak, and the bending of any wood.

BORNEADI'ZO, adj. easy to be turned or twisted.

BORNEA'R, v. a. to warp, to bend by heating at the fire or otherwise.

BORNE'Q, f. m. the action of twisting or bending by hearing at the fire.

BORNL'RO, adj. belonging to the stone that mills the corn.

BORNI, f. m. a fort of hawk.
BORNIDO, adj. in cant, han-

BORO'NA, f. f. a fort of bread

made with Indian corn or millet.

BORONI'A, f. f. a kind of dish eaten on meagre days.

BORRA, f. f. short vool, the nap of frize, or the like; any little ruft of wool; also the dross; or less of wool.

BORRA'CHA, f. f. a leather bottle which when empty falls together like a purfe; also a drunken woman.

BORRACHA'DA, f. f. drunkennefs, a drunken-action; also a club of drunkards; also a mad action.

BORRACHEA'R, v. a. to play the drunkard.

BORRACHERA, f. f. drunkenness, a drunken bout, a drunkenaction.

BORRACHERI'A, f. f. the diforder or confusion caused by drunkenness.

BORRACHE'Z, f. f. drukenness. BORRA'CHO, adj. drunk; fubstantively used, a drunkard.

BORRACHO'N, f.m.a great BORRACHONA'ZO, drunkard. BORRACHUE'LO, f. m. f. a little drunkard.

BORRA'DA, f. f. a blotting out. BORRADE'RO, f. m. that which may be blotted out.

BORRADO'R, f. m., a blotting paper, a day-book, or note-book, where things are only fer down for the present to be writ out fair; also a rough draught.

BORRADORCI'LLO, f. m. a little blotting paper, or a fmall notebook for memorandums.

BORRADU'RA, f. f. a blotting. BORRA'JA, f. f. the herb borrage.

BORRAPELA'IRE, f. m. used as an interjection, (an arbitrary word) filly, worthless, rascally fellow.

BORRA'R, v. a. to blor, to blur, to strike out, to blemish.

BO'RRAS, f. f. pl. dregs or lees of any liquor,

BORRA'SCA, f. f. 2 tempest, a storm; meraph. 2 broil, 2 fray.

BORRASCO'SO, adj. tempesluous; metaph. quarrelsome.

BORRASQUI'LLA, f. f. a little

ftorm or tempest, a small scusse, a little turbulent fellow.

BO'RRAX, f. m. borax, used for folder by goldsmiths.

BORRA'XA, f. f. an herb called borage.

BORRA'Z, f. m. vide BORRAX. BORRE'GA, f. f. an ewe lamb.

BORREGA'DA, f. f. a flock of fambs.

BORRE'GO, f. m. a lamb; a goodnatured, quiet, fat child.

BORREGO'N, f. m. the shepherd who tackes care of a flock.

BORREGUE'RO, f. m. a shepherd that has the cuffody of the lambs or fells lambs to butchers.

BORREGUI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of borrégo.

BORRE'N, f. m. the high part of a faddle before and behind.

BORRI'CA, s. f. a she ass.
BORRICA'DA, s. f. a drove of

ass; also foolishness.

BORRICA'ZO, f. m. a. great ass.

BORRI'CO, f. m. an als.

BORRICON, f. m. a great as, a great coxcomb.

BORRICO'TE, f. m. vide BOR-RICO'N.

BORRIQUE'nO, adj. belonging to an als.

BORRIQUE'TE, f. m. the top-gallant-fail.

BORRIQUI'LLO, (f. m. a little BORRIQUI'TO, (afs.

BORRI'VA, f. f. the wool of the \lamb.

BO'RRO, f. m. a lamb of a year old; also a stupid ignorant fellow. BORRO'N, f. m. a blot.

Borrón, a difgrace, a dishonour. BORRONCI'LLO, f. m. diminu-

tive of borrón.

BORRONISTA, f. m. one who frequently blots in writing.

BORROSO, adj. of, or belonging to lees or dregs.

BORRUFA'LLA, f. f. a trifle.

BORRUMBA'DA, f. f. a rash, inconsiderate action.

BORUJO, (f. m. vide ORU-BORRUJON, JU.

BORZEGUI', f. m. a buskin.
BORZEGUINERI'A, f. f. a bufkinmaker's, shop.

BORZEGUINERO

BORZEGUINE'RO, f. m. a buf- | kinmaker.

BOS

BOSADILLA, f. f. a vomit. BOSA'R, v. a. to be brimful, to run over.

BOSCAGE, f. m. a thick place, a woody place; also a landscape in painting.

Boscage, f. m. a picture embellished with woods.

BOSCA'R, v. 2. vide BUSCA'R. BOSLA'R, v. a. obs. vide BOR-

BOSPHORO, f. m. a streight, a passage from sea to sea.

BO'SQUE, f. m. wood, forest.

BOSQUECILLO, (f. m. diminu-BOSQUECI'TO, Ctives of bosque.

BOSQUEJA'R, v, a. to make a rough draught; to lay the first colours on a picture; to sketch.

BOSQUE'JO, f. m. a rough draught, a picture that has only the first colour, a sketch.

BOSQUE'RO, f. m. 2 wood-man.

BOSSA'DA.

BOSSADI'NA, C. f. vemiting. BOSSADURA,

BOSSA'L, f. m. an ornament of filver for a horse's head, with bells.

BOSSA'R, v. a, to run over, to

BOSTEZA'R, v. n. to gape, to

BOSTE'ZO, f. gaping, yaw-

вот

BOTA, f. f. a boot; a leather bottle ; a butt.

BOTACIO, - f. m; that part of a column that is cut wreathed like a

BOTADO'R, f. m. a punch, an iron to drive nails that cannot be drawn with pincers.

BOTAFO'GO, f. m. a long flick with a match-rope fixed to the end-to fire off cannon.

BO'TALO, I f. m. a pole fo cal-BOTALON, cled, used in ships. BOTA'MEN, f. m. a great number of barrels for a ship,

Tom. I.

BOTAME'NTE, adv. bluntly,

BOTA'NA, f. f. a round plug of wood to stop a leather bottle; plaister upon a sore.

BOTA'NICA, f. f. botany, the knowledge of plants.

BOTA'NICO, adj. belonging to botany, skilled in herbs.

BOTANOMA'NCIA, f. f. superstious divination or prophecy by

BOTA'R, v. a. to vow, to make a vow; to fwear to.

Boto á Dios, I vow to God.

Botar, v. a to throw, to cast out. Botar el agua un navio, to launch a

BOTARA'TE, f. m. an ignorant fenseless man.

BOTARE'L, f. m. prop, flay, fupport; what workmen call a shore.

BOTA'RGA, f. f. the dress of Harlequin and Harlequin himself; also a ridiculous figure they put before the bulls at the bull-feafts; alfo a fort of faufage.

BOTARGUEA'R, v. a. to butt with the horns, as bulls do; also to illtreat one, to abuse him as bulls do the botarge.

BOTASE'LA, f. f. the found to horse for soldiers.

BO'TE, f.m. any common boat; properly the long-boat of a ship. Bote, a gallipot, such as apothecaries use; also the end, or extre-

Boie, a thruft, a blow.

Bôte de pelôta, the rebound of a

Ir de bôte, to go the ready way. Estar lleno de bote en bote, to be

as full as it can hold. BOTECARIO, f. m. a tribute

raised for the support of the

BOTECTILO, f. m. a little gal-

BOTE'LLA, f. f. a bottle.

BOTEQUIN, f. m. a little boat. BOTE'RO, f. m. a leather - bottle-maker.

BOTIBOLE'O, f. m. the taking a ball at half its rebound, and fending it back to the adverlary.

BOTICA, f. f. an apothecary's shop; fometimes taken for anotter shop.

BOTICA'RIO, f. m. an apothecary. In cant, a pediar.

BOTIJA, f. f. an earthen vessel with a great belly; a great unweildy fellow.

BOTIJE'RO, f. m. an earthen warèman.

BOTIJO'N, f. m. a great wossel with a large belly; a punch belly. BOTIJUE'LA, f. f. a small bellied veffel.

BOTI'LLA, f. f. a little boot; a little leather bottle.

BOTILLE'R, f. m. a butler.

BOTILLERIA, f. f. a buttery formerly, but now a publick house where they fell frozen drinks.

BOTILLE'RO, f. m. a butler formerly, but now one that fells frozen drinks.

BOTI'LLO, f. m. a little leatherbottle.

BOTIN, f. m. a leather-bottle. Bolln, f. m. a buskin; also te booty taken in war.

BOTINE'RO, f. m. a buskin-ma-

BOTINES, f. m. pl. gambadoes spatterdashes.

BOTINI'LLO, f.m. a little short buskia.

BOTIQUIN, f. m. a box that apothecaries make use of to put their medicines in.

BOTIVOLE'O, f. m. a blow to a ball while in the air.

BOTO, adj. blunt, dull; also flupid; heavy.

BOTO'N, f. m. a button; a but of a tree; a pimple.

Boton defuego,, a cautery.

Beton de búba, a pocky fore.

Contárle los botones à une, to give many pushes with a fword.

BOTONADU'RA, f. f. the fet of button's on a fuit of clothes.

BOTONA'R, v. a. to bud as trees do; alfo to cauterize.

BOTONAZO, f. m. a thrust or push with a foil.

BOTONCILLO, f. m. a little button; a small bud of a tree.

BOTONE'RO, f. m. a button maker.

BOTO'R, f. m. obf. an impostħù me.

BOTRYITE, f. m. foot.

BOV

BOVA'GE, BOVATICO, (f.m. a tax on oxen. BOVEA'R, v. a. to play the

BOVEDA, f. f. a vault.

Hablar de boveda, to talk big. Boveda de jardin, s. a bower, a walk in a garden that has the trees or greens bowed over it like

an arch. BOVEDA'R, v. a. to vault, to arch over.

BOVEDILLA, f. f. a little

BOVINO, adj. belonging to ożea.

BOX

BOX, f. m. the box-tree; a compais taken about.

Box de zapátero, a small tool made of box, shoemakers use to smooth their feams with.

BOXA'R, v. a. to compais about BOXEA'R, C or furround.

Boxár tantas léguas, to contain fo many leagues.

BOXEDA'L, f.m. a grove of boxtrees.

BOXE'O, f. m. the mensuration of any kingdom.

Tener tantas leguas de boxeo, to be so many leagues in compais.

BOXIGA'NGA, S.f. vide MOXI-GA'NGA.

BOY.

BOY, f. m. obf. an ox. BOYA, S. f. a buoy a piece of wood or barrel made fast to the fluke of an anchor by the buoy - rope, and floating over it, ferving to show where the anchor is,

Boya, s. m. in some places they give this name to the hangman. Buéna boya, is one that is no slave, but rows voluntarily in the galley for pay.

BOYA'DA, f. f. a herd of oxen BOYA'NTE, adj. a ship that is light laden and fails swift; also happy.

B.OZ

BOYA'R, v. n. to buoy up, to raise up at the sides.

BOYE'RA, f. f. a stable for oxen. BOYERI'- 1

ZO, f. m. a neat - herd. BOYERO .

BOYEZUE'LO, f. m. a little ox; alfo a stalking ox to kill par-

BOYJA, f. f. the cork of a fishingnet.

BOYU'DA, f. f. in cant, a pack of cards.

BOYU'NO, adj. belonging to oxen.

B O Z.

BOZA, f. f. a stopper, a seaterm; a piece of rope having a whale-knot at one end and a lanner spliced to it, and the other end made fast to fome part, used to stop the cables that they may go out by little and

BOZA'L, f. m. a muffler, a muzzle, a bag to hang at a beaft's mouth that it may not flop to

Bozál, adj. ignorant, that cannot speak the language of the country, or can speak only his own tongue, unskilful.

Manceblio bozál, a mere novice.

BOZA'R, v. a. to read any thing attentively, to look diligently over any thing.

BOZEADO'R, f. m. a bawling fellow.

BO'ZO, f. m. the down that grows on men's faces before the beard; also a halter for a beaft.

Bozo, the chin.

BRA

BRABA'DA, f. f. bravado. BRABA'TA. BRABA'NTE, f. m. a kind of BRABEA'R, v. a. vide BRA-VEA'R.

BRABIO, f. m. the prize given to wreftlers.

BRACE'ADA, f. f. the motion of the arms.

BRACEA'R, v. n. to exercise the arms, to resist, to raise the sails of a ship:

BRACE'RO, f. m. one that has a firong arm at casting a dart; a gentlemanusher that leads a lady by the arm; a day-labourer for any labour that requires strength of arms.

BRACE'TE, f. m. a small arm. BRACHIO'N, f. m. vide BRA-HO'N.

BRACHYLOGIA, f. f. a short, concise, laconic expression. Pronounce brakilogia.

BRACI'CO. BRACI'LLO, & f. m. a little arm. BRACITO,

BRACIL, f. m. the upper part of the arm.

BRA'CIO, f. m. in cant, the arm. Bracio gódo y ládro, in cant, the right and left arm.

BRA'CO, adj. a small fort of setting dog; also a dog that has a short turnup nose.

BRAFON, vide BRAHO'N. BRAFONE'RO, f. f. a roller or fillet to tie about the arm.

BRAGA , f. f. a linen-rag ried under children that they may not dirty themselves.

BRAGADO, adj. of several colours, speaking of beafts.

Buey bragado, an ox that has legs of a different colour from his body.

BRAGADAS, f. f., the upper and inner part of the thigh in men and animals.

BRAGADURA, f. f. the twift of a man or other creature, that part from whence he begins to be forked. BRA'GAS, f. f. pl. breeches, properly a fort of short breeches used by women, friars, and working

BRAGA'SAS, f. f. pl. augm. of brágas; alfo a coward, an idle fellow.

people.

BRAGUE'RA, f. f. 7 a trufs for a BRACUE'RO, broken belly: the cod-piece. ſ. m.

BRAGUE'TA, f. f. the cod-piece. BRAGUETO'N, f. m. 2 great codpiece.

BRAGUILLAS, f. f. pl. a child in breeches, an ugly short man.

BRAHON, f. m. feveral folds of cloth, or other Ruff worn on the shoulders, belonging to a fort of coat which had not sleeves to put the arms into, but hanging sleeves, and these folds at the shoulders.

BRAHONE'RAS, f. f. pl. the holes through which they put their arms with the brakines, or the brahines themselves described above.

BRA'MA, f. f. the bellowing of a flag at running time; any roaring. BRAMADE'RO, f. m. the place where deer and other creatures call their mate at running-time.

BRAMADO'R, f. m. a roarer.
BRAMA'NTE, f. m. packthread.
BRAMA'R, v. a. to roar like a
lion or other wild beaft; also to
fall in a great passion, to be enraged, furious; in cant, to cry

Bramár, in cant, to bellow and make a noife.

BRA'MIDO, of m. bellow, roar.

Brama, in cant, an information, a
diffeovery.

BRAMO'N, f. m. in cast, a diforverer, an evidence.

BRAMOSAME'NTE, adv. furioutly, desperately, outrageously. BRAMO'SO, adj. rutting, crying as some animals do in ruttingtime.

BRAMURA, S. f. vide BRAMI-DO.

BRA'NCA, f. f. a claw, paw, or foot of a wild beaft; also a chain used in galleys and prisons to fetter flaves, or prisoners.

Branca ursina, the herb bears-foot. BRANCA'DA, f. f. a drag-net.

BRANCHAS, f. f. pl. the gills of a fish,

BRA'NCO, adj. white; a ruflick word.

BRANDA'L, f. m. the ropes of which the shrouds are made in ships.

BRANDALA'GAS, f. m. a tall and lean man.

BRANDENBURG, f. m. a great coat.

BRANDIS, f. m. a great coat very close upon the breast.

BRA'NDO, f. m. a fort of dance. Brándo, adj. vide BLA'NDO.

BRANDURA, f. f. vide BLAN-DURA.

BRAñA, f. f. a little mean village; a marshy fenny place.

BRA'NQUE, f. m. the stem of a ship, the utmost part of the head. BRA'NZA, f. f. the chain with which the slaves in the galleys are chained.

BRAQUILEO, f. m. diminutive of braco.

BRA'SA, f. f. a-burning coal; an eager and vehement defire.

BRASERICO, f. m. diminutive of brafero.

BRASE'RO, f. m. a fire-pan, fuch as they use to make fire in, the place where they burn male-factors.

BRASFL, f. m. brzfit-wood. BRAVA'DA, f. f. vide BRA-VA'TA.

BRAVAME'NTE, adv. bravely.
BRAVATA, f. f. a rodomontade,
vain boafing.

BRAVATE'RO, f. m. an ignorant babbler.

BRAVA'TO, f. m. boafter, a bully, a braggadocio, a pulling fellow.

BRAVEA'R, v. n. to brave, to boaft, to talk big.

BRAVE'RA, f. f. a vent-hole, or finall window to a cellar.

BRAVERI'A , f. f. vide BRA-VA'TA.

BRAVE'ZA, f. f. fierceness, wildness, bravery, also courage, bravery, magnanimity; also magnificence.

BRAVIO, adj. ferocious, savage,

BRA'VO, adj. fielce, wild, headfirong, perverse, high-spirited; also fine, brave; substantively used, a hestor, a bully, suffian; ironically, foolish.

BRAVONE'L, f. m. a bully, a ruffian,

BRAYOSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, nobly...

BRAVOSIDA'D, C. f. bravery, magnanimity.

BRAVO'SO, f. m. a huffing fellow; in cant, a bully.

BRAVOTE, f. m. in cant, a boaster.

BRAVU'RA, C. L. vide BRAVE'-ZA.

BRAZA, f. f. a fathom.

BRAZA'DA, f. f. a fathom, as far as a man can reach, or as he can class in his arms.

BRAZA'DO, adj. fathomed; also braced as the yards in a ships BRAZAGE, f. m. vide BRACE-AGE

BRAZA'L, f. m. an ancient defenfive, weapon for the ann; a bracelet; a rivulet.

BRAZALE TE, f. m. vide BRA-ZAL.

BRAZO, f. m. the arm, the limb which reaches from the hand so the shoulder.

Brázo, strength, power.

Brite de seucos, the yard-arm of a ship.

Brázo de couz, the arm of a cross. Brázo de már, an arm of the sea. Brázo ecclesássico, the clergy.

Brazo figiar, the laity.

Brazo militar, the soldiery.

Brizos del reyno, the arms of the kingdom; that is, the three flates of the kingdom, the clergy, nobility, and laky who affemble in the cortes.

Invocár auxidio del brázo fegiár, to appeal to the judges and laity for redrefa.

Luchar a brazo partido, to concend upon equal terms.

Resible & uno a brazos abierto: , to receive a man with open arms; that is, lovingly.

Acabár un negocio a fuérza de brazos, to compess a busincis by dint of labour.

Llevár en brázds, to carry in one's arms.

Bratos de cangréjo, the claws of a crab.

BRAZOL, f. m. the armour for the arm; also a fort of shore sleeve women formerly wore.

for the arm.

r 2

BRAZUE'LO, f. m. a shin of beef.

BRE

BRE'A, f. f. tar; also a fort of tarred canvas.

BREADURA, f. f. daubing with

BREA'R, v. a. to tar; also to abuse, to plague, to molest.

BREBA, f. f. vide BREVA.

BREBAJO, a beaft; any fourvy mixture or drench; among failors, wine, beer, or cyder.

BRE'CA, f. f. a little white fish, a bleak, or blay.

BRE'CHA, f. f. a breach, the ruin of any part of works beaten down with cannon, or blown up by a mine. In cant, a dye to play with.

BRECHA'DO, adj. in cant, cheated at dice.

BRECHADO'R, f. m. in cant, a third man at play.

BRECHA'R, v. n. to cheat with faile dice.

BRECHE'RO, f. m. one that obeats with falle dice.

BRE'DO, f. m. vide BLE'DO. BRE'GA, f. f. fray, firife, con-

tention, wrangling.

BREGADURA, f. f. a wrinkle.
BREGA'R, v. a. to quarrel, to contend.

Bregår el arco, to shoot with a bow.

BREGUE'RO, f. m. a wrangler, a quarrelfome fellow.

BRE'NCA, f. f. the herb maidenhair.

BRE'āA, f. f. a place full of shrubs; thorns, or bushes; or a crag of a mountain.

Brias, f. f. a thorny place, full of brambles.

BRERA'L, f. m. craggy, bushy, or thorny place.

BRE#0'50, adj. thorny, cragged; full of briars and brambles.

BREQUE, f. m. vide BRECA.
BRESCADFILO, f. m. pearl.

BRESCA'DO, adj. embroidered with pearl.

BRETADUR, f. m. a whiftle to allure birds.

BRE'TE, f. m. obf. flocks, fetters to lock up the feet; also a bolt, and a fort of rack.

Bréte del trigo, the beard of corn. BRETO'N, f. m. a young sprout of any thing.

BRE'VA, f. f. an early fig.
BREVA'GE, f. m. vide BREBA'GE.

BREVA'L, f. m. a fig - tree, or the place where figs grow.

BRE'VE, adj. short.

Bréve, f. m. the Pope's brief.

BREVECTTO, adj. short, brief.

BREVEDA'D, f. f. brevity.
BREVEME'NTE, adv. briefly,
shortly.

BREVE'TE, f. m. a little bills note, or breviate.

BREVIA'R, v. n. in cant, to coax or wheedle any one to get the better opportunity of cheating him.

BREVLA'RIO, f. m. an abridgment; also the book containing the daily service of the Roman church.

BREVIO'N, f. m. in cant, the person who coaxes or wheedles another in order to cheat him.

BREZA'R, v. a. to rock a child in a cradle.

BRE'ZNA, f. f. a chip; also a lath.

BREZO, f. m. brush-wood; also furze, heath, or gorse.

BRI

BRIA'GA, f. f. a rope made with rufhes.

BRIAGUEZ, f. f. vide EM-BRIAGUE'S.

BRIA'L, f. m. a fort of garment worn, by queens and great ladies.
BRI'BA, f. f. mumping, begging.
BRIBA'R, v. a. to beg, to go a mumping.

BRIBIA, f. f. the canting tale of a beggar to move compassion.

BRIBLA'TICO, adj. belonging to the art or knack of begging.

BRIBIO'N, f. m. a stroller, a BRIBO'N, fellow who will not work, but goes about begging.

BRIBONA'DA, f. f. a wandering or strolling about.

BRIBONA'ZO, f. f. augmentative of bribón.

Bribónazo, ad j. cunning, fly, fubile. BRIBONCILLO, f. f. diminutive of bribón.

BRIBONEA'R, V. S. vide BRI-BA'R.

BRIBONERIA, f. f. beggary.
BRICHO, f. m. welt, lace, or
border about a garment, worked
with lace.

BRI'DA, f. f. a bridle.

Andår a la brida, to ride long in the stirrups, contrary to cabalgår a la ginéta, to ride short.

BRIDECU', f. m. a fword-belt.
BRIDO'N, f. m. one that rides

long in the stirrups.

BKIL'NTO, adj. forcible, violent

BRIGA, f. f. the old word for a

BRIGADA, f. f. a brigade of fol-

diers.

BRIGADIE'R, f. m. the officer

of a brigade, or brigadier. BRIGOLA, f. f. an ancient mili-

tary engine,

BRILLADU'R adj. shining.

fparkling, glittering.

BRILLADU'RA, f. f. fplendor,

brightness.

BRILLA'NTE, adj. shining, glit-

tering, spackling, brilliant.

BRILLANTE'Z, f. m. splendor, brightness.

BRILLA'R, v. n. to shine.

BRILLE'SCO, adj. vide BRIL.LA'NTE.

BRILLO, f. m. brightness, splendor.

BRIMBILLA'DA, f. f. vide MER-MELA'DA.

BRIMBO'N, f. m. vide BRIBON. BRIN, f. m. a fibre of faffron.

BRINCADO'R, f. m. f. one that is always leaping and skipping.

BRINCA'R, v. n. to leap, to skip; to dandle a child.

BRINCHO, f. m. a term used in playing at a game of cards called quinots.

BRFNCO, f. m. a leap, a skip; also a little fort of jewel ladies used to wear; also a play-thing for a child, any pretty bauble. BRINDAR, v. n. to drink to; also to offer, to present; also to engage.

BRINDE'L, f. m. the band or frap that holds on the clog.

BRINDIS, f. m. a health in drinking.

BRINDON, f. m. a fort of fruit as red as blood within. Dyers make use of it, and vinegar is made of the bark.

BRINO, f. m. vide BRIN.

BRINQUI'LLO, C. m. a little
BRINQUI'TO, leap or skip;

alfo a little toy.

BRIO, f. m. bravery, valour,

mettle, liveliness.

Hombre de brio, a man of mettle. BRIO'L, f. m. vide BRIO'LES.

BRIO'LES, f. m. pl. the bunt lines; fmall lines made fast to the bottom of the fail in a ship, in the middle part of the bolt-

rope, afed to rife or draw up the fail to the yard.

BRIONIA, f. f. the herb briony. BRIOSAMENTE, adv. in a fpirited, lively, or fprightly manner.

BRIO'SO adj. brave, mettlefome, lively.

Caballo briófo, a mettlefome hor-

BRISA, f. f. the trade-wind which carries ships to the West-Indies.

Brifa, a breeze, a wind that blows from the sea.

BRISCO'R, f f. gentle breeze of air. Obf.

BRISCADO, adj. belonging to the twifting of filver and gold. BRITA'NICA, f. f. an herb called spoonwort, or scurvygrass.

BRIVA, f. f. vide BRIBA.

BRI'VIA, f. f. obf. the Bible.
BRIVO'N, f. m. vide BRI.
BO'N.

BRIZA'R, v. a. obf. to rock a cradle.

BRIZNA, of. f. a chip, a splin.
BRIZNILter; the roughness of
LA,
boards that are not
planed.

BRI'ZO, f. m. obf. a cradle.

B R O

BRO'CA, f. f. a button of any fort; also a fort of bobbin used by embroiderers to roll their filk on, and a shoemaker's tack nail.

BROCA'DO, f. m. cluth of gold or filver.

BROCADURA, f. f. the bite of a bear:

BROCA'L, f. m. a cover for a well, or the brink or mouth of a well.

Brocat de flafeo, the mouth of a bottle:

BROCAMANTO'N, f. m. a clafp fet upon garments, a little hook or loop.

BROCARDICO, f. m. a fentence, axiom, or aphorism quite common and vulgar.

BROCATE'L, f. m. a fort of lindfey-woolfey refembling to brocade, made of filk.

BROCA'TO, f. m. vide BROCA'-DO.

BRO'CHA, f. f. a class; also a loop on a coat.

Brôcha, f. f. a little brush made of hogs briftles.

BROCHA'R, v. a to class or shut with a class.

BROCHE, f. m. a clasp.

BROCHE'RO, f. m. a claspmaker.

BROCHO'N, f. m. a great clafp; also a painter's great brush or pencil.

BRO'DIO, f. m. pottage, such as they give to beggars which the broken bread and scraps of the table; any odd slop or confufed mixture.

BRODI'STA; f. m. a poor fcholar who at moon repairs to the monafteries to dine upon pottage.

BROLLA'R, v. n. to embroil; to boil.

BRO'MA, f. f. a worm that eats holes in ships; a heavy lumpish thing of no value, the coarse mortar thrown in to fill up in building; froth of soap-suds or the like.

Es una broma; he is a stopid foolish fellow.

BROMA'DO, adj. heavy, weighty, ponderous.

Nave bromada, a ship that is eaten by the worms.

BRO'MO, f. m. wild oats.

BRO'NCE, f. m. a mixed meml of pewter and copper, called brass; a piece of ordnance.

BRONCEA'R, v. a. to adorn with bronce.

BRONCHA, f. f. a fort of filver class ill-shaped, worn by country people for ornament.

BRONCHA, f. f. (a poniard, a BRONCHE, f. m. (finall dagger, BRONCI'NERO, adj. belonging to brafs.

BRO'NCO, adj coarse, rough, unpolished, hoarse.

BRONQUEDA'D, f. f. hardness. roughness, hoarseness.

BROQU'EL, f. m. a round tar-

Prov. Todo es dar en los broqueles, it is all but clattering the targets; much talk and little to the purpose.

Salir de broquel a cada replquête, to come out with a target for every trifle, to be quarrelfome.

BROQUELA'DO, adj. armed with a target.

BROQUELE'JO, f. m. a little target.

BROQUELE'RO, f. m. a targetmaker; a quarrelfome fellow.

BROQUELE'TE, f. m. a little target.

BROQUELI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of broquel.

BROSLADUR, f. m. an embroiderer.

BROSLADURA, f. f. embroidery.

BROSLA'R, v. a. to embroider.

BROSQUIL, f. m a pen or fold to keep sheep.

BROTA'NTE, f. m. a prop, a shore to support.

BROTA'R, v. n. to bud to shoot out in growing.

BROTE, f. m chips that carpenters make.

BRO'TES, f. m. pl. small sproute of cabbages,

BROZA, f. f. any small stuff of no value; fmall chips the bits of stone that sly when they are hewing it; the dust that falls from worm - eaten wood.

Servir de toda broza, to do all sorts of work.

BROZA'R, v. 2. to clean with a brush as printers do.

BRO'ZNO, adj. rough, rugged, harsh.

BROZO'SO, adj. clean neat.

BRU

BRUCES, f. m. pl. the lips. BRUCHE'TE, f. m. a fort of small shell-fish.

BRUE'TA, f. f. a wheel-bar-

BRUGO, f. m. a worm that gnaws trees.

BRUJA, f. f. vide BRUXA. BRUJULA, f. f. vide BRUXU-

BRULLA'RSE, v. t. to tuen milk to curds in boiling it. BRULIO, f. m. coagulated milk prepared to be made into chee-'ſe.

BRULO'TE, f. m. a fire-ship. BRUMA, f. f. raw cold winter weather, a hoary frost, a thick fog, a cold wind; also a brui-

BRUMADO'R, adj. that which causes trouble and pain by being too heavy.

BRUMA'L adj. wintery.

BRUMAMIENTO, f. m. trouble or pain caused by a load too

BRUMA'R, v. a. to bruile to squeeze, to flat together.

BRUME'TE, f. m. vide GRU-ME'TE.

BRUNE'TE, adj. a coarle fort of cloth of a dirty black.

BRUNE'TO, adj. a dark colour almost black.

BRUNO, adj. brown, dark, obs-

BRUalDO'R, f. m. a buznis-

BRUTIDURA. S. S. burnifhipg.

BRO'TON, f. m. a branch, a BRUTR, v. a. to burnish. twig of a tree.

BRUSCA, f. f. a plant called kneeholly, or butchers-broom. BRUSCADO'R, f. m. one that uses or fells knee-holly.

BRU

BRUSCO, f. m. is that which is lost as inconsiderable, or not worth looking after as the loefe grapes that drop a the vintage, or loofe corn at harvest, or the like. No hay brusso, there is not a corn, not a grain, there is not the least thing.

BRUSE'LA, f. f. the periwinkle. BRUTA'L, adj. brutish, beaf-

BRUTALIDA'D, f. f. brutishness beaftliness.

BRUTALME'NTE, adv. brutally,

BRUTEDA'D, f. f. vide BRU-TALIDA'D.

BRUTE'SCOS, f. m. f. grotefques, odd fort of landscapes representing grots and caves.

BRUTE'Z, ? f. f. ugliness; brutality.

BRU'TO, f. m. a brute beaft, or a brutish man; adjectively used, rough, coarse, unpolished.

BRU'XA, f. f. a screech-owl: a witch, a hag..

Chupado de bruxas, lean and pale coloured.

BRUXEA'R, y. n. to walk all the night.

BRUXERI'A , f. f. witch-

BRUXO, f. m. a wirzard. Bruxo adj, light in his moral conduct,

licentious.

BRU'XULA, f. f. the mark on a crossbow or on the barrel of a gun to take aim by; also the sea-compass, or as mall box to carry it in.

Mirsir por brúxula, to take aim, to peep through a hole or cranny, to observe a thing by one part of it.

BRUXULEA'R, v. a. to take aim through a hole.

BRUZA, f. f. a curry-comb. Bruzas f. f. pl. the mouth downwards, or more properly the under-lip,

BRUZNO, adj. dark, cloudy, ob-

BRUZOS; adv. as, de brúzos, with the mouth downward.

Caér de bruzos to fall upon one's face.

Beber de bruzos, to drink lying along with one's mouth downwards.

BU

BU, f. m. a word of dread used to frighten children.

BUA

BU'A, f. f. a border, a limit. Bús, C. f. pimple. Bua, f. f. vide BUBA. BUA'R v. a. to hedge or furround the borders or limits. BUA'RO, f. m. an owl. Obf. BUA'R-RO,

BUB

BU'BA, f. f. the French pox: generally used in the plural. BUBACION, f. f. a mineral found where the load - flone is. BUBO'N, f. m. a tumour or fwelling in the groin, a bubo. BUBO'SO, adj. one that has the French pox, poxed.

BUC

BUCARA'N, f. m. buckram. BUCARI'TO, f. m. diminutive of bucáro. BU'CARO, f. m. a fort of red cup, used to drink water out BUCEA'R, v. a. to dive under the BUCENTA'URO, (f. m. a fine BUCENTURO, galley the republick of Venice has. BUCE'O, f. m. driving under water. BUCE'PHALO, f. m. any fine and mettlesome horse. BU'CES, f. m. pl, vide BRUZOS, BU'CHA, f. f. a box made of ·BUCHA'R, v. a. to hide or conceal carefulty.

BUCHE, f. m. the maw, or craw of any bird; also the stomach of a man and of any animal; also a mouthful of liquor.

Buche de almizele, a little bag to pur perfume in.

Hacer el buche, to eat and drink healthfully.

BUCHE'TE, f. m. a cheek puffed up with wind, a pop made with the mouth.

BUCHO'RNO, f. m. fultry, hot, flifling weather.

BUCO, f. m. any hollow thing, as a boat, or the like.

BUCO'LICA, f. f. belly-timber, food.

Bucolica, f. f. a kind of pastoral poems.

BUCO'LICO, adj. bucolick, paftoral.

BUD

E'L, f. m. a wooden pin tapering to one end to open the fironds of cables to splice them together.

BUDIO'N, f. m. a cod-fish; a dult jok-headed fellow.

BUE

BUEGA, f. f. a boundary, a limit.

BUEITRE, f. m. vide BUITRE. BUE'N, adj. good; only used before a masculine noun in the singular number.

Buen aire, fine appearance, gracefulness, elegance.

Buena alma, a virtuous man; ironically, a malicious cunning fellow.

Buen porque, a reward; also a great quantity of any thing.

Buéna grácia, a good grace, the beauty of a woman; also atfability, a fine mich, behaviour.

Buena manderécha, good luck, good fuccess in your undertakings.

BUENAME'NTE, adv. well, easily, vithout difficulty.

BUENAVO'YA, f. m. a rover in a galley bired and paid for;

alfo a very eafy and complaifant man,

BUENO, adj. good, honest; also virtuous, and noble.

Bueno, ufeful, convenient; also is good health, and sometimes great.

Buenas artes, the liberal arts.

Ser bueno, ò malo, to be a good or a bad man.

Effar been, b male, to be in health or to be fick.

Buenar letras, belles lettres, police literature.

Buenos dias, good day.

Buenas noches, good night.

Buenas ganas, good stomach, sharp appetite.

Buens fe, faithfulness, honesty, veracity; also ingenuity.

A buena fe, indeed, certain, truly. De donde buéno! whence come you, Buéna cuchillada, a great cut of a fword.

Buéna calentúra, a violent fever. Buén belláco, a great knave.

Buen hombre, properly a good man; ironically, a cuckold.

Bulna mugh, properly a good woman; ironically, a whore.

BUEnA, f. f. a fort of pudding made of the blood of exen.

BU'ERAS, f. f. pl. little piriples or blifters breaking out about the mouth.

BUESO, f. m. a man ridiculously dressed.

BUE'TAGOS, f. m. pl. the lungs. Darks a and con un bustage de vica por la cara, to strike a man across the fac e with a cow's lights; that is, so affront a man in the coarffest manner.

BUE'Y, f. m. an ox.

Ir al pafo del buey, to proceed with deliberation.

BUEYA'ZO, f. m. a great ox; also a cuckold.

BUEYEZI'LLO, f. m. a near-herd.
BUEYEZI'LLO, f. m. a floor 2.
linde ox.

BUF

BUF, interj. an expression when any one is angry, or rejects what another says or does.

BU'FA, s. f. a jest, derision.

BUFA'DO, adj. an epimet given to glass made into imail empty bubbles, to make a great noise when broken.

BUFALANDFANA, f. m. a buffoon.

BUFALO, I. m. buffalo, a fort BUFANO, of ox.

BUFA'R, v. a. to puff, to blow, as a herfe or an ox, or as a man in a passion.

BUFE'O, f. m. a fort of large fish, BUFE'TE, f. m. a table.

BUFETILLO, f. m. a toilet or dreffingtable.

BUFFA'R, v. a. vide BUFA'R. BUFI, f. m. a fort of camblet.

BUFI'A, f. f. in cant, a leatherbottle.

BUFIAD'OR, f., m. in cant, a vintner.

BUFI'DO, (f. m. the act of puffing BUFO, or blowing, like a horse, or ox, or like a man in a passion.

BUFO'N, f. m. a buffoon, a jefter.

BUFONA'DA, f. f. buffoonery, ridiculous jesting.

BUFONE'AR, v. n. to play the buffoon, or fool.

BUFONERIA, f. f. buffoonery.
BUFONICISTA, f. m. who professes buffoonery.

BUFONIZA'R, v. n. vide BUFO-NEAR.

BUFOS, f. m. pl. a fort of ancient head-drefs, flicking out hollow over the ears. Also the puffs that grow on the thistles, which fly away and almost vanish when touched; any thing that is very light.

BUG

BUGA'DA, f. f. a buck, or washing of linen with lye.

BUGA'LLA, f. f. the nut called gall.

BUGELLA'DA, f. f. a fine lye, used by women to wash their heads; any daub used by them. BUGELLADO'R, f. m. one that makes or fells slops women's faces.

BUGIA, f. f. a small wax candle, such as we call book-wax.

BUGLO'SA, f. f. the herb buglos, or ox-tongue. BUGRE, f. m. a fodomite. BUGUELLA'DA, f. f. a combound water to wash one's face

BUI

BUH

BUHA'R, v. a. in cant, to difcover; to watch. BUHARDA, f. f. a sky-light. BUHARDILLA, f. f. diminutive of buhárda. BUHEDA'L, f. m. a bog, a quagmire.

BUHE'RA, f. f. a loop - hole to shoot through.

BUHI'A, f. f. hut, or cottage. BUHO, f. m. an owl.

Buho, in cant, the person who discovers or impeaches another.

BUHONERI'A, f. f. a shop of

BUHONE'RO, f. m. a pedlar. BUHURDA, f. f. a little window on the top of a house upon the tiles.

BUI

BUIDADO'R, f. m. a melter or

BUIR, v. a. to polish, to burnish; to sharpen.

BUITA'R, v. a. to throw, to fling.

BUITRE, f. m. a vulture.

Come como un bultre, he cats like a vulture.

Prov. Mas váie páxaro en mano que buitre volándo, one bird in the hand is better than two in the bush.

BUITRE'RA, f. f. a little house with two loop-holes to shoot at vultures; also a very lean beaft.

BUITRE'RO, adj. belonging to wultures.

Buitréro, f. m., the person who takes, or catches vultures.

BUITRO'N, f. m. a fort of net, like a wheel, to cath fish; also small oven to refine filver or its

BUJ

BUJA'CA, S. f. vide BURJA-BUJARASO'L, f. m. a kind of red figs.

BUL

BULA, f. f. the pope's bull. BULA'DO, adj. honoured or dignified by a Pope's bull.

BULA'R, v. a. to burn one on the forehead.

BULA'RCAMA, f. m. a great timber that strengthens the prow of a ship.

BULA'RIO, f. m. the book of the Pope's buils.

BULBO, f. m. a wild onion. BU'LDA, S. f. vide BU'LA.

BULDERI'AS, f f. pl. outrageous and opprobrious words and names.

BULDE'RO, f. m. one that publishes and carries about the Pope's bulls ; also he who anciently published the croifado's bull.

BULE'RO, f. m. a commissary charged with the distribution of the Pope's bulls.

BULE'TO, f. m. a private bull fent by the Pope.

BU'LLA, f. f. confusion, disorder, buffle, tumultuous commotions.

BULLADO'R, f. m. a tricking, artful, cunning fellow, who maintains himself by cheating others. BULLA'GE, f. m. a concourfe,

a tumult, an uproar.

BULLA'R, v. a. to put a feal or mark, as merchants do on their goods.

BULLE BULLE, f. m. a bufy-

BULLI'CIO, f. m. a ftirring, a commotion, or confusion; also the hamming noise made by a multitude of people; fedition, quarrel, rumult.

BULLICIOSAME'NTE, adv. tumultuously, disorderly, restlessly. BULLICIO'SO, adj. restless, turbulent, always in motion, contentious.

BULLIDO'R, f. m. one that is always stirting.

BULLIDURA, f. f. ftir, motion; the state of boiling.

BULLIGA'R, v. a. to abound in. BULLIR, v. a. to boil, to move, to stir, to bubble up like boiling Water.

Bullir piójos à guzános, lice or maggots to Swarm.

Builir la génte, a great concourse of people moving.

Bullir et ayre, wind that just breathes.

No bullir piè ni mano, not to move hand nor foot.

BULLO'N, f. m. dagger, knife. Obf.

Bullon, f. m. the dye when it is boiling.

BULTI'LLO, f. rn. a diminutive of bulta.

BULTO, f. m. a bulk that is feen at a distance without discovering what it is; a thing covered so that only the bulk of it appears. Menear el bulso, to beat one.

Ver el bulto de una cosa, to see the bulk or bigness of a thing without perceiving what it as.

Juzgar una côsa à bulto, to judge of a thing by the bulk; to make a rash judgment.

Figura de bulto, a solid starue.

Bálto, a pillow or cushion stuffed with coarfe wool or ffraw.

Hablar a bulto, to spead confusedly, indiffinctly, rashly.

BULULU, f. m. a word of derifion, invented and used by Quevedo, on account of its ridiculous found.

BUN

BU'NIO, f. m. a kind of turnip that grows wild.

BUñ

BUnOLERIA, f. f. the place where they make or fell bunuelos. BUnOLE'RO, f. m. he that makes or fells bunut los.

BUnUE'LO, f. m. a fort of fritter. Es bunuélos, it cannot be so easily done as one supposes.

BUP

BUP

BUPRE'STE, f. m. a fort of Spanish fly.

BUQ.

BUQUE, f. m. the bulk, flowage, or content of a ship; also a ship.

Buque, is metaphorically made use of to fignify the fize or capacity of any thing.

Hombre de mucho báque, a man of great capacity.

Cafa de mucho búque, a very large house.

BUQUE'TA, f. f. french wheat.

BUR

BURARILIO, f. m. diminutive of buaro.

BURA'TO, f. m. a king of light filken stuff.

BURBA, f. f. a kind of African coin of a low value.

BURBALU'R, f. m. a kind of feamonster.

BURBU'JA, f. f. a little bubble on the water.

BURBUJEA'R, v. n. to bubble as water does.

BURBUILTA, f. f. diminutive of

BURCHO, f. m. a kind of boat.
BURDA, f. f. the main-fail of a

BU'RDA, f. f. the main-fail of a galley.

BURDALLA, adj. that has coarfe harsh wool.

BURDE'GANO, f. m. a mule got by an horse and a she ass.

BURDE'L, f. m. a bawdy-house. Burdel, used as an adjective; victous, lewd, debauched.

BURDELEA'R, v. n. to haunt bawdyhouses.

BURDELE'JO, or BURDELIL-LO, f. m. a little bawdy-house. BURDO, adj. coarse; degenerate, worthless.

Carnero burdo, a sheep whose wool is coarse; the contrary of carnero merino, whose sleece is very soft and sine.

BURE'LES, f. f. pl. fome blocks Tom. I.

or pieces of wood used in ships for particular purposes.

BURE'NGO, f. m. a Mulatto flave.

BURE'O, f. m. the affembly of the officers for management of the king's houshold; any office for writing, or taking account.

Buréo, an entertainment, a merrymaking, &c. generally faid in a bad fense.

BURGA, f. f. a natural fpring of hot water.

BURGA'LES, f. m. an ancient coin of adulterate gold, that was fo called.

BURGE'S, f. m. a burges, or inhabitant of a borough.

BURGESIA, f. f. the freedom of a city, or the citizens themfelves.

BURGO, f. m. a borough, a fuburb, a fmall town or village.

BURGO - MAESTRE, f. m. a burgh-master.

BURGUERO, adj. belonging to the town of Burgos.

BURIE'L, f. m. a coarfe cloth fuch as the Franciscan friars habits are made of.

BURI'L, f. m. a graver to engrave in metal.

BURILA'DA, f. f. a stroke or touch with a graver.

BURILADU'RA, f. f. engraving. BURILA'R, v. a. to engrave.

BURJACA, f. f. a great leather pouch, which pilgrims or poor folks carry hanging under their arm to put in what is given them.

Burjáca, f. f. a knapfack, fuch as foldiers or pilgrims carry.

BURJALE TAS, f. f. a fort of late figs, fmall, but very fweet. BURLA, f. f. jeft, mock, derifion, ridicule.

Búrlas, f. f. pl. jests, any thing ludicrous, meant to raise laughter.

Búrla pefáda, an offensive jest. Hazér búrla, to scoff, or jeer. BURLADO'R, s. m. a jester, one that jests much.

BURLA'R, to jest, to impose upon; to despise,

Desádas la búrlas, jesting aside. No sabér de búrlas, to take no jest. Echárlo a búrlas, to pass off a thing for a jest.

BURLERI'A, f. f. jefting, matter of jeft.

BURLE'SCO, adj. comic, facetious, burlesque.

BURLE'TA, burle jest.

BURLO'N, f. m. f. a merry jesting companion.

BURRA, f. f. a she als.

Burra de palo, (ludicrously) a vesfel, a ship.

Caer de su búrra, to fall from one's as, that is, to know one's error.

BURRA'DA, f. f. a trick of an afs; speaking or acting like an afs; a foollish saying, or action; a blunder, a bull.

Burrada, f. f. 2 company of affes. BURRAGEA'R, v. a. to scribble, to write unskilfully, or as notaries do.

BURRAGE'O, f. m. a confused or disorderly piece of writing.

BURRAJO, f. m. trash, trumpery, filth; also a dung-hill. BURRASCA C. f. vide BOR-

BURRA'SCA, f. f. vide BOR-R'ASCA.

BURRE'A, f. m. a hangman. BU'RRO, f. m. a he ass; there is

also a fish so called.

Búrro, a machine used by sawyers. BURRUCHO, f.m. a young as following his mother.

BURRUMBA'DA, f. f. BOR-RUMBA'DA.

BURUJO, f. m. little knots in

Burájo, f. m. the husk of grapes, after the wine is pressed out, or the like of any fruit that is pressed.

BURUJO'N, f. f. a hard fwelling in any part of the body; also a handful of any thing.

BUS

BU'SCA, f. f. a fearch, feeking; it is used with the particle en before it; as, voy en busca de mi amigo, I go im quest of my friend, BUSCADO'R, f. m. f. a feeker, a fearcher.

BUSCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a feeking, or a fearch.

BUSCAPIE'S, f. m. a fort of fquib that follows the people who fly before it.

BUSCA'R, v. a. to feek, to fearch. Quien busca, hálla, who looks after any thing, finds it.

BUSCAVI'DAS, f. m. who pries or looks into the life of others.

BU'SCO, with you.

BUSCO'N, f. m. f. a person who is curious to know other teople's affairs; also one who sleals any thing, a thief.

BUSI'LIS, f. m. a cant word; the mystery, the difficulty, the contrivance, the juggle.

BUSTA'LMOS, f. m. an herb like camomile; May-weed, ox-eye, uniking camomile.

BUSTO, f. m. a buft, the human body without its head, arms, and legs.

BUSULA, f. f. an opening in the Pope's antichamber, through BUYDO, vide BUI'DO.

which his attendants are called by him when wanted.

BUT

BUTAGUEÑA, ſ. f. vide BUEÑA. BUTI'LLO, adj. pale, yellowish. BUTRO'N, f. m. vide BUI-TRO'N.

BUTYRO, f. m. butter.

BUV

BUVA, f. f. vide BUBA,

BUX

BUXE'DA, f. f. a grove of box-BUXERI'AS, f. f. toys, trifles. bUXE'TA, f. f. a small perfume-BUXETFILLA, f. f. diminutive of buxéta.

BUY

BUYES, f. f. pl. in cant, a pack of cards,

BUZ

BUZ, f. m. a kiss given out of respect, and by way of honour, as the kissing of holy things.

Hazér el búz, to pay a respect, or do honour to another; most generally used ironically , fawning, and playing the fycophant.

BUZA'CO, f. m. a fort of heavy cannon.

BUZA'NO, f. m. a diver, one whose profession it is to dive under water to fetch up any thing; alfo a fort of shell-fish; and in cant, a pickpocket, one that dives into pockets.

BUZE', a rustick contraction of vuestra merced, your worship.

BU'ZES, S. m. vide BRU'CES. BUZIO, (

BUZ'O, f. m. a fort of veffel; alfo a cunning artful thief.

BUZON, f. m. a conduit-pipe.

C

is the third letter of the alphabet.

C A

CA', adv. obf. because, for; and formetimes a conjunction, formely used as a relative corresponding to the relative which.

CAB

CABACO, f. m. the remains or fragments of wood after it is cleaved or hewn down.

CABA'L, adj. just, exact, complete, that wants nothing.

Hömbre cabal, a man that is just and exact in his dealings.

CA'BALA, f. f. the cabal, a mystical science professed by the rabbins; also party, confederacy, faction, intrigue.

Cúbala, f. f. a fecret, clandestine consultation, or negociation of affairs.

CABALAR, v. a. to make equal,

CABALE'RO, f. m. obf. a cavalier, a horfeman, a foldier on horfeback.

CABALGADA, f. m. an excursion in the enemies country; also the plunder and pillage of it.

CABALGADO'R, f. m. a horfeman.

CABALGADURA, f. f. any beaft who carries burdens; also a brutish fellow.

CABALGA'R, v. a. to mount a horse, to ride.

CABALHUSTE, f. m. a faddle. CABALINA, adj. fem. an epithet given to a fabulous fountain on mount Helicon.

CABALI'STA, f. m. one verfed in the cabal; a cabalift.

CABALI'STICO, adj. belonging to the cabal.

CABALLA, f. f. a mackerel, a feafish fo called.

CABALLADA, f. f. a drove of horses or mares.

CABALLA'R, adj. belonging to a horse.

CABALLE'JO, f. m. diminutive of cabállo.

CABALLERA'TO, f. m. the right enjoyed by a knight.

CABALLERE'SCO, adj. belonging to a knight.

CABALLERETE, f. m. diminutive of caballero.

CABALLERI'A, f. f. any beaft that carries burdens.

Caballeria, f. f. the military order of knights; also cavalry, horse-troops.

Libros de cabailerias, books of knight-errantry.

CABALLERI'L, adj. belonging to a knight or his order.

CABALLERI'TO, f. m. diminutive of caballero.

CABALLERIZA, f. f. a flable. CABALLERIZO, f. m. a master of the horse.

CABALLE'RO, f. m. a knight. Caballéro andánte, a knight-errant. Caballéros de conquifia, men remarkable for warlike bravery.

Caballero de la espuéla doráda, a knight of the golden spur.

Caballéro de la mesnada del rey, a knight of the royal company.

Cabaltéro de premio, a knight who has always a horse and arms in readiness at his own expence and charges.

Caballéro párdo, a new upftart knight.

Armár a úno caballéro, to arm one a knight.

Meterfe a caballero, to affect the dignity and office of a knight.

CABALLER OSAME'NTE, adv. nobly, generously, bravely.

CABALLERO'SO, adj. noble, generous, great, famous.

CABALLERO'TE, f. m. a rustick, rude, unpolished gentleman.

CABALLE'TA, f. f. an infect like a locust.

CABALLE'TE, f. m. an instrument of torture made like a horse. Caballete de pintor, a painter's eafel.

Caballete de imprenta, the gallows of a printer's press

CABALLI'CO, fub. m. dimi-COBALLILLO, nurive of ca-COBALLI'TO, billo. CABA'LLO, f. m. a horfe.
Cabállos, horfe, cavalry.
Caballo, the queen at cards.
Caballo, a bubo in the groin.

Caballo de frisia, chevaux de frise, calthrops.

Caballo marino, a sea-horse.

Caballos ligeros, light-horse, troopers. Huir a uña de caballo, to run full speed.

Caballo aguado, a foundered horse. Caballo albardon, a pack-horse. Caballo amormado, a glandered

Caballo amormado, a glandered horse.

Caballo de axedréz a , knight a tchefs. Caballo de caña, a hobby-horse for a child.

Caballo de carro, a cart-horse.

Caballo de buena boca, a horse that has a good mouth.

Caballo deshocado, a hard - mouthed horfe.

Caballo de filla, a faddle-horfe.

Caballo enjaczádo, a horfe with all
his furniture.

Caballo arroncinado, a worthless nag, a poor jade.

Caballo corredor, a fleet-horse.

Caballo Morifco, a barb.

Caballo garañon, a stallion.

Caballo Frison, a great Flanders horse.

Caballo entero, a stone-horse.

Caballo castrado, a gelding.

Caballo que da del lomo, a trotting horse.

Caballo tropezador, a stumbling horse.

Cabalio acerelo, a broken winded horse.

Caballo de brida, a running horse.

Caballo calzado, a horse that has one white foot.

Caballo armiñado, a white horse.
Caballo abatenado, a slea - bitte

Caballo abatanado, a flea-bitten horfe.

Caballo hito, or morcillo, a black horse.

Caballo quatralbo, a horse that has four white feet.

Caballo picazo, a pied horfe.

Caballo hovero, a cream-coloured horse.

Caballo rucio, a grey horfe.

Caballo rucio rodado, a dapple-grey horse.

Caballo caftaño, a chesnut-coloured horse.

Q 2

Cabalio bayo, a bay-horfe.

Caballo bayo caftaño, a chefnut-bay.

Caballo bayo obscuro, a brown - bay. Caballo bayo dorado, a yellow-dun.

Cabailo alazán, a forrel-horfe.

Caballo de color morado, a flamecoloured horse.

Caballo alazán toflado, a burnt-forrel horfe.

CABALL'ON, f. m. a ridge between furrow and furrow.

CABALLU'NO, adj. belonging to horses.

CABALME'NTE, adv. completely, justly.

CABA'LO, f. m. obf. vide CA-BALLO.

CABA'āA, f. f. cottage, cabbin,

Cabaña de ganado, a drove of one hundred sheep, affes, &c.

CABAnE'RO, f. m. one that lives in a cottage.

CABAūIL, adj. belonging to a cottage.

CABARUE'LA, f. f. a little cottage, cabbin, or hut.

CABA'R, v. a. vide CAVA'R.

CABA'YA, f. f. a great cloak, or loofe coat.

CABDA'L, adj. capital, principal, chief.

CABDE'L, f. m. the flandard carried by him that has an hundred horse of his own tenants or vassals

CABDILLA'R, v. a. obs. vide ACANDILLAR.

CABDI'LLO, f. m. vide CAU-DI'LLO.

CA'BE, adv. near to, hard by.

CABECEA'R, v. n. to nod, to shake the head, to tols it as fome horses do, and some women, that are so wanton they don't know how to carry themselves.

Cabeccar, to bow, to give way.

CABECE'O, f. m. the nodding of

CABECE'O, f. m. the nodding of the head.

CABECL'RA, f. f. the upper end of the table, bed, &c.

Ciudad cabecéra, the chief or metropolitan city of a kingdom.

CABECIANCHO, adj. large-headed, as a nail, &c.

CABECIJU'NTO, adj. joining, or laying heads together.

CABECILLA, f. f. diminutive of

cabéza, a little head; also a giddy brain, a shallow brain.

CABEDE'RO, adj. that contains, CABELLA'DO, adj. chefnut-co-loured.

CABELLADURA, f. f. a head of hair.

CABELLA'R, v. n. to have hair. CABELLE'JO, f. m. short hair.

CABELLE'RA, f. f. a periwig; also long hairs.

CABELLERICA, diminutive of cabelléra.

CABELLI'TO, f. m. diminutive of cabello.

CABE'LLO, f. m. the hair.

Cabellos de angel, a preserve made of carrots, which draws into fine threads like hairs.

Cabellos de carnéro, large finews in mutton, which, when much boiled, split like hairs.

No filta un cabéllo, there wants not a hair.

No monta un cabello, it is not worth a hair.

Colgár de un cabélio, to hang by a hair, to stand upon very ticklish circumstances.

Llevár a úno de un cabéllo, to lead a man by a hair; that is, eafily.

Hender un cabéllo, to split a hair, to be very sharp in dealing, or precise in behaviour.

Andár en cabello, to go in one's hair; to go naked.

Tenér mas áños que cabéllos, to have more years than hairs; that is, to be very old and bald.

Trair un tizto à una citacion per los cabellos, to strain or force a text or quotation to our sense.

Arrancarse los cabéllos, to tear one's hair.

CABELLU'SO, (adj. thick or CABELLU'DO, full of hair, hairy.

CABE'R, v. n. to be contained in another thing, to be fit or capable to be contained.

Na cabér en fi de gόζο, not to be able to contain one's felf for joy.

Ne cabe en su casa quando está enojado, the house is too little to hold him when he is angry.

Cabérle à une en fuérte, to fall to one's lot.

Cabérle por tieno, to fall to one's turn.

No cabér una partida, in arithmetic, the divisor is greater than the dividend.

CABE'RNA, f. f. vide CAVE'R-NA.

CABE'RO, f. m. the leaft, the utmost.

CABESTRA'GE, f. m. heltering. CABESTRA'NTE, f. m. the capflan with which they weigh the anchor.

CABESTREA'R, w. n. to halter a beaft; also to hunt with an ox going before and accustomed to it.
CABESTRERIA, f. f. the shop where halters are fold.

CABESTRE'RO, f. m. rope-maker, halter-maker.

CABESTRIILO, f. m. a little halter; also a blood-hound, or other creature, that finds out game to hunt; also a scarf to hang a fore arm in: The ladies in Spain wear ribbons, or gold chains, or strings of pearls hanging before, which they call by this name; as we call the ribbons they wear hanging in England, bridles.

CABE'STRO, f. m. a halter for a beast; the bell-weather that leads the flock.

Llevár a úno del cabéfiro, to guide and govern a man, as a beast is led by a halter; to lead a man by the nose.

CABE'ZA, f. f. the head.

Cabéza de pérro, a dog's head.

Cabéra de ternéro, the herb called calve's fnout, or fnap-dragon.

Cabeza de procésso, è testamento, the beginning of a process, or will. Cabezá de júnta, the chief man in an astembly.

Cabéza de lináge, the chief of a family.

Cabiza de vándo, the head of a faction Cabiza de 611s, the head of a pet; that is, either the best in the pot, or the master of the house.

Cabéza de djo, a head of garlick.
Cabéza de ganádo, a head of cattle.
Quebradéro de cabéza, a troublesome a

importunate prating or talking.

Der de cabéza, to fall upon one's

Repartir por cabéza, share out by the head.

Pontife le en la cabéta, to be persuaded to a thing, to conceit, to have it in one's head.

Dar con la cabéça por las paredes, to beat one's head about the wall; to carry on an affair rashly to one's own loss.

No tiéne piés ni cabéça, it has neither head nor rail.

De pies a cabées, from head to foot.

A punta y cabées, a play among children fo called.

Echár de cabéça, to throw head-long. Echár de cabéça vides u otras plántas, to bow down the branches of vines or other plants, and stick them in the ground till they have taken root.

Tomár de cabéça, to learn by heart. Meneár la cabéça, to shake the head either in scorn or compassion.

'Alar cabeça, to lift up one's head; to mend one's fortune, to grow into a better condition.

Bolvér cabées, to turn one's head off, or to turn to, to affift, or to forfake.

No me bolvió la cabéza, he woud! not so much as look at me.

Torcér la cabéça al áve, to wring a fowl's neck.

Reclinár la cabíza, to bow one's head, to rest it.

No tengo lugar de rascarme la cabeça, have not time to scratch my head. Passole por la cabeça, he sancied it. Passole por la cabeça, he sancied it. Ponér a coriár la cabeça, to pawn one's head upon a thing.

Hacer de una coja cabe, a de lobo, to make a wolf's head of a thing; that is, to make the most of it, as men do that have killed a wolf, and carry the head about to the villages to get a reward for it.

CABEZA'DA. f. f. a blow with the head; the head-fail of a beaft; the foot-leather of a boot; a nod when one is afleep.

CABEZ'AL, f. m. a pillow, a bolfler, a narrow quilt; a broad bench like a couch.

CABEZALE'JO, f. m. a little souch.

CABEZADE'RO, f. m. obf. he that is at the dying man's bed; an executor.

CABEZAMIE'NTO, f. m. nod-ding: also counting of heads.

CABE'ZO, f. m. a hillock; the top of a mountain.

CABEZO'N, f. m. the neck-band of a shirt; the collar of a garment; a great head; a head-stall to tame colts; halter.

Llevár a úno de los cabézones, to drag one away by the collar.

Entrar por la boca manga y falir por el cabezón, to enter at the fleeve, and go out at the neck-band; an old ceremony to adopt a fon, when a woman took a wide fmock, and putting the child's head through one of the fleeves, brought it out at the neckband, and then owned him her fon; thence metaph, to intrude.

CABEZU'DO, adj. head-strong, obstinate.

CABEZUE'LA, f. f. a little head; also a little bud.

CABEZCA'NA, adj. when applied to comeja it means the wintercrow, called by fome the Roystoncrow, whose back and belly are of a dark ash colour.

CABIA'L, f. m. spawn of fishes that is eaten salted.

CABIDA, f. f. admittance, reception, entertainment, room.

Tener cabida con una persona, to have access or an interest with such a person,

CABI'DO, adj. contained.

CABILDA'DA, f. f. fentence or judgment given by a chapter.

CABI'LDO, f. m. a chapter of a church, also common-council or the court of a town.

CABILLO, f. m. a little end. CABIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide CA-BIDA.

CABITO, f. m. the extremity or end of any thing.

CABIZBAXA'R, v. n. to hang down the head.

CABIZBA'XO, adj. hanging down the head, forrowful, melancholy, full of grief.

CABIZTUERTO, adj. turning the head down; an hypocrite.

CA'BLE, f. m. a cable, a rope for a ship to ride at an anchor.

CA'BO, f. m. the end, the conclusion; a cape, a head-land.
Câbo de esquádra, a corporal.

Cabo de cuchillo, a knife-haft.

Cábo de vela, a candle's end. Cábo de año, an anniversary.

Cábo de agujésa, a tag.

Effár al cábo, to be at the last gasp. Effór et cábo del cuénto, to understand the matter thoroughly.

Llevár las cósas al cábo, to go through stitch with things.

Tenér una matéria tántos cábos, is to have so many several propositions.

Mugér hermósa por el cábo, a most beautiful woman.

Echárlo a un cábo, to lay it afide. Profeguir háfia el cábo, to hold on till the end.

Visitar el jarro hasta ver el cabo, to tos the pot till one sees the bottom.

Dar chbo, (a sea-phrase) to throw a rope for another to take hold of. Chbos de laborár, (a sea-term) all the cordage belonging to a ship. CABORA'L, s. m. a captain, leader, or genera!.

CABRA, f. f. The goat; also the fish called a gurner; also three poles set up joining at the top and forming a triangle at the bottom to weigh things.

Cábra montéz, a wild goat.

GABRAHIGA'I, f. in, the place where the wild figs grow.

CABRAHIGA'R, v. a. to hang the wild figs on a female wild fig-tree, that it may produce the next figs fweet.

CABRAHI'GO, f. m. a wil figtree, or fig.

CABRA'S SALTA'NTES, a fort of exhalations, which taking fire, go as it were skipping in the air like goats.

CABRE'JA, f. f. an engine made to throw stones of a great size.

CABRERIZO, C.m. a goar-herd

CABRESTA'NTE, f. m. vide CA-BESTRA'NTE.

CABRIA, f. f. the axle-tree of a cart, coach, &c. also an engine to raise up cannon, &c.

CABRIA'L, f. m. a rafter or quarter of wood fet up an end to support or hold up any thing. CABRI'ILA, f. f. a little goat; also a fort of fish.

Cabrillas, ff. f. pl. the confiellation called the Seven Stars or the Pleiades.

CABRIO, adj. vide CABRI'AL. CABRIO'LA, f. f. a caper, a skip. CABRIOLA'R, v. a to caper, to skip.

CABRIO'LO, f. m. vide CABRI'-TO.

CABRITA, f. f. a she kid; also kids leather.

CABRITE'RO, f. m. the person who dresses the skins of kids, also one who sells kids.

CABRITILLA, f. f. kid's skin.

CABRITI'CO, CABRITI'LLO, (f. m. a little kid.

CABRI'TO, f. m. a kid.

CABRITU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a kid.

CABRO'N, f. m. a he goat; a patient cuckold; a pimp to his own Wife,

CABRONA'DA, f. f. the infamous prostitution that a man makes of his own wife.

CABRONA'ZO, f. m. augm. of

CABRONCILLO, 7 f. m, diminuti-CABRONZUEves of cabron, LO, 🕽 a punny cuckold, a little dirty cuckold.

CABRONZILLO montés, a wild he goat; also a roebuck; also an herb fo called.

CABRU'NA, f. f. a goat-skin.

CABRU'NO, adj. goatish, rank. CABSA, f. f. obf. a cause, a reason, a motive.

CABUCA'DO, adj. belonging to the pommel of a saddle.

CABULLE'RO, f. m. a barren piece of ground.

(ABUXON, f. m. a stone cut tapering.

CABUYA, f. f. a rope made of Indian thread.

CAC

CA'CA, f. f. odure, filth, dirt. CACALIA, f. f. a lily of the yallies.

CACA'O, f. m. the nut whereof chocolate is made.

CACAOTA'I, f. m. the place where te cacáo plants are fown. CACARRADO'R, f. m. f. one who cackles like a hen; also a tell-tale, a tatler.

CACAREAMIE'NTO, f. m. 2 cackling.

CACAREA'R, v. a. to cackle, like a hen.

Cacaréar, y no ponér huévo, to cackle and lay no egg; to boast much and do little; to promife and not perform.

CACARE'O, f. m. a cackling.

CACE'RA, f. f. ditches or trenches dug for the water to flow.

CACERI'A, f. f. a view or prospect of an hunting match; also the noise made at that time, and the hunting feast itself.

CACE'TA, f. f. a kind of veffel to receive homely things in, a tray, a ladle for a pot.

CA'CHA, f. f. the hilt of a fword or knife.

CACHA'DA, f. f. a blow given with any thing that is bro-

CACHALA'CA, f. f. a fowl fo called.

CACHA'R, v. a. to crush, to bruife flat or to pieces.

CACHA'RRO, f. m. any piece of earthen ware.

CACHA'ZA, f. f. a flow and eafy manner of transacting business, dulness, heaviness.

CACHEA'R, v. a. vide CACHA'R. Rópa cachéra, a coarse sort of blanket.

CACHE'TA, f. f. teeth made in a lock, that shut into one ano-

CACHE'TE, f. m. a cuff on the ear. CACHETEA'DO, adj. cuffed,

CACHETE'RO, f. m. a short broad knife, such as butchers use.

CACHETO'N, f. m. a cuff or box on the ear,

CACHETU'DO, adj. one that has great cheeks.

CACHICA'N, f. m. one who is fet over others to inspect into their work, an intendant, or overfeer. CACHICUERNO, adj. horn-hanfted.

CACHIDIA'BLO, f. m. an hobgoblin, or Robin Goodfellow; alfo a man of had inclinations.

CACHIGO'RDETE, f. m. a short squat ma.

CACHIPO'RRA, f. f. a club, a

CACHIVA'CHE, f. m. a man who is good for nothing, a despicable fellow.

Cachiváches, f. m. pl. old brokentrumperies that lie about in corners and are of little ufe.

CACHIZO, f. m. a rafter, a beam to hold up or support any thing.

CACHO, f. m. a piece, a lump.

CACHO'NDA, adj. that is proud, faid of a bitch.

CACHO'NDAS, f. f. pl. a fort of breeches made fine for show.

CACHONDE'Z, f. m., the pride, or lust of a birch.

CACHOPI'N, f. m. a name by which the Indians of Mexico call an European.

CACHOPINI'TO, f. m. diminutive of cachopin, one newly come into the world.

CACHO'PO, f. m. a deep place in the sea between rocks.

Cachopo, f. m. the trunk of a tree that is dry.

CACHORRICO, S.f. m. a little CACHO'RRITO, whelp.

CACHO'RRO, f. m. a whelp; also a chub-child, adjedively used, bowed or bent.

CACHUCHE'RO, f. m. in cant, the thief who steals gold in specie.

CACHU'CHOS, f. m. pl. fmall bags full of musket-bullets or old broken iron, to charge great guns with; in cant, it is gold, and the thief who steals it.

CACHUE'LAS, f. f. pl. among sportsmen signifies the heart, kidneys, and liver of a rabbit.

CACHULE'RA, S. f. a den or cave under ground.

CACHU'MBO, f. m. a kind of cocoanut-tree.

CACHU'NDE, f. f. a composition of civet and amber, a fine perfume.

CACHUPIN, f. m. the Spaniard that goes to the West Indies and settles there.

CACIA, f. f. a fweet shrub bearing spice like cinnamon.

CACICA'ZGO, f. m. the dignity or authority the petty princes of the Indians are invested with.

CACIMBA'S, f. f. pl. buckets used on board ships.

CACIQUE, f. m. fo the Indians call their petty princes.

CACO, f. m. a man easily made asraid, a coward.

CACOCHI'MIA, f. f. ill digeftion.
CACOCHI'MICO, adj. belonging to 111 digeftion.

CACOCHPMIO, f. m. the person who has an ill digestion.

·CACO'DEMON, f. m. an evil fpirit.

CACO'PHATON, f. m. an impudent bold way of talking.

CACOPHONI'A, f. f. a difagreeable found made by the repetition of words.

CACOSY'NTHETON, f. m. a vicious composition.

CACUMEN, f. m. the top of any hill, &c.

CACUMINA'DO, adj. elevated, raised up to the top.

CAD

CA'DA, adj. every.

Clida véz, every time.

Cáda dia, every day.

Cáda dos o cáda tres dlas, every two or three days.

Cáda y quándo, whensoever.

Cáda qual, every one.

CADAFA'ISO, (f. m. a scaffold.In CADAHA'ISO, (architecture, it is the first part of the wall above the foundation.

coffin; a thing like a horfe-litter to carry fick persons in; also a

couch, and the fide of a bed.

CADALSO, f. m. vide CADA
HA'LSO.

CADAnE'RO, adj. of every year,

CADAñE'RA, f. f. a female that breeds every year.

CADA'RZO, f. m. coarfe filk, the combings of the fine.

CADA'VER, f. m. a dead body. CADAVE'RICO, adj. belonging to a dead body.

CADE'JO, f. m. the portion of filk that is fit to be weaved.

CADE'NA, f. f. a chain.

Cadena, a prison.

Cadéna de galeótes, a chain that galleyslaves were fixed to.

CADE'NCIA, f. f. a cadence in musick.

CADENCIO'SO, adj. belonging to a cadence in musick.

CADENE'TA, f. f. a fine fort of needlework like lace.

CADENI'LLA, f. f. a little chain.

CADE'NTE, adj. ready to fall. CADE'RA, f. f. the hip; a chair.

Hacer caderas, to dress out so as to appear bigger than what you are.

CADE'TE, f. m. a cadet, or one who enlifts himfelf a foldier without receiving any pay, in expectation of preferment

CADIE'LLO, f.-m. a dog.

CADILLA'R, f. m. weeds and tares among the com.

CADILLO, f. m. the shagged end of any thing that is wove; also a fort of knotty weed that grows among corn.

CADIRA, f. f. an elbow-chair.
CADIZ, f. m. a fort of coarfe
linen, fomerimes made of wool.
CA'DMIA, f. f. a mineral ftone
formed in making of brafs.

CADO'ZO, f. m. a deep place or hole in a river or lake.

CADUCAME'NTE, adv. flowly, doaringly.

CADUCAR, v. n. to dote, to rave.

CADUCEADOR, f. m. a person who proclaimed peace with a white wand in his hand.

CADUCE'O, f. m. a white wand with two ferpents, carried by messengers in token of peace.

CADUCIDA'D, f. f. in law, a negled of the conditions on which an intail was held,

CADU'CO, adj. doating; also weak, frail, perishable.

Mal cadúco, the falling fickness, epilepsy,

CADUQUE'Z, f. f. the infirmity, frailty, or weakness of age.

CAE

CAEDIZO, adj. ruinous, ready to fall; fallen.

CAE'R, v. n. to fall.

Caer tánças del cielo, to rain or hail violently.

Calren el ristro, to light upon the track.
Cal el sol, the sun is setting.

Catr de golpe, to fall all at once.

Caér al señuélo, to come tó the lure. Caér de la memoria, to forget.

Caer enfermo, to fall fick.

Caer de su burra, to fall from his ass; that is, to be beaten out of an error.

No caér en las cósas, not to conceive or comprehend things.

Caér en el garlito, en la red, en el lázo, to fall into the finare.

Catr en la cuenta, to perceive the mistake, to bethink one's felf, to conceive.

Car en comiso; (a law-term) to fall with in the reach of the law.

Cair como moscas, to drop like flies, when a distemper rages, or many men are killed in the fight. Cairse, v. r. to fall down.

Caér de baxo de una cófa, to be u pon an equal footing with another.

CAF

CAFARE'O, f. m. a deep gulf, an unfathomable part of the sea. CAFE', f. m. coffee, a berry so called.

CAFETA'N, f. f. a fort of cloaths worn by the Moors.

CAFETE'RA, f. f. a coffee-pot. CA'FILA, f. f. a caravan of travellers; also a fleet of merchants trading at set times to any certain place.

Cafila, a company of people without order.

CAG

CAGACHI'N, f. m. a fly fo called. CAGADO'R, f. m. a fish called a feahare. CAGAJO'N, f. m. dung of beafs. CAGAME'LO, f. m. a fort of mushroom fo called.

CAI

CAGA'R, v. n. to evacuate.

CAGARRA'CHE, f. m. a kind of a thrush; also the man wko works in the oil-mills.

'CAGAR-RUCHA, If. goats or sheeps dung; any small `CAGA•. bits of any thing. RUTA ,

'EAGETI'N, f. m. a little box, that in which printers put types. CAGO'N, f. m. a coward.

CAH

CAHIZ, f. m. a measure of corn so called.

'CAHIZA'DA, f. f. as much land as may be fown with a cahiz of

CAHUE'RCO, f. m. obf. fepulchre, grave.

CAI

'CAI'DA, f. f. a fall; also the depth of hangings, cloaths, &c.

Caida, metaph, the fudden fall from a good condition to a bad

CAIMA'N, f. m. an amphibious creature like a crocodile.

Caimán, adj, cunning, fubtle, fly. CAIMIE'NTO, f. m. lowness of strength, duiness of spirits.

CAl'QUE, f. m. a little boat or skiff,

CA'IRA, f. f. c. money ill gomen.

CAIRE'L, f. m. a periwig made in imitation of a head of hair; also a fort of fringes.

Cairel, the black dirt under the nails.

CAIRELA'R, w. a. to adorn the edges of a garment with lace or fringe.

CAI'RO, adj. belonging to a Turkey or Guinea hen.

CAIRO'N, f. m. vide CAIRA.

CAL

CAL, f. f. path. Cát, f. f. lime. Cal viva, unflacked lime. Obra de cal y cánto, substantial work of lime and stone.

CA'LA, f. f. in cant, a hole.

Cála, f. f. a suppositor; a surgeon's probe; a fearch; a creek in the sea; a scyon or graft for a tree.

Cála y cála, a fearch.

CALABACERI'A, f. f. levity,

vanity, pride.

CALABACE'RO, f. m. the person who fells pumpkins; in cant, the thief who steals with a hook. CALABACI'CA, (f. f. diminu-CALABACI'LLA, (tive of calabaza,

CALABA'ZA, f. f. a gourd, a pompion, a calabash.

Mas celabázas, more calabashes; faid when one talks no to the purpose.

Echár à uno calabaza, to throw to a man a calabash; to difappoint him of his expectation.

Cáseos de calabáza, calabash-skull; that is, rattle - headed, empry

CALABAZA'DA, f. f. a blow with the head against the wall.

CALABAZA'TE, f. m. +kind of conserve made with the rinds of

CALABAZO'NA , f. f. winter pumpkins.

CALABE'RA, f. f. vide CALA-VE'RA.

CALABO'BOS, f. m. a little rain. CALABOZA'GE, f. m. goal-fees paid by prisoners.

CALABU'ZO, f. m. a dungeon; the bilboes; also a pruning-knife, and a kind of fish fo called.

CALA'BRE, f. m. rank fmell, offensive smell.

CALABRIA'DA, f. f. a mixture of wines, especially red and white.

CALABROTE, f. m. a hawfer, a little cable.

CALACA'NTO, f. m. a kind of an herb which kills fleas and mice.

CALA'DA, f. f. the flight of a hawk pursuing his prey.

CALA'DO, adj. fink through. Caládo el fombréro, the hat set down

close upon the head and cocked.

CALADO'R, f. m. any tool to probe of to thrust into any thing to fearch it.

CALAFA' TE, 🖊 f. m. 2 CALAFETEADO'R, calker.

CALAFETEA'R. v. n. to calk; that is, to drive oakum into the seems of ships to keep out the water.

CALAFETERIA, f. f. the calking . of ships.

CALAFRA'GA, f. f. a kind of saxifrage, hart's tongue.

CALAGO'ZO, f. m. a large pruning-hook; also a countryman's bill to cut wood.

CALAGRA'ñA, f. f. a kind of grape.

CALAHO'RRA, S. f. a storehouse where provision is laid up in time of war or famine.

CALAI'NOS, f. m. a fictitious name given to any one in love.

CALAMA'CO, f. rn. calamanco, a woollen stuff so called.

CALAMA'R, f. m. the cuttle-fish; alfo an inkhorn.

CALAMARE'JO, f. m. a fish called a calamary.

CALA'MBRE, f. m. the cramp. CALAMBU'CO, f. m. a valuable fort of wood brought from the West-Indies, whereof they make

CALAME'NTO, f. m. the herb catmint.

CALAMIDA'D, f. f. calamity. CALAMIE'NTO, f. m. fearching or prying into.

CALAMINA, S. f. the calaminestone.

CALAMI'TA, f, f. the loadstone.

CALAMITO'SO, adj. calamitous, unhappy, miserable, wretched. CA'LAMU, f. m. a pen, a reed.

Calamo currente, adv. in hafte. CALAMOCANO, adj. hot with

wine. CALAMO'CO, f. in. icicle.

CALAMO'N, f. m. a large bird like a heron; a round - headed

CALAMO'RRA, f. f. in cant, the

CALAMORRA'DA, f. f. a nod wirth the head.

CALANDRA

CALA'NDRA, f. f. talender, a press for pressing of cloth.

CALANDRA'JO, f. m. old rag; alfo a ridiculous man.

CALA'NDRIA, f. f. a lark.

Calándria, in cant, a cryer.

Calandria de aguador, one that sings very bad.

Canta como una calándria, he fings like a lark.

CALA'nA, f. f. fimilitude or likeness of one thing to another.

CALA'NIS, f. m. a plant fo called. CALA'R, adj. belonging to lime.

Calur, v. a. to fearch, to pierce through, to foak through; also to ftrike fail.

Calár, to understand, to comprehend any thing,

Calárse, v. r. to descend.

Calirse, in cant, to go into a house to rob.

Calár el fombréro, to press the hat on the head and cock it.

Calar el melón, to cut a bit out of the melon to rafte it.

Calúr a uno la condición, to dive into a man's disposation.

Calár tántos piés, to draw so many feet water; faid of a ship.

Calir el can del arcabúz, to cock the musket,

CALAVE'RA, f. f. a skull.

Cara de calavéra, an ugly flat-nosed

CALAVERA'R, v. a. to cut the nose off.

CALAVEREA'R, v. n. to become like a dead body.

CALAVERILLA, f. f. diminutive Of calavéra.

CALAVE'RNA, f. f. vide CALA-VE'RA.

CA'I.CA, f. f. in cant, road, way,

CA'LCAS, f. f. pl. in cant, the footsteps.

CALCARA'I., CALCARA'R, f. m. the heel.

CALCAñO,

CALCA'R, v. a. to tread under foot, to trample, to kick; also to press, or thrust together. In cant, to put irons on the legs.

CALCATRIFE, f. m. a porter. CALCEDO'NIA, f. f. a precious

stone called a chalcedony,

Tom. I.

CALCE'TA, f. f. under-stocking of thread or cotton.

CALCETERI'A, f. f. the place where stockings are made; also a flocking-shop.

CALCETE'RO, f. m. a hofier.

Cálcetéro, s. m. in cant, the person who puts the fetters on the prifoners.

CALCETO'N, f. m. a white flocking worn under boots.

CALCI'L, f. m. a bright grey colour.

CALCI'LLA, f.f. diminutive of cata.

CALCINA, f. f. a mixture of lime and other ingredients.

CALCINACIO'N, f. f. calcination. CALCINA'R, v. a. to calcine.

CALCI'TIDE, f. f. a mineral stone fo called.

CALCORREA'R, v. a. in cant, to run; also to anger.

CALCO'RROS, f. m. pl. in cant, the shoes.

CALCULACI'ON, S.f. a calculation. CALCULADO'R, f. m. numberer, calculator, computer.

CALCULA'R, v. a. to calculate. CA'LCULO, f. m. calculation.

CA'LDA, f. f. the degree of heat of any thing.

Caldas, pl. a hot-bath, the warm water to bathe in.

CALDA'ICA, f. f. a stone like the topaz.

CALDA'RIA, adj. a fort of ordeal formerly in use by making the criminal put his hand into boiling

CALDEA'R, v. a. to make iron hot; to inflame.

CALDE'RA, f. f. kettle, cauldron; a funk buttery for mortars. La caldéra de Péro Botéro , Peter Botero's kettle. It fignifies hell.

CALDERA'DA, f. f. a kettle full. CALDERERI'A, f. f. a brazier's shop, the braziers street.

CALDERE'RO, f. m. a brazier; a tinker,

CALDERE'TA, f. f. a little CALDERI'LLA, kettle; also a ragou made with fish,

CALDE'RO, f. m. a kettle; generally used for the brass bucket to draw water out of a well; a great broth eater.

CALDERO'N, f. m. a great kettle-CALDERUE'LA, f. f. a little kettle.

CALDIBA'LDO, f. m. poor thin broth.

CALDI'LLO, f. m. fmall broth. CA'LDO, f. m. broth.

Cáldo esforzádo, strong broth.

Cáldo de vino, burnt wine. Cáldo de altramúz, lupin broth.

CALDU'CHO, f. m. bad broth.

CALEFACTO'RIO, f. m. a fireplace.

CALE'NDAS, f. f. the kalends, the first day of the month,

Noche de la calénda, the eve-

CALENDA'RIO, f. m. a kalendar, an almanack.

CALENTADO'R, f. m. a heater, any thing that heats.

Caléntador de cama, a warming-

CALENTADU'RA, f. f. CALENTAMIL'NTO, f. m. (heat-

CALENTA'R, v. a. to warm, to

Calentárfe la bóca a uno, his mouth grows warm; we fay, he grows warm, when he grows eager, and talks earneftly.

CALE'NTE, adj hot, warm. Poetical for ealiente.

CALENTO'N, f. m. a fudden or quick heat,

CALENTU'RA, f. f. heat, warmth; a fever, an ague.

Calentúra quotidiána a quotidian . or daily ague.

Calentúra terciána ò quartána, a tertian or quartan ague.

Calentúra continua, a fever,

CALENTURIE'NTO, adj. fick of a fever or ague.

CALENTURILLA, f. f. a lettle fever or ague.

CALENTURO'N, f. m. augment. of calentúra, a great fever.

CALENTURO'SO, adj. fick of a fever or ague.

CALE'RA, f. f. a lime-kiln.

CALE'RO, f. m. one that makes

CALE'SA, f. f. a calash to ride in. CALESERO, f. m. the driver of a calash.

CALESIN, f. m. a kind of chariot.

CALE'TA, f. f. a suppositor; also a little creek in the sea; a pickpocket.

CALETE'RO, f. m. a thief's companion.

CALE'TRE, f. m. a cant word, the noddle.

CALFATEA'R, v. a. vide CALA-FETEA'R.

CALI, f. m. vide ALCALI.

CALIBO, f. m. an infirument CALIBRE, to measure the bigness of a bullet, also the weight of a bullet.

Calibre de canon, the diameter of the mouth of a gun.

CALI'CHE, f. m. gravel mixed with brick.

CALIDA'D, f. f. quality, property, accident; also goodness, and rank; superiority of birth; condition.

Calidades, pl. the laws of play.

De calidad, adv. fo that, upon condition that.

Dincros fon calidde, money can do any thing.

CALIDE'Z, f. f. heat.

CA'LIDO, adj. hot.

CALIE'NTE, adj. warm, or hot.

A fangre caliente, upon the spot,
directly.

Hiérro caliénte, hot iton.

Tener la sangre caliente, to be hot by the heat of the blood.

Estár caliénte la bést a, is for a beast to be in lust.

CALIFICACION, f. f. the exact judgment or centure of any thing or person.

Calificación, an argument, a reason, a proof.

CALIFICADOR, adj. qualifying, approving.

Calificador del fanto oficio, an able and learned person named by the inquisition to examine the books.

CALIFICA'R, v. a. to qualify, to declare good or bad; to affure; to make noble.

Calificar proposiciones, no decide whether propositions are orthodox or erroneous,

Catificarse, v. r. to make one's self reputable or noble.

EA'LIGA, f. f. spatterdash, bus-

kin, cover for the leg fet full of nails used by soldiers.

CALIGINE, CALIGINIDAD, f. f. darknefs. CALIGINO'SO, adj. dusk, dark, mifty, cloudy; also difficult, not easy to be understood.

CALI'GO, f. m. obf. vide CALI'-GINE.

CALFILA, f. f. a little suppositor; also a creek.

CALINA, f. f. a thick fultry air, rifing like a fog in hot weather, which attends the heat; also fand and lime made into mortar.

CALIPHA, f. m.a caliph; the title of the fuccessors of Mahomet, in the sovereignty.

CALIPEDES, f. m. a little animal fo called.

CALIXTO, f. m. a constellation called the Great Bear.

CA'LIL, f. m. a chalice, fuch as the priest uses at mass; the mouth of an aqueduct at which the water runs out.

CALIZO, adj. belonging to lime. CALLA'DA, adv. secretly, without noise.

CALLADAME'NTE, adv. filently, filly, fecretly, quietly, privately.

CALLA'DO, adj. fecret, not spoken of, concealed.

CALLADO'R, f. m. a man of few words, a filent person.

CALLANDI'CO, adv. filently, quietly, ftilly, fecretly.

CALLANDRI'Z, f. f. a filent woman.

CALIA'NTES, f. m. pl. obf. the dead.

CALLA'R, v. n. to be filent, to hold one's peace, to keep fecret.

Prov. At buén caltur liaman funto, good filence is called holines; that is, to be moderate in talk is a fign of virtue.

Quien cálla otórga, filence grants confent.

Callad que teneis porqué, you have reason to hold your peace.

Callarfe, v. r. to be filent.

Cáliate y callémos, que sendas nos tenémos, let us both be quiet, for we have both our own; that is,

we have both got as good as we brought.

CALLARES, f. m. pl. things of blows given to children that they may hold their tongue.

CA'LLE, f. f. a fireet; a path; an alley; a walk in a garden.

Echar un negócio en la cálle, to publish a business that ought to have been secret.

Desempedrár la cálle, to unpave the fireat; metaph, to gallop horses along the street.

Azotár cálles, to ramble about the fireers.

Bóca de cálle, the hend of a street.

Alborotár la cálle, to make an uproat, or noise, to disturb the neighbourhood.

Por las cálles fe dice, it is a common town talk.

CALLECE'R, v. n. to harden, to grow hard.

CALLEJI'TA, f. f. diminutive of calle.

CALLE'JA, f. f. a narrow fireet or lane.

Calléja, in cant, running away from justice.

CALLEJA'R, v. a. in cant, to escape from justice.

Callejear, v. a. to gad about the streets.

CALLEJE'RO, f. m. a man that is always gadding in the fireet.

CALLEJUE'IA, f. f. | alley.

CA'LLO, f. m. a corn, or the hard skin growing ou labourers hands. Hazer cállos en el trabajo, to be inured to labour.

Hazér cáltos en el viclo, to be hardened in vice.

Cálle de herradúra, a piece of an old broken horseshoe.

Cállos de váca, tripes.

CALLOSIDA'D, f. f. the hardness of a corn.

COLLO'SO, adj. full of corns, hardskinned.

CA'LMA, f. f. a calm, still wear her.

Prov. Gran cálma señál de água, a grant calm is a sign of rain.

Calmas, an uncultivated piece of ground without any tree or shrub.

CALMA'R, v. n. to calm, to grow calm.

CALMAI'A, f. f. a calm.

CALMO'SO, adj. belonging to a calm; peaceable, quiet, eafy.

CALNA'DO, f.m. vide CANA'DO. CALOFRIA'DO, adj. chilly, cold.

CALOFREO, f. m. a fit of a fever hot and cold.

CALOFRIO'SO, adj. one subject to ague fits.

CALOMAR, f. m. the fong or cry of failors when they hale a rope all together.

CALO'N, f. m. a thirty that pierces or finks through,

CALO'NA, f. f. a measure of half an arróba.

CALONAR, v. a. to flander, calumaiate, revile.

CALO'NDRIGO, f. m. vide CA-NONIGO.

CALONDRO'N, f. m. hot pottage.

CALO'NGE, f. m. a canon of a church.

CALONGIA, f. f. a canonship of a church.

CALO'NIA, (f. f. obf. calumny,

CALOAA, & flander. CALOAAR, v. a. vide CALUM-NIAR.

CALOROSAME'NTE, adv. reproachfully, difgracefully.

CALOR, f. m. heat, warmth.

Calor, the firength, power, or natural heat of the mind or body.

CALO'ROSO, adj. hor, earnest, warm.

CALOSO, f. m. a metal brought from the West-Indies.

CALOSTRO, f. m. the first milk in the breasts or dugs, after a birth; the beestings.

CALO'TO, f. m. a piece of a particular metal imported from America.

CALPIZQUE, f. in. the cant word for a catchpole.

Calpique, a gatherer of rents, a fleward.

CALTHRA, f. f. obf. a marigold; also a fort of autumn violet.

CALUMBRIE'NTO, adj. mouldy or rufty.

CALUMNIA, f. f. calumny, flandez, falfe accufation.

Juraménto de calúmnia, (a law-term) being the oath the plantiff takes, that he does not bring his fuit out of malice.

CALUMNIADO'R, f. m. a flanderer.

CALUMNIA'R, v. a. to flander. CALUMNIOSAME'NTE, adv. falfely, flanderoufly.

CALUMNIO'SO, adj. flanderous, deceitful, falfe, and unjust.

CALUÄA, f. f. vide CALUMNIA. CALUÄA'R, v. a. vide CALUM-NIA'R.

CALURA, f. f. obf. vide CALO'R. CALUROSAME'NTE, adv. hotly, with heat.

CALURO'SO, adj. hot, ardent.
CALVA, f. f. the head of man baldwated.

CALVA'R, v. a. to grow bald; also to cheat, to deceive.

CALVA'RIO, f. m. the place where dead bones are heaped up. CALVATO'RIO, adj. belonging

calvatorio, adj. belonging to the bald head.

CALVATRUE'NO, f. m. a total baldness; also a noisy prattling fellow.

CALVA'ZA, f. f. augmentative of calva.

CALVE'TE, f. m. diminutive of cálvo.

CALVE'Z, f. f. baldness, the loss of hair.

CALVILLA, f. f. diminutive of

CALVINI'STA, f. m. a man with a bald head.

CALVINO, adj. vide CALVO. CALVO, adj. bald, without hair. CALYS, f. f. a kind of buglofs,

alcanet, or orchanet. CALZA, f. f. a hofe.

Cálzas, pl. hose, breeches.

Cálzas de cortes, flashed or striped breeches

Catás à folládas, vide breeches.
Calzas atacádas, fireight-laced breeches.

Mediás cálzas, stockings. .

Cálza de aréna, a bag half filled with fand, wherewith they used to beat some malesactors to death without blood.

Echar a uno calza, to fot a mark upon a man to avoid him.

Dexar x uno en catas y jubon to firip a man to his doub and hofe.

Prov. Tomar las chizas de illádiego, to rake Villadiego's hofe; that is, to run away with all speed.

CALZA'DA, f. f. a causeway.
CALZADIRA, f. f. the cord that
fastens to the feet those shoes called abarcas.

CALZA'DO, adj. shod; also a horse that has white shanks, in cant, one that has irons upon his legs.

Calzádo, fubf. m. hofe or shoes, &c. any thing that covers the leg and foot.

CALZADO'R, f. m. a shoeingleather, or horn.

CALZADURA, f. f. a shoeing; a prefent made to the boy who brings new shoes.

CALZA'R, f. m. shoes.

Calzar, v. a. to shoe, to put on the flockings.

Califar una ruéda, to chap a frone to a wheel that it may not run. Califar herramientas, to put feel edges or points to tools.

Cattár zapátos, guantes, o médias, to draw on shoes, gloves, or flockings.

Califor tantos puntos, to wear a shoe of fuch a fize.

Califar una paréd, to fornify a wall, to prop it.

CALZO'NES, f. m. pl. bresches.

calzonazos, f. m. pl. great breeches, also a lumpish heavy fellow.

calzoncrilos, f. m. pl. under-breeches made of linen. calzurlas, f. f. pl. little hofe.

CAM

CA'MA, s.f. a bed.

Cáma de arado, a furrow.

Cama de freno, the cheek of a brid-

Câma de liébre, the form where a hare sits.

Cáma de melón, the bed a melon grows on.

Cama de rópa, the pieces put to a R 2

CAMPEA'DO, f. f. the fally of an army.

CAMPEADO'R, f. m. a courageous man.

CAMPEAR, v. n. to fcour the field; to encamp; to shine; to raife up.

CAMPE'CHE, f. m. Campechywood, ufed in physic and by dyers.

CAMPEO'N, f. m. a champion.

CAMPERO, adj. exposed to the air and fun, as trees, plants, &c.

Campero, f. m. a keeper of fields.

CAMPESI'NO, adj. relating the country; wild, favage, rustic, rude.

CAMPE'STRB, adj. belonging to the field; rude, ruftic, wild, favage.

CAMPILA'N, f. m. a kind of broad-fword.

CAMPPILO, f m. a little field. CAMPIĀA, f. f. a champaign, 2 flat open country, a plain.

CAMPIO, adj. wild, belonging to the field or to the country.

CAMPIO'N, f. m. a champion.
CA'MPO, f. m. a field; a camp
or army, and the field in heraldry; also space, or room. In
filks or stuff it is the ground on
which the flowers are.

Campo rafo, a plain open field.

Campo franco, free liberty to fight
a duel.

Campo travillo, adv. across the fields or ways, as they go that have lost themselves.

Campas elyfica, the elyfian fields, whither the poets faigned the fouls of good men went to reft.

Campo de la verdad, the place where the general judgment is to be.

Béstias del campo, all carrie that live in te fields.

Hombre del campo, a countryman. Hacer campo, to make room, to clear the people out of the place, to fight a duel.

Descubrir campo, to find much matter

Quedó por nofátros el cámpo, we grined the field, we got the day, the victory.

CAMPRONADO, adj. having particular croffes in it. A term of heraldry,

CAMUE'SA, f. f. a pippin.
CAMUE'SO, f. f. the pippin-tree.
Camuéfo, an ignorant stupid fellow.
CAMU'ZA, f. f. chamois leather;
also a wild goat of whose skin
that leather is made.

CAN

CAN, f. m. a dog; also an instrument to draw teeth; the name of a fish, and the ace upon the dice. In architecture, the end of timber or stone justing out of a wall, on which in old buildings the beams used to rest called cantilevers.

El can del arcabúz, the cock of the musket.

El can de Tartaria, the cham of Tartary.

CA'NA, f. f. a measure containing two ells,

Peynár canas, to be old and grey. Respetár las canas, to honour old age.

CANABA'LLA, f. f. a fort of boat.

CANA'L, f. f. channel, canal, gutter...

Corren las canales, the spouts run, it rains.

Guidr una cofa por fus canales, to carry on an affair in the proper channel or method.

CANALA'DO, adj. wrought with round hollow channels as columns are; flured.

CANALADO'R, f. m. an instrument to bore with.

CANALE TES, f. m. pl. little oars used by the Indians in their canoes,

CANA'LLA, f. f. the rabble, the multitude, the mob.

CANALON, f. m. augm. of canál.

CANALU'CHO, f. m. a fmall fort of boat or canoe,

CANAPE', f. m. a fort of couch or canopy-bed.

CANA'RIO, f. m. Canary-bird; a dance; in cant, a malefactor who confesses his crime.

CANASTA, f f. a great basket, a pannier, a flasket.

CANASTILLA, f. f. a little baf-CANASTILLO, f.m. ket.

CANA'STO, f. m. a great bafket, pannier, or hamper.

CANCABU'X, f. m. a vell to hide the face.

CANCAMO, f. m. the diffillation of a tree used to perfume; a fort of ironring used on board ships.

CANCAMUSA, f. f. an hypocrite,

a cheat.

CA'NCANA, f. f. an open bench
placed in the middle of schools
to expose the scholar who has
committed any fault.

CANCANI'LLA, f. f. a snare, a trick, a fraud.

CANCANO, f. m. a loufe; cant.
CANCE'L, f. m. a piece of wainfcot to hide a chimney in fummer,
or fet before a door that flands
open to hinder the fight into the
room; an iron or wooden grate,
confisting of pieces or bars, which
hinder access to a place, as the
grates of numeries, lattice windows, or doors of iron bars used
in gardens or the like; also rails
or rows of bannisters, as before
the altars in churches, &c.

CANCELACIO'N, f. f. cancelling, annulling of any thing.

CANCELARI'A, f. f. chancery. CANCELARI'O, f. m. a chancellor.

CANCELLADO'R, f. m. a chancellor.

CANCELLADURA, f. f. 7 a can-CANCELLAMIE'NTO, celf. m. celling.

CANCELLA'R, v. a. to cancel. CANCELLE'R, f m. a dignitary in a cathedral 00 called.

CANCELLERI'A, f. f. obf. a high court fo called.

CA'NCER, f.m. Cancer, the fign of the fummer folflice; also a cancer, virulent fore, or swelling.

CANCERA'DO, adj. that has a cancer.

CANCERA'RSE, v. n. to grow to a cancer.

CANCERO'SO, adj. cancerous, having the virulence of a cancer.

- CANCILLA, f. f. a gate made with bars across each other.
- CANCILLE'R, f. m. a chancellcr.
- CANCILLERIA, f. f. the court of chancery.
- CANCION, f. f. a fong.
- Volver a la misma canción, to ask again a favour already refused.
- Canción fegulda, a long fong or ballad, which runs or telling a long flory.
- CANCIONCILLA, f. f. a little fong a catch.
- CANCIONEADO'R, f. m. a finger or maker of ballads.
- CANCIONEA'R, v. n. to fing.
- CANCI ONE'RO, f. m. a music book.
- CANCIONE'TA, f. f. a little fong, a catch.
- CANCIONI'STA, f.m. the perfon who fings or composes a fong.
- CANCRO, f. m. vide CANCER. CANDA'DO, f. m. a padlock.
- Candados de los ojos, the eye-lids.
- CANDALETO'N, f. m. the garnet, the tackle with which they hoife up all casks and other goods aboard ships.
- CANDALI'ZA, f. f. a rope aboard ships to hoise fail.
- CANDAMO, f. m. a fort of dance.
- CANDA'R, v. a. to shut or lock with a key.
- CA'NDE, adj. white, fair, clean. CANDEA'L, adj. vide CANDIA'L.
- CANDE'DA, f. f. the flower of the chesnut-tree.
- CANDE'IA, f. f. a candle. In fome parts they call the fire by this name, and the bakers call the fire in their ovens fo.
- Acabarfe la candéla, to draw near an end; said of life.
- Estár con la candéla en la máno, to be at the last gasp.
- Acibaje la candéla, the candle is at an end: that is, the conclusion of the business draws near.
- CANDELA'BRO, f. m. a candleftick.
- CANDELA'DA, f. f. a great light of candles, an illumination.
- CANDELA'RIA, f. f. Candlemas,

- the feast of the purification of the Blessed Virgin.
- CANDELE'RA, f. f. a woman that fells candles at the churchdoor for people to offer at the altars.
- CANDELERA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a candleftick.
- CANDELERI'A, f. m. a tallowchandler's shop.
- CANDELE'RO, f. m. a cand-leftick.
- CANDELETO'N, f. m. a tackle used on board ships to load goods.
- CANDELI'CA, f. f. a little candle. CANDELI'LLA, f. f. a fmall waxcandle.
- Hacer la candeilla, to stand on the hands or head, with the heels upwards, as boys do in play.
- CANDELIZA, f. f. a cable-rope. CANDE'NTE, adj. belonging to fire, burning.
- CANDIAL, adj. of the best wheat, which makes the finest bread.
- Canitiát, f. m the finest white bread CANDIDAME'NTE, adv. fincerely, candidly, in earnest.
- CANDIDA'TO, f. m. a candidate, one who offers himself for preferment.
- CANDIDE'Z, f. f. whiteness; fincerity, truth.
- CA'NDIDO, adj. white, pure, fincere; also stupid, foolish.
- CANDIE'L, f. m. a fort of fauce made of the yolk of an egg, white wine, fugar and spices.
- CANDIL, f. m. a lamp, and particularly a little fort of lamp made of iron, open, and hanging by a long hook, with which fervants light themselves about the house, and when they do not go about, they hang it up by the same hook in the kitchen.
- Escogér úna cósa a moco de candil, to chuse a thing by lamp-light; that is, curiously, with much care. Taken from chusing of eggs against the light of a candle.
- CANDILA'DA, f. f. a spot of lampoil.
- CANDILA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a candil.
- CANDILE'JA DE JUDI'OS,

- little lights used by the Jews in some festivals.
- CANDILE'JO, f. m. diminutive of candil.
- CANDILE RA, f.f. the herb mullein. CANDILE'RO, f. m. one that makes lamps.
- CANDILO'N, f. m. augmentative of candil.
- CANDIO'TA, f. f. a run, butt, a great tub.
- CANDIOTE'RO, f. m. a cooper. CANDON'GA, f. f. a pretended differabled complaifance; an old mule which is past labour.
- CANDO'NGO, f. m. a flat-CANDONGUE'RO, terer, one skilled in the arr of diffembling and deceiving.
- CANDO'R, f. m. whiteness, fin-
- CANDU'XO, f. m. in cant, s. padlock.
- CANECE'R, v. n. to grow greyhaired.
- CANECILLO, f. m. a bragget or corbel, a jutting-out of stone or timber fixed in a wall to support the timbers of a structure.
- CANE'LA, f. f. cinnamon.
- Agua de canéla, cinnamon-water.

 CANELA DO, adj. vide ACANELA'DO.
- CANELE'TE, f. m. a scoop, such as is used to throw up water with, and such as the Indians use instead of oars.
- CANELO'N, f. m. a great long comfit with pieces of cinnamon mixed in it.
- CANEQUI', f. m. a thin fort of linen like muslin, made of cotton.
- CANE'S, f. m. pl. in architecture, are the fame we call modilions, being certain fupports in form of corbes, cartouzes, or mutules.
- CANEZ, CANE'ZA, CA'NFORA, f. f. vide ALCA'N-FOR.
- CA'NGE', f. m. exchange of prifoners in war.
- CANGEA'R, v. a. to exchange prisoners of war.
- cangilon, f. m. a great earthen vessel to hold water; a tunbellied fellow.

CANGRE'JA, f. f. a fort of crab called a frill.

CAN

CANGRE'JO, f. m. a crab; the dragging - hook; the champ; a foolish fellow; a creeping flow

CANGREJI'LLO, (f. m. diminu-CANGREJUE'LO, \ tives of can-

CANGRE'NA, S. f. vide CAN-GRE'NA.

CANGRENA'R, v. n. vide GAN-GRENA'R.

CANI'CULA, f. f. the dog-flar, · the dog-days.

CANICULA'R, adj. belonging to the dog-star or the dog-days.

Dias caniculares, adj. the dog-days. CANFCULO, adj. belonging to a

CANTI. adj. made for dogs. CANFLLA, f. f. the long bone of

the arm. Canilla de pierna, the shin-bone.

Canilla en paño, a fault in cloth of a thick thread, or a loofe place. Canilla de texedór, a weaver's quill.

Canilla de cuba, a tap.

CANILLA'ZO, f. m. a blow given upon the arm or shin-bone.

CANILLE'JA, f. f. a smal sender shinbone.

CANILLE'RAS, f. f. pl. armour for the legs; also the hole of a tap out of which the liquor runs. CANILLE'RO, f. m. one that makes spiggots and faucets.

CANINA, f. f. album græcum,

dog's dung.

Hambre canina, a canine appetite, the greedy worm.

CANINAME'NTE, adv. like a mad dog.

CANI'NO, adj. canine, dog-like, relating to a dog.

Dientes caninos, the eye-teeth or

CANIQUI', f. m. a fort of fine and thin muslin.

CANO, adj. grey-haired; also judicious, wise.

CANO'A, f. f. a boat all of a piece, a cance.

CANOE'RO, f. m. the person who makes or takes care of the cances.

CANO'N, f. m. a canon of the shurch, the canon of the mais.

CANONE'SA, f. f. the woman who lives according to the rules of the fecular canons.

CANONGI'A, f. f. a canonship, a prebend.

CANONICAME'NTE, adv. canonically, according to the canons of the church.

CANONICA'TO, f. m. a canonship or prebend.

CANO'NICO, adj. belonging to the canons, canonical.

CANO'NIGO, f. m. a canon, or prebendary of a cathedral or collegiate church.

CANONI'STA, f. m. a canonist, a professor of the canon law.

CANONIZA'BLE, adj. deserving of canonization.

CANONIZACIO'N, f. f. a canonization or declaring of a faint.

CANONIZA'NDO, f. m. a pretender to a canonship.

CANONIZA'R, v. a. to canonize, to declare a faint; also to ap-

CANO'RO, adj. loud, shrill, tuncable, well tuned.

CANO'SO, adj. full of grey hairs. Canoso, old, ancient.

CANSADAME'NTE , adv. importunately, with trouble.

CANSADA'ZO, adj. quite weary. CANSA'DO, adj. troublefome, weary, heavy.

Pelota canfáda, a ball or bullet that is spent.

CANSA' NCIO, f. m. weariness. CANSA'R, v. a. to tire, to weary. Canfurse, v. r. to be weary, to be tired; to be careful, diligent, or watchful in doing any thing.

CANSE'RA, f. f. weariness; also vexation, plaguing, harassing. CANSO'SO, adj. tedious, loathing,

CANTA'BLE, ad. which may be fung CANTA'DA, f. f. a fong or tuns. CANTADE'RA, f. f. a woman who fings.

CANTADO'R, f. m. a finger.

CANTALE'TA, f. f. a noise made with several untuned infruments to mock and vex one.

Dar ognialcia, to mock and vex. to ridicule, to laugh at, to deride,

CANTA'NTE, f. m. a finger.

CANTA'R, v. a. to fing; also to crow as the cook.

Cantar en el potro, is to confess upon the rack.

Cantar de plano, to confess any thing.

Cantar en tinaja, to boaft, to display one's own worth or actions.

Cantar la fória, id est, la fuaféria, to flatter a man in order to obtain a favour.

Cantár, f. m. a fong.

Cantires, pl. fongs, canticles.

CA'NTARA, f. f. a pitcher with one handle, a measure of liquids. CANTARCICO, (f. m. a little CANTARCI'LLO, (fong.

CANTARE'RA, f. f. a shelf to fet pitchers on.

CANTARE'RO, f. m. one that makes pitchers, or that carries water or the like im a pitcher.

CANTARE'TAS, 1. f. pl. the little round windows in the cabbia of a galley.

CANTA'RIDES, f. f. pl. cantharides, Spanish flies.

CANTARI'LLA, f. f. (a little CANTARI'LLO, f. m. (pitcher.

Prov. Cantarillo que múchas vézes va a la fuénte, ò déxa la ása o la fuente, the pitcher that goes often to the well comes home broke atlast. CANTARI'NA, f. f. (a finger.

CA'NTARO, f. m. a great pitcher to carry water.

Alma de cántaro, a dull, heavy, flupid fellsw.

Liueve a cantaros, it rains by buckets. Bolvér las nuézes al cantaro, to return the nuts to the urn; that is, to renew a controverly.

CANTA'ZO, f. m. augment. of

CANTEA'DO, adj. placed obliquely.

CANTE'L, f. m. a rope used among failors.

CANTE'RA, f. f. a quarry of stones.

Levaniur una cantera, to cause a great quarrel.

CANTERIA, f. f. masonry, the art of cutting stones to build with; a stone building; a quarry.

CANTERICO

CANTERI'CO, f. m. a little crust of bread.

CANTE'RO, f. m. a mason, a quarryman; a corner of any hard thing.

Cantéro de pan, a crust of bread. CANTERO'N, f. m. augmentative of cantéro.

CANTERU'DO, adj. that has thick hard corners, thick crusted.

CANTHARIDA, f. f. or CAN-THA'RIO, f. m. vide CANTA'-RIDES.

CANTHE'NO, f.m. a fort of fish. CANTI'A, f. f. yide QUA'NTIA. CA'NTICA, f. f. a fong.

CANTICO, f. m. a little fong, a canticle.

Cantico, ftone, rock, edge, or skirt.

CANTIDA'D, f. f. quantity.

CANTIGA, CANTILE'NA, f. f. a fong.

CANTILLO, f. m. a little flone;

also the corner of a street.

CANTIMPLO'RA, f. f. a vessel made of copper with a long neck.

made of copper with a long neck, to cool wine or water.

CANTI'NA, f. f. a wine-cellar.

CANTINA, 1.1. a wine-cellar.
CANTINE'LA, f. f. vide CAN-TILENA.

CANTINE'RO, f. m. the butler. CANTI'ĀA, f. m. common ballad finging

CANTITATIVO, adj. quantitive. CANTO, f. m. a fiene, a rock, a

Cânto, the fide of any thing, as of a bed, or the like; also the here or skirt of a garment.

Cânto, a fong, finging, the finging of birds, the crowing of a cock; also the depth or thickness of any thing.

Dúro cómo un cánto, as hard as a frone.

Echár cántos, to throw the house out at the windows; to rave, to be mad.

Cánto acordádo, harmonious singing. Cánto Usno, plain song in music.

Prov. Del bién al mát no hay cánto de reál, there is not the thickness of a sixpence betwirt good and evil.

CANTON, f. m. a corner, a nook.

Tom. I.

CANTONA'DA, f. f. a trick at the corner of a fireet, a cheat, a knavish prank.

Dar cantonada, to slip away after doing an ill action; to cheat, to play the knave.

CANTONEA'RSE, v. r. to walk proud, to make ridiculous gestures with the body.

CANTONE'O, f. m. the ridiculous gestures.

CANTONE'RA, f. f. an iron plate, fuch as is nailed at the corners of chefts, trunks, or the like to ftrengthen them.

Cantonéra, f. f. a whore that plies at the corners of streets.

Cantonéras del libro, the plates on the corners of books that are finely bound and adorned with filver.

CANTONE'RO, adj. lazy, idle, vagabond, wandering.

CANTOPEA'N, f. m. a fong of triumph among the ancients.

CANTO'R, f. m. a finger.

Cantor, in cant, the person who

confesses while under torment.

CANTO'RA, s. f. a woman singer.

CANTORRA'L, s. m. a stony

CANTORRA'L, f. m. a flony place.

CANTUE'SSO, f. m. lavender.

CANTURIA, f. f. the right method or manner of finging in a choir.

CANTUSA'R, v. a. to deceive, to impose upon, to seduce.

CANU'DO, adj. vide CANO'SO.

CAń

CA'nA, f. f. d cane, a reed; a meafure used in some parts.

La caña del tigo, the stalk of corn.

La caña de la pierna, the shin, the
forepart of the leg.

Cáña, f. f. in cant, a flocking.
Cáña de váca, a marrow-bone, a
shin of beef.

Cáña de menefiril, the reed for a hautboy, any reed to be put to the mouth of an instrument.

Cáña de colúna, the scapus, shast, or body of a column.

Cáña del timón, the piece of timber which the fleersman holds in his hand to govern the rudder.

Cáña de pescár, a fishing-rod. Cáña dúlce, a sugar-cane.

Caña de Pengála, an' Indian cane.

CARA'DA, f. f. a place hemmed in with reeds; a fence of rocks; a conduit or pipe to convey water; the marrow in the bone.

CARAFISTOLA, f. f. purging cassia, or pudding-pipe-tree.

CAMAHE'JA, f. f. or CAMAHE'XA, a cloven cane or reed; a cane used by masters to strike boys; any fort of reed or cane; also an herb like fennel.

CAnAHE'RA, f. f. the herb Hercules's all-heal.

CAñAL, f. m. a place enclosed with reeds, or where reeds grow. CA'ñAMA, f. f. a company of tax-gatherers.

CARAMA'R, f. m. a field where hemp grows.

CAñAMA'ZA, f. f. a kind of canvafs-cloth.

CARAMA'ZO, f. m. coarfe hemp, or hempen cloth.

C Añ AME'ñO, adj. the coarfeft part of the hemp, inade of coarfe hemp.

CAñAME'RA, f. f. marsh-mallows. CAñAMa'Z, f. m. a little ship fo called.

CARAMI'ZA, f. f. the reed which goes from the hemp when beaten. CA'RAMO, f. m. the fibrous plant called hemp.

CARAMO'N, f. m. the feed of herap.

CARA'R, f. m. vide CARAVERA'I, CARARIL'GO, adj. an appellative to the skins of sheep that died in their walks.

CAñAVE'RA, f. f. a cane or reed. CAñAVERA'L, f. m. a fpot of ground where canes or reeds grow; an entangled affair.

CANAVE'RAZO, f. m. a blow with a cane.

CAnAVE'TE, f. m. the little knife that is joined with a dagger; also a fort of locust.

CARA'7.0, f. m. a blow with a cane, CARERIA, f. f. water-pipes.

CARE'RIA, f. f. vide CARA-HEJA.

CARE'RO, f. m. the person who fishes with a cane.

b

. CARILAVA'DO, adj. that has no calves to his legs.

CARTLLA, f. f. vide CANTLLA.
CARILLERA, f. f. f. an acient
CANILLETA, defensive armour used to cover the fore-part
of the legs.

CARIVETE, f. m. vide CARA-VE'TE.

.CAnITA, f. f. a little cane or reed.

CANIZO, f. m. a bed of reeds the covering of a cart made of reeds bound together.

CAñO, f. m. a conduit, or pipe; the spout through which a spring gushes out; a cock, or the spring itself.

CAnO'N, f. m. a quill; a barrel of a gun, a great bone of an arm or leg; the reed of corn; the norzle of a pair of bellows; a hollow fold in a garment; any long round hollow thing; a cannon or piece of artillery. In cant, a liar.

Crión de bath, a cannon for bat-

(añon de cruxla, the great gun in a galley, which lies in the middle, and fires over the beak.

Canon pedréro, a small piece to shoot stones.

Médio cañón, a derni-cannon. Cañón tércio, a twenty-four-pounder. Cañón quárto, a twelve-pounder.

Cañón de escaléra, so archirects call the well of the stairs; that is, the hollow from the top to the bottom.

CARONA'DA, f. f. the shot of a CARONA'ZO, f. m. cannon. CARONCITO, the diminutive of

canoner 10, the diminutive

CARONEA'R, v. a. to cannonade. CARONE'RA, f. f. the gap or loophole left open in a parapet for the cannon to fire through, called the embrafure.

CAZONE'RO, f. m. a cannonier, a gunner.

CAñO'R, f. m. obf. a gutter or channel.

CARUE'LA, f. f. a. little cane or reed.

CARUE'LO, f. m. a tittle pipe, conduit, or cock.

CANUTA'ZO, f. m. a thing faid in a whisper.

CABUTERIA, f. f. work made with joints of reeds, as cages, &c. also embroidery.

CAñUTE'RO, f. m. one that makes little cases like needle or picktooth cases.

CARUTTILO, f. m. a little joint of a reed or cane, or a small case for needles, pick-tooths, and the like.

CARU'TO, f. m. a joint of reed or cane, or case for pens, pick-tooths, and the like, also the herb hemlock.

Canúto, a story-teller, an inventor of lies; an informer.

Dar canuto o foplo, to give intelli-

CAO

CAOBA, f. f. f. a fort of red CAOBANA, wood, brought out of the West Indies, used in curious works.

CA'OS, f. m. vide CHA'OS.

CAO'STA, f. i. the ignorant vul-

CAO'STRA, S. E. vide CLAUS-TRO.

CAP

CAP, f. m. vide JURA'DO EN CAP.

EA'PA, f. f. a cloak.
Capa, in cant, the night.
Capa de coro, a priess's cope.
Capa de camino, a riding-cloak.

Ponérse a la capa, to lie by at sea, to back the sails.

Cápa de yéjo, the White-washing of a wall.

Capa de cera, the new dipping of wax candles that are grown yellow.

Prov. Visa la Rey y daca la cápa, let the King live, and give me the cloak; faid of perfons who under a pretence of authority rob and plunder others.

Génte de capa priéta, the better sort of people.

Ginte de capa parda, the meaner fort.

Echir la cápa encima al amigo, to throw one's cloak over a friend; to hide er patitate his faults.

Trahér la cápa en et hómbro, to wear the cloak on the shoulder; to wear one's cloak undecently hanging upon one shoulder.

Echár la cápa al téro, to throw one's cloak at the bull; to venture all to fave one's life.

Renir con capa y espada, to fight with sword and cloak.

Ir de cápa calda, to go down, to decline.

Hacer una cofa de focupa, to do any thing underhand, in huggermugger.

La noche es capa de recadores, the night is a cloak to sinners; the proper time for deeds of darkness.

Echar a une capas, porque no le tome el toro, to throw cloaks on a man, that the bull may not catch him, is to skreen or excuse him that he may not be punished.

CAPACE'TE, f. m. a head-piece or helmet.

CAPA'CHA, f. f. a basket used by porters to carry burdens in.

CAPACHE'TE, f. m. a porter's basket.

CAPA'CHO, f. m. a night-crow; a great porter's basker, a flasker, a hamper, a fisherman's basker to keep his fish in alive; a frail to pur up dried fruit, as figs or raifins; a fort of basker used at the oil-mills for the oil to run through and to stop the dregs.

CAPACIDA'D, f. f. capacity, extent, capacituminels; also exportunity, occasion, convenience.

CAPADA'RCI, f.m. a coarse fort of cloth.

CAPA'DA, f. f. the lappet or flap of a cloak full of any thing.

CAPADE'LLA, f. f. the herb pennywort.

CAPADI'LLO, f. m. a game at cards fo called.

CAPA'DO, f. m. an eunuch. CAPADO'R, f. m. a gelder.

CAPADU'RA, f. f. 2 gelding.

CAPAPUE'RCAS, f. m. a fowgelder; also a pipe with five or fix reeds like that which Pan is painted with. CAPA'R, v. a. to geld, to splay; to diminish.

CAPARAZO'N, f. m. a caparifon for a horse; a cover for any thing.

CAPARROSA, f. f. copperas.

CAPATA'Z, f. m. an overfeer or bailist of lands, a chief or warden of fome company of mechanics; also an officer in the mines.

CAPAZ, adj. capable, capacious, that can contain much.

CAPA'ZO, f.m. vide CAPA'CHO. CAPAZO'N, f.m. a basker made of broom to carry any thing.

CAPCIO'SO, adj. captious, cunning, deceitful.

CAPEADO'R, f. m. a thief that fleats cloaks in the night.

CAPEADURA, f. f. flealing of cloaks in the night.

CAPE'AR, v. a. to fleal cloaks in the night; to wave the cloak; to give fignals with a cloak.

Capear el toro, to throw a cloak over a bull's head to blind him.

a bull's head to blind him.

CAPE'LA, f. f. a confedition.

EAPELARDE'NTE, f. f. the feaffold full of lights raised in a church on occasion of the funerals of some prince or other great personage.

CAPELE'TE, f. m. a cap wore in war.

CAPELLA'DA, f. f. a patch which a cobler fets upon shoes.

CAPELLAN, f. m. a chaplain.

Capellán de honor, the king's chaplain.

Capellán de choro, the chaplains who
attend at the fervice of the mass.

Capellán de altár, the chaplain who performs mais in the King's chapel.

Capellin mayor, the head, or chief chaplain.

Capellán mayor de los exércitos, the head chaplain of an army.

CAPELLANI'A, f. f. the chaplains place; the maintenance for a chaplain.

CAPELLA'R, f. m. a short loofe garment worn upon armour.

CAPELLYNA, f. f. a listle chapel; also a listle hat or hood: a morrion, a head-piece.

CAPE'LO, f. m. a cardinal's cap; also a hat.

CAPE'O, f. m. the flealing of cloaks in the night; the act of playing with the bull moving a cloak before him.

CAPE'RO, f. m. a priest who wears a cope in the church.

CAPERO'L, f. m. the uppermost part of the sides of a ship.

CAPERUCE'TE, f. m. diminu-CAPERUCILLA, f. f. tives of caperura.

CAPERUZA, f. f. capouch, cap, hood hanging behind to pull on the head.

CAPERUZO'N, f. m. augm. of caperuza.

CAPIALZA'DO, f. m. in architedure, a kind of arch constructed in a particular form.

CAPICHO'LA, f. f. a coarfe fort of bombazine.

CAPICHOLA'DO, adj. belonging to capichóla.

CAPIE'LLO, f. m. obf. a hat.

CAPIGORRISTA, f. m. a fervitor in the university.

CAPIGORRO'N, f. m. vide CA-PIGORRI'STA.

CAPILAR, adj. capillary, refembling hair.

CAPI'LLA, f. f. a chapel; a friar's hood, or that which is fastened to any garment; the music or clergy that make the choir.

Capilla de un navio o de un exercito, the altar and ornaments necessary to say mass in a ship, or in an army. Capilla ardiente, the place where a dead person of the first quality

CAPILLE'JA, f. f. diminutive of

lies in flate.

CAPILLE'JO, f. m. a little hood. CAPILLER, f. m. a domeslick CAPILLE'RO, chaplain.

CAPILLE'TA, (f. f. diminutive CAPILLETA,) of eapilla.

CAPI'LLO, f. m. the linen cap for little children; what is given to the church when a child is christoned.

Capillo, the prepuce or foreskin.

Capillo de una flor, the bud or germ of a flower.

Seda de todo capillo, the conflest fort of filk.

Capillo de fiérro, a helmer.

CAPILLU DO, adj. hood-like. CAPIO'N, f. m. flern-post, a piece of timber so called in the poop of a ship.

CAPIROTA'DA, f. f. a dish or fauce made with oil, cheefe, eggs, and other ingredients.

CAPIRO'TE, f. m. a hawk's hood, or a fort of hood worn by mourners; a hood worn by doctors as

ners; a hood worn by doctors as a token of their degree, and by penitents in Lent to cover their faces.

Capiróte de molména, a fort of baskets they put upon bee-hives.

De capiróte, adv. inconsiderately, foolishly.

CAPIROTE'RA, f.f. vide CAPE-RU'ZA.

CAPISAYUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of capifayo.

CAPISAYO, f. m. a fort of short garment, refembling a cloakbehind, and a coat before.

CAPISCO'L, f. m. a chanter or head of a choir.

CAPISCOLIA, f. f. the dignity of a chanter or head of a choir.

CAPISTE'RIO, f. m. a fort of earthen vessel.

CAPITACION, f. f. a tax raifed by paying so much for every head; politax.

CAPITA'L, f. m. an inventory of any man's fubftance when about marrying.

Capital, adj. capital, ohief; also what belongs to or is useful for the head; taken substantively, the capital city of any kingdom, and the capital stock.

CAPITALME'NTE, adv. deadly, mortally.

CAPITA'N, f. m. a captain, a chief, a commander, a leader.

Capitan de cabállos, a capitan of

Capitán de infanteria, a captain of foot.

Capitán de la guardia, a captain of
the guard.

Capitán de guarnición, the governor or commander in chief of a garrifon.

Capitan generál, a general, a captain-general.

Capitan de mar, a sea-captain. Capitana, s. f. the admiral's ship.

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Capitana, the head or chief galley. CAPITANA'ZO, f. m. a great

CAP

CAPITANEA'R, v. a to command, to lead, to go before.

CAPITANI'A, f. f. captainship, the dignity, or post of a captain, the military government of a province or region; also a company of foldiers.

CAPITE'L, f. m. the head of a still; the whole head of a column called the capital, the spire of a steeple or tower.

CAPI'TOL, f. m. obf. the body of canons belonging to a church.

CAPITO'LIO, f. m. the capitol of

Capitólio, any high edifice, or

CAPITO'SO, adj. wilful, obstinate, tefty, positive.

CAPITULA, f. f. a portion of scripture read at the time of divine 1ervice.

CAPITULACIO'N, f. f. capitulalien, covenant, articles of agree-

Caritulaciones, pl. articles of marrisge.

CAPITULA'NTE, f.m. the perfon who has a rote in any community.

CAPITULA'R, f. m. the person who belongs to a chapter either ecclefiaffical of fecular.

Capitulár, v. a. to capitulate, to article, to covenant; also to furrender on certain stipulations.

Capitular, v. a to impeach, accuse, or alledge articles of accufation against any one.

CAPITULARME'NTE , adv. according to the rules of the chapter.

CAPITULO, f. m. a chapter in a book, the chapter of a church; the chapter-house; also an article. Ponér capitulos, to put in articles against one that stands trial.

Dar capitulos, to draw up articles of

CAPNITIS, f. m. the thinnest part of the brass ore, which sticks to the fides of the furnace when the brass is extracted.

CAPNOMA'NTE, f. m. the footh-

fayer who pretends to make a divination by imoke.

CAPOLA'R, v. a. to cut off the head or limbs.

CAPOLIE'S, f. m. a fort of fruit in the West Indies.

CAPO'N, f. m. a capon; an eunuch; also a sort of shell-fish; also a fillip with the fingers; a bundle of vinebranches to burn. Capón de léche, a young capon.

Dar capones de ceniza en la frénte, to fmut the forehead, as fome folks do at some sports.

Prov. Capón de ócho méses para mesa de Rey, a capon eight months old is fit for a King's table.

Prov. Ai que da el capón, dále la piérna, y el alón, give a leg and wing to him that gives the capon; that is, be grateful and return what you can.

CAPO'NA, f. f. a dance fo called. CAPONADU'RA, f. f. gelding, making of capons.

CAPONA'R, v. a. to geld.

Caponar, v. a. to tie or bind up the branches of a vine.

CAPONCILLO, f. m. a little

CAPONE'RA, f. f. a penn for fewls; a hole in a wall to shoot through.

CAPORA'L, f. m. in cant, a cock. Caporál, f. m. a corporal, the lowest officer of the infantry.

CAPO'TE, f. m. an upper coat or leose upper garment; also an austere look or air.

Dar capote, to capot a man at piquet; that is, to win all the cards CAPOTI'LLO, f. m. a little loofe upper coat.

Capotillo de dos áidas o fuldas, a little cloak or caffock open on each fide.

CAPOTI'N, f. m. idem.

CAPOTO'N, f. m. augm. of capôte. CAPOTU'DO, adj. peevish, angry, ill-tempered.

CAPRICHO, f. m. fancy, conceit: wilfulness.

Hombre de capricho, an ingenious and inventive man.

CAPRICHOSAME'NTE, adv. capriciously; with invention and fancy.

CAPRICHO'SO, adj. capricious, fanciful, conceited.

Caprichófo, f. m. an ingenious man. CAPRICO'RNIO, f. m. the fign in the zodiac called Capricorn: a cuckold.

CAPRINO, adj. belonging to a goat.

CAPRIO'LA, S. f. vide CA-BRIO'LA.

CAPSARI'O, f. m. the person who guards the cloaths of them who go into the bath.

CAPTA'R, v. a. to aim at, to endeavour, to pursue.

CAPTIVADAME'NTE, adv. in

CAPTIVA'R, v. a. to captivate, to make captive; to charm, to fubdue.

CAPTIVE'RIO, f. m. CAPTIVIDAD, f. f. captivity. CAPTIVO, f. m. a captive; one

charmed by beauty. CAPTU'RA, f. f. capture, seizure. CAPTURA'R, v. a. to make pri-

CAPUCHFLIO, f. m. diminutive of capucho.

CAPUCHINOS, (f. m. pl. the CAPU'CHOS, (Capuchin friars. CAPU'LLO, f. m. the pod a filkworm makes.

Seda de capúllo, ferret or flurt filk; the coarfest filk.

Capúllo de rója, a rose-bud.

Capúllo de algodón, cotton in the film; that is, not opened.

CAPU'Z, f. m. a long mourningcloak.

Capúz de gála, a garment rich and

CAR

CA'R, f. f. obf. the face.

CA'RA, f. f. the face, the vilage. the countenance; the presence ca mien.

Cára de dios, bread.

Cara de pascua à de domingo, a joyful

Cara de palo, di coleto, de vaqueta, a bold impudent face.

Cára de pocos amigos, a joyless and umpleafing face.

Cara de carton, a wrinkled face.

Céra de viernes, a lean and woeful face.

Dar en cara, to reproach.

Lavar la cára a uno, to scold at one, to reprimand him.

No fabe dondé tiène la cara, he is very ignorant.

Sacar la cára por uno, to defend, to support one.

Cára a cára, face to face.

Cúra añublida, a cloudy countenance.

Cára arriba, with the face upwards. Cára abázo, with the face down wards. Cára delánte, facing forwards.

Cara arras, facing backwards.

Cára de rósa, a lovely face.

Hacer cára, to face, to withfland.

Decirfeto en la cára, to fay to a
man's face.

Cára con dos háces, a double face, a deceitful fellow.

De cara de la iglésia, over - against the church.

No me volvió la cára, he did not look at me.

No tenér cúra pára hater úna cófa, not to have the face to do a thing, to be ashamed.

Mostrár buéna cára, to show a good liking.

Recibir con buéna cára, to receive with a pleasing countenance.

CARABBA, f. f. a large ship.

CARABE'LA, f. f. a light, round, oldfashioned ship.

CARABELO'N, f. m. augm. of carabéls.

tarable NA, f. f. a warlike engine to shoot darts or stones, and the like, out of; a sling, a granada, a batterer: also the bolt or quarrel discharged out of the engine; also a carbine.

CARABINE'RO, f. m. the dragoon or horse-granidier who carries a carbine,

CARA'BO, f. m. a very large fort of ship used in the Levant.

Carábo, f. m. a fea-crab.

CARA'CA, f. f. a carack, a great heavy fort of ship.

CARA'CIA, f. f. a plant fo called. CARA'COA, f. f. a fort of large Indian boar.

CARACO'LTI. m. a fnail; a pair of winding stairs that wind about

like a fnail's shell; the place where the men fit to row in a boat.

CARACO'LA, f. f. the shell of a fea-snail.

CARACOLEA'R, v. n. to wind round, to twift, or twine round. CARACOLI'LLO, f. m. a little fnail, or his shell; also a flower fo called.

Caracolillos, f. m. pl. a fort of twifted golden or filver wire.

CARACOLI'TO, f. m. diminutive of caracól.

CARACTE'R, f. m. vide CHA-RACTER.

CARACTERI'STICA, adv. vide CHARACTERISTICO.

CARA'DO, adj. having a phiz, and it is only used with theadverbs bien or mal.

CARAMA'L, f. m. a fish called a calamary.

CARAMANCHO'N, f. m. vide CAMARANCHO'N.

CARAMBANA'DO, adj. congealed, frozen, like ice.

CARA'MBANO, f. m. a flake of ice, an icicle.

CARAMBO'LA, f. f. a trick, a cheat, a fraud, a deceit.

Carambóla, f. f. a fruit growing in India.

CARAME'L, f. m. a fort of small pilchard.

CARAME'LO, f. m. a fort of lozenge made with fugar and eggs.

CARAME'NTE, adv. dearly; also rigorously.

CARAMEA'S, f. f. a fruit growing in India.

CARAMIELLO, f. m. 2 kind of head dress formerly used bywomen.
CARAMI'LLO, f. m. a small pipe.
Caramillo, 2 cheat, 2 trick, 2 fraud, 2 deceit.

CARAMI'O, f. m. a fnail. CA'RAMO, f. m. in cant, wine. CARAMUZA'L, f. m. a kind of

ship used by the Moors. CARA'NA, s. f. 2 sort of rosin.

CARA'NCIA, f. f. a plant fo called. CARANTAMA'ULA, f. f. an ugly mask, an ugly face.

CARANTONA, f. f. an ugly face; also an old ugly painted woman. Caraniona, flattery, coaxing. CARANTONERO, f. m. a flatterer.

CARAPITO, f. m. a fort of fea-'fowl; a stranger that haunts a place.

CARAPU'ZA, f. f. vide CAPE-RUZA

CARA'TULA, f. f. a mask; the character of a buffoon or fool in farces, and the farce itself.

CARATULE'RO, ?. m. the person who makes or fells masks.

CARA'VA, f. f. affembly, company of peafants met together on a holiday to divert themselves.

CARAVA'NA, f. f. caravan.

Caravána, a sca-expedition.

Caravánas, f. f. pl. the pains or troubles in order to obtain any favour or employment.

CARA'VE, Y. m. amber.

CARAVE'LA, f. f. a kind of ship.

CARAVELO'N, f. m. augment. of caravela.

CARAVE'RA, f. f. adultres, witch; enchantres, which haunteth tombs and graves and mingleth the bodies of dead men.

CARAVE'RO, f. m. one who frequents all public companies and neglects his own business.

CARA'Y, f. m. a tortoife's shell. CARA'ZA, f. f. augm. of cára.

CA'RBASO, f. m. the linen that fails of ships are made of; failcloth.

CARBO'N, f. m. charcoal, half burnt wood.

Carbón de piedra ò de tierra, sea coal, pit-coal.

CARBONA'DA, f.f. a carbonado, or broiling meat on the coals.

CARBONADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of carbonáda.

CARBONCI'LIO, f. m. a bit of charcoal to draw with , black chalk.

CARBONE'RA, f. f. a coal-hole, a woman that fells coals.

CARBONERI'A, f. f. the shop where coals are fold by retail.

CARBONE'RO, f. m. a collier.

CARBONIZA'R, v. a. to make coals. Obf.

CARBU'NCLO, f. m. a precious frone called a carbuncle; also a

carbuncle or ted pimple in theface, also a plaguesore; a coal of fire. CARCAJA'DA, f. f. a fit of laughter. CARCAJE, f. m. a quiver of arrows. CARCAJEA'R, v. n. to laugh out. CARCA'MO, f. m. in cant, the way, the road.

CARCANAL, f. m. the heel.

No la ha del carcañál, his distemper is not in his heels; that is, it is in his brains. He is mad, or foolish.

EARCANO, f. m. the heel. CARCAPULO, f. m. a large high

tree in India.

CARCA'SA, f. f. a carcafs thrown out of a mortar, like a bomb.

CARCAVA, f. f. a grave, ot rather a great pit, fuch as armies use to bury their dead in after a battle.

CARCAVEA'R, v. a. to dig pits or

graves. CARCAVE'RA, f. f. a strumpet that haunts church-yards.

EARCAVO, f. m. the bottom of the belly.

CARCAVON, f. m. a great deep pit, fuch as are fomerimes made by mighty falls of water, or othe rwife. CARCAVUE'ZO, f. m. a deep pit

or ditch.

CARCA'X, f. m. a bracelet put on the ankle for ornament.

Carcax, f. m. a quiver for arrows. CARCANA'DA, f. f. vide CAR-CAJA'DA.

CA'RCEL, I. f. a prison. Carpenters give this name to a frame, in which they prei's together any frame-work, till they have pinned it together, or, when glued, till the glue holds.

Dar a uno la casa por carcel, to confine a man to his own house.

CARCELA'GE, f. m. the fees of the prison,

CARCELERI'A, I.f. confinement imprisonment.

Guardar carceleria, to be confined to a city or town,

CARCELE'RO, f. m. a gaoler. Carceliro, adj relating to a jail; and used in the phrase fianza carcelera, which means the bail given in order to be let out of goal.

CARCHE'SIA, f. f., a large deep CARCHE'SIO, T. m. > cup or bowl . Yuh handles,

CARCO'A, f. f. a large canoe used by the Indians.

CAR

CA'RCOLA, f. f. a weaver's treadle, which he presses down with his feet in weaving.

CARCOLE'10, f. m. a fnail's shell.

CARCO'MA, s. f. the worm in wood, and the dust that falls from worm-eaten wood: also a great trouble of mind.

Carcoma, one that spends by degrees all his money.

CARGOME'R, v. a to worm-eat. Carcomerfe, v. r. to be worm-eaten; to perplex or torment one's felf, to be afflicted.

CARCOMI'DO, adj. worm-eaten; also affiicted, grieved.

CARCOMIE'NTO, adj. weakened by old age.

CA'RDA, f f. a fort of thiftle used to raffe the wool of cloth; also a card to card wool.

Gente de la carda, rufficas, rascais, bravoes, bragadocios.

Dur una carda, to reprimand, to reprehend, to chide.

CARDADE'RA, f. f. a card or teazle to card wool.

CARDADO'R, I. m. a carder of wool.

CARDADURA, f. f. carding. CARDAMO'MO, f. m. the feed cardamomem.

CARDA'NTE, f. m. an idle loofe companion.

CARDAR, v. a. to raid wool; to tear the hair.

Cardár la tana à uno, to cudgel one; alfo to take away by degrees any thing from another.

CARDENA'L, f. m. a cardinal, a prince of the Roman church. Eurdenál, s: m, a bird so called.

Cardenál, f. m. the black and blue mark of a blow.

CARDENALA'TO, If. m. the di-CARDENALA'Zgnity of a Scardinal. GO,

CARDENALICIO, adj. belonging to a cardinal.

CARDE'NCHA, f, f. the reazle or thiftle to raife the wool of

Curdencha, f. f. the flay of a weaver's loom, having teeth like a comb; also a kind of herb called wild chervil.

CARDENICO, adj. Comesthat blue. CARDENILLO, f. m. verdigrease, the rust of brass.

CARDE'NO, adj. of a purple colour, livid bluish.

CARDIACA, f. f. the herb motherwort.

CARDI'ACO, adj. cardiack, cor dial.

CARDIALGIA, f. f. the heartburn; and alle, an imaginary being which tells whatever naughty children do.

CARDILLE'JO, f. m. diminutive of cardillo.

CARDILLO, f. m. a little thiffle. CARDINA'L, adj. cardinal, principal, chief.

Vientos cardinales, the four principal winds, north, fouth, east, and well.

CA'RDINE, f. m. the lock of a door.

CARDI'TA, f. f. a small ship fo called.

CARDIZA'L, f. m. the place where many rhistles grow.

CA'RDO, s. m. a thiftle.

Cárdo pára cardár, a thistle to card cloth with.

Cárdo lechéro, the White milky thiffe.

Cardo aljonjéro, a sort of thistle, out of which they squeeze the juice, and it ferves instead of runnet to turn milk.

Cárdo bendito, cárdo funto, the holy thifftle.

Cardo espintoso, our ladies thisse. Cárdo corredór, the weed fea-holm,

fea-holly, or fea-hulver Cardo peynador, the teazle.

Várdo pinto, a great whitish thiftle, full of white spots.

Cárdo húso, wild baftard saffron, or faffron flower.

CARDO'N, f. m. a great thiffle. CARDU'CHA, f. f. a large card to comb wool,

CARDUZA, f. f. a wooden card with iron points used to card wool. CARDUZADO'R, f. m. a earder, one that cards or combs wool or

CARDUZA'R, v. a. to card wool;

also to scratch, to cear with the nails.

CAREA'R, v. a to bring face to face; to confront; to compare one thing with another.

Carearse, v. r. to move the face or head from one side to the other; also to meet face to face.

CARECE'R, v. n. to want, to lack.

CARECIE'NTE , adj. wanting who wants.

CARE'NA, f. f. careen, careening; also the keel of a ship and all the part of her that lies under water.

Dar caréna, to careen, to caulk. CARENA'R, v. 2. to careen.

CARE'NCIA, f. f. want, necessity,

poverty.

CARENE'RO, f. m. a convenient place to bring ships upon the careen; a shipyard or a dock.

CARE'O, f. m. the act of comparing one thing with another. CARE'RO, adj. felling at a dear

CARESTIA, f. f. dearth, fear-

CARE'ZA, f. f. scarcity, dearness. CA'RGA, f. f. load, burthen, freight; oppression, damage, vexation.

Cárga, charge, office, employment. Carga de granos, a load of corn. Cárga de arma de fuego, the charge

of a gun.

Cúrsa errada, a discharge or volley of cannon and musket shot.

Cárga reál, a tax, a cribute.

A cárga cerrada, adv. inconfiderately.

A cargas, adv. plentifully.

Llevar los foldados à la cárga, to charge the enemy.

Navio de cárga o merchante, 2 merchant or trading ship.

Bestia de carga, a beast to carry burthens.

Esharse con la cárga, to fall down under the burthen.

Dar con la cârga en el suelo, to let fall the burthen, to spoil the

Dar cárga à el ennemigo, to charge the enemy.

Côsa d: ciênto en cárga, a thing of

no value, whereof is great plen-۱٧.

Esto à cargus, there are loads of that; it is common and plentiful. CARGA'DAS, f. f. pl. a larger number of tricks in particular

games at cards. CARGADE'RA, f. f. the stay in a ship.

CARGADE'RO, f. m. the place where ships take in their goods or loading or where they discharge them.

CARGADI'LLA, f. f. the increase of a debt.

CARGADO'R, f. m. one that loads or burdens; a merchant that loads ships; one that impofes burdens or taxes.

CARGADURA, f. f. toading, burdening.

CARGA'R, v. a. to load, to burden; to load a ship, to impose burdens or taxes; to load a dye. Cargér cénfo fobre la hazienda, to burden the estate with an annuit ".

Cargár de pálos, to cudgel a man. Cargálie la búrra, to give a man ill language.

Cargár la cabéza de vino, to drink too much.

Cargár la hónra, to lay a blemish upon one's honour.

CARGAZO'N , f. f. a burden , lading for a ship, heaviness in the bead.

CA'RGO, f. m. burden, weight; the lading of a ship; also a charge, office, or employment.

Cargo de conciência, a burden on the conscience.

Hacer cárgo, to charge.

Tomár à cárgo, to take charge of. Dar cárgo de un negócio, to give one an affair in charge.

Ser en cárgo, to be beholden, or to be answerable.

Cárgos, pl. articles of impeachment. CARGO'SO, adj. heavy, grievous, afflictive, oppressive.

CARGUIO, f. m. goods ready to

CARIACE'DO, adj. looking ghaflly as if something strange had happened.

CARIACONTECTOO, adj. that

looks ghaftly as if fome strange thing had befallen.

CARIACUCHILLA'DO, adj. one that has been cut over the face. CARIAGUILE'ãO, adj. long-faced with a hook-nofe.

CARIAMPOLLA'DO, adj. roundfaced, full-cheeked, like young fat boys.

CARIA'NGHO, adj. broad-faced. CARIA'TIDES, f. f. pl. a term in architecture, fignifying a fore of columns, the upper half whereof is like the bodies of women. CARIBA'- of. m. a cruel, hard-NO, hearted, barbarous CARIBE, man.

Caribe, f. m. a cannibal that care man's flesh.

CARIBO'BO, adj. looking flupid, idiot like.

CA'RICA, f. f. a kind of thorny tree like a fig - tree.

CARICIA, f. f. cherishing, making much of, kind reception, lovingness; in cant, a very dear thing.

CARICIOSAME'NTE , adv. 10vingly, kindly, affectionately. CARICIO'SO, adj. loving, kind,

full of affoction. CARICUE'RDO, adj. fober-100-

CARIDA'D, f. f. charity; alfodearness or dearth.

CARIDOLIE'NTE, adj. forrowful, melancholy.

CARIBSCRI'TO, adj. an appellative of the melon, the rind of which is not smooth but full of warts.

CARIGO'RDO, adj. plump-faced. CARIFA'RTO , adj. full-faced , obſ. with fat cheeks. CARIHA'RTO,

CARILARGO, adj. long-vifaged. CARILIA, f. f. diminutive of cára, the face of a child; a mask; a small filver coin in Aragon.

CARILLADA, S. f. vide CAR-RILLA'DA.

CARILLE'JO, f. m. vide CAR-RILLE'JO.

CARILLE'NO, adj. plump-faced. CARFLIO, f. m. vide CARRILLO. CARILUCIO, ad. having a shining face.

CARIñA'NA, f. f. a fort of cap. CARIñO, f. m. kindness, affection, love.

CARIñOSAME'NTE, adv. affe-Gionately', kindly, lovingly, amoroufly.

CARLIO'SO, adj. kind, affectionate, loving.

CARINY MPHO, adj. effeminate, wo manish, vulgarly, finock-faced.

CARIPA'NDO, adj. foolish, idiot like.

CARIRAPDO, adj. brazen-faced, impudent, bold.

CARIREDO'NDO, adj. roundvifaged.

FARISE'A, f. f. the cloth we call kersey.

CARISMA, f. m. benevolence, gift, prefent given with a good grace and a kind manner.

CARITA, f. f. diminutive of chra. CARITATI'VO, adj. charitable. CARLA'NCA, f. f. in cant, the neck of the shirt.

Carlineas, f. f. dog's collars full of points; a very high collar.

Tener cariancas, to be very cunning. CARLEA'R, v. n. to make the noise as a dog does when panting with heat.

CARLIN, f. m. a fort of coin. CARLINA, f. f. a kind of thiftle. CARLINGAS, f. f. pl. the carlings, certain timbers in a ship. CARLO SA'NTO, f. m. a plant fo called.

CARME'L, f. m. a fort of plant. CAMELL'TAS, f. m. pl. the religious order of Carmelite friars CA'RMEN, f. m. a verse, verses Carmen, f. m. a garden, or vineyard.

CARMENADO'R, f. m. a carder. CARMENADU'RA, f. f. carding, teafing; picking, pulling.

CARMEN, 'R, v. a. to card, to teaze, to pick, to pull.

Carmenar a uno, to lug a man by. the hair.

CARMESI', adj. crimfon.

CARMi'N, f. m. carmine, a bright red, or crimfon colour; also a kind of wild rose.

CARMO'N, f, m, a fort of fruit.

CARNA'DA, f. f. the baits made of flesh to catch fish.

CARNA'GE, f. m. a flesh-market; or butchery; also the killing of cattle for victualling the ships; also the flaughter of men in a battle formerly.

CARNA'L, adj. carnal, fleshy.
Carnál, libidinous, Jufful, fleshly
given; who employs all his thoughts on earthly affairs.

CARNALIDA'D, f. f. carnality, fleshiness; alliance in blood.

CARNALME'NTE, adv. carnally. CARNAVA'L, f. m. the carnaval, shroveride.

CARNA'LA, f. f. a great lump of flesh; a very fat man or woman; the fleshy fide of leather.

CA'RNE, f. f. flesh. meat.
Cârne humeêda, finoked flesh.
Cârne falprêja, powdered meat.
Cârne momia, any very lean dry
meat.

Cárne móla, a swelling or flesh y substance in the belly.

Estar en cárnes, to be stark naked. Tomár la mugér en cárnes, to take a wife without a portion.

Comér de sus carnes, to devour or fquander one's estate.

Dia de carne, a slesh-day, any day

Dia de carne, a flesh-day, any day that is not a fast.

Câine de grajo, a lean person.

Tiene cârnes de perro, he is hardened,
inured to hardships.

Came de pluma, the food or meat of any fowl.

Chrne fin hueffo, a good employment without any trouble.

Abrir las cárnes a uno, to beat one barberously.

Echar cárnes, to grow fat. Hacerse cárne, to be afflicted.

Ni es carne ni pescado, he is a useless

man, he is good for nothing.

Poner toda la carne al afador, to

hazard all the money at play.

Ser una y carne, to be a great friend.

Temblarle las cárnes a uno, to be frightened.

Tener pan y carne, to have necessa-

CARNECERI'A, f. f. a fleshmarker.

CARNECILIA, f. f. a pimple.

CARNERADA, f. f. a large flock of sheep.

CARNERI'L, adj. belonging to sheep.

CARNERE'RO, f. m. a shepherd. CARNE'RO, f. m. mutton; sheep; also a net bag to carry flesh in; a common burying-place; a filly fellow.

Carnéro, the fign in the zodiack, called Aries; a ram, an infirument with an iron head used by the ancients to batter walls.

Echarlo al carnero, to forget any thing, to put it in oblivion.

No hai tales carnero, that is not true.

Cárnero de cinco quartos, a sheep of five quarters; they are so large that the tail makes one quarter; they come from Africa.

Cárnero castrádo, a wether.

Carnéro moruéco,) a ram.

Carnéro desmachádo, a ram without horns.

Carnero verde, mutton cut in finall pieces, and boiled with falt, pepper, cloves, parfley, onion, and bacon.

CARNERUNO, adj. belonging to sheep.

CARNESTOLE'NDAS, f. f. shroveride.

CARNICERIA, f. f. pl. the butcher's shambles, or the place where beafts are flaughtered; also a flaughter of men.

CARNICERI'L, adj. belonging to a flesh-market.

CARNICL'RO, adj. belonging to flesh.

Libra carnicera, the weight of a pound in flesh.

Carnicéro, f. m. a butcher, a slaughter - man, a hangman.

CARNICO'L, f. m. a huckle-bone; also a play among boys with hucklebones; also the hoof of a beast, being the hard horny substance of graminivorous animals.

CARNI'VORO, adj. ravenous, a great devourer of flesh.

CARNI'ZA, f. f. cutting of flesh.

CARNOSIDA'D, f. f. carnofity,

a fleshy excrescence, carbuncle;

fleshiness.

CARNOSO

CARNO'SO, adj. fleshy, full of CARNO'DO, flesh, fat; also musculous, pulpous, (speaking of fruits.)

CA'RO, adj. dear, precious.

De to cdro, of the best and dearest wine, a phrase used among drunkards.

Hacer el caro, to tack about.

Lo bardto es cáro, what is cheap is dear; because cheap things are feldom good.

CARO'BO, f. m. a fort of veffel; also the carob-tree.

CARO'CA, f. f. fine diffembling words spoken with an intent to deceive.

CARONA, f. f. a horse's hide on the back and withers; in cant, a shirt.

Mála caróna, a horse's hide that is apt to gall.

Bándo de caróna, tender - skinned, lazy, unfit for labour; also touchy or exceptious.

CAROQUE'RO, adj. flattering, imposing upon.

CAROTIDAS, (f. f. pl. carotids, CAROTIDES, two arteries, which arife out of the ascending trunk of the aorts.

CAROZO, f. m. the pellicle that covers the grains of a pomegranate.

CA'RPA, f. f. a carp; also a bunch of grapes, or part of it.

CARPANE'L, adj. the appellative of a certain elliptical section.

CA'RPE, f. m. a tree with a rugged black bark, by fome called the voketree.

CARPEDA'L, f. f. a grove of fuch trees.

CARPENTEAR, v. a. to work upon an equal balance; that is, when the profit of any man's work will amount to no more than what he is paid for his labour.

CARPE'NTO, f. m. the stare of a planet that meets with a number of other planets in its revolution.

CARPE'SIO, f. m. a plant so

called.

CARPE'TA, f. f. a leather, cloth, or filk cover for a table, also a kind of blanket at the door of taverns.

Tom. I.

CARPINTEA'R, v. n. to work at the carpenter's business.

CARPINTERIA, f. f. the carpenter's trade.

CARPINTE'RO, f. m. a carpenter. Carpintéro de carros y carrétas, a cartwright.

CARPI'R, v. a. to rend, to tear, to cleave, to feratch.

CARPOBA'I.SAMO, f. m. the fruit of the ballam-tree.

CARRA'CA, f. f. a heavy large ship; also a rattle, a noify inftrument.

CARRA'CO, adj. infirm, weak, old, heavy.

CARRA'L, f. m. a cask, or large vessel carried by a cart.

CARRALE'JA, f. f. a thin small cane.

CARRANCUDO, adj. that has a precise, shiff, affected way of walking.

CARRA'NQUE, f. m. a bird as big as a crane.

CARRA'SCA, f. f. the holm-tree. CARRASCA'L, f. m. a grove of holmtrees.

CARRASCO, f.m. the holm-tree. CARRASPA'DA, f. f. a fort of drink composed of honey, red wine, and spices

CARRASPA'NTE, adj. any thing four or harsh.

CARRASPE'RA, f. f. hoarfeness, a disease of the throat so called. CARRASQUERO, adj. of, or belenging to, or like the holmtree.

CARRE'RA, f. f. career, course, a race; also the place where they run races, or tilt; in cant, a ftreet.

Abrir carréra', to make a lane, to clear the way, to run.

Passar su carrera, to run over one's ground; to do one's duty, to play one's part.

Rehufar la carréra, to be restive, not to answer the spur; to resuse what is required.

Pararfe en médio de la carréra, to ftop in full career.

No hará carrera a un ciego, he will not make way for a blind man; faid to express the height of illnature.

A carrera abierta, 6 tendida, in a full speed.

Partir de carrera, to act inconsiderately, thoughtlessly.

CARRERI'ILA (S. f. diminutive CARRERITA,) of carréra.

carrerue'La, f. f. a little run as children take; also notches in hair ill cut.

CARRE'TA, f. f. a cart.

Hale temado la carreta, the cart has run over him; meant of one that is crippled with the pox, as if & cart had run over him.

Ir por mar en carreta, to go to fea in a cart; to express the impossibility of a thing.

CARRETA'DA, f. f. a cart load. CARRETE, f. m. a fishing-line. Dar carrete, to procrastinate in bufines, to delay, to defer.

CARRETEA'R, v. a. to carry any thing in a cart.

CARRETE'L f. m. a turning engine fo called on board ships.

CARRETE'RA, f. f. a highway for carts or coaches.

CARRETERIA, f. f. the place where they make carts, or keep them; also a quantity of carts together.

CARRETERIL, adj. belonging to a cart.

CARRETE'RO, f. m. a carter; in cant, a chear.

Voz de carretero, a rude rough and clownish voice.

Jurás cómo un carretero, to swear like a carter.

CARRETI'LLA, f. f. diminut. a little cart.

Hacer carretilla, an expression used by boys, when, playing with their castle-tops, one splits another.

Saber de carretilla, to know something by heart.

De carretilla, adv. by custom, thoughlessly,

CARRETO'N, f. m. a little.care or wheel-barrow; also a child's god carr, and a carriage for a cannon. CARRETONCI'LLO, f. m. a go-

cart for little children.

CARRICO'CHE, f. m. a covered

cart; also a bad old coach; a dustcart,

Т

CARRIL, f. m. a care-wheel; also a care-rue, or a care-way.

CARRILLA'DA, f. f. the cheeks; also the grease of a hog's cheek.

Carrillada, a box on the chops.

Temblar a carrilladas to quake till the teeth chatter.

CARRI'LLO, f. m. a cheek; also a little cart; also a pulley.

Tenér buénos carrillos, to have good cheeks, to be fat and plump.

Comer a dos carillos, to eat with both jaws; that is, greedily; to please two parties.

Ilerar el becado de un carillo a ótro, to turn one's meat from one side to the other; that is, to eat without any appetite.

CARRILLU'DO, adj. one that has great cheeks.

CARRIO'LA, f. f. a trucklebed.

CARRIZA'I, f. f. a fedgy place. CARRIZO, f. f. fedge.

CA'RRO, f. m. cart, chariot,

Cárro in cant, a play.

Cárro falcáto, a chariot used in former times, set with scythes and other cutting tools slicking out on each side.

Cárro, (offa mayor,) the greater bear, a constellation.

Carro de oro, Brussels camelet or camelote.

Carro largo, a long four - wheeled cart.

Carro mato, a low cart, having two wheels.

CARROCE'RO, f. m. vide CO-CHERO.

CARROCI'LLA, f.f. & diminutives CARROCI'LLO, f.m. C of carroca-CARROCIN, f. m. 2 charior, a carriage of pleasure.

CARROñO, adj. old, rotten, or corrupted.

CARRU'LA, f. f. a great handfeme coach.

Carroza de navio, a shelter made in the stern of boats and ships.

CARRUA'GE, C. m. loading for CARRUA'JE, carts; carrying in carts; a number of carts.
CARRUCHA, f. f. a pulley.

CARRUCO, f. m. a little cart used

to carry falt and other things in the mountains.

CAR

CARRUJA'DO, adj. plaited, gathered very fmall.

CA'RTA, f. f. a letter; a leaf of a book; a card; a map or feachart.

Cárts de espérs a letter of licence to give a man time to pay his debts.

Cárta de venta a bill of sale.

Cárta de págo, an acquittance.
Cárta de mareár, a sea-chart, being a
geographical description of sea-coasts, with the true distance, heights
and courses of winds laid down in it.
Cárta de cénso, a deed for an annuity.

Cársa de hórro, a discharge to a slave by which he is made free.

Carra missiva, or familiar a familiar or missive letter.

Cârta de conféjos, or de chancilleria, an order of council, or decree in chancery.

Caria de descommunión, the inftrument declaring any person excommunicated.

Cárta caenta, a bill or account.

Cárta nueva, any paper of news,
or any strange accident, which
is sold about the streets.

Cárta blánca, cart blanch, when a man has never a court-card in his hand.

C art a de gula, a note given to one that travels in a strange country for all people to put him in his way and not molest him.

Cârta de feguro
Cârta falva guarda, (a safe conduct.
Cârtas, playing cards.

Dar cártas, to deal the cards.

Pechi per carta de mas, 6 per carta de menos, to be over or under. Cartas de llamamiénto, a fummons for the members of the cortes to meet.

Razón de cária róta, the reason or the sentence of a torn letter; that is, nonsense; because when a letter is torn and a piece wanting, all the sentences remain impersect.

Háblen cártas, y callen bárbas, let letters speak and tongues be filent; that is, let the matter be referred to writings, not to what men fay.

Prov. No firmes carta que no téas, ni bébas água que no véas, do not fign any writing which you have not read, nor drinck water which you have not seen.

CARTABO'N', f. m. a carpenter's fquare.

CARTAPA'CIO, f. m. a flitched book, or any parcel of writing put together; a school-boy's theme or copy-book; or a scroll for memorandums,

Rajón de cartapácio, an answer or faying long studied and nothing to the purpose.

CARTAPAZUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of cartapácio.

CARTAPE'L, f. m. a writing posted up or fet upon gates, walls, &cc., in order to notify any thing to the public; also any large writing in a very small character.

CARTEA'RSE, v. r. to keep correspondence by letters.

CARTE'L, f. m. any papers fet up in corners of freets or in public places; a challenge; a libel.

Cartel, a cartel, a regulation for redeeming or exchanging of prifoners of war.

CARTE'LA, f. f. a board, or flone in a wall or other place, to write fome infeription upon; any pane or pannel. In architecture it is the scroll of the Ionic order, called the voluta.

CARTE'RA, f. f. a letter-cafe; a pocket-book; also two paste-boards bound together in the shape of a folio book and commonly covered with vellum; used to write upon, and to put papers in.

CARTERO, f. m. a letter-carrier.
CARTE'TA, f. m. a game at cards.
CA'RTHAMO, f. m. vide ALAZO'R.

CARTI'DO, f. m. a little cask of barrel to keep conferves in.

CARTILA'GIN., f. m. a griffle, or cartilage, as of the ear or note. CARTILLA, f. f. the first book children learn to read in, primer.

Left a tino la carilla, to read the primer to one, that is, to deal very plainly with him, CARTO'N, f. m. paste-board. In architecture, the fcroll on the head of the column of the Ionic order called the voluta.

Parecer de carton, to appear very grave, stiff, and lumpish.

CARTUCHE'RA, she pouch to carry the carridges in.

CARTUCHO, f. m. a cartridge to charge any fire-arm with; a cale of paper or parchment filled with gunpowder, used, for the greater expedition in charging guns.

CARTULA'GINE, f. f. vide CAR-TILAGINE.

CARTULARIO, f. m. an original register-book of laws, privileges, grants, deeds, &c.

CARTULINA, f. f. a piece of pas-· teboard cut into the shape of any flower, worked in embroidery to raise it.

CARTUXA, f. f. the religious order instituted by St. Bruno.

CARTUXA'NO, adj. belonging to the Carthulian order.

CARTUXO, f. m. a Carthusian friar; also a silent, grave, or quiet man.

CARUNCULA, f. f. a little piece of flesh, a kernel, a caruncle.

CARVA'LLO, f. m. a kind of ſmall oak.

CARVI', f. m. carraway-feed. CARYA'TIDES, f. m. caryatides, columns or pilasters with the figures of women dressed in long ro-

CAS

CAS, f. f. a vulgar abbreviation of

CA'SA, f. f. a house, a family; it is fometimes used in the plural, casas, speaking of the house of some great man , as las cafas del duque, the duke's house.

Cása de tia, the prison.

Casa sucre, a country - house with fortifications, and works of de-

Cafa fanta, the sepulchte of Christ in Jerusalem.

Cása de letras, an academy, univerfity, or college.

Casa de locos, an hospital for luna-

Cafa del Rey, o cafa real, the King's 1 houshold or fervants.

Casa de la monêda, the mint. Cása pagiza, a thatched-house. Cása reál, a royal palace.

Cása de oración, a house of prayer, a church.

Cása de religión, a monastery, or a religious-house.

Cafa de aprobacion, a noviceship. Cása proféssa, a monastery of reli-

gious persons professed. Chsa de contratación, a house for

managing of trade. Cája půblica, a bawdy-house.

Cása de posádas, a house that lets lodgings.

Cása de cámpo, a country-house. Cása de juégo, a gaming-house.

Cása a la malleia, a house maliciously contrived; that is, which cannot be divided into apartments for several families to live in.

Casa, pl. the squares or chequers on a chess or draught board.

Poner cafa, to set up house-keeping. Apartár cása, to part families.

No tenér cása ni viña, to have no

De casa en casa, from house to house, from door to door.

Franquear la cafa, to give free liberty to view every corner of the house.

Guardar la casa, to keep the house, not to ftir abroad.

Tenér la cása por cárcel, to be confined to one's house.

No tenér cása ni hogár, to be very poor.

CASACA, f. f. obf. 2 loofe coat or upper garment; also a fort of jacket worn by women.

Velver cafáca, to be a turn-coat; to forfake the party of one and take that of his enemy.

CASA'DA, f. f. a married woman, a wife.

Casada, the original, or the rife of a family.

CASADE'RO, adj. marriageable, of age to marry.

CASADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of casada, a family of no brilliant extraction, a race of no great antiquity, yet not quite unk-DOAD'

CASA'DO, adj. married; when a married man, a husband.

CASA'L, f. m. a small village with few houses.

CASAMA'TA, f. f. a cazematte.

CASAMENTA'R, v. n. to mar-

CASAMENTE'RO, f. m. a matchmaker.

CASAMIE'NTO, f.m. a wedding; a match.

CASAPUE'RTA, f. f. a porch, or entry of any house.

CASAQUILLA, f. f. diminutive of casaca.

CASA'R , v. n. to marry , to wed.

Cafúr, v. a to join a man and a woman, to marry them; also to unite something to another, to mix vith.

CASA'R, f. m. a farm - house, a village.

Cafárse, v. r. to marry.

CASCA, f. f. the husk of grapes after the wine pressed out; the broken bark tanners put into their tanpits.

CASCABE'L. f. m. a hawk's bell; a rattle-headed fellow; a talker, a prattler.

Hombre de cafcabél gordo, a clownish fellow.

Echar el cascabil a ano, to put the bell to one; that is, to give him any bad news.

Bivora de cascabel, a rattle - Inake. Prov. Quien echará, el cascabél al gato t who will put the bell about the cat's neck! who will do any thing against another who is too powerful.

CASCABELADA, f. f. a jingling of hawks bells; a ridiculous action published.

Echár cascabelddas, to talk idly CASCABELEA'R, v. a. to ring a hawk's bell; to talk, or ad

CASCABELLI'LLO, f. m. a little hawk's beli; aifb a friall

CASCA'DA, f. f. a fall of water, a cascade.

Cafcadas, pl. drapery; the plairs or folds of the drefs in a picture or status.

CASCA'DO, adj. wore out, decaved by old age or infirmities. Cafcado, weak.

CASCAJA'L, f. m. a gravel-pit; also the place where they throw out they husk of the grapes after vintage.

CASCAJA'R, v. a. to throw ftones; to throw out the husks of the grapes after vintage.

CASCA'JO, f. m. gravel, pebblestones; the shivers that fly in cutting stones; broken earthen-ware; rubbish.

Cafcajo, winter fruits, as nuts, chefnuts, &c. alfo any Spanish brass coin, because they look as bits. CASCAJOSO, adj. gravelly, full of rubbish.

CASCANUE'ZES, f. m. a nutcracker.

CASCAPINO'NES, f. m. pl. boys that are employed to take out the kernels of pine apples to

CASCA'R, v. a. to crack. Cafiur, to give a blow with the f.ft, flick, or any thing.

CA'SCARA, f. f. shell, husk. Cifcaras, a word of admiration.

Hombre de la cascára amarga, a quareller, a bully, a noify fellow.

CASCARE'LA, f. f. a fort of play at cards.

CASCARI'LLA, f. f. a little shell, a thin husk; the bark or Jefuits's powders.

CASCARITA, f. f. diminutive of cascára.

CASCARO'N, f.m. an egg-sheli, or any other great shell.

CASCARRO'JAS, f. f. pl. a fort of worms that breed in ships.

CASCARRO'N, adj. cqarie, rough, unpolished, disagrea-

CASCARRUDO, adj. of, or belonging to a thick shell.

CASCATRE'GUAS, f. m. a trucebreaker; a perfidious person. CASCAVA'NCO, f. m. an idle

fellow, a vagabond.

CASCAVE'L, f. m. vide CAS-CABEL. ;

CA'SCO, f. m. a broken piece of any thing, pot, tile, shell, or

the like; also a head-piece of skull-cap; also the skull.

CAS

Cásco de la cabeza, the skull. Cásco de cása, an empty house, that has nothing but bare walls,

Cásco de navlo, a ship without masts, ropes, and other riggings.

Cásco de caballo, mulo, &c. the horny substance under the boof of a horse, mule, as, &c.

Cáscos, a sheep's head without the brains and tongue.

Lavar ó untar los cáscos, to flatter, to praise.

Quitar á raer del casco, to dissuade, to divert from any thing.

Romper los cascos, to break the skull; also to plague, to molest, to teaze, to harrass by incesfant sollicitation or foolish talk. Cafco de cébolla, a flake of an onion.

Cásco de tiña, a cap for a scald head.

Cascos luzios, little wit.

Cáscos de calabaza, a shatter-brained fellow.

Fuláno tiéne buen s ciscos, such a one has a good head, spoken ironically.

CASCO'TE, f. m. rubbish.

CASERAME'NTE, adv. fincerely, faithfully, with integrity, plainly, honeftly, justly.

CASERA'ZO, adj augment. of caséro.

CASERIA, f. f. a country farm; female economy, housewifery. CASE'RNA, f. f. a vault strongly made to refift the bombs. CASE'RO, f. m. a landlord of a house; also a farmer or a housekeeper.

Cafero, adj. that is homely, homemade, home-felt, private; also plain, home-spun; as.

Estilo caséro, a plain familiar style. Pan casero, houshold bread.

Lienzo cafero, home-spun cloth. Muger caf is, a woman that keeps

her house and is not a gadder. CA'SI, adv. almost.

CA'SIA, f. f. a small shrub in the

CASIAFISTU"LA, f. f. vide CAnAFISTOLA.

CASICA, Is. f. a little house; 2 CASI'LLA, \ necessary house.

Sacur a uno de sus casillas, to draw a man out of his little houses; that is, to anger, fret, or vex a man.

CASILLE'RO, f. m. the perfon whose business it is to empty and clean the close-stools and such like vessels, in the king's pala-

CASI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of

CASI'NA. f. f. a cottage, 2 poot country-houfe.

CASITA, f. f. a little house, a cottage.

Castra de dios, a small red insect. CASO, f. m. accident, chance; fortune, defliny; a law-case; a case in declining words; esteem, regard.

A cáso, adv. by chance.

Cafo que, put the case, supposing, or admitting that.

De cafo penfado, wilfully, defignedly, with intent and premeditation. Es caso llano, the thing is plain,

evident, manifest.

Vámos al cáso, let us come to the point, to the thing in hand.

No estoy en el cáso, I do not understand the case.

No ha e al cajo, it is not to the purpose.

Hacer cuso de una persona, to take notice of one.

Démos cáso, supposing, admitting. Cáso acordado, a thing done with deliberation, premeditated.

CASOLE'TA, f. f. a little fauce pan or pipkin; the touch - pan in fire-arms.

CASO'RIO, f. m. a hafty inconsiderate marriage.

CA'SPA, f. f. dandriff or scurf in the head.

CASPE'RA, f. f. a small comb with teeth on both fides, used to comb the scurf of the head.

CASPO'SO, adj. full of dandriff. CASQUETA'DA, f. f. a rash inconsiderate alion or expression.

CAS UETA'LO, f. m. a blow given with the head.

CASQUE'TE, f. m. a broken piece of any thing; the skull.

Cafquete, a leather or paper cap to cover the skull.

Casquete de tiñoso, a plaster for a scald head.

Casquete, a helmet or head-piece. CASQUIJO, s. m. vide CASCA'JO.

CASQUILLO, f. m. a little headpiece or fiscl cap; any finall broken piece of any thing.

Cajquillo de saéta, the head of an arrow.

CASQUILUCIO, adj. merry, jocofe; who pretends to a great deal of fenfe, and has none.

CASSACIO'N, f. f. cancelling, vacating, annulling, cashiering. CASSADO'R, f. m. one that cancels, vacates, annuls, makes void,

or cashiers.

CASSADURA, f. f. cancelling, vacating, making void, cashiering.

CASSA'R, v. a. to cancel, vacate, annul, make void.

CASSIOPE'A, f. f. a northern confiellation fo called.

CASTA, f. f. race, breed, pro-

geny, stock.

CASTAME'NTE, adv. chastly,

modestly. CASTANA, f. f. 2 chesnut.

Casima enxerta, a chesnut of a tree that has been grafted.

Castana regoldana, a small wild che-

Castina pilida, a chesnut that has the shell taken off, and is dried,

used to make pottage.

Peinido en castaña, a fashion of curling used among women.

CASTARA'L, f. m. a grove of CASTARA'R, chefnut-trees.

CASTAñAZ'O, f. m. a blow given with a chesnut.

CASTAREDU, f. m. a chefnut.

CASTARERO, f. m. the person who fells cheshuts ready roasted or boiled.

CASTARETA, f. f. a castanet, such as they use in dancing; also the snapping of the singers in imitation of castanets.

CASTARETEA'R, v. n. to play on the caffanets, or to faap the fingers; fnapping of the knees, as fome men walk. CASTAHE TA'ZO, f. m. the noise made by the castanets or by snapping the singers.

CASTAñO, s. m. a chesnut-tree. Castaño, adj. chesnut-golour.

Caffaño claro, light chefnut-colour.
Caffaño obfeuro, dark chefnut-colour.
CASTAñUE'LA, f. f. vide CASTAñETA.

CASTELLA'N, f. m. vide CAS-TELLANO.

EASTELLANI'A, f. f. caftle-ward; the lordship and jurifdiction of a lord.

CASTELLA'NO, f. m. a governor of a castle or furtress.

Caffellano, an ancient coin of gold.

Caffellano, the fiftieth part of a mark of gold.

CASTELO, f. m. vide CASPIL'-

CASTIDAD, f. f. chastity.

CASTILLO, f. m. obf. vide CASTILLO.

CASTIFICA'R, v. a. to make chafte, to render chafte.

CASTIGACION, f. f. chastifement.

CASTIGADAMENTE, adv. correctly, accurately.

CASTIGADE'RA, f. f. a little firing to tie the clapper of a bell they use to hang about the neck of certle.

CASTIGADOR, f. m. a chaftifer, a punisher; also a severe and rigorous ceasor.

 $\begin{array}{c}
CASTIGAME'N-\\
TO,\\
CASTIGAMIEN-\\
TO,
\end{array}$ f. m. vide $\begin{array}{c}
CASTI-\\
GO.
\end{array}$

CASTIGA'R, v. a. to chaftise, correct or punish.

Cafligar de côla, to make a horse carry his tail down.

Prov. Caffigs al que no es buéno, y aborrecerte ha luégo, chaffife one that is not good, and he'll prefently hare you.

Caffigurfe, v. n. to amend, or correct one's felf.

CASTI'GO, f. m. chastisement, punishment, correction.

CAST'LL DE PRO'A, f. m. the forecassie, or head of a ship. CAST'L DE POPA, the stern, the poop of a ship.

CASTILLE'JO, f. m. diminutive of cafillo.

CASTILLERI'A, f. f. a tribute paid by those who live within the district or verge of the castle. CASTILLE'RO, f. m. a governor of a castle.

CASTILLE'TE, f. m. a little castle.

CASTILIO, f. m. a cafile, a forrecis; also the fore-cafile of a ship.

Cafillo y león, castle and lion; the same as we call cross or pile.

Former caffilles en el dire, to build castles in the air; to hope or expect things that in probability are not likely to happen.

CASTILLUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of cafillo.

CASTIMONIA, f. f. chastity. CASTI'ZO, adj. of a good race

or breed.

Effilo coff ito, pure, correct and

polished fiyle.
Cafilo, the fea of a mefitzo and

mefitza.

CA'STO, adj. chaste.

CASTO'R, f.m. a cafter or beaver, Cafter y Polux, a fiery increed which at fea feems sometimes flicking to a part of the ship.

CASTO'REO, f. m. castoreum. CASTRADE'RA, f. f. a geldingknife.

CASTRADO, s. m. eunuch; wether.

CASTRADO'R, f. m. a gelder. CASTRADU'RA, f. f. gelding. CASTRAPUE'RCAS, f. m. a fowgelder.

CASTRA'R, v. a. so geld, to spay.

Caffrur colminas, to take the honey of hives leaving enough for the bees to feed on.

Cassirár la súrna, to apply medicines to the itch to dry it up.

Cafrar poises, to castrate poets; that is, to cut off the immodest part of them.

CASTAZO'N, f. m. gelding, the feafan for gelding or for taking the honey out of the hives.

CASTRE'NSE, adj. or belonging to a camp.

EMSTRO, f. m. a fort, a strong place; also a game boys play at. Castro, the reliques of a demolished house or building.

CASTRON, f. m. a gelt goat. CASUA'L. adj. cafual, accidental. CASUALIDA'D, f. f. casualty. mischance, unforeseen event.

CASUALME'NTE, adv. by chance, accidentally.

CASUA'RES, f. m. a fort of fowl fo called.

CASUI'STA, f. m. a cafuift.

CASU'ILA, f. f. chasuble, the vestment a priest wears over his alb when he fays mafs.

CASULLE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes the vestment which a priest wears over his alb, when he fays mass; also one who builds fmall houses or cottages.

CAT

CA'TA, interj-behold, see, look. Cáta, s. f. an essay, a taste, a view, a fearch; also a stick they lay across upon two other forkedones in the vineyards, to prop up the vines.

CATA'BRE, f. m. a piece of rope or cable fo called, on board a ship:

CATA'BULO, f. m. a flable, a beafthouse, a place where beafts were kept, either to be made tame or to fight with condemned malefactors.

CATACLY'SMO, f. m. d deluge, an inundation. Poetical.

 $CATA\overline{D}O'R$, f. m. the person who taftes the wines to give his approbation of them.

CATADURA, f. f. the tasting or palating of wine, to judge of its

Catadura, f. f. the countenance, the

CATAFRA'TES, f. m. pl. men in complete armour.

CATALICO'N, f. m. a medicine fo called.

CATALI'NAS, f. f. pl. the French-

CATALNICA, f. f. a capricious name given to a female parrot. CATALOGO, f. m. a caralogug,

CATALUFA, f. f. a fort of flowered filk.

CAT

CATAMi'TO, f. m. a catami-

CATA'N, f. m. (a large broad-CATA'NA, f. f. (fword used by the inhabitants of Japan.

CATANA'NCE, f. f. a tree fo called.

CATA'NES, f. m. pl. gentlemen, persons of note and quality, but below lords.

CATA'PHORA, f. f. any thing ready to fall.

CATAPLA'SMA, f. f a plaster, a cataplasm; a poulrice, a soft mollifying application.

CATAPOCIA, f. f. a pill, a medicine made into a small ball or maſs.

CATAPU'CIA, f. f. a fort of herb so called.

CATAPULTA, f. f. a catapult, an engine used formerly to throw flones, darts, &cc.

CATA'R v. a. to see, to behold, to view, to tafte; to fearch; to think of a thing.

Quando menos me cato, when I leaft think of it.

Cata, take notice.

CATARARA, f. f. the bird called a shell - drake; also the herb fmallage.

CATARA'TA, f. f. a cataract, or great fall of water; a floodgate, a cataract in the eyes.

Baur las cataralas, to cure the cataract on the eyc.

CATARRA'E, adj. belonging to a catarrh or old.

CATARRIBE'RA., f. m. an idle strolling fellow.

CATA'RRO, f. m. a catarrh, a cold, a defluxion proceeding from cold.

CATARRO'SO, adj subject to a catarrh or to cold.

CATASO'L, f. m. the daify-flo-

JATA'STA, f. f. a cage or stall wherein they for flaves to fale, also a strappado or the like on; which Christians used to be tormented.

CATA'STROPHE, f. f. catastrophe, conclusion or end of a thing; a final event generally unhappy.

CATAVIE'NTOS, f. m. pl. two weather flags placed on the flern of a ship, which by turning show the point from whence the wind blows.

CATAVINO, f. m. a cup used to tafte wine,

Catavinos , pl. drunkards.

CATECHI'SMO, (f. m. a cate-CATECISMO, (chism, inftruction in matters of religion.

CATECHISTA, f. m. the person who instructs or teaches the principles of the Christian religion.

CATECHIZA'R, v. a. to catechise, to instruct in religious matters.

CATECHU'MENO, f. m. a carechumen, one that is infiructing. CATECI'SMO, f. m. vide CATE-CHI'SMO.

CATEGOREMA'TICO, adj. categorematic, applied to the term that bears its own fignification.

CATEGORIA, f. f. in logic, a predicament; a clas, a rank.

CATEGE'RICO, adj. categorical, positive, adequate, absolute.

CATE'RVA, f. f. a crew, a rout, a shoal, a troop, a gang, a company.

Afuéra pues caterva dueñesca, inutil para ningun humáno regálo.

バTHEDRA , f. f. a pulpit. CATHEDRA'L, f. f. a cathedral, the head church of a diocese.

CATHEDRALIDA'D, f. f. the right, dignity, and prerogative of the cathedral church.

CATHEDRA'R, v. n. to be a professor in an university, to teach any science.

CATHEDRA'TICO, f. m. a professor of a science in an univer-

CATHE'TO, f. m. the catherus, 2 term in architecture.

CATHOLICAME'NTE, adv. catholically, universally.

CATHOLICI'SMO, f. m. catholicism, adherence to the catholic church.

CATHO'LICO, adj. catholic, univerful, general.

Catholico, good, pure, without any

mixture, not adulterated by ingredients.

Catholico, healthful, free from fickness, in good health.

CATHOLICO'N, f. m. an univerfal medicine.

CATINO, f. m. a rub, any large vossel.

CATTTE, f. m. a little lump of fugar.

CATIVA'R, v. a. vide CAPTI-VA'R.

CATIVE'RIO, f.m. vide CAP-TIVE'RIO.

CATIVIDA'D, f. f. vide CAP-TIVIDA'D.

CATIVO, adj. vide CAPTIVO. CATO, f. m. a fort of medicine.

CATOPLEBA, f f. a kind of beaft that kills only by looking at

•CATO'PTRICA, f. f. catoptricks; that part of optics which treats of ifion by reflection.

CATO'RZE, adj. fourteen.

CATORZE'NO, adj. the four-teenth.

Paño catorzéno, a fort of very coarfe cloth.

CATRE, f. m. a couch.

CAU

CAUCE, f. m. a channel or ditch cut by the fide of a river in order to divert a part of its water for the purposes of agriculture and manufactures.

CAUCIO'N, f. f. caution, furety; bail, a bondfman.

Prefler caucion, to put in bail.

CAUCIONE'RO, f. m. a bondfman, a furery.

CAUCHFL, f. m. a refervoir or confervatory for waters to fupply other places.

CA'UDA, f. f. a tail.

CAUDA'L, f. m. flock, what a man is worth.

Hacer caudal de ina côsa, to value a thing, to make account of it.

Hómbre de caudál, a man of fubstance.

caudál.

CAUDALOSAM'ENTE , adv. richly.

CAUDALO'SO, 'rich, wealthy well flocked.

Rio candalójo, a mighty river.

CAUDATA'RIO, f. m. a bishop's
fervant who bears up his train.

CAUDATO, adj. with a tail. Said of a comet.

CAUDI'LLO, f. m. a captain, a leader.

CAULE, f. m. one of the leaves in the capital of a Corinthian pillar.

CAURO, f. m. one of the west winds, commonly called Gallego.

CA'USA, f. f. a cause.

CAUSADO'R, f. m. a causer, he that causes, the agent by which an effect is produced.

CAUSA'L, f. f. reason, motive, or cause that produces an effect.

CAUSA'R, v. a. to cause.

CAUST DICO, f. m. a lawyer.

CAUSO'N, f. m. a burning fever.

CAUSTICO, adj. caustick, burning.

CAUSTO, adj. burnt.

CAUTAME'NTE, adv. cautiously, wearily.

CAUTE'LA, f. f. caution, wearines; also a fraud or cheat.

CAUTELAR, v. a. to be cautious, veary, or circumspect.

CAUTELOSAME'NTE, adv. cautiously, wearily; also deceitfully.

CAUTELOSO, adj. cautious; also crafty, deceitful.

CAUTE'RIO, f. m. cautery, of fearing iron such as surgeons use.

CAUTERIZADO'R, f. m. the surgeon who sears or eauterizes.

CAUTERIZA'R, v. a. to fear, to cauterize.

CAUTIVA'R, v. z. to captivate, to take prisoner; also to charm, to subdue.

CAUTIVE'RIO, f. m. bondage, captivity.

CAUTIVIDA'D, f. f. captivity, bondage.

CAUTIVO, f. m. a flave, a carrive.

CA'UTO, adj. cautious, and pect.

CAV

CA'VA, f. f. ditch, trench, pit, cellar, vault.

La vena cava, the hollow vein.

CAVADI'ZO, adj. that is, or may be dug, or hollowed.

CAVADO'R, f. m. digger, ditcher, delver, ploughman; also the digger of graves or sepulchres.

Come mas que un caradór, hé cats more than a ploughman.

CAVADURA, f. f. digging, making hollow; the twift of a man where he begins to be forked.

CAVA'L, adj. vide CABA'L.

CAVA'R, v. a. to dig, to delve, to make hollow.

Cavár en el pensamiénto, to make an impression on the mind, to be so fixed that one cannot forget it.

Cavar la materia en la herida, to eat down into the flesh.

CAVAZO'N, f. f. digging, hollowing.

CAVELLA'DO, adj. vide CA-BELLA'DO.

CAVE'LLO, f. m. vide CABE'L.
LO.

CAVELLUDO, adj. CABEL-LUDO.

CAVE'R, v. n. vide CABE'R.

CAVE'RNA, f. f. cavern, den, cave, grot, hole: in cant, s house.

CAVERNOSIDA'D, 1. f. deepness, concavity.

CAVERNO'SO, adj. full of caves, dens, or holes.

CAVESTRA'R, 1. a. vide CA-

CAVE'STRO vide CABE'STRO.

CAVE'TO, f. m. in architecture, the pillow between the two rounds, at the foot of a column; the trochile.

AVEZUDO, adj. vide CABE. ZUDO.

CAVIDA, f. f. vide CABIDA. CAVIDA'D, f. f. a hollowness.

CAVILACIO'N, f. f. cavilling, contention.

CAVILAR, v. a. to cavil, to contend, to quarrel,

CAVILDA'DA, f. f. vide CABIL-DA'DA.

CAVILDO, f. m. vide CABI'L-DO.

CAVILLAS, f. f. pl. iron pins belonging to the building and rigging of a ship.

Cavillas de los brázos, the small bones of the arms.

CAVILLADO'R, f. m. a carpenter that drives the pins and bolts in ships.

CAVILLO'N, f. m. augment. of cavilla.

CAVI'LO, f. m. vide CAVILA-CIO'N.

CAVILOSAME'NTE, adv. con-

CAVILO'SO, adj. contentious, quarrelfome.

CAX

CA'XA, f. f. a box, cheft, desk, coffer, coffin, bin, the flock of a gun; alfo a drum.

Caxa de un coche, the box of a coach,

Caxa de difuntos, a coffin.

Cara, the place where money is put.

Cáxa de cuchillo, navaja, &c. a case for knives, razors, &c.

Cáxa de arcabúz, the flock of a gun, Caxa de las cartas, a general postoffice.

Caxa de las muelas, the gums; the internal part of the mouth.

Echar con caxas deflempladas, to turn out with contempt and fcorn.

Libro de cara, the cash-book among

merchates. CAXE'RAS, f. f. pl. particular

hollows in a saip so called. CAXE'RO, f. m. a joyner, a boxmaker; a pedlar: q cash-keeper

or clerk. CAXI'LLA, &f. f. a little box

CAXI'TA . S CAXO, f. m. obf. the jaw, & cheek.

CAXO'N, f. m. a great box or

Caxón de saftre, the large chest under the table, wherein raylors put the remains of stuff after having cut a garment

CAXONCILLO, f. m. a little cheft, a little drawer.

CAXO'NES, f. m. pl, the lockers aboard a ship, which are like little cupboards or boxes made fast to the fides of the ships to lay up

CAXTANA'DA, f. f. in cant, a quarrel, a tumult, an uproar.

CAXUL'LA , f. f. diminut, of cáxa.

C A Y

CAYADA, f. f. (a strepherd's CAYADO, f. m. book; also an old man's walking-staff,

CAYMA'N, f. m. crocodile, allegator.

CAZ

CA'Z, f. m. a channel made by letting out water from a river in dry fields.

CA'ZA, f. f. all forts of game or sports, as hawking, hunting, shooting, &c. also the game

Cáza, à fine cotton linen.

Chia mayor, the chase of great

Cuza menor, hunting of hares fowls.

I evantar la caça, to raise the game. Dar cuza, to chase.

Espantar la caza, to fright the game; to let flip oifenders that might have been taken.

Andar en cuza de gungas, to spend one's time and labour in doing

Ir a cata de grillos, to go a cricket hunting, to hunt after uncertainties.

CAZA'BE, f. m. a kind of bread eaten in America.

CAZADE'RO, f. m. the place where they, go to a hunting; an open ground full of fuch beafts as are hunted,

CAZADO'R, S. m. an hunter.

CAZADO'RA, f. f. an huntress. CALADORCI'LLO, f. m. diminut. a line hunter.

CAZADURA, f. f. hunting.

CAZA'h. v.a. to hunt, to hawk, to fowl, in fich,

CAZCALLEA'R, v. a. to apply a great but un profitable diligence in doing any thing.

CAZCARRIAS, f. f. pl. the dirt on the borders of the garments.

CASCARRIE'NTO, adj. belonging to a draggled tail.

CAZICO, f. m. a little skillet of faucepan.

CAZO, f. m. a skillet, a faucepan, or any fuch fort of vessel; also a great spoon.

CAZOLE'JA, [f. f. a little fauce-CAZOLE'TA, | pan or pipkin; alfo the fire-pan of a gun.

CAZOLILLA, f. f. a little faucepan or pipkin.

CAZO'N, f. m. a feal-fish; a fealamprey; a cuttle-fish; an eel-

CAZONA'I, f. m. all the necessary instruments to catch the carón, as. ships, nets, hooks, &c.

CAZONE'TES, f. m. pl. particular round pieces or timber so called on board ships.

CAZUE'IA, f. f. a little skillet or saucepan, sometimes taken for the meat dressed in it.

Cazuéla, a separate place for women in the play-house.

Cazuela mongi, or mo xi, boiled spinach, mixed with eggs, and seasoned with salt an pepper.

CAZUMBRA'R, v. a. to splice the hooks of cask or veffel.

CAZUMBRE, f. m. the rope with which the cask or vessel is spliced. CAZUMBRO'N, f. m. the person who splices the casks or vessels; alfo one who takes care of the hoops.

CAZURRO, f. m. a filent, melancholly person; a clownish, unminnerly, lewd, and ugly per-

CAZZUZ, f. m. a plant fo called.

CE

CE, a foft way of calling; an authoritative restraint of speech.

CEA

CE'A, f. f. beer-barley, beer-corn. CEATICA, f. f. vide CIA TICA.

CEB

CEBA, f. f. a bait.
CEBADA, f. f. barley.
Dar cebada a tas caballerias, to feed
the horses with the measure of
oats.

CEBADAZO, adj. belonging to barley or oats.

CEBADE'RA, f. f. the sprit-sail or yard in a ship.

CEBADE'RO, f. m. a place to fatten any creatures in; also who gives provender to them; also a picture of domestic birds.

CEBADI'LLA, f. f. a kind of herb.

CEBADO'R, f. m. one who makes the baits for birds or beafts.

CEBA'R, v. a. to bait, to feed, to greafe, to tallow.

CEBELLI'NA, f. f. the animal called a fable.

Cebellinas, f. f. pl. the rich furrs called fables; fable-skins.

CEBI'CA, f. f. vide CIBI'CA. CEBO, f. m. the food or aliment;

cebo, f. m. the food or aliment; also a bait for animals.

Cebo, a bait, a charm, decoy.

Cebo de escopeta ù otra boca de suego, the prime, the powder put in the touch-hole or pan of a gun.

CEBO'LLA, f. f. an onion; any bulbous root.

Cebólla arbarrána, a wild onion; also a squiil or sea-onion.

Cebólla ascalonia, a scallion.

Cebólla, a fort of pottage made with onions.

CEBOLLA'R, f. m. a place where onions grow.

CEBOLLE'RO, adj. rustic, clownish.

CEBOLLE'TA, f. f. a young CEBOLLI'NO, f. m. onion.

CEBOLLU'DO, adj. belonging to an onion.

CEBO'N, f. m. a fatted hog; any fat beaft.

Eftar como un cebón, to grow very

CE'BRA, f. f. a beaft so called, a wild ass.

Fulina es cômo una cebra, fuch a woman is like the cebra; that is, high spirited and ungovernable.

Tom. I.

CEBRATA'NA, f. f. vide CEBRA

TA'NA.

CEBRE'RO, f. m. a kind of creamcheese so called.

CEC

CE'CA, f. f. a mint.

Andár de Céca en Meca, to faunter
about to no purpose.

CECEA'R, v. n. to lisp.

CECE'O, f. m. lisp; the act of
lisping: also a soft whistling.

CECE'O, f. m. lifp; the act of lifping; also a soft whistling, made to call one.

CECEO'SO, adj. one that lifps. CECIA'L, f. m. a fort of cod dried up; a thin and lean man.

CE'CIAS, f. m. an eafterly wind fo called.

CECILIA, f. f. a kind of ferpent.

CECI'NA, f. f. hung-beef or mutton: meat falted and hung up to dry; a very lean, thin man. CECINA'R, v. a. to falt and hang meat to dry.

CED

CEDACERIA, f. f. the place where the fieves are made or fold.

CEDACE'RO, f. m. a fieve-maker.
CEDACI'LLO,
CEDACI'TO,
f. m. a little fieve.

Prov. Cedacillo nuévo tres dlas en estáca, a new sieve is three days on the pin; that is, for the first three days any thing is taken care of and laid up, but afterwards neglected and thrown down any where.

CEDA'ZO, f. m. a fieve. CEDAZUE'LO, f. m. a little fieve. CEDE'R, v. a. to yield, to give

way, to quit, to refigu. CE'DO, adv. obf. foon, early,

hastily.

CE'DRIA, f. f. the gum of the

cedar-tree. CE'DRIS, f. m. the fruit of the

CE'DRIS, f. m. the fruit of the cedar-tree.
CE'DRO, f. m. a cedar-tree.

CE'DULA, f.f. a schedule, a scroll, a bill. note, a ticket, an obligation, a writ, a warrant; any short writing.

Cédula, reál, an order, grant, or warrant from the king.

Cédula de alquilér, bill upon a house to show it is to be let.

CEDULI'LLA, f. f. a little bill, note, or writing.

CEDULO'N, f. m. a great bill, note, or writing; also a satire, or lampoon against a person.

Poner cedulónes, to publish satires, of lampoons.

CEG

CEGAGE'S, f. m. purblindness, dimness of fight.

CEGAGEA'R; v. n. to be purblind, or dim-fighted.

CEGA'JO, f. m. a rustic word for a hegoat two years old.

CEGAJO'SO, adj. purblind, dimfighted.

CEGA'L, adj. purblind, dimfighted.

CEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. stopping up of any place or hole.

CEGA'R, v. a. to blind; to darken, to obscure to the eye or to the understanding.

Cegár, to grow blind.

CEGARRAPO'SO, adj. short or weak-fighted.

CEGARRITA, adj. short-fighted.

A cegaritas, adv. with the eyes
shut, blindfold, or blindly.

CEGATE'RO, f. m. f. the person who sells any thing.

CEGA'TO, adj. videCEGAJO'SO. CEGATO'SO, adj. vide CEGA-JO'SO.

CEGUEDA'D, f. f. blindness.

Ceguedád, ignorance.
CEGUEJA'R, v. a to do any thing
blindly, to act blindness.

CEGUE'RA, f. f. blindness.

CEGUEZUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of cégo.

CEGUIñUE'LA, f. f. a particular piece of timber so called on board a ship.

CEGU'TA, f. f. hemlock.

CEI

CEIBA, f. f. a large American tree fo called.

V

CEJ

CEJA, f. f. the eye-brow; an edging to a garment, or any thing that is worn; in musical infiruments, the little thing that raises the strings at the neck that they may not lie stat along it; also the edge of a mountain.

Enarcár las cejas, to draw up the eye-brows, as when we gaze at any thing with admiration.

Pelirje las cijas, to lose the hair of the eye-brows; that is, to muse or study so hard till a man burns his hair; also to pull one's eyebrows for vexation.

Darle a uno entre ceja y ceja, to hit a man betwirt the eye-brows; that is, to fay or do any thing that touches him to the quick.

CEJADE'RO, f. m. a leather strap put behind a coach-box.

CEJA'R, v. n. to put bach a coach, or cart, or the like, making the horses go backward; to resist, withstand.

CEJIJU'NTO, adj. that has his eyebrows joined.

CE'JO, f. m. vide CE'#O.

CEJU'DO, adj. beetle-browed, one that has bushy eye-brows.

CEL

CELA'DA, f. f. an ambush; affo a helmet, and place of ambush; also a treacherous trick, a fraud, a deceir.

Cair ò dar en la celada, to fall into an ambush.

Ponér ó armár celáda, to lay an ambush. CELADAME'NTE, adj. privily, clandestinely, secretly.

CELADI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of celdda.

CELADO'R, f. m. vide ZELA-

DOR. CELA'GE, f. m. the variety of

Cellige (en la pintura) the heaven painted in a picture.

Celáge, a presage.

colours in the clouds.

CELAR, v. a. to conceal, to hide; also to be jealous.

CE'LDA, f. f. a cell, properly of a religious man in a monastery; also any small and peaceable place of residence.

CELDI'LLA, \ f. f. diminutive of CELDI'TA, \ ctida.

CELEBE'RRIMO, adj. very celebrated, famous.

CELEBRACIO'N, f. f. celebration, a folemnity, also praise, applause, approbation.

CELEBRADO'R, f. m. one that celebrates, folemnizes, or applauds.

CELEBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a celebrating, or folemnizing, or applauding.

CELEBRA'NTE, f. m. the priest who celebrates the mass.

CELEBRA'R, v. a. to celebrate, to folemnize, to applaud, to extol.

Celebrár la filflas, to keep holidays. Celebrár la missa, to say mass.

CE'LEBRE, adj. renowned, famous.

Fiefia célebre, a great holiday.

CELEBREME NTE, adv. famoufly, remarkably, nobly.

CELEBRE'RO, T. m. he that performs fome ecclefialtical function, especially that of burial.

CELEBRIDA'D, f. f. a folemnity. CELE'BRO, f. m. the brain.

Celébro, f. m. science, learning, wisdom, knowledge, experience. It is also taken for the head.

Caér de celébro, to fall down backwards.

CELEDO'NIA, f. f. the herb celandine, fwallow-wort, tenter-wort, or filken-fifley.

CELE'MA, f. m. the fish called a shad, or fea-raven; also used for zaléma.

CELEMIN, f. m. a dry measure answerable to our peck, not much differing from it in quantity.

CELEMINA'DA, f. f. the quantity of any thing which is contained in a peck.

CELEMINE'RO, f. m. one that measures, or sells out by the peck, a retailer.

CE'LER, adj. fwift.

CELERAR, v. a. vide ACCELE-RA'R.

CELERA'RIO, adj. that hastens or makes speed.

CELERIDA'D, f. f. swiftness. CELE'STE, adj. heavenly.

Azúl celéste, sky-colour.

CELESTIA'L, adj. heavenly, celeffial.

Celeftiál, perfect, complete.

CELESTIALME'NTE, adv. after an heavenly manner.

CELE'STRE, adj. vide CELE'S-TE.

CE'LIA, f. f. a fort of drink made almost like our beer.

CELIA'CO, adj. fick of the bellyach, griped in the guts, that one cannot go to flool, nor hardly fetch one's breath.

CELIBA'TO, f. m. celibacy, fingle life.

CE'LIBE, f. m. a bachelor.

CELI'CIO, f. m. vide CILI'CIO.
CE'LICO, adj. belonging to heaven.

CELI COLA, f. m. an inhabitant of heaven, used in poetry.

CELI'COLO, adj. celestial, heavenly.

CELIDO'NIA, f. f. the herb pilewort, or celandine.

CELITA, f. f. a kind of great fish, plentifully up the Streights.

CELLE'NCO, adj. infirm, weak, worn out with age.

CELLERI'ZO, f. m. an economist, one who manages domestic affairs.

CELLISCA, f.f. a tempest of rain and wind.

CE'I.O, f. m. zeal. Vide ZEIO. CELOGI'A, f. f. latrice for win-

CELOSIA. dows, doors, or the like, being small laths in chequers, which hang before the windows.

CELSITU'D, highness, lostiness. CE'LULA, f. f. diminutive of cella.

CEM

CEMENTADO'R, f. m. one that lays a foundation, or that cements. CEMENTA'R, v. a. to lay the foundation; also to cement. CEMENTE'RIO, f. m. a church-

ya:d,

CEN

CE'NA, f. f. a supper.

Céna a escuras, a covetous wretch, who will not allow himself so much at light to eat his supper

CENA'CHO, f. m. a pannier or

CENA'CULO, f. m. a dining or Supping room.

CENADA'L, f. m. vide CENA-GA'L.

CENADE'RO, f. m. a parlour or supping room.

CENADO'R, f. m. a dining or fupping room, an arbour or fummer-house in a garden to sup in, in hot weather.

CENAGA'L, f. m. a bog, a quagmire, a dirty, muddy place.

CENAGOSO, adj. dirty, muddy, mirv.

CENA'R, v. a. to Sup.

CENCE'nO, adj. fingle, spare, lean, thin, dry.

Pan concéño, unleavened bread. CENCE'RRA, f. f. vide CEN-CE'RRO.

CENCERRA'DA, f. f. the noise of many bells hung to the necks of animals,

CENCERREAR, v. a. to ring a low bell; to faunter about.

CENCERRI'L, adj. belonging to

CENCERRILLA, f. f. f. 2 little CENCERRILLO, f. m. bell for a cow or bell-wether.

CENCE'RRO, f. m. a bell, fuch as is hung about a cow or a bellwether.

Prov. No quiéro pérro con cencerro, I will not have a dog with a bell; that is, I will not engage myfelf in any noify or quarrelfome

Irfe a concerros tapados, to steal away privately, because carriers when they are to go through some place where they fear thieves, take off their bells, that they may not give notice of their approach.

Levantir el campo a cencerros tapados, to raife a camp, and march away without beat of drum.

Fuláno es un cencérro, fuch a one is a babbling, practing fellow.

CENCERRO'N, f. m. a great horsebell; also a great cluster of any fort of fruit.

CENCERRUNO, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a little

CE'NCHRIS, f. f. a green serpent fo called.

CENCIDO, adj. fmooth, bald, bare, uncultivated.

CE'NCRO, f. m. a kind of ferpent with a spotted belly.

CENDA'L, f. m. a fine linen, as lawn, or fine filk like tiffany.

CENDOLI'LLA, f. f. a restless little wench, that cannot be quiet in a place.

CE'NDRA, f. f. the ashes goldfmiths use to clean plate or refine filver.

Céndra, s. f. a neat, clean, well dreffed perfon.

CENDRA'R, v. a. to cleanse. purify, or refine.

Plata cendrada, pure fine silver. CENEDAL, f. m. vide CENA-

GA'L.

CENE'FA, f. f. the vallance of a bed, or any fuch thing hanging round a garment.

CENICE'RO, f. m. the place where the ashes are put.

CENICIE'NTO, adj. the colour of ashes, or mixed with ashes: also pale-coloured, speaking of perions.

CENITH, f. m. the zenith, the point in heaven directly over our head, the vertical point, from which dropping an imaginary line through the earth, is formed the opposite point on the other side the fphere called nadir.

CENIZA, f. f. ashes.

Miercoles de centza, Ash-Wednesday. Prov. Allegár centza, y desperdiciar harina, to gather ashes, and waste meal; to save what's worth nothing, and be lavish of what is valuable; to fave at the fpiggot, and let run out at the bung.

CENIZA'R, v. a. to cover, or sprinkle with ashes.

CENIZE'RO, f. m. the place

under the oven where they throw the ashes.

CENIZO, f. m. an herb whereof there are three forts, favory, marjoram with the small leaf and penny-royal with the broad leaf.

CENIZO'SO, adj. vide CENI-CIENTO.

CENOBIA'L, adj. belonging to celibacy or to a monastery.

CENOBIO, f. m. a monastery.

CENOBITA, f. m. the person who professes a monk's life.

CENOBI'TICO, adj. vide CENO-BIAL.

CENOGFL, f. m. a garter.

CENO'RIA, f. f. carrots.

CENO'SO, adj. full of mud or

CENOTA'PHIO, f. m. an empty tomb raised in honour of a de.d person, whose body is in another place.

CENSATA'RIO, f. m. he that is obliged to the payment of an annuity out of his estate.

CENSE'RO, f. m. a farmer.

CE'NSO, f. m. a charge upon a man's estate, as of an annuity, a revenue, a tax, the feffing or rating a man's goods,

Cénso perpétuo, a yearly income, or revenue upon an estate for ever. which the owner of the estate cannot buy off, unless he to whom it belongs pleafes to fell.

Cénfo el quitár, an annuity payable out of an estate, for a valuable consideration given, till the owner of the estate pleases, to refund the fame received, which he may do without asking consent of the person to whom it is due. .

Cénso de por vida, an annuity for life, a life-rent.

CENSO'R, f. m. a cenfor, a reformer of manners; also a taxer or feffor.

Cenfor, one who cenfors and detracts from another's character.

CENSUA'L, adj. that is tied to pay an annuity, charged with it.

CENSUALI'STA, f. m. the person who gathers annuities or taxes.

CENSUA'R, v. a. to gather taxes or annuities.

V 2

CENSU'RA, f. f. a cenfure; also fessing or rating; blame, reproach. CENSURADO'R, f. m. a censor, a reformer of manners; also one who detracts from another's cha-

CENSURA'R, v. a. to censure, to reform manners; to detract from another's character.

CENSURISTA, f. m. vide CEN-SURADO'R.

CENTA'URA, (f. f. the herb CENTA'UREA, centaury.

CENTA'URO, f. m. a centaur, a monfter poets feigned to be half horse, and half man; metaph. a wkimfical man.

CENTE'LIA, f.f. a spark of fire, a thunderbolt; a small motive or occasion; also the herb wolf-bane, and a shell-fish that shines.

Prov. De pequéña centélla gran hoguéra, a little spark raises a great fire; small causes sometimes produce great effects.

CENTELLADURA, f.f. a sparkling.

CENTELLADO'R, adj. sparkling. CENTELLA'R, v. n. to sparkle. CENTELLICA, (if f. diminutive CENTELLITA, of centélla.

CENTELLO'N, f. m. augm. of centélla.

CENIELLUE'LA, f. f. a little fpark of fire.

CENTE'NA, f. f. the place of hundreds in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds.

Una centéna, an hundred.

CENTENA'DA, f. f. the numbering by hundreds.

CENTENA'L, f. m. a field of rye. CENTENA'R, f. m. an hundred or the hundredth.

CENTENA'RIO, f. m. the hundreth, an hundred, belonging to an hundred.

CENTE'NO, f. m. rye.

Dar en úna cófa cómo en centéno vérde, to fall on as it were on a green rye; to confume a thing in a very short time.

CENTE'SIMO, adj. belonging to hundred, hundredth.

CENTIMA'NO, adj. that has a hundred hands, as poets feigued the giant Briareus.

CENTI'NA, f. f. a term among architeds, fignifying a line drawn from the point of the upper and lower retraction of a column to the point of the diameter, that marks out the middle part of the column. CENTINE'LA, f. f. a centinel; also one that observes curiously and is peeping at.

Centinéta perdida, a centinel loft; that is, one that is in fome very dangerous post near an enemy, in hazard of being lost.

CENTINO'DIA f. f. knot-grafs. CENTIPLICA'DO, adj. centuplicate, multiplied an hundred times. CENTO'LA, f. f. a crab.

CENTO'LLA, f. f. a tortoife.

CENTO'N, f. m. a fort of poetry gathered out of many authors. CENTO'RIA, f. f. the herb cen-

central DO, adj. belonging to

the center.

CENTRA'L,
CENTRICAL,

adj. belonging to the center or midft.

CE'NTRO, f. m. the center, the point whence all lines drawn to the circumference are equal; what is more distant from the surface.

Estár en su céntro, to be at pleasure.
CENTU'RIA, f. f. a century, a hundred years; also a company of an hundred men; a hundred of any thing.

of any thing.

CENTURIANA'ZGO, f. in. the office or post of a captain commanding a hundred mea.

CENTURIO, f. m. a centurion,
CENTURIO'N, a captain that
commands an
hundred men.

CENTURIONA'ZGO, f. m. the office of a centurion, his dignity, his rank.

CENZA'YA, f. f. a girl kept to look after children.

CEñ

CEñAR, v. a. to frown, to look angry, to ruffle the countenance, so as to feem in a passion.
CEñIDE'RO, f. m. a girdle.
CEñIDOR, f. m. a girdle, fuch as are worn by ministers.

CEnIDORCILLO, f. m. a little girdle.

CETIDU'RA, f. f. girding.

CEnTR, v. a. to gird, to encom-

Centrie en la oración, to abridge one's discourse.

Centr espáda, to gird on a sword, to come to a man's estate, to wear a sword.

CE'nO, f. m. a lowring, frowning, or stern look.

Prov. Céño y enseño del mal hijo háze buéno, frowns and teaching makes a bad son good; that is, severity and good instructions correct youth.

CEROSO, adj. frowning.

CEnU'DILLO, adj. diminut. of cenudo.

CEnUDO, adj. one that looks angrily, frowning, or lowring.

CEP

CE'PA, f. f. the body of the vine, whence the branches shoot out; the botrom or foot of any tree; the foundation of a house; also a hedge.

De buéna cépa, of a good stock , or race.

CEPE'A, f. f. an herb, purssane, or brooklime.

CEPEJO'N, f. m. the thickest part of a branch lopt from a tree.

CEPHA'LICA, f. f. a large vein going from the arm to the head. CEPHA'LICO, adj. cepta'ic, that,

which is medicinale to the head. CE'PHO, f. m. a beaft found in Ethiopia, which is faid to have the hind legs like a man.

CEPI'LLA, f. f. a little body of a vine.

CEPILLADURAS, f. f. chips, shavings of wood, that come off in planing.

CEPILLA'R, v. a. to chip, to plane as joyners do.

CEPPILO, f. m. a block, a joyner's tool.

CE'PO, f. m. the flocks to put offenders into; a box for the poor; a clog; a gin to catch wolves or other wild beafts.

Cépo de la ancia, the anchor-stock,

a piece of timber fastened at the nnts of the anchor, crossing the flooks, to guide them, that one of the flooks may be sure to fasten in the ground.

Cépos quédos, be careful and filent; fpoken when any person makes a digression from the proper story he began.

CEPOLERIA, f. f. a cheat.

CEQ

CEQUI, f. f. a gold coin the Moors have.

CER

CE'RA, f. f. wax.

Céra hiláda, the fmall wax candle
they make into books.

Hacer de uno cera y pabilo, to turn a man which way one pleases, as one does a small wax - candle.

Fulano es hecho de cera, fuch a one is made of wax; that is, he is good-natured and tracable.

No te ha quedado fiquiera cera en el oydo, he has not fo much as the vax in his earsleft him; that is, he has loft all, he is come to nothing.

Cerá péz, f. f. a fort of ointment made with wax and pitch.

CERASTE, horns.

CERA'STICO, adj. belonging to cerafta.

CERBATA'NA, f. f. a trunk to shoot clay bullets; also a pop-gun or any hollow thing.

CERBE'LO, f. m. the brain.

CE'RBERO, f. m. rhe dog Cerberus.

CE'RCA, adv. about, near, nigh, close by.

Cérca, f. f. an encosure, hedge, wall, or the like.

CERCADA'NZA, f. f. obf. the act of approaching or going near.

CERCA'DO, f. m. an enclosure. CERCADO'R, f. m. he that encloses, besets, besieges, or emcompasses.

CERCADURA, S. f. plate chaced

or engraven, any turned or emboffed work.

CERCANAME'NTE, adv. nearly.

CERCANIA, f. f. nearness.

CERCANIDA'D, f. f. nearness; also kindred or relations.

CERCA'NO, adj. near at hand; also friend or parent.

CERCA'R, v. a. to exclofe, to before, to besiege, to encompass, to wall, hedge, or fence.

CERCEGANILLO, f. m. a cold cutting north wind.

CERCE'N, adv. even with the root, close to the bottom; as, cortár las oréjas a cercén, to cut off the ears close to the head.

CERCE'NA, f. f. a cutting short, cutting round, clipping, diminifhing.

CERCENADO'R, f. m. one who clips or cuts.

CERCENADURA, f. f. clipping, that which is clipped or cut off. CERCENA'R, v. a. to clip, to diminish, to cut round, to retrench; to detract; that is, to clip a man's reputation.

CERCE'RA, f. f. a vent to let in air.

CERCE'TA, f. f. a moor-hen; a teal.

Cercétas de ciérvo, the brow-antlers of a buck or stag.

CE'RCHA, f. f. a wooden rule used by carpenters.

CERCHO'N, f. m. a board fo called, used in architecture.

CERCILLO, f. m. vide ZARCIL-LO.

Cercillo de vid, the tendril of a vine.

CERCIORA'R, v. a. to affure, to make certain, manifest, clear, conspicuous.

CE'RCO, f. m. a hoop, a fiege, a ring of men, a winding or compassing about.

Cérco de cúba, a hoop.

Cérco de la túna, the round of the full moon.

Tómar un gran cérco, to take a great compass about.

Hacer un cérco con el compás, to firike a circle with the compaffes. Ponér cérco a un lugár, to besiege á town.

Un cerco de hômbres, a ring of men. Entrér en cerco, to get into a circle, to conjure, as witches. do.

CERCOPITE' O, f. m. a kind of ape that has a long tail.

CE'RDA, f. f. in cant, a knife. Cèrda, f. f. a hog's briftle, or the firong hair of a horse's main or tail.

CERDA'MEN, f. m. handfull of hogs briftles.

CERDA'NA, f. f. a dance so called.

CERDAZO, f. m. vide CEDA'-

CERDEA'R, v. n. to walk as if lame: faid of horses and bulls. CE'RDO, f. m. a hog.

CERDO'N, f. m. a fort of fea-

CERDO'SO, adj. briftly.

CERDU'DO, f. m. a hog. CEREBE'LO, f. m. the brain.

CERE'BRO, f. m. vide CELE'-BRO.

CERECE'DA, f. f. the chain with which the galley-flaves are bound. CERECI'TA, f. f. diminutive of certia.

CEREMO'NIA, f. f. a ceremony.

CEREMONIA'L, f. m. the book of ceremonies.

Ceremoniál, adj. belonging to a ceré mony.

ceremoniaticame NTE, adv. ceremoniously.

CERAMONIATI- adj. ceremoCO, nious, forCEREMONIOSO, mal, full of
ceremony.

CEREMONIOSAME'NTE, adv. cere moniously, formally.

CERERI'A, f. f. a wax - chandler's shop, or the fireet where the wax-chandlers live.

CERE'RO, f. m. a wax-chandler. CE'RES, f. f. the goddes of corn. CERE'ZA, s. f. a cherry.

Ceréza garrofál, the largest size of cherries.

CEREZA'L, f. m. the place where the cherry-trees grow.

CERE'ZEZO, f. f. in cant, a chain. CERE'ZEZO, f. m. a cherry-tree. CEREGA'ZOS, f. m. the plant called the holly-rose.

CEREBO'NES, f. m. a word corrupted from cédere bonis, the act of delivering up all one has.

CERIA'L f. m. obf. a taper, a large wax-candle used in Roman churches.

CERIBONES, f. m. the cession CERIBONES, f. m. pl. of all our goods to our creditors.

Hacer ceribones, to behave with humility towards. one.

CERIFICO, adj. belonging to wax. CERI'LLA, f. f. a little wax-candle. Cerilla, f. f. a wax-tablet.

Cerillas, lip-falve.

CERIMO'NIA, f. f. a ceremony, a form.

CERIMONIO'SO, adj. vide CE-REMONIO'SO.

CERMERA, f. f. a muscadine pear. CERMERO, f. m. a pear- tree so called.

'ERNA'DA, f. f. buck-ashes; also a fort of dance.

CERNADE'RO, f. m. a coarfe cloth trough which they strain the lye to buck cloaths.

CERNEDE'RO, f. m. the place where they fift, or the cloth they put before them when they are fifting.

CERNE'JAS, f. f. the fetlock of a horse.

CERNE'R, v. a to fift; also to hang in the air without moving from one place, only beating the wings and tail; also to judge, to examine.

Cernér las vides, to begin to blossom.

Prov. Cernér, cerner, y facár poca harina, the more you sist, the less you willd find; the more disturbance you make, the less advantage you will seap; more noise than work,

CERNICALO, f. m. a hawk, called a keftrel or wind-whiffer. In cant, it is a woman's mantle. CERNIDO'R, f. m. one that fifts. CERNIDU'RA, f. f. fifting. CERNIR, v. a. vide CERNE'R. CE'RO, f. m. a cypher in arithmetic, which flands for nothing. CEROFERA'RIO, f. m. a man hired to carry a wax-flambeau at a functal or in processions.

CERO'N, f. m. vide SERO'N. CERO'SO, adj. belonging to wax. CERO'TE, f. m. shoe-makers wax. CERO'TO, f. m. a cere-cloth made with wax, rofin, or gum.

CERQUI'LLO, f. m. a little circle, or ring.

CERQUITA, adv. near at hand. CERQUITO, f. m. a little circle, or ring.

CERRA'DA, s. f. the thickest part of a skin of any beast.

CERRADAME'NTE, adv. clofely, fecretly.

CERRADE'ROS, f. m. pl. the firings of a purse to draw it up together; also any impediment.

CERRADILLO, adj. diminutive of certádo.

CERRA'DO, f. m. a filent man, one who speaks little.

Cerrádo de barba, strong-bearded. Cerrádo de moltéra, peevish, obstinate, strong-headed.

Cerridos los ojos, blindly; alfo inconfiderately.

A pubria ceruda et diablo se vuelve, when the door is shut the devil will go back; that is, when any one knows another to be cautious, the more difficulty he will find in completing his design.

Cièrra España, the cry of the soldiers when they engage in battle, encouraging one another to close with the enemy, for it it signifies: close Spain, that is, Spaniards close with your ennemy.

CERRADO', R, f. m. one who locks, shuts, or makes fast the door.

CERRADURA, f. f. a lock. Cerradúra de góipe, a spring-lock.

Prov. No hay cerradúra dónde es de óro la ganzúa, there is no lock proof against a golden pick-lock.

CERRADURI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of cerradura.

CERRAGE'RO, f. m. vide CAR-RAJE'RO,

CERRA'JA, f. f. a lock.

Certijas, the fow-thiftle, whereof there are many forts.

Toto es agua de cerrajas, it is all fowthistle water. This they say

when a man talks much and little to the purpose.

CERRA'JE, f. m. vide SER-RA'LLO.

CERRAJERIA, f. f. the shop or fireet where locks are made and fold.

CERRAJE'RO, f. m. a lockfmith.

CERRA'LLAS, f. f. pl. in cant, locks.

CERRA'LLE, f. m. fo the Spaniards corruptly pronounce and write the feraglio.

CERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cloifter, or other place where any living thing is enclosed.

Cerramiinto, a partition-wall.

CERRA'R, v. a. to shut, to lock, to close up, to charge.

Cerrár la béstia, 6 ser cerráda, when a beast's age cannot be known by his teeth, when the mark is out of the horse's mouth.

Cerrárse de camplina, to resolve not to grant what is asked.

Cerrár con lo que se vénde, to strike up a bargain without much haggling.

Cenar los ójos a lo que fe va a hacer, to go about a thing without confidering.

Cerrurse la moltéra, is for the skull to close, to begin to have discretion.

Cerrár la cuénta, to close the account.
Cerrárse las velaciones, is for the time
when marriage is forbid to come
on.

Cerrurse las heridas, is for wounds to close and heal.

Cerrar puerto, to take away an opportunity, to deny positively.

Cerrár con el enemigo, to close with the enemy.

Cerrar con alguno, to run upon any one with violence or precipitation.

CERRAURIAL, f. m. obf. a waterduct.

CERRAZO'N, f. f. close, gloomy weather.

CERRE'RO, or CERRI'L, adj. untamed, wild.

Cert!, unpolished, intractable.

CERRI'LLO, f. m. a little hill or ridge,

CERRION, a great flake of curdled milk, an icicle; a drop hanging at the nofe.

CE'RRO, f. m. a hill; the ridge of a hill, the ridge of the back; a task of wool, hemp, or flax, as much as is put on the rack at once to fpin. In cant, the key, or the key-hole.

Cerro enriscado, a steep inaccessible ridge.

Trairle a uno la mano por el cerro, to firoke, to allure, to coax, to flatter.

Cabalgadúra en cérro, a beaft barebacked without a faddle.

Beber en ceiro, to drink fasting.

Tomár úna cófa en cérro, to take a thing bare, or to take words in the plain sense.

Ir por los cérros Ubeda, to run from one thing to another in discourse, and talk remote from the business.

CERRO'JO, f. m. a bolt. CERRO'N, f. m. in cant, a key. CE'RTA, f. f. in cant, a shirt,

or fmock.

CERTA'MEN, f. m. a ftrife, a

battle; an argument.

CERTERI'A, f. f. dexterity in shooting at a mark.

CERTE'RO, f. m. a good markfman, one that guesses right.

CERTE'ZA, f. f. certainty, furety. CERTIDUMBRE, f. f. certaint. CERTIFICACIO'N, f. f. certifi-

cation, or a certificate.

CERTIFICADAMENTE, adv. affuredly, certainly.

CERTIFICADO'R, f. m. the perfon who certifies.

CERTIFICAMIE'NTO, f. m. a certifying.

CERTIFICA'R, v. a to certify, to affure, to give, to understand, to ascertain.

Conficure, to inform one's felf thoroughly, to be certified of a thing. CERTIFCIATORIA, f. f. a cer-

CERTINIDA'D, f. f. certainty. CERTITU'D, f. f. certainty, certitude.

CERTO'N, f. m. in cant, a lock that shuts in clapping a door hard. CERVA'L, adj. like or pertaining to a hart or buck. Miedo cervál, a great fright.

CERVA'RIO, adj. belonging to
an hart or buck.

CERVATILLO, f. m. a hind, CERVATICO, the fawn of a red deer.

CERVA'TO, f. m. a hart called a fpitter, having young horns without knags or tines.

CERVECERYA, f. f. a brewhoufe, a place where beer is fold.

CERVECE'RO, f. m. a brewer. CERVE'ZA, f. f. beer or ale. CERUGI'A, f. m. vide CIRUGI'A. CERUJA'NO, f. f. vide CIRU-JANO.

CERVICABRA, f. f. a beaft between a goat and a deer. CERVIOG'SO, adj. thick-nec-CERVIGU'DO, ked. CERVIGUILLO, f. m. the nape of the neck.

CERVI'Z, f. f. the neck.

Hómbre de dúra cervlz, a stiss-necked
man, obstinate and perverse.

Abaxár la cervlz, to submit.

CERU'LEO, adj. sky. coloured

CERU'LEO, adj. sky-coloured. CERU'SA, f. f. ceruse, whitelead.

CERVUNO, adj. of or belonging to a hart or stag.

CES

CE'SAR, the name given to the emperor.

O Cefar o nada, neck or nothing. CESA'REO, adj. imperial, belonging to the emperor.

CE'SGO, f. m. the cut or floping of a garment, or the like. Also demure.

CESO'N, adj. that is ript or cut out of his mother's belly.
CESPE'D, f. m. a turf of fod.

CESSA'R, v. n. to cease, to give over.

CESSASSION, f. f. ceasing, giving over.

CESSIC'N, f. f. refignation, delivering up one's right.

CESSIONA'RIO, f. m. the person in whose favour the cession is made.

CL'STA, f. f. a basket. CESTA'nO, f. m. a little basket. CESTERIA, f. f. the fireet where they fell or make baskers.
CESTE'RO, f. m. a basker-maker

or feller.

CESTICA, f. f.

CESTITA 5 -

CESTILIA, f. m. a little basket, CESTILLO, f. m.

CE'STO, f. m. a great basket, a flasket, a hamper, a pannier.

Fulino es un césto, such a one is a dunce.

Coger agua en cesto, to take up water in a basket; to labour in vain.

CESTO'N, f. m. any great basker. CESTONA'DA, f. f. a basker full; a piece of nonfense.

CESTONA'ZO, f.m. augmentative of cefton, and a blow given with a basket.

CESTONEA'R, v. a. to make baskets; to play the dunce.

CESTRE'O, f. m. muller, a feafish.

CESURA, f. f. a figure in rhetoric, when the last lyllable of a word is cut off.

CET

CETA'CEO, adj. belonging to specar fea-fish.

CETERA'QUE, f. m. the herb fpleenwort.

CETI', f. m. a fine fort of white filk.

CETPS, f. m. obf. a coin formerly used, the eighteenth part of a farthing.

CE'TO, f. m. a whale, or any great feafish.

CE'TRA, f. f. a short fquare target or buckler made of the ounce or buffalo's hide.

CETRA'TO, adj. armed with the defensive weapon called cetrs.

CETRE, f. m. the recipient wherein the holy water is kept by the Roman Catholics.

CETRERI'A, f. f. hawking, or the art of faulconry.

CETRE'RO, f. m. a faulconer.

Cetréro de igléfia, the verger of a church.

cetrifero, adj. fovereige, that bears the sceptre.

CETRI'NO, adj. pale-yellow;

also a fort of ointment women use for their faces, made with citron-peel.

CE'TRO, f. m. a scepter.

CEV

CEVA'DA, f. f. barley. CEVI'L, adj. vide CIVI'L.

CEU

CEUROGIA, f. f. vide CIRU-

CEUTI, f. m. a small fort of coin used at Ceuta.

Ceutles limones, lemons, the plants where of were first brought from

CHA

CHABACANERIA, f. f. a bad composition, without art or regularity.

CHABACA'NO, adj. done after a mean low manner, without rule or order.

CHABE'TA, f. f. an iron that fastens two iron-bars or iron-rings together.

CHABO, f. m. a fmall copper

'CHABRA'NA, f. f. the adornments of porches or doors wrought in timber or stones.

CHA'BRO, f. m. a sea-crab.

CHA'CHARA, f. f. a discourse of trivial things.

CHACHARE'RO, f, m, the person who speaks much about trifles.

CHACHARO'N, f. m. a great talker and liar.

CHACHARREA'R, v. a. to chatter, to prattle,

CHACHO, f. m. a term at the game at ombre, which means

CHACHOTE'RO, adj. a jesting, a merry companion.

CHACOLI, f. m. a poor small

CHACOLOTEA'R, v. n. to crack or make a noise as an horse-shoe when it is loofe.

Prov. Herradura que chacolotéa slavo le falta, the horse-shoe that makes a noise wants a nail; that is, he that boafts much of his birth and riches commonly wants it more than others.

CHA

CHACO'NA, s. f. a dance so called.

CHACONI'STA, f. m. a dancer. CHACO'TA, s. f. a jest, a noise made by way of scoff or jest.

Hacer chacóta, to make a jest of, to scoff at.

CHACOTEA'R, v. n. to make a noise of jesting and merriment.

CHA'CRA, f. f. a house built without ornaments or not according to the rules of architecture.

CHACUA'CO, f. m. a ruftic, clownish, unpolished fellow.

CHAFALDE'TE, f. m. the main tack, which is a great rope fastened to the clew of the fail of a

CHAFALLA'R, v. a. to patch, to botch.

CHAFA'LLO, f. m. a patch in old cloaths, an old rag, or patched garment.

CHAFALLO'N, f. m. a botcher a floven, a man dirtily dreffed or ill dreffed.

CHAFA'R, v. a. to cut, to deftroy.

CHAFARINO'N, f. m. a blot or an ugly flourish made with an awkward and great stroke of the pen, or any pointed iron-tool.

CHAFARO'TE, f. m. a great broad crooked fword.

CHAFARRINA'DA, f. f. a blot made with a pen.

CHAFELETE, f. m. the clewgarnet, a rope made fast to the clew of a fail.

CHAFLA'N, f. m. an obtuse angle.

CHAFLANA'R, v. a. to cut an angle, so as to make it obtuse. CHALA'N, f. m. dealer, chap-

CHA'LCEDONIA, f. f. a precious

ftone so called. CHA'LCIDES, f, f, a fish like a pilchard.

CHA'LCITES, f. f. a precious stone fo called.

CHALUPA, f. f. a boat.

CHA'MA, f. f. in cant, money. CHA'MALEON, f. m. a chame-

leon, a little beaft, like a lizard. Chamaleon, a flatterer, a time-ser-

CHAMARE', f. m. a thing adorned with gold and filver lace.

CHAMARILLE'RO, f. m a sharper, a gamefter, a cheat.

CHAMARI'Z, f. m. a bird called a witwal, a lariot, a yellowhammer.

CHAMA'RRA, f. f. a long coat CHAMA'RRO, f. m. or garment, made of sheeps-skins with the wool on.

CHAMARKA'SCA, f. f. that minute wood, branches, and leaves, that remain when a heap of burning wood is removed, which, when burnt, give but a short

CHAMBE'RGA, f. f. a great coat.

CHAMBE'RGO, f. m. an officer called so from chamberga.

CHAMBRA'NA de puérta, any ornament about the posts or jambs of a door.

CHAMEDA'PHNE, f. m. the herb perriwinkle.

CHAME'DREOS, f. f. the herb germander.

CHAMELETO'N, f. m. a stuff of wool, thicker than camblet.

CHAMELE'UCA. f. f. the coltsfoot or affes foot, growing in corn fields.

CHAMELO'TE, f. m. camblet; alfo tabby.

CHAMEPITE'OS, f. m. the herb groundpine.

CHAMERLU'CO, f. m. a fort of long caffock. CHAMESY'SE, f. f. a kind of

CHAMICE'RA, f. f. a wood that is half burnt,

herb.

CHAMICE'RO, adj. belonging to burnt wood.

CHAMI'ZA, f. m. a fort of reed growing in lakes.

CHAMI'ZO, f. m. vide CHAMI-CE'RA.

CHAMO'RRA, f. f. the top of the head clipped, or sheared, speaking of beafts.

CHAMORRADA

CHAMORRA'DA, f. f. a blow with the head in butting.

CHAMORRA'R, v. a. to take off the hair, properly to clip affes, as they do in Spain.

CHAMO'RRO, adj. bald, without hair.

Trigo chambero, corn that grows without beards or aunes.

CHAMPIO'N, f. m. the person who separates those that quarrel.

CHAMPURRA'R, v. a. to mix liquors.

CHAMUSCADU'RA, f. f. finging.

CHAMUSCA'R, v. a. to finge, to be fuddled.

CHAMUSCO, f. m. finging.

CHAMUSCO'N, f. m. augm. of chamújco.

CHAMUSQUI'NA, f. f. finging; also a quarrel between several persons.

CHANCEA'R, v. n. to jeft merrily; to play at cards, dice, or any other game.

CHANCELA'R, v. a. vide CAN-CELA'R.

CHANCELLE'R, f. m. v. CHAN-CILLE'R.

CHANCERO, adj. merry, festivous; in cant, a cunning thies. CHANCHA, s. f. a deceit, a lie. CHANCILLE'R, s. m. a chan-

CHANCILLERE'SCO, adj. belonging to the chancery.

CHANCILLERI'A, f. f. the court of chancery; the dignity of chancellor.

CHANCLE'TAS, f. f. flippers without heels.

CHA'NCLO, f. m. a fort of shoe with soles made of wood.

CHANCOS, S. m. pl. clogs to wear in dirt.

CHANFA'INA, f. f. a bawd; a thing of no worth; a jeft; a thing of nothing; a dish of lights.

CHANFLO'N, adj. cearfe, unpolished, made without art.

CHANQUL'TA, f. m. f. vide CHANCLE'TA.

CHANSONL'TA, f. f. a fong, a ballad.

CHANTA'R, v. n. to talk boldly.

Tom. I.

CHANTILLO'N, f. m. a rule or measure used by workmen in wood and in iron.

CHA'NTRE, f. m. the chanter in a cathedral.

CHANTRIA, f. f. the dignity or office of a chanter.

CHA'NLA, f. f. a jest; fubrility, craft, cunning.

CHANZA'INA, f. f. in cant, a trick, a fetch.

CHANZONE' TA, f. f. diminutive of change.

CHANZONETE'RO, f. m. a ballad-finger; a composer of merry fongs; a teller of merry things.

CHA'O, f. m. a kind of deg fo called.

CHAOS, f. m. a confusion.

CHA'PA, f. f. a thin plate of any metal; also a rattle for a child or any such thing that will make a noise.

Hombre de chapa, ò mugér de chapa, `a man or woman of good qualifications and parts.

Chúpas de color, the red spots on the cheeks when one blushes, or rather the great spots of paint women put on.

Chúpas de fréno, the bosses of a bridle.

CHAPADA'NZA, f. f. vide CHA'NZA.

CHAPADO'R, f. m. one that plates or fluds.

CHAPALE'TA, f. f. a feaman's word, whereof I know not the meaning.

CHAPA'R, v. a. to plate, to cover, to adorn with plates, to flud.

CHAPA'RRA, S. f. vide CHA-PA'RRO.

CHAPARRA'DA, S. f. vide CHA-PARRO'N.

CHAPARRA'L, f. m. the place where the small oak grows.

CHAPA'RRO, f. m. a fmall tree like a fmall oak, and bearing acorns like it.

CHAPARRO'N, f. m. 2 fudden and violent shower.

CHAPATA'L, f. m. a low muddy place.

CHAPEA'R, v. a. vide CHAPA'R;

alfo to rattle and make a poife with plates.

Chapear, v. a. to adorn with gold or filver plate.

CHAPELL'TE, f. m. a little hat or cap.

CHAPELLINA, f. f. a gold coin used in Persia.

CHAPE'O, f. m. a hat.

CHAPERIA, f. f. any thing adorned with plates, or fludded, or that fort of work.

CHAPERO'N, f. m, a fort of hoodwore anciently inflead of a hat . CHAPERONA'DO, adj. covered with a hood.

CHAPE'TA, f. f. diminutive of chipa.

CHAPETEA'DO, adj. vide CHA-PA'DO.

CHAPETO'N, f. m. a name given in Spanish America to an European newly arrived.

CHAPI'DO, f. m. a noise of rattling of plates.

CHA'PILLA, f. f. a little place of any nietal.

CHAPIN, f. m. a thing made of thick cork, bound about with tin, thin iron, or filver, which women used to wear under their shoes, in the nature of clogs or pattens.

CHAPI'NA, f. f. a shell of a tortoife, or any other shell-fish.

CHAPINA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a chapin.

CHAPINERIA, f. f. the place where the chapins are fold.

CHAPINE'RO, f. m. the mechanic that makes the chapins.

CHAPINI'TO, f. m. diminutive of chapin.

CHAPIRO'N, f. m. vide CHAPE-RO'N.

CHAPI'TA, f. f. diminutive of chips.

CHAPITE'L, f. m. a pinnacle of a tower; vide CAPITE'L; 1u cant, the head.

CHAPODA'R, v. 2. to prune the trees.

CHAPETOA'R, v. a. to dabble, to flop.

CHAPPE, adj. spread open in the form of a clock. A term in blafonry.

X

CHAPUCERI'A, f. f. a coarse unpolished piece of work.

CHAPUCE'RO, f. m. a dabbler, one that makes flops; also a fmith that makes nails with broad flot heads.

CHAPU'Z, f. m. a diving, dipping, or finking under water; also work ill done, unpolished.

CHAPUZ, 'R, v. a. to fink or dive under water.

CHAQUE'TE, f. m. a game like draughts, the game at ame's ace. CHAQUI'RA, f. f. an ornament the Indians wear on their heads.

CHARA'CTER, f. m. a character; a fine type or character in writing or printing; also the and or manner of writing; also adventrious qualities impressed by a post or office; also a mark, a stamp.

CHARACTERI'STICO, adj. belonging to a character.

ChARCA, f. f. (a puddle of ChaRCO, f.m. (flanding water. I affar el chárco, to crofs the fea.

l acer chárcos en el estómago, to drink much water.

CHARID'AD, f. f. charity, the theological virtue of universal love; also liberality, alms, relief given to the poor.

Paño de la charidad, a pall to lay over the dead; particularly that for the poor who are buried by charity.

CHARI'SMA, f. f. a favour, a gift.

CHARITATIVAME'NTE, adv. charitably.

CHARITATI'VO, adj. of, or belonging to charity, charitable. CHARLA, f. f. prating, babbling, talking too much.

CHARLADOR, adj. talkative, babbling, prattling.

CHARLA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk too much.

CHARLATA'N, f. m. pratting, talkative fellow; also a mountebank

CHARLATANAR, (v. n. to CHARLATANEA'R, prate, to talk without fubflance.

CHARIATANERI'A, f. f. vide CHA'RIA.

CHARIATAR, v. n to prate,

to babble, to tattle, to play the mountebank.

CHARLERI'A, f. f. prantle, babbling, tantle.

CHARLI'DO, f. m. the croaking of a frog.

CHARNE'CA, f. f. a kind of turpentine-tree.

CHARNECA'L, f. m, the place where the turpentine-trees grow.
CHARNE'L, f. m. in cant, two

maravedies; in the plural number; charneles, small money.

CHARNE'LA, f. f. a complex hinge to Support a door.

CHARNIL'GOS, f. m. pl. in cant, the flocks.

Cli 'RO, adj. dear, kind, loving.

CHAROLEA'R, v. a. to japan,

to varnish.

CHA'RPA, f. f. a buff belt worn
by foldiers.

CHARQUI'IIO, f. m. a little puddle of water.

Salta charquillos, one that trips along treading on his toes, like beaus who are afraid to rouch the fiones with their feet; a nice beau.

CHARRA'DA, f. f. clownishness, rusticity.

CHA'RRO, f. m. f. rustic, countrylike.

CHA'RROS, f. m. pl. in cant, the fetters.

CHARUE'CO, f. m. a fmall tree like the turpentine-tree.

CHARYBDIS, f. m. a dangerous fiream or rock in the fea; also any great danger or peril.

CHA'SCHA'S, f. m. a found refulring from a blow given to a door, table, and the like,

CHA'SCO, f. a trick, a bite, a fly faying.

CHA'SQUE, f. m. foot-poft, lettercarrier.

CHASQUEADO'R, f. m. he who makes a notice with a whip.

CHASQUEA'R, v. a. to make a noife with a whip.

Chasquear, v. a. to joke, or jest with another.

on foot.

CHASQUA'DO, f. m the found or finack that the whip makes.

CHASQUO, f. m. the end of a whip or fling.

CHA'TA, f. f. a flat - bottomed boat.

CHATEDA'D, f. f. flatnefs, evennefs, level extension; duluefs, insipidity, frigidity.

CHATE'SCO, adj. flat, infipid, frigid, dull, that has neither wit nor humour.

CHALO, adj flat, flat nosed.

CHATON, f. m. a flud.

CHATONA'DO, i.m. in cant, a riddle.

CHAVACANERPA, f. f. vide CHABACANERIA.

CHAVACA'NU, adj. vide CHA-BACANO.

CHAVE'TA, f. f. vide CHA-BE'TA.

CHA'VO, f. m. vide CHABO. CHAVRA'NA, vide CHABRA-

CHAVRA'NA, vide CHABRA-NA.

CHAZA, f. f. chace, the mark fest down at tennis ball where the ball flops.

CHE

CHEL'DRO, f. m. a great and venomous ferpent.

CHENO, adj. obs. full.

CHEFO, f. m. in cant, breaft, boffom.

CHLREMI'A, f. f. vide CHIRI-MIA.

CHEKING'L, f. m. in cant, chief pimp, bawd, or thief.

Chlkino'la, f. f. an affembly of bawds, thieves, and ruffians. CHERI'VA, or CHERI'VA, f. f. the root we call a skirrer.

CHE'RNA, f. f. a kind of feafish.

CLE'RO, f. m. obf. a fmell. CHERRIADO'R, f. m. vide CHIR-RIADO R.

CHERRIAR, v. n. vide CHÍR-RIA'R.

CHERKIO'N, 1. m. vide CHIR-RIO'N.

CHE C'BICO, adj. of, or belomgin. o a cherub.

CHAI UBI'N, a cherub.

CHE'RVA, f. f. the herb sperage also the fruit.

CHEVRO'N, f.m. a term in blafonry.

CHI

CHIA, f. f. a fcrap, a shred, a fmall rag, a welt; also a fort of head-dress women anciently wore.

CHIAMPIN, f. m. an odoriferous white flower in India and China. CHIA'R, v. n. to chirrup as birds do.

CHIBALE'TE, f. m. a bench chiefly used among printers.

CHIBATO, f. m. a young kid, not one year old.

CHIBETE'RO, f. m. a hut or shelter made for the goats and kids.

CHIBITA'L, f. m. a flock of goats, or the place where they keep goats.

CHIBO, f. m. a kid.

CHIBO'N, f. m. a young pigeon. CHIBO'R, f. m. a kind of mon-

key or baboon.

CHICHA, f. f. the name children give to meat; the American Indians call the drink, or beer they make of the Indian wheat. CHICHA'RRA, f. f. the infect called in Latin cicada, very noify in fummer. It lives on high

trees, and is not the grafs-hopper as fome people believe. CHICHARRA'R, v. a. to roaft.

CHICHARREA'R, v. n. to chirp like the cicada.

CHICHARRETRO, f. m. any hot place.

CHICHA'RRO, f m. a young tunnyfish.

CHICHARRO'N, f. m. a hard knob left in frying of fuet.

CHICHERI'A, f. f. the place in America where chicha is drank or fold.

CHICHISVEO, f. m. a courteous gallant.

CHICHO'N, f. m. the bump raifed by a blow, that does not break the skin, but swells, and particularly on the head. CHI'CO, adj. little, fmall.

Chico con grande, a great one with a fmall, a good and a bad, as

we fay, a fat rabbit, and a lean.

Chicos y grandes, great and small, all forts of people.

CHICOLEA'R, v. n. to joke or jest upon any one.

CHICOLE'O, f. m. a merry jest. CHICO'RIA, f. f. the herb dandelion.

CHICO'TE, f. m. a person who is short and thick; also the end of a rope or cable.

CHICOZAPOTE, f. m. a fruit that comes from the West Indies, the bigues of a quince.

CHICUE'LO, f. m. a young child. CHIFLA, f. f. the ace of spades at cards, otherwise called espá-dilla; also a whistle, a small wind instrument.

CHIFLADU'RA, f. f. a whistling or histling.

CHIFLA'R, v. a, to whistle; to his actors of the stage; also to drink wine immoderately.

CHIFLE, f. m. a whiftle. CHIFLE'TE, f. m. a little whif-

chiftle TE, f. m. a little whiftle, or a whistling.

CHIFLI'DO, f. m. a whiftling or hiffing.

CHIFLO, f. m. vide CHIFLE.
CHILACAYO'TE, f. m. a kind
of pumkin very big and very

light.

CHILIA'DA, f. f. a thousand.

Used by poets.

CHILIDO NIA, f. f. the herb celandine.

CHILINDRI'NA, f. f. a thing of no value, a frivolous trifling thing; also ajoke or jest.

CHILINDRO'N, f. m. the name of a game at cards.

CHILLA, f. f. very thin boards. CHILLADO'R, f. m. the person who squeaks or makes a noise; also the hangman.

CHILLADURA, f. f. a shrill fqueaking.

CHILLA'R, v. n. to make a shrill cry, to fqueak, to shrick like a bird that does not fing, or the noise of a frying-pan, or the filing of a faw.

CHILLE'RAS, f. f. pl. lockers, or places on the fides of ships boarded, to keep shot ready the-

re, that it may not roll about.

CHILLI'DO, If. m. a fqueak, a

CHI'LLO, | shriek, the fqueaking of a bird, mouse, or the like.

CHILLO'N, f. m. any squeaking noify thing,

C HILLO'NES, f. m. pl. brads, fprigs, or such small nails used in wood that is this and apt to split.

CHILO; f. m. vide CHYLO.

CHIMENE'A, f. f. a chimney.

Subire et humo en la chimenéa, to take fuuff at any thing, to take pet. Prov. Chunenéa sin suégo, reyno

fin puerto, a chimney without fire is like a kingdom without a fea port.

Prov. Chimenéa, nueva presso se ahuma, a new chimney is foon send; ignorant persons soon take pet.

CHIME'RA, f. f. a chimera, a notion, a fancy.

Chiméra, strife, or contention.
CHIME'RICO, adj. chimerical,
fabulous, ficticious, fanciful.

CHIMERI'NO, adj of, or belonging to a chimera or fancy.

CHIMERI'STA, adj. seditious, troublesome.

CHIMERIZA'R, v. a. to raife chimeras in the mind, to be very fanciful.

CHI'MICA, f. f. chemistry. CHI'MICO, f. m. a chemist.

Chimico, adj. belonging to chemis-

try.

CHIMPHO'NIA, f. m. an infirument of music so called.

CHI'NA, f. f. a pebble; also a fert of China-root and China-ware.

CHINA'RRO, f. m. a pebble.
CHINCHARRAZO, f. m. a great
noife of fwords.

CHINCHARRE'RO, f. m. a place, full of bugs.

CHINCHE'RO, f. m. a bug-

CHINCHILLAS, f. f. little creatures in the West Indies like squirrels; also blankets made of their

CHINCHORRERIA, f. f. idle lying jest, or knavish trick.

CHINCHORRE'RO, f. m. a jefting or lying fellow.

CHINCHORRO, f. m. a fort of boat, also a fort of fishingnet.

CHINE'LA, f. f. a slipper.

CHINI'LLA, of. f. a little pebble

CHINO, adj. belonging to a dog that has no hair.

CHI'O CHI'O, f. m. the chirpping of sparrows.

CHIQUE'RO, f. m. a hogftye.

CHIQUICHA'QUE, f. m. the noise which is made by clashing two things. together.

CHIQUILLO, adj. little very lit-

CHIQUIRIBA'ITE, f. m. in cant a thief.

CHIQUITICO, adj. very fittle.
CHIQUITO, adj. vide CHIQUIL-

CHIRA'GRA, f. f. the gout in the hands.

CHIRIBITI'I, f. m. a passage fo in all as to oblige one to pass on one's hands and knees.

CHIRIGA'ITA, f. f. a kind of gourd.

CHIRIMI'A, f. f. a ort of trumpet; also one that plays upon it. CHIRINO'LA, f. m. a fort of play among children.

CHIRIVI'A, f. f. the herb and root called skirret; also a bird called a wagtail.

• CHIRLA'DA, f. f. in cant, a beating with a cudgel, or the wound made by a blow.

CHIRLA'R, v. n. to prate; also to fing untunably.

CHIRLE, adj. poor, mean, worth nothing; also wild grapes.

Burla chirle, a foolish impertinent iest.

CHIRLERI'A, f. f. garrulity, vain prattle.

CHIRLERI'N, f. m. in cant, a little thief.

CHIRLI'DO, f. m. prating, babbling, chirping like a bird.

(HIRLI'TO, f. m. a plover.

CHIRLO, f. m. a snap of the fingers, a filip.

Chirlo, f. m. a fcar made in the face by a knife or fword.

Chirles mirles, chimeras, or things that are not in nature.

CHIRLO'N, f. m. in cant, a great talker.

CIIIROGRAPHI'A, the art of writing.

CHIRO'GRAPHO, f. m. a manufcript or hand-writing.

CHIROMANCI'A, f. f. f. fortelling future events by inspecting the hand.

CHIROMA'NTICO, adj. belonging to chiromancy.

CHIRONE'O, adj. of, or belonging to an incurable wound.

CHIRO'NIO, f. m. centaury; also the herb gentian or felwort.

CHIROTHE'CA, f. f. a glove; a burlefque word.

CHIRRIADO'R, adj. that chirps like a bird, or creaks like hinges.

CHIRRIA'R, v. n. to chirp as birds do, or to creak like a door.

CHIRRICHO'TE, f. m. a nickname given to poor French priefts that used to go pilgrimages into Spain.

CHIRRI'DO, f. m. the chirping of a bird, or creaking of a door.

CHIRRIO, f. m. the noise of a

CHIRRIO'N, f. m. a common cart with two wheels; a duff-cart used to carry away the filth.

CHIRRION-CILLA, f. f. a chirping, foft finging, or whiftling.

CHIRRIONE'RO, f. m. a carter, one who drives the cart.

CHIRIVI'A, f. f. vide CHIRI-BI'A.

CHIS, interj. ho.

CHLS-CHAS, f. f. an inceffant knocking.

CHISGARAVI'S, f. m. a perfon who meddles in other people's affairs, a bufy body.

CHISGUE'TE, f. m. a fmall draught of wine fucked out of a borracho.

CHISMA'R, v. a. to make a fchifm or confusion, to make mischief.

CHISME, f. m. a tale carried from Cone to another to do mischies.

CHISMEA'R, v. a. vide CHIS. MAR.

CHISMERI'A, f. f. the practice of carrying tales to breed ill blood.

CHISME'RO, adj. addicted to CHISMO'SO, carry tales to fee people together by the ears; a tale-carrier; a mischief-maker.

CHI'SPA, f. f. a spark, or flake of fire; also a man easily moved to anger, a little passionate man! Echar chispas, to sly in a passion.

CHISPA'R, v. a. in cant, to tell tales.

CHISPA'ZO, f. m. the blow given by a spark of fire.

CHISPEA'R, v. n. to Sparkle as fire does.

CHISPL'RO, adj. belonging to a

CHISPO, f. m. the fame as cif-

CHISPORRETEA'R, v. n. to throw a multirude of squibs or sparks.

CHISPO'SO, adj. that throws many sparks of fire.

CHISQUE'TE, f. m. the flux, or diffentery.

CHISTA'R, v. n. to be filent as afraid to speak.

Ni chistar, ni mistar, to be mute. Calla no chistes, peace, be not

heard, whist.

Chiffe, f. m. a jest.

niste, i.m. a jeit.

CHISTERA, f. f. a fisherman's trunk to keep his fish in.

CHISTO'SO, adj. facetious.

CHI'TA, f. f. the long bone in the sheep or cow's foot, which boys play with.

CHITICA'LLA, f. m. the person who observes others and is filent himself.

CHITICALLA'R, v. n. to be filent.

CHITO, f. m. a slick or bone put for a signal or mark.

CHITO'N, interj. hush, whist, make no noise.

C H O

CHO, interj. used by persons to stop their horses. -

CHO'A, s. f. a chough, or jack-daw.

CHOCADO'R, f. m. he who runs violently at another.

CHOCA'LLAS, f. f. pl. baubles to hang about children, bells for dogs, fmall jewels for women.

CHOCA'LLO, f. m. a jewel for the ears; a long ear-ring.

CHOCA'R, v. a. to butt as rams do, to give a shock, to charge in fight.

CHOCARREA'R, v. n. to jeft, to play the buffoon.

CHOCARRERIA, f. f. jesting, playing the buffoon.

CHOCARRE'RO, f. m. jester, butfoon.

Chocarréro de passa passa, a juggler. CHO'CO, s. m. a cuttle-fish.

CHO'CHA, f. f. a woodcock.

CHOCHEA'R, v. n. to have the fenfes impaired by age.

CHOCHE'S, f. f. decay of memory proceeding from age

CHO'CHO, adj. doating, childish, filly, mopish, also any kernel.
Chocho, f. m. hops.

CHOCILLA, f. f. a little hut or CHOCITA, cottage.

CHOCLA'R, v. n. to bolt into a place, as a ball bolts through the port at billiards.

CHOCLO, f. m. a kind of wooden shoe or fandal worn by friars and other people.

CHOCLO'N, f. m. the clever bolting of a bolt through the port at billiards, or through a ring.

CHOCO, f. m. the cuttle-fish when fmall.

CHOCO'LATE, f. m. chocolate.

Chocólate de garaphia, vide GARAPIñA.

CHOCOLATE'RA, f. f. a chocolate-pot.

CHOCOLATE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes chocolate.

CHOFES, f. m. pl. the lungs.

CHOFISTA, f. m. the perform hoeats lungs.

CHO'LLA, f. f. the noddle, the head.

CHO'PA, f. f. a sea-fish.

CHO'PO, f. m. a fort of poplartree, growing near the water.

CHO'QUE, f. m. a shock, the meeting of two that run at one another; also a battle, a fight.

CHOQUEZUE'LA, f. f. the joint bone is the knee.

CHO'RCHA, f.f. vide CHO'CHA. CHORE'O, f. m. a Latin foot confifting of a long and short fyllable.

CHORLA'MBO, f. m. a Latin foot, confishing of four syllables, the first and last long, and the two middle-ones short.

CHORIFE'O, f. m. a chief.

CHORISTA, f. m. the moderator of the choir.

CHORI'ZO, f. m. a fort of large faufage.

CHORLI'TO, f. m. the bird called a curlieu.

CHO'RO, f. m. the choir of a church.

CHOROGRAPHIA, f. f. the description of any province, kingdom, or country.

CHORREA'R, v. n. to run in finall threads as spours or little streams.

CHORRE'RA, f. f. the place where the dropping or drivelling of the water falls.

CHORRETA'DA, f. f. the impetuofity or violence of a running fream.

CHO'RRO, f. m. a little fream or very fmall running of water or other liquor.

CHO'RRO, f. m. the found of the voice.

CHOTASA'BRAS, f. f. a fort of bird like a gull, that fucks the goats in the night.

CHOTA'R, v. a. to fuck.

CHOTTO, f. m. a fucking kid.

CHOTU'NO, adj. lean, weak, fickly; applied chiefly to kids.

CHO'VA, f. f. a kind of jackdaw, a Cornish chough.

CHO'YA, f. f. a Cornish daw, a daw with red shanks.

CHO'Z, f. m. a blow given.

CHO'ZA, f. f. a cottage, a hut, a little mean house.

CHO'ZNO, f. m. the great-grandfater of one's grandfather; or the great-grandfon of one's grandfon.

CHOZUL'IA, f. f. diminutive of chois.

CHR

CHRI'SMA, f m. an ointmen made of oil of olives and balfam mixed, and bleffed by the bishop. CHRISMA'R, v. a. to confirm any one in the Christian faith; also to give a blow in the forehead.

CHRISME'RA, f. f. the viol where the ointment of confirmation is put.

CHRISTIANAME'NTE, adv. Christianlike, charitably.

CHRISTIANA'R, v. a. to chifften, to make a Christian, to baptize.

CHRISTIANDA'D, f. f. Christianity; Christendom.

CHRISTIANE'SCO, adj. belonging to a Christian.

CHRISTIANI'SMO, f. m. a chriftening; baptizing; also Christendom.

CHRISTIANI'SSIMO, adj. Moff Christian, the title given to the king of France.

CHRISTIANO, f. m. a Christian. the Christian nuevo, a new Christian; that is, who is either himself a convert, or descended from the Moors or Jews.

Christiano viejo, an old Christian; that is, whose race has no mixture or Jewish or Moorish blood.

CHRISTO, f. m. our Lord and Saviour Christ.

CHROMA'TICO, adj. one of the three kinds of practical music.

CHRC'NICA, f. f. chronicle.
CHRONICO'N, f. m. a chronicle
or history of any particular times.
CHRONI'STA, f. m. the author
of the annals or chronicles.

CHRONOGRAPHI'A, f. f. a defcription of the annals or chronicles.

CHRONO'GRAPHO, f. m. the person who writes chronicle, or annals.

CHRONOLOGI'A, f. f. chronelogy, the history of the times.

CHRONOLOGICAME'NTE, ad. chronologically.

CHRONOLC'GICO, adj. chronologic, belonging to the annals, or history of the times.

CHRONO'LOGO, f. m. a chronologer, or author of the history of the times.

CHRYSA'NTEMO, f. m. a crowfoot with yellow flowers; the marigold.

CHRYSOCO'LA, f. f. gold fodder, a kind of mineral found like fand in veins of brafs, filver, or gold.

CHRYSOCO'MA, f. f. a plant fo called.

CHRYSOGONO, f.m. a plant fo called.

CHRYSO'L, f. m. vide CRISOL. CHRYSO'LITO, f. m. a gem fo called

CHRYSOME'LA, f. m. yellow quince, orange.

C H U

CHUBA'RBA, f, f. a tree fo called,

CHUCA, f. f. the concave part of a ball used in a particular game.

CHUCE'RO, f, m. in cant, a thief.

CHUCE'TO, f. m. in-cant, a thief that steals meat.

CHUCHE, f. m. in cant, the face.

'CHUCHERI'A, f. f. the way of catching birds; a trifle, a thing of little moment.

Chucherlas, f. f. pl. trifles; little fweet bits for children; idle talk.

CHUCHE'RO, f. m. a bird-catcher. CHU'CHO, f. m. a fort of bird.

Chúcho, interj. an expression used to call dogs.

CHUCHUME'CO, f. m. a name given to au ugly man.

CHUE'CA, f. f. the hollow of a joint where the bones play; also a fort of dance. In cant, the back

6HUFA, f. f. pigaut, a finall fort of fruit growing under ground, flicking to the root, much fought children, who call it cúcas.

CHUFA'R, v. n. to mock, to ridicule.

CHUFE'TA, f. f. jeft, fcoff, CHUFLE'TA, f. f. a trifling ridiculous expression. CHUFLETE'RO, adj. jocular, jocofe, merry, facetious.

CHULA'DA, f. f. an indecent action.

CHULA'MA, f. f. 2 girl. CHULA'MO, f. m. a boy.

CHULE'TA, f. f. a favoury dish fo called.

CHULI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of

CHULLA, f. f. the ribs of mutton cut out two and two together, to fell to poor people.

CHU'LO, f. m. one who is indecent, immodest in his jests or merriment.

CHU'NGA, f. f. mirth or laughter arifing from the filly and impertinent discourse of another.

CHUñO, f. m. fo they call in the West Indies the bread made of the roots called pápas.

CHU'PA, f. f. the waistcoat.

CHUPADO, adj. fucked; also lean as if one had been fucked. CHUPADO'R, f.-m. a sucker. CHUPADU'RA, f. f. sucking.

CHUPAME'L, f. m. the herb buglos.

CHUPA'R, v. a. to fuck.

Chupár a úno, to devour a man's fubfiance.

CHUPO'N, f. m. the extraction of any thing.

CHUPO'NA, f. f. a whore who fucks or fleeces her gallant.

CHURI'ZO, f. m. vide CHORI'-

CHU'RLA de canela, bag of cinnamon, as it comes from the East Indies.

CHU'RRE, f. m. the greafe that runs from any meat with heat.

CHURRETTE, a square of any liquor as of a syringe, or the like.
CHURRIBURRI, s. m. a great
concourse of low and dirty people.

CHURRILLE'RO, f. m. a prattling, talkative, filly person.

CHURRUILE'RO, f. m. a prating fellow.

CHURRUPEA'R, v. m. to fip wine, in the manner women do tea. CHURUMBE'LA, f. f. a fort of bagpipe.

CHURUMO, f. m. the juice of any thing.

CHLS, adv. nothing. Ex. No deel' chus, ni mus, not to speak a syllable in contradiction.

CHUSMA, f. f. the whole company of flaves rowing in a galley; thence, the mob, the rabble, also a company of poor people.

CHUZAZO, f. m. a blow given with the pike.

CHUZO, f. m. a great half-pike with an iron spear to it.

Ecgar chuzos, to be a bully. CHUZO'N, f. m. a great half-pike,

with a large iron spear to it.

Chuzon, a cautious, prudent, careful man, who stands so much upon his guard, that it is difficult to deceive him; a sty, designing, subtle, crasty, knavish, and deceitful fellow.

C H Y

CHYLO, f. m. chyle, a white juice coming from meat digested in the stomach,

CIA

CI'A, f. f. the hip-bone. CIABO'GA, f. f. the tacking about of a ship.

CLANCO, f. m. the hip-bone.

CIA'R, v. n. to put back, to make a beaft go backwards; thence used at sea to put back a galley or boat with oras without bringing her head about.

CIA'TICA, f. 9. the science, a distemper commonly in the hip, the hipgout.

CIB

CIBDA'D, CIBDA'DE, CIBAT, f. f. a city. Obf. all.
CIBDADA'NO, f. m. obf. a citizen.

CIBE'RA, f. f. the dregs, drofs, or refuse of any thing.

Molér como cibérs, to beat to mummy.

CIBO'RIO. f. m. the cyborium of

Moler come cibers, to beat to murmy. CIBO'RIO, f. m. the cyborium or covered cup in which the facrament is kept in churches.

_C I C

CI'CA, f. f. in cant, a purse. CICALA'DO, adj. vide ACICA-LADO.

CICATERI'A, f. f. the art of cutting a purfe; also mitery, coverousness.

CICATERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of cicatiro.

CICATE'RO, f. m. a cut-purse; also a miser.

CICATKA'Z, f. f. a scar left by a wound.

CICATRIZA'R, v. a. to heal up, only leaving a fear; also to cicatrize, to make a fear.

CICIO'N, f. m. a fit of an ague.
CICLA'N, f. m. he that has but
one testicle.

CICLA'R, v. 2. vide ACICA-LA'R.

CICLEOLA, f. f. a fmall wheel or round; a term in architecture. CICOREA, f. f. the herb dande-CICORIA, blion.
CICUTA, f. f. hemlock.

CJD

CID, f. m. commander, leader.

Cid, f. m. a fort of birds that devours bees.

CIDBA C. f. a circum

CI'DRA, f. f. a citron.

Cidra, f. f. cyder.

CIDRA'L, f. m. a garden, or orchard of citron trees.

CIDRE'RA, f. f. vide ABEJERA. CIDRO, f. m. a citron-tree.

CIDRONE'LA, f. f. a herb called balmgentle.

CIDRONE'RA, f. f. lemon-balm.

CIE

CIEBA, f. f. a fort of wild thorntree; also a sea-weed.

Ciégale Santantón, blind him St. Anthony; a phrafe among the vulgar fort to wish a man blind.

CIEGAME'NTE, adv. blindly. A cicgas, adv. blindfold, groping. CIE'GO, adj. blind.

Noche ciéga, a dark night.

Herrida ciega, a wound made with a weapon, so small that it cannot be tented.

Ciégo, inconfiderate, rash, without deliberation.

El cisso no distingue de cotores, the blind cannor distinguish colours; an ignor nt person cannot be a judge of any thing.

Antes cieques que tal véas, may you be struck blind before you see it; an imprecation when a man wishes or hopes to see something that is against our inclination or interest.

CIE'LO, f. m. the heaven, the sky; also the tester of a bed', or the roof of any place.

Cièlo ferêno, a ferene, clear sky.

Musicr cièlo, to remove to another

country.

Ni por el ciélo, ni por la tiérra, neither for heaven nor earth; on no account.

Venido del ciélo, come from heaven; that is, very acceptable.

Ver los ciélos abiérios, to fee the heavens open; that is, to obtain what one earnestly desires.

Querér subtr at cièlo sin escaléra, to attempt to get up to heaven without a ladder, to undertake any great matter without the proper means.

Efcupir al cièlo, to spit at heaven, to commit extravagancies in a rage, to defy heaven, to blasp-

Hacer al ciéto cebblla, to make one believe the moon is made of green cheese.

CIE'N, f m. an hundred.

CIENA GA, f. f. a bog. a quagmire, any muddy place.

CIENAGA'L, f. m. idem.

CIE'N CABE'ZAS, f. m. a fort of thisile that has many heads.

CIE'N(IA, f f. fcience, knowledge, art, certainty grounded on demonstration.

CIE'N NUDI'LLOS, f. m. knot-grafs.

CIE NO, f. m. mud, mire.

Revoleárse en el cióno to wallow in the mire; to wallow in vice.

CIENO'SO, adj. muddy, miry.

CIENTA, f. f. the herb knot-grafs. CIENTENA'L, an hundred years CIENTIFICAME'NTE , adv. knowingly , skilfully , wittingly , on fet purpofe.

CIENTIFICO, adj. skilful, knowing.

CIE'NTO, f. m. an hundred. CIENTOPIL's, f. m. an infect that has abundance of feer.

CIE'NTOS, or JUE'GO DE LIENTOS, f. m. the game of piquet at cards.

CIERNA, of f. f. the bloffom of the CIE'RNL, vines.

Estan las viñas en cierne, the vine's blossom.

CIERTAME'NTE, adv. certainly, furely.

CIE'RTO, adj. certain, sure. Ciérta persona, a certain person. Dechr lo ciérto, to speak the truth.

Pedir lo ciérto por una côsa, to ask the positive price of a thing. No estar en lo ciérto, to be in the

wrong.
Cièrto, cièrto, adv. most certainly.
CIE'RVA, s. f. f. a hind.

CIERVATI'LLO, f. m. a fawn. CIE'RVO, f. m. a fag, a hart, a red deer.

Ciérvo cabrón, a creature between a deer and a goat.

cil'RZO, f. m the north wind, more properly the north-east wind,

CIF

CIFA'QUE, f. m. the inner xim of the belly covering the entrails; the peritonaum.

CI'FO, f. m. a cup.

CIFRA, f. f. a cypher.

CIFRA'R, v. a. to make a cypher, to epitomize, to contract.

Cifrárfe, v. r. to be contracted, to be made concise.

C I G

CIGA'RRA, f. f. the infect called in Latin cicada.

on the hills, which are enclosed.

CIGA'RRA'L, f. m. certain farms
on the hills, which are enclosed.

CIGA'RRO, f. m. leaves of tobacco
folded in the manner of a small
pipe.

CIGATE'RA, f. f. a wench. ""
CIGOÑA'L, f. m. a craue to draw

up water, or any other weight, but most properly one pole banging across another over a wall, to draw up the water.

CIGOñI'NO, f. m. a young flork. CIGOñUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of ciqueña.

CIGUARE'GA, f. f. a grashopper, a cricket.

CIGUE'nA, f. f. a ftork.

Pleo de cigueña, the herb flork-bill. CIGUEñA'L, f. m. vide CIGO-ñAL.

CIGUEREA'R, v. n. to make a noise like a stork.

CIJ

CIJA, f. f. a granary; also a prison.

CIL

'CILA'NTRO, f. m. vide CULA'N

CILICIO, f. m. a hair-cloth. CILINDRO, f. m. a cylinder, a

roller.
CILI'NDRICO, adj. in the form

of a cylinder.
CILLA, f. f. a granary for corn;

CILLA'ZGO, f. m. the duty that is paid for flowing corn in the granaries.

CILLE'RCA, f. f. a fort of mush-

CILLE'RERO, f. m. the friar in fome oders that ferves the community as a fleward.

CILLERIZO,
CILLE'RO,
form. a granary or
Rorekeeper; also the
granary or storehouse.

CILLERUE'DAS, f. m. fmall fplints, ribs, or bones; also kernels in the thorat.

CIM

CIMA, f. f. the top of a mountain, hill, or other place; also a great depth, an abys, a bottomless pit; also that which our architects call the cyma; by vulgar workmen called an ogee, being a moulding with a hollow above, and a round out-rising under it.

CIMA'CIO, s. m. vide CYMA-CIO.

CIMARRO'N, adj. wild, not tame.

CIMBALISTA, f. m. one that plays on a cymbal.

CIMBALO, f. m. the musical infirument called a cymbal.

CIMBIA, f. f. in architecture, is a ring on the top of a pillar below the aftragal; immediately above the contraction.

CIMBO'RIO, f. m. a cupela; fometimes it is used for a vault or wide arch.

CI'MBRA, f. f. the curve or arch in architecture.

CIMBRA'R, v. a to bend, to lap about, as a wand does when shaken, or when a man is fruck with it, that it girds about him.

Cimbrárse, v. r. to bend. CIMBRE'ñO, adj. pliable, flexi-

CI'MBRIA, f. f. a wand or rod that bends; also the wooden arch on which they build a vault to support it till finished, called by our workmen a center.

CI'MBRO, f. m. vide ZIMBRO. CIMBBONA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a file.

CIMENTADO'R, f. m. a mason or bricklayer that lays founda-

CIMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the foundation of any thing.

CIMENTA'R, v. a. to lay foundations.

CIMENTE'RA, f. f. the art of laying a foundation.

CIMENTE'RIO, f. m. a church-

CIME'RA, f. f. the creft of a hel-

CIMIE'NTO, f. m. a foundation. CIMI'LLO, f. m. the firatagem fportimen make use of by fixing one pigeon to allure or entice others into the fnare, the slick to which the pigeon is fixed, is called cimillo.

CIMITA'RRA, f. f. a cimetar, a fort of fword short and recurvated.

CIMO'RRA, f. f. a cold that takes beafts in the head.

CIMO'RRO, f. m. the people belonging to a church.

CIN

CINA'BRIO, f. m. a gum or liquor of an Indian tree; also a fost red stone found in mines called minium, redlead, vermilion, fanguinary, dragons blood.

CINAMO'MO, f. m. vide CA-

NELA.
CINAMONI'MO, f. m. an oin-

tment fo called.

CINCA, f. f. a term used in a
game resembling cricket, and
means five points lost.

CINCE'L, f. m. a chizzel.

Cincél, f. m. a graver, a punch, fuch as goldsmiths use to chase silver, or the fine tool-carvers use about their work, or a stone-cutter's chizzel.

CINCELA'R, v. a to engrave, to

chase plate.

CINCHA, f. f. a girt for a horse, or other beast; also the iron that binds the wheel called the streaks.

Apretur las cinchas, to draw the girts firaight; to fecure one's felf from being difappointed.

Ir rompléndo cinchas, to ride fo hard as if a man would break the girts.

CINCHADURA, f. f. girding. CINCHA'R, v. a to gird.

CI'NCHO, f. m. the iron that binds a wheel together, called the ftreaks.

Cincho pára queso, a cheese fat 10 make cheese in.

CINCHUE'LA, f. f. diminut. of cincha.

CI'NCO, f. m. five.

No fabe quantos fon cinco, he knows not how many make five: that is, he is fo ignorant he can't tell five.

Dar cinco de câlle, to run through the pins at play and Rrike down none.

Clinco en ramo, f. f. cinquefoil or five leaved grafs.

CINFONL'A, f. f. the musical instrument called a symphony, which blind men play on.

CINCUE'NTA, f. m. fifty.

CINCUESMA

CINCUE'SMA, f. f. the space of fifty days, applied to the time between Easter and Whitsuntide. CINCRA'DA, f. f. obf. a heap

CINGARO, f. m. a gyply; this word of late years borrowed from the Italians, the true Spanish being gitáno.

CINGIR, v. a. obs, for cenir, to

CINGLADURA, f. f. the way a ship makes in the fea.

CINGLEA'R, v. a, to make way in the fea.

CINGULO, f. m. a girdle; only used for that the priest girds his alb with when he vests to say maſs.

CINICO, adj. cynic.

CINOCE'PHALO, f. m. vide CYNOCE'PHALO.

CINOSU'RA, the northern conflellation, called the urja minor, or the lesser bear.

CINQUEPU'L de los Judios, some Jewish worship or ceremonies.

CINQUE'SMA, f. f. Whitfuntide, a name not in use, for they call it pasqua de Espiritu fanto.

CINTA, f. f. any fort of ribbon; alfo a girdle; alfo a man or woman's waist.

Cinta de seda, filk ribbon.

Cinta de algodón, cotton ribbon. Cinta de bilo, tape, filleting.

Clasa de arreása, a sort of filleting. Cintas en carnadillas, red tape.

Effar la muger en cinta, to be with child.

CINTADE'RO, f. m. that part of the cross-bow where the string is fixed and detained.

CINTARAZO, f. m. a stroke with a leather girdle, or thong, or with a fword.

CINTAREA'R, v. a. to give a blow with a fword.

CINTERIA, f. f. a' merchandize of all fort of ribbons.

CINTE'RO, f. m. a rope made with horse-hair.

CINTILLA, f. f. s a hat-band. CINTI'LLO, f. m.

CPNTO, f. m. a girdle for a man, as cinta, a filk girdle for 2 WOMAN.

Tom.

CINTO'RIA, f. f. the herb cen-

CINTRE'L, f. m. a term of architecture, the meaning of which I know not.

CINTURA, f. f. the waift, and fometimes the girdle.

Estár una mugér metida en cintura, to be ftrait-laced.

CINTURI'LLA, S. f. a little girdle. CINTURON, s. m. a broad belt.

CIP

CIPION, f. m. an old man's walkingstaff.

CIPRE'S, f. m. cypres, a cy pres-

CIR

CIRCO, f. m. any round place; properly the Circus at Rome, where the people faw the public shows.

CIRCUICION, f. f. a circuit, a compais, going about; also a preamble in discourse.

CIRCUIR, v. a. to go about. CIRCUITO, s. m. a circuit, a

compass. CIRCULACION , f. f. circula-

tion. CIRCULA'R, v. a. to go about,

to make a circle.

Circulár, adj. ciscular, round. CIRCULARME'NTE, adv. circu-

larly, roundly. CI'RCULO, f. m., a circle, a figure

contained but one line.

CIRCUMA'GIO, obs. a proverb. CIRCUNCIDA'R, v. a. to circum-

CIRCUNCISIO'N, f. f. circumcision.

CIRCUNDA'R, v. a. to compass round.

CIRCUNDUCIO'N, a word used in the cortes of Spain, fignifying to bring them to fit sooner than the day they had been prorogued to, which is only done upon some urgent occation.

CIRCUNDUZIR, v. 2, to bring the cortes to fit as in circundución. CIRCUMFERENCIA, f.f. circumference.

CIRCUNFLE'XO, adj. circumflex bent round.

CIRCUNLOCUCIO'N, f. f. a circumlocution, found about way of talking.

CIRCUNLO'QUIO, f. m. circumlocution.

CIRCUNSCRIBI'R, v. a. to circumferibe, or draw a circle or line about.

CIRCUNSCRIPTO, p. p. of circumscribir.

CIRCUNSPECCION, f. f. circumfpection, wariness.

CIRCUNSPE'CTO, adj. circumspect, caurious.

CIRCUNSTA'NCIA, f. f. a circumflance.

CIRCUNSTANCIAR , v. a. to circumstance or make a proof of any thing by accidents.

CIRCUNSTA'NTE, f. m. one present in company.

CIRCUNVALACIO'N , f. f. cit-

cumvallation. CIRCUNVALA'R, y. a. to entrench

round.

CIRCUNVEZI'NO, adj. neighbouring.

CIRLa'L, f. m. a candlestick. CI'RIO, f. m. a wax-candle.

Cirio pascuil, paschal candle, which . is a large one, standing by the fide of the high altar from Saturday in Holy Week till Ascension, and lighted a high mass,

CIRRO, f. m. a-hard fwelling in the neck, or other part of the) body,

CIRUL'LA, f. f. a plum.

Ciruéla passa, a dried plum, a prune or prunello.

Ciruela de invierno, a nickname for the fnivel that hangs at any body's nose in winter.

Ciruéla de fráyle, a large fort of plum.

CIRUE'LO, f. m. a plum-tree. CIRUGIA, f. f. furgery.

CIRUJA NO, f. m. a furgeon.

CIS

CISCA'R, y: a, to affright, to put into bodily fear. In cant, w bewray one's felf.

Cifcirle, vs. to bewray one's felf. for fear.

CI'SCO, f. m. finall-coal; charcoalduft.

CI'SMA, f. m. schism.

CISMA'TICO, adj. fchifmatic.

CISMONTA'NO, adj. of this fide of the mountain.

CISNE, f.m. a fwan. In cant, a whore.

CISQUE'RO, f. m. a little lineabag used among drawers to hold their small-coal which they mark their work by.

CISSURA, f. f. a cleaving or cutting of any thing.

CISTEL, f.m. the religious order CISTE'R, of the Cifercians.

CISTERCIE'NSE, adj. belonging to eifter.

CISTE'RNA, f. f. a ciftern.

CIT

CITA, f. f. citation, fummons to appear; also an appointment.
C12ACLON, f. f. fummons, cita-

C17ACLON, f.f. fummons, citation.

CITADE'LA, f. a citadel. CITANI'LLO, pron. diminutive of

citáno, used to a boy.

CITA'NO, pron. fuch a one.

CITA'R, v. a. to cite, to furnmon, no fubpoena; also to quote an author.

CITATO'RIO, adj. cited fummoned to appear, ferved with a fubpoena.

CITERIO'R, adj. belonging to this fide.

CITHARA, f. f. e musical instrument so called.

CITHARISTA, f. m. one who plays upon the cithara.

CITHARIZA'R, v. a to play upon the cithara,

CITO, adv. the word used for calling a dog, holding out the hand and snapping the singers to him.

CITOIA, f. f. the clapper of a mill; also a cittern.

CITULE'RO, f. f. he that makes citterns, or plays on the lute.

CITO'TE, f. m. a fummoner, one who cites or ferves others with a fubroena.

GIU

CIUDA'D, f. f. a city. CIUDADA'NO, f. m. a citizen. CIUDADE'LA, f. f. a citadel. CIUDADE'TA, f. f. a little city.

CIV

CIVE'RA, f. f. corn; also the gross of the almonds or such things; when the substance is squeezed out.

CIVICO, adj. belonging to a city, civick.

CIVI'L, adj. civil, courteous; political.

Guérra civil, civil war.

CIVILIDAD, f. f. the public or civil government; also civility, courtefy; also misery, covetousness, avarice.

CIVILME'NTE, adv. according to the civil government', civilly, courteoutly.

CIZ

CIZA, f. f. vide SI'SA. CIZA'DO, adj. vide SISA'DO.

CIZA'LLA, f. f. the fragment or remaining part of the metal in coining.

CIZANA, f. f. tares, cockle, darnel; also discord.

CIZAñADO'R, f. m. one that fows tares or cockle, or that breeds difcord.

CIZAnA'R, v. z. to fow discord, tares, or cockle.

CIZARE'RO, f. m. fower of difcord, mischief-maker.

CIZCUE'NTA, f. m. vide CIN-QUENTA.

CIZNE, f. m. vide CISNE.
CIZYLAO'N, f. m. size bitter vetch,
a fort of pulse.

CLA

CLA'BA, f. f. vide CLA'VA.
CLABA'R, v. a. vide CLA'VE.
CLA'BE, f. f. vide CLA'VE.
CLA'BO, f. m. vide CLA'VO.
CLAMADO'R, f. m. one who cries out, or calls out.

CLAMAR, v. n. to cry out, to make a clamour. In cant, to avoid.

Clambr mercel, obf. to ask a favour. CLAMI'DO, f. m. vide CLAMO'R. CLAMI'STA, f. m. the person who cries out or makes a clamour.

CLA'MO, f. m in cant, a tooth; also a diftemper.

CLAMO'R, f. m. a clamour, crying out, exclaiming.

CLAMOREA'DA, f. f. a crying out, a making a clamour.

CLAMOREA'R, v. n. to make a clamour, or cry out; to ring a peal for the dead.

CLAMORE'O, f. m. a lamentation, or crying out; or ringing a peal.

CLAMORO'SO, adj. clamorous, given to cry out.

CLANDESTINAME'NTE, adv. clandestinely, privily.

CLANDESTINO, adj. clandeftine, fecret, private.

CLANGO'R, f. m. the found of a trumper.

CLA'RA, f. f. clearness, light.
Clarade huévo, the white of an egg.
CLARABO'YA, f. f. a lanthora,
a light on the top of a house.

CLARABOYA'DO, adj. full of holes, full of apertures; alltatered, all ragged.

CLARAME'NIE, adv. clearly, plainly, evidently.

CLARAMIE'NTE, adv. obs. clearly, plainly, evidently.
CLARA'R, v. a. to give light.

CLARAVOYA, f. f. vide CIA-RABOYA.

CLARE'A, f. f. a figuor made with white - wine, fugur, and frice. In cant, the day.

CLARLA'R, v. n. to grow light.

Claredrie, v. r. to be made light;

alfo to clear one's felf from any
accufation.

CLARECE'R, v.n. to grow clear, fair, or plain.

CLARETE, f. m. claret, redwine. CLARETEA, (f. f. clearness, CLARIDA'D, brightness, plainness, perspicuity.

CIARIFICAR, v. a. to clarify, to make bright, clear, or manifest,

CLARIFICO, adj. clear, manifest, plain, evident.

CLARIME'NTES, 3f. m. pl. gau-CLARIME'NTOS, dy paintings, bright colours.

CLARIN, f. m. a trumpet,

CLARINA'DO, adj. of or belonging to a bell-wether.

CLARINE'RO, f. m. the person who plays upon the clarin.

CLARIO'N, f. m. a musical instrument called a clarion.

CLARIO'SA, f. f. in cant, water. CLARISSAS, f. f. pl. the nuns of Santa Clara.

CLARO, adj. bright, clear, light, plain, eafy, perfpicuous, evident, shrill, illustrious. In cant, the sky.

Paffar de cláro en cláro, to fly clear through a place without touching any, where, to go by without speaking or calling.

Passir et dia è noche de claro en claro, to spend the whole night or day. Claros, s. m. pl. the lights in a lanthorn, cupola, or the like.

CLAROR, f. m. brightness, clearness.

CLASSE, f. f. class, rank, order of persons, set of beings or things.

Cliffe, f. f. a form, or bench, or degree in a school.

CLASSICO, adj. of or belonging to the claffics.

CLAUCO, f. m. in cant, a hook. CLAUDICA'R, v. n. to go lame; also to speak or all crassily, sub-

CLAUQUILLADO'R, f. m. an officer so called that searches and receives the duties of all goods.

CLAUQUILLA'R, v. a. to feal or mark any parcel of goods to shew it has been fearched.

CLA'USTRA, f. f. a cloister, or enclosed place.

CLAUSTRAL, adj. of or belonging to a cloifter.

CLAUSTRAR, v. a. to shut up, to inclose with a wall.

CLAUSTRO, f. m. a cloifler.

CLAUSULA, f. f. & sentence or period.

CLAUSULA'R, v. a, to make periods,

CLAUSURA, f. f. enclosure. CLAVA, f. f. a club.

CLAVADU'R, f. m. one that nails. CLAVADU'RA, f. f. nailing.

CEAVA'R, v. a. to nail.

Clarar los bjos en el fuelo, to nail the eyes on the ground; that is, to fix the eyes upon the ground, when thoughtful.

CLAVA'RIO, f.m. the name given to a particular civil officer; in a monaftery, a treafurer.

CLAVAZO'N, f. f. nailing.

CLA'VE, f. f. the stone on the top of a vault, which closes the whole work, called the key-stone. In architecture it is also the arch, or whole bent of the arch, or the part where it commences. In music, it is the key or cliss a lesson is played in, shewing the height of every note.

CLAVE'L, f. m. a pink, a gilliflower.

CLAVELIFNA, f.f. a pink, CLAVELO'N, f. m. vide CLA-VE'L.

CLAVE'QUE, f. m. a stone like a diamond, but of less value.

CLAVE'RA, f. f. the hole a nail makes, also a row of wooden pins to hang any thing on.

Clavera, f. f. the place where the pinks or gilliflowers grow.

CLAVERIA, f. f. a dignity of knight-hood.

CLAVE'RO, f. m. an officer of note in the orders of knighthood, also a nail maker and any one that bears the keys.

CLAVE'TE, f. m. any finall iron or wooden pin; but particularly the pegs to wind up the ftrings of an infirument.

Clavetes, f. m. pl. studs; also the claves of the harpsichord.

CLAVETEAR, v. a. to flud.

CLAVI'A, f.f. vide CLAVIJA. CLAVICI'MBALO, f. m. an inftrument much like the harpfichord.

CLAVICORDIO, f. m. a harpfichord, or fpinet.

CLAVICULA, f. f. clavicle, collarbone.

GLAVICULA'R, v. a. to conjure up the devil.

CLAVI'JA, f. f. any wooden pin, or peg of any infirument; the key of a harpfichord.

Apretar la clarija, to wind up the ftring of an inftrument; to press or haften an affair.

CLAVILLA de cama, s. f. a bedscrew.

give this name to a fort of cramping-irons used to bind the upper flones in walls to those below themthat they may not slip away. In common use this word significasmall nails.

CLAVIO'RGANO, f. m. a fort of inftrument between a harpfichord and an organ.

CLAVITO, f. m. diminutive of clavo.

CLA'VO, f. m. a nail, a fort of corn on the toes; also a mark burnt on a slave's face with a red-hot iron that he may be known.

Clavo de governalle, the rudder of a ship.

Claro de ójo, a spot in the white of the eye.

Clavo de hebilla, the tongue of a buckle.

Clávo de girôfe, or gerôfle, vide Clávo de espécia.

Clávo de herradúra a púnta de diamante, a frost-nail for a horseshoe.

Dar en el clavo, to hit the nail on the head.

Echár clávo, to clap a nail into one; that is, to over-reach or cheat him.

No vale un clavo, it is not worth a nail; we say a straw or pin.

Echdr a una persona una S, y unt clávo, to burn a person with a nail in the shape of an S, on the face, which is the mark of a slave; to lay such obligations upor a man, as shall bind him to one for ever.

Un clavo faca otro, one nail drives out another.

Clavo de espícia, clove, a spice se called.

CLB

CLE

CLEMA'TIDE, f. f the plant wild-climber, or travellers - joy, which runs up trees,

CLEME'NCIA, f. f. clemency, meekness, mercy.

CLEME'NTB, adj. meek, merciful, clement.

CLEMENTEME'NTE, adv. clemently, meekly, mercifully.

CLEMENTINAS, f. f. a collection of the canon law so called.

CLEMESI'N, adj. purple-coloured. CLERECIA, f. f. the clergy.

CLERICA'DO, f. m. vide CLE-RICA'TO.

CLERICA'L, adj. belonging to the clergy; as.

Hábito de clerical, a clergyman's habit.

CLERICALME'NTE, adv. cler-

gymanlike. 'CLERICA'TO, f. m. the office or function of a clergyman.

Clericato de camara, the dignity of a clergyman that is in the Pope's palace.

CLE'RIGO, f. m. a clergyman, a

CLERIGUFILO, f. m. diminutive of clerigo.

CLERIZO'N, f. m. a youth bred up in the service of the church, who wears a clergyman's habit, but is not in orders; an acolyte. a chorister.

CLE'RO, f. m. the clergy.

CLI

CLICIE, f. f. the fun-flower, or turnfole.

CLIE'NTE, f. m. a client, one that is under the protection or direction of another.

CLIENTE'LA, f. f. clientship. CLIE'NTULO, f. m. a little client, CLI'MA, f. f. a climate.

CLIMATE'RICO, adj. climacterical, every seventh and ninth year is a climacteric, and fixtythree, being seven times nine, is the great climacteric.

TLIMATICO, adj. inconstant. various, unsettled,

CLIN, f. f. horse-hair, a horse's

Tenérse a las clines, to hold fast by the mane; to use all means to bear up in the world.

CLINOPO'DIO, f. m. the herb called public - mountain, horsethyme, or wild-basil.

CLIPE'O, f. m. buckler. CLISTE'L, f. m. a clyfter.

CLO

CLOA'CA, f. f. a privy, a necesfary-house.

CLOACA'RIO, adj. belonging to finks or necessary-houses.

CLO'CLO, f. m. the clucking of a

CLOQUE, f. m. a boat-hook, a grappling-iron, any hook to take hold with.

CLOQUEA'R, v. a. to cluck as a hen does; also to kill fish with a trouthook.

CLOQUE'RO, f. m. one that fishes with a spear or hook.

CLU

CLUE'CO, adj. broody; one that flands very hollow as if he feared any thing should touch him. CLUQUI'LLAS, ady. vide. CU-CLI'LLAS.

CLY

CLYME'NO, f. m. an herb with a stalk like a bean, water-betony, fopewort, tutfan, or parkleaves.

CLYCIE, f. f. rurnfole, fun-flower. Poetical.

CLYSTE'R, f. m. vide CLISTE'L. CLYSTELL'RA, f. f. the woman who gives the clyfter.

COA

CO'A, f. f. obf. vide CO'LA. COABITACION, S. f. cohabi-

COABITA'R, v. a. to cohabit, to live together.

COACCION, f. f. force, violence, compullion.

COACERVAR, v. a. to heap up together.

COACTIVO, adj. forcible, violent, urgent, cogent.

COADJUTOR, f. m. a coadju-

COADJUTORIA, f. f. the dignity of a coadjutor, or the hopes or expectation to succeed to his place or dignity.

COADJUTO'RIO, adj. that helps or assists another.

COADJUVA'R, v. a. to help, to affift.

COAGULACIO'N, f. f. a coagulation, surdling, or growing together.

COAGULA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to curdle, to grow together.

COAJULE'CHE, f. m. vide CUA-JALE'CHE.

COAJUTO'R, f. m. vide COAD-JUTOR.

COALLA, f. f. a quail, or a wood-cock.

COANIMACION, I. f. a spiriting up of any thing, encouragement.

COAPATLI, f. m. a plant in New Spain, whereof there are several forts, and applied to divers medicinal uses.

COAPTACIU'N, f. f. the fitting one thing with another.

COARTA'R, v. a. to limit or place. bounds.

COATLI', f. m. a shrub growing in the West Indies.

COAVA'NA, f. f. a fort of tick in the West Indies.

COB

CO'BA, f. f. in cant, a ryal. COBACHUE'LA, f. f. a little cave or cellar.

Cobachuela, f. f. the secretary's office.

COBA'R, v. a. to bow, to crook. COBARDAR, v. a. vide ACO. BARDA'R.

COBA'RDE, f. m. f. a coward. COBARDEA'R, v. n. to fear, to be a co ard, to be afraid.

COBMADEMENTE, adv. covardly.

COBARDIA, I. f. cowardice.

COBDICIA, f. f. obf. vide CO-DICIA.

COBDICIA'R, v. a. obf. vide CO-DICIA'R.

COBDICIO'SO, adj. obf. vide CODICIO'SO.

COBDIZA, f. f. obf. vide COB-DI'CIA.

CO'BDO, f. m. obf. vide CO'DO. COBEGE'RA, f. f. a bawd.

COBERTA'ZA, f. f. a great pot-

COBERTE'RA, f. f. a cover; a bawd.

Cobertéras, in falconry, two large feathers in the kawk's tail, which cover the reft.

COBERTIZO, f. m. a penthouse; a covered passage or gallery.

COBERTO'R, f. m. a counterpane for a bed, any covering, a carpet.

COBERTURA, f. f. a covering.

COBIE'RTO, p. p. of cobrir. Vide CUBIE'RTO.

COBIGE'RA, f. f. a bawd.

COBIJA, f. f. covering of any fort, but particularly a short fort of mantle worn by fervant-maids

COBIJADE RA, S. f. vide COBI.
GE'RA.

COBIJADU'RA, f. f. covering. COBIJA'R, v. 2. to cover.

COBIJE'RA, f. f. obf. a maid, a waiting-maid.

COBRADO'R, f. m. a receiver, a recoverer.

COBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. profit, gain.

gain.
COBRA'NZA, f. f. receiving, or

recovering.

COBRAR, v. a. to receive, to

recover, to retrieve.

Cobrár el hálcon, to retrieve the

hawk.

Cobrár fuérças, to gather strength.

Cobrár ánimo, to take courage.

Cobrar falud, to recover one's health.

CO'BRE, f. m. copper.

Côbre de cebollas, a rope of onions. Côbre de béflias, a herd of cattle.

Bails el cobre, to beat the copper; so make much noise, and be very éages about one's business; like the hammering of braziers.

COBRER, v.a. vide CUBRER.

CO'BRO, f. m. recovery, receipt, fafekeeping.

Ponér una cosa en cobro, to lay up a thing safe. Ironically, to waste or consume it, as we say, to lay up a thing so safe that a man cannot come at it himself.

COBULIA'DA, s. f. vide COGU-JA'DA.

COC

COCA, f. f. is a small green leaf growing on little trees or bushes about a man's height, in excesfive hot and very most land.

Cóca, f. f. children in Spain call the head by this mame; and it was fo in old Spainish.

COCADO'R, f. m. one that makes faces and odd gestures like a monkey.

COCAñA, f. f. good cheer.

COCA'R, v. a. to make mouths or gestures like a monkey; to coax.

COCARA'R, v. n. to lay up corn in a granary.

COCATRIZ, f. f. a cockatrice. COCCINEO, adj. red, purple-

coloured.

COCCIO'N, f. f. a boiling of water, or any thing elfe.

CO'CE, f. m. vide COZ.

COCEADO'R, f. m. a kicker, a

COCEADURA, f. f. kicking, fpurning, or trampling on.

COCEA'R, v. n. to lock, to spurn, to trample on.

COCE'DRA, f. f. a quilt, or mattrefs.

Cocedra de plumas, a feather-bed. COCEDRO'N, f. m. a great quilt

to lay under others.

COCEDU'RA, f. f. the act of

fewing any thing.

COCELE'TE, f. m. a corflet.

COCL'R, v. a. to boil, to bake. Cocife, v. r. to fret one's felf, to vex or torment one's felf.

COCHA'MBRE, f. m. a greafy filthy fmell, fuch as comes from dish-water, or greafy dirty cooks. COCHE, f. m. a coach.

COCHEA'R, v. n. to guide or govern, to drive a coach.

COCHE'RA, f. f. a coach-house. COCHERI'L, adj. belonging to a coach.

COCHERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of cochérs.

COCHE'RO, f. m. a coachman.

COCHIFRITO, f. m. a particular flewed dish, the chief ingredient of which is lamb or kid.

COCHINA . f. f. a fow.

COCHINATA, f. f. a piece of timber in a ship fo called.

COCHINERIA, f. f. fowishness, nastiness.

woodloufe, but fince the fame name is given to fearlet-dye, called cochiaille, which is the Spanish name given it, because it is made of small slies, which sprinkled with wine, or vinegar, roll up together like vood-lice, and these are the rich carlet-dye. Cochinilla is also a fowpig.

COCHINI'LLO, f. m. a fucking

COCHI'NO, f. m. a pig, a porker; a flovenly fellow.

Cochino lechón, a fucking pig. COCHI'O, f. m. aptness to boil.

Cochite herrite, adv. done in a hurry or hand over head, or meat buc half boiled.

CO'CHO, adj. fodden, boiled, baked, or dreffed to eat.

COCHURA, f. f. a violent heat, or great sweat.

COCIDURA, S. f. vide COCE.
DURA.

COCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide COC., CIO'N.

COCINA, f. f. the kitchen, where, the provisions are cooked in a house.

house.
COCINA'R, v. a. to cook, to

prepare victuals for the table. COCINERI'A, f. f. the drefting of

victuals.
COCINE'RO, f. m. the cook.

COCINILLA, f. f. diminutive of cocina.

CO'CLE, f. m. a grapple, a hook to lay held with.

COCLEA'R, v. a. to grapple, or to lay hold with an hook.

COCLI'LLO, f. a fort of worm that graws the vines,

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CO'CO, f. f. a worm that eats the vines or other trees; or any fuch fort of worm or insect; also the word used to fright children, as we say, the bug-bear.

Guáda el róco, an expression used to deter children, as our English nurses frighten them by bidding them take care of the bugabo.

Côco, ò palma de las Indias, the coco-tree, otherwise called the palm-tree.

COCOBO'LO, f. m. a tree in the West Indies, the wood of a red colour.

COCODRILO, (f. m. a croco-COCODRILLO, dile; a faile deceitful man.

Cocodrillo, f. m. a crocodile.

COCOLI'STE, f. m. a fickness like the spotted fever.

**COCOLO'BIS, f. m. a particular kind of wine.

'COCO'SO, adj. full of worms, COCO'TE, f. m. vide COGO'TE. COCU'YO, f. m. a glow-worm.

COD

CO'DA, f. f. obf. a tail.
Céda de múla, the herb called horse-

CODACO, f.m. vide CODAZO. CODADA, f. f. a blow with the .elbow.

CODADURA, f.f. the twig of a vine or little branch sprouting up from under ground.

CODAL, adj. a cabit long, or belonging to the elbow.

Codál, the armour which covers the elbow.

Codál de carpintero, a carpenter's fouare.

CODASTE, f. m. the flern-poft; the last timber in the stern of a ship, to which the rudder is made fast.

CODA'ZO, f. m. a blow with the elbow.

CODEA'R, v. n. to beat about the elbows, to make room with them.

CODE'RA, f. f. the fcab on the elbow, or a torn fleeve at the elbow.
CODECE, f. m. the body, or flump, or flock of a tree; a book, or volume, a manufeript.

CODICIA, f. f. avarice, covetousness, greediness.

CODICIA'BLE, adj. to be coveted.

CODICIADO'R, f. m. one that

CODICIA'R, v. a. to covet.

CODICILA'R, v. n. to make a codicil or an addition to a last will and testament.

CODICILO, f. m. a codicil, or an addition a man makes before his death to his last will and testament

CODIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. covetoufly; gresdity; also anxioufly.

CODICIO'SO, adj. covetous, greedy; also eager, earnest, or anxious.

Mugér codictéfa, is sometimes taken in a good sense for a good housewise.

CO'DIGO, f. m. a volume of the civil law, fo called from the Latin coder.

CODFLIO, f. ml. a limbe elbow; also a term in a game at cards; codille.

CODO, f. m. an elbow; also the measure we call a cubit, being a foot and a half.

Dar del codo, to give a private hint with the elbow; also to put away, to reject.

Beber de codos, to drink leaning upon one's elbows; that is, leifurely, and at one's eafe.

CODO'N, f.m. a bag to rie up an horse's tail in; also the tail of the horse.
CODO'N,

CODONO, Is. m. a quince.

CODORNIZ, f. f. a quail,

COE

COECHA'R, v. a. vide COHE-CHA'R.

COEFICIE'NTE, adj. that which makes, causes, or brings to pass with another.

COEPI'S COPO, f. m, a bishop's companion or colleague.

COETA'NEO, adj. of the same

COE'TE, f. m. fquib, cracker, of ferpent made of gunpowder.
COETE'RNO, adj. co-esernal.
COEXTENDE'RSE, v. r. to ftretch out together, to extend

COF

equally.

CO'FIA, f. f. a woman's coif.
COFINA, f. f. basket, pannier,
COFINA, f. f. frail.
COFRA'DE, f. m. a brother of a
brotherhood or confraternity.
Cofradas de pala, in cant, an affembly of thieves.

COFRADIA, f. f. brotherhood, confraternity, corporation; in cant, a multitude of robbers.

COFRA'DRE, f. m. obf. vide CO-FRA'DE.

CO'FRE, f. m. coffer, trunk chest.

COFREA'R, v. n. to bow in the back as old men do.

COFRECTO, f. m. a little trunk, or coffer.

COFRE'RO, f. m. trunk-maker.

COG

COGEA'R, v.n. vide COXEA'R. COGEDIZO, adj. that is, or may be gathered. COGEDO'R, f. m. gatherer. COGEDU'RA, f. f. the act of

catching or gathering any thing. COGE'R, v. a. to gather, to catch; fea-term, to quoil a rope; that is, to lay it in rounds one over ancther as it is gathered up, that it may lay together, and run without entangling.

Cogér les frutes de la tierra, to gather in harvest.

Cogér et agua el navio, is for a ship to leak, or take in water.

Cogér el ladrón, to catch the thief, Cogér rópa, to fold linen.

Cogér a uno a palábras, to entrap a man in his own words.

Cogér águs en céfio, to take up water in a basket, to labour in vain. COGI'DA. f. f. a gathering of the

COG!'DA, f. f. a gathering of the harvest.

COGIMIE'NTO, f. m. a gathque ring, catching, taking,

cogitabundo, adj. thoughtful.

COGITA'R , v. a. to think.

COGITATI'VO, adj. belonging to the power or faculty of thinking; penfive.

COGNACIO'N, f. f. relation.

COGNA'DO, adj. related by father or mother.

COGNICIO'N, f. f. knowledge.

COGNOMBRE, f. m. a furname. COGNOME'NTO, f. m. a nickname, a b -name given to a per-

fon from his actions, as Judas the traisor, Dionysius the tyrant, &c. COGNOCIBLE, adj. capable to be known.

cognoscitivo, adj. having the power of knowing.

cogollico, f. m. diminutive of cogollo.

cocollo, f. m. the heart of a tree, the close part of a cabbage, or cabbage-lettuce, or the like; used also as cogulla.

COGOLMADURA, f. f. heaping

above the measure.

COGOLMAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem. COGOLMA'R, v. s. to heap up, to heap above the measure.

COGO'LMO, f. m. vide COLMO, COGOMBRI'LLO, f. m. diminu-

tive of cogombro.

COGO'MBRO, f. m. vide COHO'MBRO.

COGOME'LO, f. m. a mushroom.
Obf.

COGO'TE, f.m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.

Dar de togóte, to fall down backwards.

COGUCHO, f. m. the coarsest fort of Sugar.

COGUJA'DA, f. f. a lark.

Cogujída copida, a copple crownechark.

COGUJO'N, f. m. the corner of a feather-bed or bolfter, the corner of a quilt to lie on.

COUULIA, f. f. a monk's coyl or hood.

COGULLA'DA, f. f. the part that is full of kernels in the neck of fwine.

COH

COHABITACION, f. m. a cohabitation, living together.

COHABITA'R, v.n. to cohabit, to dwell with another, to live together.

COHECHADO'R, f. m. one that gives bribes.

COHECHA'R, v. a. to bribe, to corrupt; also to plough, to till, to manure the ground; to gather the harvest.

COHECHAZO'N, f. m. bribing; also tilling, ploughing, manuring.

COHE'CHO, f. m. a bribe.

COHEREDE'RO, f. m. a coheir. COHERE'NCIA, f. f. coherence, agreement.

COHERE'NTE, adj. agreeing, correspondent, cohering.

COHERMANA'R, v. a. to unite, to ally, to join like brothers.

COHETE, f. m. a fquib, cracker, or ferpent made with guspowder. COHETERIA, f. f. the throwing or burning of fquibs.

COHETE'RO, f. m. the person who makes or fells squibs.

COHIBI'R, v. a. to reftrain, keep back, prevent.

COHITA de chias, f. f. obf. a quarter of a town, or any number cf houses.

COHO'L, f. m. a ftone found in filvermines; antimony; also black lead, a kind of colouring fluff.

COHOMBRA'L, f. m. a garden or bed of cucumbers.

COHOMBRI'LLO, f. m. the wild cucumber.

COHO'MBRO, f. m. a fort of cucumber

cohonder, v.a. to confound, to destroy, to spot.

COHONDIMIE'NTO, f. m. confounding, destroying.

COHORTE, f. f. 2 cohort, a band or company of foldiers.

COI

COIDAR, v. n. obf. vide CUI-DAR, COIDO, f. m. obf. vide CUIDADO.

CO'IMA, f. f. in cast, a whore.
COIME, f. m. the perfor who takes
care of the gaming-house. In cast,
the master.

COIME'RO, f. m. vide COIME. COINCIDE'NTE, adj. coincident, falling in together with any thing.

COINCIDI'R, v. n. to coincide, to concur, to fall on the same point.

COINQUINA'DO, adj. spotted, defiled.

CO'ITA, f. f. obf. csre, trouble, uncafiacfs, or any misfortune which may happen.

COITA'RSE, v. r. obf. to halten full of grief, to be forrowful. COITEVO, adj. obf. having accelle to coition.

COITO, f. m. carnal cogulation,

COJ

CO'JA, CO'JO, vide COGE'R.
COJEA'R, v. a. vide COXEA'R
COJE'CHA, f. f. vide COSECHA'
COJEDIZO, adj. vide COGE.
DI'ZO.

COJE'R, v. a. vide COGE'R, COJE'RA, f. f. lameness.

COJIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide COGL. MIE'NTO.

COJO, adj. lame.

COJO'N de pérro, the herb ragwort, COJO'NDRA, f. f. obf. vide COYULDA.

COJO'NES, f. m. pl. the testioles of man or beaft.

COJUDO, adj. that has great sefticles, that is not gelt.

C O L:

COL, f. f. a colewort.

Entra col y col lechúgs, betwire a colewort and a lettuce; that is, interlay your discourse with variety, as gardeners do; and let no words be lost.

CO'LA, f. f. a rail; also give, or fizing, and a long note in music.

Cola del arido, the plough-rail, or handle.

Cola de cabállo, the nerb called horfe-tail, or shave-grafa

Cola de pece, an herb celled fish tall.

Cols de golondina, properly a swallow's tail; but among workmen it is that which we call a duf-tail, or dove-tail, because cut in the shape of a bird's tail, which makes it hold fast.

Lievar la cólá ò ser cóla, to carry a tail, or to be a tail; that is, to be humbled or pulled down from what he esteemed himself to be.

Cóls muírdaya de roble, misseltoe of the oak.

Cassingado de róla, properly a horse that is made to carry his tail down; metaph, one that is humbled, pulled down backwards.

Referre la cola, to scratch one's tail, to be confined to little compass, after being used to live at large, as the horse rubs down his tail, when the stable is short.

Cubrisfe con la cóla, to cover one's felf with one's tail; to alledge frivolous excuses, which is like no covering.

Ilevár la cóla en vótos, to be the last to give one's vote.

colacion, f. f. a collation; a repart of cold meat, or rather what is allowed to be eaten on farling night; a bever, an evening-meal; also the collation of a benefice; also comparison.

COLACIONA'R, v. a. to compare a copy with the original.

COLACTA'NEO, f. m. a fucking together, a foster-brother.

COLA'DA, f. f. buck, or lye for linen.

Echár a úno en la caláda, to put a man into the buck; this they (ay to a man that is very dirty.

Todo faldrá en la coláda, it will all come out in the buck; though a man's faults be never so secret, they will out in time.

Todo faldra en la coldda, you will be paid off the old score altogether.

CQLADE'RO, f. m. a ftrainer, a cullender, a basket to put linen into for the lye to tun through them; a narrow passage where but one can pass.

COLADO'R, f. m. vide COLA-DE'RQ, COLADURA, f. f. straining; also bucking of linen.

COLA'INA, f. f. a gulp a wine, a tafte of wine, a fip.

COLAIRE, f. m. the place through which many vinds pass.

COLA'MBRE, a dicker of leather; in cant it is thirft, or drinking.

COLA'R, v. a. to firain through a firainer, to buck linen; also to glue, and to run out gently, as liquors do at a small hole, crack, or the like.

COLA'STE, f. m. the rake of the ship aff; that is, as much of the flera as hangs over the keel.

colateral, adj. collareral, as the collateral line, which is not the immediate line from father to fon, but the next, as from an uncle, or the like; also that which is on the fide of the other.

COLATIVO, adj. heaped up, clubbed, or brought in by joint payment, mutual.

COIA'UDAR', v. a. to praise, to commend.

COLA'YNA, f. f. in cant, a draught of wine.

COLCE'DRA, f. f. a feather-bed to lie on.

COLCEDRO'N, f. m. augm. of colcedra.

CO'LCHA, f. f. a quist to cover, or lay over a bed.

COLCHADU'RA, f. f. the quilting.

COLCHA'R, v. a. to quilt.

COLCHE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells quilts to cover beds.

COLCHICO, f. m. an herb called by apothecaries hermodactyl, liricumphancy.

COLCHO'N, f. m. a mattrefs, or featherbed.

Colchón desbafiddo, a quilt that has all the tackings or baftings that keep it in form, dropped off; metaph an unweildy groß fellow.

COLCHONCICO, f. m. a little COLCHONCILIO, mattrefs,

or quilt to lie on.

colchone'Ro, f. m. one who makes mattreffes or feather-beds.

CO'LE, f. m. vide COL.

COLEA'DA, f. f. a firoke with the tail.

COLEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail.

COLECCIO'N, f. f. collection, gathering together.

COLE'CTA, f. f. vide COLLEC-CIO'N.

COLECTA'NEA, f. f. vide CO-LECCION.

COLECTA'R, v. a to collect, or gater together.

colecticolo, adj. of the common flock or fort, ordinary, common.

COLECTIVAME'NTE, adv. gathered together in heaps; also briefly, compendiously.

colectivo, adj. collective, gathered into one mas.

COLECTO'R, f. m. the perform who gathers, a collector.

collection, f. f. collection, the office of a collector.

COLL'GA, f. m. collegue, companion in office or otherwise.

COLEGACION, f f. gathering together; an affembly, a congregation.

COLEGA'R, v. a. to gather together, to affemble, to confederate, to unite.

COLEGIA'L, f. m. a collegiate, or fludent in a college; adj. ufed, belonging to a college.

COLEGIAME NTE, adv. collegiatelike.

COLEGIA'TA, f. f. a collegiate church.

or rank of a collegist

or rank of a collegial.

COLL'GIO, f. m. a college.

COLEGI'R, v. a to gather; to infer, to deduce by reason.

COLE'O, f. m. the motion of the tall in any beaft; also the motion of the beard in a man.

COLERA, f. f. choler, anger. Colera, f. f. a beautiful tail of any

creature.

COLE'RICO, adj. choleric, hafty,
paffionate.

head our round, a final skullcap; also a fore of canvas to make doublets.

COLETA'NEO, f. m. a fosterbrother, one that sucks the same milk,

COLETERO

- COLETE'RO, f. m. a person who makes the buff coats.
- COLETICO, f. m. a little buff or leather jerkin.
- €OLETI'LLA, f. f. a woman's kerchief.
- COLE'TO, f. m. buff coat.
- COLGADE'RO, f. m. a thing to hang another by, or that which hangs.
- COLGADIZO, adj. that is, or may be hung.
- COLGADO'R, f. m. a hanger.
- COLGADURA, f. f. the hanging of a room; also hanging of any other thing.
- COLGA'JO, f. m. a thing that hangs dangling.
- Colgijo de úras, a bunch of grapes. COLGA'R, v. a. to hang, to hang a room; to depend on another; to prefent on a man's birth-day, or the feast of the saint of his name; also to hang a man.
- Coigár de la róca del que hábla, to be wholly intent upon what one says. CO'LICA, f. f. the colick.
- COLIDIR, v. a. to collide, to rub, to dash, to beat; to knock together.
- COLIFLO'R, f. f. a cauliflower. COLIGACIO'N, f. f. union, league, confederacy, alliance in any undertaking.
- COLIGA'DO, adj. bound together, confederated, allied.
- COLIGADU'RA, f. f. a connexion or binding rogether.
- COLIGA'R, v. r. to make an alliance, or confederacy.
- coll'LLA, f. f. diminutive of cola.
- COLI'NA, f.f. cabbage-feed; also a narrow hill betwirt two vales. COLINO, f. m. a young cabbage
- or sprout.

 COLIQUA'R, v. a to liquefy,

 COLIQUECE'R, to make liquid.
- COLI'RIO, f. m. a medicine for the eyes.
- COLISSE'O, f. m. a thearre; also any place where there are large flatues.
- COILA, f. f. a gale of wind. COILA'DO, f. m. a hillock.
- COLLA'R, f. m. a collar.

 Tom. I.

- COLLARE'JO, f. m. a little collar; also the cape of a cloak or coat.
 COLLARCI'LLO, (f. m. vide COL COLLARI'CO, LARE'JO.
- rine, a term among earchitects; a finall circle or round that compasses the top and bottom of the column.
- COLLATA'R, adj. obs. vide CO-LATERA'L.
- COLLA'ZO, f. m. vide COLA'-ZO; a fervant they hire to plough and till.
- COLLE'JA, f. f. a little stalk or stem.
- COLLE RA, f. f. a collar for a horse or other beast of draught. Collera, the chains with which the galley-slaves were chained.
- COLLE'TA, f. f. a cabbage-plant.
 CO'LMA, f. f. vide CO'LMO.
- COLMADADLE'NTE, adv. in heaps, perfectly, completely.
- COLMADU'RA, T. f. heaping up.
- COLMEA'R, f. m. vide COL-MENA'R.
- COLME'NA, f. m. a bee-hive. Tenér la cafa como una colména, to have a house like a bee-hive; that
- is, well flored.

 COLMENA'R, f. m. a place to
- keep bee-hives.

 COLMENE'RO, f. m. one that
- keeps bee-hives.

 COLMILLE'JO, f. m. diminutive
- of colmillo.

 COLMI'LLO, f. m. the tusk of a boar or any other beaft; also the four teeth of a man, which part
- the fore teeth from the hind teeth. COLMILLUDO, adj. that has great tusks.
- colmo, f. m. the top of any thing, the heaped part of a meafure, that which rifes above the edges of the measure.
- No llegár en cólmo, not to rife to the top, not come to perfection. CO'LO, f. m. the intestine colon. COLO'BIO, f. m. a short coat without sleeves used in former ages. COLOBRI'NA, f. f. vide CULE-BRI'NA.
- COLOCACIO'N, f. f. placing, or bestowing, fettling.

- COLOCA'R, v a to place, to fettle.
- COLOCYNTIDA, f. f. a kind of wild gourd, purging phlegm, the apple whereof is called coloquintida.
- COLO'DRA, f. f. a horn to drenc't beafts; also a ceep pan to milk sheep or goats in.
- colodRi'llo, f. m. the pole of the head, the nape of the neck.
- Dar de colodrillo, to tumble down backwards.
- COLO'DRO, f. m. a fort of wooden shoes.
- Andár de zócos en celódros, to run out of one danger into another, to fall out of the frying-pan into the fire.
- COLOMBROAO, f. m. namefake... COLO'NIA, f. f. a broad filk ribbon; also a colony, or number of people fent to fettle in any place.
- COLO'NO, 'f. m. a husbandman who cultivates the ground he has hired.
- COLOPHO'NIA, f. f. fine rofin, COLOQUINTI'DA, f. f. the coloquintida plant and apple,
- conference.
- COLOQUUTO'R, f. m. the perfon who talks with another.
- COLO'R, f. m. colour; pretence; paint for women's faces.
- Mudár el colór del rófiro, to change the colour in the face, to blush. Colór cárdeno, a black and blue colour.
- Color liéno, a deep colour.
- Color muérto, a faded colour.
- Colór vivo, a bright, lively colour.

 Mudár colór, to change colour,
- as a man does upon a furprize. Bolvérse en color, to blush.
- coloracio'n, f. f. the state of being coloured.
- COLORA'DO, adj. red; sometimes taken for coloured.
- Ponerse colorado, to blush.
- COLORA'R, v. a. to colour, to palliate, to excuse.
- Palabras colorádas, obficene words in converfation.
- COLOREA'R, v. n. to begin to

recover a colour; also to colour, to palliate.

colorroo, f. m. the colouring, the manner of colouring particular to each painter.

COLORIN, f. m. a linnet.

COLORIR, v. a. to fet out in colours.

COLORI'STA, f. m. colorift, the painter who excels in colouring.

COLO'SSO, f. m. any statue of an extraordinary bigness.

COLO'STRO, f. m. beeftings, thick milk that comes foon after a cow has calved.

COLUDI'R, v. a. to collude, to dissemble, to deceive.

COLUMLI'NO, adj. dove-like, dovecolour.

COLUMBRADO'R, f. m. in cant. 2 fpy, an observer, or looker over.

COLUMBRA'R, v: a to different at a diffance, fo that a man can fearce differn what it is.

COLUMBRES, f. m. pl. in cant, the eyes.

COLUMBRO'N, f. m. a glimpse of a thing as far as one can see.

COLUME'LA, f. f. a little column. COLU'MNA, f. f. vide COLU-NA.

COLUMPIA'RSE, v. r. to fwing on a rope, as boys do.

COLU'MPIO, f. m. a fwing, or the act of fwinging.

COLU'NA, f. f. a column, or pillar.

Colúna Dórica, Iónica, Corletia, Tofeána, Compófita, Gótica, a column of the Doric, Ionic, Corinthian, Tufcan, Composite, or Gothic order.

Colúna de média cáña, a half pillar; that is, only the half round, as is used against a wall.

Colúna istriáda, a fluted column.

COLUNACION, f. f. adorning with columns, or the placing or disposing of them.

COLUNA'RIO, f. m. a disposition, or placing of columns, a colonnade, any series or range of pillars.

COLUROS, f. m. pl. the colures, being two great circles in the fphere cutting one another, at right angles, at the poles of the world, and dividing the zodiac into four parts.

COLUSI'ON, f. f. collusion, fraud, deceitful dealing, when two combine to chear a third.

coluso'R, f. m. one that colludes, diffembles, or joins with another to cheat.

colyrato, f. m. a medicine for the eyes, eye-falve; also a tent, a pessary made fuller at one end, and smaller at the other like a mouse's tail, to dress fistulas with.

COM

CO'MA, f. f. obf. the hair.

Com:, f. f. a flop called a comma, the point which notes the diffinction or clauses, marked thus (,). COMA'DRE, f. f. a midwise, a gossip.

Juéves de comédres, Gossips Thursday, Thursday seven night before Shrove-Tuesday, for the Thursday before is called Juéves de compradres, the Hegossips Thursday, and that immediately before Shrove-Tuesday; Jueves para 16das, for all, both men and women.

CUMADRE'JA, s. f. a weasel.

COMADRE'JA, s. f. a weasel.

COMADRL'RA, f. f. a gossipping woman.

COMADRE'RO, f. m. a man that is always among the women.

COMANDAMIE'NTO, f. m. the government of any province or kingdom,

COMA'NDANCIA, f. f. vid. CO-MANDAMIE'NTO.

COMANDA'NTE, f. m. a commandant, a captain.

COMANDA'R, v. a. to command. COMA'NDO, f. m. a command. COMA'RCA, f. f. a diffrict, or territory, a liberty, or the country about a town; also the borders or confines.

COMARCA'NO, adj.neighbouring, near the borders within the liberties.

COMARCA'R, v. a. to border, to beneighbouring.

CO'MBA, f. f. a bump, a round fwellling caused by a fall or blow; also a selon on a singer. COMBADU'RA, f. f. bending, making erooked.

COMBA'R, v.a. to bow, to bend, to turn into an arch.

COMBA'TE, f.m. combat, banle, conflict, affault.

COMBATI'BLE, adj. affaultable. COMBATIDO'R, f. m. a combater, a fighter, an affailant, a champion.

COMBATIE'NTE, f. m. a combatant.

COMBATAMIE'NTO, f. m. fighting, combating.

COMBATI'R, v. a. to combat; to fight, to affault.

Hombre apercible medlo combaildo, a man that is upon his guard has half the battle over. Fore-warned, fore-armed.

COMBL'S, f. m. the deck of a ship.

COMBIDADO'R, f. m. one that invites.

COMBIDA'R, v. a. to invite.

COMBIDO'N, f. m. the fquire of the company, he that treats all. COMBINACIO'N, f. f. a combination.

COMBINA'R, v. a. to combine, to plot, to devife, or to join together in a delign.

COMBITE, f. m. an invitation, also a seast, or treat.

Combine con porra, a feast with a club: that is, an invitation at which every one pays.

COMBLE'ZA, f. f. obf. a concubine, a miftres kept by a married man.

comblezo, f. m obf. a rival, a competitor; also one that is too familiar with another man's wife.

combo'Y, f. m. convoy, money, provisions, or ammunition sent to a town or army with a guard to secure it against the enemy; the same word is used at sea for a guard of men of war to secure merchants.

COMBOYA'R, v. a. to convoy. COMBUSTIBLE, adj. combuftible, that c.n be burnt.

COMEDE'RO, f. m. a room to eat in, or a vessel for any creature to feed out of. Comedero, adj. eatable.

COME'DIA, f. f. z comedy, a play.

COMEDIANTE, f. m. f. player, or actor.

COME'DICO, adj. belonging to a comedy.

COMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. civily, courteously.

COMEDI'DO, adj. civil, courteous, well-bred, well-behaved:
alfo moderate.

COMEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. civility, good breeding; also moderation.

COME'DIO, f. m. an interval of time.

COMEDI'R, v. a. to premeditate, to deliberate upon, or confult how any thing must be done.

Comedife, v. r. to be civil, to grow calm, to moderate.

COME'DO, f. m. obf. vide CO-MEDIA'NTE.

COMEDO'R, f. m. a great eater; a dining-room.

COMENDA'BLE, adj. commendable, praife-worthy.

COMENDADO'R, f. m. a commendary; he who has a revenue in commendam, either prieft or knight of the military orders.

Commendadores de bola, in cant, thieves that play at fairs.

COMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend; to commend; to praise.

COMENDE'RO, f. m. vide CO-ME'NDADOR; also he that commits any thing to one's charge.

COMENDATA'RIO, f. m. oue who has a benefice in commendam.

COMENSA'L, adj. mess-mate, a companion at board or a table. COMENTADO'R, f. m. one who makes comments or remarks.

COMENTAR, v. a. to comment, to explain, to make remarks on. COMENTARIO, f. m. commentary

COME'NTO, f. m. comment, explanation.

COMENTUA'L, adj. belonging to a comment.

COMENZADO'R, f. m. one who begins or commences.

COMENZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a comencement, or beginning. COMENZA'R, v. a. to begin, to

COMENZA'R, v. a. to begin, to commence.

COME'R, v. a. to eat, to dine. Comér un bocado sin affentarse, to eat a bit without sitting down.

Comér de górra or de mogollón, to fpunge one's victuals.

Comér mil ducadós de rénta, to spend a thousand ducats a year.

Tenér que comér, to be well to pass. Comérse a otro de un bocado, te eat up a man at a morsel; to make nothing of him.

Comérse unos a otros, to eat up one another; to be always quarrelling. Comérse de piójos en una cárcel, to be eaten up by lice in a prison; to die miserably in it.

Comér de mogollón, to spunge a din-

Comér y callar, to eat and fay no-

COMERCIA'BIE, adj. that can be fold, faleable; also sociable, affable.

COMERCIA'L, adj. belonging to traffic.

COMERCIA'NTE, f. m. he who traffics; a tradefman, a merchant.

COMERCIA'R, v. n. to traffic or merchandize.

COME'RCIO f. m. commerce, trade.

COME'RES, f. m. pl. victuals, estables.

COMESTIBLE, adj. eatable. COME'TA, f. m. a comet, a bla-

zing star.

COME'TARIO. adj. belonging to a comet or blazing star.

COMETEDO'R, 1. m. one that commits an affair to another, or that commits a crime.

COMETE'R, v. 2, to commit a thing to, to commit a crime.

COMETIDO'R, f. m. vide CO-METEDO'R,

COMETIMIE'NTO, f. m. committing.

COMEZO'N, f. m. itching; the fling of conscience.

COMICAME'NTE, adv. comically, humouroufly.

COMICIO, f, m, an affembly of

prople for chusing officers or making of laws.

COMICO, adj. comic, comical.

COMIDA, f. f. meat, dinner. COMIDILLA, f. f. diminutive of comida.

COMIE'NZO, f. m. a beginning. COMIGO, adv. with me.

Estás comigo ! are you on my side ? do you understand me !

COMILITO'N, f. m. a person given to gluttony.

COMILO'N, f. m. a great eater, a greedy gut, a glutton.

COMILONEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton.

COMI'NO, f. f. the plant and feed cummin.

Fulino parte un comino, fuch a one fplits a cummin feed; he is niggardly.

No monta un trapo atado de cominos, it is not worth a rag full of cummin seeds; it is not worth a firaw or button.

COMISSARI'A, f. f. the office of a commissary.

COMISSA'RIO, f. m. a commistary.

Comificio, a perion chosen by any community.

COMISSIO'N, f. f. commission. COMISSIONA'RIO, f. m. vide COMISSA'RIO.

COMISSO, f. m. the penalty laid on those who deal in contraband goods or traffick against law.

COMISSURA, 1. f. a joint, the place where boards or other things are joined.

COMI'TE, f. m. vide COMITRE. COMITI'VA, f. f. company, convoy; a thing committed to another.

CO'MITRE, f. m. a boatfwain of a ship or galley.

COMMEMORACIO'N, f. f. commemoration, remembrance.

COMMEMORA'R, v. a to commemorate, to remember.

COMMENSA'L, f. m. mefs-mate, who eats at the fame table with others.

COMMENSURACIO'N, f. f. commensuration, measuring together.

Z 2

COMMENSURA'R, v. n. to proportion, or measuring together. COMMILITO'N, f. m. a fellow-

C O M

COMMINACIO'N, f. f. a threat. COMMINA'R, v. a. to threaten. COMMINATO'RIO, adj. threa-

COMMISERACIO'N, f. f. commiseration, compassion.

COMMOCION, f. f. a commotion, a disturbance.

COMMONITO'RIO, f. m. advice, counsel.

COMMOVE'R, v. a. to ftir up, to incense, to provoke.

COMMUTACIO'N, f. f. a change. COMMUTA'R, v. a. to change, alter, or truck.

COMMUTATI'VO, adj. commu-

CG'MO, conj. how, as, like, why, fo, as, if, after that manner. Higo como tu húces, I do as you do.

Anda cómo un tôco, he goes like a madman,

Como eres tan malo 1 why are you fo wicked ?

Cimo éllo féa buéno, fo it be good. Como quiera, howfoever.

COMODAME'NTE, adv. commodiously, conveniently.

COMODAR, v. a. in cant, to truck, to exchange.

COMODA'TO, f. m. in law, any thing borrowed on condition of

restitution in kind. COMODIDA'D, f. f. conveniency, opportunity; also profit, or

COMODISTA, f. m. a person who is fludious of his own conveniency.

CO'MODO, f. m. conveniency, opportunity; also convenient, commodious.

COMPADECE'R, v. a. to have compassion, to commiserate, to bear a part in others troubles.

COMPADRA'R, v. n. to ally as gossips, to match.

COMPADRA'ZGO, f. m. goffip-

COMPA'DRE, f. m. a man goffip, a compeer.

COMPA'GE, f. f. jeint, cofure, a close joining or setting together. COMPA'NA, f. f. vide COM-PAñl'A.

COMPARE'RO, f. m. companion. COMPARIA, f. f. a company, a fellowship in trade, a fociety, a company of foldiers; also a wife. COMPATO, (f. m. a compa-COMPATO'N, nion.

COMPARONCINO, 7 f. m. diminutive of COMPARONCI'Lcompañon. COMP'ARONES, f. in. pl. the testicle of a man or beast.

Compañones de gérro, stander-grass. COMPAŭUL'LA, f. f. a little company.

COMPARA'BIE, adj. compara-

COMPARACION, f. f. comparifon.

En comparación de ésto, in comparifon of this: spoke adverbially.

Toda comparación es odiófa, conparisons are odious.

COMPARADO'R, f. m. a comparer.

COMPARA'NZA, S. f. vide COM-PARACIO'N.

COMPARA'R, v. a. to compare COMPARATIVAME'NTE, adv. comparatively, in comparison.

COMPARATIVO, adj. compared, or belonging to compari-

COMPARECE'NIA, f. f. an appearance before a judge at the time appointed, a recognisance or day of appearance.

COMPARECL'R, v. n. to appear. COMPARICIO'N, f. f. appearing. COMPA'RSA, f. f. a train or retinue of attendants or followers, a prince's court, a multitude, or

COMPARTIMIE'NTO, f. m. the distribution of the whole into

Compartimiéntos, compartments in painting or drawing.

COMPARTI'R, v. a. to distribute, to divide: also to impart, to communicate.

COMPA'S, f. m. the motion of the feet in fencing.

Compás, f. m. a pair of compasses; in music it is the time that is kept, or the master's beating time. Salir del compás, not to keep time; not to do things orderly.

COMPASSA'R, v. a. to measure with compasses, to compass.

COMPASSI'BLE, adj. that is compassionate, or has pity.

COMPASSILLO, f. m. one of the four times used in music,

COMPASSIO'N, f. f. compassion, pity, commiferation.

COMPASSIVO, adj. compaffionate, full of compassion, me:-

COMPATERNIDA'D, f. f. compaternity, spiritual affinity or kindred contracted between the parents of a child and its godfather.

COMPATIA, f. f. fympathy.

COMPATIBILIDA'D, f.m. comparibility, confiftency, the power of coexisting with fomething else.

COMPATIBLE, adj. compatible, fympathetic, fuffering with another, or that may be endured.

COMPATRIO'TA, f.m. a countryman; that is, one of the fame country.

COMPATRO'N, f. m. one who has an equal right or privilege in any patrimonial estate; also a fellow - guardian.

COMPELE'R, v. a. to compel, to force.

COMPENDE'NCIA, f. ftrife, de-

COMPENDIA'R, v. a. to abridge, to shorten, to epitomize.

COMPENDIARIAME'NTE, adv. vide COMPENDIOSAME'NTE. COMPE'NDIO, f. m. a compendium, an abridgment.

COMPENDIG'SO, adj. brief. short, compendious.

COMPENSA'BLE, adj. compenfable, that which may be recompensed.

COMPENSACION, f. f. compenfation, reward, scmething equi-

COMPENSA'R, v. a to requite, to reward, to ecompense.

COMPETE'NCIA, f. f. competency, sufficiency; also contention, or rivalship.

COMPETE'NTE, adj. competens, suitable, meet.

competent, fit, or meet.

COMPETICIG'N, f. f. competition, strife, contention, rivalship.

COMPETIDO'R, f. m. a competitor, a rival, an opponent.

COMPETIR, v. n. to fland in competition.

COMPILA'R, v. a. to compile, to draw up from various authors. COMPINCHE, f. m. friend, companion, comrade.

COMPLACE DE'RO, adj. pleafunt, agreeable.

COMPLACE'NCIA, f. f. complacency, pleasure, sarisfaction.

COMPLACE'R, v. a. to please, to satisfy, to content.

Complacerse, v. r. to be pleased, to be sarisfied.

COMPLACIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide COMPLACE'NCIA.

COMPLEME'NTO, f. m. completion, perfection of any thing.
COMPLESSIO'N, f. f. vide COM-

PLEXICN.
COMPLETAME'NTE, adv. completely, perfectly.

COMPLETA'R, v. a. to perfect or complet e any thing.

COMPLE'T'AS, f. f. compline, the last of the seven parts of the divine office sung or receited by priests and religious men, at night.

COMPLE'TO, adj. full, complere. COMPLETG'RIO, f.m. vide COM-PLE TAS.

COMPLEXION, f. f. the conflicution of the body.

COMPLE'XO, f. m. a complex, or joining two or many things together.

COMPLICACION, f. f. complication, confusion of many things. COMPLICA'R, v. a. to mix or confuse many things one with

co'MPLICE, f. m. an accomplice, one that is aiding or affifting to a fact, commonly to a crime.

COMPLICIDA'D, f. f. the keeping of company with, or being an accomplice in a crime with another.

COMPLIDAME'NTE, adv. perfelly, completely. COMPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide CUMPLIMIENTO.

C O M

COMPLI'R, v. a. vide CUMPLIR. COMPO'N, f. m. in heraldry, one of the fquares of a chess-board introduced in a coat of arms.

COMPONA'DO, adj. in heraldry, chequered.

COMPONEDO'R, f. m. a com pofer, an adjuster, a reconciler, an adorner.

COMPONE'R, v. a. to compose, to compound, to put together, to reconcile, to adjust, to dress, to adorn, to frame a lie, to compose as printers do, to make verses, to write prose.

Componer discordias, to make up differences.

Componérse con la parte, v. r. to compound with the plaintiff.

Componente una muger, is for a woman to drefs herfelf.

Componér lo desconcertádo, to order things that were in confusion.

COMPO'RTA, f. f. a vessel to carry the grapes home in vintage-time.

COMPORTA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that may be borne.

comportain, v. a. to carry together with another; also to bear or sustain an injury.

COMPO'RTE, f. m. in cant, an innkeeper.

COMPOSICIO'N, f. f. compofition; agreement; mixture.

COMPOSITO, f. m. the compofite order in architecture.

compositor, one who composer, a compositor, one who compounds; one who composes music, forming a tune from the different musical notes.

COMPOSTURA, f. f. a compofition; also decency, modely, composedness.

CO'MPRA, f. f. purchase, bargain. COMPRA'BLE, adj. that can be bought.

COMPRADILLO, f. m. a game at cards fo called.

COMPRADIZO, adj. that is, or may be bought or purchased.

COMPRADO'R, f. m. a buyer, a purchaser, a chapman.

Compradores de óro y plata, persons

who make it their business to buy up filver and gold as it comes from the Indies in wedges, or otherwise, to reduce it to the due standard for coining.

COMPRA'R, v. a. to buy, to purchase.

comprehend, to conceive, to understand, to contain.

comprehended or underflood, comprehendible, intelligible, conceivable.

COMPREHENSIO'N, f. f. comprehention, understanding, containing.

COMPREHENSI'VO, adj. comprehensive, having the power to comprehend or understand.

comprehend or understand.

COMPREHENSO'R, f. m. one
that comprehends or understands,

COMPRESBITERO, f. m. he that has received the order of priesthood along with another.

COMPRESSION, f. f. compressions or binding together.

compressed, adj. compressed, •

COMPRIMI'R, v. 2. to compress, bind together., or confine in less compass.

COMPRIR, v. a. vide CUMPLIR. COMPROBACIO'N, f. f. comprobation, proof. atteflation.

comprobat, v. a. to prove, to confirm, to affure.

Comprobár, to commend, to allow. COMPROMETE'R, v. a. to compromife, to agree, to make a mutual promife.

compromerimie'nro, f. m. a murual agreement.

compromise, a mutual promise, am agreement.

COMPROMISSO'R, f. m. one that is to fee a compromise or agreement betwirt two performed; or one of the two parties that make the agreement.

COMPROVA'R, v. a. vide COM-PROBA'R.

COMPUE'RTA, f. m. a fluice or floodgate; also a portcullis, herse, or sarracine of a fortress.

COMPUE'STO, f. m. a work ma-

de up or composed of many things; also the composite order in architecture, which is the last of the five orders.

Compuesto, p. p. compounded; also dressed, adorned, settled.

COMPUISA, f. f. the copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of court.

COMPULSA'R, v. a. to take a copy of an original writing, compelling him who has it to produce it by order of the court.

COMPULSIO'N, f. f. compulsion, force, violence.

COMPULSO'RIA, f. f. a fubpoena.

COMPUNCION, f. f. compunction, fling of confcience, forrow for ill done.

COMPUNGIDO, adj. penitent, forrowful, contrite; also sharp, acid.

COMPUNGIR, v. a. to rouch in conscience, to repent, to feel compunction, or forrow for sins.

 Compunglese, v. r. to be penitent, forrowful, to be touched in conscience for one's sins.

COMPURGACIO'N, f. f. a proof of any one's innocence.

COMPURGA'R, v. 2. to be cleared of any crime, to be acquitted from an accusation,

COMPUTACION, f. f. computation, reckoning, calculation, cafting of accounts.

COMPUTA'R, v. a. to compute, to reckon, to calculate.

COMPUTISTA, f. m. the person who calculates, an accomptant, a computer.

CO'MPUTO, f, m, account, calculation.

COMVIDA'R, v. a. vide COMBIDA'R.

COMULACIO'N, f, f. vide AC-CUMULACIO'N.

*COMULGADO'R, f. m. one that communicates or receives the communion.

'COMULGA'R, v.a. to communicate or reserve the holy communion.

COMULGATO'RIO, f. m. the place where the facrament is reserved.

COMU'N, adj. common, vulgar, public.

El ccmún, the commonalty, the mob. COMUNA'L, adj. vide COMU'N. COMUNALEZA, f. f. obf. the flate of living in common with others.

COMUNALME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently.

COMUNE'RO, f. m. a factious fellow, one that would have all things in common, a leveller.

COMUNICA'BLE, adj. communicable, that may be communicated to others; also fit to be conversed with, tractable.

COMUNICACIO'N, f. f. communication, conversation.

COMUNICADO'R, f. m. one that communicates, or imparts things to others.

COMUNICAR, v. a. to communicate, to impart, to converse.

Comunicarfe, v. r. to be in alliance, to have a fecret correspondence with another.

comunicated or imparted to another.

COMUNIDA'D, f. f. the commonalty; also a community; that is, a society that live in common, as religious orders.

COMUNIO'N, f. f. communion, fellowship, but generally the holy communion.

COMUNME'NTE, adv. commonly, for the most part.

COMUTACION, f. f. commutation, exchange.

C O·N

CON, prep, with.

CONA'TO, f. m. an endeavour. CONBO'Y, f. m. vide COMBOY. CO'NCA, f. f. in cant, a porringer.

CONCAPTIVO, f. m. a fellow-flave or captive.

CONCATENACIO'N, f. f. concatenation, a feries of links, of facts, &c.

CONCAVIDA'D, f. f. concavity, hollowness.

CO'NCAVO, f. m. vide CONCA-VIDA'D.

Concaro, adj. concave, hollow.

CONCEBIMIE'NTO, f. m. a conception, or conceiving of a thing.

CONCEBIR, v. a. to conceive, either in the mind, or in the womb.

CONCEDE'R, v. a. to grant, to confent or affent, to yield up, to refign.

CONCECIO'N, f. f. vide CON-CEPCION.

CONCEGI'L, adj. common, belonging to the public.

CONCEJA'L, adj. belonging to the public.

CONCEJE'RO, f. m. a. counfellor. CONCEJERAME'NTE, adv. publicly, openly.

CONCE'JO, f. m. vide CONSEJO. CONCE'NTO, f. m. concert, concord in music.

CONCENTRA'DO, adj. incorporated in the center of another thing, concentric.

CONCEPCION, f. f. a conception either of the mind or syomb, CONCEPTILIO, f. m. diminu-

tive of concepto.

facetious man, one who conceives witty things.

conce'PTO, f. m. the idea conceived in the mind; also opinion or judgment upon any thing.

conceptua'R, v. a. to express elegantly whatfever is conceived in the mind.

conceptuosame'nte, adv. elegantly, discretely, acutely.

CONCEPTUO'SO, adj. abounding in fpeech or conceptions of mind.

CONCERNIA, v. imperf. to belong to, to pertain to.

CONCERTACIO'N, f. f. obf. quarrel, contest.

CONCERTADAME'NTE, adv. by agreement, or orderly.

CONCERTADO'R, f. m. a mediator, an adjuster, one that makes up or reconciles matters.

concerta'r, v. a. to agree, to adjust, to reconcile, to compose, to contrast, to covenant. Concertar discorder, to reconcile, or set people to rights that were at variance.

Hómbre concertádo, affober, staid man. Ir concertadós, o de concierto, to go upon a business hand in hand. having agreed how to proceed. Concertarfe, v. r. to be agreed, to be

adjusted, to be reconciled.

Concertose para hóy, it was concluded or appointed for this day.

CONCESSIO'N, f. f. a concession,

CONSEYO, f. m. obf. council. CONCE'TO, f. m. conceit, con-

CO'NCHA, f. f. a shell of any shellfish, thence used for a bowl, a bason, a flat porringer, or any fuch thing that is like a fish's shell.

Cóncha de nácar, mother of pearl. Cóncha de galápago, a tortoise-shell. Cóncha, in architecture, is sometimes taken for a nich in a wall to set a statue in.

CONCHAVA'NZA, f. f. rucking together like a fish in its shell; fatisfying one's felf in that narrow compass.

CONCHAVA'RSE, v. r. to be united or allied, to be engaged in a contract with another.

CONCHE'TA, (f. f. any little CONCHI'LLA, [shell of any fish. CONCHU'DO, adj. full of shells, covered with shells; very cautious; circumspect, hard to be deceived.

CONCHUE'LA, any little shell o, a fish.

CONCIBDADA'NO, f.m. a fellowcitizen. Obs.

CONCIE'NCIA, f. f. the confcience.

No tenér conciéncia, to be unconscionable.

No hacer conciéncia, to use no confcience.

Ancho de conciéncia, one that has a large conscience.

Encargar la conciencia, to charge or burthen the conscience.

CONCIENCIO'SO, (adj. consci-CONCIENZU'DO, centious, one that makes a conscience of what he does, scrupulous, exactly just.

CONCIE'RTO, f. m. bargain, agreement , contract ; concert , fymphony.

CONCILIA'BULO, f. m. a council of bishops, or fynod without legal authority, or heretical; also a meeting of men assembled to deliberate upon any wicked action.

CON

CONCILIACIO'N, f. f. getting, procuring, or reconciling.

CONCILIADO'R, f. m. one that gets, procures, or obtains; or a reconciler.

CONCILIA'R, adj. of belonging to counsel.

Conciliár, v. a. to get, to procure, to obtain; also to reconcile.

CONCILIO, f. m. a council, properly a council of bishops, &c. CONCINIDA'D, f. f. elegance, finery, neathefs.

CONCINO, adj. neat, elegant, fine, pretty.

CONCIO'N, f. f. speech, oration, fermon.

CONCISAME'NTE, adv. concifely, shortly, briefly.

CONCISIO'N, f. f. shortness of speech or writing, a concise method of expression.

CONCI'SO, adj. concise, short, compendious.

CONCISTORIO, f. m. vide CON-SISTO'RIO.

CONCITACIO'N, f. f. a flirring up, an instigation.

CONCITADO'R, f. m. one that stirs up or instigates.

CONCITA'R, v. a. to ftir up, to excite, to instigate.

CONCIUDADA'NO, f. m. a fellow-citizen.

CONCLA'VE, f. m. the conclave, the place where the cardinals meet to chuse a pope.

CONCLAVISTA, f. m. the fervant every cardinal takes with him into the conclave.

CONCLUIR, v. a. to conclude, to finish, to end; also to convince, or to run one down in argument.

CONCLUSION, f. f. a conclusion, the end.

CONCLU'SO, adj. concluded, ended finished.

CONCLUYENTEME'NTE, adv. evidently, clearly, conclusively. CONCOCCION, f. f. concocion.

CONCOLE'GA, f. m. a fellow collegian.

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CONCOME'RSE, v. r. to itch; alfo to shrug as one that is louf or has the itch.

CONCOMIMIE'NTO, (f. m. 2 CONCO'MIO, rubbing of the body.

CONCOMITA'NCIA, f. f. concomitancy, a keeping company with , sublishing together with another thing.

CONCOMITA'R, v. 2. to keep company, to affociate, to act with another.

CONCO'MO, f. m. vide CONCO-MIMIE'NTO.

CONCORDA'BLE, adj. agreeable; that may be accorded.

CONCORDABLE ME'NTE, adv. by agreement, unanimoufly.

CONCORDACION, f. f. agreement, confeat, concord.

CONCORDA'NCIA, f. f. concordance, agreement, accord; also the Concordance of the Bible, where looking for any word, as in a Dictionary, it presently refers to the text where that word is used.

CONCORDA'R, v. a. to agree, to accord, to reconcile; also to tune instruments of music.

CONCORDA'TA, f. f. 7 contracts CONCORDA'TO, f.m. made. articles agreed on, treaty.

CONCO'RDE, adj. unanimous, agreeing, of one mind.

CONCORDEME'NTE, adv. unanimoufly.

CONCO'RDIA , f. f. concord , unity, agreement.

Concórdias, in music, concords oe harmonic founds.

CONCORPO'REO, adj. that partakes of the body of others.

CONCORRE'R, v. a. obs. vide CONCURRI'R.

CONCRE'TO, f. m. the whole made up of the parts.

CONCUBINA, f. f. a concubine.

CONCUBINA'RIO, f. m. one that keeps a concubine.

CONCUBINA'TO, f. m. the lying with a woman not married.

CONCUBITO, f. m. idem.

CONCULCA'R, v. a. to trample under toot.

CONCUPISCE'NCIA, f. f. concupifcence, fenfual or carnal

C'O'N

CONCUPISCI'BLE, adj. concupiscible, to be coveted, subject to carnal desires.

CONCURRL'NCIA, f. f. concurrence, union, affociation; alfo affiftance, help; also a combination of many agents or circumstances.

CONCURRENTE, f. m. one that concurs.

CONCURRI'R, v. n. to concur, to agree in opinion; also to run, or to flock together; also to help,

CONCURSA'R, v. a. to deliver up the goods of a debtor into the creditors hands in order to difcharge his debts.

CONCU'RSO, f. m. a concourse of people; also the contest betwixt ieveral pretenders to a benefice.

CONCUSSIO'N, f. f. concussion, a shaking.

CONDA'DO, f. m. county, earl-

CONDADU'RA, f. f. the dignity of a count or earl.

CO'NDE, f. m. a count, or earl. Conde palatino, a count palatine.

Conde de los gitanos, carl of the gipfies; we call him king of the gypsics.

CONDECENDE'R, v. a. vide CONDESCENDL'R.

CONDECORACIO'N, f. f. a decoration, or ornament.

CONDECORA'R, v. a. to adorn, to make decorations.

CONDENA'BLE, adj. that is to be condemned, rejected.

CONDENACIO'N, f. f. condemnation.

CONDENADO'R, f. m. one who condemns.

CONDENA'R, v. a. to condemn, to cast, to sentence, to damn, to pronounce judgment against.

Condenárse, v. r. to condemn one's felf, to accuse one's self.

CONDENATO'RIO, adj. belonging to the sentence of condem-

CONDENSA, f. f. a pantry, a floreroom.

CONDENSA'R, v. a. to condense, to thicken.

CONDE'SA, f. f. a countess.

CONDESA'R, v. a. obf. to depofite, to give in trust, to lay up. CONDESCENDE'NCIA, f. f.

condescendence, compliance. CONDESCENDE'R, v. n. to

condescend, to comply. CONDESI'JO, adj. what is laid up or deposited.

CONDESI'L, adj. belonging to the count or countels.

CONDESTA'BLE, f. m. conf-

Condestable de fortaliza, a governor of a strong place.

Condestable, a gunner.

CONDLSTABLI'A, f. f. conftableship.

CONDEXA'R, v. a. to lay up, to leave, to keep. Obs.

CONDICIO'N, f. f. condition, estate, quality, natural habit, inclination of the mind, temper, temperament; also stipulation, terms of compact.

Ponér en condicion, to bring into danger.

CONDICIONADO, adj. that belongs to condition.

CONDICIONA'L, adj. conditio-

CONDICIONALME'NTE, adv conditionally.

CONDICIONA'R', v. a. to imbibe or inftil good nature or good qualities into another; also to make terms, to stipulate.

CONDICIONA'ZA, f. f. great genius, extensive mind, wonderful parts.

CONDICIONCI'IIA, f. f. morofeness, peevishness.

CONDIGNAME'NTE, adv. with condign punishment; deservedly. CONDIGNIDA'D, f. f. the true and just reward of any thing.

CONDI'GNO, adj. condign, worthy, deserved.

CONDIME'NTO, (f. m. feafo-CONDIMIE'NTO, C ning put to any thing,

CONDICIPULO, f. m. school-

CONDISTINGUI'R., v. a, to diftinguish, to determine.

CONDI'TO, f. m. vide CONDI-MIENTO.

CONDOLE'NCIA, f. f. condolence, bearing part of another's

CONDOLE'R, v. n. to condole, to bear part of another's grief.

CONDONACIO'N, f. f. pardon, forgiveness.

CONDONA'R, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.

CONDURES, f. m. birds in the West-Indies of a vast bigness, infomuch that they kill sheep and calves.

CONDRILA, f. f. an herb in stalk and flower like to wild endive.

CONDUCCIO'N, f. f. a conducting, or guiding of any thing.

CONDUCE'NTE, adj. fit, proper, conducive to any end.

CONDU'CHO, adj. obf. accustomed, habituated.

Condúcho, f. m. obf food, meat, provifion.

CONDUCIR, v. a. to conduct, convoy, or carry in sasety any thing.

CONDUCTA, f. f. conduct, convoy of money; also management, œconomy; also a commission to raife men, and the art of leading troops.

CONDUCTO, f. m. a conduit; a canal of pipes for the conveyance of waters; also the manager of any affair.

CONDUCTO'R, f. m. the person who conducts, convoys, or direds. CONDUMIO, f. m. any thing to be eaten with bread.

CONEGE'RA, f. f. vide CONE-JE'RA.

CONEGE'RO, f. m. vide CONE-JE'RO.

CONE'JA, f. f. a doe rabbit.

CONEJA'I, f. m. a concy-borough.

CONEJE'RA, f. f. a coney - borough; also a woman that sell; rabbits.

CONEJE'RO, f. m. a warrener; one that fells rabbits; al o a dog for a rabbit.

Mugér conéjera, a woman that is a great breeder, like a rabbit.

Conehllo

CONEJI'LLO, (f. m. diminutive CONEJI'TO, C of conejo.

CONE'JO, f. m. a rabbit.

CONEJUE'LO, f. m. a little rabbit.

CONEJUNO, adj. of, or belonging to a rabbit.

CONFABULACIO'N, f. f. a confabulation or talking together.

CONFABULAR, v. a. to difcourse, to talk together.

CONFACCIO'N, f. f. a confection, a preserve; also a mixture.

CONFACCIONADO'R, f. m. a confectioner.

CONFACCIONADURA, f. f. preferving; also mixing.

CONFACCIONA'R, v. a. to preferve; also to mix.

CONFALO'N, f. m. a banner, a

CONFALONIER, f. m. a flandard-bearer.

CONFECCIO'N, f. f. a confection, a composition or mixture.

CONFECCIONADOR, f. m. vide CONFACCIONADOR.

CONFECCIONADURA, f. f. vide CONFACCIONADURA.

CONFECCIONA'R, v. a. vide CONFACCIONA'R.

CONFEDERACIO'N, f. f. confederacy, combination; league, union, engagement.

CONFEDERA'DO, f. m. ally, a confederate.

CUNFEDERA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide CONFEDERACIO'N.

CONFEDERA'R, v. a. to confederate to ally.

Confederirse, v. r. to be allied, to be confederated.

CONFERE'NCIA, f. f. a conference, a discourse; an appointed meeting for discussing some point or question; comparison.

CONFERIR, v. a. to compare, to match; also to bestow, to

impart, to confer.

CONFESSA'NTE, f.m. he who mahes a confession before a court of justice; a penitent that confesses his fins to the priest.

CONFESSAR, v. a. to confess. CONFESSION, f. f. confession. CONFESSIONA'L, adj. one term.

belonging to a confession.

Tom. I.

CONFESSIONA'RIO, f. m. the place where confession is made.

CONFE'SSO, adj. that has confessed; also a convert.

CONFESSO'R, f. m. a confessor; either a faint that is no martyr; or a father confessor that hears confessions.

CONFIADAME'NTE, adv. confidently, boldly, with affurance. CONFIADO'R, f. m. one that trusts in others.

CONFIA'NZA, f. f. confidence, truft, affurance, boldness.

Tenér confiánza en algúna perfona, to repose a trust, or confidence in any one, to rely on a person.

Hactr confianza, to trust, to rely, to depend upon another.

Dar en confiánça, to give a thing upon trust, to entrust with.

CONFLA'R, v. n. to confide, to

CONFICIE'NTE , adj. acting in conjunction with.

CONFICIO'N, f. f. vide CON-FACCIO'N.

CONFICIONA'R, v. 2. vide CON-FACCIONA'R.

CONFIDE'NCIA, f. f. confidence,

CONFIDE'NTE, f. m. a friend or confident, to whom one trusts his secrets.

CONFIDENTEME'NTE, adv. faith-fully, honeftly, justly, with integrity.

CONFIGURACIO'N, f. f. a difposition of the parts which make up the shape or figure.

CONFIGURA'R, v. a. to give shape, form, or figure to any

CONFIN, f. m. confine, border, limit, boundary.

Confines, f. m. pl. the confines, bounds, or borders of any place.

CONFINAINTE, adj. bordering, belonging to the limits, or confines.

CONFINAR, v. n. to confine, to border upon, to be adjoining to.

CONFIRMACIO'N, f. f. confirmation; also a proof, or confirmation of any fact.

CONFIRMADO'R, f. m. one that confirms.

CONFIRMADU'RA, f. f. a confirmation.

CONFIRMAR, v. a. to confirm. Confirmarse, v. r. to confirm one's felf.

CONFIRMATO'RIO, adj. belonging to confirmation given from a superior judge concerning the opinion of an inferior court.

CONFISCACIO'N, f. f. confifcation, forfeiture.

CONFISCA'DOR, f. m. one that takes forfeitures, or confifcations. CONFISCA'R, v. a. to confiscate.

CONFITA'R, v. a. to candy, to

CONFITE'RA, f. f. a woman confectioner, or a box in which confits or sweetmeats are kept.

CONFITERIA, f. f. a confectioner's shop, or the street where confectioners live.

CONFITE'RO, f. m. a confec-

CONFITES, f. m. pl. confits. fugarplums.

CONFITO'N, f. m. augm. of

CONFITURA, f. f. fweetmeats, confectioners ware.

CONFLACIO'N, f. f. the melting, or casting of meral.

CONFLAGRACIO'N, f. f. a comflagration, or great fire.

CONFLICTO, s. m. conflict, battle, fight; any trouble, or affliction.

CONFLUE'NCIA, f. f. the meeting or flowing together of many waters.

CONFLUIR, v. a. to flow toge-

CONFONDIMIE'NTO, f. m. confusion.

CONFORMACIO'N, f. f. conforming, fuiting.

CONFORMA'R, v. n. to conform, to fuit, to agree with.

Conformárse, v. r. to be conformable, to be submissive to the will of another.

CONFORMATRI'Z, adj. that makes one thing agreeable, or conformable to another in figure, colour, and disposition.

CONFO'RME, adj. conformable, fuitable, agrecable.

Αa

CONFORMEME'NTE, adv. conformably, agreeably, by confent.

CONFORMIDA'D, f. f. conformity, agreeableness, likeness.

CONFORTACIO'N, f. f. encouragement, comfort, relief.

CONFORTAMIE'NTO, f. m. encouragement, comfort.

CONFORTA'R, v. a. to comfort, to cherish, to relieve, to encou-

CONFORTA'S, f. f. pl. fluices, floodgates to let water in and

CONFORTATI'VO; adj. that comforts, or cherishes.

CONFORTE, f. m. a comforta-

CONFRA'DE, f. m. vide CO- $FR_{A'}DE$.

CONFRADI'A, vide COFRA-

CONFRAGO'SO, adj. rugged, shagged, rough.

CONFRATERNA'R, v. m. to be one of the brotherhood.

CONFRATERNIDA'D, f. f. confraternity, brotherhood.

CONFRONTACIO'N, f. f. con-

fronting, bringing face to face. CONFRONTA'R, v. n. to con-

front, to bring face to face. Confrontarse, v. r. to be like one

another confront and another. CONFUNDI'R, v. a. to confound. to destroy, to disorder, to perplex.

Confundir, v. a. to mix.

CONFUSAME'NTE, adv. confusedly.

CONFUSION, f. f. confusion, trouble, perpexity, ruin. In cant, a prison; also an inn, or tavern.

CONFU'SO, adj. confused, confounded, troubled, perplexed.

CONFUTACIO'N, f. f. confutation, confuting an argument.

CONFUTA'R, v. a. to confute, to run down an argument.

CONGELACION, f. f. congealing, freezing.

CONGELA'R, v. a. to congeal, to freeze together.

CONGENIA'R, v. n. to be of the same disposition, genius and inclination with another.

CONGE'RIE, f. f. a heap of diverse things.

CONGLA'RIO, f. m. a largels, which the Roman emperors used to carefs the people with.

CO'NGIO, f. m. an ancient measure of liquids so called.

CONGLOBACIO'N, f. f. the union of many things forming the shape and figure of a globe.

CONGLOBA'RSE, v. r. to make isfelf in the form of a globe.

CONGLUTINACION, f. f. conglutination, gluing, or sticking together.

CONGLUTINA'R, v. a. to conglutinate, to glue, or flick together.

CONGLUTINO'SO, acj. belonging to glue, Ricking together.

CONGOUJA, f. f. anguish, trouble, pain, grief, affliction.

CONGOJA'DO, adj. in anguish, in trouble, pain, forrowful.

CONGOJA'R, v. a. to trouble, to vex, to grieve, to put in pain, or anguish.

CONGOJOSAME'NTE, adv. in a troublesome, or painful man-

CONGOJO'SO, adj. full of anguish, grief, trouble, or pain.

CONGORE'A, f. f. the herb fuakeweed.

CONGO'XA, f. f. vide CONGO'JA and its derivatives.

CONGRACIADO'R, f. m. who infinuates by flattery.

CONGRACIAMIE'NTO, f. m. an insinuation by flattery.

CONGRACIA'RSE, v. r. to ingratiate one's felf, in to infinuate one's felf into another's favour.

CONGRATULACIO'N, f. f. congratulation, giving or wishing joy,

CONGRATULADO'R, f. m. he that congratulates, or wishes joy. CONGRATULA'R, v. a. to congratulate, to wish joy.

Congratularfe, v. r. to be congratulated.

CONGRATULATO'RIO, adj. congratulatory.

CONGREGACION, f. & a congregation, an affembly, a meeting,

CONGREGA'NTE, f. m. one. belonging to the congregation.

CONGREGA'R, v. a. to congregate, to affemble, or gather to-

CONGREGATORIA, f. f. congregation, affembly, meeting.

CONGRE'SSO, f. m. congress, meeting.

CONGRE'TES , f. m. pl. little long rolls of bead they make for children.

CO'NGRIO, f. m. a conger eel. CO'NGRUA, f. f. the ecclefiaftical revenue belonging ton any priest.

CONGRUAME'NTE, adv. agree eably, conveniently.

CONGRU'ENCIA, f. f. congruity, agreement, meetnels, conveniency.

CONGRUE'NTE, adj. agreeing, meet, convenient.

CONGRUENTE'MENTE, adv. vide CONGRUAME'NTE.

CONGRADUIDA'D, f. f. vide CONGRUE'NCIA.

CO'NGRUO, adj. congruous, meet, convenient, proper.

CONHORTACION, f. f. vide-CONFORTACIO'N.

CONHORTA'R, v. a. vide CON-FORTA'R.

CONHO'RTE, f. m. help, relief, comfort.

CONHORTO'SO, adj. comfortable, 'invigorationg, corroborative.

CONICAME'NTE, adv. in form of a cone.

CO'NICO, adj. conic , conical, having the form of a cone.

CONJECTURA, f. f. a conjec-

CONJETURA'BLE, adj. that maybe conjectured.

CONJETURA'L, adj. conjectural, depending on conjecture.

CONJECTURA'R, v. a. to guefs, to conjecture.

CONJU'DICE, f. m. a fellow-jud-

CONJUGACIO'N, f. f. a conjugarion; also coupling and youking together.

CONJUGAL, adv. conjugal, belonging to matrimeny.

CONJUGALME'NTE, adv. in a congujal manner.

CONJUGAR, v. a. conjugate; to conjoin or yoak together.

CONJUNCIO'N, f. f. a conjunction, a joining or coupling together.

CONJUNTA'R, v. a. to conjoin, to couple, to put together.

CONJUNTIVO, adj. conjunctive, joining one thing to another.

CONJUNTO, adj. joined. conjoi-

CONJUNTURA, f. f. a joint, or joining together.

CONJURA, 1. f. a conspiracy.

CONJURACIO'N, f. f. conspiracy.

CONJURA'DO, f. m. a conspirator. CONJURADO'R, f. m. one who conjures or fummonfes in a facred maile.

CONJURAMENTADO, f. m. one that is fworn with others to keep a fecret or to do any other

CONJURAMENTA'R, v. a. to fwear feveral persons to one

Conjuramentarfe, v. r. to swear, together to an act.

CONJURAMIE'NTO, f. m. confpiracy, fwearing together to one

GONJURA'R, v. a. to conspire, to conjure, to fwear together.

Conjurárse, v. r. to be confederated or allied, to be in a conspira-CY.

CONJURO, f. m. an exorcism; alfo the words used by enchan-. : sers.

CONLLORA'R, v. n. to cry or lament with another.

CONLOA'R, v. a. to praise or commend with others.

CON MIGO, adv. with me.

CONNATURA'L, adj. connatural . thuitable to nature, connected by nature.

CONNATURALME'NTE, adv. connaturally, by the act of nature, originally.

CONNATURALIZA'RSE, v. r. to naturalize one's felf.

CONNEXIDA'D, C. f. con-CONNEXIO'N, nexion , union, justion.

CONNEXO, adj. connected. CONNIVE'NCIA f. f. the act of conniving, of winking.

CONNUBIAL, adj. connubial, matrimonial, nuprial, conjugal. CONNUMERA'R, v. a. to mumber or count among.

CONNUSCO, adv. with us. Obf. CONO, f. m. a figure broad and round at bottom, with a sharp top like a sugaf-loaf,, a cone.

CONOCEDOR, f. m. one that is grateful, or one that examines a cause; also a connoisseur, a judge, a critic.

CONOCE'NCIA, f. f. obf. vide CONOCIMIE'NTO:

CONOCE'R, v. a. to know, to acknowledge, to understand.

Conocer su pecado, to be sensible of one's fault.

Conocer una muger carnalmente, to know a woman carnally.

Conocér de una causa, to hear a cause pleaded as judgo.

CONOCIBLE, adj, that may be

CONOCIDAME'NTE, adv. plainly, knowingly.

CONOCI'DO, f. m. an acquain-

CONOCIENTE, adj. grateful. CONOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a knowledge, acquaintance, gratitude; fense in a dying person; also a note, a bill, or obligation under one's hand; also a bill of lading.

CONO'IDE, f. f. a geometrical figure fo called. 1

CONORTACIO'N . f. f. vide CONFORTACION.

CONORTA'R, v. a. vide CON-FORTA'R.

CONORTE, f. m. comfort, encouragement.

CONOSCER, v. a. vide CONO-CE'R.

CONOSCEDO'R, f. m. vide CO-*NOCEDO'R*.

CONOSCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide CONOCIMIE'NTO.

CONQUERIDOR, f. m. a con-

CONQUERTR, v. a. to conquer. CONQUEZUE'LA, f. f. a linle Chell.

CONQUISTA, f. f. a conquett. C ONQUISTADO'R, f.m. a con-

CONQUISTAR, v. a. to conquer, to subdue, to bring uhder.

CONREA'R, v. a. obf. to plough a second time.

CONSABIDO'R, f. m. one who is-confcious of any thing,

CONSAGBACIO'N, f. f. a confecration.

CONSAGRAMIENTO, f. m. vide CONSAGRACIO'N.

CONSAGRA'NTE, f. m. the priest that consecrates at the altar.

CONSAGRA'R, v. a. confecrate.

CONSA'LME, f. m. a fort of feamuscle.

CONSANGUINIDA'D, f. f. consanguinity, kindred by blood.

CONSANGUINEO, adj. belonging to kindred or relations.

CONSCIE'NCIA, f. f. conscience. Vide'CONCIENCIA.

CONSCRIPTO, adj. written, enrolled, registred.

CONSECTA'RIO, f. m, corollary, deduction from premises.

CONSECUCIO'N, s. f. the obtaining one's desires.

CONSECUTIVAME'NTE, adv. confequently.

CONSECUTIVO, adj. subsequent that follows.

CONSEGUIE'NTE, f. m. consequent.

CONSEGUIENTEME'NTE, adv. consequently.

CONSEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. confequence; also obtaining, compassing, or atchieving.

CONSEGUER, v. a. to obtain to atchieve; also to follow.

CONSEJ'A, f. f. a fable, an old woman's tale.

CONSEJADO'R, f. m. who gives connsci to others.

CONSLIA'R, v. a. to advise, to counfel; alfo to ask counsel.

CONSEJERAME'NTE , adv. wifely, prudently.

conseje'RO, f. m. counfellor. CONSEJIL, f. f. in cant, a public whore.

CONSE'JO, f. m: a council; alfo advice.

Aa 2

Confejo de cámara, the privy-council. Conféjo de hacienda, the council that has the direction of the king's revenue, the echequer court.

Consejo de estado, the council of state, in which all affairs of government are debated.

Constjo de ordenes, the council for the affairs of the military orders. CONSENTIDO, adj. fuffered to have its will in all things; fuffering patiently the proftitution of his wife.

CONSENTIDO'R, f. m. he that confents or agrees.

CONSENTIENTE, f. m. that confents.

CONSENTIMIE'NTO, f. m. consent, agreement.

CONSENTER, v. s. to confent, to agree, to permit.

CONSEQUE'NCIA, f. f. confequence, inference; also importance, moment.

CONSEQUE'NTE, f. m. confequent, that which follows from previous propositions.

CONSEQUENTEME'NTE, adv. confequently.

CONSE'RGE, f. m. the keeper of the king's palace.

CONSERVA, f. f. conferve; sweetmeat; company; convoy of

CONSERVACION, f. f. prefer-. vation, fecurity; also going in company or under convoy. 1

CONSERVADO'R, f. m. a preserver, a confectioner.

Juéz confervador, a conservator, a magistrate or judge to preferve or fecure the rights and immunities.

CONSERVADURI'A, f. f. the office and dignity of a confervator or judge, who preferves and fecurcs the fights and immunities.

CONSERVAR, v a. to conserve, to preferve, to keep, to lay up. Confervásse, v. r. to keep one's self

in health or in the same state. CONSERVATIVO, adj. that is

preserved, taken care of. CONSERVATORIA, f. f. a grant

to preserve privileges. CONSERVATORIO, adj. vide

CONSERVATIVO.

CONSERVE'RA, f. f. a woman

confectioner; or a woman skilful in making fweetmeats.

CONSERVE'RO, f. m. a confec-

CONSIDERABLE, adj. confiderable; to be confidered; of

CONSIDERACION, f. f. confideration, forecast, premeditatation; moment, attention.

CONSIDERACIONCILLA, f. m. diminutive of consideracion.

CONSIDERADAME'NTE, adv. confiderately maturely, with deliberation.

CONSIDERA'DO, adj. confiderate , wary.

CONSIDERADO'R, f. m. one that considers or deliberates.

CONSIDERA'R . V. 1. to confider, to deliberate to weigh. CONSIE'RVO, f. m. a fellow-

CONSIGNACION, f. f. configning, making over to another, directing to be delivered

CONSIGNAR, v. a. to confign, to make over to another, or to direct to be delivered to him.

CONSIGNATA'RIO, f. m. the person to whom any money is configned or made over for certain purposes.

consi'Go, adv. with himfelf. CONSIGUIE'NTE , adj. confe-quent.

CONSIGUIENTEME'NTE, adv. consequently.

CONSILIA'RIO, f. m. a coun-

fellor. CONSILIATIVO, adj. giving

or bestowing counsel. CONSINTIE'NTE, adj. that is

confenting to a thing.

Confintiéntes y haciéntes péna por ygual, they that confent and they that act, deserve equal punishment. CONSINTI'R , v. a. vide CON-SENTI'R.

CONSISTE'NCIA, f. f. confiftency, stability, permanent or lafsting state of any thing.

CONSISTE'NTE , adj. durable , confistent , lasting.

CONSISTIR, v. n. to confift. CONSISTORIAL, adj. belonging to the confiftery or place of council.

CONSISTORIALMENTE, adv. by a majority of the confiftory. CONSISTO'RIO, f. m. a confiftory an affembly of the clergy for ecclesialtical affairs.

CONSOLACIO'N , f. f. confolation, comfort.

CONSOLADO'R, f. m. a comforter.

CONSOLA'R, v. a. to comfort. Confolarfe, v. r. to be comforted , relieved , recreated.

CONSOLATIVO, adj. bringing assistance, comfort, help. CONSOLATO'RIO, adj. giving

comfort or relief. CONSOLDAMIE'NTO , i. ...

vide SOLDADU BA. CONSOLIDA, f. f. the hero wal-

wort, confrey or bugle: CONSULIDATION consolidation, the sa of uni-

ting into a solid mass, or the flate of being confolidated.

CONSOLIDA'R, v. a. to confolidate, to unite into one body, to make found.

CONSONAMIE'N- confonance, TO, f. m. agreement . CONSONA'NCIA, harmony, accord in voices or founds; agreement, concord, friendship.

CONSOA'NNE, adj. conforant. agreeable, convenient; agreeing in found; also the letter called a confonant.

Confonante, in poetry, is a word ending like another.

CONSONA'R, v. n. to confent, to agree, to found together or

CO'NSONO, adj. confonant.

CONSO'RCIO, f. m. a company. CONSO'RTE, .f. m. a confort, a companion, a mate.

CONSPICUAMENTE, adv. confpicuouly, obvious to the view. eminently, famously, remarka-

CONSPICUO, adj. clear, confpicuous, manifest, evident.

CONSPIRACION , f. f. confpiracy, plut; coacerted treason.

CONSPIRADO'R, f. m. a confpirator, a plotter, a man engaged in a plot.

CONSPIRA'R, v. n. to conspire,

to agree tog ether.

CONSTANCIA, f. f. conftancy, fledfaftness. In poetry it is the keeping of the true measure of fees-in every verse.

CONSTANTE, adj. constant, true stedfast; also manifest, certain.

CONSTANTEME'NTE, adv. constantly, stedfastly; also manifestly, and certainly.

CONSTANTI, vide COSTAN-TI.

CONSTAR, v. n. to confift, to be composed of parts.

Conflir, v. imp. to be certain, plain, evident.

CONSTELLACION, f. f. confteliation.

CONSTERNACION, f. f. furprife, coulternation.

CONSTERNA'R, v. a. to surprife, to aftonish, to put in fear.

CONSTIPACION, f. f. a coming close together, a conflipation, ftoppage, obstruction by plenitude.

CONSTIPA'R, v. a. to draw or press close together.

CONSTITUCION; f. f. conffitution, ordinance, decree.

CONSTITUTIVO, adj. conftituted, decreed, appointed.

CONSTITUIDO'R, f. m. one that conflicutes or appoints.

CONSTITUE'NTE, f. m. the person conflicting or appointing.
CONSTITUER, v. a to conflict-

te, or dain, decree, or appoint. CONSTREAIMIL'NTO, f. m. force, violence, compulsion.

CONSTREAFR, v. a. to conftrain, to compel, to force, to oblige.

CONSTRICTIVO, adj. binding, aftringent.

CONSTRUCCION, f. f. conftruction; building or erecting a fabrick,

CONSTRUCK, v. a. to confirme; also to build, to erect.

CONSTRUPA'R, v. a. to savish

C ONSUBSTANCIA'L, adj. consphfinacial, CONSUBSTANCIALIDA'D, f. f. confubftantiality.

CONSUE'GRA, f. f. the two mothers of a married couple are confuegras, that is, joint mothers-inlaw.

a fon and a daughter, and by that means become joint fathers and mothers-in law; faid of two parents.

CONSUE'GRO, f. m. when two fathers marry their children together they are confuegros, that is, joint fathers-in-law.

CONSUE'LDA, f. f. te herb lark's foot.

Confuelda mayor, the herb comfrey, knitback, or backwort.

CONSUE'LO, f. m. comfort.

consue TAS, f. m. pl. memorandum.

consultrud, f. f. custom, habit, habitual practice.

CONSUETUDINARIO, adj. uled, accustomed.

CONSUL, f. f. conful.

CONSULA'DO, f. m. confulship. CONSULA'R, adj. of or belonging to the conful, that has been

conful.

CONSULTA, f. f. confulration,

debate in council.

CONSULTACIO'N, f. f. confulting or debating in council.

CONSULTA'NTE, f. m. he that confults, or asks advice.

CONSULTA'R, v. a. to confult, to ask advice; to debate in conn-

consultissimo, adj. superl. very prudent, very wise.

CONSULTIVO, adj. that has the faculty or power of adviting.

CONSULTO'R, f. m. he that gives advice.

CONSUMACION, f. f. confummation, ending, finishing, concluding.

CONSUMADAME'NTE, adv. confummately, perfectly.

CONSUMADO'R, f. m. the perfon who completes or finishes any thing.

consuma'r, v. a. to confummate, to finish, to perfect, to complete.

CONSUMATI'VO, adj. that is finished, completed, perfected.

CONSUMIDO'R, f. m. f. confumer, waster.

consumi'r, v. a. to confume, to fpend, to waste, to fall away. In the mass it signifies the priests receiving the blessed facrament.

Confumbrie, v. r. to confume, to afflict one's felf.

consumo, f. m. confumption, the flate of wasting or perishing. consumpcion, f. f. confumption.

CONSUNO, adv. obf. jointly.

CONTA'BLE, adj. that may be counted.

contacto, f. m. contact, the touching one thing with another.

CONTADE'RO, adj. that is to be told or counted; or a place to cast accounts, a counting-house.

CONTADU'R, f. m. an accomptant, an auditor; also a counter to play with, and a desk or escrutore.

CONTADORCETO, f. m. diminutive of contidor.

CONTADURI'A, f. f. the office of a teller or of an auditor.

CONTAGIA'R, v. a. to infed. CONTA'GIO, f. m. infedion, contagnon.

CONTAGIO'N, f. f. contagion, infection.

CONTAGIO'SO, adj. contagious, infectious.

CONTA'L DE CUE'NTAS, a fet of counters to cast accounts with.

CON TAL QUE, adv. fo that, upon condition or provided that.

CONTAMINACIO'N, f. f. pollution, infection.

contaminates, defiles, or pollutes.

CONTAMINA'R, v. a. to contaminate, to defile, to pollute.

Contaminarse, v. a. 10 be defiled, to be corrupted.

CONTA'NTE, f. m. a counter.

Dinéro contante, ready money.

Le pagaré dinéro contante, I will pay you ready, money.

CONTANTE'JO, f. m. a small fum in ready squeey.

CONTA'R, v. a. to count, to reckon, to tell, to cast accounts, also to relate, to report.

Contúr las vigas, to tell the rafters, that is, to look up, as one does who will not fee what is doing about him.

CONTECL'R, v. n. vide ACON-TECE'R.

CONTEMPERAIR, v. a. to foften, mitigate, alleviate, appeale. CONTEMPLACION, f. f. con-

templation.

CONTEMPLADO'R, f. th. one that is given to contemplate, or that fludies to please another.

CONTEMPLA'R, v. a. to contemplate, to behold, to meditate; alfo to pleafe.

CONTEMPLATI'VO, adj. contemplative, given to contempla-

CONTEMPLATO'RIO, i. m. the place of contemplation.

**CONTEMPORANEO , adj. contemporary, of the same time.

CONTEMPORIZA'R, v. n. to conform one's felf to the times.

CONTEMPTIBLE, adj. contemptible.

CONTENCIO'N, f. f. contention, ftrife; debate, contest.

CONTENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. · contentiously.

CONTENCIO'SO, adj. contentious, given to strife.

CONTENDE'R, v. a. to contend, to strive, to debate, to be liti-

CONTENDO'R, f. m. one that contends or is litigious,

CONTENDO'SO, adj. contentis ou litigious.

CONTENE'NCIA, f. f. ftrife, contention; also falling back in dan-

CONTENE'NTE, f. m. a civil, courtious, complaisant behavi-

CONTENER, v. a. to contain, to hold, to curb, to moderate.

Contenérse, v. r. to be restrained, to moderate one's felf.

CONTE'NTA, f. f. the content of any thing,

'CONTENTACIO'N , f. f. joy ' contentment , fatisfaction.

CONTENTADI'ZO, adj. contented, fatisfied, pleafed.

CON

CONTENTAMIE'NTO , f. fl. contentment, fatisfaction.

€ONTENTA'R, v. a. to content, to fatisfy, to please.

Contentarfe, v. r. to be contented. to be satisfied, to be pleased.

CONTE'NTO, f. in. contentment, fatisfaction; also a receipt given on payment of money.

A conténto, adv. to the fatisfaction

Ser de mal contento, to be hard to be pleased.

Contento, adj. easy, content, pleased, satisfied.

CONTE'RA, f. f. the small iron or filver cone they use to put at the end of a scabbard.

Echár la contéra, to finish, to make an end.

Temblar la contéra, to be frightened. CONTE'RMINO, f. m. the borders, or confines.

CONTERRA'NEO, adj. of the same country.

CONTE'XTO, f. m. contexture, disposition, order of a thing.

CONTESTACIO'N, f. f. taking to witness, proving by witness. CONTESTA'R, v. a. to make out any thing by witnesses; also to agree.

CONTE'STE, f.m. a witness declaring just the same as other witnesses have declared before.

CONTESTU- 1 f. f. contexture, RA, disposition or CONTEXT'Uordering ·RA, things.

CONTIE'NDA, f. f. ftrife, debate, combat, contention.

Prov. Dios me de contienda con quien me entienda, God grant me to contend with those that understand me. Said when one has to do with people who will not hear reason.

CONTIGO, adv. with you. CONTIGUAME'NTE, adv. nearly, coutignously.

CONTIGOO, adj. contiguous, that joins to, or touches another thing.

CONTINEINGIA, f. f. continence, chastity, temperance.

CONTINE'NTB, adj. continent, chafte, temperate; also the geflure, the mien, and that which contains another thing.

CONTINENTEME'NTE, adv. continently, chaftly, temperately. CONTINGE'NCIA, f. f. contin-

gency, cafualty. CONTINGE'NTE, adj. carnal,

contingent, accidental. CONTINGENTEME'NTE, adv.

by chance, accidentally. CONTINGI'BLE, adj. that may

chance, or happen. CONTI'NO, adj. continual; also

a servant. CONTINUACIO'N , f. f. contl

CONTINUADAME'NTE, adv.

continually. CONTINUADO'R, f. m. one who

continues or perseveres. CONTINUAME'NTE, adv. con-

tinually, perpetually. CONTINUA'R, v. a. to continue,

to lengthen.

CONTINUEDA'D , f. f. contimuity, interrupted length.

CONTI'NUO, adj. continual, perpetual; alfo a fervant.

CONTONEA'R , v a. to walk affectedly or make conceired geflures, to move after a proud manner.

Contonearfe, v. r. to move one's felf affectedly.

CONTONE'O, f. m. 2 proud conceited mien or behaviour.

CONTO'RNO, f. m. neighbourhood, the country round about. CONTRA, prep. against.

CONTRAARMINOS, f. m. colour contrary to the ermine; that is, black spotted with white. In bla-

CONTRAATAQUE, f. m. an attack made on the fide contrary to the expectation of the enemy. CONTRABA'10, f. m. the voice called the alt in music.

CONTRABANDI'STA, f. m. 2 Imuggler.

CONTRABA'NDO, f. m. contraband goods.

CONTRABATERIA, f. f.a counrerbattery; a battery which plays upon another.

- CONTRACA'MBIO, f. m. the lofs which any person sustains by a second changing or bartering of goods; also a reciprocal or mutual recompence.
- CONTRACCION, f. f. contraction, drawing in a fmall or narrow compass.
- CONTRACE'DULA, f. f. counter note, or that which makes void another.
- CONTRACIFRA, f. f. counter cypher, or that which is the key to another.
- CONTRAGO'STA, f. f. the opposite side of a river or canal. CONTRA'CTO, f. m. contrast,
- bargain, covenant.
- CONTRACULTO, f.m. who speaks without affectation.
- contrada, f. f. territory, province.
- CONTRADA'NZA, f. f. coumer-
- dance. CONTRADECIDO'R, f. m. con-
- tradictor.

 CONTRADECTR, v. a. to contradict, to gainfay.
- CONTRADICHO, p. p. contra-
- CONTRADICCION, f. f. contradiction.
- CONTRADICTO'R, f. m. who
- contradicts.

 CONTRADICTO'RIO, adj. con-
- tradictory, inconfishent with.

 CONTRADICTORIAME'NTE,
- adv. eppositely, in contradiction. CONTRADI'QUE, f. m. a counterdyke.
- CONTRADUE'LO, f. m. a breach or contradiction to the law of duel.
- CONTRAESCRITURA, f. f. an instrument of writing to reject a former writing.
- CONTRAFO'SO, f. m. the avantfosse or dirch of the counterscarp. CONTRAFUE'RTE, f. m. a coun-
- rerfort that covers another. CONTRAGUARDA'R, v. n. to counterguard.
- CONTRAGUA'RDIA, f. f. counterguard.
- CONTRAHACEDO'R, f. m. a counterfeiter, a forger, one that imitates.

- CONTRAHACE'R, v. 2. to counterfeit, to imitate; to forge; also to act against.
- CONTRAHACIMIÈ'NTO, f. m. counterfeiting, imitating, forging. CONTRAHE'CHO, p. p. counterfeited, imitated, forged, mishapen, crooked, made the wrong
- CONTRAHE'R, v. a. to contract, to bargain, to covenant.

way.

- Contrahér deudas, to run in debt.
- Contrahér matrimonio, to marry.

 CONTRAHIE'NTE, f. m. that contrads.
- CONTRAHIE'RBA, f. f. alexipharmic, prefervative against poison, antidote.
- CONTRALO'R, f. m. a comptroller.
- CONTRAMAE'STRE, f. m. the mate of a ship.
- CONTRAMANDA'R, ▼. 2. to countermand.
- CONTRAMARCHA, f. f. countermarch.
- CONTRAMARCHA'R, v. n. to countermarch.
- CONTRAMEZA'NA, f. f. the foremast of a ship,
- CONTRAMENA, f. f. a countermine, a mine funk to find out the enemies mine.
- CONTRAMINA'R, v.a. to countermine.
- CONTRAMURALIA, f. f. a. defence before the wall, a fausse braye.
- CONTRAMUTRO, f. m. a low wall before the main wall of a fortrefs.
- CONTRAO'RDEN, f. m. a counterorder.
- CONTRAPASSA'R, v. n. to go over to the adverse party.
- CONTRAPA'SSO, f. m. a crofs flep in dancing.
- CONTRAPE'LO, adv. against the hair or the grain.
- CONTRAPESA'R, v. 2. to counterpoise.
- contrape'so, f. m. counterpoife.
- CONTRAPE'STE, f. m. a remedy against the plague.
- CONTRAPONEDOR, f. m. an opposer.

- contrapone'r, v. a. to oppose, to set against, to resist.
- contraposition, f. f. opposition, setting against, contrariety.
- GONTRAPUE'STO, p. p. of tontrapodér.
- CONTRAPUGNA'R, v: a. to fight against, to oppose in battle.
- CONTRAPUNTEA'R, v. a. to counterpoint.
- Contrapuntearfe, v. r. to be criticised
- CONTRAPUNTO, f. m. a counterpoint, a pause, or a rest in music.
- CONTRAQUI'LLA, f. f. a counterkeel of a ship.
- CONTRARE'A, f. f. contradi-
- CONTRAREPA'RO, f. m. a counterprop; holdfast, or stay. CONTRARESTA'R, v. a. to stop, or stand, to make effectual opposition or resistance, to standard against.
- CONTRARE'STO, f. m., he who is fo placed in playing at ball as to flop it.
- contrantador, f. m. one that opposes, relists, or contradicts.
- CONTRARIAME'NTE, adv. contrarily, in opposition.
- CONTRARIAR, v. a. to oppose, resist, or contradict:
- CONTRARIEDA'D, f. f. contrariery, opposition, contradiftion.
- CONTRA'RIO, adj. contrary,
- Contrario, f. m. adversary, enemy. CONTRARIO'SO, adj. contrary, opposite.
- CONTRARO'NDA, f. f. a counterround, when one goes one way, and the other comes another.
- counterfearp, covered-way.
- CONTRASE'ñO, f. m. \ a coun-CONTRASE'ñA, f. f. \ terfign, a fign agreed on.
- contrastable, adj. that may be opposed, resisted, or repelled.
- CONTRASTADO'R, f. m. one

that opposes, resists, repels, contends, or strives.

CONTRASTA'R, v. 2, to oppose, to resist, to oppugn.

CONTRA'STE, f. m. contention, opposition, jarring; trouble vexation; obstruction in business.

Contrafte, f. m. an officer who weighs gold, filver, pearls, &c.

CONTRA'TA, f. f. contract, bar-

CONTRATACION, f. f. trade, commerce.

CONTRATAMIE'NTO, f. m. a negotiation, transaction.

CONTRATA'R, v. a. to trade, to have dealings.

CONTRATE'LA, f. f. a fecond enclosure made of spread canvass round a large piece of ground in order to confine the wild boars in a huntingmarch.

CONTRATIE'MPO, f. m. misfortune, calualty, advertity.

CONTRA'TO, f. m. contract, bargain; also trade, commerce. Contrato, f. m. in cant, burchers "shambles.

CONTRATRETA, f. f. a counterstratagem, counter-plot.

CONTRAVALACIO'N, f. f. contravallation, a term used in fortification.

CONTRAVALA'R , v. a. to cut a treach guarded with a parapet. round about a place, that the beliegers may flop the fallies of the garrison.

CONTRAVENCIO'N , f. f. contravention.

CONTRAVENE'NO, f. m. and-

CONTRAVENIR, v. n. to oppose, to withstand, to come against, to transgress.

CONTRAVENTO'R, f. m. he who breaks any order, a trans-

CONTRAVE'ROS , f. m. pl, in garments, it is an ornament fo called.

CONTRAY, f. m. a fort of fine cloth made in Flanders.

CONTRE'CHO, adj. mishapen, maimed, crippled.

. CONTRIBUCIO'N, f. f. contribution.

CONTRIBUIDO'R, f. m. one that contributes, a contributor.

CONTRIBUI'R, v. a. to contri-

CONTRICIO'N, f. f. contrition, penitence, forrow for fins, re-

CONTRISTA'R, v. a. to contristate, to trouble, to afflict.

CONTRI'TO, adj. contrite, penitent, forrowful for his fins.

CONTROVE'RSIA, f. f. contro-

CONTROVERSI'STA, f. m. one who holds or writes controversies. CONTROVE'RSO, adj. contro-

CONTROVERTI'R, v. n. to controvert, to hold controversies.

CONTUBE'RNIO, f. m. a company of foldiers that lodge in the same hut, or that are billetted and quartered together; familiarity, company, fellowship in one house; marriage with a fervant, or of servants one with another.

CONTUMACIA, f. f. contumacy, obstinacy, wilfulness. stubboruness.

CONTUMA'Z, adj. one term. obstinate, wilful, stubborn; headstrong.

CONTUMAZME'NTE, adv. obflinately, wilfully, flubbornly.

CONTUME'LIA, f. f. contumely, reproach, flander.

CONTUMELIOSAME'NTE, adv. reproachfully, injuriously.

CONTUMELIO'SO, adj. contumelious, reproachful, flanderous. CONTURBACIO'N , f. F. conturbation, trouble, disquiet, per-

CONTURBADO'R, f. m. a troublesome person, a disturber of others.

CONTURBAMIE'NTO . f. m. trouble, perplexity, vexation, anxiery, disquiet.

CONTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to disturb, or perplex.

CONTURBO'N, adj. obf. turbulent, violent, that puts or throws every thing into disorder.

CONTUSION, f. f. a contusion, or swelling which proceeds from a blow when no blood drawn.

CONVALECE'NCIA, f. f. recovery of health, and strength; alfo a place where perfons upon recovery are fent to improve their health, apart from hospitals.

CONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health, to grow strong after fickness.

CONVALECIE'NTE, f. m. one that is upon recovery or gathering strength after a fit of sickness.

CONVALECIMIE'NTO , f. m. recovery of health or strength after lickness.

CONVECTNO . adj. neighbouring, near.

CONVELE'RSB, v. r. to be moved, to be irritated, raised un in a passion.

CONVENCEDOR, f. m. who convinces.

CONVENCE'R, v. a. to convince.

CONVENCION, f. f. bargain, agreement, covenant.

CONVENCIONA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a contract or agreement.

CONVENE'NCIA , S. f. agreement, unity.

CONVENIBLE, adj. agrecable, expedient, fit; easy to be contented.

CONVENIBLEME'NTE, adv. agreeably, conveniently, contentedly.

CONVENIE'NCIA, f. f. convevenience, expediency.

CONVENIE'NTE, adj. convenient, expedient.

CONVENIENTEME'NTE, adv. conveniently.

CONVE'NIO, f. m. agreement, contract, convention.

CONVENIR, v. a. to be convenient, expedient, fit, or proper; alfo to come together, to meet, to agree in opinion; also to cite or summon to appear.

Convenir a uno en juizio, to fammon a man to appear in court.

No conviéne, it is not convenient, or proper to be done.

No convienen fentre fi, they do not agree among themselves.

Conviéne

Conviène que su haga, it is expedient it be done.

CONVENTICULO, f. m. a conventicle, a fmall meetting, always taken in an ill fense.

CONVENTI'LLO, f. ra. 2 little convent for women who have been profitutes, but defign to repent and retire to a convent,

CONVE'NTO, f. m. 2 convent, 2 monaftery, a religious-house, 2 meeting-place; also an agreement, 2 compast.

CONVENTUA'L, adj. belonging to the convent.

Conventual, f. m. the friar or monk living in any particular convent. CONVENTUALME'NTE, adv.

after the manner of a convent, or by the authority of a convent.

CONVERGE'NTE, f. m. a converging or meeting of the rays of light in a point.

CONVERSA'BLE, adj. fociable, affable, fit to converse with.

CONVERSACION, f. f. converfation, fociety, discourse.

CONVERSA'R, v. n. to discourfe, to talk together, to keep company.

CONVERSION, f. f. conversion. CONVERSIVO, adj. conversed,

changed.

CONVERSO, adj. converted.

CONVERTIBLE, adj. convertible, that may be changed.

CONVERTIDA, f. f. a woman that has lived lewdly and is retired to lead a religious life.

convertibor, f. m. one that converts others.

CONVERTIDURA, f. f. con-CONVERTIMIE'NTO, verf. m.

CONVERTIR, v. a. to convert, to change, to alter.

CONVE'XO, adj. convex, the contrary to concave.

CONVE'Z, f. m. the deck of a ship.

CONVICIO, f. m. reproach, fcandal, injury, affront.

CONVICTO'RIO, f. m. a place fo called by the Jesuits, where the scholars reside, at some distance from the college.

Tom. I.

CONVICTORISTA; f. m., the fcholar who lives in the convictorio.

CONVIDADO'R, f. m. who invites another.

CONVIDA'R, v. a. vide COM-BIDA'R.

CONVIE'NE, v. imp. it behoves, it is requifite, or convenient.

CONVINCE'NTE, adj. that convinces.

CONVITE, f. m. vide COM-BITE.

CONVOCACIO'N, f. f. convocation, calling together.

convocador, f. m. one that calls together.

CONVOCA'R, v. a. to call together.

CONVOCATO'RIA, f. f. a letter of invitation or fummons.

CONVOLA'R, v. a. to fly and flock together, to haften to a place.

CONVOYA'R v. a to convoy.

CONVOYA'R, v. a. to convoy, or guard in fafety.

CONVULSION, f. f. a convulfion.

convulsivo, adj. belonging to a convulsion.

CONVUSCO, adj. obf. with you; used only by peasants.

CONUSCO, adj. obf. with us; used by peafants.

CONYECTO'R, f. m. a conjecturer, one who gueffes.

CONYECTURA, f. f. a conjecture, a guess.

coo

cooperacion. f. f. co-opera-

COOPERADO'R, f. m. one who cooperates or helps with another.
COOPERA'R, v. n. to co-operate, to help or affift with others.
COOPERARIO, f. m. co-operator.

COORDINACIO'N, f. f. co-or-dination.

COORDINA'R, v. a. to place, in order, to dispose regularly,

COP

COPA, f. f. a cup, a gobler, a bowl to drink out of, also the hearts at cards.

Cópa de sombréro, the crown of a hat.

Cópa de arbol, the round head of a tree that grows or is cut round.

Cópa de broquél, the middle of the buckler.

Cópa de una piedra, the collet of a ring, in which the stone is set. COPA'DA, f. f. vide COGUJA'-DA.

COPA'DO, adj. any thing that has a round head, like a cup. COPA'L, f. m. a transparent resint fo called.

COPANO, f. m. a little boat. COPAYVA, f. f. a zeite de Copayva,

a balfam fo called, COPE'LA, f. f. a little cup; a cru-

cible.

COPELA'R, v. a. vide CENDRAR.

COPELLA'N, f. m. vide CO-PE'LA.

COPE'RA, f. m. a place to fet cups and glasses.

COPERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of copéro.

COPE'RO, f. m. a cup-bearer, COPE'TE, f. m. the forelock on the forehead; a foretop.

Copéte de cabállo, the lock of hair that hangs on a horse's forehead. Priméro que lo alcânce le sudará el copéte, his foretop will sweat before he gets it.

COPETUDO, adj. boafting of birth or nobility.

COPE'Y, f. m. a bitumen, which ferves as well as tar for a ship.

Copey, a tree to called.

CO'PIA, f. f. a copy; also abundance, plenty.

Hacer copia de si, to give access, to receive company, in a woman it is taken in an ill sense.

COPIADO'R, f. m. one whe copies any thing.

COPIA'R, v. a. to copy.
COPICA, f. f. diminutive of copa.
COPILACIO'N, f. f. abridgment,
extract.

B b

COPILADO'R, f. m. one who gathers or collects.

COPILA'R, v. a. to compile, to gather, to collect.

COPILIA, f. f. a little cup; also a crucible.

COPIOSAME'NTE, adv. copiously, plentifully, abundantly.

COPIOSIDA'D, f. f. abundance, plenty, copiousness.

COPIO'SO, adj. copious, pleatiful, abundant.

COPISTA, f. m. one that copies writings, a copier.

CO'PLA, f. f. a catch, a fong, a stanza.

COPLEA'R, v. n. to verlify, to make fongs.

COPE'RO, f. m. one who makes fongs.

COPLILLA, f. f. diminutive of

COPLISTA, f. m. who makes verses or couplets, taken in a bad fenfe.

COPLO'N, f. m. a bad, low, vulgar, or witless copia or stanza. €O'PO, f. m. a tuft, distaff full of filk, cotton, hemp, or flax ready for spinning; also a flake of fnow, and a gin to catch birds; a great pie containing all forts of mear, as pullets, pigeons, partridges, beef, mutton, bacon,

COPO'N, f. m. any tall upright vessel to drink out of,

Copon de cuéro, a leather jack. COPO'SO, adj. full. headed, as a tree, or full heaped measure.

COPREDE'RA, f. f. cover for a cup or the like.

CO'PULA, f. f. the joining together of any two things, copularion; also a stone in an arch called the key-stone, which finishes and holds together all the work; also a cupola, a dome, an hemispherical concave reprefenting the heavens and admitting the light at top.

* COPULATIVAME'NTE, adv. in conjunction, jointly.

COPULATIVO, adj. copulative, that joins together,

·C O Q

COQUILLO, f. m. a little worm; alfo a little cocoa - nut. COQUI'NA, f.f. vide ALME'JA.

CORA'CHA, f. f. a fack made of a bull's or cow's hide.

CORACI'LLA,) f. f. diminutive CORACI'NA, of corúza.

CORAÇONCILLO, f. m. a little heart; also the herb called yarrow, or milfoil.

CORA'DA, f. f. the pluck or entrails of a beaft.

CORADE'LA, f. f. idem.

CORA'GE, f. m. courage; rage, excels of passion.

CORAJOSAME'NTE, adv. furiously, passionately, outrageously. CORAJO'SO, adj. vide CORA-IUDO.

CORAJUDO, adj. violent, passionate, furious, outrageous. CORAL, f. m. coral, a plant growing in the sea.

Fino como un corál, as fine as coral; faid of an arch roguish boy.

Juégo de maéstre corál, juggling trick.

Cabos de corál, hafts of knives made

CORALADO, adj. of a coralcolour, or adorned with coral. CORALI'NA, f. f. a fea-plant fo called.

CORA'MBRE, f. f. a dicker of

CORAMBRE'RO, f. ma the perfon who deals with corambre.

CORAMVOBIS, f. m. a man's presence.

CARA'ZA, f. f. a coat of mail, a cuirafs, a breaft-plate.

Tentár a uno las corázas, to feel whether a man has his amour on; to make trial of his courage, to try his mettle:

CORAZI'NA, f.:m. a small cuirass. CORAZNA'DA, f. f. the internal part or heart of a pine-tree.

CORAZON, f. m. heart, courage. Corazón de arból, the pith of a tree. Corazón del mar, the depth of the Corazón de invierno, the depth of winter.

COR

L'ablar de corazón, to speak affectionately, or finctrely.

El coraçon me da sal cofa, my heart tells me fuch a thing.

Húmbre de corazón, a man of courage. Mal de corazon, the falling fickness.

LORAZONA'DA, f. f. the palpitation or beating of the heart. CORAZONA'ZO, augm. of corazón.

CORBACHA'DA, f. f. a.blow given with the corbacho.

CORBA'CHO, f. m. a wand or bull's pizzle, the boatswain of a galley strikes the galley - slaves with.

CO'RBAS, f. f. pl. small feathers in the hawk's wings.

CORBA'TA, f. f. a cravat.

CORBATIN, f. m. flock, a cloneckcloth.

CORBE'TA, f. f. vide COR VETA.

CORCE'L, f. m. a courser, a fine:

CORCHE'A, f. f. a note in music called a crotchet.

CORCHE'RA, f. f. a vessel made to keep ice in, to cool wine.

CORCHE'TA, f. f. that kind of fmall ring made of wire, to which the hook called corchéte is fastened.

CORCHETA'DA, f. f. a band of thiefcatchers.

CORCHE'TE, f. m. a hook, fuch as is used about the cloaths; also a catchpole or ferjeant to apprehend people.

CO'RCHO, f. m. cork.

Prov. Andar como el corcho,. fobre el água, to float like a cork. upon water; not to be fettled toany. thing, to faunter idly about.

Hundir el corcho, to fink the cork; to be in danger of being taken or furprised.

Nadár jin córcho, to fwim without cork, to fland in no need or the assistance of another.

CORCILLO, f. m. a little roebuck,

CORCO'VA, f. f. a bunch in the back, crookedness.

CORCOVA'DO, adj, hunch-backed

CORCOVA'R, v. a. to crook, to bow, to make crooked.

CORCOVEA'R, v. B. to curvet or prance as a horse does.

CORCO'VOS, f. m. pl. the plunging of a horfe.

CORDA'IE, f. m. vide XA'RCIA, CORDA'L, adj. hindermoft

Musia cordal, the hindermost tooth. CORDE'L, f. m. a rope, a halter, a string.

Apretár los cordéles, to draw the ropes straiter; that is, to wind up the rack and make a criminal confess; thence, applied to signify the pressing a man hard to discover a secret, or to do any other thing against his inclination. Echár el cordél, to do impartial justice.

CORDELE'JO, f. m. a fmall cord or rope.

Dar cordeléjo, to rack, to vex, to torment.

CORDEITLIO, f. m. diminutive of cordel.

CORDELLA'TE, f. m. a fort of coarfe cloth that has the threads like packthread.

CORDE'RA, f. f. a yew-lamb.

corderia, f. f. cording, a place where cords are made or fold; also a parcel of lambs.

CORDERI'CO, f. m. a little CORDERILO, lamb.

CORDE'RO, f. m. a lamb.

CORDERUE'LO, f. m. a little lamb.

CORDERUNA, f. f. a lamb-skin. CORDERUNO, adj. belonging of appertaining to lambs.

CORDEZUE'LA, f. f. a little rope or cord.

CORDIA'CO mórbo, a. pain in the heart.

CORDIA'L, adj. cordial.

CORDIALME'NTE, adv. cor-

CORDILLA, f. f. part of the intestines of sheep, given to cats for food.

CORDILLE'RA, f. f. a long range of mountains.

CORDOBA'N, f. m. vide CORDOVA'N.

CORDOJO, f. m. obf. trouble, force, grief,

cornor, f. m. the lace, fuch as women use to their stays; any filk rope, twist, braid, or lace; also a friar's rope; the ridge in a wall that slicks out beyond the rest. In fortification, a line, or intrenchment before a town or camp.

CORDONA'DA, f. f. a stroke with a rope.

CORDONA'DO, adj. corded,

CORDONA'ZO, f. m. a stroke or lash with a cord; also a great cor or lace.

CORDONCILLO,
CORDONCITO,
chment,

CORDONCIa fmall entren-

CORDONERI'A, f. f. the place where lace is made or fold.

CORDONE'RO, f. m. one that makes filk cords, twifts, or laces. CORDOBA'N, f. m. cordovan, CORDOVA'N, Spanish leather, goats leather,

Andár a la cordována, to go naked.

CORDULA, f. f. vide CORDYLO.

CORDURA, f. f. discretion, Raidness, gravity, wildom.

CORDYLA, f.f. a young tunny-fish. CORDYLO, f. m. a beast like a crocodile.

CORECHAME'NTE, adv. ftraight, clearly, fluently, in a fluent manner.

CORE'CHO, adj. straight, clear, without any hinderance, fluent. CORECTCO, s. m. diminutive of cuero.

CO'RI', f. m. St. John's wort, or groundpine.

CORISTA, f. m. a chorister, one that sings in the choir.

CORINTHIO. adj. of, or belonging to Corinth.

CORI'TO, a name they give to the people of the mountains of Old-Castile, Asturias, and the parts adjoining.

CORLADU'RA, f. f. a fort of goldlacker.

CO'RMA, f. f. a log of wood, fuch as they put to beafts feet, or to boys.

CORMA'NO, f. m. a brother of a different father or mother.

CORNA'CA, f. m. he that governs an elephant.

CORNA'DA, f. f. a push or punch with a beaft's horn.

CORNADI'LLO, f. m. a very finall piece of money.

CORNA'DO, f. m. a very finall piece of money anciently used. CORNAME NTA, f. f. the hora

put to any thing, as tipping edging, or pointing.

CORNAMUSA, f. f. a cornamus fe, a horn-pipe, a bag-pipe.

CORNAMUZA, S. f. one of the timbers in a ship fo called.

CORNARINA, f. f. the cornelionstone.

CO'RNEA, f. f. one of the coats of the eye.

CORNEADOR, f. m. a beaft that butts or toffes with the horns, CORNEAMIE'NTO, f. m. foun-

ding a horn; butting with horns. CORNEA'R, v. n. to horn, to butt with the horns, to blow a horn; also to cuckold.

CORNECICO, f. m. diminutive of cuerno.

CORNE'JA, f. f. a daw, a rook. CORNEJA'L, f. m. the corner or angle of any thing.

CORNE'JO, f. m. the wil cherry-

CORNERI'NA, f. f. the cornelianstone.

COROE'TA, f. f. cornet, the wind inframent fo called; also the standard or cornet of a troop of horse.

CORNETI'CA, f. f. a little corner, CORNEZUE'LO, f. m. a little horn or bugle.

CORNICA'BRA, f. f. the turpentinetree; also small olives so called.

CORNICULA'RIO, f. m. an officer or clerk under the tribunes, a cornet of horse, a trooper in the wing of an army, a brigadier.

corniculata, adj. belonging to the new moon.

carries horns.

CORNIFO'RME, adj. an epithet Bb 2

given to the comer when its tail appears crooked.

CORNIGE'RO, adj. vide COR-NIFE'RO.

CORNIJA, f. f. a cornice, either in masons or in joyners work.

cornija'L, f. m. a sharp angle or cornel in a building or other thing.

CORNIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide CORNISAME'NTO.

CORNIJO' N, f. m. that part of the edifice which comprifes the architrave, freese, and cornice, and leans over columns.

CORNISA, f. f. vide CORNIJA.
CORNISAME'NTO, f. m. the
cornicing in masons or joyners
work.

CORNIZO, f. m. vide CORNE'-JO.

CORNIZO'LAS, f. f. pl. haws or hawberries.

CORNUCO'PIA, f. f. cornucopia, an emblem of plenty.

CORNUDADO'R. f. m. a cuckoldmaker.

CORNUDA'R, v. a. to make a cuckold.

CORNUDERIA, f. f. cuckol-

CORNU'DO, adj. horned, cuckolded; also a fort of fish. 'CO'RO, f. m. choir.

Coro, f. m. the wind which blows from the place where the fun fets,

De coro, by heart.

CORO'CHA, f. f. a tunick or loofe coat to be worn over the veft or doublet; a woman's gown, petticoat, or mantle.

COROGRAPHIA, f. f. the description of a particular place.
COROGRAPHO, f. m. he who describes any particular place.

COROLA'NIO, f. m. a corollary.

CORO'NA, f. f. crown, garland, the crown of the head; also an ancient gold coin.

Corona de luna, the circle that appears fometimes about the moon,

Coróna de 1ey, the herb melilot.
Coróna de religióso, the crown that
is shaved on a religious man's
head.

Corona clvica, a garland of oak given to him that faved a citizen.

Coróna, in architecture, is the last considerable member in the entablature.

CORONACIO'N, f. f. a coronation. CORONADO'R, f. m. one that crowns another.

CORONAMIE'NTO, f. m. a crowning.

CORONA'R, v. a. to crown.

Coronár la murálla, to crown the walls of a city; that is, to place many foldiers round upon them.

CORONA'RIA, f. f. the name of an artery, and also of a vein of the heart.

CORONA'RIO, adj. belonging to purified gold.

coronder, f. m. the partition wherewith the kernel of a walnut is divided, or the division of columns made by printers.

CORONE'L, f. m. colonel; a nobleman's coronet.

CORONELI'A, f. f. colonelship, the office or post of a colonel.

CORO'NICA, f. f. a chronicle. CORONI'CA, f. f. a little crown CORONI'LLA, or garland.

Coronilla de la cabéza, the crown of the head.

Coronilla hiérba, the blue-bottle herb and flower.

Coronilla de monte, the top of a mountain.

Coronilla de edifício, the top of a ftructure.

CORONI'STA, f. m. an historiographer.

CORONITA, f. f. a little crown. CORO'ZA, f. f. a painted cap like a mitre, made of passeboard, fet on the head of a bawd, carried about the streets on an ass, either to be whipped, or only exposed to public shame. COROZAR, v. a to put on a

coroza, v. a to put on

CORPANCHO'N, f. m. a greage body.

CORPAZO, f. m. a great body. CORPECITO, f. m. diminutive of cuerpo.

CORPEZUE'LO, f. m. a doublet or wnistcoat without sleeves, CORPINE'JO, f. m. diminutive of corpino.

CORPINO, f. m. a little doublet or waistcoat worn by women.

CORPORA'L, adj. corporal, belonging, to the body. Subst. used, the linen cloth on which the facrament is laid.

CORPORALIDA'D , f. f. corporality.

CORPORALME'NTE, adv. bodily corporally.

CURPOREO, adj. corporeal, that has a body.

CORPS, f. m. the fame as cuerpo, used in speaking of some employments near the person of the king. CORPUDO, adj. corpulent, of

great bulk.

CORPULE'NCIA, f. f. corpulence, bulkinefs.

CORPULENTO, adj. corpulent, big of body.

CORPUSCULA'R, adj. corpuscular, relating to bodies, comprifing bodies, treating of corpuscular atoms.

CORPUSCU'LO, f. m. corpuscle little body atom.

CORRAGE'RO, f. m. a harness-maker.

CORRA'L, f. m. a yard, a court, the backfide of a house, any piece of ground next a house.

CORRALE'RO, f. m. one who breeds or fells fowls, a higgler.

CORRALI'LLO f. m. . a little court or yard, or backfide to a house.
CORRA'MBRE, f. m. vide CO-

RAMBRE.

CORRE'A, f. f. leather flrap, thong.

Tener uno corréa, is to be patient or pliable like a thong.

Hacer correa et licer, to grow ropy.

Del cuero falen las correas, thongs come out of the hide, that is, the parts come from the whole.

CORRENGE, f. f. firaps, thongs, harnels.

CORRECCIO'N, f. f. punishment, correction, reproof.

CORRECTAME'NTE, adv. corredly, with exactness, with accuracy.

CORRECTIVO, f. m. impediment, hindrance, obstruction.

CORKEOTO, adj. correct, free from error or mistake.

CORRECTO'R, f. m. corrector.

CORREDENTO'R, f. m. the perfon who with another helps a third.

CORREDE'RA, f. f. a place for horses to run; a woman that runs about with things to sell, as old cloaths, or the like. At sea, a logline.

Corredira, f. f. the upper stone of any mill.

CORBEDIZO, adj. apt to flip or run.

CORREDO'R, f. m. a gallery, a curtain; a broker; any fort of runner. In a military fense, one that goes out to discover or to scour the country. In cant, a catchpole.

Corredor de lonja, an exchange-brok-

Corredór de ferias, a broker who drives bargains at fairs.

Corredor de breja, a pimp.

CORREDO'RCILLO, f. m. diminutive of corredor.

CORREDU'RA, f. f. warlike incurfions.

CORREDURI'A, f. f. running about; also brokerage.

Salir à corredurlas, to go out in parties to scour the country,

CORREGIBILIDA'D, f. f. docility, aptness to be taught.

CORREGIBLE, adj. that may be corrected or mended.

CORREGIDOR, f. m. a corrector, the chief civil magistrate in every city or town of note.

Corregidóra de afeytes, s. f. a cant word for a chamber-maid.

CORREGIMIE'NTO, f. m. the office or dignity of a corregidor.

CORREGIR, v. a. to correct, to amend, to punish, to chastise.

CORREGUE'LA, f. f. blood-wort.

Correguela, f. f. diminutive of cor

rea a little leather strap or thong.

Correguela mayor, the great bindweed, or ropeweed.

Correguela mácho the water-willow. CURRELACIO'N, f. f. compari-

fon, fimilitude,

CORRELATIVO, adj. related CORRELA'TO, to.

CORRENCIA, f. f. flux, loofeness.
CORRENDILLA, f. f. a place to run horses.

CORRENTON, f. m. the person that takes a joke without being offended at it.

CORRE'O, f. m. a post, a lettercarrier: also the post-office.

CORREO'N, f. m. a great leather ftrap or thong.

CORREO'SO, adj. any thing that firetches like, a leather thong; ropy, tough.

CORRE'R, v. n. to run: to flow like liquor, to put one out of countenance, to bait.

Corrér a las paréjas, to sun hand in hand.

Correr fortija, to run at the ring.
Correr toros, to ride ar the bulls, as
they do in Spain with spears and
on horseback.

Huyr a todo corrér, to fly upon a full speed.

Correr el pátio, to ride post. Correr el pátio, to run a race. Correr riésgo, to run a hazard. Correr tal viento, to blow.

Corrér la fangre, to bleed.

Correr la monéda, to be current.

Correr e, v. r. to be out of counten-

CORRERIA, f. f. running, excurfion of foldiers.

CORRE'SCA f. f. a weapon like a halbert.

CORRESPONDE'NCIA, f. f. correspondence: geturn for kindness: uniformity.

CORRESPONDIE'NTE, adj correspondent: that answers to, uniform to.

CORRESPONDE'R, v. a. to keep correspondence: to make a return for a kindness received: to be uniform with.

Correspondence one with another.

CORRESPONSAL, f. m. correfponds with another.

CORRETA'GE, f. m. running about also brokerage.

CORRETO'R, f. m. a corrector CORREVEDI'LE, f. m. the perfon who carries news to make a disturbance: also a pimp.

CORRIDA, f. f. a run, alfo putting any thing out of conte-

De corrida, hastily, running.

CORRIDAME'NTE, adv. cur-

CARKIDI'CA, f. f. difficutive of corrida.

CORRIDO, adj. ashamed, out of countenance.

CORRIENTE, f. m. a current; a fmall brook, a channel, the current of a river or of the fea.

Corriénte, adj. running.
Monéda corriénte, current coin.

Cója corriène, a thing that passes without contradiction, generally received.

Irfe tras la corriénte, to run along with the stream.

CORRIENTEME'NTE, adv plainly, expeditionally.

CORRILLE'RO, f. m. one who goes from one company to another to talk.

CORRILLO, f. m. a knot of people, a company standing in a ring to talk.

CORRIO'LA, f. f. knot-grafs fwine's grafs, also the greater bind-weed or rope-weed.

CORRIMIE'NTO, f. m. a running: also a putting out of countenance.

CORRINCHO, f. m. in cant, a court or yard: also a company of mean people.

corrivacion, f. f. the running of waters together into one fiream.

CORRO, f. m. a knot of people: a company flanding in a ring to talk. also a place to bait bulls. CORROBORACIO'N, f. f. corro-

boration, strenthening.

CORROBORA'R, v. a. to corroborate, to firengthen.

CURROBRA, f. f. a reward gi-

ven to a broker or match - ma-

CORROE'R, v. a. to gnaw. CORROLA'RIO, f. m. vide CO-, ROLA'RIO.

CORROMPEDO'R, f. m. a corrupter : a briber.

CORROMPE'R, v. a. to spoil, to sputrefy, to corrupt, to bribe.

Corromper los juéces, to bribe jud-

Corromper las lettras, to forge let-

Corrompér una doncella, to debauch a maid.

Corrompérfe, v. r. to decay, to spoil CORROMPIDAME'NTE, adv. vicioufly, corruptly.

CORROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. corrupting, spoiling: also bri-

CURROSIBLE, adj. corrofible, fusceptible of gradual destruction by corrolion.

CORROSIBILIDA'D, f. f. corrosibility, possibility to be confumed by a menstruum.

CORROSIO'N, f. f. a gnawing. CORROSIVO, adj_corrolive.

CORRU'CA, f. f. the bird that hatches the cuckows eggs : a cuckold.

CORRUGACIO'N, f. f. winkling, contraction into vrinkles CORRUGO, f. m. an dewer to wash hands.

CORRU'LLA, f. f. in gallies, a particular room so called under the deck.

CORRUMPI'R, v. a. to corrupt, to defile, to debauch : to bribe. CORRUPCIO'N, f. f. corruption, putrefaction , rotteness; bribery

CORRUPTAMENTE, adv. corruptly, viciously.

CORRUPTE'LA, f. f. for bribery: corruption.

CORRUPTIBILIDA'D, f., corruptibility.

CORRUPTIBLE, adj. corruptible: that may be bribed.

CORRUPTIVO, adj. that can be corrupted.

CORRUPTO, adj. corrupted, bribed, rotten, decayed, spoiled.

CORRUPTO'R, f. m. corrupter.

CORSA, f. f. a race, a coarfe; a sailing of ships.

CORSI'A, f. f. the deck of a ship. In a galley, the gang-way: alfo the great gun on the prow.

CO'RSO, f. m. privateering, pi-

Andár á córso, to be out a pirating or privateering.

CO'RTA, f. f. the felling of timber for building; also a provision of timberwood for use and service in war: timber-work.

CORTABO'LSAS, f. m. a cut-

CORTADE'RO, f. m. a cuttingroom a place where people rail and backbite.

CORTADI'LLO, f. m. in cant', a cheat at cards.

CORTADO'R, f. m. a cutter, generally taken for a-butcher.

Espada cortadóra, a sharp cutting fword.

CORTADU'RA, f. f. a cut a jag. Cortadúras, open works with flowers, or figures.

CORTAME'NTE, adv. shortly, quickly.

CORTAMIEN'TO, f. m. the act of cutting.

CORTA'NTE, adj. cutting.

CORTA'O, f. m. a military engine formerly used to batter the walls of belieged towns.

CORTAPICOS Y CALLARES a phrase used to children, meaning that they prattle too much. and ask too many impertinent questions.

CORTAPIE'S, f. m. a cut upon the legs with a fword.

CORTAPISA, f. f. a border about the skirt of a garment.

CORTA'R, v. a. to cut.

Cortár lárgo, a sea-term; to sail away

Cortar mas a la mar, to stand out to fea.

Cortár el hile, to stop proceedings, to interrupt.

Cortar a uno de veftir, to cut out a fuit of cloaths; to speak ill of a

Contarse, v. r. to be daunted, or surprised, to be in consternation; also to fall into a swoon,

Cortarje el esclavo, to contract with his master for so much a day. to be at liberry to work for himself, and earn what he can.

CO'RTE, f. m. the edge of a cutting instrument : also the terms of a composition of a difference; the quantity of stuff neceffary to make a garment : alfo a yard.

Corte; f. f. the court of a prince, the place where the prince refides, the palace, also the retiane of a prince; and the art of pleasing.

Hacer corte, to flatter, to court, to endeavour to please.

CORTECICA, of f. f. the bark CORTECILLA, of a tree, a fmall bit of bread.

CORTEDA'D, f. f. shortness. brevity: niggardlines, bashful-

CORTE'JA, f. f. retinue, attendance, courtship.

CORTEJADO'R, f. m. one who courts, attends, or waits upon another; a courtier.

CORTEJA'R, v. a. to court, to attend, to wait upon: also to woo to folicit a woman, to flatter.

CORTE'JO, f. m. courtship, flattery: also a present, a little gift. CO'RTES, f. f. the affembly of the states of Spain.

Contés, adj. courteous, civil.

CORTESA'NA, f. f. a female courtier : in an ill sense, a lewd woman, a prostitute, a woman of the town.

CORTESANAME'NTE , adv. courteoully, civilly, after the court manner.

CORTESANI'A, f. f.a courtliness. civility, courtefy.

CORTESA'NO, adj. courteous, civil , well-bred.

Lettra cortesana, a very small wri-

CORTESTA, f. f. civility, courtefy, good manners: also a bow. a curtefy.

CORTESME'NTE, adv. civil-

ly, courteously.

CORTE'ZA, f. f. the back of a tree: a crust of bread; the rind of any thing; the furface of any thing. In architecture, the shell or two faces of a wall filled in the middle with small stones or rubbish

Corteças, pl. in canr, gloves.

CORTEZO'N, f. m. a great crust or bark.

CORTEZUDO, adj. that has a great bark

CORTIDURA, S. f. vide CUR-TIDURA.

CORTIJO, f. m. a farm, a countrihouse, a hut, a cabbin; also a field of arable land. In cant, a bawdyhouse.

CORTINA, f. f. curtain. In fortification, a curtain, the part of the wall or rampart that runs from one bastion to another.

CORTINA'GE, f. m. a fet of curtains.

CORTINA'L; f. m. a piece of ground not far from a town or

CO'RTO, adj. short., fcanty; bashful, niggardly; fearful; covetous.

Corto de entendimiento, half-witted. Córto de razones, brief in words. Cono de corazón, cow-hearted. Cóno de visto, shart of fight.

A la córta é a la larga, foon or late.

CORTO N, f. m. a dog or horfe that has his tail cut short.

CORTRAYYES , f. m. pl. linen made at Courtray in Flanders. CORUSCA'NTE, adj. shining,

bright, glittering. CORUSCO, adj. shining, glit-

tering. CORULA, f. f. a howlet.

CORULLE'RO, f. m. a galleyflave.

CO'RVA, f. f. the ham.

Córvas, pl. in falconri, the feathers in a hawk's wings next to the principal feathers called flags.

CORVADU'RA, f. t. the place where any thing bows or bends. CORDAR, v. a. to bow, to bend, to make crooked.

CORVA'TA, f. f. a cravat.

CORVATO, f. m. a young crow. CORVECTTO, f. m. diminutive of cuervo.

CORVEJO'N , f, m, the joint

which bows the foot of any

CORVE'n A rafa, the plain ground. COVETA, f. f. the curvet or curvetting of a horse.

CORVILLO, f. m. a little crow, diminutive of cuervo.

Miércoles corrillo, Ash-wednesday. CORVI'NA, f.f. a fort of fea-

CO'RVO, adj. crooked.

CORVU'RA, f. f. crooked ness. CORYPHE'O, f. m. a head, or

CO'RZO, f. m. \a soebuck.

CORZUL'LO, f. m. diminutive of corzo; also the wheat, that having not been beat out of the husk, falls short of the unhusked, and thrown with the WIDDOW.

COS

COS'A, f. f. a thing.

Cósa coja, f. f. a riddle, such as Cofi coja, C children learn to puzzle one another.

No vale cofa, it is worth nothing. No es cója, it is no matter of moment, it is not proper.

No hay cósa con cója, all is in confusion, out of order.

Prov. Tres cosas sucan al hombre de tlno, mugér, naypes, y vino, three things put a man befides himsels; a woman, cards and wine.

CO'SCA, f. f. obf. the head. COSCOGITA, f. f. vide COS-COYITA.

COSCOJA, f. f. (a fmall fort of COSCO'JO, f. m. (oak, on which the scarled-dye grows, used before cochineal came from the west Indies; also the dry pickly leaves of the oak; and the prickly wheels put to the bridles, to curb hard-mouthed horses,

COSCOJA'L, f. f. f. m. a growe COSCOJA'R, f. m. of fuch oaktrees.

COSCOJI'TA, f. f. a hop upon one leg.

Jugar a coftojita, a play among boys, hopping upon one foot.

COSCORRO'N, f. m. a knock on the pate which raises a bump. but does not draw blood.

COSE'CHA, f. f. harvest,

COSECHE'RO, f. m. one who has a vineyard, and makes and fells the wine himself.

COSEDI'ZO, adj. fit to be dreffed for eating.

COSEDU'RA, f. f. fewing toge-

COSELE'TE, f. m. a corselet.

COSER, v. a. to few as a taylor or seamstress.

Coserse la boca, to be silent.

Cosérse con la tiérra, to lie flat upon the ground; to humble one's felf' down to the ground.

Cefir a dos cabos, to few with both ends as shoe-makers do; to play Jack on both fides; to hold with the hound and run with the hare.

COSE'RA, f. f. a field or portion of land that may be watered by what they call a tanda.

COSETA'DA, f.f. a quick run. Dar cofetadas, to run with speed, to

run fast. COSIDU'RA, f. f. fewing with a

needle.

COSPLLA, f. f. a little thing. CO'SMICO, f. m. in aftronomy

the rifing or fetting of a flar with the fun.

COSMOGRAPHIA, f. f. cofmography, a description of the world.

COSMO'GRAPHO, f. m. a cofmographer, one that describes or understands the description of the ₩orld.

COSQUI'LLAS, f. f. tickling. Hacer cosquillas, to tickle.

No sufre o no confiente cosquillas, he does not fuffer; or confent to be tickled; that is he shows a proper resentment to those who offer to jest with him in a scurrillous manner.

COSQUILLA'R, v. n. to tickle. COSQUILLA'ZA, f. f. \ a violent COSQUILLO'N, f. m. and fudden tickle.

COSQUILLG'SO , adj. ticklish , skitish.

Cofquiltofo, one who cannot take a jest, impatient.

CO'SSA, f. f. vide COSA.

COSSARIO, f.m. a pirate, a fearower.

Coffice, adj. belonging to a pirate. COSSELE'TE, f. m. vide COSE-LE'TE.

COSSO, f. m. the place for the bullfeafts; also a fort of great worm, growing in the trunk of fruit-trees.

COSTA, f. f. cost, charge, expence; also the fea - coast; also the wedge shoe-makers drive in upon the last to raise the shoe on the instep.

Ir cofta a cofta, to coast along, to fail close by the shore.

Hómbre de la cósta, one that lives near the lea-coast.

COSTA'DO, f. m. the fide, the flank.

Dolor de costadó, a pleurify.

COSTAL, f. m. a fack, a great

Prov. Cômo costal de earbonero, malo de suéra, péor de dentro, like a collier's sack, bad without, and worse within.

COSTALA'DA, f. f. a fall upon the back.

COSTALA'ZO, f. m. augmentative of coftal.

COSTALE'IO, f. m. a little fack. COSTALE'RO, f. m. a porter or labouring man.

COSTALILLO, f. m. diminutive of coftal.

COSTANE'RA, f. f. vide COS-

COSTANE'RO, adj. hilly, rising like a hill.

COSTANFILA, f. f. a little fide of a hill.

COSTA'R, v. n. to cost.

COS'TE, f. m. cost, expence, charges.

COSTEAR, v. a. to coast along the shore; also to bear a man's charges, to pay the cost of.

COSTE'RA, S. f. vide COSTA-

COSTE'RO, f. m. a quarter of wood, a pile like a rafter.
COSTI'LLA, f. f. a rib.

Costillas, pl. all the back,

COSTILLAGE, f. m. the structure of the ribs.

costiller, f. m. an officer of the houshold fo called.

COSTILLU'DO, adj. that has great ribs, a robust, rough hewn fellow.

CO'STO, f. m. an Indian tree so called.

COSTOSAME'NTE, adv. furuptuously, costly, expensively, chargeably.

COSTO'SO, adj. coftly, expen-

five, chargeable.

COSTRA, f. f. a crust, any thing that is crusted and hardened together, as on a fore, on any liquid or wet substance; also the face or outside of a wall.

COSTRA'DA, f. f. a glazed cake; that is, which is crufted over with fugar.

COSTREĀI'R, v. a. vide CONS-TREĀI'R.

COSTUMBRE, f. f. custom.

Costúmbre de la mugér, a woman's courses,

Costumbre hace ley, custom becomes law.

COSTURA, f. f. a feam; also the joint of two boards.

COSTURE'RA, f. f. feamftrefs. COSTURON, f. m. a great coarfe feam; a great fcar of a wound.

COT

COTA, f. f. a coat of mail; also a long fort of coat used formerly, or rather a vest hanging to the middle of the leg, like a short cassock, full of plaits, with wide sleeves and welts; also a quotation of an author; and a quota, or that part that falls to a man's share.

COTA'NA, f. f. a square hole made in a piece of wood to fix a square piece of wood in it.

COTANZA, f. f. a kind of fine and broad linen so called.

COTARRE'RA, f. f a mean wo-

COTARRE'RO, f. m. in cant, a mean fellow, one that has been in an hospital. COTARRO, f. m. a brothel, a bawdyhouse.

COTEA'R, v. a. to fet bounds, to limit.

cotejado'R, f. m. a comparer.

COTEJAME'NTO, f. f. vide CO-TEJO.

COTEJA'R, v. a. to compare two things together.

cote'jo, f. m. the comparing of two things together.

COTHURNO, f. m. buskins used by tragedians in acting with an high heel.

cotidianame'nte, adv. vide quotidiniame'nte. cotidia'no, adj. vide quo-

TIDIA'NO.

COTILIDO'NES, f. m. pl. the ends of certain, veins and arteries fo called.

COTI'LLA, f. f. the flays or bod-dice worn by women.

COTILLE'RO, f. m. a flay-maker.

COTI'N, f. m. a back ftroke, given to a ball at tennis.

COTI'ZA, f. f. a certain band in a coat of arms.

CONTIZA'DO, adj. in heraldry, full of ibands of different colours.

CO'TO f., m. a park, a warren; also the price set upon any commodity; the hand's breadth, when the four singers are clinched and the thumb raised up.

COTO'N:, f. m. cotton printed with many colours.

Còton, in cant!, a doublet.

Cotton colorado, in cant, a whip-

Coton doble, in cant, a coat of mail.

cotton, put by painters at top of their rods.

COTONI'A, a f. f. fort of to fine cloth made of cotton; dimity.

COTORRE'RA, f. f. a babbler; also a fort of bird in America.

COTORRO, f. m. a fink of filth. COTRA'L, f. m. a beaft feparated from the herb, or put afide as of lefs value.

COTUFA

COTUFA, f. f. a fort of root, otherwise called criadila de tierra. Vide CRIADI'LLA.

Pedh contúfas en el gólfo, to require impossibilities.

COTURNO, f. m. a fort of bufkin, also a tragedy. Used only by poets.

COV

COVA'CHA, f. f. a little cellar, cave, or den.

COVACHUE'LA, f. f. a little cave, or den; also the office of a secretary of state in the palace.

COVANILIO, f. m. a little basker, fuch as they use at the vintage to gather grapes in.

COVA'RDE, adj. vide COBA'R-DE.

COVARDIA, f. f. vide COBAR-DIA.

COVEZUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of sueva.

COX

COXAR, v. a. vide COXEAR. COXCORRO'N, f. m. vide COS-CORRO'N.

COXEADO'R, f. m. one that halts.

COXEA'R, v. a. to halt, to go lame.

No coxéa désse pie, he does not halt with that foot, it is not that which troubles him, the fault lies not there.

COXEDA'D, f. f. lamenes.

COXENDICO, f. m. the hip-bone.

COXE'RA, f. f. vide COXE-DA'D.

COXIJU, f. m. pain, grief, trou-

ble; also vermin.

COXIJO'SO, adj. that is very troublesome; that is very uneasy

COXIN, f. m. a cushion, a pil-

COXINE'TE, f. m. a little cushion, Coxinéte de âncas, a small pillion, or a pillion for a woman to ride on.

COXINPLLO, f. m. a little cushion.

Tom. I.

at every thing.

COXITRANCA, f. m. a hopping fellow that is never still.

CO'XO, f. m. one who has one leg shorter than another.

COXORRO'N, f. m. vide COS-CORRO'N.

COXQUEA'R, v. a. vide CO-XEA'R.

COXQUILLAS, f. f. pl. vide COSQUILLAS.

COY

COYMA, f. f. in cant, a whore COYME'RO, f. m. one who keeps a public gaming-house. In cant, a pimp.

COYUNDA, f. f. a yoke for oxen; the thong belonging to the yoke. COYUNDA'DO, adj. tied to the yoke.

coyuntura, f. f. a joint in a man's body, or any other thing; also an opportunity.

COZ

COZ, f. f. a kick, or fourn.

Coz de arcabúz, the butt end of a
musket; also the recoiling of it.

Entrárse de coz y de hoz, to come in
without saying by your leave or
with your leave.

Der côzes contre el aguijon, to spurn against the prick, to go on in a thing that is hurtful to one's self.

CRA

CRARO'N, f. m. a kingd of great wasp; a horner.

CRA'NEO, f. m. the brain-pan. CRA'S, adv. obf. to morrow.

CRASCITA'R, v. n. to resemble the voice of a crow,

CRASSITUD, f. f. famels, and thickness.

CRASSO, adj. thick, fat; foolish, ignorant.

CRE

CRE'A, f. f. a fort of linen cloth fo called.

CREA'BIE adjusted can be created.

CREA'BLE, adj. that can be created.

CREACION, f, f, the creation.

CREA'R, v. a. to create.

CREATURA, f. f. a creature. CRECEDE'RO, adj. apt to grow, or increase.

CRECE'R, v. n. to grow, to in-

Créce la mar, the sea flows.

Crécé el edificio, the firudure rifes Créce la lúna, the moon is in the increase.

Créce el précio, the price rifes.

Créces, f. f. pl. the overplus in measures of corn, or weight of bread.

CRECIDA, f. f. an augmentation or increase.

CRECIE'NTE, f. f. the increase of rivers by rain.

Creciénte, the flood; the increase of the moon.

CRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. increase.
CREDE'NCIA, f. f. the credit that is given to any person; also the table which is covered by the altar, on which stands the wine and water when the bish op say mass.

CREDENCIE'RO, f. m. he that has charge of the credencia.

CREDIBILIDA'D, f. f. credibi-

CRE'DITO, f. m. credit; also faith, testimony; also esteem, good opinion; also a promissory note or any promise given; trust reposed.

CRE'DO, f. m. the belief, the creed.

En ménos de un crédo, in less times than a man will be faying his creed; in a trice, in a moment, CREDULIDA'D, f. f. credulity,

eafines in believing or giving credit.

CRE'DULO, adj. credulous, apt to believe or give credit.

CREDULO'SO, adj. credulous, believing, crediting.

creation of the control of the control of the control of the credible.

CREE'NCIA, f. f. belief, credit; the affay taken by the king's taffee of his meat and drink.

CREE'R, v. a. to believe.

CREHE'NCIA, f. f. vide CREEK

CREIBLE, adj. credible,

Cc

CREIBLEML'NTE, adv. credibly, probably, plaufibly, in a manner that claims belief.

CRE

 $CRE'M \leftarrow$, f. f. not fo good a word as naia, cream.

CREMO'R, f. m. cremour, the thinnest and most delicate juice extracted out of any thing.

CRENCHA, f. f. the partition of the hair; the hair curiously parted on the forehead.

CREPUSCULI'NO, adj. belonging to the dawn of day.

CRESCE'R; v. n. vide CRE-CE'R.

C: ESCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide CRECIMIE'NTO.

CRE'SPA, f. f. curling of hair, feathers, or the like.

CRESPADU'RA, f. f. a curling. CRESPA'R, ▼. a. to curl.

CRESPI'NO, f. f. a fort of coif or head-dress made of curled filk; alfo a goofeberry.

CRE'SPO, adj. curled.

CRESPUDIA'NA, f. f. the stone chelonites or toad-stone.

CRESPU'SCULO, f. m. the dawning of the day; morning and

CRE'STA, f. f. the crest of a helmet, or of a coar of arms; a copplecrown in a fowl, and a cock's

CRESTA'DO, adj. crested, that has a creft.

CRESTILLA, f. f. a little creft, cock's comb, or copple - crown. CRESTO'N, f. m. the creft of a helmet or of a coat of arms.

CRE'TA, f. f. a chop in the hand or in the earth.

CREYE'NTE, f. m. believer.

En justos y en creyéntes, a vulgar expression used when any one endeavours to persuade another of his fincerity and truth, as we fa. It is true as, I hope to be faved.

CRI

CRIA, f. f. a breed, an offspring; alfo the young of any animal. CRIACION, f. f. the creation. CRIA'DA, f. f. a maid-servant. CRIADL'RO, that may be creatCRIADI'LLA, f. f. a little fervant wench.

Criadilla de tierra, a sort of trustle. Criadillas de cordéro, s. f. lamb sto-

CRIA'DO, adj. bred, brought up; alfo created; as,

Bien criádo, well-bred. Mal criádo, ill-bred.

Nacido y crisdo en Róma, born and bred at Rome.

Criádo, f. m. a fervant.

CRIADO'R, f. m. a creator; also one that educates or breeds up another.

CRIAMIE'NTO, f. m. creation, CRIA'NZA, f. f. breeding, good manners, education; also urbanity, humanity, courtefy.

CRIA'R, v. a. to breed up, to educate, to nurse, to breed; also to create.

CRIATU'RA, f.f. a creature; also a child.

CRIATURI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of creatura.

CRIAZO'N, f. m. all the persons belonging to one and the fame family.

CRI'BA, f. f. a fleve with large holes, used to lift, and cleanie chopped straw.

CRIBA'R, v. a. to fift.

CRIBO, f. m. a sieve to cleanse corm.

CRIBE'RO, f. m. a fifter.

CRICA de mugér, f. f. the pterygium, or the nymphz.

CRIDA'R, v. n. to cry out.

CRIE'TA, f. f. vide GRIE'TA. CRIMEN, f. m. a crime; generally taken for that which is heinous, or capital.

Erbnen de lesa majestad , high-trea-

Escribano del crimen , a clerk or register of a criminal court.

Juéz del crimen, a judge in criminal

CRIMINACIO'N, f. f. a ccusation. CRIMINADG'R, f. m. an accuser an evidence.

CRIMINA'L, adj. criminal.

CRIMINALIDA'D, f. f. the circumstances of a crime.

CRIMINALME'NTE, adv. criminally.

CRIMINA'R, v. a. to accuse any one of a crime.

CRIMINOSAME'NTE . adv. criminally.

CRIMINO'SO, 'adj. full of crimes. CRIMNO, f. m. the coarfest force of flour.

CRIN, f. f. the hair of a horse's

CRINA'DO, adj. that has a mane or hair like it; also a woman's hair dreffed.

CRINA'R, v. a. to breed amanc; also to dress the hair.

Crines de cabállo encriznejádas, the mane of a stone-horse which rises and stands hollow like a plume of feathers.

CRINITA'R, v. a. to foretel misfortunes.

CRINI'TO, adj. that has long hairs. CRIU'JA, f. f. in cant, flesh.

CRIOJE'RO, f. m. in cant, a but-

CRIO'ILO, f, m. the fon of 2 Spaniard and west Indian woman. CRISIS, f. f. the crifis of a distemper; also judgment.

CRI'SMA, f. f. vide CHRI'SMA, CRISMA'R, v. a. to anoint with chrism or holy oil, to confirm.

CRISME'RA, f. f. the little bottle in which the chrism or holy oil is

CRISNEJA'S, f. f. pl. vide CRIZ-NEJA'S.

CRISO'L, f. m. goldfinith's meltingpot, a crucible.

Passar por el crisól, to be refined, to stand trial.

CRISO'LITO, f. m. a chrysolite, a precious stone of a golden colour fo called.

CRISPADU'RA, f. f. vide CRES-? PADURA,

CRISPA'R, v. a. vide CRESPA'R. CRISTA, f. f. a creft of a helme a cock's comb.

CRISTA'L, adj. cryftal.

CRISTALI'NO, adj. crystalline. clear, transparent.

CRISTE'L, f. m. a clyfter.

CRISTIA'DO, adj: that has a comb on the head like a cock or

CRISTIANA'DO, p. p. christoned , made , a Christian , baptized.

CRISTIANA'R, v. a. to christen, to make a Christian, to baptize. CRISTIANDA'D, f. f Christianity, or Christendom.

CRISTIANI'SMO, adj. a christening, or baptizing; also Christen-

CRISTIANISSIMO, f. m. the title given to the king of France. Cristiano nuevo, a new Christian; that is, who is either himself a convert, or descended from Moors

Cristiano visjo, an old Christian; that is, whose race has no mixture of Jewish or Moorish blood. CRISTO, f. m. Christ.

CRISUE'LA, f. f. a lamp, a candle, a light, a link.

CRITICA, f. f. criticism. CRITICA'L, adj. critical.

CRITICAMENTE, adv. critically, in a critical manner, with exactness, with accuracy.

CRITICAR, v. a. to criticise.

CRITICO, adj. critical.

Dias criticos, the days when a diftemper comes to its crifis.

CRITIQUIZA'R, v. a. vide CRI-TIC'AR.

CRIVA'DO, adj. sifted.

CRIZNE'JAS, f. f. pl. high plumes of feathers standing upright, as were formerly worn in helmets; alfo wattles or hurdles.

CRO

CROCHE'L, f. m. a tower that forms a part of a palace.

CROCINO, f. m. a kind of eintment made with faffron.

CROCODI'LIO, f. m. an herb like a thiftle, called chamalcon niger.

CROCODI'LO, f. m. a crocodi-

CROCOMA'GNA, f. m. dregs of the oil of saffron and other spices, made into balls.

CROCU TA, f. f. a mongrel beaft supposed between a dog and lion, or wolf.

CROMA'TICO, adj. vide CHRO-MA' TICO.

CRO'NICA, f. f. a chronicle. CRONICA'DOR, (f.m. vide CO-CRONISTA, (RONISTA. CRONOGRAPHIA, f. f. chronography; an account of the times. CRO'TO, f. m. a fowl called a birtern.

CRU

CRUAME'NTE, adv. obf. cruel-

CRUCERIA, f. f. a barbarous or Gothic structure.

CRUCE'RO, f. m. the crofs formed by a cathedral church; also a cross-beam in any building; alfo a celeftial fign composed of fix ftars; also a cross way.

CRUCIA'TA, f. f. the herb croffwort, dwarf gentian, jutfon, mug-weed.

CRUCTFERO, f.m. a crofs-bearer, or carrier, he that carries a cross before an archbishop; one of that religious order, who always carry a cross in their hands.

CRUCIFICA'R, v. a. to crucify, to nail to a cross.

CRUCIFIXIO'N, f. f. crucifixion. CRUCIFIXO, f. m. the image of Christ on the cross.

CRUCIFIXO'R, f. m. who cruci-

CRUCIFO'RME, adj. cruciform, having the form, of a cross.

CRUCI'GERO, adj. vide CRU-CIFERO.

CRUDAME'NTE, adv. cruelly, rawly, bloodily.

CRUDE'L, adj. obf. cruel.

CRUDE'ZA, f.f. cruelty, rawness, bloodiness.

Crudeza, f. f. arrogance, boafting. CRUDI'O, adj. harsh, rough. Sombras crudias, so painters call the

deep shadows.

CRUDO, adj. raw; metaph, rude, unpolished.

Al púnto crúdo, a seasonable time. CRUE'L, adj. cruel, fierce, blo-

CRUELDA'D, & f. f. cruelty. CRUELE'ZA CRUELME'NTE, adv. cruelly. CRUENTAME'NTE, adv. cruel-

CRUENTA'R, v. a. to make bloo-

CRUE'NTO, adj. cruel, sanguinary.

CRUE'RO, f. m. vide RECUB'.

CRUE'ZA, f. f. cruelty.

CRUGIA, f. f. vide CRUXIA. CRUGI'R, v. n. vide CRUXI'R. .CRUO'R, f. m. blood. Poetical. CRURA'L, adj. belonging to the

CRURE'O, f. m. one of the muscles of the leg fo called.

CRUS, f. f. vide CRUZ,

CRUSTA, f. f. a scab growing on

CRUSTICO, adj. that beats like the clapper of a bell.

CRUSTULA, f. f. the cream that rifes on milk, or the like.

CRUXIA, f. f. the walk or gang way in a galley.

Passar cruxia, to run the gaunt-

Cañon de crúxia, the great gun in a galley.

CRUXI'DA, f. f. vide CRUXI'A CRUXI'DO, f. m. a crack.

CRUXI'R, v. n. to crackle, to rustle, as filks do, to crack as the bones do, to guash the teeth.

CRUZ, f. f. a cross.

La cruz del cabállo , horse's wit-

Hacerfe cruzes, to belis one's self. Andar con las cruzes acuéfias, to carry crosses; that is, to be always at prayers and devotions.

CRUZA'DA, f. f. the crusade; or croifade; also a bull granting privileges to those that give a fmall alms for carrying on the war against insidels.

CRUZA'DO, p. p. croffed; also a piece of money fo called. In cant, the highway.

CRUZA'R, v. a. to cross; also to cruise at sea.

Cruzar la cara, to cross the face; to give a cut on the face.

Cruzárfe, v. r. to lay cross one thing upon another.

CRY

CRYPTA, f. f. a grotto. CRYSTA'L, f. m. crystal. CRYSTALINO, adj. of crystal, bright, clear, transparent. Humar cryftalino, the cryftalline hu-

mour, the fecond humour of the

eye, that lies immediately next to the aqueous.

CUA

CUAJA'DA, f. f. curded milk, coagulated milk.

CUAJADI'LLO, f. m. a woven piece of filk intermixt with flo-

CUAJAMIE'NTO , f. m. coagulation, concretion, congelation. CUAJA'R, v. a. to coagulate, to force into concretions.

Cua arfe, v. r. to coagulate, to run into concretions.

CUAJARO'N, f. m. the quantity of liquor congealed.

CUA'JO, f. m. the milk curded found in the samoch of young fucking animals; also the root of any plant.

Hierba de cuájo, the herb cheese-Wort that turns milk.

Ensanchar el cuájo, to cry.

GUATEQUI'L, f. m. the millet that is to be fown; a word used in Mexcio.

CUB

CUBA, f. f. a cask, turn, pipe, or hog shead; a great drinker; a paunchbelly.

Caba de vendimiár, the vat into which the wine runs from the

Cába de fan Segándo , 2 vast un or

CUBA'ZO, f. m. a blow given by a cask or against one.

CUBE'BA , f. f. a fmall Indian fruit or berry.

CUBE'RO, f. m. a cooper, one that makes vats for the vintage. CUBERTA'DO, adj. covered.

CUBERTURA, f. f. a covering. EUBERTIZO, f. m. vide CO-BERTI'ZO.

CUBE'TA, f. f diminutive of cu-

CUBETI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of cubeta.

CUBE'TO, f. m. diminutive of cuba.

CUBICE'TE, f. m. a board fo -galled on board a ship,

CUBICO, adj. cubical, folid fquare every way.

CUBICULA'RIO, f. m. the person who ferves in the bed-chamber.

CUBI'CULO, f. m. a bed-chamber.

CUBIERTA, f. f. any covering; also the deck of a ship. In cant, à petticoat.

Cubiérta corrida, a deck that is flush; that is, which runs the length of the ship upon the level, without quarterdeck, half-deck, or the like.

CUBIE'RTO, adj. covered.

Cubierto, f. m. the plate, spoon. fork, and knife they use to put upon the table-cloth for each person; also lodging roof.

CUBIJA, f. f. vide COBIJA. CUBIJADE'BA, f. f. procurer,

a bawd, CUBIJAR, v. a. vide COBI-

JA'R. CUBI'L, f. m. the hole or the

cell of any wild animal.

Cubil de javail, the couch of a wild boar.

CUBILE'TE, f. m. a fort of drinking eup, or fuch a cup as jugglers use to play their tricks; a pattee-pan to make little ples in; thence the pies themselves; a box to throw dice in.

CUBILETE'RO , f. m. a juggler.

CUBILLO, f. m. a little tub, barrel, or cask; also the cantharides or Spanish fly; also a round turret , or an upright cup or dish.

CUBITO, f. m. the elbow.

CUBO, f. m. a tub, pail, or bucket; also the nave or round flock of a wheel in which the spokes are fastened; a round to-Wer.

Cúbo geométrico, a geometrical cube or folid fquare.

CUBO'IDES, f. m. the foot-bone in anatomy.

CUBRI'R, v. a. to cover, to

Cubrirfe el cielo de nábes, to grow cloudy.

Cubrirse de agua, to sweat much. Cubrir fáicas, to conceal faults.

Cubrir a la yégua, to cover a mare.

Prov. Quién te cubre te desúbre, who covers you discovers you; that is, men's drefs generally shows what they are.

CUC

CU'CA, f. f. they tell the children in Spain to hush i them, that they will give them cicas; that is, a small fort of nuts growing under ground, called chifs, which children call cúcas.

Mala cúca , an ill woman.

CUCA'AA, f. f. the profit that is gained by another's coft.

CUCARE'RO, f. m. the person who waits an opportunity of gaining at another's coft.

CUCARA'CHA, f. f. a small infect breeding under cisterns of water or stones in damp places.

Cucarácha martin, in cant, a brown Woman.

CUCA'Z, f. f. f. fort of fcurf in a man or the farcy in a horfe.

CUCHA'R . f. f. a spoon.

Ave de cuchar , any broad - billed

Bôts cuchár, a sport among shepherds, and country people when they are eating milk or other spoon-meat, to firike the spoons out of one another's hands, and the others to eat as fast as they can whilf they forch them: CUCHARA, f. f. a spoon; also the ladle used to charge great guns with, when they have no

CUCHARA'DA, S. f. a Spoonful.

out of the barrel.

cartridges, but use loose powder

Meter su cucharada, to put in one's spoonful; that is, to intermeddle, to put in one's word.

CUCHARA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a fpoon.

CUCHAREA'R, v. n. vidè CU-CHARBTEA'R.

CUCHARE'TA, f. f. a lide-

CUCHARETEA'R, v. a. to intermeddle with other persons mar-

CUCHARETE'RO, f. m. the perfon who makes fpoons.

CUCHARITA, f. f. diminutive of cuchara; a tea-spoon.

CUCHARITA, f. f. diminutive of cuchara; a tea-spoon.

CUCHARO'N, f. m. a ladle.

EUCHICHIA'R, v. 2. to chirp, to make a chirp like the partridges. **CUCHFLLA**, f. f. cleaver, chopping-knife, bookbinders knife to cut the leaves with.

Cuchilla de montaña, the ridge of a mountain.

Señor de horca y cuchilla , a lord who has power of life and death.

€UCHILLA'DA, f. f. a flash, a gash, a cut with a sword or knife.

CUCHILLADI'CA, f. f. diminutive of cúchlilada.

CUCHILLADO'R, f. m. one that cuts, or flashes.

CUCHILLA'R, v. a. to flash, hack, or cut.

CUCHILLAZO, f. m. a great knife, arry great weapon.

€UCHILLE'GO, s. m. a little

CUCHILLERO, f. m. a cutler.

CUCHILLICO, 7 f. m. a little *CUCHILLI'*knife. JO,

EUCHILLO, f. m. a knife.

Euchillos, in falconry, are the fix principal feathers in each of the hawk's wings, called the farcel

Euchillos, what the taylors call gores to out into garments to make out the breadth.

Haver tenido el cuehillo a la garganta, to have been in imminent danger of death.

€UCHILLO'N, f. m. a great

EUCHUCHEA'R, v. n. to speak low, to whisper.

EUCIO'SO, adj. vide *ACUCIO'*-

GUCITA, f. f. a word used to call a dog.

EUCLI'LLAS, as sentarse en cuclillas, to fit on one's hams.

SUCLILIO, f. m. a cuckow: alfo a cuckold

Por vos cantó el cuclillo, the cuckow fung for you; said when two differing about any thing, a third makes his advantage of it.

CUCO, f. m. a catterpillar. CUCU'LLA, f. f. a hood.

CUCURU'CHO, f. m. a corner of paper used in shops.

CUDI'CIA, f. f. vide CODI'-CIA.

CUDICIA'R, v. a. vide CODI-CIA'R.

CUDICIO'SO, adj. vide CODI-CIOSO.

CUDRIA, f. f. a rope made with

CUE

CUE'BA, f. f. vide CUE'VA. CUEBA'NO, f. m. a great and

deep basket made use of for vintage.

CUE'CA, f. f. vide CUE'NCA.

CUL'LGA, s. f. a present given on one's birthday, or the feftival of the faint of one's name.

CUELLIERGUPDO, adj. haughty, stiffnecked.

CUE'LLO, f. m. the neck } the collar of a garment or cape of a cloak; a ruff or band.

CUEMO, adv. obs. vide COMO. CUE'NCA, f. f. a round wooden

Guénca del 670, the round hollovness in which the eye is placed.

CUE'NCO, f. m. a great pot or earthen vessel.

CUE'NDA, f. f. the end of a skein of thread, filk, &c.

CUENQUEZI'LLA, f. f. a little wooden dish, or any thing deep and hollowed.

CUE'NTA, f. f. an account; also a bead.

Dar en la cuenta, or caer en la cuenta, to understand the matter, to conceive it, to hit upon it.

Téner cuénta con mugér, to have to do with a woman.

A cuenta mia, on my account; or on my fecusity.

A effa cuenta if, so, after that rate.

Tenér cuenta, to observe, to take notice.

Cuénta con págo, balance of the receipt and expence.

A Dios hé de dar la cuénta, I shall answer it to God.

Prov. Hacer la cuenta fin la huefpeda, to reckon without the hoftefs.

Prov. Al das la cuénta me lo direis, you will tell me more of it when you are called to account.

Prov. Haya buéna cuenta, y no parésca blánca, let there be an exact account, though we never fee a cross.

Prov. A cuentas viejas barajas nuévas; old reckonings make new quarrels.

Prov. Cuenta y razon suffenta amistid, even reckoning makes long friends.

Cuentas, pl. beads; also accounts. Cuéntas de Santa Eléna, a sort of roots brought from the West In-. dies.

CUENTECTILO, f. m. diminutive of cuento.

CUENTECITA, f.f. diminutive Of cuenta.

CUENTISTA, f. m. a tale-teller; a giver of malignant intelligence.

CUE'NTO, f. m. a tale, or flory, a million or ten hundred thoufand; a prop, or shore to fupport a house, wall, or the like; the butt end of a flaff, Spear or spike; a quarrel, a dispute.

CUER, f. m. obf. vide CORA-ZO'N.

CUE'RA, f. f. a leather jerkin; a buff coat.

CUE'RDA, f. f. cord, rope, firing, a foldier's match; a finew; in mathematics, a line drawn between the two extremities of an arch.

Apretur la cuerda, to wind up the rack; metaph. to press a man hard in any bulinels.

Dar cufrda, to veer out a line; that' is, to give a man a fcope, not to be too preffing upon him.

Dar cuérda al relox, to wind up a clock or watch.

CUERDAME'NTE, adv. difcres etly, wifely, prudently.

CUE'RDERO, f. m. a rope-maker. CUERDEZUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of cuerda.

CUE

CUE'RDO, adj. discreet, wise, staid.
CUERECTCO, f. m. a little
CUEREZUE'LO, skin.

CUE'RNA, f. f. a stag's horn.
CUERNA'R, v. a. to cuckold.

CUERNECICO, D.

CUERNECILLO, f. m. dim. of cuernezuelo, cuémo.

CUERNE'RO, f. m. a horner, one that makes or fells things of

horn.
CUE'RNO, f. m. a horn.

Cuérnos de la lúna, the horns of the moon.

Cuernos de antenas, booms, the two ends of poles that flick out beyond the ends of the yard-arms.

Cuérnos de altar, the cormers of the altar.

Cuernos de la batálla, the wings of the battle.

Quebrantar tos cuernos, to break the horns; that is, to pull down one; to humble one.

Levantar a uno fobre el cuerno de la luna, to raise one upon the horn of the moon; that is, to praise, so celebrate one excessively.

Poner los cuernos, to cuckold one. Verfe en los cuernos del toro, to be in a great danger.

CUE'RO, f. m. a hide, a skin; any leather, a hog's skin fewed up and dreffed to hold wine; a drunkard. In architecture it is either the face, or outfide of a wall.

Cuéro adobádo, dressed seather.

Estrar el cuéro, to stretch the leather; to strain a thing to make it appear justifiable.

Rompér fólo el cuéro, to give a flight wound, which only breaks the skin.

Estár en cuéros, to be stark na-

Cutros, pl. gilt leather hangings, CUERPEZICO, f. m. a little bo CUERPEZITO, dy; diminutives of cutro. CUERPEZUE'LO, ves of cutro. CUE'RPO, f. m. a body, a volume, a corporation, a body politic,

Cuérpo de guárdia, the corps de guard.

Cuerpo de iglesia, the body of the church, the middle of it.

Cuérpo à cuérpo, body to body, man to man, hand to hand.

En cuérpo, a man without a cloak, or a woman without a veil, or a fearf.

Tenér cuérpo, to have a body or fubfiance.

Huyr el cuérpo, to shun a danger or trouble.

Hómbre de buen cuérpo, a well-bodied man, well-shaped.

Hacer del cuerpo, to ease one's self.

CUE'RVA, f. f. the hen erow. CUERVA'TO, f. m. a young

CUERVECITO, f, m. diminutive of cuervo.

CUE'RVO, f. m. a crow.

Cuervo marino, a cormorant. CUE'SCO, s. m. the stone or core

of any fruit.

of cuésco.

CUE'STA, f. f. a hill.

Infe cuefta abaxo, to go down hill; to decline in age or fortune.

Hacérfelo a úno la cófa cuéfta arriba, to do a thing against one's inclination.

A cuestas, on one's shoulders, or back.

CUESTECICA, f. f. a linle cuestecilla, hill,

CUE'VA, f. f. cellar, cave den; also the vat the wine runs into from the press.

Cueva de ladrones, a house of thieves, the place where they meer.

CUE'VANO, f. m. a great bafket to gather the grapes in at the vintage.

CUEVECTTA, f. m. diminutive of cutva.

CUEVE'RO, f. m. the man who makes caves.

CUE'XCA, f. f. in cant, a houfe.

CUE'ZO, f. m. a bricklayer's

CUG

CUGUJA'DA, f. f. a lark.
CUGU'LLA, f. f. vide COGU'LLA.

CUI

CUIDADI'TO, f. m. diminutive of cuidédo.

CUIDA'DO, f. m. study, diligence, care.

CUIDADOSAME'NTE, adv. ca. refully.

CUIDADO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.

CUIDA'NZA, f. f. care, diligen-

CUIDA'R, v. a. to take care, to be diligent.

CUIDO'SO, adj. diligent, careful.

CUINO, f. m. a wedge, a company of foot drawn up wedgewife, sharp before; broad behind.

CUI'TA, f. f. anguish, anxiety, mifery.

Contar fus cultas, to tell one's trou-

CUIRLACO'CHE, f. m. a bird fo called.

CUITADI'LLO, f. m. poer little creature.

CUITA'DO, adj. miferable, full of care, wretched, poor.

CUITAMIE'NTO, f. m. cowardice, pufillanimity.

CUITA'R, v. a. or CUITA'R-SE, v. r. to afflict, or to afflicted.

CUJ

CUJA, f. f. a couch.

CUL

CULA'DA, f. f. a fall on the backfide,

CULANTRILLO, f. m. maiden-

CULA'NTRO, f. m. coriander plant and feed.

CULA'R, f. m. the gut of the fundament.

CULAS, f. f. pl. a term used in the game called argolla.

CULA'TA, f. f. the butt end of a musket, the breech of a can-

CULAZO, f. m. a great bre-

CULCUSIDO, f. m. botche up. CULE'BRA, f. f. a fnake; also a girdle with money sewed up in it; in cant, a file.

Dar culibra, to torment, to plague, to vex one.

Sabe mas que las culébras, he is more cunning than snakes.

Dar culébras, to strap one another, as footmen and pages do in dark nights with their girdles.

CULEBRA'ZO, f. m. a whipping, as the old prisoners give to a new comer.

CULEBREA'R, v. n. to move from one fide to another, as the fnake does.

CULEBRI'LLA, f. f. a little fnake; also a tetter, a ringworm, CULEBRI'NA, f. f. a piece of

cannon called a culverin. CULEBRINA'R, v. 2. to creep

along the ground like a snake. CULEBRO'N, s. m. augm of cu-Wbra; also a cunning, crafty

CULEBRU'NO, adj. of or belonging to a snake.

CULE'RA, f. f. a foul clout, fuch as are laid to a child's breech.

CULE'RO, f. m. the fame as cu-

Culéro, adj. that comes last to an appointed place.

CULI'CO, f. m. a little breculi'TO, ech.

CULO, f. m. the breach, the fundament.

CULO'N, f. m. a great breech, a great pair of buttocks.

CULPA, S. f. a fault.

CULPA'BLE, adj. blameable, faulty, culpable.

CULPABLEME'NTE, adv. faultily, blameably.

CULPADAME'NTE, adv. blameably.

CULPA'R, v. a. to blame.

CULTAME'NTE, adv. neatly, elegantly, finely,

CULTEDA'D, f. f. affectation in speaking.

CULTERANI'SMO, f. m. affectation of elegance, endeavour after elegance. Applied only to speech.

CULTERA'NO, adj. belonging to affectation in speech.

CULTERI'A, f. f. affectation of elegance in speech.

CULTE'RO, adj. spoken with affectation.

CULTIELLO, f. m. obf. for cu-

CULTIPARIA'R, v. n. to speak with affectation.

CULTIPARLI'STA, f.'m. he who ridiculously, endeavours after great elegance in speech.

CULTIPICANO, adj. that speaks with a ridiculous endeavour after elegance, but is roguish at the same time.

CULTIVA'BLE, adj. that may be cultivated.

CULTIVACIO'N, f. f. cultiva-

CULTIVADO'R, f. m. tiller, manurer.

CULTIVA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.

Cultivár el ingénio, to improve one's wit.

CULTIVO, f. m. the manuring or tilling of the ground.

CULTO, adj. adorned, dref-fed.

Lenguage catto, in the best sense formerly taken for refined language, now generally understood in the worst sense, for bombast, formal speaking, or writing.

Cúlto distno, f, m. divine wor-

CULTO'R, f. m. labourer, hufbandman, he who cultivates the ground.

CULTU'RA, f. f. tillage. In speaking or writing, pendantic or formal expression; bombast; also culture, improvement in general; melioration.

CULTURA'R, v. a. to cultivate, to till, to manure.

CUM

CUMBA, f. m. in cant, a tomb.

CUMBI', a fine fort of cloth made of the wool of the *llámas* or Indian sheep.

CUMBLE'ZA, f. f. a concubine kept under the same roof with a wise.

CUMBLE'ZO, f. m. obf. a rival in love.

CUMBRE, CUMBRE'RA, If. f. the top.

CUMPLIDAME'NTE, adv. completely, fully.

COMPLIDE'RO, adj. that is to be, or may be performed.

CUMPLI'DO, adj. complete, accomplished, perfect; also performed, one.

Hombre compildo, a man that performs all he is obliged to in homour.

CUMPLIDG'R, f. m. the perion who fulfils.

CUMPLIMENTA'R, v. a to compliment.

CUMPLIMENTE'RO, f. m. who makes compliments or ceremonies.

CUMPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. performance; also a compliment; in mathematics, it is the complement. In architecture, the wall betwint two buttresses, the lath and plaster betwint two rafters, or the like.

CUMPLIER, v. a. to accomplish, to perform, to do one's duty; also to be convenient.

Cumplir de paldbra, to be obliging as far as words will go.

Cumpth proméfa, to perform a promife.

Cumplir años, to be come to one's birthday when fo many years are up.

No cumple se haga, it is not fit to be done.

CUMUIADO'R, f.m. vide ACU-MULADO'R.

CUMULA'R, v. a. to heap up. CUMULATIVAME'NTE, adv. in heaps.

CU'MULO, f. m. an heap,

commonly, promifeuously.

CUN

CUNA, f. f. a cradle,

Conocér à uno défae la cuna, to know

man from his cradle or infance.

CUNDEAMO'R, f. m. a fweet herb which spreads much.

CUNDIA, v. n. to spread, to increase, to thrive.

Cunde como máncha de azégie, it spreads like stain of oil.

CUNE'RA, f. f. the woman who rocks the cradle.

CUNE'TA, f. f. in fortification,, a little trench, moat, or disch.

CVń

CUnA, f. f. a wedge.
CUnADA, f. f. a fifter-in-law;
that is, a brother's wife, or the
fifter to a man's wife, or to a
woman's husband.

CUNADERIA, f. f.
CUNADERIO, f. m the spiricunaderic, f. f.
cunaded by one when he is godfa
ther to a child.

CUnADO, f. m. a brother-in-law; that is, a fifter's husband, or a man's wife's brother, or the whoman's husband's brother.

CUñA'DO, adj. coined, wedged.
CUñA'R, v. a. to coin, to wedge.
CUñO, f. m. a flamp to coin money with; a great hammer; also a key stone, as they use to shut up the top of an arch; being wide above and narnow below.
CUñUE'LA, f. f. a little wedge.

CUP

CUPE, f. m, a chariot, a carriage of pleasure.

CUPULA, f. f. a cupola.

CUPOLINO, f. m. a lanthern, the round building generally added to the top of a dome or cupola.

CUQ

CUQUILLE'RO, f. m. a baker's fervant.
CUQUILLO, f. m. cuckow.

CUR

CURA, f. f. a cure; also a curate of a parish.

CURA'BLE, adj. curable that may be cured.

CURACION, f. f. the application of medicines.

CURADERIA, f. f. tutorship, or guardians hip.

CURADI'LLO, f. m. the fish called poor Jack.

CURADO'R, f. m. a governor guardian or tutor; also a phyfician.

CURADU'RA, f. f. a maining or cutting.

CURADURIA, f. f. a guardianship, tutorship.

CURA'LLE, f. m. in falconry; the feathers-given a hawk to make her caft.

CURANDE'RO, f. m. a bleachingplace, a place to drefs cloth; also a whitster or dresser of cloth; also a quack in physic.

CURAR, v. a. to cure to dress. Curár al enférmo, to cure a sick man.

Curár la herida, to dress a wound.

Curár de su negotio, to take care of business.

No curár de lo que fe dize, not to value what is said.

Cúrar tiénzo; to whiten linen, Curár cuéro, to dress leather.

CURATIVO, adj. that has the virtue of curing.

CURATO, of a parish.

CURBAS, f. f. pl. crooked timbers, the ribs of a ship.

CURERA, f. f. a carriage for can-

Ponérse a curénd râsa, to expose one's self to the ordnance without any shelter.

Tirár a caréña ráfa, to shoo: at random without taking aim.
CU'RIA, f. f. a court of justice.

CURIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a court judicature.

CURIA'NAS, f. f. pl. fmall brushwood, or the fmall chips where

wood has been hewed.

CURIOSAME'NTE, adv. 'curioufli, neatly, carefully.

CURIOSIDA'D, f. f. curiofity. CURIO'SO, adj. curious, neat

CURIO'SO, adj. curious, neat, nice.

CURRUCA, f. f. hedge-sparrow or fitting, the bird that hatched the cucow's eggs.

CURSA'NTE, f. m. a scholar in an university that follows the schools in due order.

CURSAR, v. a. to frequent, to follow the schools.

CURSPILO, f. m. a short term in the year when the schools are open in the universities, distinct from the great one.

CURSIVO, adj. Italic, faid of the kind of types for printing which most refemble the common

writing.

CU'RSO, f. m. a course, a race, a space of time; the time when the schools are open every year in the university; also a stool.

Los humbres hacen curfo a la parte mas flaca, humours flow to the weakest part.

Tener tantos cursos con la purga, to have so many stools with a purge, Ha passado tantos cursos, he has been at the school so many years.

CURSO, R, f. m. a tipftaff, a meffenger to a court of justice. CURTID'OR, f. m. a tanner.

CURTIDURA, f. f. tanning. CURTER, v. a. to tan.

CURTO, adj. obs. for corro.

CURVAS, f. f. pl. any crooked timbers belonging to a ship; the ribs of a ship.

CURVATO'N, f. m. diminutive of

CURVATU'RA, f. f. a bending. CURUEAA, f. f. the carriage of a piece of ordnance.

CURUIA, f. f. a kind of owl. CURUILINEO, adj. curvilinear, that confifts of crooked lines.

CURVO, adj. crooked.

CURULIA, f. f. the headmost bench of a gailey.

CURULLERO.

CURULLE'RO, f. m. a flave that rows at the headmost bench of a galley.

CURUXA, f. f. an owl.

CUS

CUSCULLA, f. f. obf. holdy, a kind of oak with prickly lea-

CUSCUTA, f. f. a weed with a red flalk, winding about herbs called dodder or withwind.

CUSI'R, v. a. vide COSE'R.

CUSTO DIA, f. f. cuftody; keeping, charge; also the tabernacle in which the facrament is kept on the altar.

CUSTO'DIO, f. m, the spiritual governor of a number of convents. One of the judges so denominated in the Franciscan order. The guardian angel.

CUT

CUTA'NEO, adj. belonging to the

CUTFCULA, f. f. a little thin skin which covers the main skin of man or beaft, extending all over like a membrane.

CUTICULA'R, adj. one term, belonging to the skin.

CUTIDE'RO, f. m. a battle, a fighting.

CUTIO, f. m. as, dia cútio, a working day. Obf.

CUTIR, v. a. to shake, to knock one against another.

CUTIS, f. f. the skin.

CUX

CUXA, f. f. litle case to support the end of the lance; also a bedflead.

CUXO, f. m. a carder of wool. CUXO'TES, f. m. pl. armour for the thigh.

CUY, or CU'YO, f. m. a little asimal fo called.

CUYO, pron. relat. Those.

CUZ

CUZCUZ, f. m. a whord used to call dogs by.

CYC

CYCLA'DA, f. f. a kind of woman's gown with a long tail. CYCLA'N, f. m. a rig, he that has but one tefficle. CYCLO, f. m. cycle, a table to find out Eafter-day. CYCLOIDA'I, adj. belonging to a cycloid. CYCLOIDE, f. f. a geometrical

curve fo called.

CYCLO'PE, f. m. Cyclep, one of the fabulous Workmen in Vulcan's shop.

CYL

CYLINDRICO, adj. of, or belonging to a roller.

CYLINDRO, f. m. a roller, a cylinder, a figure in geometry.

CYM

CYMA, f. f. a sprout; also a wave also the heart of a thistle.

CYMA'CIO, f. m. a kind of carved work.

CYMBALA'RIA, f. f a plant fo called.

CYMBALTLLO, f. m. a little bell.

CYMBALO, f.' m. a cymbal, an instrument of music.

CYN

CYNICO, adj. cynic, cynical; having the qualities of a dog; currish, brutal, fnarling, fatirical.

Cy'nico, f. m. a cynic, a philosopher of the snarlish or currish kind.

CYNOCE'PHALO, f. m. a man with a dog's head.

CYNOMORRIO'N, f.m. 2 weed that grows amongst corn and choaks

CYNOSURA, f. f. a star in the tall of the Lesser Bear.

CYP

CYPRE'S, f. m. the cypress-tree. CYPRESA'L, f. m. the place where the cypress-tree grows. CYPRI'S, f. f. a fort of wild goar in Peru.

CYS

CYSNE, f. m. the Swan a fort of bird, also a confiellation of called, a poet.

Es blanco come un cyfne, as white as a fwan.

D

before a proper name flands for Don.

DAB

DABLE, adj. easy to be done, that may be done, possible.

DAC

DACA, abbreviated from dd açá, give hither, give it me.

En dáca las pajas, in a moment.

No se me da náda, I care not.

DACIO, s. m. tax, custom, duty.

DACIO'N, s. f. the act of giving any thing; used in law.

DA'CTYLO, s. m. a dactyl, a foot in poetry consisting of one long and two short syllables.

DAD

DA'DA, f. f. the enjoyment, or possession of any thing given.

DA'DIVA, f. f. a gift.

Prov. Dádivas quebrentán peñas, gifts break roks; kindness overcomes the hardest hearts, and bribes corrupt the most resolved. DADIVA'DO, adj. bribed, suborned.

DADIVOSAME'NTE, adv. libeberally, bountifully.

DADIVOSIDA'D, f. f. liberality, bounty.

DADIVO'SO, adj. liberal, bounriful.

DA'DO, p. p. of dar, given.

Dado, f. m. a dye to play with. In architecture, the plinth, the first and lowest member of the base of a column.

Corrér el dádo, to have good fortune, good luck, good success. Echar dádo salso, to deceive, to

DADO'R, f. m. a giver; among merchants, the drawer of a bill of exchange.

DAG

DAGA, f, f, a dagger,

DAGO'N, f. m. augm. of daga.

DID

DAFFA, f. f. a landlady, the miftrefs of a house, a lady: a woman that entertains friends gratis, not an hostess.

DAL

DA'LA, f. f. a gutter or pipe to convey the water out of the ship into the fea.

DA'LGO, instead of de algo, of fomething: as hijodálgo, a gent-leman: that is, a man of some note, or of some estate.

DALLADO'R., f. m. one who mows grafs.

DA'LLE, f. m. a staff with a dagger at the end of it.

DALMATI'CA, f. f. the veftment used by deacons when they officiate at the altar.

DALPHIN, f. m. vide DELFIN.

DALTIBA'XO, instead of de alto
abáxo, from the top to the bottom, a downright stroke.

DAM

DA'MA, f. f. a lady: at chefs, the queen: also a doe: a concubine.

Juigo de Dâmas, the game of draughts.

DAMASCA'R, v. a. to damask.

DAMASCE'NAS, S. f. a fort of plums.

DAMA'SCO, f. m. damask; also a fort of apricors so called.

DAMASQUI'LLO, f. m. worsted damask, half thread, half worsted.

DAMASQUINO, adj. damasked, as fwords and knives.

DAMA'ZA, f. f. augment. dima: DAMERIA, f. f. delicacy, niceness.

DAME'RO, f. a draught-board to play at that game.

DAMISE'LA, f. f. a damiel, or young lady.

DAMNA'BLE, adj. damnable.

DAMNACIO'N, f. f. damnation.

DAMNIFICA'R', v. a. to damnify, to prejudice, to damage.

DAN

DANCHADO, adj. in heraldry, denriculated.

DANTA, f. f. an American animal fo called.

DANTELA'DO, adj. vide DAN-CHADO.

DA'NZA, f. f. a dance.

Dánza hablada, a dance composed of many persons with dresses suitable to represent any passage in history.

Dánza de matachines, a mimick or antick dance.

Dánza de espadas, a sword-dance; also a quarrel, a fighting.

La dúnza de orgáz, a disorderly proceeding.

Por donde vá la dánça, which way goes the dance t faid when a man asks for a thing that is -quite over, or out of date.

DANZADO'R, f. m. a dancer.
DANZA'NTE, f. m. a dancer.
DANZA'R, v. n. to dance.

DANZARI'N, f. m. one who dan' ces genteelly.

DAñ

DARADAME'NTE, adv. evilly, with an ill intention, corruptly. DARADO'R, f. m. one that damnifies, or does hurt.

DARA'R, v. a. to damaify, to hurt.

DAnI'NO, adj. hurtful, mischievous.

DA'nO, f. m. detriment, loss, hurt, damages.

Sin daño de bárras, without préjudice to a third person.

DAñOSAME'NTE, adv. hurtfully, prejudicially.

DAñOSO, adj. mischievous; huct-

DAR

DAR, v. a. to give, to beflow, to ftrike.

Dar un regalo, to give a present. Dar por ninguno, to make void.

Dar de pálos, to cudgel.

Dar de nálgas, to fati upon one's breech.

Dar a! través, to run a-ground, to perish.

Dar el relox, speaking of the clock, to strike.

Dar el alma, to give up the ghoft, to die.

Dar en el caso, to apprehend the matter, to hit upon it.

Dar un dolor, to be taken with a pain.

Dar en el blanco, to hit the mark. Dar se, to credit, to believe. Dar su se, to engage one's faith.

Dar lección, to teach, to read.

Dar consigo a úna párte, to cast one's felf into a place.

Dar leche, to fuckle.

Dar caréna, to caseen.

Dar garrôte, to strangle.

Dar parte de un negocio, to impart a business.

Dar con una persona, to light upon a person.

Dar voces, to cry out, to bawl.

Dar en cars, 'to upbraid, to cast in the teeth.

Dar en los enemigos, to fall on the enemies.

Dar de máno, to quit, to abandon, to put aside with the hand.

Dar det pie, to kick, to spurn.
Darse, v. r. to yield, to surrender.

Dáseme póco, I care but little.

Andár en dáres y tomáres, to differ, to procraftinate.

Darie buélta, a sea-term, to make fast a rope.

Darfe, v. r. to submit, to surrender, to yield.

Durse a las litras, to apply to learning.

Darfe por contento, so rest. satisfied.

DARAGO'NCIA, s. f. the herb taragon.

DA'RCENA, f. f. dock to lay up ships.

DARDA'ZO, f. m. a stroke or wound of a dast-

DARDI'LLO, f. m. a eart. DA'RDO, f. m. a little dart.

T, A G

DATA, f. f. the date of any writing.

DATARFA, f. f. the chancery of Rome.

DATA'RIO, f. m. the president of

the chancery of Rome, called datary.

DA'TIL, f. m. a date, the fruit of the palm-tree.

DATILA'DO, adj. shaped like a date, or of the colour of a date.

DATI'LILLO, f. m. diminutive of data.

DATIVO, f. m. the dative cafe.

DAU

DA'UCO, f. m. a fort of carross in tafts and colour.

DAV

DAVIE'TE, f. m. fomething fo called on board a ship, used in weighing anchor.

DAZ

DA'ZA, f. f. a finall reed bearing feed., which they cut green to feed cattle in the spring.

DE

DE, prep. gen. dat. of, from, out of, to.

De, prep. for.

De miedo no pudo responder, he could not answer for fear.

De arriba abáxo, from top to bottom.

De acá, from hence.

De buena gána, with a good will.

De acculla, from thence.

De hecho, actually.

De aqui adelánte, henceforward.

De brúzos, lying flat with the face down.

De aqui a pôco, a short while hence. De nôche, or de dia, by night, or by day.

De corrida, in haste, runping.

De liène, full; golpe de lleno, a full ftroke.

Hora de comér, time to dine.

Depárte de afuera, on the ontside. No parecér de verguénza, not to appear for shame.

De parte a parte,, from side to side; that is, quite trough.

De bálde, for nothing, in vain,

DEA

DE'A, (for diofa) f. f. a goddess.

DEA'N, f. m. a dean.

DEANA'SGO, f. m. a deanes
DEANA'TO, ry.

DEB

DEBASTA'R, v.a. vide DEBAS-TA'R.

DEBASTIA, f. f. a generation, or race.

DEBA'TE, f. m debate, contention, strife.

DEBATI'R, v. a. to contend, to debate.

DEBA'XO, adv. under.

DEBDO, f. m. ebf. vide DEU-DO.

DEBELACIO'N, f. f. conquest, overthrow.

DEBELA'R, v. a. to vanquish, to overthrow, to demolish.

DEBE'R, v. 2. to owe.

Hace fu deber, to do one's duty.'

Hacer fu debido, to perform one's duty.

DEBIDAME'NTE, adv. defervedly, meritoriously; completely.

DE'BIL, adj. weak, feeble.

DEBILIDA'D, f. f. weakness, feebleness.

DEBILITACION, f. f. weakness, infirmity, feebleness.

DEBILITADAME'NTE, adv. weakly, feebly.

DEBILITAMIE'NTO, f. m. weakening, enfeebling.

DEBILITA'R, v. a. to weaken, to enfeeble.

DEBILME'NTE, adv. feebly, weakly.

DE'BITO, f. m. debt, duty.

Deblto, mutual obligation in marriage.

DE BRUCES, adv. flat on the ground with the mouth down.

DEBUJADO'R, f. m. vide DIBU-XADO'R.

DEBUJA'R, v. 2. vide DIBU-XA'R.

DEBUJO, f. m. vide DIBU-XO.

D d 2,

DEC

DE'CADA, f. f. decad, the facts of ten years historically told. DECADENCI'A, f. f. decay, fall.

DECAE'R, v. n. vide DESCA-E'R.

DECAIME'NTO, f. m. vide DESCAEMIE'NTO.

DECALU'GO, f. m. decalogue, the ten commandments.

DECANATO, f. m. deaconry. DECA'NO, f. m. a deacon.

DECANTA'DO, adj. not far from the place.

DECANTACIO'N, f. f. the act of decanting or pouring out.

DECANTA'R, v. a. to sing; also to magnify, to augment, to exag-

DECEBIMIE'NTO, f. m. deceit, trick, fraud.

DECE'NA, f. f. ten in number. DECENA'L, adj. of, or belong-

ing to the number ten. DECENA'RIO, f. m. the space of ten years. Ten beads of a ro-

fary or chaplet. DECE'NCIA, f. f. decency; fui-

tableness to character; modesty. DECENDE'NCIA, f. f. descent, posterity, succession.

DECENDE'R, v. a. to descend to come down, to proceed from. Decendér de tal cafa, to be descended

from fuch a family.

DECENDIE'NTE, f. m. a fuccessor, one that is descended from another.

DECENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. def-

Decendimiento de manos , laying hands on another, by beating

DECENDIA, v. a. to descend. DECE'NIO, f. m. the space of ten years.

DECE'NSO, f. m. a defluxion,

the running of a cold. DECE'NTA, f. f. a descent.

DECENTAR, v. a. to pierce, to

Decentarfe, v. r. to fret, to exulcerate, to make fore.

DECE'NTE, adj. decent, becoming, fit, fuitable.

DECENTEME'NTE, adv. decently , justly.

DEC

DECEPCIO'N, f. f. a deception, a fraud, a deceit.

DECEPTA'R, v. 2. to cut down, to level to make plain.

DE CE'RCA, adv. from a small distance.

DECERNI'R, v. 2. to determine, to decree, to refolve.

DECESSIO'N, f. f. departure, yielding, giving way.

DECESSO'R, f. m. a predecessor; one that went before.

DECHA'DO, f. m. a pattern, an example, a copy.

DECI'BLE, adj. that can be faid.

DECIDE'RAS, f. f. pl. elegance in expression, an eloquent or discreet oration or speech.

DECIDE'RO, adj. fit to be said. DECIDI'R, v. a. to decide, to determine, to resolve.

DECIDO'R, f. m. one who speaks gracefully and elegantly.

DECIL'MBRE, f. m. Decem-

DECIFRADO'R, f. m. one that deciphers.

DECIFRA'R, v. a. to decipher. DE'CIMA, f. f. a copy of verses confisting of ten.

DECIMA'L, adj. the tenth or decimal part.

DECIMAS, s. f. pl. the tithes.

DECIMO, adj. the tenth. DECIR, v. a. to fay, to speak, to tuter.

Declr de una hasta ciento, to tell injuries to a man.

Decir nones, to deny.

Decir por decir, to talk lightly, to chatter.

Decle tixere as , to be obstinate in a wrong opinion.

Deckry hacer, to say and to act; that is, to act in the same time as one speaks.

DI'CHO, p. p. of declr.

DECISIO'N, f. f. decision, refolution, determination, conclusion; also a sentence.

DECISIVAME'NTE, adv. decifively, determinately, refolutely. DECISI'VO, adj. decifive, determinate, conclusive.

DECISO, p. p. of decidir, decided . determined.

DECISO'RIO, adj. diforderly, decisive.

DECLAMACIO'N, f. f. declamation; speech.

DECLAMADO'R, f. m. declaimer, orator, declamator.

DECLAMA'R, v. n. to declaim, to make a speech.

DECLAMATURIO, adj. declar matory.

DECLARACION, f. f. a declaration, manifestation, explanation, exposition; also a deposition in law.

DECLARADAME'NTE, adv. openly, clearly, evidently.

DECLARADO'R, f. m. he that declares, manifests.

DECLARA'NTE, f. m. he that makes a declaration before a judge. DECLARA'R, v. a to declare, to manifest.

DECLARATIVA, f. f. an eafy and expeditious manner of expreffing any thing elegantly.

DECLARATC'RIO , adj. decla- , ratory, affirmative, expressive. DECLINA'BLE, adj. declinable.

DECLINACIO'N, f. f. declination of words according to grammar; the declination of stars in aftronomy; the declining of a diftemper; diminution, decay.

DECLINADO'R, f. m. he that declines.

DECLINA'R, v. a. to decline grammatically or otherwife; also to adhere to.

Declinar juridicion, to remove a cause from one court to ano-

Declinar de fol, is for the sun to be going down.

DECLINATO'RIO, f. m. the person who takes a solemn oath in the court.

DECLIVE, f. m. declivity, def-

DECOCCIO'N, f. f. decoction.

DE COMIENZO, adv. obs. from the beginning, at the beginning.

DECORA'R, v. a. to adorn; ale fo to learn by heart.

DECO'RO, adv. without book by heart.

DECO'RO, f. m. respect, decorum, decency.

DECOROSAME'NTE, adv. decently, respectfully.

DECORO'SO, adj. decent, respectful.

DE CORRILLO en corrillo, from one company to another.

DECOSTRADO'R, f. m. he that takes the rind, cruft, or bark off any thing.

DECOSTRADU'RA, f. f. the taking the rind, cruft, or bark off any thing.

DECOSTRA'R, v. a. to take the rind, cruft, or bark off any thing.

DECRECE'R, v. n. vide DES-CRECE'R.

DECREME'NTO, f. m. decrease, diminution.

DECREPITA'R, v. a. to dry any thing by the fire.

DECREPITUD, adj. decrepit.
DECREPITUD, f. f. decrepitude,

old age.

DECRESCIE'NTE de la mar, f.

f. the ebbing of the fea. DECRETA'L, f. sn. the collec-

tion of the Pope's decrees.

Decretiles, f. m. a book of canon

law.

DECRETALISTA, f. m. the composer, expositor, or interpreter of the Pope's decretals.

DECRETA'R, v. a. to decree, to refolve, to determine.

DECRETISTA, f. m. the perfon who studies the decretals, decretist.

DECRE'TO, f. m. decree, edift, law; also the determination of a suit; also a volume of the canon law.

DECU'BITO, f. m. the deposition made of fome humour in any part of the body.

DECUCIO'N, f. f. vide DECOC-CIO'N.

DECUMA'NA, f. f. the tenth thing in the numerical order.

DE'CUPLO, f. m. ten fold, ten times as much.

DECURIA, f. f. a decury, command of ten men, DECURIO'N, f. m. a commander over ten men.

DECU'RSAS, f. f. pl. the arrears due.

DECURSO, f.m. a courfe.

DED

DEDA'DA, f. f. a stroke with a finger; a finger's length.

DEDA'L, f. m. a thimble.

DE'DALO, f. m. a maze, a labyrinth.

DE DE'NTRO, adv. from within.

DEDICACIO'N, f. f. a dedica-

DEDICADO'R, f. m. he that dedicates; a dedicator.

DEDICA'NTE, f. m. the person that dedicates a book to a patron.

DEDICA'R, v. a. to dedicate; alfo to appoint.

Dedicarfe, v. r. to apply, to fix the mind upon.

DEDICATO'RIA, f. f. an epiftle dedicatory.

DEDIGNA'R, v. a. to contemn, to despise, to reject, to diseste-

Dedignárse, v. r. to disdain, to scorn.

DEDI'L, f. m. a thimble; a cafe of filk, linen, or leather to put over a finger that is hurt. In cant, a ring.

DEDI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of dedo.

DE'DO, f. m. a finger. Dédo pulgár, the tumb.

Dido indice, the fore-finger.

Dédo de en médio, the middle-finger.

Dédo del anillo, dédo tercéro, dédo del coraçón, the ring-finger.

Dédo menique, the little finger. Dédo del pié, a toe.

Medir a dédos, to mezfure exactly to an inch.

Alzár el dédo, to affure the performance of what one undertakes.

No discrepár un dedo, not to deviate the least.

Señalár con el dedo, to point at with the finger.

Contár por los dédos, to reckon by the fingers,

Comérfe los dédos trás una cófa, to be ready to eat one's fingers after a thing, to be very fond and eager after it.

No fe déxa metér el dédo en la bôca, he will not suffer one to put his finger into his mouth; that is, no fool.

Atár bién su dédo, to bind his finger well; that is, to understand, and take care of his business; to be sharp.

DE DONDE, adv. from whenee.

DEDUCCION, f. f. deduction, derivation.

DEDUCI'R, v. a. to deduce, to infer.

DEE

DEE'SA, f. f. a goddes; only used in romances and poems.

DE ESPA'CIO, adv. at leisure, flowly.

DEF

DEFALCA'R, v. n. to defalcate, to cut off.

DEFALLECE'R, v. n. obf. vide DESFALLECL'R.

DEFALLIMIE'NTO, f. m. a failure. Obf.

DEFALTA'R, v. n. obf. to fail.
DEFAMA'R, v. a. to defame, to
detract from one's reputation.

DEFECCIO'N, f. f. defection, revolt.

DEFECTIBLE, adj. imperfect, deficient.

DEFECTIVO, adj. maimed, defective.

DEFE'CTO, f. m. defect, fault, mistake, error.

DEFECTUOSAME'NTE, adv. imperfectly, deficiently.

DEFECTUO'SO, adj. imperfect, deficient.

DEFENDEDE'RO, adj. that can defend, capable of refishing.

DEFENDEDO'R, f m. a defender.

DEFENDER, v. a. to defend, to protect, to aid, to relieve. DEFENDIE'NTE, f. m. vide DEFENSOR,

DEFENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. defence.

DEFE'NSA, f. f. defence, pro hibition.

DEFENSA'BLE, adj. that can defend, capable of relifting.

DEFENSA'K, v. a. to defend.

DEFE'NSAS, f. f. pl. by English failors called fenders; pieces of old cables, ropes, or wooden billers, hung over the ship's fide, that she may not rub against any thing. In boats, short staves used to bear off the boat from bearing against the ship's fide.

DEFENSION, f. f. a discharge.

DEFENSIVO, f. m. a defence, a safeguard.

DEFENSO'R, f. m. a defender.

DEFENSO'RIA, f. f. in law, the charge or office of the advocate.

DEFERI'R, v. n. to give way to another; also to put off, to delay.

DEFE'SA, f. f. vide DEFEN-SA.

DEFE'SO, adj. defended, pro-

DEFICIE'NTE, adj. deficient.

DEFINICIO'N, f. f. definition.

DEFINIDO'R, f. m. one who defines or determines.

DEFINI'R, .v. a to explain, to

DEFINITIVAME'NTE, adv. decifively, determinately, conclufively.

DEFINITIVO, adj. definitive, conclusive.

DEFINITO'RIO, f. m. the affembled body of those members of a religious order that are called Definidores. The hall wherein the Definidores, assemble upon occasion.

DEFLU'XO, f. m. deflux, defluxion, downward flow.

DEFORMACIO'N, f. f. alteration, destruction.

DEFORMA'R, v. a to deform, to mishape.

DEFO'RME, adj. mif-shapen, ugly, deformed,

DEFORMIDA'D, f. f. deformity.

DEFRAUDACIO'N, f. f. cheating, defrauding.

DEFRAUDADO'R, f. m. who chears or deceives.

DEFRAUDA'R, v. a. to defraud, to deceive, to cheat.

DE FR'ENTE, adv. over-against.
DEFUL'RA, adv. without, or
from without.

DEFUNCIO'N, f. f. a funeral. DEFUNTO, adj. vide DIFUN-TO.

DEG

DEGENERACION, f. f. degenerating.

DEGENERA'R, v. n. to degenerate.

DEGOLLACIO'N, f. f. the act of beheading.

DEGOLLA'DA', f. f. in dancing, the fword-dance: laying the fwords a bout one of the dancers, as if going to cut off his head.

DEGOLLADE'RO, f. m. the place where criminals are beheaded; where beafts are flaughtered.

Lievar al degolladéro, to put one in danger of losing his life.

DEGOLLADO'R, f. m. a beheader, a flaughterman, a hang-

DEGOLLADURA, f. f. the wound made in beheading.

DEGOLLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a beheading, killing.

DEGOLLA'R, v. a. to behead, to kill or flay.

DE GO'LPE, adv. at a stroke. Caer de goipe, to fall down plumb. DEGRADACIO'N, s. f. a degrading.

DEGRADAMIE'NTO, f. m. degrading.

DEGRADA'R, v. a. to degrade, to lessen, to diminish the value. DEGRE'DO, f. m. a decree.

DEGRESSION, f. f. vide DI-GRESSION.

DEGUE'LLO, f. m. beheading.

DEH

DE HE'CHO, adv. actually, in fact.

DEHENDE'R, v. a. to cleave 2funder.

DEHENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a cleaving afunder.

DEHE'SA, f. f. a pafture ground.

Dehefa concegil, a common pafture.

DEHESA'R, v. a. to fix upon, or appoint, or convert a piece of ground to a pasture.

DEHESE'RO, f. m. the keeper of the pasture.

DE

DEICIDA, f. m. deicide.

DEIDA'D, f. f. a deity, a godhead.

DEIFE'RO, f. m. one who carries God with him.

DEIFICACIO'N, f. f. the infusion of the grace of God into the foul.

DEIFICA'R, v. a. to deify.

DEI'FICO, adj. that belongs to God.

DE IMPROVI'SO, adv. on a fudden, unawares, unexpected-

DEIPA'RO, adj. deiparous, that brings forth a God.

DETSMO, f. m. deifm, the opinion of those who only acknowledge one God without the reception of any received religion.

DEI'STA, f. m. a deift.

DEISTICO, adj. deistick, belonging to the opinions or tenets of the, deists.

DEJ

DEJA'R, v. a. vide DEXA'R.
DEJARRETA'R, v. a. to hough,
to hamfring.
DEJENERA'R, v. n. vide DEGENERA'R,

DEL

DEL, of him, or of it.

DEL, DELLA, DELLO, of him, of her, of it.

Del todo, altogether, wholly.

DELACION, f.f. accufation.

DELANTA'L, f. nu. an apron.

DELA'NTE, adv. before.

DELANTE'RA, f. f. the fore part, the front, any thing to hang before.

DELANTE'RO, adj. that is before another.

Relóx delantéró, a clock or watch that goes too fast.

DELA'NTRE, adv. obs. vide DE-LANTE.

DELATA'BLE, adj. worthy of accusation.

DELATA'R, v. a. to inform, to accuse, to impeach.

DELATE, f. m. a highwayman. DELATO'R, f. m. an informer, an evidence, an accufer.

DELECTA'BLE, adj. delightful, pleasant.

DELECTACION, f. f. a delight, pleasure, enjoyment.

DELECTA'R, v. a. to delight. DELECTO, f. m. election, choi-

ce, picking out, muster.

DELEGACIO'N, f. f. delegating,
appointing, substituting.

DELEGA'DO, f. m. a delega-

DELEGA'R, v. a. to delegate, to appoint, to substitute.

DELEITA'BLE, adj. delightful, pleafant, charming.

DELEITACIO'N, f. f. enjoyment, fatisfaction, pleasure.

DELEITA'R, v. a. to delight.

DELEITE, f. m. delight, pleasure.

Deleites, in the plural number,

vicious pleasures.

DELEITOSAME'NTE, adv. delightfully.

DELEITO'SO, adj. delightful.
DE LEJOS, adv. from afar off.
DELETREA'R, v. a. to spell;
also to guess ar.

DELEZA'RSE, v. a. vide DEZLI-ZA'R.

DELEZNA'BLE, adj. slippery, frail, unstable.

DELEZNADE'RO, f. m. a flippery, or unfleady place.

DELEZNADIZO, adj. flippery. DELEZNAMIE'NTO, f. m. inftability, uncertainty.

DELEZNA'RSE, v. A to flip, flide, or be unsteady.

DELFA, f, f, the plant rofe-lau-

DELFI'N, f. m. a dolphin.
DELGACE'RO, adv. obf. vide
DELGADO.

DELGADAME'NTE, adv. thinly, flenderly, also ingeniously, subtile y.

DELGADE'ZA, Clenderness.

DELGADILLO, adj. thinnish, flenderish.

DELGADI'TO, adj. diminutive of delgado.

DELGA'DO, adj. thin, flender.

DELGAZA'R, v. n. to grow thin. DE'LIA, f. f. one of the names of Diana, or the moon.

DELIBERACIO'N, f. f. deliberation; refolution, determination.

DELIBERADAME'NTE, adv. deliberately.

DELIBERA'DO, f. m. a deliberate person.

DELIBERAD'OR, f. m. one that deliberates or confiders.

DELIBERAMI'ENTO, f. m. deliberation.

DELIBERA'R, v. a. to deliberate, to confider, to advife; also to purpose, to resolve.

DELIBRATI'VO, adj. belonging to deliberation.

DELIBERAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. deliverance.

DELIBRA'R, v. a. vide LIBRA'R, DELICADAMENTE, adv. daintily, finely, delicately.

DELICADE'Z, f. f. daintines, DELICADE'ZA, delicacy, nicenes; also flenderness.

DELICADO, adj. dainty, delicacate, nice,, tender; also flender, and of a weak confliction.

DELICADU'RA, f. f. vide DE-LICADE'ZA.

DELICAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide DELICADE'Z.

DELICIA, f. f. pl. delight, thing very agreeable and pleafant. DELICIA'RSE, v.r. to be deligh-

DELICIOSAMENTE, adv. delicioufly, fweetly, pleafantly, delightfully.

DELICIO'SO, adj. delightful, delicious, f weet, agreeable.

DELI'CTO, f. m. vide DELI'-

DE LIGE'RO, adv. lightly.

DELINEACIO'N, f. f. delineation, drawing out in lines.

DELINEAME'NTO, f. m. de-DELINEAMIE'NTO, linea tion, or drawing out in lines.

DELINEA'R, v. a. to delineate, to draw out in lines: to describe

DELIA'R, v. a. to adorn, to drefs fine, to bedeck.

DELINQUE'NTE, f. m. a definquent, an offender.

DELINQUI'R, v. n. to transgress, to offend, to commit a crime.

DELI'QUIO, f. m. a fainting, or fwooning.

DELIRAME'NTO, f. m. phrenfy, madnefs, doating.

DELIRA'NTE, f. m. one that doars, is light-headed, or delirious.

DELIRA'R, v. n. to rave, tor be light headed, to talk idly.

DELI'RIO, f. m. doating, lightness of head, frenzy, madness. DELI'TO, f. m. a crime.

DELLAS, for de ellas of them.

DE LLE'NO full: dar de lleno

DE LLE'NO, full; dar de lleno, to frike full upon.

DE'LLO, for de éllo, of it.

DELPHI'N, f. me a dolphin; alfor the dauphin of France; the title belonging to the French king'seldeft fon.

DELPHI'NIO, f. m. a purple-coloured flower.

DELUBRO, f. m. poetical, a temple and the god worshipped in it.

DELUSOR, f. m. one who deludes, imposes on, cheats.

DELUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the beauty, or lustre.

DELU'VIO, f. m. vide DILU-VIO.

DEM

DE MADRUGA'DA, adv. early in the morning.

DE MARA'NA, adv. in the morning.

DE MANCOMU'N, adv. with public concurrence or affiliation.

DEMA'NDA, f. f. demand, fuir, fupplication; also enterprise, arduous attempt.

Morle en la demánda, to die in the quarrel.

DEMANDADE'RA, f. f. a woman the nuns keep out of the monaftery to run about on their 'errands.

DEMANDADE'RO, f. m. one that goes about begging for fome pious uses:

DEMANDADO'R, f. m. a demander, a fuitor a plaintiff; also a beggar.

DEMANDA'R, v. a. to require, to demand, to ask, to fue for, to beg.

DE MANE'RA, adv. fo that. DEMARCACIO'N, f. f. the marking out or dividing of provin-

DEMARCA'R, v. a. to mark out. DEMA'S, adv. besides, moreover,

over and above.

Es por demas, it is to no purpofe.

Pédro por démas, an infignificant or useles person.

DEMASI'A, f. f. overplus, fuperfluity; also an affront, wrong, rudeness.

DEMASIADAME'NTE, adv. excessively.

DEMASIA'DO, adj. overmuch, excessive; also rude, unmanner-ly.

DEMEDIAR, v. a. to divide into halves.

DEME'NCIA, f. f. madness.

DEMENTA'R, v. a. to be mad. DEME'NTE, adj. mad.

DEME'RITO, f. m. want of merit, demerit.

DEMIAS, f. f. pl. in cant, stocking's.

DEMISSIO'N, f. f. humility, fubmission.

DEMO, f. m. vide DEMONIO. DEMOCRA'CIA, f. f. a democracy, a popular state.

DEMOCRA'TICO, adj. democratic, popular.

DE MODO, adv. after that manner, in fuch a manner.

DEMOLE'R, v. a. to demolish, quia, or destroy.

DEMOLICIO'N, f. f. destruction, demolition, ruin.

DEMONI'ACO, adj. possessed by the devil, demoniack, devilish. DEMONIA'DO, adj. idem.

DEMONICHU'CHO, f. m. a contemptuous diminutive of demonlo. DEMO'NIO, f. m. the devil.

DE'MONOS, for demos nos, let us furrender ourselves.

DEMONSTRA'BLE, adj. 'demonstrable, that can be demonstrated.

DEMONSTRACIO'N, f. f. demonstration.

Hacke una demonstración, to do some noted act, to expressone's toughts or resentment, by gestures.

DEMONSTRADO'R, f. m. one that demonstrates or shews things plain.

DEMONSTRA'R, w. a. to demonstrate, to show a thing plainly.

DEMONSTRATIVO, adj. demonstrative.

Demonstrativo, f. m. a demonstration.

DE MONTO'N, adv. in a heap. DEMO'RA, f. f. delay.

DEMORA'R, v. m. to delay, to keep back, to hinder.

DEMOSTRA'R, v. a. vide DE-MONSTRAR.

DEMUDACIO'N, f. f. changing countenance, turning pale.

DEMUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. change, alteration.

DEMUDA'R, v. a. to change, to alter.

Demudirfe, v. r. to change countenance, to turn pale.

DEMUE'STRA, f. f. shewing, pointing out.

DEN

DENA'NTES, adv. before now, awhile ago.

DENA'RIO, f. m. the tenth in number, tens in numeration, as units, tens, hundreds, &c. also the Roman coin called denarius.

DE'NDE, adv. from, fince; as, dénde en adelante, from this time forwards.

Dinde entonces, fince then,

Dénde la cálle, from the fireet.

DENEGACIO'N, f. f. denial, refusal.

DENEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. denial, refufal.

DENEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refuse.

DENEGRECE'R, v. a to make black.

DENEGRIMIE'NTO, f. m. blacking.

DENEGRIR, v. a. to blacken. DENGO'SA, f. f. a coy or affected person.

DE'NGUE, f. m. coyness, affectation.

DENGUE'RA, f. f. a coy or affected person.

DENIGRA'R, v. a. to defame, to blacken, to flain the reputation.

DENIGRATIVO, adj. flained, fpotted, beackened, defamed.

DENODA'DO, adj. bold, resolute, intrepid.

DENODAME'NTE, adv. boldly, resolutely.

DENOMINACIO'N, f. f. denomination,

DENOMINADO'R, f. m. one who denominates, denominator; the number below the line, shewing the nature and quality of the parts which any integer is supposed to be divided into.

DENOMINA'R, v. a. to denominate.

DE NO NA'DA, adv. out of nothing.

DENOSTRAR, v.a. to revile, to affront.

DENO'STO, f. m. obf. vide DE-NUESTO.

DENOTA'R, v. a. to denote, to shew, to fignify; to explain.

DENSAME'NTE, adv. thickly; obscurely.

DENSA'R, v. a. to thicken, to condense.

DENSIDA'D, f. f. thickness, obscurity.

DE'NSO, adj. thick, close, com-

DENTADO, adj. that thas te-

DENTADU'RA, f. f. the whole fet of teeth and their order.

DENTAL

DENTA'L, f. m. the beam of the plough to which the ploughshare is fastened; a great fork.

DENTA'R, v. 2. to make teeth to any thing; to breed teeth.

DENTARA'DA, f. f. a mark or bite of a tooth.

DENTIA'R, v. a. to move the reeth.

DENTECE'R, v. n. to breed te-

DENTELLA'DA, f. f. the noise made by clapping the teeth rogether; the impression made with the teeth in any thing.

DENTELLA'R, v. a. to fnap like a dog, to bite, to gunw, to make an impression with the teeth, to chatter with the teeth.

DENTE'LLO, f. m. in architecture, those pieces jutting out under the cornice or on the frize, at small distances, called dentelli.

DENTELLO'NES, f. m. pl. biting, fnaping like a dog, the impressions of the teeth.

DENTE'RA, f. f. the teeth being an edge.

DENTEZUE'LO, f. m. a little tooth.

DENTIBANO, adj. vide DEN-TIVA'NO.

DENTICULA'R, adj. in the form or shape of teeth.

DENTIVA'NO, adj. having teeth long and broad, and fome of them hollow; faid of horses and mares.

DENTO'N, f. m. he that has great teeth; also a fort of sea-bream that has large teeth.

Dentones, f. m. pl. in cant, pincers.

DE'NTRO, adv. within.

DENTUDO, adj. that has teeth.

DENUEDO, f. m. boldness, courage, resolution.

DENUE'STO, f. m. affront, reproach, infult.

DE NUEVO, adv. afresh, anew. DENUNCIACION, f. f. a denun-

DENUNCIADO'R, f. m. a denouncer, a witness, an informer, an evidence.

Tom. I.

DENUNCIA'R, v. a to denounce, to depose, to accuse.

DENUNCIATO'RIA, f. f. a deposition, accusation in writing.

DEñ

DEnA'R, v. n. obf. to think one as worthy.

Denarfe, v. r. to deign, to condefcend,

DEO

DEO GRACIAS, thanks to God.

DEP

DEPARA'R, v. a. to find, to meet with, to light on.

Diós me lo depare buéno, God send it be good to me.

DEPARTIDAME'NTE, adv. diffinctly, feparately.

DEPARTIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. division, separation, difference, distinction.

DEPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to distribute, to debate, to discourse together.

DEPAUPERA'R, v. a. to make

DEPENDE'NCIA, f. f. dependence; also affair, business.

DEPENDE'R, v. n. to depend. DEPLORABLE, adj. deplorable, lamentable, fad, calamitous, miserable.

DEPLORA'R, v. a. to deplore, to bewall, to lament.

DEPONL'NTE, f. m. he who deposes, or a verb deponent.

DEPONE'R, v. a. to lay down, to give in truft, to depose.

DE POR SI', adv. by itself.

DEPORTACIO'N, f. f. banishment, transportation.

DEPORTA'R, v. a. to banish, to transport.

DEPO'RTE, f. m. diversion, paftime.

DEPO'S, adv. after.

DEPOSA'R, v. a. vide DEPO-NE'R

DEPOSICIO'N, f. f. deposition; depositum; thing left in trust; the act of giving public testimony. DEPOSITADO'R, f. m. one who deposites or leaves in trust.

DEPOSITA'R, v. a. to deposite, to leave in trust,

DEPOSITARIO, f. m. the person with whom any thing is deposited or left in trust; a depositary, DEPOSITO, f. m. the thing deposited or left in trust.

DEPRAVACIO'N, f. f. depravation, corruption.

DEPRAVADAME'NTE, adv. corruptly, viciously.

DEPRAVADO'R, f. m. one who depraves or corrupts, a corrupter.

DEPRAVA'R, v. a. to deprave, to corrupt, to spoil.

DEPRECACIO'N, f. f. depreca-

DEPRECA'R, v. a. to deprecate, to intreat earnessiy.

DEPRECATIVO, adj. bese-. eching, suppliant.

DEPREHE'NSO, adj. apprehended taken unawares.

DEPREHENDADO'R, f. m. a thief.

DEPRENDE'R, v. a. to learn.
DEPRESSIO'N, f. f. deprefion.
DEPRE'SSO, adj. depreffed, bore down.

DEPRESSO'R, f. m. depressor, he that presses down.

DE PRESTO, adv. quickly.

DEPRETERICIO'N, f. f. any thing park.

DEPRIMI'R, v. a. to deprefs.

DEPUE'STO, p. p. of depuner, deposed, put down.

DE PUNTA, adv. with the point forwards.

DE PUNTO, adv. stitched work or knit.

DEPURADO, adj. vide APU-RADO.

DEPUTA'DO, f. m. vide DI-PUTA'DO.

DEPUTA'R, v. a. vide DIPU-TA'R.

DER

DERAIGA'R, v. a. to pluck from the root.

DERANCHADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, precipitately.

DE RAYZ, adv. from the ro-

DERECHAME'NTE, adv. rightly, ftraightly.

Εe

DERE'CHAS, adv. 25, Hacér las cófas a derechas, to do things the right way.

DE'RECHE'RO, adj. upright, that udges according to law.

DERECHE'Z, f. f. rectitude, fitnels, aptnels.

DERE'CHO, adj. right, ftraight, juft, even, due in law; right-handed.

Derécho, f. m. right.

Dericho natural, the law of natu-

D. récho civil, or de las gentes, the civil law.

Derécho canónico, the canon law. Derécho divino y humáno, divine and human law.

Deréchos de aduána, custom for goods imported, or exported.

Deréchos de escribanos à letrados, the fees of clerks or lawyers.

Hacer derechos, to pay duties and take an acquittance.

Estar derecho, to stand trial.

Jugar en d récho de su dedo, to judge partially for one's own interest.

Ir por camino derécho, to go the straight way; to do justice.

Dericho de entrámbas mános ambidexter, that can use lest hand as the right.

Prov. Ni perdér derécho, ni llevar cohécho, neither to lose any due nor take any bribe; to be just to one's self, and others.

'A deréchas, adv. honestly, the right way, as it ought to be done, rightly, well.

A tuertas à derechas, an adverbial phrase; right or wrong, as chance direct.

DERECHO'RA, f. f. pbf. right, claim, title, due.

DERECHU'RA, f. f. straightness, uprightness.

Derechúras, pl. a due to a maid's fervant at the year's end; being shoer, a white vail to wear in the house and a black one a broad.

DERECHURE'RO, adj. obf. righteous, upright, just, loving justice.

DE REPE'NTE, adw. on a fudden.

DBRISION, f. f. derision.

DERIVACIO'N, f. f. derivation... DERIVA'R, v. a. to derive.

DERIVATIVO, adj derivative; derived from another.

DEROCACIO'N, f. f. derogation, lessening, taking from one another.

DEROGA'R, v. a. to derogate, to lessen, to take from.

DEROGATO'RIO, adj. derogatory, that lessens', or takes away.

DERRABADURA, s. f. curtailing, cutting off the tail.

DERRABA'R, v. a. to curtail, to cut off the tail.

DERRA'MA, f. m. contribution, tax.

DERRAMADAME'NTE, adv. loofely, scatteringly.

DERRAMADE'RO, f. m. a fcattering or spilling place.

DERRAMADO'R, f. m. one that featters, spills or wastes.

DERRAMADU'RA, feiling, f. f. f.
DERRAMAMIE'NTO, feattering, f. m, ting.

DERRAMA'R, v. a. to scatter, to spill, to waste.

Derramár monéds, to scatter money.

Derramár la haciénda, to be prosuse, to waste an estate.

Derramár fángre, to shed blood.

Derráma foláces, a diffurber of mirth.

Derramarfe, v. r. to be scatterred or spilt.

DERRA'MAS, f. m. pl. taxes laid on the people.

DERRA'MO, f. m. scattering, spilling.

DERRANCA'R, v. a. to attack, to affault furiously.

DERRANCHAR, v. a. to attack, to affault.

DERREDO'R, adv. about.

Andar al derredor, to turn round, to go about.

DERRENEGA'R, v. n. to abhor, detest, loath,

DERRENGA'DA, f. f. a certain contorlion fo called, used, in a dance.

DERRENGADURA, f. f. d. breDERRENGAMIE'NTO,
f. m.,
breing

the batk, weakening the hips. forcing awry.

DERRENGAR, v. a. to break the back, to wealt en; quafi de frengar, to diffolve the reins.

DERRENIE'GO, f. m. detestation, aborrence, loathing.

DERRETIDO'R, f. m. a melter.

DERRETIDURA, f. f. Bamelt-DERRETIMIE'NTO, ameltf. m.

DERRETI'R, v. a. to melt, to

Derrettrfe, v. r. to melt, to waste, to consume, to pine.

DERRIBADO'R, f. m. one that throws down.

DERRIBADURA, f.f.) thro-DERRIBAMIE'NTO, f.m.) wing down.

DERRIBA'R, v. a. to throw down.

Derribár cabézas, to mow down heads, to make a flaughter.

Derribár la capa, to throw the cloak off the shoulders in order to draw the sword.

Deribar a uno, to bring a man low.

Derribar a uno la calentura, to make a man keep his bed.

DERRIBO, f. m. demolition, throwing down.

DERRISIO'N, f. f. obf. derifion, irrifion.

DERRIVA'R, v. a. vide DERRI-BA'R.

DERROCADE'RO, f. m. ptecipice.

DERROCADO'R, f. m. one that throws, down.

DERROCAMIE'NTO, f. m. throwing down.

DERROCA'R, v. a. to throw down.

DERROSTRATESE, v. 1. 10 hurt one's felf by a blow on the face.

DERRO'TA, f. f. a courfe, a way; alfo a rout or defeat of any army.

DERROTA'R, v. a. to rout, to defeat.

Derrotarfe, v. r. to part company, to scatter, to disperse.

DERROTE'RO, f. m. a fea chars.

DERRUPR, v. a. to pull down, demolish destroy,

DERRUMBADE'RO, f.m. precipice, steep place.

DERRUMBAMIE'NTO, f. m. precipitation, throwing head-long.

DERRUMBA'R, v. a. to throw down.

DERRUVIA'R, v. a. to flow continually as water does, when it washes away the foundation of any edifice.

DES

DES, is answerable to the Latin particle dis, used in composition very often as a negative.

Des que, adv. obs. since that, ever fince that, as soon as.

DESABAFA'R, v. a. vide DESA-BAHA'R.

DESABAHAMIE'NTO, f. m. letting out the fleam; ridding one's felf of trouble; breathing with more ease.

DESABAHAR, v. a to let out the fleam of any thing, to open that which was close covered; to rid one's self of too much business; to breathe more freely.

Lagár desababado, an open airy place.

Hombre defabahido, a bold man who is not out of countenance at any thing.

DLSABARRANCA'R, v. a. to fetch or get out of a bottom what had fallen into it not without a deal of difficulty and fatigue, also to help one out of a difficulty; ou tof a dangerous scrape or situation.

DESABASTECE'R, v. a. to carry off the provision, or to leave without provisions.

DESABEZA'R, v. a. to difuse, to break a custom.

DESABI'DO, adj. ignorant.

DESABIMIE'NTO, f. m. ignorance.

DESABITUACIO'N, f. f. breaking of a habit or custom.

DESABITUA'R, v. a. to break a habit or custom.

DESABOLLA'R, v a. to take bruifes out of metal. DESABO'NO, f. m. prejudice; DESABOTONADU'RA, f. f. unbuttoning.

DESABOTONA'R, v. a. to unbutton.

DESABRAZA'R, v. a. to quit an embrace, to put away.

DESABRIDO, adj. unfavoury, ill relished; ill tempered.

Hombre desabrido, an ill tempered

DESABRIGA'R, v. n. to be naked, to be firipped, to take off the cloaths. In a martial fense, to lay open for exposed to the enemy without any defence of works.

DESABRIGO, I. m. nakedness, want of shelter or of covering.

DESABRIMIE'NTO, f. m. unfavourines; distaste; trouble; vexation.

DESABRIR, v. a. to make a thing unfavoury; to difgust, to displease, to offend.

DESABROCHA'R, v. 2. to unclass, to let loose.

DESACABALA'R, v. a. to break the round number of a thing that were fet apart for fome particular purpose; to diminish, spoil, to break the order.

DFSACALORA'RSE, v. r. to grow cool.

DESACATADAME'NTE, adv. difrespectfully, unmannerly.

DESACATAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide DESACA'TO.

DESACATA'R, v. a. to difrefpect, to be unmannerly.

DESACA'TO, f. m. difrepect, unmannerlinefs.

DESACERBA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to temperate the fourness of any thing.

DESACERTADAME'NTE, adv. unadvifedly. imprudently.

DESACERTA'R, v. a. to err, to mistake.

DESACTERTO, f m. fault, mif-take.

DESACOBARDA'R, v. a to raife the courage, to lay aside fear.

DESACOLLAR, y. a. to dig a hollow round a vine that it may retain the water. DESCAOMODADAME'NTE adv. inconveniently.

DESACOMODAR, v. a. to incommode, to put from one's conveniency.

DESACOMPAñA'DO, adj. alone, unaccompani

DESACOMPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. lonefomeness, wantof company.

DESACOMPARAR, v. a. to leave alone, to take away a man', company.

DESACONSESA'R. v. a to diffuade.

DESACONCHA'R, v. a. 'vide' DESCONCHA'R.

DESACORDACAME'NTE, adv. inconfiderately, without deliberation, forgetfully; also disagreeingly.

DESACORDA'DO, adj. forgetful; also disagreeing.

DESACORDAMIE NTO, f. m. forgetfulness, oblivion.

DESACORDA'R, v. a. to be out of tune.

Desa cordirse, v. r. to forget; also to disagree.

DESACCIRDE, adj. disagreeing, out of tune.

DESACORRALA'R, v. a. to take sheep or other cartle out of the fold to turn them to pasture. DESACOSTUMBRADAME'N-TE, adv. unaccustomedly.

DESACOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to difuse, to unaccustom.

DESACOTA'R, v. a. to take away the enclosures or fences of any grounds.

DESACO'TO, f. m. the act of taking off the prohibition; the act of pulling down or pulling off the hedge; permission of importation or exportation.

DESACREDITADO'R, f. m. one that discredits another.

DESACREDITA'R, v. a. to difcredit, to take away one's reputation.

DESACUE'RDO, f. m. forgetfulnes; disagreement: error mistake

DESADEREZA'R, v. a. to underes.

DESADEUDAR, v. a. to free a person from debt.

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DE SADORA'R, v. a. to yeld to violent love, to deprive of love. DESAL ORMECEDO'R, f. m. one that wakes or rouses ano-

DES

DESADORMECIMIE'NTO, S. m. waking, rousing.

DESADORMECE'R, v. n. to awake, to rouse from sleep.

DESADORNA'R, v. a. to unadorn, to strip of ornaments.

DESADO'RNO, f. m. undrefs.

DESADVERTIDAME'NTE adv. inadvertently, inconsidera-

DESADVERTIMIE'NTO, f. m. inadvertency.

DESADVERTI'R, v. a. to act inconfiderately, without delibe-Tation.

DESAFEA'R: v. a, to deform, to make ugly.

DESAFECTATION, f. f. vithout affectation.

DESAFE'CTO, f. m. indifference, disaffection.

Desafédo, adj. disaffedted.

DFSAFEITA'R, v. a to undress; also to be rude and unpolished.

DESAFERRA'R, v. a. to unfaften, to let loose; to weigh the anchor in a ship, to fail.

DESAFIADE'RO, f. m. the place vhere the challenge is to be de-

DESAFIADO'R, f. m. a challen-

DESAFIAR, v. a. to challenge. DESAFICION, f. f. disaffection.

DESAFICIONA'R, v. a. to be disaffected, to lose affection.

DESAFINA'R, v. n. to untune an instrument; to break as the voice does.

DESAFIO, f. m. challenge. DESAFORADAME'NTE, adv.

rashly, outrageoufly.

DESAFORA'DO, adj. lawles, unruly; rash, inconfiderate, outrageous; very tall, gigantick.

DESAFORA'RSE, v. r. to deprive one's self of the privileges.

DESAFORRA'R, v. a. to unline, to take off the lining.

DESAFORTUNA'DO, adj. un-

DESAFUCIA'R, v. 2. to put out of hope, to give over; to des-

DESAFUE'RO, f. m. outrage, injury, wrong.

DESAGARRA'R, v. a. to let go the hold, to loosen, untie, unbind.

DESAGOTA'R, v. a. to drain. DESAGRACIA DA ME'NTE, adv. difagreeably, unhandso-

DESAGRACIA'DO, adj. difagreeable, unhandsome.

DESAGRADA'BLE, adj. difagrecable, unpleasant.

DESAGRADABLE ME'NTE adv. disagreably, unpleasantly. DESAGRADA'R, v. a. to disple-

DESAGRADECE'R, v. a. to be unthankful.

DESAGRADECIDAME'NTE . adv. unthankfully.

DESAGRADECIDO, adj. unthankful, ungrateful.

DESAGRADECIMIE'NTO , ſ. unthankfulness, ingratim. tude.

DESAGRA'DO, f. m. disagreeableness; also unthankfulness.

DESAGRAVIADOR, f. m. a righter of wrongs.

DESAGRAVIA'R, v. a. to right, to redrefs wrongs.

DESAGRA'VIO, f. m. righting of wrongs.

DESAGREGA'R, v. a. to separate, to disjoin.

DESAGUADE'RO, f. m. drain, channel, pipe, or the like to draw off water; also a way of lavishing of wealth.

DESAGUA'R, v. a. to draw off water, to drain.

DESA'GUE, f. m. vide DESA-GUADERO.

DESAGUISATO, f. m. difguft, wrong, injury.

DESAHIJA'R, v. a. to wean.

DESAHOGADAME'NTE, adv. clearly, freely, without obstruc-

DESAHOGA'DO, adj. free, open,

DESAHOGA'R, v. a. to free, to clear, to give liberty or air.

Defahogár el corazón, to ease the heart.

Defahorgárfe, v. t. to communicate one's trouble or affliction to another, to unload one's heart, to relieve one's self by disclofing the mind.

DESAHO'GO, f. m. vent, relieve in disclosing the mind.

DESAHUCIADAML'NTE, adv. desperately, without hopes.

DESAHUCIA'R, to give over, to undeceive, to let a man know his doom.

DESAHU'CIO, f. m. dismission from a pasture.

DESAHUMA'R , v. 2. to free from fmoke.

DESAIRADAML'NTE . adv. without elegance.

DESAIRA'R, v. a. to despise, to affront.

DESAIRE, f. m., fcorn, contempt affront.

DESAJUSTA'R, v. a. to make any thing disproportionate, uneven, unequal.

DESAIABA'NZA, f. f. dispraise. DESALABA'R, v. a. to dispraise. DESALABEA'R, v. a. among carpenters and other workers in wood, to force a board or other piece of timber, that was croo-

ked or curvated, to be firaight.

DESALA'RSE, v. r. to run one's felf out of breath, to run with open arms. In birds, to fly with the wings at full firerch.

DESALBANDA'R, v. a. to tupannel a beaft.

DESALAVA'R, v. a. vide DE-SALABA'R.

DESALAVEA'R, v. a. to finooth; to make plain.

DESALVARDA'R , v. 2. vide DESALBARDA'R.

DESALENTA'R , v. a. to put out of breath; to discourage.

DESALFORJA'R, to take out of a wallet; also to untrus, to let the cloaths hang loofe.

DESALIE'NTO, f. m. decay of fpirits or courage.

DESALITADAML'NTE, adv. flovenly, ungenteelly.

DESALIA'DO, adj. fluttish, 1908

DESALIAA'R, v. a. to put out of order to discompose.

.DESALINO, f. m. flovenlines, flutishness, uugenteelness, want of neatness.

DESALMADAME'NTE, adv. impiously, cruelly, without confcience

DESALMA'DO, f. m. one that has no regard to his foul, a wicked, lewd perfon, one that uses no conscience.

DESALMA'R, v. a. to take away the life of another violently.

DESALMA'DO, or DESAL-MA'DLO, in cant, kill him, take away his foul.

DESALMAMIE'NTO, f. m. wickednefs, want of conscience.

DESALOJAMIL'NTO, f. m. diflodging.

DESALOJA'R, v. 2. to dislod-

Defalojar la artillerla, to difmount the cannon.

DESALOXA'R, v. a. idem.
DESALUMBRADAME'NTE
adv. erroneously, blindly

without judgment or difcre-

DESALUMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. blindness, folly want of fore-fight, want of wifdom.

DESALUMBRA'R, v. a. to take away the light, to dazzle.

DESAMA'BLE, adj. unworthy of love, disesteemed.

DESAMANZILLA'R, v. a to take out stains; also to ease of pain.

DESAMA'R, v. a. to hate.

DESAMARRA'R, v. a. to unbind, to let loofe, to weigh anchor.

DESAMISTA'RSE, v. r. to hate a person that was once beloved, to break off friendship.

DESAMODORRA'R, v. a. to cure of a lethargy.

DESAMOLDA'R, v. a. to unmould or disfigure the form of the mould.

DESAMO'R, f. m. hatred, averfion.

DESAMORADAME'NTE, adv. with harred or aversion.

DESAMORA'DO, adj. free from

love, that does not return love for love.

DESAMORO'SO, adj. that is not kind, disagreeable.

DESAMORRA'R, v. a. to bid one lift up the head and be angry no longer.

DESAMOTINA'R, v. 2. to lay afide or renounce fedition or rebellion.

DESAMPARADO'R, f. m. one that forfakes or abandons.

DESEMPARAMIE'NTO, f. m. a relishing or abandoning.

DESAMPA'RA'R, v. a. to forfake or abandon.

DESAMPAR'O, f. m. distres, abandonment.

DESANCORA'R, v. 2. to weigh anchor.

DESANDA'R, v. a. to go the fame way over again, to turn back.

DESANDRAJA'R, v. a. to tear to rags or tatters.

DESANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed one dry, to drain all the blood out of the body.

DESANIDA'R, v. n. to turn out of the nest.

DESANIMADO'R, f. m. a difcourager.

DESANIMA'R, v. a. to difcourage.

DESANUBLA'R, v. n. to uncloud, to grow fair veather.

DESANTARARSE, v. r. to make one's felf young.

DESANUDADU'RA, f. f. an unknotting.

DESANUDA'R, v. a. to unknot.

DESAPACIBILIDA'D, f. f.

sharpness, severity in actions, or
words.

DESAPACIBLE, adj. fevere, sharp, rough.

DESAPACIBLEME'NTE, adv. feverely, sharply, roughly.

DESAPARE'AR, v. a. to unpair. DESAPARECE'R, v. n. to vanish, to difappear.

DESAPARECIMIE'NTO, f. m. difapearing, vanishing.

DESAPAREJADO'R, f. m. one that puts things out of order.

DESAPAREJA'R, v. n. to put things out of order.

DESAPARROCHIA'RSE, v. r. to quit one's parish and to go fettle in another.

DESAPARTA'R, v. a. to feparate, to take away, to remove.

DESAPASSIONADAME'NTE,
adv. without passion, assection,
or partiality.

DESAPASSIONA'DO, adj. impartial, calm, quiet.

DESAPASSIONA'R, v. a. to remove partiality, to calm, to quiet.

DESAPEGA'DO, adj. free from love, difdainful.

DESAPEGA'R, v. a. to unfasten, to unstick, to loosen.

DESAPE'GO, f m. difaffection, alienation.

DESAPERCEBIDAME'NTE adv. unprovidedly.

DESAPERCEBIMIE'NTO, f. m. want of provision.

DESAPERCEBIDO, adj. unprepared, unprovided.

DESAPESTA'R, v. a. to clear or free from infection.

DESAPIADADAME'NTE, adv. cruelly, inhumanly, unmannerly.

DESAPIADA'DO, adj. mercilefs, cruel.

DESAPIOLA'DO, p. p. loosed, or delivered from snares.

DESAPIOLA'R, v. a. to loofe, to deliver from fnares.

DESAPINTA'R, v. a. obf. vide DESAPUNTA'R.

DESAPLICACIO'N, f. f. mifapplication, want of application.

DESAPLICADO, adj. flotful, idle.

DESAPODERADAME'NTE adv. impetuously, violently furiously.

DESAPODERAMIE'NTO, f. m. inconfiderate boldness, unrestrained audacity, tumult of mind approaching to madness, storming or turbulent disposition.

DESAPODERA'R, v. a. to put cut of power, out of poffession.

DESAPOLILLA'R, v. 2. to clean, to clean from moths.

DESAPOSENTA R, v. a. to turn one out of his lodging.

DES

DESAPOSSESSIONA'R, v. a. to dispossels, to deprive of posfession.

DESAPOSTURA, f. f. indecency; also ill contrivance.

DESAPOYA'R, v. a. to take away the support.

DESAPRECIA'R, v. a. to defpife contemn, or fcorn.

DESAPRENDE'R, v. a. to forget what was once learned.

DESAPRENSA'R, v. a. to take away or disfigure the form which was made by the press.

DESAPRETA'R, v. a. to loofen, to flacken.

DESAPRISCA'R, v. a. to turn out of shelter.

DESAPRISIONA'R, v. a. to unfetter, to deliver out of

DESAPROBACIO'N, f. f. difapprobation.

DESAPROBA'R, v. a, to disap-

DESAPROPRIAMIENTO, f. m. alienation.

DESAPROPRIA'R , v. a. to alienate.

DESAPRO'PRIO, f. m. the act of giving up one's own property, as monks and nuns do when they quit the world for the cloister. DESAPROVECHADAME'NTE,

adv. unprofitably, profufely. DESAPROVECHAMIE'NTO

f. m. lavishing, not putting to good use.

DESAPROVECHA'R, v. a. to lavish, to put to no use.

DESAPUE'STO, adj. ill disposed, ugly, ill looking.

DESAPUNTALA'R, v. a. to take down the props or shoars.

DESAPUNTA'R, v. a. to unftitch, to unpoint.

DESARBOLA'R, v. 2. to cut down the masts.

DESARENA'R, v. a. to clear a place from fand,

DESARE'NO, f. m. the act of taking away the fand or clearing from fand.

DESARMADU'RA f. f. difarming.

DE SARMAR, v. a. to difarm. DESARRAIGADO'R, f. m. one

who pulls up by the roots or loofens

DESARAIGADU'RA, f. f. pulling up by the roots, loofening. DESARRAIGAMIE'NTO, f.m.

idem. DESARRAIGA'R, v. 2. to pull up by the roots, to loofen; also to banish.

DESARRAPADI'LLO, adj. fomewhat shabby or tattered.

DESARRAPA'DO, adj. shabby, ragged, hanging in tatters.

DESARREBAñA'R, v. a. to break up and featter the slock.

DESARREBOLVE'R, v. a. to undo, to unwind, to unroll; to bring out of some difficulty.

DESARREBOZA'R, v. a. to un muffle.

DESARREBUE'LTO, adj. unwound, unrolled; brought out of some difficulty.

DESARREBUJA'R, v. a. to unfold, to disjoin.

DESARRIMA'R, v. a. to remove from leaning against any thing; at fea, to rummage, to remove and flow the goods in the ship. DESARRIMO, f. m. any thing

that wants à support or prop.

DESARRODILLA'RSE, v. r. to get up from kneeling.

DESARROLLA'R, v. 2. to unroll.

DESARROPA'R, v. a. to pull off the cloaths, to difmantle, to unrobe,

DESARRUGADU'RA, f f. unrumpling, making smooth.

DESARRUGA'R, v. a. to untumple, to make smooth.

DESASA'DO, adj. in cant, that has lost his ears; also without

DESASA'R, v. a to take off or break the handles of pots and veffels.

DESASEADAME'NTE, adv. withour ornament, inclegantly.

DESASEA'DO, adj. discomposed, diforderly, not neat.

DESASEA'R, v. a. to discompose, to displace the parts of what was in good order , to make pgly

what looked fine, pretty, and well.

DESASE'O, f. m. undres, dishabille.

DESASENTA'RSE, v. r. to get up or quit the place on which one was fitting.

DESASIMIE'NTO, f. m. a loofening, letting go of things that cling toge:her.

DESASIR, v. a. to let go one's hold, re loosen, to separate things that cling together.

DESASNA'R, v. a. to improve in knowlege.

DESASOCIA'BLE, adj unfociable. DESASOSSEGADAME'NTE, adv. unquietly, restlessly.

DESASOSSEGA'R, v. a. to difquiet to trouble, to perplex.

DESASOSSIE'GO, f. m. unquietness, restlessness.

DESASSEA'DO, adj. not. neat. DESASTILLA'R, v. a. to clear of chips.

DESASTRADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately, wretchedly.

DESASTRA'DO, adj. unfortanate, wretched.

DESA'STRE, f. m. difaster, mif-

DESATACAR, v. a. to unlace, to loofen.

DESATADAME'NTE, adv. feparately, disjointly.

DESATADO'R, f. m. one who loosens or unties.

DESATADU'RA, f. f. 7 an unty-DESATAMIE'NTO, ing or f. m. loofe-

DESATANCA'R, v. a. to clean the fewers and conduit-pipes.

DESATAPADUBA, f. f. uncovering, unftopping.

DESATAPA'R, v. a. to uncover, to unflop.

DESATA'R, v. a. to untie.

DESATASCA'R, v. a. to draw any thing out of muddy places. DESATAVIADAME'NTE, 2dv. unhandsomely.

DESATAVIA'R, v. a. to unrig, to take off the ornament, to un-

DESATAVIO, f. m. want of ornament,

DESATENCIO'N; f. f. want of attention; difregard, negligence. DESATENDE'R, v. a. to be inattentive; to neglect.

DESATENTADAME'NTE, adv. unadvisedly, rashly.

DESATENTAME'NTE, adv. uncivilly.

DESATENTA'R, v. a. to trouble, to perplex.

DESATE'NTO, adj. without attention; uncivil.

DESATESA'DO, adj. loofe untied.

DESATIE'NTO, f. m. trouble, perplexity, inconsiderateness.

DESATINADAME'NTE, adv. madly, rashly, extravagantly.

DESATINA'R, v. a. to diftract, to make mad; also to grow mad; also to err, to mistake.

DESATINO, f. m. madness, exmavagancy, folly, rashness; also an error, a mistake.

DESATOLIA'R, v. a. to draw any thing out of muddy pla-

DESATOLONDRA'RSE, v. r.

to come to one's felf.

DESATRAHE'R, v. a. to go out of the way, to separate. DESATRAHILLA'R, v. a. to uncouple dogs.

DESATRAMPA'R, v. a: to clear a pipe or a duct from obstrudion.

DESATRANCA'R, v. a. to unbolt, to take the bar from the door.

DESATRAVESSA'R, & a. to remove from lying across.

DESATUFA'RSE, v. r. to appease one's anger.

DESATURDIR, v. a. to recover from being stunned.

DESAVAHA'R, v. a. vide DESA-BAHA'R.

DESAVECINDA'DO, adj. left by the inhabitants, abandoned. DESAVECINDA'R, v. a. to break up neighbourhood, to

abandon a place, DESAVENENCIA, f. f. difa-

greement, discord. DESAVENI'R, v. a. to difagrec,

DESAVENTAJA'DO, adj. disadventageous, disadvantaged. DESAVENTAJO'SO, adj. difad-

vantageous.

DESAVIA'R, v. a. to fead out of the way.

DESAVIO, f. m. wandering out of the way, straying; want of any thing necessary.

DESAVISA'R, v. a. to diffuade from.

DESAUCIA'R, v. a. to give over a fick person, to put out of all hope.

DESAUTORISA'R, v. a. to put out of authority.

DESAYUDA'R, v. a. to forbear affifting, to do harm instead of good.

DESAYUNA'RSE , v. r. to breakfast.

DESAYUNO, f. m. breakfast.

DESAZEITA'DO, adj. without oil, not having oil.

DESAZOGA'R, v. a. to take away the quickfilver.

DESAZONA'R, v. a. to unseafon, to unrelish; to displease, to difgust.

DESBABA'R, v. n. to drivel, to flabber.

DESBALIJA'R, v. a. to fleal, to rob, to take away.

DESBALLESTA'R, v. a. to difcharge a cross-bow.

DESBANCA'R, v. a. to take away the benches, feats, or stools on which people sit. At the game of baffet, faro and others, to win the whole of the money which the gamester who games against all the rest had set up with. DESBANDA'RSE, v. a. to fly

from one's colours, to defert. DESBARAHUSTA!'R, v. a. to

lay about one in a croud bearing down weapons; to cast javelins out of an engine; to talk extravagantly.

DESBARATADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, madly, confusedly.

DESBARATADU'R, f. m. one that disorders, pulls to pieces, or puts to flight,

DESBARATA'R, v. a. to diforder, to pull to pieces, to put to the rout.

DESBARA'TE, f. m. disorder, DESBARA'TO, confusion

DESBARBA'R, v. a. to shave the beard.

DESBARRA'R, v. a. to be wide of the mark, to throw beyond the bars, to throw out of play; to talk nonfense.

DESBARRETA'R, v. a. to break or burst the bars that were fet to hinder people from coming. in.

DESBARRIGA'R, v. a. to paunch, to pull out the guts, to cut off the belly.

DESBARRO, f. m. the act of breaking or burfting through the.

DESBASTADU'RA, f. f. hewing, paring, or shaving into shape; civilizing,

DESBASTA'R, to hew, pare, or shave into shape; to civi-

Colchón desbastado, a quilt which has the stiches broken off.

DESBASTECE'R, v. a. to unfurnish, to take away the provi-

DESBAUTIZA'RSE, v. r. to turn apostate from the Christian religion; to grow very angry, to fwear and curfe through anger and rage.

DESBAVA'R, v. a. vide DES-BABAR.

DESBEBE'R, v. a. to make water, to discharge by urine what one has drank.

DESBLANQUECIDO, adj. pale, whitish.

DESBOCA'R, v. a. to break the mouth of any vessel, to disembogue, to pour at the mouth; to gain a vent, to flow.

Desbocarse, v. r. to be head-strong. or hard-mouthed.

DESBONNETA'RSE , v. r. to take one's cap off.

DESBORDA'DO, adj. haughty. prefumptuous.

DESBORDA'R, v. n. to exceed the limits, as rivers when they overflow.

DESBURONA'R, v. a. vide DES-MORONA'R.

DESBRAVA'R, v. a. to mme, to appeale.

DESBRAZA'RSE, v. r. to extend the arms.

DESBRIZNA'R, v. a. to mince, meat small,

DESBUCHA'R, v. a. to clear the maw, to discorge; to reveal secrets.

DE'SCA, f. f. a great pitch-pot. fuch as they use aboard ships.

DESCABALA'R, v. a. to render any thing unequal or difpropertionable by analogy, to difcompose or put out of countenance.

DESCABALGA'R, v. n. to difmount from a horse.

Descabalgár la artilleria, tò dismount a cannon, to take it off from its carriage.

DESCABEZADU'RA, behead-DESCABEZAMIE'Ning. TO , f. m.

DESCABEZA'R, v. a. to behead. Descabezár el suéño, to take a little nap, to nod a little.

DESCABELLA'DO, adj. bald, without hair.

DESCABELLADURA, f. f. taking off the hair.

DESCABELLA'R, v. a. to take off the hair.

DESCABESTRA'R, v. a. to un-

DESCABEZA'R, v. a. to behead, to cut the head off; to break or cut off the head or tip off any thing; to conquer difficulties.

DESCABULLIMIE'NTO, f. m. a slipping away, or scampering. DESCABULLURSE, v. r. to fcamper, to flip away.

DESCADENA'R, v. a. vide DE-SENCADENA'R

DESCADERA'DO, adj. that has no hips.

DESCAECE'R, v. a. to fall away, to lose strength, to decay.

DESCAECIMIE'NTO, f. decay, falling away.

DESCAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide DESCAXAMIE'NTO.

DESCALABAZA'DO, adj. foolish, frantick.

DESCALABRA'DO, adj. crackbrained.

DESCALABRADO'R, f. m. one that breaks the head of ano-

DESCALABRADURA, f. f. a broken head.

DESCALABRA'R, v. a. to break the head, to break the skull.

DESCALA'BRO, f. m. lofs, detriment, misfortune.

DESCALANDRAJA'R, v. a. to tear the cloaths.

DESCALCE'Z, f. f. nakedness of the feet.

DESCALOSTRAIDO, adv. weaned, put from the breaft.

DESCALZADU'RA, 1 unshoeſ. f. ing ta-DESCALZAMIE'Nking off TO, f. m. the shoes, or stockings.

DESCALZA'R, v. a. to unshee, to pull off shoes or stockings. .

Descalzarse de risa, to laugh till one's shoes drop off, to break one's fide with laughing.

DESCA'LZO, adj. bare-foot, or barelegged.

DESCAMINA'R, v. a. to put out of the way; also to seize contraband or prohibited goods.

DESCAMI'NO, f. m. ftraying, going out of the way.

Defiamino de plita, ò de otra hazienda, the carrying of plate or other goods to the wrong ports; alfo to run goods.

DESCAMISA'DO, adj. necessitous, that wants.

DESCAMPA'DO, adj. free, clear, open, plain.

DESCAMPA'R, v. a. to decamp.

Descampár la Uúvia, to blow over the rain.

DESCANSADAME'NTE , 2dv. eafily.

DESCANSA'DO, adj. eafy, quiet. Vivar descansádo, to live at one's eafe.

DESCANSA'R, v. a. to reft.

DESCANSE'RO, f. m. a resting-

DESCA'NSO, f. m. reft, eafe, quietness; also a sling to hang a fore arm in.

Descanso de escalera, the half-pace in the middle of a pair of stairs,

DESCANTERA'R, v. a. to break off the corners of a thing, to batter it round, to cut off the crust about a loaf.

DESCARONA'R, v. a. to pluck out the feathers.

DESCANTILLA'R, v. a. vide DESCANTERA'R.

DESCAPA'R, v. a. to take away from; to deprive any one of his cloak.

DESCAPERUZA'R, v. a. to take off the cap.

DESCAPERUZO, f. m. the act of uncovering the head in faluting another.

DESCAPILLA'R , v. a. to ushood, to take off the hood.

DESCAPIROTA'R, v. a. to uncap, to take off the cap or upper shell.

DESCARADAME'NTE . impudently, shamelefly.

DESCARADO, adj. shamelefs, impudent.

DESCARAMIE'NTO, f. m. impudence.

DESCARA'RSE, v. r. to grow shameless or impudent,

DESCARCARILLA'R , : n. to talk much and little to the purpose, to prate, to babble.

DESCA'RGA, f. f. the unlading or disburthening.

DESCARGADE'RO, f. m. the place where the burthen is laid down,⁻

DESCARGADO'R, f. m. one that discharges or unburthens.

DESCARGADU'RA, f. f. that part of the bone which the butcher cuts off, that his customers may have as much meat as possible DESCARGA'R, v. a. to unload, to discharge, to unburthen.

Descargár el ciélo, to disburthen itfelf by pouring down rain

Descargár la conciencia, to unbusthen the conscience, to make fatisfaction for wrongs done.

Descargar en la mar, to empty itself into the fea.

Descargárse, v. r. to unload one's felf; to clear one's felf of what is laid to one's charge.

Descargarse con ôtro, to lay the blame upon another.

DESCARGO

DESCARGO, f. m. a discharge. DESCARIAA'R, v. a. to with draw affection or esteem.

DESCARINO, f. m. the withdrawing affection.

DESCARNADO'R, f. m. a tool used by the tooth-drawer to separate a tooth froom the gum.

DESCARNA'R, v. a. to take off the flesh, to separate it from the bones.

DESCA'RO, f. m. boldness, infolence.

DESCARIAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftraying, wandering.

DESCARRIA'R, v. a. to go aftray, to wander.

DESCARRILLADU'RA, f. f. tearing of the cheeks.

DESCARRILLA'R, v. a. to tear away the cheeks.

Descarrillar Lones, to rear lion's jaws asunder; to be fierce, to bully.

DESCARTA'R, v. a. to discard, also to discharge or eject from fervice or employment.

DESCA'RTE, f. m. the difcarding of cards.

DESCASAMIL'NTO, f. m. a divorce.

DESCASA'R, v. a. to divorce, to part married people.

DESCASCA'R, v. a. to talk and boast to no purpose, to make such a noise as empty shells do.

DESCASCARA'R, v. a. to shell, to take off the shell, rind, of skin.

DESCAUDILLADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, confufedly, for want of a chief.

DESCAXAMIE'NTO, f. m. taking out of a box or shell; folly.

DESCAXA'R, v. a. to take out of a; box or shell; to play the fool..

DESCENDE'R, v. a. to def-

DESCENDE'NCIA, f. f. descent, as of a family.

DESCENDI'DA, f. f. descent, as from a hill or precipice.

DESCENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. going down.

DESCENCIO'N, f. f. the act of Tom. 1.

descending, descent, going down.

Descencion reda, in astronomy, the right descension, which is the arch of the equator that descends with the sign or star below the horizon of a direct sphere.

Defcencion oblique, oblique descenfion; which is the arch of the equator that descends with the sign below the horizon of an oblique sphere.

DESCENCIONA^DL, adj. in aftronomy, belonging to the descention of stars, descensional.

DESCE'NSO, f. m. descent, going down.

DESCERUR, v. a. to ungird.

DESCEPAR, v. a. to cut or pull up by the roots; also to destroy, to pull down.

DESCERBIGA'R, v. a. vide DESCERVIGA'R.

DESCERCADOR, f. m. one that railes a fiege.

DESCERCA'R, v. a. to raise a siege.

DESCE'RCO, f. m. raising of a siege.

DESCERRAJADO'R, f. m. one that breaks open locks.

DESCERVIGA'R, v. a. to cut off the neck; to hurt the neck lying uneafily.

DESCETRANA'R, v. a. to eat or gnaw the wood as worms do DESCHANZA'R, v. n. in cant, to lofe.

DESCHRISMA'R, v. a. to raife into a violent passion.

DESCHRISTIANAR, v. a. to raile into a violent passion.

DESCIFRA'R, v. a. to decipher. DESCIMENTA'R, v. a. to take away the foundation.

DESCINGI'R, v. a. to unnail.

DESCOAGULA'R, v. a. to make

DESCOBIJA'R, v. a. to uncover.

DESCOCADAME'NTE, adv.

boldly, impudently.

DESCOCA'R, v. a. to cleanse or prune trees.

Descocarse, v. r. .to be impudent, bold, insolent,

DESCOCE'R, v. a. to digeft food DESCO'CO, f. m. impudence audacity.

DESCOD'AR, v. a. vide DESAPUNTA'R.

DESCOGE'R, v. a. to lay open, to unfold.

DESCOGOTAR, v. a. to kill with a blow on the neck, to flick a knife into the neck.

DESCOLA'R, v. a. to curtail; to cut off the tail.

DESCOLCHA'R, v. 2. to undo a cable.

DESCOLGA'R, v. 2, to unhange to take down what was hanging. Descolgarse, v. r. to slip down by a rope.

DESCOLIGA'DO, adj. breaking off an alliance.

DESCOILADAME'NTE, adv. loftily, with a greater freedom, and dignity of manner or behaviour.

DESCOLLA'DO, adj. haughty, fiffnecked, bold.

DESCOLIAMIE'NTO, f. m. haughtiness, boldness.

DESCOLLA'RSE, v. n. to be haughty, or bold; also to rife or reach above another.

DESCOLMA'R, v. a. to make even with the top of the measure.

DESCOLMILLA'R, v. a. to cut off, or pull, out the tusks.

DESCOLORAMIE'NTO, f. m. discolouring.

DESCOLORA'R, v. a. to difcolour, to lofe colour.

DESCOLORIMIE'NTO, f. m. DESCOLORAMIE'NTO.

DESCOLORI'R, v. a. to wax pale or wan.

DESCOMBRA'R, v. a. to lay open, to make plain, to cleanfe.

DESCOMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. uncivily, unpolitely.

DESCOMEDIDO, adj. rude very high, too great.

DESCOMEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. rudeness, incivility.

DESCOMEDI'RSE, v. r. to be rude or unmannerly.

DESCOME'R, v. a. to exongs rate the belly.

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DESCOMODIDA'D , f. f. (in--DESCO'MODO, f. m. (con-

DESCOMO'NGA'R, v. á. obf. vide DESCOMULGAR.

DESCOMPADRA'R, v. n. to break gossipship, to vary, to difagree, to fet at variance.

DESCOMPASSADAME'NTE adv. without measure, beyond compass.

DESCOMPASSA'DO, adj. unproportionable, out of measure, immoderately, great; beyond compass or rule.

DESCOMPASSA'RSE, v.r. to be out of measure or proportion, beyond compass or rule.

DESCOMPONE'R, v. a. to difcompose, to disorder; metaph. to affront.

Descomponérse, v. r. to be uncivil, or disorderly, indecent.

DESCOMPOSICION, f. f. diforder, irregularity.

DESCOMPOSTURA, f. f. immodefly, indecency, diforderli-

DESCOMPUESTAME'NTE adv. uncivilly, indecently, immodeft v.

DESCOMPUE'STO, adj. difordered, immodeft, undecent; also affronted.

DESCOMULGADO'R, f. m. he who excommunicates.

DESCOMULGA'R, v. a. to excommunicate.

"DESCOMUNA'L, adj. unmeasurable, monstrous.

DESCOMUNIO'N, f. f. excommunication.

DESCONCERTADAME'NTE , adv. disagreeingly, disorderly.

DESCONCERTA'R, v. a. to disagree, to break a bargain, to set at variance,

Desconcertarse, v. t. to put out of

DESCONCHA'R, v. a. to take out of the shell; to put out of

DESCONCIE'RTO, f. m. difagreement, disorder, confusion; alfoa loofenaefs,

DESCONCURDIA, f. f. difsord, difagreeing.

DESCONFIADAME'NTE, adv. hopelessly, without confidence, fearfully, with timidity.

DESCONFIA'NZA, f. f. diftruft, diffidence, suspicion.

DESCONFIA'R, v. n. to distrust, to despair of.

DESCONFORMA'R, v. n. to

DESCONFO'RME, adj. difa-

greeing; also unequal. DESCONFORMIDA'D, s. f. variance, disagreement.

DESCONFORTA'R , v. a. to discomfort, to put out of heart.

DESCONHORTA'R, v. a. to difcomfort, to make forrowful, to put out of heart.

DESCONOCE'R, v. a. not to know wat one was acquainted with; to be ungrateful.

DESCONOCIDAME'NTE, adv. ungratefully.

DESCONOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. ingratitude, oblivion.

DESCONOSCE'R, v. a. vide DESCONOCE'R.

DESCONSENTI'R, v. a. to diffent, not to confent to, difagree in opinion.

DESCONSIDERA'DO, adj. inconsiderate, unadvised, impru-

DESCONSOLACION . f. f. a discomforting, affliction.

DESCONSOLADAME'NTE adv. forrowfully, fadly', without any comfort.

DESCONSOLA'R, v. to discom-

DESCONSUE'LO , f. m. affliction, grief, forrow, weakness through want of nourishment.

DESCONTA'R, v. a. to discount.

DESCONTENTADIZO, adj. that is displeased with every

DESCONTENTA'R, v. a. to displease.

DESCONTE'NTO, f. m. difcon-

DESCONTINUA'R, v. a. to difcontinue.

DESCONVENEBLE, adj. that will not agree, fofgreeable.

DESCONVENIBLEME'NTE adv. difagreeably.

DESCONVENIE'NCIA, f. f. inconveniency, disagreement.

DESCONVENIE'NTE, f.m. inconvenient.

DESCONVENIR, v. n. to difagree, to be unfit, to be at variance.

DESCONVERSA'BLE, adj. untractable, unfit for conversation. DESCONVERSA'R, v. n. to lea-

ve company.

DESCORAZONAMIENTO, f. m. heartleffness, fluggishness, faint-heartedness.

DESCORAZONA'R, v. a. to be or make heartless or faint-hearted.

DESCORCHADO'R, f. m. one that takes off the cork or bark. DESCORCHA'R, v. a. to pull off the cork or bark.

DESCORCHETA'R, v. a to unhook.

DESCORDERA'R , v. a. to feparate the young lambs from the old ones.

DESCORA'R, v. a. to run, to

DESCORNA'R, v. a. to take off the horns; to humble, to pull down those that swell too much, Descornár ledas, in cant, to disco-

ver secrets, tricks, and frauds. DESCORONA'R , v. a. to uncrown.

DESCORREGIDO, adj. incorrigible, not to be corrected, bad beyond correction, deprayed beyond amendment

DESCORRE'R, v. n. obf. to run, to flow; faid of liquids.

DESCORTE'S , adj. unmanner ly illbred.

DESCORTESIA, f. f. incivility, discourtesy.

DESCORTESME'NTE adv. uncivilly.

DESCORTEZADO'R, f. m. one who takes off the bark or rind of trees.

DESCORTEZA'R , v. a. to take off the bark, rind, shell, of

DESCOSEDU'RA, f. f. ripping, unsewing.

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DESCOSE'R, v. a. to rip, to unfew.

Descosérse, v. r. to take a great liberty in talking and lying.

Descoserse de risa, to be ready to burst with laughing.

DESCOSIDAME'NTE, adv. immoderately, intemperately.

DESCOSTILLA'R, v. a. to break the ribs.

DESCOSTRA'R, v. a. to break off the crust, or rind.

DESCOSTUMBRA'R, v. a. to difuse.

DESCOSTUMBRE, f. f. difuse.

DESCOYUNTAMIE'NTO, f.
m. a disjoining or putting out of joint.

DESCOYUNTA'R, v. a. to disjoint, to put out of joint.

DESCOYUNTO, f. m. vide DES-COYUNTAMIE'NTO,

DESCRECE'R, v. a. to decrease, to grow less.

DESCRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. decrease.

DESCRE DITO, f.m. discredit, reproach, disgrace.

DESCREE'R, v. a to disbelieve, not to believe what one believed before.

DESCREE'NCIA, f. f. disbelief. DESCREFDO, f. m. one that will not believe what he believed before.

DLSCREPUSCULAR, v. a. to diffuse light as the sun does at its rising.

DESCREYE'NTE, f. m. an unbeliever.

DESCRIBI'R, v. a. to describe. DESCRINA'R, v. a. to take off the hair.

DESCRIPCION, f. f. a description.

DESCRIPTIVO, adj. of, or belonging to a description, that can, be described.

DESCRITO, adj. described.

DESCRUZA'R, v. a. to uncross, DESCUBIE'RTA, f. f. a kind of pie that has no crust at top.

DESCUBIE'RTAME'NTE, adv. openly, plainly, evidently.

DESCUBIE'RTO, adj. uncove-

red, discovered.

DESCUBRIDE'RO , f. m. 2 ri-

fing piece of ground from whence there is a view of the country.

DESCUBRIDO'R, f. m, an uncoverer or discoverer.

DESCUBRIDU'RA, f.f. discof.m. disco-

DESCUBRIR, v. a. to uncover, to discover.

DESCUE'LLO, f. m. any thing that exceeds another in height; also pride, vanity.

DESCUE'NTO, f. m. satisfaction, abatement, discount.

DESCUL'RNA padraftros, f. m. a . cutials, a hanger.

DESCUE'RNO, f. m. in cant, a discovery.

DESCUIDADAME'NTE, adv. negligently, carelessly.

DESCUIDA'R, v. a. to neglect, to be careless.

DESCUIDO, f. m. negligence, carefines, neglect.

DESCULA'R. v. a. to break the bottom of any thing. Vulgar.

DESCU'LPA, f. f. an excufe.

DESCULPA'R, v, a. to excufe.

DESCURRI'R, v. a. vide DISCURRI'R.

DESCUPIL'RTO, adj. vide DESCUBIE'RTO.

DESCUYDA'DO, adj. careles, negligent.

DESCUYDADAME'NTE, adv. carelessly, negligently.

DESCUYDA'R, v.'a. to be careles, or negligent; to take no care.

DESCUYTA'R, v. a. to put out of milery.

DESDA'R, v. a. to give back. DE'SDE, adv. from such a time, or place.

Désde ayén, fince yesterday.

Désde niño, from one's childhood.

Désde aqui, from this place.

DESDECI'R, v. n. to unfay, to, fay against what one has said, to retract, to recant.

DESDE'N, f. m. difdain, foorn.
DESDE#A'BLE, adj. to be difdained, worthy to be foor-

DESDENADO'R, f. m, one that foorns or distains,

DESDEAA'R,
difdain. to fcorn a

DESDEAO, f. m. da

DESDEAO'SO, adj. dit.

DESDENTA'R, v. a. vi.

toothlefs,
DESDEVANA'R, v. a. to

DESDEVANA'R, v. a. to wind thread or filk; to u. reel.

DESDICHA, f. f. misfortune.
DESDICHADAME'NTE, adv.
unfortunately.

DESDICHADFILO, adj. diminutive of defdichado. Subst. useda little wretch, a little rogue.

DESDICHA'DO, adj. unfortunate, Prov. Al desduhado poco le vála ser essorado, it little avails an unfortunate, man to be brave. Courage without fortune is of little use.

DESDICHO, p. p. unfayed, gainfayed.

DESDOBLA'R, v. a. to unfold, DESDO'N, f. m. folly, incivility, indecency, clownishness.

DESDONADAME'NTE, adv. undecently, uncivilly, clownishly.

DESDONA'DO, adj. indecent a uncivil, clownish, unpleafant.

DESDONAR, v. a. to take back what was given.

DESDORA'R, v. a. to take off the gilding; to blemish.

DESDORMI'DO, adj. awaks that has not flep.

DESDO'RO, f. m. a spot or bleemish on the reputation.

DESEA'BLE, adj. defirable.'

DESEADO'R, f. m. he who deafires or wishes.

DESEA'R, v. a. to desire, to wish for.

DESECA'R, v. a. to dry up.

DESE'CHA, f. f. the burden of a fong; a farewel or taking leave; diffembling or concealing an ill action; also a break in a mountain or a pass.

DESECHA'R, v. a. to cast off, to despite, contemn.

Prov. Lo que uno desecha otro la ruéga, what one man despises, another sues for. One man's meat is another man's poison.

DESE'CHO, f. m. the off-caft what is trown away.

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DESEDIFICA'R, v. a. to destroy, to demonsh any edifice.

DESEGUIDA, adj. fem. not honeft, not modest, licentious, ignatoral.

DESEMBAINA'R, v. a. vide DESEMBAYNA'R.

DESEMBALA'R, v. n. to unpack.

DESEMBANASTA'R, v. 2 to take any thing out of a basket. Defembanast infe, v. 2. to free one's

DESEMBARAZA'R, v. a. to difencumber, to remove obstacles, to put things out of the way.

cage or basket.

felf from

DESEMBARA'CO, f. m. clearness from encumbrance, easiness, freedom.

DESEMBARCACIO'N, f. f. the action of landing.

DESEMBARCADL'AO, f. m. a landing place.

DESEMBARCA'R, v. a. to land, to unship, to difembark.

DESEMBARGADAME'NTE, adv. freely, without obstruction.

DESEMBARGA'R, v. a. to take
off an embargo, to fet at liberty, to free that which wat attached, ftopped, or detained.

DESEMBA'AGO, f. m. deliverance, discharge; taking off the embargo.

DESEMBARRA'R, v. a. to unclay, to undaub.

DESEMBAULA'R, ▼. a. to take any thing out of a cheft; also to declare something.

DESEMBAYNA'R, v. a. to draw out of the sheath or scabbard.

DESEMBEBE'RSE, v. r. to recover from furprize.

DESEMBELESA'RSE, v. r. vide DESEMBELECE'RSE.

DESEMBOCADURA, f. f. a. disemboguing or coming out of

difemboguing or coming out of the mouth of a gulph or river. TESEMBOCA'R, v. n. to di-

fembogue, to come out of the mouth of a gulph or river.

DESEMBOLSA'R, v. a. to dis, burse, to lay out,

DESEMEO'ISO, f. m. a disburfing of money.

DESEMBOITURA, f. f. airiness, impudence, confidence.

DESEMBOLVE'R, v. a. to unfold, to unwrap.

Désembolvérse, v. r. to take courage, to grow airy, to grow free in behaviour, to grow impudent.

DESEMBORRACHA'R, v. a. to make fober, to recover from drunkenness.

DESEMBOSCA'DO, adj. got out of a wood.

DESEMBOSCA'RSE, v. r. 10 get out of a wood.

DESEMBOTA'R, v. a. to make sharp.

DESEMBOZA'R, v. a. to unmuffle, or take off the cloak or marque; also to explain a difficulty.

DESEMBRAVECER, v. a. to tame.

DESEMBRAVECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a making tame.

DESEMBO'ZO, f. m. uncovering; also freedom.

DESEMBRAZA'R, v. a. to let go from the arms, to cast the cane at the port called juégo de cáñas, in which gentlemen ride and represent a skirmish, throwing canes at one another instead of darts.

DESEMBRIAGA'R, v. a. to make sober.

DESEMBUCHA'R, v. a. to difgorge, to turn out of the maw; to speak every thing that comes uppermost.

DESEMBUDA'R, v. a. to draw out any thing as it were through a funnel.

DESEMBUELTAME'NTE, adv. airy, boldly, impudently.

DESEMBUELTO, adj. airy, bold, impudent.

DESEMMARARA'R, v. a. to make manifest, to clear up, to render confpicuous any obscure or intricate matter.

DESEMMOHECE'R, v. a. to clean any thing from the rust or mould.

DESEMMUDECE'R, v. a, to be cured of dumbness, to recover the speech lost.

DESEMPACA'RSE, v. r. to appeale one's felf, to vent the an:

ger, to grow gentle and mild again.

DESEMPACHA'R, v. a. to put away bashfulness.

DESEMPA'CHO, f. m. want of bashfulness, confidence.

DESEMPADRA'R, .v. a. to deprive of a father, to kill a person's father, to hinder one from calling himself by his family name.

DESEMPALAGA'R, v. a. to take away loathing, to bring the flomach to an appetite.

DESEMPAñA'R, v. a. to undress young children.

DESEMPAPELA'R, v. a. to unfold any thing covered with paper.

DESEMPAREJA'R, v. a. to remove from joining to another; to make uneven.

DESEMPARVA'R, v. a. to gather into heaps the corn that is threshed.

DESEMPATA'R, v. a. to make unequal what was before even.

DESEMPEDRADO'R, f. m. an 'unpaviour; one that rides about the firects as if he would tear up the pavement.

DESEMPEDRA'R, v. a to unpave, to tear up the fireet of the road.

DESEMPEGA'R, v. a. to unglew, to separate what is stuck. DESEMPEAA'R, v. a. to redeem out of pawn, to disengage.

Desempeñar la palábra, to perfom one's promise.

Desempeadrse, v. r. to pay one's debts, to get rid of one's engagements.

DESEMPE'nO, f. m. the act of redeeming a pledge.

DESEMPEORA'R, v. a, to mend, to grow better.

DESEMPERE ZA, f. f. shaking off floth.

DFSEMPEREZA'R, v. n. to shake off floth.

DESEMPEZGA'R, v. a. to unftop, to open.

DESEMPLUMA'R, v. a. to un-

DESEMPOLVORA'R, v. a. obf. to clean from duft.

DESENPONZOñA'R, v. a. to free, cure, or heal one that is poisoned; to drive out, to expel any violent disorder or affection of the soul.

DESEMPOTRA'R, v. a. to take off the prop or props that kept an edifice fleady.

DESEMPREAL'DA, adj. fem. that has lain in that has brought, forth,

DESEMPREĀA'R, v. a. to deliver of a big belly.

DESEMPULGADÜ'RA, f. f. unbending a bow.

DESEMPULGAR, v. a. to unbend a bow.

DESEMVAYNA'R, v. a. vide DESEMBAYNA'R.

DESEMVOLVE'R, v.a. vide DE-SEMBOLBE'R.

.DESENALBARDA'R, v. a. to pull off the pack-faddle.

DESENAMORA'R, v. a. to extinguish or lose the love.

DESEMBAYNA'R, v. a. vide DESENVAYNA'R.

DESENBOLVE'R, v. a. vide DESENVOLVE'R.

DESENCABALGA'R, v. a. to dismount the cannon.

DESENCABESTRA'R, v. 2. to unhalter.

DESENCADENA'R, v. a. to unchain.

DESENCALABRINA'R, v. a. to put in order, to fattle the head. DESENCALCA'R, v. a. to loofen any thing that was made fast.

DLSENCALLADU'RA, f. f. fecting a veffel a-float, that was run a ground.

DESENCALIA'R, v. a. to get off a veffel that was run a-ground.

DESENCAMINAR, v. a. vide DESCAMINA'R.

DESENCANDILA'R, v. a. to take away the dazzling or glimmering light that affects the eyes.

DESENCANTAR, v. a. to difenchant.

DESENCA'NTO, f. m. a disenchanting.

DESENCAPOTADU'RA, f. f. the taking off a cloak.

DESENCAPOTA'R, v. a. to take of pull off the cleak,

Defencepotatie, v. r. to clear up one's looks from frowns or low-ring.

DESENCAPRICHA'R, v. a to fubdue the caprice or fancy.

DESENCARCELA'R, v. a. to free one from a prison.

DESENCARECE'R, v. a. to lower or leffen the price, or value. DESENCARNA'R, v. a. vide DESCARNA'R.

DESENCASA'R, v.a. vide DE-SENCAXA'R.

DESENCASONA'R, v. a. obf. vide DESENCAXONA'R.

DESENCASTILLA'R, v. a. to beat out of a castle.

DESENCAVALGA'R, v. a. to dismount from horseback, to dismount a piece of ordnance from its carriage, to unbend a cross-bow.

DESENCAVESTRA'R, v. a. vide DESENCABESTRA'R.

DESENCAXADO'R, f. m. one that unjoints or pulls up things from where they where fastened. DESENCAXADU'RA, f. f. un-

jointing, feparating.

DESENCAXAMIE'NTO, f. m. a disjointing or putting out of the place where it was fixed.

DESENCAXA'R, v. a. to unjoint, to separate, to pull from the place where it was fastened.

DESENCAXONA'R, v. a. to take out what in a large case or box.

DESENCERRA'R, v. a. to let loose or turn out what has been lacked up; to turn out the bulls for the bullseast.

DESENCINTA'R, v. a. to unbind, to untie.

DESENCIAVA'R, v. a to unnail. DESENCIAVIJA'R, v. a. to take down, or lower the keys of any mufical infrument.

DESENCOGE'R, v. a. to extend, to dilate; stretch out.

Description v. r. to lay aside bashfulness.

DESENCOGIMIE'NTO, f. m. freedom or eafiness of expression.

DESENCOLA'R, v. a. to unglew.

DESENCOLERIZA'RSE, v. n. to appease, or assuge one's. anger.

DESENCONA'R, v, a, to take

away the rankling of a fore; metaph, to apeafe one's anger. DESENCO'NO, f. m. an appea-fing of anger.

DESENCORDA'R, v. a. to uncord, or unstring an instrument.

DESENCORDELA'R, v. a. to untie, or loosen any thing tied with a rope.

DESENCOR VA'R, v. a. to make firaight; or unbend.

DESENCRESPA'R, v. a. to uncurl.

DESENDEMONIA'R, v. a. to cast out devils.

DESENDIABLA'R, v. a. to cast out devils.

Defenduablarfe, v. r. to lay afide wrath or anger.

DESENDIOSA'R, v. a. to depres, or pull down vain glory. DESENDUEñA'SE, v. a. to be free from a duéna.

DESENFADA'R, v. a. to please, to ease of vexation.

Desenfadarse, v. r. to be pleased, delighted.

DESENFA'DO, f. m. pleasure, that which eases from vexation, diversion, confidence, freedom of behaviour.

DESENFALDA'RSE, v. r. to unfold, or let down the lappet of a gown.

DESENFAMAR, v. a to defame.

DESENFARDELA'R, v. a. to
unpack, to open a pack.

DESENFAXA'R, v. a. to unroll, to unfwathe, to unbind.

DESENFRENADAME'NTE

adv. diforderly, ungovernably.

DESENFRENAMIL'NTO, f. m.

unbridlednefs, unrulinefs.

DESENFRENA'R, v. a. to un bridle.

Description of the property of

DESENFRE'NO, f. m. unrulines.

DESENFUNDA'R, v. a. to pull out of the holfters, as when a piffol is taken out.

DESENFURECE'RSE, v. z. to lay afide rage, or anger.

DESENGARADAMENTE, alv. ingenuoufly, without diffimulation, freely, frankly.

DESENGARADO'R, f. m. who undeceives another.

DESENGAñA'R, v. a. to undeceive, to show a man his miftake, to deal plainly.

Defengañarfe, v. r. to discover the truth of a matter one was deceived in, to be satisfied in a point, to be undeceived.

DESENGAnIFA'R, v. a. to free, or pluck out of the hands or claws.

DESENGA'ñO, f. m. discovery of a deceit, plain dealing.

DESENGARRAFA'R, v. a. to free from the hands.

DESENGARZA'R, v. a. to disjoin things that were joined.

DESENGASTA'R, v. a. to take a stone out of a ring.

DESENGRASSA'R, v. a. to take away the fat, to make lean.

DESENGROSSA'R, v. a. to make thin, to attenuate, to make flender.

DESENGRUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of deglutinating, of taking away the glue or viscosity.

DESENGRUDA'R, v. a. to unpaste.

DESENGRUPA'R, v. a. to uncrupper.

DESENHADA'R, v. a. obf. vide DESENFADA'R. .

DESENHASTIA'R, v. a. to reftore to an appetire, to take away a loathing.

DESENHEBRA'R, v. a. to unthread a needle.

DESENHETRA'R, v. a. to difentangle, to unravel, to extricate, to deliver out of perplexity.

DESENJAEZA'R, v. a. to unharness.

DESENJAULA'R, v. a. to take out of a cage.

DESENLABONA'R, v. a. to unlink.

DESENLADRILLA'R, v. a. To pull down the bricks.

DESENLAZA'R, v. a. to unloole, to unite, to enfnare.

DESENCLOSA'R, v. 2. to unpaye.

DESENLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the lustre, to obscure.

DESENLUTA'R, v. a. to go out of mourning.

DESENMARAñA'R, v. a. to difenrangle, to extricate, to lay open a piece of knavery.

DESENMUDECE'R, v. a. to cease to be dumb, to talk.

DESENOJA'R, v. a. to appeare or to abate anger.

DESENOJO, f. m. the mitigation or appealing of anger.

DESE'ñO, f. m. a defign.

DESENQUADERNA'R, v. a. to unbind papers or books.

DESENRAZONA'DO, adj. that has lost the use of reason, unreasonable, not asking according to reason.

DESENREDA'R, v. a. to difentangle, to extricate, to rid out of trouble.

Defenredarse, v. r. to disentangle one's felf.

DESENROLLA'R, v. a. to unfold what was rolled up.

DESENSABANA'R, v. a. to unsheet a bed.

DESENSAñA'R, v. a. to appeare, to disentage.

DESENSARTA'R; v. a. to unthread.

DESENSENA'R, v. a. to take out of the bosom.

DESENSEÑA'R, v. a. to make one forget what he had been taughtin order to teach him better. DESENSEVA'R, v. a. to take the tallow out; to divert one's felf for a few moments from the actual work by taking a pinch of fnuff, a rurn of the room, and fo forth.

DESENSILLA'R, v. a. to unfaddle.

DESENSOBERBECE'RSE, v. r. to humble one's felf, to lay aside pride.

DESENSORDECE'R, v. n. to cease to be deaf, to recover one's hearing.

DESENTABLA'R, v. a. to unboard; also to destroy, to put in confusion, to undo.

DESENTENDE'R, v. n. to feign one's felf ignorant,

DESENTERRA'R, v. a. to unbury, to dig out of the grave or earth.

Desenterrár los muértos, to unbury the dead; to talk ill of them.

DESENTERIA, f. f. vide DI-SENTERIA.

DESENTOLDA'R, v. a. to take down a canopy.

DESENTOMECE'R, v. n. vide DESENTUMECE'R.

DESENTONADAME'NTE, adv. out of tune.

DESENTONAMIE'NTO, f. m. being out of tune or rudely loud, DESENTONA'R, v. a. to be out of tune, to be rudely loud.

Defentonarse, v. r. to be out of tune; also to be imprudent.

DESENTO'NO, f. m. vide DE-SENTONAMIE'NTO.

DESENTORPECE'R, v. a. to unbenumb.

DESENTRAÑA'R, v. a. to embewel.

Desentrañar un negócio, to extricate an affair, to make it easy.

Desentranarse por otro, to bestow all one has on another.

DESENTUME CE'R, v. 2. to unbenumb.

DESENVAINA'R, v. a. to draw out of the sheath, or scabbard.

DESENVIOLA'R, v. a. to expiate, DESENVOLTU'RA, f. f. dexterity, clevernefs, skill, readinefs, in doing, ability, great practice, great facility, readinefs of contrivance, skilfulnefs. It is fometimes taken in a bad fenfe, speaking of women that make too free with men; slip from chaftity.

DESENVOLVEDO'R, f. m. who enquires or fearches into any thing.

DESENVOLVE'R, y. a. to un-

DESENVUELTAME'NTE, adv. impudently, boldly, audaciously. DESENXALMA'R, v. a. to unharaes, to take the pannel off a

DESE'O, f. m. defire, wish, eagerness to obtain or enjoy.

A medida del desse , according to wish or desire

DESEO'SO, adj, defirous,

beaft.

DESEQUEDO, adj. dry.
DESERCIO'N, f. f. defertion.
DESERRA'DO, adj. erroneous,
out of the way.

DESERTA'R, v. n. to desert.

DESERTO'R, f. m. a deserter.

DESESCURECE'R, v. a. to illustrate, to make plain.

DESESPERACIO'N, f. f. defpair; alfo wrath, anger, fury. DESESPERADAME'NTE, adv. desperately, furiously, madly. DESESPERAMIL'NTO, f. m. despair.

DESESPERA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide DESESPARACIO'N.

DESESPERA'R, v. n. to despair. Desesperate, v. r. to kill one's self; also to be furious, mad with anger. DESESTERA'R, v. a. to unmat, to take off the mats.

DESESTE'RO, f. m. the taking off mats.

DESESTIMA, f. f. difefteem. DESESTIMACIO'N, f. f. difefteem, flight regard.

DESESTIMADO'R, f. m. f. ene who disesteems.

DESESTIMA'R, v. 2. to undervalue, to despite.

DESFACEDO'R, f. m. obf. vide DESHACEDO'R.

DESFACE'R, v. a. obs. vide DES-HACER.

DESFALCACION, f. f. defalcation.

DESFAICA'R, v. a. to defalk, to take away fome part of the principal.

DESFALLECE'R; v. n. to faint, to fwoon, to waste away, to lose courage.

DESFALLECIL'NTE, p. act. of desfallecer.

DESFALLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. fainting, fwoohing, washing away, discouragement.

DESFALLESCE'R, v. n. vide DESFALLECE'R.

DESFAMAMIE'NTO, f. m. defamation.

DESFAMA'R, v. a. to defame. DESFAVO'R, f. m. disfavour.

DESFAVORECEDO'R, f. m. one who disfavours.

DESFAVORECE'R, v. a. to difsountenance, not to favour, DESFAXA'R, v. a. to ungird.
DESFAZA'DO, adj. obf. shamelefs, impudent, immodeft.

DESFEA'R, v. a. to disfigure, to deform, to mangle.

DESFE'RRA, f. f. obf. difcord, conteft, opposition of will and opinions.

DESFIGURA'R, v. a. to disfigure, to deform.

Desfigurárse, v. r. to grow more homely, to lose one's good shape, features, or complexion.

DESFILACHA'R, v. a. to make lint out of linen.

DESFILADE'RO, f. m. a narrow passage, a defile.

DESFILA'R, v. a. to march in order, to defile.

DESFINZA'R, v. a. obs. to deprive of hope.

DESFLAQUECE'R, v. a. to lose firength or courage.

DESFLAQUECIMIE'NTO, f. m. lofs of ftrength or courage.

DESFLEMA'R, v. in. to expedorate, to bring away or purge off phlegm.

DESFLOCA'R, v. a. to ravel out the ends of any thing like fringes. DESFLORAMIE'NTO, f. m. a deflouring.

DESFLORA'R, v. a. to deflour. DESFLORECE'R, v. a. to lose the flower.

DLSFOGA'R, v. a. to take away the heat, or fire. to cool.

DESFUGONA'R, v. a. to fpoil the touch-hole of a piece or artillery, or of any fire-arm.

DESFOGUE, f. m. vent, the act of giving vent to fire or to any oppressing passion.

DESFORMA'R, v. a. to deform, to disfigure.

DESFORME, adj. vide DIS-FORME.

DESFRENA'R, v. a. vide DE-SENFRENA'R.

DESFORTALECE'R, v. a. to ruin, or destroy any fortress.

DESFRUTA'R, v. a. to gather all the fruit; to take away the beauty of a thing.

DESFUCIA, f. f. mistruft.

DESFUNDA'R, v. a. to beat out
the head of a vessel,

DESGAPRE, f. m. inelegance, unpoliteness in dress or speech.

DESGAJADU'RA, f. f. a tearing or rending.

DESGAJA'R, v. a. to tear off, to rend, to force a funder.

Desgajárse de la amistad de ôtro, to break off friendship.

DESGA'JO, f. m. a tearing or rending.

DESGALANA'R, v. a. to ftrip of its finery, to wnrig.

DESGALGADE'RO, f. m. an uncouth place where dogs cannot run. DESGALGA'R, v. a. to precipitate, to throw headlong.

D. fgalgårfe, v. r. to run over uncouth places, where dogs cannot follow.

DESGA'NA, f. f. the nauseousness of food; also dislike.

DESGANA'RSE, v. r. to lose one's stomach or appetite.

DESGANCHA'R, v. a. to pull the boughs from the trees.

DESGARIFA'R, v. a. to haloo, or cry out till a man tears his throat, of grows hoarse.

DESGARGAMILLA'DO, adj. weak, feeble, puny, without any grace or nearnefs.

DESGARGANTA'RSE Jv.r. to vociferate, to cry as loud as one can. DESGARGOLADU'RA, f. f. beating the bark out of hemp or flax. DESGARGOLA'R, v. a. to beat the bark out of hemp or flax.

DESGARITA'RSE, v. r. to go the ship out of its direction, to fall off from the due run, nor to follow the first scheme or intention.

DESGARRA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear; to boaft.

Defigarrárse, v. a. to escape, seaving a piece of one's coat behind, to break loose; also to grow impudent.

DESGA'RRO, f. m. a rent; also a bravado or beasting; also impudence.

DESGARRO'N, f. m. a boafting fellow.

DESGASNATA'RSE, v. t. to tear one's throat with roaring of making a noife.

DESGASTADO'R, f. m. one who fpends much, a spendshrift,

DESGASTA'R, v. a. to lessen any thing by degrees.

DES

DESGA'TAR, v. a. to pursue or kill cats.

DESGLOSSA'R, v. a. to take away, or blot out remarks or gloffes.

DESGOBERNA'R, v. a. to unsetle the government, to disturb the order of it, to govern ill; to diflocate, to put out of joint; to cure horses and mules by cutting some vein in order to stop the run of fome diseased humour; to neglect the fleerage when at fea.

DESGOBIE'RNO, f. m disorder, confußion.

DESGORRA'RSE, v. r. to pull off the hat or cap.

DESGOSNA'R, v. a. vide DES-GOZNA'R.

DESGOTA'R, v. a. to dry up any thing to the last drop.

DESGOZNA'R, v. a. to unhinge. DESGRA'CIA, f. f. a misfortune; alfo lifgrace.

Correr con disgracla, to be unlucky, unhappy.

Que disgracia! what a misfortune. DESGRACIADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately; also ungenteelly.

DESGRACIA'DO, adj. unfortunate; also mishapen; that sings without air or grace; not well in health.

DESGRACIA'R, v. a. to offend, to difgust, to displease, to give discontent, to make angry.

Desgraciarse, v. r. to disagree; to be not well in health.

DESGRADUA'R, v. a. to degrade, to take away one's degrees. DESGRAMAR, v. a. to pluck up the grass.

DESGRANAMIE'NTO, f. m. taking away the grain, or ker-

DESGRANA'R, v. a. to take away the grain or kernel, to diminish the beauty or value of a thing. DESGREñADO'R, f. m. one that

pulls off the hair, or that dishevels the hair.

DESGREñADU'RA, f. f. a pulling of or dishevelling the hair. DESGRERA'R, v. a, to pull off or dishevel the hair.

DESGUARNECE'R, v. 2. to un-

garnish, to unfurnish, to pull off a lace or other ornament.

Desguarnecer la espada, v. a. to take the fword from the hilt.

DESGUINDA'R v. a. to take dow what is hanging.

DESGUSTO, f. m. vide DIS-GU'STO.

DESHABITA'DO, adj. not inhahabited, deserted, forsaken.

DESHABITA'R, v. a. to quit the house or habitation.

DESHABITUA'R, v, a. to lose a custom or habit.

DESHACE'R, v. a. to undo, to destroy: also to annihilate.

Deshacer agravios, to revenge inju-

Deshagerse, v. r. to afflict one's

D shacerfe de una cofa , to part with one thing.

DESHAMBRI'DO, adj. neceffitous, indigent, poor, needy.

DESHANDRAJA'R, v. a. vide DESANDRAJA'R.

DESHARRAPADI'LLO adj. poor, all in rags.

DESHARRAPA'DO . adj. shabby, ragged, hanging in rags.

DESHAZENDA DO, adv. idle, without business; that has no estate or goods.

DESHEBILIA'R, v. a, to unbuc-

DESHEBRA'R, v. a. to draw out the threads.

DESHE'CHA, f. f. diffembling, diffimulation; also a pass in a road; also a civil farewel.

DESHE'CHAR, v. a. vide DESE-CHA R.

DESHECHIZADO'R, f. m. one that unbewitches.

DESHECHIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. an unbewitching,

DESHECHIZA'R, v. a. to unbewitch.

DESHECHO, p. p. of deshacer, undone.

DESHELA'R, v. n. to liquefy. DESHEREDAMIE'NTO, f, m. a. d.finheriting.

DESHEREDACION, f. f. 2 difinheriting.

DESHEREDA'R, v. a. to disinherit.

DESHERMANA'R, v. a. to break brotherly friendship, to unpair.

DESHERRADU'RA, f. f. a fore or disease in the hoof of a horfe or mule, caused by travelling unshod.

DESHERRA'R, v. a. to unshoe a horse.

DESHERRUMBRA'R, v. a. to take off the ruft.

DESHILACHA'R, v. a. to make lint out of linen.

DESHILA'DA, f. f. going out of rank or out of order.

A la dishalada, adv. out of rank, out of order.

DESHILADI'Z, f. m. the filk that is made by spinning the filk pods after they bave been broken by the coming out of the worm.

DESHILADU'RA, f. f. untwifting, unspinning; also drawing out of threads.

DESHILA'R, v. a. to untwift, to unspin; to draw out thre-

DESHINCA'R, v. a. to pull out from the place where a thing was thrust in.

DESHINCHADU'RA, f. f. unfwelling.

DESHINCHA'R , v. 2. to unfwell, to assuage the fwelling. DESHINCHAZO'N , f. m. un-

fwelling. DESHOGA'R, v. a. vide DE-

SAHOGA'R.

DESHOJADO'R, f. m. one that tears away the leaves.

DESHOJADU'RA, f. f. tearing off the leaves.

DESHOJA'R, v. a. to pull off the leaves.

DESHOLLEJA'R, v. a. to pare, to take off the skin or rind.

DESHOLLINADO'R, f. m. one that cleans away the foot.

DESHOLLINA'R, v. a. to clean away foot.

DESHOMBRECE' RSE, v. r. 10 shrug up the shoulders.

DESHONESTAME'NTE, adv. immodestly . indecently.

DESHONESTA'R, v. a. to difgrace.

DESHONESTICO

DESHONESTIGO, adj. diminutive of deshoneflo.

DESHONESTIDA'D, f. f. dishonefty, immodefty.

DESHONE'STO, adj. immodest, indecent.

DESHONO'R, f. m. dishonour. DESHO'NRA, f. f. dishonour, difgrace.

Deshinrabuenos, f. m. a scandalous person that talks ill of others.

DESHONRADO'R, f. m. one that difgraces or dishonours another.

DESHONRA'R, v. a. to difgrace, to dishonour.

DESHO'RA, f. f. out of feafon.

A deshora, adv. on a fudden,
unfeafonably.

DESHORA'DO, adj. unstasonable, unhappy.

DESHORNA'R, v. s. to draw out of the oven.

DESHOSPEDA'DO, adj. inhofpitable.

DESHUZIA, f. f. despair, giving over a fick man. Obf.

DESJARRETADO'R, f. m. one that houghs or hamftrings.

DESJARRETADU'RA, f. f. houghing, or hamfringing.

DESJARRETA'R, v. a. to hough, to hamfring.

DE'SIDE, adj. obf. flothful.

DESIDERA'BLE, adj. desirable.
Vide DESEABLE.

DESIDIA, f. f. floth, negligence, idleness.

DESIDIO'SO, adj. flothful, negligent, idle.

DESIE'RTO, adj. forfaken, abandoned', left.

Deficito, f. m. defert, wilderness. Predicar en deficito, v. a. to preach in a desert; to talk to those that will not give ear, to talk in vain.

Cofa defierta, a thing that belongs to no body.

Apelación dáda por defiérta, an appeal that will not be allowed. DESIGNACIO'N, f. f. defigna-

tion, appointment.

DESIGNA'R, v. a. to design, to appoint, to allot.

DESI'GNIO, f. m. design, intention.

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DESIGUA'L, adj. unequal; also fickle, inconstant.

DESIGUALA'R, v. a. to make uneven.

Desigualarse, v. r. to excel another, to be unequal.

DESIGUALDA'D, f. f. inequalit '. DESIGUALME'NTE, adv. unequally.

DESIMAGINA'R, v. a. to blot out of the imagination.

DESINCLINA'R, v. a. to take away, or withdraw the inclination.

DESINDICIA'R, v. a. to blot out the fuspicion of any thing. DESINFICIONA'R, v. a. to take away the infection.

DESINFLAMA'R, v. a. to take away the inflamation.

DESINTERE'S, f. m. disinterest, indifference to profit.

DESINTERESSA'BLE, adj. that can have no interest in a thing; that does not feek interest.

DESINTERESSADAME'NTE, adv. without defign of interest. DESINTERESSA'R, v. a. to remove all interest.

DESISTE'NCIA, f. f. defif-DESISTIMIE'NTO, f. m. dug, leaving off, clearing,

DESISTI'R, v. a. to desift, to leave off, to cease.

DESLABONA'R, v. a. to unlink a chain.

DESLADRILLA'R, v. a. to take away the bricks.

DESLAIDA'R, v. a. obf. to deform.

DESLANGUIDO, adj. weak, flender, exhausted.

DESLASTRA'R, v. a. to take away the ballast of a ship.

DESLATA'R, v. a. to take away the rafters of joints.

DESLATE, f. m. throwing or casting any thing.

DESLAVA'DO, adj. saucy, frontless, impudent.

Cára deflaváda, a puny, pale, fickly countenance.

DESLAVADURA, f. f. im-DESLAVAMIE'NTO, f m. pudence.

DESLAVA'R, v. a. to speil any thing by wetting it.

DESLAVONA'R, v. a. vide DE-SENLAVONA'R.

DESLAYDA'R, v. n. obf. vide DESLAIDA'R.

DESLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of untying or unbinding.

DESLAZA'R, v. a. to untie a

DESLAZO, f. m. the act of un-

DESLEA'L, adj. disloyal, falfe, unfaithful.

DESLEALME'NTE, adv. disloyally, unfaithfully.

DESLEALTA'D, f. f. disloyalty, falshood, unfaithfulness.

DESLECHUGADO'R, f. m. a pruner.

DESLECHUGA'R, v. a. to prune.

DESLEIDURA, f. f. dissolving, digesting.

DESLEIR, v. 2. to dissolve, to digest.

DESLENDRA'R, v. a. to clear from nits.

DESLENGUADO, adj. that has lost the tongue; that has an ill tongue.

DESLENGUAMIE'NTO, f. m. lewdness of the tongue.

DESLENGUA'RSE, v. r. to advance what is neither true, nor just; to flander, to censure falfely.

DESLIA'R, v. a. to unbind, to untie.

DESLIGA'R, v. a. to unbind.

DESLINDADO'R, f. m. one that marks out the bounds.

DESLINDADU'RA, f. f. marking out bounds.

DESLINDA'R, v. a. to mark out the bounds; also to clear any business.

DESLI'Z, f. m. a flip or fliding; as, un deflit de léngua, a flip of the tongue.

DESLIZADE'RO, f. m. a flippery place.

DESLIZADI'ZO, adj. flipperg. DESLIZADU'RA, f. f. flip-

DESLIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. ping. DESLIZA'R, v. n. to flip, to flide.

DESLIZO, f. m. vide DESLIZ.
DESLOADO'R, f. m. a dispraiser

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DESLOA'R, v. a. to dispraise, to discommend.

DESLOCACION, f. f. diflocation, the state of being out of joint.

DESLOCA'RSE, v. a. to diflocare itself, to get out of joint.

DESLOMADU'RA, f. f. breaking the back.

DESLOMA'R, v. a. to break the

DESLUCIDAME'NTE, adv. inelegantly.

DESLUCIMIE'NTO, f. m. difgrace, or obscurity.

DESLUCI'R, v. a. to obscure, vio darken, to take away the brightness.

DESLUMBRA'DO, adj. shadowed, darkened, dazzled; that does things diforderly, or hand over head.

DESLUMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. the blindness and confusion, passion, puts a man into; also the dazzling of the fun.

DESLUMBRA'R, v. a. to dazzle, to darken, to shadow.

DESLUSTRADAME'NTE. adv. dully, without beauty or luftre.

DESLUSTRADO'R, f. m. one that has loft his beauty or luftre.

DESLUSTRA'R, v. a. to take away the beauty or luftre.

DESLU'STRE, f. m. the privation of the splendor or lustre.

DESLUSTROSO, adj. unbecoming, difgraceful, ignominious, dishonourable.

DESMADEXA'DO, adj. all ravelled; diforderly; alfo lazy, flovenly, not genteel.

DESMADEXAMIE'NTO, f. m. a lowness or spirits.

DESMADEXA'R , v. a. to ravel a skein.

(adj. loofe, 'DESMAJA' DO DESMAJOLA'DO, ? untied. DESMALLADO'R, f. m. in cant

a poignard or dagger.

DESMALLA'R, v. a. to unmall, to cut the armour a man wears DESMA'N, f. m. a misfortune; alfo misbehaviour.

. DESMANA'R, v. a. to go affray. DESMANCEBA'R, v. a. to hisder or obstruct the living of one with a mistress.

DESMANDA'DO, adj. diforderly, ungovernable, unruly.

DESMANDA'R, v. 2. to revoke, repeal, or recall any order or command.

Desmandarse, v. r. to be disordered, to go astray.

DESMANEA'RSE, v. r. to shake off the fetters.

DESMANGOREAR, v. a. to unhaft.

DESMA'nA, f. f. faziness, slothfulness.

DESMANA'DO, adj. flothful, lazy, inexpert.

DESMANOTA'DO, adj. unhandy , aukwardly.

DESMANTELA'R, v. a. to difmantle to throw down walls or works; to abandon.

DESMARAñA'R, v. a. to untavel, to disentagle.

DESMARRI'DO, adj. weak, fal. len away, decayed; weak in understanding.

DESMARROJA'R, v. a. to prune DESMAYADAME'NTE , adv. faintly.

DESMAYADIZO, adj. subject to faint or swoon,

DESMAYA'DO, adj. faint-hear-

DESMAYA'R, v. n. to faint, to Iwoon, to lose courage, to difmay.

Desmayarse, v. r. to lose one's senfes, to faint, to swoon away. DESMA'YO, f. m. fwoon, fain-

ting, discouragement. DESMAZADA*DO adi. flatternly, flovenly, loofe, and out of order; unbundled, loofe, disordered as parcels broken up and not bound together.

DESMAZALA'DO, adj. fickly, not in good order with regard to health, in a vexatious middle state between sickness and health; weak, feeble, without vigour, without briskness.

DESMEDIDAME'NTE, adv. difproportionably..

DESMEDIDO, adj. unmeasured; unmanerly.

DESMEDRA'R, v. n. to go backward, to decay instead of thriving,

DESME'DRO, f. m. going backward, decaying instead of thri-

DESMEJORA'R, v. a. to make

DESMELANCOLIZA'R, v. 2. to lay afide melancholy; to be chearful, to rejoice.

DESMELENA'R, v. a. to take off the hair; to dishevel.

DESMEMBRACIO'N, f. f. difmembring.

DESMEMBRADO'R , f. m. 2 desmemberer.

DESMEMBRADU'RA, s.f. a dis-DESMEMBRAMIE'NTO > mem-) tering

DESMEMBRA'R . , v. a. to difmember, to divide member from member.

DESMEMORIA'DO, 2dj. forget-

DESMEMORIA'RSE, v. r. to be forgetful.

DESMENGUA'R, v. a. to dimi-

DESMENTIDA, f. f. the action of making another man a liar.

DESMENTIDO'R, f. m. one that gives the lye, or one that makes things uneven.

DESMENTI'R, v. a. to give the lye; also to make or place things unequally; also to counterfeit or fallify.

Desinentir el camino, to go out of' the road in order to deceive a purfuer:

Desmentir las espiás, to impose upon fpies, making them believe another thing is meant than what is really in agitation.

DESMENUZA'BLE, adj. that may be made into small bits.

DESMENUZADO'R, f. m. one that crumbles, or breaks intosmall bits.

DESMENUZADU'RA, 3 crumſ.f. bling.

D_ESMANUZAMIE'Norhrea-TO f. m. Jkinginto small bits.

DESMENUZA'R, v. a. to crumble, to break into small bie; also to examine with great attention.

DESME OLLADURA, f.f. raking DESME OLLAMIE'NTO, out the

kernel, or brain.

DESMEOLLA'R, v. a. to take out the kernel, the brain, or the marrow.

DESMERECE'R, v. a. to undeferve.

DESMERECIMIE'NTO, f. m. undeferving.

DESMEROJO'N, f. m. a sparrowhawk.

DESMESURA, f. f. want of manners.

DESMESURADAME'NTE, adv. unmannerly.

DESMESURA'DO, adj. unmannerly.

DESMESURA'RSE, v. r. to be rude or unmannerly.

DESMICADO'R, f. m. in cant, one that looks on.

DESMI'CAR, v. a. in cant, to look upon.

DESMIGAJADO'R, f. m. one that pulls any thing into bits or crumbles.

DESMIGAIADURA, f. f. pulling or breaking into bits, crumbling.

DESMIGAJA'R, v. 2. to pull or break in bits, to crumble.

DESMINUI'R, v. n. vide DIS-MINUI'R.

DESMIRA'DO, adj. unmannerly. DESMIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. unmaunerlinefs.

DESMIRLA'DO, adj. that has no ears.

DESMIRRIA'DO, adj. weak, feeble, exhausted, consumed, infirm.

DESMO'CHA, f. f. the act of lopping, maining, or pruning; also diminution, great alteration.

DESMOCHADURA, f. f. cutting off the horns, maiming, lopping, cropping, cutting bare, pruning.

DESMOCHA'R, v. a. to cut off the horns, to maim, to lop, to crop, to cut bare, to prune trees. DESMO'CHO, f. m. the lopping

or pruning of trees.

DESMOLA'DO, adj. that has no grinders.

DESMOLA'R, v. a. to pull out the grinders, to deprive of the teeth.

DESMOLEDURA, f. f. digeftion, concoction of the food in the flomach,

DESMOLE'R, v. a. to digeft.

DESMONTADURA, f. f. difmounting; also unwooding and grubbing up.

DESMONTA'R, v. a. to difmount; also to unwood, to grub up trees.

DESMO'NTE, f. m. unwooding, grubing up.

DESMO'NTES, fo they call the poor filver ore which cannot be fined by fire, but by quickfilver.

DESMORONADURA, f. f. f. mouldring away.

DESMORONA'R, v. a. to moulder away.

DESMOTADE'RA, f. f. a woman that cleans the cloth by taking away that part of the nap that is bad.

DESMOTADO'R, f. m. in cant, a thief, a robber.

DESMOTA'R, v. a. to pull off the tufts, or knots, to burl. In cant, to fleal.

DESMUE'LO, f.m. loss of teeth. DESMUGERA'R, v. a. to deprive one of his wife.

DESNARIGA'R, v. a. to cut off the noie.

DESNATA'R, v. a. to skim off the cream, to take off the best of a thing.

DESNATURALIZA'R, v. a. to unnaturalize, to take away a man's privilege as native of a country.

DESNECESSA'RIO, adj. unneceffary, superfluous.

DESNEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. recanting that which was denied.

DESNEGAR, v. a. to recant what one denied.

DESNEGRA'R, v. a. to unblack, to take off the black.

DESNERVA'R, v. a. to cut off the finews.

DESNIVE'L, f. m. the oblique inclination or tendency of any thing.

DESNOVIA'R, v. a. to feparate new married people.

DESNUCA'R, v. a. to cut off the nape of the neck.

DESNUDADO'R, f. m. he who firips another or himself naked-DESNUDAME'NTE, adv. nakedly, clearly.

DESNUD, i'R, v. a. to uncloath, to strip naked.

Defnudirfe, v. r. to ftrip, to und dress one's felf.

DESNUDL'Z, f. f. nakedness.

DESNU'DO, adj. naked. DESOBEDECE'R, v. a. to di-

fobey.

DESOBEDIE'NCIA, f. f. difo-

bedience. / DESOBEDIE'NTE, adj. difobe-

dient.

DESOBEDIE'NTEME'NTE adv. difobediently.

DESOBLIGA'R, v. a. to difoblige, to offend, to difgust, to give offence to.

DESOCASIONA'DO, adj. unfeasonable, not opportunely.

DESOCUPACIO'N, f. f. leisure idlenes, want of employment, DESOCUPADAME'NTE, adv. at leisure, idly.

DESOCUPA'DO, adj. at leisure, idle, without business.

DESOCUPA'R, v. a. to void place, to quit it, to ease of business.

DESOJA'RSE, v. r. to wear out one's eyes.

DESOI'R, v. a. to endeavour not to hear.

DESOLACION, f. f. defolation, deftruction, ruin.

DESOLADO'R, f. m. a deftroyer.

DESOLA'R, v. a. to ruin, to destroy, to make desolate.

DESOLLADAME'NTE, adv.peevishly; also infolently, boldly. DESOLLA'DO, adj. impudent.

DESOLLADO'R, f. m. one who skins or flays; also an exacter or extortioner.

DESOLLADU'RA, f. f. a flay ing or skinning.

DESOLLA'R, v. a. to flay, to take off the skin; to exact, to practice extortion.

Gg2

Defollar la zorra o el lobo, ego to bed when one is drunk; they fay also defollarla.

Defuella caras, an impudent fellow.

DESOLLINA'R, v. a. vide DE-SHOLLINA'R.

DESOPILACIO'N, f. f. clearing of floppage; curing the green fickness.

DESOPILA'R, v. a. to remove obstructions, to cure the green sickness.

DESOPINA'R, v. a. to difcrecit, to defame, to detract from, to traduce a man's reputation.

DESOPRIMIR, v. a. to free from oppression.

DESO'RDEN, f. m. diforder, confusion.

DESORDENACIO'N, f. f. di-

DESURDENADAME'NTE, adv.

disorderly.

DESORDENA'R, v. 2. to disorder confound.

Defordenárse, v. r. to be disordered, to be consounded.

DESOREJA'R, v. a. to cut off the

DESOSADAME'NTE, adv. fear-

DESOSA'DO, adj. timorous, fearful.

DESOSPEDAMIE'NTO, f. m. want of guests.

DESOSPEDA'R, v. a. to remove guests.

DESOSS'AR, v. a. to bone, to take off the bones.

DESOVA'DA, adj. fem. that has laid all her eggs.

DESOVA'R, v. a. to spawn, as fish do.

DESO'VE, f. m, the time in which fishes cast their spawn.

DESOVILLA'R, v. a. to wind off hottoms.

DESPABILADE'RAS , f. f. pl.

DESPABILADG'R, £ m. one who fouffs the candles.

DESPABILADURA, f. f. fmuffing of candles.

DESPABILAR, v. a. to fruif, to erop the candles; also to waste, to spend, to consume shortly.

D. spabilar et ingenio, to sharpen the wit or judgment.

Despabilár los ojos, to be very careful.

DESPACHA'DA, f. f. an office in the Spanish exchequer fo called.

DESPACHADAME'NTE, adv. nimbly, haftily, expeditiously.

DESPACHADO'R, f. m. one who desparches or is expeditious.

DESPACHA'R, v. 2. to despatch, to rid; to kill; to send; to sell.

Despachar un correo, to send an ex-

press.

Description of the process o

Despachár mercaderias, to sell goods. DESPA'CHO, s. m. expedition, dispatch.

DESPACHURRA'R, v. a. to fqueeze things in one against another by being st rait.

DESPACHU'RRO, f. m. an awkward motion of the body.

DESPA'CIO, adv. leifurely, fofely. DESPAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. displeafure.

DESPAGA'R. v. a. to displease.

DESPAJADO'R, f. m. he that cleans from the firaw, winnows or thrashes.

DESPAIADU'RA, f. f. thrashing, winnowing, clearing from firaws.

DESPAJA'R, v. a. to thrash, to winnow, to clear from ftraw.

DESPALADINA'R, v. a. obf. to make a thing known to all, to expose to open view.

DESPAIDAS, adv. on the back.

DESPAIDA'RSE, v. r. to

DESPAIDILLA'RSE, disjoint the shoulderbone.

DESPALMADO'R., f. m. the place where ships are careened.

DESPALMADU'RA, f. f. washing and tallowing a ship.

DESPALMA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, thieves, robbers.

DESPALMA'R, v. a. to wash and tallow a ship; also to pare horfes hoofs. In cant, to take away by force.

DESPAMPANADO'R, f. m. a pruner of vines.

DESPAMPANADU'RA, f. m. pruning of vines.

DESPAMPANA'R, v, a, to prune vines.

DESPAMPLONA'R, v. a, to trim or prune a vine when the shoots are too close.

DESPANA'DO, adj. that has not bread to eat.

DESPANA'R, v. a. to carry home the wheat and other corn from the field after harvest.

DESPANCIJA'R, v. a. to be DESPANZURRA'R, burften. DESPARA'R, v. a. vide DISPARA'R.

DESPARATE, f. m. vide DIS-PA'RATE.

DESPARECL'RSE, v.r. to be un-

DESPARCI'R, v. a. to fcatter, to disperse.

DESPARECE'R, v. 2. vide DE-SAPARECE'R.

DESPAREJA'R, v. a. to make things that where alike unequal' or unlike.

DESPARPAJA'R, v. a. to put out of joint or place, to bruife, to featter; also to prattle, to chatter.

DESPARRAMADURA, S. f. z. fcattering.

DESPARRAMA'R, v. a. to scat-

DESPARRANCA'DO, adj. straddling wide.

DESPARTIDOR, f. m. a parter of frays.

DESPARTIR, v. a. to part.

DESPARVAR, v. a. to lay open the sheaves of corn to thresh them.

DESPASSIONA'RSE, v. r. to get rid of a passion.

DESPATARA'DA, f. f. an unfeemly jump or flep made in a quick dance by opening the legstoo much.

DESPATARRA'R, v. a. to come close to one with such a reasoning as to make any good replyimpossible.

Desparará-se, v. r. to fall down by slipping.

DESPAVESADURA, f. f. fnuffing the candles.

DESPAVESA'R, v. a. to fauff' the candles; also to blow off the light white ashes that lie one coals. DESPAVILADE'RAS, f. f. pl.

fnuffers for candles.

DESPEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide

DES

DESPAVILADO'R, f. m. a fouffer of candles,

DESPAVILADURA, f. f. fauffing of candles.

DESPAVILA'R , v. a. to fnuff candles; v. n. to vanish.

DESPAVORIRSE, v. r. to be frightened.

DESPEADURA, f. f. founde-

DESPEA'R, v. a. to founder with much going.

Despearse, v. r. to be foundered with much going.

DESPECHADO'R, f. m. one who vexes or inrages another.

DESPECHA'R, to despite, to wek to inrage.

Despecharse, v. r. to despair, to be without hope, to be furious.

DESPE'CHO, f. m. despite, rage, vexation.

DESPECHUGADURA, f. f. taking off the wings or the flesh from the breast of a fowl.

DESPECHUGA'R, v. a. to take off the wings or the flesh from the breast of a fowl.

Despechugarse, v. s. to discover the breast.

DESPEDAZADO'R, f. m. one that tears to pieces.

DESPEDAZADU'RA, f. f. tearing to pieces.

DESPEDAZA'R, v. a. to tear to pieces.

DESPEDI'DA, f. f. a farewel, taking leave, turning away.

DESPEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a farewel or raking leave.

DESPEDIR, v. 2. to dismis. to turn away, to deny.

Despedir al pobre, to refuse a poor body an alms.

Despedir at criddo, to turn off a fer-

Despedir de si mal olor, to send out an ill smell.

Despedirse, v. r. to take leave. DESPEDRA'R, v. a. to take away flones.

DESPEDREGA'R, v. a. to take away Rones

DESPEGADURA, f. f. unftic-. bing, fevering, disjoining,

DESPEGADURA.

DESPEGA'R, v. a. to unstick, to fever, to disjoin.

Despegárse, v. r. to be harsh or uncivil to another.

DESPE'GO, f. m. unfriendly, difcourteous behaviour, coyness, fcornfulness.

DESPEINAR, v. r. to spread the hair diforderly.

DESPEJADAME'NTE , quickly, expeditiously.

DESPEJA'DO, adj. hombre despejado, a forward, bold, or airy man. Lugár despejádo, a place that is cleared, or voided.

DESPEJA'R, v. a. to clear or void a place.

DESPE'JO, f. m. airines, gaiety, free open carriage.

DESPELOTA'R, v. a. to tangle the hair.

DESPELUZA'R, v. a. to have the hair stand an end as in a fright; also to pick hairs off a garment. DESPELUZNA'R, v. a. vide DESPELUZA'R.

DESPELUZO, f. m. the standing of the hair an end in a fright, DESPENA'R, v. a. to put out of

DESPENDEDO'R, f. m. a. spen-

DESPENDE'R, \forall . a. to fpend. DESPEADE'RO, f. m. a pre-

DESPERA'R, v. a. to cast down headlong.

Despeñarse, v. r. to cast one's self headlong.; to attempt fome defperate business.

DESPE'nO, f. m. falling from a high place; also ruin; also loofeness, fluxof the belly.

DESPE'NSA, f. f. expence; alfo a buttery.

DESPENSA'R, v. a. to forget or repent of one's thoughts, actions or words.

DESPENSE'RO, f. m. a burler, the purser of a ship.

DESPE'O, f. m. foundering. DESPETITADO, adj. rash, fiery, choleric, inconfiderate;

alfo that has the feeds taken out. DESPEPITALE, v. a. to tear the pipe or horny pellicle that grows on the tip of bird's tongues.

Despepitarse, v. r. to go rashly; or madly about a thing.

Despepitarse con therrae, to cry till ready to burft, as children will do in a fret.

DESPERACIO'N, f. f. vide DE_ SESPERACIO N.

DESPERA'R, v. n. vide DESES-PERA'R.

DESPERCUDIR, v. 2. to clean or wash any thing that is dirty **DESPERDICIADAME'NTE** adv. profusely, lavishly.

DESPERDICIADO'R, f. m. = spendihrift.

DESPERDICIADURA, f. f. lavishing.

DESPERDICIA'R , v. a. to la-

DESPERDICIO, f. m. lavishness.

DESPERDIGA'R, v. a. to difperie, to separate.

DESPERECE'R, v. n. obs. to perish, to come to nothing.

Desperecerse, v. r. to long, to pant, after and with great eagerness.

D sperecerse de risa, to laugh heartily and immoderately.

DESPEREZA'R, v. a. to shake oft floth, to yawn after sleeping.

DESPERE'ZO, f. m. shaking off

DESPERFILA'R , v. a. among painters, to touch or break the profile that it may not appear hard; to foften the profile.

DESPERNADA, f. f. the motion of the legs in a country dance.

DESPERNA'R, v. a. to cut off the legs, to break or difable

DESPERTADO'R, f. m. he that Wakes others; the alarm of a clock; to wake by.

DESPERTAMIE'NTO, f. m. an' awaking or rising from sleep DESPERTA'R, v. n. to awake.

DESPESA'R, f. m. displeasure. DESPESTAñA'R, v. a. to pull of

the eye-brows.

Despestanarse, v. r. to look stedfastly. DESPEZA'R, v. n. to end as in a point.

DESPE'ZO, f. m. diminution.

DESPEZONAR, v. a. to take off the nib to which the falk grows, or the nipple of the breaft.

DESPIADA'DO, adj. merciles,

DESPIADA'R, v. n. to grow merciles or pitiles.

DESPICA'R, v.a. to ease of trouble; to take revenge; to recover healt.

DESPIDA, f. f. fink, common

DESPIDIE'NTE, f. m. one that turns off or takes leave.

DESPIERTAME'NTE, adv. wifely, with fagacity.

DESPIE'RTO, adj. awake; also lively, brisk.

DESPILIARRA'DO, adj. that wears his cloaths all in rags.

DESPILFA'RRO, f. m. the flate of being all in rags or disorderly

DESPINCE, f. m. burling, picking off the knots of cloth with pincers.

DESPINSADE'RA, f. f. a woman that picks the knots or tufts off from cloth with pincers.

DESPINSA'R, v. a. to burl, to pick off the knots of cloth with pin cers.

DESPINTA'DO, f. m. disappointment of one's expectation.

DESPINTA'R, v. a. to blot our painting, to disappoint of one's expectation.

DESPINZA'R, y. a. to pluck up with the pincers or with the fin-

DESPIOJA'R, v. a. to pick lice, to louse.

DESPI'QUE, f. m. fatisfaction, or rèvenge taken.

DESPIZCA'R, v. a. to cut in pieces, to mince to crumble.

DESPLACE'R, v. a. to displea-

Desplacer, s. m. a displeasure.

DESPLACEBLE, adj. DESA-PLACIBLE.

DESPLA'NTE, f. m. the flate of being out of due posture in fen-

DESPLATA'R, v. a. to separate filver from other metals.

DESPLATE, f. m. a feparating of filver from other metals.

DESPLEGADAME'NTE . 2dv. openly, with propriety and knowledge.

DESPLEGADU'RA, f. f. unfolding, unplaiting, ungathering. DESPLEGA'R, v. a. to unfold,

to unplait, to ungather.

Desplegar las vélas, to spread the fails.

No desplegár la bóca, not to open one's mouth, to be hushed.

Bandéras desplegadas, colours flying . or displayed.

Desplegarse, v. r. to lay one's self open, to discover one's secrets.

DESPLE'GO, f. m. explication, explanation, manifestation.

DESPLOMA'DO, adj. withour lead; not perpendicular.

DESPLOMA'R, v. a. to unlead; to lean; not to fland upright,

DESPLO'MO, f. m. the defect in a wall of not being perpendicular, but threatening ruin.

DESPLUMADU'RA, f. f. the pulling of the feathers.

DESPLUMA'R, v. a. to pull feathers.

Desplumárse, v. r. to moult, a birds do.

DESPOBLACION, f. f. unpeopling.

DESPUBLADO, f. m. desert place.

DESPOBLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a dispeopling.

DESPOBLA'R, v. a. to unpeople to depopulate.

Despoblárse el lugár a ver el rey, to throng out of town to fee the king. DESPODERADAME'NTE, adv. without power.

DESPODERA'R, v. a. to put out of power.

DESPOJADO'R, f. m. who ftrips, or plunders.

DESPOJA'R, v. a. to strip, to fpoil, to rob, to plunder.

DESPOJO, f. m. spoil, plunder, booty.

DESPOLVORA'NTE, p. act. of despoivoréar.

DESPOLVOREA'R, v. a. to beat or shake off dust : to be quick at work.

DESPOLVORIZA'R, v. a. to beat or reduce to dust : or powder.

DESPORQUERONA'R, v. a. to take out of a filthy place any thing and clean it.

DESPORTA'R, v. a. to take away the door.

DESPORTILLA'R, v. a. to break open, to break down.

DES POSA'DA, f. f. a woman betrothed to a man, a bride, a fooufe.

DESPOSA'DO, f. m. a man betrothed to a woman, a bridegroom, a spouse.

DESPOSAIJAS , f. f. pl. vide DESPOSO'RIO.

DESPOSA'RSE, v. r. to be-

DESPOSO'RIO, f. m. betro-

DESPOSSEE'R, v. a. to dispos-

DESPOTICAME'NTE, adv. defporically, absolutely.

DESPO'TICO, adj. despotical. absolute, independent.

DESPOTI'SMO, f. m. despotism, absolute power, unlimited authority.

DE'SPOTO, f. m. a despot.

DESPOTRICA'R, v. n. to speak rashly, without any fear of the consequence.

DESPOXA'R, v. a. vide DES-POJA'R.

DESPRANA'R, v. a. obf. to explain, to expound, to illustrate, to clear.

DESPRECIA'BLE, adj. contemptible, mean, despicable.

DESPRECIADAME'NTE, adv. contemptibly, in a spiteful man-

DESPRECIADO'R, f. m. he that despises.

DESPRECIA'R, v. a. to despise, to contemn.

Despreciárse, v. r. to make one's self be despised.

DESPRL'CIO, f. m contempt.

DESPRENDE'R, v. a. to unfaften, to let loofe.

DESPRE'S, f. m. obf. vide DES-PRECIO.

DESPRL'SCES, f. m. pl. fummons, citations,

DESPREVENIDO, adj. unguarded, unprovided.

DESPRE'Z, f. m. obf. vide DES-PRE'CIO.

DESPRIVA'NZA, f. f. a lofs of favour or efteem, a privation of honour.

DESPRIVA'R, v. a. to lose fa-

DESPROPORCIO'N. f. f. disproportion,

DESPROPORTIONAD AME'N-TE, adv. disproportionably.

DESPROPORCIONAMIE'NTO
f. m. disproportion.

DESPROPORCIONA'R, v. a. to difproportion.

DESPROPOSITA'DO, adj. nothing to the purpose; substantively used, a senseless fellow.

DESPROPO'SITO, f. m. folly, extravagance, nothing to he purpofe.

DESPROVEE'R, v. a. to unfurnish, to unprovide.

DESPROVEIDAME'NTE, adv. unawares, unexpectedly.

DESPUE'BLO, f. m. vide DES-POBLACIO'N.

DESPUE'S, adv. afrerwards.

DESPULSA'R, v. a. to stupify, to benumb, to take away the pulse.

DESPUNTA'R, v. a. to take off the point; also to touch upon, to give hints.

Despuntár, to begin to appear.
Despuntár, to begin to bud out.
Despuntár de agudo, to shew wit.

Defpuntúr un cabo, to país a cape at sea.

DESQUADERNA'R, v. a. to unbind any thing joined together.

DESQUADRILLA'RSE, v. 2. to breack one's back, to weaken or enfeeble, to hipshor a beaft.

DESQUAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. uncurding, distolving.

DESQUAJA''R, v. a. to uncurd, to diffolye.

DESQUARTIZA'R, v. a. to quarter;

DESQUAXA'R, v. a. vide DES-QUAJA'R.

DES QUE, adv. since, from that

DESQUERE'R, v. a. to difefteem.

DESQUICIA'R, v. a. to unhinge, to force any thing from its proper place, to unjoint bones.

DESQUIE'RDO, adj. obf. lefthanded, left, opposite to right.

DESQUILADO'R, f. m. he who shears the fleece of sheep.

DESQUILA'R, v. a. to shear sheep, to fleece, to crop their

DESQUILATA'R, v. a. to lower the value of gold or any other thing.

DESQUILO, f. m. shearing.
DESQUITA'R, v. a. to recover
what was loft, to quit, to make

DESQUITE, f. m. recovery of what was loft; quitting, making

DESQUIXARA'R, v. a. to tear the jaws.

DESRABOTA'R, v. a. to cut off the tail.

DESRANCHA'R, v. n. to dislodge DESRAZONA'BLE, adj. unreafonable.

DESREDONDEA'R, v. a. to break the roundness of a thing. DESREGLADAME'NTE, adv. disorderly, unruly.

DESREGLAMIL'NTO, f. m. unrulinefs, disorderlinefs.

DESREGLA'R, v. a: to disorder, to break rule.

Defreglinfe, v. r. to exceed in eating, or drinking, &c. not to observe the rules prescribed by the physician.

DESREPUTACIO'N, f. f. difcredit, dishonour.

DESREVERE'NCIA, f. f. irreverence.

DESRISCA'RSE, v r. to fall down from a precipice.

DESRIZA'R, v. a. to uncurl.

DESRONCHA'R, v. a. to take off or lay wheals or risings in the flesh; to tear off boughs from trees.

DESROSTRA'R, v. a. to breack the face.

DESSABO'R, f. m. want of tafte or relish; irksomeness.

DESSABORA'DO, adj. obf, taf-

teless. unpalatable, insipid, un-

DES

DESSABRIDAME'NTE, adv. unfavourily, unpleafantly, difguffedly.

DESSABRIMIE'NTO, f. m. infipidity, want of relish; roughness, severity, aspecity; difgust, aversion, antipathy; sadness, grief, forrow.

DESSABRI'R, v. a. to make unfavoury, to digust, to put out of humour.

DESSAFFO, f. m. vide DESA-FIO.

DESSAINADURA, f. f. an humour belonging to a horse, which comes for want of exercise and too much feeding.

DESSAINA'R, v. a. to take away the greafe or fat.

DESSALA'R, v. a. to unfait, to nice fresh, to water fait meat. DESSANGRA'R, v. a. to take fo a great quantity of blood as almost to deprive of life.

DESSARRAIGA'R, v. a. vide DESARRAIGA'R.

DESSAZO'N, f. m. difguft, diftafte, vexation.

DESSAZONA'R, v. a. to take away the tafte, to render infipid; to exasperate, to vex.

DESSE, instead of de esse sor him.
DESSEABLE, adj. desirable.

DESSEABLEME'NTE, adv. defirably

DESSEADO'R, f. m. defirer, he who is eager after any thing, he that defires.

DESSEA'R, v. 2. to defire, to covet, to wish.

DESSEILA'R, v. a. to unfeal DESSEMEJA'BLE, adj. unlike, unequal, different.

DESSEMEJA'NTE, adj. unlike.

DESSEMEJA'NZA, f. f. unlikenefs.

DESSEMEJA'R, v. n. to be or make unlike.

DESSE'O, f. m. defire.

DESSEOSAME'NTE, adv. with ad an earnest defire.

DESSEO'SO, adj. desirous.

DESSERVI'CIO, f. m. disservice #

DESSERVIDO'R , f. m. ens

who does an ill turn or differ-

DESSERVER, v. a. to differve, to do an fil turn.

DE SSO, instead of de éssa, of that. BESSOTERRA'R, v. a. to dig out of the earth.

DESSOTRO, instead of de effe

DESSUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to take away the substance of any thing.

DESSUDA'R, v. a. to affuage the fweating, to dry it up.

DESSUE'LLA CA'RAS, f. m. a ruffian; one that flashes people's faces for hire; an impudent villainous fcoundrel.

DESSURCA'R, v. a. to turn into furrows in ploughing.

DESTACAMIL'NTO, f. m. a detachment; men drawn out of feveral companies or regiments to mount guard or to go upon fervice.

DESTACA'R, v. a. to fend out a detachment.

DESTAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. a changing or reverting the natural course, as of wather, &c. DESTAJA'R, v. a. to lay out,

or compute, or undertake work by the great; also cut at cards.

DESTAJE'RO, f. m. one that undertakes work in the lump.

DESTA'JO, f. m. as, tomár à deflájo, to take by the great.

DESTAPADO'R', f. m. he that uncovers or unftops.

DESTAPADURA, f. f. f.
DESTAPAMIE'NTO, uncof. m.
unftopping.

DESTAPA'R, v. a. to uncover, to unflop.

DESTAPIA'R, v. a. to pull down, or undo a mud wall.

DESTA'PO, f. m. the act of taking out the stopple, cover, or lid.

DESTAZA'R, v. a. to tear in pieces.

DE'STE, instead of de éste, of

DESTECHADO'R, f. m. he that sakes off the roof.

DESTECHADU'RA, f. f. taking of the roof.

DESTECHA'R, v. a. to take off the roof.

DESTEJADU'RA, f. f. untiling. DESTEJA'R, v. a. to untile.

DESTELIADU'RA, f. f. dropping, diffilling.

DESTELLA'R, v. a. to drop, to distil.

DESTL'LLO, f. m the dropping of any liquor; fparkling or flaming out.

DESTEMPLADAME'NTE, adv. intemperately; also out of tune in music.

DESTEMPLAMIE'NTO, f. m.
DESTEMPLA'NZA, perance.

DESTEMPLA'R', v. a to diftemper, to put out of tune.

Destemplisse, v. r. to put one's self out of order by drink or passion. DESTL'MPLE, s. m. untunableness.

DESTENTA'R, v a. to take away the temptation.

DESTERIR, v. a. to blot out, or extinguish te colour.

DESTERRADE'RO, f. m. the place appointed for banishment. DESTERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. banishment, exile.

DESTERRA'R, v. a. to banish.

DESTERRONA'R, v. a. to break
the clods by rolling o rotherwise.

DESTETA'R, v. a. to wean from fuck; to fund great children abroad to break ill habits.

DESTE'TE, f.m. the weaning DESTE'TO, of a child.

DESTEXA'R, v. a. vide DES-TEJA'R.

DESTEXE'R, v. a. to unweave.

DESTEXIMIE'NTO, unweave.

f. m.

DESTEXIDURA, f. f.

DESTHRONA'R, v. a. to dethrone.

DESTIE'MPO, f. m. unfit time, not fit to act.

A defliempo, adv. at an improper time or hour, not opportunely DESTIE'RRO, f. m. banishment DESTILACIO'N, f. f. a distilling DESTILADE'RA, f. f. limbeck fill.

DESTILADE'RO, f. m. any thing that drops.

DISTIIADO'R, f. m. a diffiller.
DESTIIAMIENTO, f.m. (diffilDESTILADU'RA, f. f. (lation,
DESTILA'R, v. a. to diffil.

DESTILATO'RIO, f. m. a place to diffil in, a fill-house.

DESTINACIO'N, f. f. purpose,

DESTINACIO'N, f. f. purpose, design, appointment.

DESTINA'R, v. a. to purpose, to determine, to appoint.

DESTINO, f. m. deftiny, fate. DESTINA'R, v. a. to recal the throw of a flone.

DESTITUCIO'N, f. f. forfaking, abandoning.

DESTITUIR, v. a. to make deftitute, void, or desolate; to abandon, forfake, relinquish.

DESTITUTO, adj. cestituse, forsaken, desolate.

DE'STO, of this.

DESTOCA'R, v. a. to undress the head.

DESTORCEDO'R, f. m. one that untwifts.

DESTORCEDURA, f. f. an untwiffing.

DESTORCE'R, v. a. to untwift.

DESTORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. an
untwifting.

DESTORPA'R, v. a. obf. to quarter, to tear a criminal into quarters.

DESTORVA'R, v. a. vide ES-TORVA'R.

DESTRABA'R', v. a. vide DES-TRAVA'R.

DESTRA'L, f. m. an axe; also

a halter.
DESTRALE'JA, f. f. a hatchet; a

fmall halter.

DESTRALE'RO, f. m. one that
makes or fells harchers: one

makes or fells hatchers; one that works with a hatchet.

DESTRAMA'R, v. a, to unravel.

DESTRANCA'R, v. a. to unbar.

DESTRAVAR, v. a. to unhitch, to unfasten, to unbind, to let loose; also to take off fetters.

DESTREBUCHADO'R, f. m. in cant, an interpreter.

DESTREBUCHA'R, v. a. in cant, to interpret.

DESTRENSAR

DESTRENZA'R, v. a. to unravel.

DESTRE'Z, f. f. dexteri-DESTRE'ZA, ty.

DISTRIPADURA, f. f. a gutting, paunching, or pulling out the guts.

DESTRIPAR, v. a. to gut, to paunch, to pull out the guts.

DESTRIPATERRO'NES, f. ma clodbeater, a country bumkib.
DESTRIZA'R, v. a. to cut in fmall pieces, to mince.

Definitarie, v. r. to pine away, because unable to have one's own will.

DESTROCADO'R, f.m. he that changes things again that were changed before.

DESTROCA'R, v. a. to change again what was changed before. DESTROIME'NTO, f. m. obf. destruction.

DESTRO'N, f. m. he that leads a blind man.

DESTRONC AMIL'NTO, f.m. a breaking or cutting off from the body, trunk, or flock.

DESTRONCA'R, v. a. to break off from the body trunk, or thock

DESTROZADO'R, of. m. a deftroyer, one that makes havock and puts to flight.

DESTROZA'R, v. a. to make havock, to put to flight, to break in pieces, to disperse, to scatter.

DESTROZO, f. m. havock, flaughter, fpoil, defeat, rout, a rending or tearing.

DESTRUCCIO'N, f. f. destruction.

DESTRUCTIVO, adj. destruc-

DESTRUE'CO, f. m. reci-DESTRUEQUE, procal reftitution of the things that two persons had trucked or exchanged.

DESTRUICIO'N, f. f. vide DES-TRUCCIO'N.

DESTRUIDO'R, f. m. a deftroyer.

DESTRUI'R, v. 2. to defiroy.

DESTURBA'R, v. 2. to per
Tom, I.

plex, trouble, torment, harass, or disturb,

DESU'BITO, adv. on a fudden.

DESUE'LLA-CARAS, f. m. a
ruffian, an affaffin, one that
wickedly cuts another's face.

DESUL'LLO, f. m. flaying or skinning.

DESUNCI'R, v. a. to unyoke. DESUNIDAME'NTE, adv. feparatey, disjointly.

DESUNIMIE'NTO, f. m. difu-DESUNIO'N, f. f. nion, DFSUNI'R, v. a, to difunite, feparate, divide.

DESUA'R, v. a. to pluck off the nails.

DESUSADAME'NTE, adv. unaccustomedly, unusually.

DESUSA'R, v. a. to disuse, to go out of the fashion.

DESUSO, f. m. difuse.

Defuso, adv. aforesaid, above mentioned, above.

DESVAI'DO, adj. languid, dull, without spirit or life.

DESVAINADURA, f. f. the unsheathing or drawing a fword out of the fcabbard.

DESVAINA'R, v. a. to unsheath or draw out any weapon.

DESVALE'R, v. a. to forfake, not to affift or support; also to be out of favour.

DESVALFA. f. f. obf. the forfaking, abandoning, relinquishing.

DESVALIDO, f. m. one out of favour.

DESVALIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting out of order or loofely; also robbing, and taking out of a portmanteau.

DESVALIJA'R, v. a. to put out of order or loofely; also robbing and taking out of a portmanteau.

DESVALIMIE'NTO, f. m. a forfaking or abandoning.

DESVALO'R, f. m. cowardife, want of valour.

DESVA'N, f. m. a garret.

DESVANA'R, v. a. to unwind or undo a bottom of thread with a reel, and throw it into a skain.

DESVANECE'R , v. 2. to puff

up with pride, to fill with va nity; also to faint.

Defvanecerse to caber, to be trombled with megrim in the heads DESVANECIDAME'NTE, adv. vainly, proudly, presumptuously.

DESVANECIDO, adj. vain proud, also in a megrim.

DESVANECIMIE'NTO, f. m. pride, vanity; also fainting.

DESVARAHUSTA'R, v. a. vide DESBARAHUSTA'R.

DESVARA'R, v. 2. to flip, to flide; to grow lewd.

DESVARATA'R , v. a. vide DESBARATA'R.

DESVARIADAME'NTE, adv. ravingly, fenfelcisty.

DESVARIA'R, v. n. to rave to talk idly.

DESVARI'O, f. m. dotage, fol-

DESVELADAME'NTE, adv. watchfully, vigilantly.

DESVELAMIL'NTO, f. m. over. watching.

DESVELA'R, v. a. to overwatch; also to obstruct or hinder another person's sleep.

DESVELLACA'RAS, f. m. a ruffian that hacks people's faces for hire.

DESVELLADURA, f. f. taking off the down.

DESVELLA'R, v. a. to take off down.

DESVE'LO, f. m. warchfulness, care, diligence.

DESVENA'R, v. a. to cut the veins.

DESVENCIJA'RSE, v. r. to burft,

DESVENDAR, v. a. to pull off the bandage, to unroll.

DESVENTA'JA, f. f. difadvan-

the wind out of any thing.

DESVENTURA, f. f. misfor-

DESVENTURADAME'NTE adv. unfortunately.

DESVENTURA'DO, adj. unfortunate; also covetous, wretched.

DESVERGONZADAME'NTE',

adv. shamelefsly . impudent- 1

DESVERGONZA'DO, adj. shameles, impudent.

DESVERGUNZA'RSE, v. r. to grow shameless, to be impudent,

DESVERGUENZA, f. f. impu-• dence, shamelessness.

DESVIAR, v. a. to fet, or stand aside, to put by.

DESVIO, f. m. coyness, shynels repulfe.

DESVIOS, f. m. pl. by-ways, wrong ways.

DESVIRA'R, v. a. to cut even

DESVIRGAMIE'NTO, f. m. deflowering.

DESVIRGA'R, v. a. to deflower, to take the maidenhaid.

DESVIVI'RSE, v. r. to die a. a metaphorical death for love or other paston; to pant eagerly after; to long for with great earnest.

DESVIZNA'R, v. a. vide DES-BIZNA'R.

DESVOLVE'R, v. a. to unfold or display what whas rolled or wrapt up; to turn up the earth with the plaugh, to work it.

DESXUGA'R , v. a. to fqueeze, to preis close.

. DESYEMA'R, v. a. to take away the yolks, to take the buds of the vine.

DESYUNCIR, v. a. to take the exen or mules from the yoke after ploughing.

DESZABULLI'RSE, v. r. to get cleverly away, to steal off dexteroufly.

DESZUCA'R, v. a. to hurt the feet, to cripple onc.

DESZUMA'R, v. a. to squeeze or press any thing close, so as to take the fubliance out of it.

DET

DETENCIO'N , f. f. delay , 'holding back, or detaining. DETENL'NCIA, f. f. vide DE-

TENCION.

DETENL'R, v. a. to keep back, co detain, to with-hold,

Detenérse, v. r. to retard, to delay, to put off.

DETENIDAME'NTE, adv. flowly, foft and fair, leisurely.

DETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. ftop-

ping, staying, keeping back. DETENTACIO'N, f. f. an imbezzling, or detaining what is not your own.

DETENTADO'R, f. m. who imbezzles or detains what is not his own.

DETENTA'R , vs 2. to imberzle, to turn aside.

DETERIO'R, adj. worfe.

DETERIORACION, f. f. the making a thing worfe, deterioration.

DETERIORA'R, v. a to corrupt, to make worfe.

DETERMINACIO'N, f. f. determination, resolution.

DETERMINADAML'NTE, adv. resolutely, peremptorily, bold-

DETERMINA'DO, f. m. a refolute man.

DETERMINAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide DETERMINACION.

DETERMINA'R, v. a. to determine, to resolve, to decide a cause.

Prov. Quien présto se determina, despacio se arrepiénte, he who resolves hastily, repents at leifure.

DETERMINATIVO, adj. that can be determined, or limited. DETESTA'BLE, adj. detestable, abominable.

DETESTACIO'N, f. f. deteftation, abhorrence, hatred.

DETESTA'R, v. a. to deteft, to abhor.

DETIE'NE-BUEY, f. m. the herb cammock or restharrow.

DE TO'DO PU'NTO, adv. quite, altogether.

DETRACCIO'N, f. f. detraction. DETRACTA'R, v. a. to detract, to backbite, to speak ill. off. DETRACTO'R, f. m. a backbiter, a flanderer, a detrafter.

DETRAHL'R, v. a. to detract, to flander, to backbite. Detrah'r, v. a. to draw back.

DETRA'S, adv. behind,

DE TRAVE'S , alv. athwatt. across.

DETRIME'NTO , f. m. detriment, damage, loss.

DETURPA'R, v. a. to make ugly, to dirty, or to deform any thing.

D E U /

DEU'DA, s. f. a debt. DEU'DO, f. m. f. a kinfman. DEUDO'R, f. m. a debtor.

DEV

DEVALA'R, 'v. n. to be turned out of one's course by the violence of the stream, to drive away by the force of the water.

DE VALDE, adv. for nothing. DEVA'N, adv. obf. before.

DEVANADE'RA . f. f. a reel to wind skeins of thread or filk on or off.

DEPMNADO'R, f. m. one who winds skeins of thread on or off

DEVANA'R, v. a. to wind thread, filk, &c. into bottoms; also to reel them.

DEVANDI'CHO, adj. obf. aforefaid.

DEVANEA'R, v. n. to rave, to be lightheaded, to talk idly.

DEVANE'O, f. m. raving, lightness of head, idle talk.

DEVA'NTE, adv. obf. before DEVANTA'L , '. m. an apron. DEVARA'R, v. a. vide DES-VARA'R.

DEVASTACION, f. f. destruction, devastation, laying waste. DEVEDA'R. v. a. obf. to for-

DEVENGADO, p. p. revenged; also earned.

DEVENGA'R', v. a. to revenge; also to earn, to be in the king's pay.

Devengar quinientos sueldos, to revenge five hundred pence: this is an expression to fignify a person's being a gentleman.

DEVE'R, v. n. to owe, to be

in debt; to be obliged in du-

DE VL'RAS , adv. in earneft , truly, indeed.

DEVIA'R, v. n. to go out of the way.

DEVIDAME'NTE, adv. duly. DEVI'DO, f. m. due.

DEVIL'DO, f. m. obf. forbidding; also a fine for an offen-

DEVIE'SO, f. m. obf. a morbid tumour fo called.

DEVISA, f. f. vide DIVISA; also the land of inheritance that descends from father to son.

DE VISA'R, v. a. vide DI VISA'R. DEVISE'RO, s. m. obs. an heir, a coheir.

DEVOCION, f. f. devotion.

DEVOCIONA'RIO, f. m. a place of devotion; a book of devotion. DEVOCIONCI'LLA, § f. f. dimi-DEVOCIONCITA, \ nutives of devocion; habitual or votive practice of some little act of devotion, not quite free from supers-

DEVOLUCIO'N, f. f. reflication, a reftoring any thing to its former state or condition.

DEVOLUTIVO, adj. that happens from one to another, that devolves.

DEVOLVE'R, \forall . a. to happen from one thing to another; to devolve.

DEVORADO'R, f. m. devourer. DEVORAMIL'NTO, f. m. a devouring.

DEVORA'R, v. a. to devour. DEVORAZ, adj. voracious, de-

DEVOTAME'NTE, adv. devoutly.

DEVO'TO, f. m. f. devout, religious.

DEVUE'LTO, p. p. of denolyde.

DEX

DEXACIO'N, f. f. refignation, giving up one's right.

DEXA'DO, adj. careles, idle, given to laziness.

DEXAMIENTO, s. m. abdication', cession; idleness.

DEXA'R, v. a. to leave, to forfake, to quit.

DEX

Dexár el peliójo, to feave one's skin, to leave all, to die.

Dexár el sigio, to leave the world, to enter into a religious life.

Dexarse de voces, to leave making a noise, to be filent.

Dexarfe, v. r. to neglest one's self. Dexar a buenas noches, to leave in the dark; also to baffle one's expedation; a mong gamefters, it is to win all the money of one.

Dexar a la luna, o en blanco, to abandon to forfake.

Dexar atras los vientos, to run with great velocity.

Dexár con la palabra en la boca, to leave one, without hearing what he fays.

Dexár con un palmo de nariz, to deceive one's hopes.

Dezár con la miel en los labios, to take away from one, that he is pleased with.

Dexar en cueros, to rob one of every thing he has.

Dexár en el tintéro, to omit, to leave out; not to mention.

Dexar hecho una mona, to shame one to make him ashamed; to fill him with shame.

Dexarse en manos de otro, to trust upon another.

No dexàrlo de la mano, to insist upon one thing.

DEXATIVO, adj. idle, flothful, dull, heavy, stupid.

DEXEMPLA'R, v. a. obs. to dishonour, or give an ill name to one that has a good reputation.

DEXE'NSO, f. m. obf. a rheum. DE'XO, f. f. the last relish or fmark that any thing eaten or drank leaves in the mouth; also the manner of speaking or pronouncing.

DEY

DEYU'SO, adv. obf. below.

DEZ

DEZMA'R, v. a. to tythe, to take the tenth

DESML'nO, adj. rithable, subject to pay the tithes.

DEZMERIA, f. f. the territory or space of land, out of which a church or a clergyman receives tithes.

DEZML'RO, f. m. a tyther, one that gathers tythes.

DIA

DI'A, f. m. the day.

Dia natural, the natural day; the time from noon to noon.

Dla artificial, the artificial day, the time bet ween the rifing and fetting of the fun.

Dia claro, a fine day; also a happy day.

Dla de años the birth-day.

Dia de funcion, the day of a batlet Dia de fiesta, a holiday.

Dia cútio, a week-day, a workingday, neither Sunday, nor holiday.

Dla aziágo, an unlucky day.

Dia de juizio, the day of judgraent; any day in which there is great confusion.

Dla feriddo, the day in which the common office de seria is said by. the clergy.

Dla diado, a day appointed or fixed for any purpose.

Dla y vido, daily sustenance.

Dias ha, some time or other. Algán dia, some days since.

El dla de oy', at present.

Y'endo dlas, y veniendo dlas, in pro4 cess of time.

Al cábo de múchos dias, a long timo after.

Entrado en dlas, anciene.

No en mis dias, never as long as llive.

En dias de vivos, as long as those that are now born shall live, as long as the world lasts.

De dia en dia, from day to day. Buénos dias, good-morrow.

De dla , in the day time.

San Juán y Corpus Christi tódo em un dia , the feast of St. John , and Corpus Christi, all in one day ; faid when two great occasions. of joy come together.

Prov. Mas dias hay que longantque, there are more days than HЬ2

fausages; this they say to one that spends lavishly, to signify he may outlive his estate.

DIAAMBRA, f. f. a medicinal mixture fo called.

DIABE'TES, f. f. an hydraulick engine so called.

DIABETICA, f. f. diabetes; a morbid copiousness of urine.
DIABLA, f. f. a she levil.

DIABLA'R, v. a to infuse diabolical notions.

DIABLAZGO, f. m. the devil's territory.

DIABLEDA'D, (f. f. the quality DIABLE'NCIA, of the devil. DIABLE'ZA, f. f. a she devil. DIABLIAME'N, f. m. short mo-

ment , instant.

DIABLI'LLO, f. m. a litle devil.

DIABLI'SSIMO, f. m. a very great devil.

DIA BLO, f. m. the devil.

El diáblo predicador, fo they call a man when he gives good advice, though he is wicked.

Diablo coxuélo, a lame devil; a cunning fellow who has the art of entangling a business.

*Diablo marino, an ugly fish fo called.

*DIABLU'RA, f. f. a devilish trick or prank.

DIABOLICAME'NTE, adv. diabolically, devilishly, devilishly.
'DIABO'LICO, adj. devilish.

DIACATALICO'N, f. m. vide CATOLICO'N.

DIACE'NE, f. m. a fort of thorn. DIACITRO'N, f. m. preserved citron.

DIACODIO'N, f. m. fyrup of whithe poppies.

DIACO'DO, f. m. a stone used by conjurers in their charms.

DIACONA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a deacon.

DIACONA'TO, f. m. the order of

deacons.

DIACONA'ZGO, f. m. deacon-

ship. DIA'CONIA, f. f. deaconry.

DIACONI'SA, f. f. a deaconness, a female deacon in the apcient church.

DIA'CONO, f. m. a deacon.
DIACORIO'N, f. m. a. medicine made of onions,

DIADE'MA, f. m. f. diadem, kingly crown.

DIADEMA'DO, adj. belonging to a diadem.

DIADO'CHO, f. m. a stone like a beryl.

DIAERE'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetoric fo called.

DIA'FANO, adj. transparent. DIAFRA'GMA, s. f. the midriff,

a transverse muscle which separates the thorax or chest from the abdomen.

DIAGARGA'NTA, f. f. vide ALQUITIRA.

DIAGONA'L, f. f. diagonal, a line in geometry from one corner to another.

DIAGONALME'NTE, adv. diagonally, in a diagonal direction.

DIAGRA'MA, f. m. diagram, delineation of geometrical figures.

DIAGRAPHICA, f. f. the art of sketching: the first rudiments in the art of drawing or delineation.

DIAGRIDIO, f. m. a strong purgative so called.

DIALE'CNICA, f. f. the art of logic or of reasoning.

DIAIE'CTICO, f. m. a logician.

Dialedico, adj. of, or belonging to

DIALECTO, f. m. a dialect, language peculiar to a province.

DIALOGA'L, adj. belonging to a dialogue.

DIALOGA'R, v. a. to hold a dialogue, to compose by way of dialogue.

DIALOGI'A, f. f. a figure in rhetoric fo called.

DIALOGIZA'R, v. a. to hold a dialogue temether.

DIALOGI'SMO, f. m. a figure in rhetoric fo called.

DIA'LOGO, f. m. a dialogue.

DIALOGUI'TO, f. m. diminutive of dialogo.

DIALTE'A, f. f. an ointment of marshmallows.

DIAMANTA'DO, adj. belonging to a diamond, or like a diamond.

DIAMANTA'ZO, augm. of diamante, DIAMA'NTE, f, m. a diamond.

DIAMANTI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a diamond, hard as a diamond.

DIAMANTO'N, f. m. a jocular augmentative of diamante, a large diamond.

DIAMETRA'L, adj. belonging to a diameter.

DIAMETRALME'NTE, adv. diametrically.

DIA'METRO, f. m. the diameter, a line dividing a circle into two equal parts.

DIAMORO'N, f. m. a medicinal composition of blackberries, mulberries, honey, and treacle.

DIAMUSCO, f. m. a medicinal composition so called.

DIA'NCHE, f. m. the devil.

DIA'PASON, f. m. in music, the system of an eighth containing feven intervals, spaces, or degrees, and eight notes, and reckoned inclusively, as expressed by expressed by eight chords.

DIAPE'NTE, f. m. in music, a fifth, which is the interval betwixt five notes, or a transition from one note to another that is five notes above it.

DIAPHANIDA'D, f. f. transparency, clearness.

DIA'PHANO, 2dj. vide DIA'FA-NO.

DIAPHORE'TICO, adj. that diffolves and fends forth humours by transpiration.

DIAPHRA'GMA, f. m. the midriff, a membrane that divides the heart and lights from the other entrails.

DIAQUILO'N, f. m. a plaster made of juices and gums.

DIARIAME'NTE, adv. daily, day by day.

DIA'RIO, f. m. a diary, a relation of what happens day by day, a journal.

DIARODO'N, f. m. a fyrup to mitigate pains in the belly.

mitigate pains in the belly.

DIARRE'A, f. f. a looseness.

DIASPE'RO, f. m. the jasper frome.

DIASTILOS, f. m. a term in architesture, intercolumnation, BIASTOLE, f. m. a figure, where by a fyllable short by nature is made long; also the dilating of the heart and breast, when we fetch breath, as systole is the contraction of them, when the breath goes out.

DIATE'SSARON, f. m. a concord of four notes.

DIATO NICO, adj. diatonic, one of the three kinds of practical music, and that which is now in use, and rises throughout the scale by a whole, not by a whole note, and a less half more.

DIB

DIBUXADO'R, f. m. one that draws in black and white.

DIBUXA'R, v. a. to draw in black and white, with a pen, coal, pencil, or the like.

DIBU'XO, f. m. a draught drawn by hand with pen and ink, pencil, or the like.

No te métas en dibúxos, meddle not with what does not concern you,

DIC

DICACIDAD, f. f. drollery, buffoonery, talking; prating.

DICERNI'R, v. a. to difcern, to diftinguish; to feparate one thing from another; to avoid confufion; to give judgment.

DICCIO'N, f. f. diction, flyle, language.

DICCIONA'RIO, f. m. a dictionary.

DICHARA'CHO, f. m. a loofe and indecent expression.

DI CHO, p. p. of decir, faid. Dicho, fubft. in. a faying.

Prov. Del dicho at hecho hay gran tricho, there is a great diffance between faying and doing; or, faying and doing are two things.

DICHOSAME'NTE, adv. happily, luckily, fortunately.

DICHO'SO, adj. happy, fortunate.

Dichofos, f. m. pl. in cant, women's buskins.

DICIE'MBRE, f. m. December.

DICIPLYNA, f. f. discipline, order; also correction, and the scourge called a discipline.

DICIPLINA'BLE, adj. susceptible of learning or instruction, apt to learn.

DICIPLINA'NTE, one that whips himself in the processions. DICIPLINA'R, v. a. to discipline, to teach, to instruct, to form; also to scourge.

DICTADO, f. m. the dignity or honour of a dictator.

DICTADO'R, f. m. a dictator, the greatest in power formerly in Rome; he that dictates.

DICTADURA, f. f. the dictatorship; also a dictating.

DICTAME'N, f, m. that has been dictated; also a man's opinion, his conceit of a thing, his mind. DICTAMO, f. m. dittander, ditany, garden-ginger, an herb fo called.

DICTA'R, v. a. to distate.
DICTE'RIO, f. m. taunt, scoff, jest.

DID

DIDASCA'LICO, adj. belonging to an usher or teacher; that is fit to teach.

DIE

DIE'NTE, f. m. a tooth.

Diênte de ájo, a clove of garlick.

Dientes de fiérra, the ridge of a moun-

Dar diente con diente, to chatter the teeth with cold.

Mostrár los diéntes, to shew one's tecth as a dog does, discovering an inclination to do harm.

No podér hincir el diénte, not to be able to bite.

No entrur de los diéntes adiéntro, to bear an ill will.

Valiente por el diente, he can eat more than he can act.

Aqui me nacierou los diintes, here my teeth grew; that is, here I was bred in my infancy.

Está la bebida que quiébra los dientes, the drink is so cold, it makes the teeth ach, Estar a diente; to have a good appe-

Hincar el diente, to bite, to pierce with the teeth; also to defame, to flander.

Tener buen diente; to have a good flomach.

DIENTECI'LLO, f. m. a little tooth.

DIERE'SIS, f. f. a figure in poetry fo called.

DIE'SIS, f. m. the fourth part of a tone major, or three parts of twelve, into which it is divided. DIE'STRA, f. f. the right hand. DIESTRAME'NTE, adv. dexterously, handily, artistically.

DIE'STRAZA, f. f. vide DES.
TRE'ZA.

DIE'STRO, adj. dexterous, skilful, ready at his bufiness; subst. used, the reins or halter of a beast.

Diestro de ámbas mános, that can use both hands alike.

Dieftro en las armas, skilful at his weapon.

Lievar una bestia del diestro, to lead any beast by a halter, or the reins, Dar a diestro y a sini-stro, to lay about one on every side.

DIL'TA, f. f. regular diet in eating, prescribed to the sick; also a diet, or assembly, as those of Germany, Poland, &c. also a day's journey.

No fe ha de citar ultra tres dictas, an expression among civil lawyers, that a man shall not be summoned above three days journey; that is, thirty leagues.

DIETE'UTICA, f. f. a diet prefcribed by physicians.

DIE'Z, f. m. ten.

DIEZCU'PLO, f. m. vide DECU .
PLO,

DIE'ZES, f. m. pl. the tens in the beads, or the great beads after the ten small ones, or a pair of beads that has but ten and a great one.

DIEZYSEYS, adj. fixteen.
DIEZYSIE'TE, adj. feventeen.
DIEZYO'CHO, adj. eighteen.
DIEZYNUL'VE, adj. nineteen.
DIEZYNUL'VE, adj. nineteen.
DIEZMA, f. f. a tenth.
DIEZMA'R, v. a. vide DEZMA'R.

DIEZMÉRO, adj. tithable, fubiect to the tithes.

DIF

DIEZMERI'A, f. f. vide DEZ-MERIA.

DIEZME'RO, f. in. a tyther. DIE'Z MIL, adj. ten thousand. DIEZMO'S, f. m. pl. the tythes due to the clergy.

Prov. Los diéimos de Diós de tres blances sifar dos, out of God's tythes pinch two parts in three; a proverb among these who grudge the church its due.

DIF

DIFAMACIO'N, f. f. defamation DEPAMADO'R, f. m. a defamer DIFAMAR, v. a. to defame, to take away one's good name.

to take away one's good name DIFAMATO'RIO, adj. defamatory , calumnious.

DIFERECE'R, v. n. vide DIFE-RENCIA'R.

DIFEREN'CIA, f. f. difference; alfo dispute, quarrel, debate.

DIFERENCIA'R, v. a. to be different, to diffinguish.

Diferenciarfe, v. r. to be diffinguished to be unlike.

DIFERE'NTE, adj. different.

DIFERENTEME'NTE, adv. dif ferently.

DIFERI'R, v. a. to defer, to delay, to put off; also to differ, to be different from.

DIFICIL, adj. difficult.

DIFICILME'NTE , adv. difficultly.

DIFICULTA'D, f. f. difficulty. DIFICULTADO'R, f. m. one who

raise difficulties.

DIFICULTA'R, v. a. to make difficult, to raise difficulties.

DIFICULTOSAME'NTE , adv difficulty.

DIFICULTO'SO, adj. difficult.

DIFIDACION, f. f. a manifesto or declaration, in which are included the reasons for engaging in a war.

DIFIDEN'CIA, f. f. diffidence, miltruft.

DIFIDE'NTE , adj. diffident , mistrusting.

DIFINICIO'N, f. f. a difinition. DIFINIDO'R, f. m. one that is

to define difficult cases, a dignity among religious orders and in the inquificion.

 $DIFIN_{\lambda}'R$, v. a. to define. DIFINITI'VO, adj. definitive, decisive.

Sentencia definitiva, final judgment. DIFORMIDA'D, fi f. vide DE-FORMIDA'D.

DIFU'GIO, f. m. a flight, a running away; also an evasion in discourse by which a person endeavours to prevent any reasons alledged.

DIFUNDIR, v. a. to diffuse, to spread abroad.

DIFUNTO, adj. deceased, dead, departed this life.

Ponérse cómo un difunto, to turn as pale as a dead man.

Oficio de difuntos, the office of the dead, the fet form of prayers used in the church for the dead. DIFUSAME'NTE, adv. diffufely, stretching forth abroad,

DIFUSIO'N, f. f. diffusion; spreading abroad.

DIFUSI'VO, adj. diffusive.

DIFU'SO, adj. diffused, spread abroad; also copious; not con-

DIG

DIGA'MMA, f. m. farm or fummerhouse.

DIGA'STRICO, adj. the appellation of certain muscles of the human-body.

DIGERI'R, v. a. to digeft, to suffer, to bear patiently; also to range methodically in the mind; also to soften by heat as in a boiler.

Digertr el vino, to digest the wine; that is, to grow fober after drunkenness.

Digertr un negócio, to digest or order an affair.

DI'GES, f. m. pl. toys.

DIGESTIO'N, f. f. digestion; also the preparation of a matter by a cheminal hear.

Hombre de mala digestoin, one that does not digest his meat well; an ill-natured man,

Negócio de mala digestión, a trou-

blesome affair hard to nage.

DIGESTIVO, adj. that is capable of helping digestion.

Digeflivo, s. m. an application which disposes a wound to generate matter.

DIGE'S TO, adj. digested, ordered.

Digisto, f. m. book of the civil law so called.

DI'GITO, f.m. a finger or a digit in arithmetic; the twelfth part of the diameter of the fun or moen.

DIGNACIO'N, f. f. reputation. honour, worship, esteem, credit, request, favour, dignity, reverence.

DIGNAME'NTE, adv. worthily. DIGNA'RSE, v. r. to vouchefe, to deign, to condescend, to yield.

DIGNIDA'D, f. f. dignity.

DIGNIFICA'R, v. s. to make worthy, to dignify, to advance, to prefer, to exalt.

DIGNIFICA'NTE, f. m. he that dignifies.

DIGNO, adj. worthy.

DIGOLE, a term at dice, I am at yon.

DIGRESSIO'N , f. f. a digresfion, going out of the way, deviating from the business; a passage deviating from the main tenour.

DIL

DILACIO'N, f. f. delay. DILAPIDACION, f. f. in law. waste, luxurious or wanton destruction of what is our own: ufeless expence, prodigal waste of what does not belong to us; the suffering of any edifice intrusted to our cars to go to ruin.

DILAPIDA'R, v. a. to waste beyond measure; to destroy, wantonly what is our own; to make a prodigal waste of what belongs to others; in law, to fuffer an edifice entrufted to our care to go to ruin.

DILATA'BLE, adj. that may be delayed or put off.

DILATACIO'N, f. f. dilatation, extension,

DILATADAME'NTE, adv. extensively, widely.

DILATA'DO, adj. great, spacious, dilated, extended, spread abroad, numerous.

DILATA'R, v. 2. to delay, to prolong, to put off; also to dilate, to extend, to spread abroad. Dilatisfe, v. r. to be prolix in writing or speaking; to be copious, not concise.

DILATORIO, adj. dilatory; delaying, prolonging.

DILECCIO'N, f. f. love, affection.

DILE'CTO, adj. beloved; used in poets.

DILE'MA, f. m. a dilemma, an argument fo called.

DILIGE'NCIA, f. f. diltgence, industry, affiduity; an affair.

Prov. La diligencia es madre de la buéna ventura, diligence is the mother of good luck; that is, care and industry are the means to make business succeed well. DILIGENCIA'R, v. a. to solicit, to be diligent in the profecution of a fairs.

DILIGENCIE'RO, f. m. an agent.

Diligencièro de fifcil , a follicitor.

DILIGE'NTE , adj. diligent.

DILIGENTEME'NTE , adv. di.

DILIGENTEME'NTE, adv. dialigently.

DILUCIDACIO'N, f. f. an explanation, or illustration.

DILUCIDA'R, v. a. to explain or illustrate.

DILUSI'VO, adj. delusive, that can deceive.

DILUVIO, f. m. a delige, a flood.

DIM

DIMANA'R, v. a. so fpring or fire from.

DIMENSION, f. f. dimension, measure.

DIMES y direct, a proverbial phrase, arguing pro and con; con:esting.

DIMIDIA'A, v. 2. to divide, to fiparate, to part in two; to

reach the middle of one's life; to wear out till it has lost half its value or price; to spend or have spent or consumed one half of; not to tell all; to tell but half. DIMINUCIO'N, f. f. diminution.

Ir en diminucion, to grow less; to fall in discredit.

DIMINUTY, v. a. to diminish, DIMINUTY VO, adj. diminutl-ve.

DIMINUTO, adj. diminished.

DIMISSIC'N, f. f. a difmission.

DIMISS C'RIAS, f. f. pl. letters so called, from an inferior to a superior judge, sending up the party that has appealed to him.

DIMITI'R, v. a. to dismis. DIMOñO, s. m. the devil.

DIN

DINAME'NTE, adv. obf, vide DIGNAME'NTE.

DINERA'DA, f. f. a great quantity of money.

DINERA'L, f. m. one that pays workmen and labourers their hire,

DINERPLIO,, f. m. little mo-

DINERI'SMO, f. m. love of money.

DINERI'STA, f. m. money-hun-

DINE'RO, f. m. money, any fort of coin.

Dinéro contante 6 de contado 3 ready money.

Dinéro cercenádo, clipped mo-Dinéro cortádo, ney. Dinéro comádo, ready money.

DINERO'SO, adj. rich, abounding in money.

DINERUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of dinero.

DINO, adj. obf. vide DIGNO. DINO'SIS, f. f. a figure in rhetoric, being the firefs laid upon the latter part of the oration.

DINTE'I, f. m. the threshold of a door.

DINTURNO, f. m. what is delineated within the outline.

DIO

DIO'BRE, f. m. faid instead of Dios by those who dare not fwear.

DIOCESA'NO, f. m. a diocefan; of the diocefe.

DIO'CESIS, f. f. a diocefe.

DIONY'SIA, f. f. a precious black stone with red spots.

DIO'PTRA, f. f. a geometrical inftrument, wherewith the diftance and height of a place is known afar oit.

DIOPTRICA, f. f. dioptrics, a part of optics treating of the different refractions of light.

DIOPTRICO, adj. dioptrical, belonging to dioptrics.

DIO'S, f. m. God.

Dios y ayúda, Gud and goodfriends; worldly means forward the work of God.

No hito Dios a qui'n defampardr, God made no body to forfake him; he provides for all the creatures he makes.

Qual Dids to time por acht what good luck brought you hither t when we are furprifed to fee one where we did not exped.

Diós que me múdo, farewel, for I remove my quarters.

Quedar a pedir por Diós, to be te-

De Diós en ayúso, under God.
De Diós to háya, God reward
you, says he who is not able
to make a return himself.
DIUSA, s. f. f. a goddess.

DIOSEA'R, v. n. so play the god; to attribute to one's felf fuch qualities as are highly unbecoming so us poor mortals.

DIOSECYLIO, S. m. a finall DIOSECATO, god, a little god Moffly fald of Cupld.
DIO'SO, adj. ancient, of many days. Pranince di-o-fo.

DIP

DIPHRI'GE, f. m. the drofs off metal when refined.

DIPHTO'NGO, f. m. 2 deptations; a coalition of two vowels to form one found. DIPHTONGA'R, v. a. to make one fyllable with two vowels; also to unite several things together.

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DIPLOB, f. m. in anatomy, the inner lamina or plate of the skull.

DIPLO'MA, f. m. a diploma, a charter, a prince's letters patent, a writ, a mandamus.

DI'PSAS, f. f. a kind of viper or adder.

DIPSA'CO, f. m. fuller's weed, or teazle.

DIPTYCHO, f. m. diprych, table or church register.

DIPUTACIO'N, f. f. a deputation; the place where deputies meet.

DIPUTA'DO, f. m. deputy, representative.

DIPUTA'R, v. a. to depute, to appoint.

DIQ

DIQUE, f. m. a dike, a bank to oppose the fury of the water. It is also sometimes taken for a dock to build or repair ships in.

DIQUECILIO, f. m. diminutive of dique.

DIR.

DIR, v. a. obf. for dezir.

DIRECCIO'N, f. f. direction.

DIRECTAME'NTE, adv. directiy.

DIRE'CTE, adv. directly, orderly.

DIRECTIVO, adj. that may be directed, ordered.

DIRE'CTO, adj. direct, straight, orderly; also open, not ambiguous.

DIRECTO'R, f. m. a director.

DIRECTO'RIO, adj. directed. DIRIGI'R, v. a. to direct.

DIRIMI'R, v. a. to take away, to abolish, to destroy.

DIRUIR, v. a. to destroy, to abolish, to undo.

DIS

DIS, a negactive preposition.

DISA'NTO, f. m. a holy day.

DISAPROPRIA'R, v a. to alienate to turn to another use.

DISCANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. discanting, taking much of a thing.

DISCANTA'R, v. a to descant, to discourse about a matter.

DISCA'NTE, f. m. descant in music.

DISCEPTACION, f. f. a difpute, a controverfy.

DISCEPTADO'R, f. m. a difputant.

DISCEPTA'R, v. a. to dispute, to controvert.

DISCEPTATRIZ, f. f. 2 Wo-man that will dispute.

DISCERNI'BLE, adj. discernible, apparent, discoverable, distinguishable, visible, percepble.

DISCERNIMIE'NTO, f. m. discernment, judgment, discretion.

DISCERNI'R, v. a. to discern, to distinguish.

DISCIFRA'R, v. a. vide DECI-FRA'R.

DISCIPLI'NA, f. f. vide DICI-PLI'NA.

DISCIPLINA'R, v. a. to fcourge, to chastise, to whip.

DISCIPULA'DO, f. m. a company or affembly of scholars. DISC1'PULO, f. m. a disciple, a scholar.

DI'SCO, f. m. a quoit to play

DI'SCOLO, adj. froward, way-ward, peevish.

DISCOLO'R, adj. of many co-

DISCONFO'RME, adj. vide DESCONFORME.

DISCONTINUA'R, v. a. vide DESCONTINUA'R.

DISCORDA'NCIA, f.f. difagreement, opposition, in confishency. DISCORDA'R, v. n. to difagree. DISCO'RDE, adj. difagreeing. DISCORDEMENTE, adv. difagreeingly. DISCO'RDIA, f. f. discord.

DISCOYUNTA'R, v. a. vide

DESCOYUNTA'R.

DISCRECTON, f. f. discretion, prudence.

Discreción , ready', wit , mirth , a smart repartes:

Darse o rendirse a discreción, to surrender at discretion.

DISCREDITO, f. m. difcredit, DISCREPANCIA; f. f. difagreement, difference, contrariety.

DISCREPA'R, v. n. to difagree, DISCRETAME'NTE, adv. difcreetly, prudently, ingeniously, wittily.

DISCRETEA'R, v. a. to converse in courtier-like manner with wit, sharpness, freedom, giving pleasure to all one's hearers.

DISCRE'TO, adj. discreet, judicious.

DISCRPMEN, f. m. difference, diversity, debate, controversy, doubt, danger, hazard, peril, battle, a space or distance.

DISCU'LPA, f. f. excufe.

DISCULPA'BLE, adj. excufable. DISCULPACIO'N, f. f. an excufe.

DISCULPADAME'NTE, adv. with excuse.

DISCULP A'R, v. a. to excuse. DI. CURRIMIE'NTO, s. m. discourse, reasoning, argument.

DISCURRI'R, v. n. to discourses also to run about, to wander up and down:

DISCURSA'R, v. a. to discourse.

DISCURSA'STA, f. m. one who discourses.

DISCURSI'VO, adj. that may be discoursed of, that discourses well DISCU'RSO, f. m. reason, judgment also space or quantity of time.

DISCUSSIO'N, f. f. determination, decision, discussion.

DISCUTI'R, v. a. to discuss, to examine, to decide.

DISDIARASON, f. m. a term in music, fignifying two octaves, or eighths.

DISENTE'RIA, f. f. a flux, a loofeness.

DISERTAME'NTE, adv. elo-quently,

DISSERTQ

DISE'RTO, adj. well spoken, eloquent.

DISFAMACIO'N, f. f. defamation, fcaudal.

DISFAMADO'R, f. m. a defamer. DISFAMAR, v. a. to defame.

DISFAMATO'RIO, adj. defamatory.

DISFAMIA, f. m. infamy.

DISFAVOR, f. m. disfavour, difgrace.

DISFAVORECE'R, v. a. vide DESFAVORECE'R.

DISFIGURA'R, v. a. vide DES-FIGURA'R.

DISFO'RME, adj. deformed, difagreeable; also monstrous big. DISFORMIDA'D, f. f. deformity, disproportion; also monstrous bigness.

DISFORMO'SO, adj. obf. deformed.

DISFRA'Z, f. m. difguise.

DISFRAZADAME'NTE, advdifguifedly.

DISFRAZA'DO, adj. difguised, masked.

DISFRAZAR, v. a. to disguise, to conceal by an unusual dress; to hide by a counterfeit appearance, to change the form or figure, to disemble, to pretend that not to be which really is, to pretend that to be which is not.

DISGREGACIO'N, f. f. a soparation, or division.

DISGREGA'R, v. a. to part, to feparate.

DISGREGATIVO, adj. that may be parted, or separated.

DISGUSTA'R, v. a. to disgust, to distate, to offend

DISGUSTILIO, f. m. diminutive of difgusto.

DISGUSTO, f. m. difgust, distate,

DISGUSTOSAME'NTB, adv. difguffully, offensively, nau-

DISGUSTO'SO, adj. disgustful, nauseous, offensive.

DISINIA'R, v. a. to defign, to contrive.

DISTNIO, f. m. design, contrivance, purpose.

DISTPULA, f. f. an erylipelas.

Tom, I.

DISIPULA'RSE, v. r. to be affected with an eryfipelas.

DISJUNTIVO, adj. disjunctive.

DISLATA'R, v. a. to play the foul; to commit extravagancies, to talk idly.

DISLATE, f. m. an extravagant foolish action or expression.

DISLOCACIO'N, f. f. a diflocation, putting out of its place.

DISLOCA'R, v. a. to diflocate, to put out of the proper place, to put out of joint.

Diflocarfe, v. r. to be diflocated, to be put out of its place.

DISMINUCION, f. f. diminution.

DISMINUI'R, v. a. to diminish. DISPA'R, adj. unequal, different. DISPARADO'R, f. m. the trigger of a gun.

DISPARA'R, v. a. to shoet; to talk nonfense.

Difparár úna rifáda, to burst out a laughing.

DISPARATA'DO, f. m. a perfon who does, or fays any thing foolishly, ignorantly, and abfurdly.

DISPARATA'R, v. n. to talk or act ignorantly or foolishly.

DISPARA'TE, f. m. a nousenfical foolish action or expression. DISPARATO'N, f. m. augmentative of disparate.

DISPARATO'RIO, f. m. a foolish nonfenfical discourse.

DISPARCIALIDA'D, f. f. diffociation, disjunction.

DISPARIDA'D, f. f. disparity, inequality.

DISPENDE'R, v. a. vide DES-PENDE'R.

DISPE'NDIO, f. m. diffipation, profuseness.

DISPE'NSA, f. f. vide DISPEN-SACIO'N.

DISPENSA'BLE, adj. that may be dispensed, with.

DISPENSACION, f. f. dispen-

fation.

DISPENSADO'R , f. m. one

who dispenses.

DISPENSA'R, v. a. to dispense

with.
DISPERSIO'N, f. f. separation,

dispersion.

DISPE'RSO, adj. separated, scattered, dispersed.

DISPERTADOR, f. m. one who awakes another.

DISPERTA'R, v. n. to awake, DISPIE'RTO, adj. vide DES-PIE'RTO.

DISPLACE'R, v. a. fee DES-PLACER.

DISPLICE'NCIA, f. f. displeafure, disagreebleness.

DISPONEDC'R, f. m. who difposes of, or gives orders.

DISPONE'R, v. a. to dispose, to order, to contrive

DISPOSICIO'N, f. f. disposition, order, contrivance, also the temper or inclination of a man.

DISPOSITIVAME'NTE, adv. in good order, orderly.

DISPOSITI'VO, adj. belonging to order.

DISPUE'STO, p. p. disposed, ordered; also handsome, lusty, in health.

DISPUTA, f. f. dispute.

DISPUTA'BLE, adj. disputable, that may be controverted.

DISPUTACIO'N, f. f. disputs-

DISPUTADO'R, f. m. a dic-DISPUTA'NTE, putant. DISPUTA'R, v. a. to dispute.

DISQUISICIO'N, f. f. friet examination, enquiry.

DISSENCION, f. f. distension, variance, comtention, quarrel, dispute.

DISSECA'R, v. a. to cut afineder.

DISSECTION, f. f. diffiction.

DISSECTOR, f. m. one who differs

DISSEMINA'R, v. a. to fow. DISSEñA'R, v. a. to draw or mark out,

DISSERO, f. m. the art of limning, the defigning of a piece;

also a pencil.

DISSENTI'R, v. n. to diffent, to be of another opinion.

DISSERTACION, f. f. 2 differ-

DISSERTA'R, v. n. to dispute, to make a differtation.

DISSE'RTO, adj. eloquent.

t:

DISSI'MIL, adj. unlike, diffimilar, heterogeneous.

DISSIMILITU'D, f. f. unlikeliness, improbability.

DISSIMULACION, f. f. diffimulation, diffembling.

DISSIMULADAME'NTE, adv. differablingly, flily, craftily.

DISSIMULA'DO, f. m. a fly, crafty person.

DISSIMULADO'R, f. m. a diffembler.

DISSIMULA'R, v. 2. to differble, to connive at a thing.

DISSIMU'LO, f. m. diffimulation, connivance, flyness, craftiness.

DISSIGNIO, f. m. vide DESI-NIO,

DISSIPACIO'N f. f. diffipation, difpersion, scattering.

DISSIPADO'R, f. m. a spendthrift, a scatterer, a waster.

DISSIPA'R v. a. to dissipate, to scatter, to waste.

DISSOLU'BLE, adj. that can be dissolved, dissolvable.

"DISSOLUCIO'N f. f. diffolution, diffolving, loofening; also lewdness.

DISSOLVE'NTE, f. m. dissolvent. DISSOLVE'R v. a. to dissolve.

DISSOLUTAME'NTE, adv. diffolurely, lewdly, loosely.

DISSOLUT'IVO, adj. that will dissolve.

DISSOLUTO, adj. dissolved; also lewd, wicked.

DISSO'N, f. m. a harsh disagreeable found.

DISSONA'NCIA f. f. disagreement, discord.

DISSONA'NTE, adj. difagreeing. DISSONA'R, v. a. to difagree, to make discord in music.

DISSONO, adj. vide DISSO-NA'NTE.

DISSUADIR v. a. to diffuade: DISSUASION, f. f. diffuafion.

DISSUE'LTO, p. p. of. diffolier.
DISSYLABO, f. m. a word of
two fyllables, a difyllable.

DISSY'MBOLO, adj. unlike, very different in nature.

DISTA'NCIA, f. f. distance; DISTA'NTE, adj. distance.

DISTANTEME'NTE, adv. at a diffance, afar off.

DISTA'R, v. n. to be diffant. DISTENDE'R, v. a. to. diffende, to spread abroad.

DISTENSIO'N, f. f. diffention foreading abroad.

DISTERMINA'R, v. a. to separate or part, to bound place from place.

DISTICO, f. m. dystich, couplet, two verses.

DISTILACION, f. f. distillation, dropping.

DISTILADE'RA, f. f. ftill, limbeck.

DI: TILADE'RO, adj. ingenious, cunning, falle, far-fetched, in direct.

Distiladéro, s. m. an intrigue, a plot.

DISTILADO'R, f. m. a diffiller.
DISTILADO'RA, f. f. a diffilling

DISTILAR, y. a. to diffil, to drop.

DISTILATO'RIO, f. m. a ftill to diffil waters.

DISTINCIO'N, f. f. distinction.

Persona de distinción, a man of note.

DISTINGUIR, v. a. to distinguish.

Diffingulafe, v. r. to be diffingulahed by doing fomething uncommon. DISTINTAME'NTE, adv. diftingly.

DISTINTIVO, adj. that may be distinguished,

DISTINTO, adj. distinct, several, Distinct, f. m. instinct.

DISTRACCIO'N, f. f. diffraction.

DISTRAHE'R, v. a. to draw
afide, to pull away, to diffract,
to corrupt.

DISTRAHIDAME'NTE, adv. diffractedly.

DISTRAHIMIE'NTO, f. m. drawing afide, diffraction, lewdness; DISTRIBUCIO'N, f. f. diffribution; also order; also division of time.

DISTRIBUIDO'R, f. m. a diffributer, one that gives every man his share.

DISTRIBUPR, v. a. to diffributeto divide among feveral persons, also to separate in different places.

DISTRIBUTITO, adj. difribu-

tive, 'that is to be or may be distributed.

DISTRI'CTO, of f. m. diffrict, ter-DISTRI'TO, of rivery, precinct. DISTURBACIO'N, f. f. diffurbance, trouble.

DISTURBADOR, f. m. a diffurber, one that causes perturbation.

DISTURBAR, v. a. to diffurb,

to trouble.

DISTURBIO, f. m. disquiet, tumuk, confusion, disorder; also violation of peace.

DISUADI'R, v. a. vide DISSUA-DI'R.

DISYUNCION, f. f. disjunction, difunion, feparation, parting.

DISYUNTA, f. f. in music, s change of the voice.

DISYUNTIVAME'NTE, adv. separately.

DISYUNTIVO, adj. disjunctive, incapable of union; in grammar, that which marks separation or opposition; in logic, disjunctive, opposed in its parts.

DISYUNTO, f. m. among schoolmen, the necessity of the existence or the exclusion of oneout of two contrary positions of propositions.

DIT

DPTA, f. f. a party or perfor, the party concerned in a contract. It is also a bill, note, or bill of exchange.

DITADO, f. m. the place from which a mobleman takes his title; a place of honour or trust; a title, or the person that has it. DITADO'R, f. m. vide DIGTADO'R.

DITADURA, C. f. vide DIG-TADURA.

DITA'MEN, f. m. vide DICTA'-MEN.

DFTAMO, f. m. the herb dittany.
DITA'R, v. a. vide DICTA'R.
DITE'RIO, f. m. lampoon, abufive paper, fatirical faying, defamatory report.

DITHYRA'MBIGA, f. f. 2 shork poem or long formerly lung played, and danced at once.

DITHYRA'MBIGO, adj. below.

DITHYKAMBICO , adj. delwi ging to dithyrambic. DITHYRAMBO, f. m. dithyrambic, a fong in honour of Bacchus; any poem written with wildness.

DITO, p. p. of dech, obf. for dicho.
DITONO, f. m. that has two
founds, or parts in music.

DIU

DIURE'TICO, adj. diuretic, that provokes urine.

DIURNA'I, f. m. diurnal; book of the divine office for the day.

DIU'RNO, adj. daily, continual, or of the day.

DIUTURNIDAD, f. f. long continuance, lastingness.

DIUTURNO, adj. pertaining to length of duration.

DIV.

DIVA, f. f. a goddes. Poetical. DIVAGA'R, v. a. to wander.

DIVA'N, f. m. the supreme council of the Turks.

DIVERGE'NTE, adj. divergent, tending to various parts from one point.

DIVERGIR, v. n. to diverge, to tend to various pages from one point.

DIVERSAME'NTE, adv. differently.

DIVERSIDAD, f. f. diversity, variety, difference, diffimilitude, unlikeness; also abundance of feveral things.

DIVERSIO'N f. f. a diversion, a turning aside; also recreation, amusement. In war, it is the act, or purpose of drawing the enemy off from some design by threatening or attacking a distant part. DIVE'RSO, adj. divers, different. DIVERSO'RIO, f. m. an inn, a

public house of entertainment. DIVERTICULO, f. m. a place out of the way; also the straying from the matter in hand.

DIVERTIMIE'NTO, f. m. diversion, turning aside, going from the point; also delight, pleasure.

DIVERTIR, v. a. to divert, to turn aside, to go from the point; also to withdraw the mind.

DIVIDPR, v. a. to divide.

DIVIE'SO, f. m. a bile, a finall imposthumation, a swelling full of corruption.

DIVINACION, f. f. divination.
DIVINADO'R, f. m. a diviner.
DIVINA'L, adj. vide DIVI'NO.
DIVINAME'NTE, adv. divinely,
excellent, in supreme degree.

DIVINA'R., v. a. to divine, to guess, to prophely.

DIVINATORIO, adj. belonging to divination.

DIVINIDA'D, f. f. divinity. DIVINIZA'R, v. a. to make divine.

DIVI'NO, adj. divine.

DIVISA, f. f. a device, a badge of knighthood; also a mark of distinction worn in armies to be known from the enemy; a coar of arms; also an emblem or motto on a shield, or upon the arms of pobility.

DIVISA'R, v. a. to perceive, to fee, to discover at distance.

DIVISE'RO, f. m. obf. an heir, a coheir.

DIVISIBLE, adj. that may be divided.

DIVISIO'N, f. f. division, separation, partition; also disunion, discord, difference.

DIVISIVO, adj. that can be divided.

DIVISO'R f. m. in arithmetic, the number given, by which the dividend is divided; the divisor.

DIVISO'RIO, adj. that divides, that, separates in two or more parts.

DI'VO, adj. holy, faint, divine. Poetical.

DIVORCIA'R, v. a. to divorce, to part man and wife.

DIVO'RCIO, f. m. divorce, parting of man and wife.

DIVULGACION, f. f. a publication or divulging.

DIVULGADO'R f. m. f. a publif-

DIVULGA'R, v. a. to divulge, to publish.

DIX

DIX, f. m. toy of any fort for DIXE, women or children.

DIZ

DIZQUE, i. e. dize que, he says that.

D O

DO, adv. (for donde) where.

De do, adv. whence.

A do t adv. whither t

Do quiera, adv. wherever, where,
foever, witherfoever.

DOB

DO'BLA, f. f. a piece of money fo called.

DOBLADAME'NTE, adv. dou-

DOBLADE'TE, adj. round, truss, thick, firong made.

DOBLADI'LLO, f. f. a game as cards fo called.

Dobladilo, f. m. a hem in fewing. DOBLA'DO, adj. double, deceirful.

D'OBLADU'RA, f. f. doubling a folding.

DOBLA'R, v. a. to double, to fold.

Doblár campánas, to ring a peal for the dead.

Doblár la hója, to fold down the leaf; to break off from any buifiness, so as to return again.

Doblár ropá, to fold cloths.

Doblár la púnta, to double or turn a cape at fea.

Doblár la paráda, to double the stake at play.

Doblirfe, v. r. to bow, to bend; to wind; to yield to others; in cant, to furrender or deliver one's felf up to justice.

DO'BLE, adj. double; in cant, he who helps to carry on a cheat; also condemned to death.

DOBLEGA'BLE, adj. easy to bend, or double.

DOBLEGADURA, f. f. bending doubling.

DOBLEGA'R, v. a. to bend, to double; to prevail upon, to make yield.

DOBLEME'NTE, adv. fubrilly craftily, flily, cunningly, tuanvishly,

I i 2

DOBLERI'A, f. f. in the cant of traders, to get twice as much as the other partners.

DOBLE'RO, f. m. a little loaf. DOBLL'TE, adj. that is made between double and fingle.

DOBLE'Z, f. m. 2 fold, the increase of the fold; metaph. double dealing.

DO'BLO, f. m. a doubling, or folding.

DOBLO'N, f. m. a Spanish piftole; the double tripe of a cow or ox. DOBLONA'DO, f. f. the act of boafting one's self very rich.

DOC

DOCE, f. m. twelve.

DOCE'NA, f. f. the weight of - twelve pounds; also a dozen of any thing.

DOCENAL, adj. belonging to a dozen.

·DOCE nA'L, adj. having twelve years, being twelve years old. DOCE'NO, adj. belonging to a dozen.

DOCIE'NTOS, f. m. two hundred.

DO'CIL, adj. docible, that can be taught, trastable,

DOCILIDA'D, f. f. docibleness, teachableness, docility.

'DOCILME'NTE, adv. eafily.
DOCTAME'NTE, adv. learnedly.

DO'CTO, adj. learned.

'DOCTO'R, f. m. a doctor. DOCTORA'I, adj. belonging to a doctor.

DOCTORAMIE'NTO, f. m. the making a doctor,

DOCTORA'R, v. a. to give the degree of a doctor.

DOCTORCI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of doctor.

DOCTORI'SMO, f. m. the collective body of doctors, especially of physicians.

DOCTRINA, f. f. doctrine, learning instruction.

Dodrina christiana, the christian doctrine, the catechism.

Dedrina común, dodrine generally

. Niños de la dodrina, poor fatherless . shildren, that are educated and

brought up by charity, and difposed of as they grow up. DOCTRINA'L, adj. belonging to

doctrine.

DOCTRINA'R, v. a. to teach, to instruct.

DOCTRINE'RO f. m. he that explains or teaches doctrine.

DOCUME'NTO, f. m. a document, an instruction, a lesson.

D O D

DODECAGO'NO, f. m. dodecagon, a figure of twelve fides. DODECAE'DRO, f. m. one of the five geometrical regular bodies, confisting of five equal pentagons. DODRA'NTE, f. m. nine parts out of twelve of various things among the ancient Romans.

D O G

DOGA'L, f. m. a cord, a rope. hempen halter, diffind from others they make of espárto.

DOGA'NA, f. f. obf. vide ABUA'-NA.

DO'GE, a doge of Venice, or Genoa. Doge, or Dogue, a large dog, as a beardog, or Irish greyhound. DO'GMA, f.m. a received opinion, a tenet, a resolution of the learned. DOGMATICAME'NTE, adv. dogmatically, magisterially, pofitively, authoritatively.

DOGMA'TICO, adj. that belongs to the dogma.

DOGMATISTA, f. m. a teacher; generally taken in an ill sense for one that flarts new erroneous opinions.

DOGMATIZADO'R; f. m. one who follows new erroneous opinions.

DOGMATIZA'R, v. a. to flart new erroneous opinions.

DOGO, f. m. a mastiff, a banddog, a dog of the largest fize.

D O L

DOLA, f. f. an exe, or hatcher. DOLADO'R, f. m. a hewer of wood. DOLADU'RA, f. f. a hewing of wood.

DOLA'MES, f. m. the weakness or infirmities belonging to beafts. DOLA'R, v. 2. to hew wood, to

cut it smooth, or into shape with an axe.

DOLE'NCIA, s. f. sickness a disease.

Prov. Quién tiene doléncia, abra la bolfa y tenga paciéncia, he that has a difease must open his purse and have patience; patience to endure, and open his purse to the physician. DOLE'R, v. n. to feel pain, to be

Dollerse, v. r. to complain, to pity, to compassionate.

DOLIE'NTE, adj. sick.

Doliénte por una dama, in love with a lady, love-sick.

DOLIOSAME'NTE, adv. forrowfully, lamentably. Obf.

DOLIO'SO, adj. sad, affliced. DO'LO, f. m. fraud, deceit.

DOLO'R, f. m. pain, grief, for-

Dolór de costado, a pleurify.

Prov. Dolor de Esposo dolor de codo, duéle múcho, y dúra pôco, fortow for a dead husband is like the pain of an elbow, very sharp, but lasts only a short time. DOLORCI'LLO, f. m. a little pain

or grief.

DOLORIDO, adj. full of pain, afflicted.

DOLORIO'SO, adj. painful, tormenting, forrowful. Obf. DOLOROSAME'NTE, adv. pain-

fully, forrowfully, grievously. DOLORO'SO, adj. painful, ferrowful, grievous.

DOLOSAME'NTE, adv. deceitfully, craftily, fraudulently. DOLO'SO, adj. fraudulent, deceitful, knavish.

D O M

DOMA'BLE, adj. that may be ramed.

DOMADO'R, f. m. a tamer, one that breaks horfes,

DOMADURA, f. f. a taming. DOMA'R, v. a. to tame, to subdue, to overcome.

DOMERA'R, v. a. to bear a rule over; sometimes taken in the contrary fense; that is, to fubmit. DOMESTICAME'NTE, adv. familiarly,

DOMESTICA'R, v. a. to tame, to make gentle or familiar.

DOME'STICO, adj. tame, gentle,

DOMESTIQUE'Z, f. m. tamenes, gentleness.

DOMICILLA'DO, adj. of or belonging to an habitation.

DOMICILIA'RIO, f. m. who has an habitation or settlement in any

DOMICILIO, f. m. a dwelling, an habitation.

DOMINACIO'N, f. f. command, Tovereignty, power.

Dominaciónes, s. f. pl. one of the choirs of angels.

DOMINADO'R, f. m. a commander who has power over others. DOMINA'NTE, f. m. that has sovereignty over.

DOMINA'R, v. a. to lord, to command, to have power.

DOMINATI'VO, adj. having power, gowernment; or superiority; also dominative, imperious, insolent.

DO'MINE, f. m. fir, used among boys in school to mean the master. DOMINGO, f. m. Sunday.

DOMINGUE'RO, adj. belonging to Sunday.

DOMINGUFLIO, f. m. a figure of firaw covered with old rags, with a spear in its hand like a foldier, fet up at the bull-feasts for the bull to toss.

DOMINI'CA, f. f. Sunday; a word used by ecclesiastics.

DOMINICAL, adj. belonging to Sunday.

Letra dominical, the dominical letter. DOMINICOS, f. m. pl. the Dominicans, a religious order.

DOMI'NIO, f. m. dominion, rule, power, lordship.

DOMO, f. the dome of a church.

DON

DON, f. m. a title given to gentlemen, and persons in posts of honour. Formerly restrained to fome particular great families, now grown more common. Dou, f. m. a gift. DONA, f. f. the same as dueña. DONACIO'N, f. f, donation, gift. DONADIO, f. m. vide DONA-CIO'N.

DON

DONA'DO, f. m. a lay-brother among friars.

DONADO'R, f. m. a giver.

DONA'IRE, f. m. grace, gracefulness, prettiness, pleasingness of behaviour, elegance, airmes, delightful levity, lightness, gaiety. DONAIROSAME'NTE , adv. with elegance, with grace, with an airiness, wittily, pleasingly.

DONAIRU'SO, adj. gracetul, pleafing, elegant, lightfome, airy, gay, witty.

DONA'R, v. a. to give.

DONATA'RIO, f. m. he that has the bestowing of a dole, or the like.

DONATIVO, f. m. a donative, a free gift, a dole, a distribution among many.

DO'NCAS, adv. obf. then.

DONCE'L, f. m. a young man, a page, a bachelor.

DONCE'LLA, f. f. a girl, a lass, a maid, a maiden, a virgin, waiting-maid.

DONCELLERIA, or condition virginity, maiden-head.

DONCELLI'CA, (f. f. diminutive DUNCELLI'TA, of doncella. DONCELLIDUE AA, f. f. an old maid that gets married.

DONCELLUE'CA, f. f. a mature or full grown maid, an elde ly

DONCELLUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of doncella.

DO'NDE, adv. where, or whi-

Donde quiera, wherefoever.

Hácia dónde , (where , wither. Por donde,

DONILLE'RO, f. m. 2 gamester, a sharper at play.

DONOSAME'NTE, adv. pleafantly, wittily.

DONOSIDA'D, f. m. gracefulness. DONO'SO, adj. pleasant, witty.

DOM

DOnA, pron. fem. the title of honour for a lady.

DOR

DORA'DA, f. f. a fish fo called. DORADE'RA, f. f. leaf-gold. DORADI'LLA, f. f. the fish cal-

led a bream; also the herb cale led mule's fern.

DORA'DO, p. p. gilt.

Dorlido, f. m. a fish called a dory. or gilt-head.

DORADO'R, f. m. gilder.

DORADU'RA, f. f. the gilding.

DORA'L, f., m. a bird all white, of the bigness of a fowl a great enemy to flies.

DORA'R, v. a. to gild; to put a good gloss upon a thing.

DO'RICO, orden, the Doric order in architecture.

DORMI'DA, f. f. fleeping, reft in sleep.

DORMIDE'RAS , f. f. pl. flee. pinels; disposition to sleep.

Dormidéra marina, the sea-poppy.

DORMIDE'RO, adj. fleepy. DORMI'DO, p. p. flept or afleep

DORMIDO'R, f. m. a sleeper, DORMIDU'RA , f. f. sleep.

DORMIE'NTE , p. act. of dormir. DORMI'LLO, f. m. vide DOK-

NAJO. DORMILO'N, f. m. a great flee-

DORMI'R, v. n. to sleep.

Dormir a suéno suelto, or a pierna tendida, to fleep found without any care.

Dormle como un liron, to sleep like a dormouse.

Dormir con mugér, to lie with a woman.

Domir un negocio, is for a business to be laid aside.

Dormir la zorra, 6 et vino, to sleep away drunkenness.

No dormirse en las pajas, v. r. not to be negligent or careless in one's business.

Prov. Contigo duénne, contigo come, qu'en te los pone, he, or she that cuckolds you, eats and lies with you. Warning to one that has an enemy in the house.

Prov. Quién múcho duérme, pôco aprinde, he whe sleeps much, learns little. Sluggards are never good scholars.

DORMIRLAS, f. f. pl. the children's play called hide and feek. DORMITA'R, v. n. to nod, to flumber.

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DORMITI'VO, f. m. a fleeping potion.

DORMITO'RIO, f. m. a dormitory, in religious houses, a sleeping place.

DORNILLO, of m. a troug. DO'RSO, f. m. the back.

D O S

DO'S, f. m. tow. De dòs en dòs, by two and two. Dòs tánto, twice as much. Dos veces, twice. Dos anal, two years old. A dos manos, both hands. DOSE'L, f. m. cánopy. DOSELL'RA, the hanging of a canopy. DO'SIS, f. f. a dose of physic.

DOT

DOTACIO'N, f. f. a foundation, a revenue fettled and established for any purpose, particularly charity.

Dotación de navios, the soldiers, feamen's victuals and rigging necessary for a ship of war.

DOTADC'R, f. m. who endows or fettles a revenue.

DOTA'L, adj. belonging to a dower or portion.

DOTA'R, v. a. to endow, to give a dowry, or portion; metaph, to possess the noble endowments of nature.

El cieto le ha dotádo de nobles partes, heaven hath adorned him with noble parts.

DO'TE, f. m. a dowry, a woman's

Dôtes de naturaleça, endowments of nature.

DO'TO, adj. vide DO'CTO. DOTO'R, f. m. vide DOCTO'R. DOTRI'NA, f. f. vide DOC-TRI'NA.

POTRINA'R, v. a. to teach, to inftruct.

DOTTOYA'N, f. m. a tree in the Philippine islands,

DOV

DOVL'LA, f. f. one of the two furfaces of an arch.

DQZ

DOZA'VO, adj. belonging to the twelfth part of any thing.

DRA

DRABA, f. f. the herb vellow cress.

DRACHMA, f. f. a drachm, the eighth part of an ounce.

DRAGA'NTE, f. f. gum dragacanth; also a loop on the shoulder to fasten a belt to.

DRA'GMA, S. f. vide DRACH-MA.

DRA'GO, f. m. a tree in the East and West Indies.

Sángre de drágo, vide SA'NGRE. Bóca del drágo, vide BO'CA. DRAGOMA'N, f. m. an interpre-

ter.

DRAGO'N, f. m. a dragon. DRAGO'NA, f. f. a shoulder-knot. Dragones, f. m. pl. dragoons, musqueteers mounted to serve either on horfeback or on foot.

DRAGONA'L, f. m. a shrub in the Canary islands.

DRAGO'NCIA, S. f. DRAGU'N-CIA, or DRAGONTE'A, the herb taragon.

Dragoncia menor, the berb wakerobin.

DRAGONTE'A, f. f. dragonworr; also a kind of generous wine. DRAMA, f. f. a dram, used in forme parts; the right Castilian word is adarme.

Dráma, f. m. comedy.

DRAMA'TICO, adj. dramatic. comical, or belonging to plays DRA'SGO, f. m. Robin Goodfellow, a good-natured fort of spirit some people imagine haunts houſes.

D.R.E

DRE'YTO, f. m. obf. for Derecho.

DRI

DRIZA'R, v. a. to unfold the fails of a ship.

DRIZAS, f. f. pl. the haillards, being the ropes by which they hoist all the yards in a ship, except the cross-tack and the spritfail-yard.

DRO

DRO'GA, f. f. any fort of drug. DROGUERIA, f. f. a druggist's

DROGUE'RO, f. m. a druggist. DROGUE'TE , f. m. a drugget , a cloth so called.

DROGUESTA, f. m. a cheat, an impostor; also a druggist.

DROMEDA'L, 7 f. m. a drome da-DROMEDA'ry, a for of ca-RIO . mel.

DRU

DRUIDAS, f. m. pl. the druids; priests anciently in Gaul and Bri-

DRY

DRYADES, f. f pl. the nymphs of the woods and mountains.

DUA

DUA'N, f. m. the supreme council of the Turks. DUA'NA, f. f. vide ADUA'NA. DUA'R, f. m. a cottage. DUAS, obf. for dos.

DUB

DUBIEDA'D, f. f. doubt. DU'BIO, f. m. a doubtful thing. DUBITA'BLE, adj. that can be doubted.

DUC

DUC, f, m. a duke. Obf. DUCA'DO, f. m. a dukedom; alfo a coin called a ducat. Prov. Si quiéres ver quanto vale un ducado, buscalo preside, if Jou would know the value of a ducat, try to borrow one. The difficulty in borrowing shews how valuable money is.

DUCA'L, adj. belonging to a duke.

DUCHA, f. f. fo much of a meadow

moved in a ftraight line by a

number of movers a in given

time.

DUCHO, adj. obf. ufed, accustomed, habituated, dextrous.

DUCIENTOS, adj. pl. vide DO-CIENTOS.

DUCI'R, v. a. to lead, to guide, conduct, shew.

DUCTO'R, f. m. guide, leader; among furgeons, it is the conductor or inftrument to direct the knife in cutting.

DUCTRIZ, f. f. a woman who guides.

DUD

DUDA, f. f. a doubt.

DUDA'BLE, adj. doubtful.

DUDA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide DU
DA.

DUDA'R, v. a. to doubt.

DUDOSAME'NTE, adv. doubtfully.

DUDO'SO, adj. doubtful, uncertain.

DUE

DUE'CHO, adj. vide DUCHO.

DUE'LA, f. f. a staff, a board
for a cask. In archivecture, the
flat panes or pannels in the work.

DUELI'STA, f. m. one who knows
the laws of duelling, and boafts
of it.

DUE'LO, f. m. a duel, fingle combat, the point of honour which obliges men to fight.

Dueto, f. m. forrow, mourning, grief, trouble.

Dutios y quebrantos, forrows and troubles.

DUE'NDA, adj. without a fling.
DUE'NDE, f. m. a fabled being,
fupposed to appear in a human
form.

DUENDECFLIO, f. m. diminutive of duénde.

DUENDERIA, f. f. the tricks of gobblings and ghoffs.

DUE'NDO, adj. tame; foolish. DUE'nA, f. f. any widow lady, or the mistress of a family; an ancient widow they keep in great houses in Spain, for grandeur. Duéna, feminine of duéno, a mistress, or the lady that owns any thing. DUEnESCO, adj. belonging to a

duéña.

DUE'ñO, f. m. the master, owner, or proprietor of any thing, the master of the house, a master of fervants.

Prov. Qualet duiño, tat el pérro, fuch as the master is, such is the dog, like master, like man. DUL'RNA, s. f a kneading-trough-

DUL

DULA, f. f. a common herd, or flock. DU'LCE, adj. sweet. Dulce, f. m. fweet-meat. DULCEDUMBRE, f. f. fweetness. DULCEME'NTE, adv. fweetly. DULCE'ZA, f. f sweetness. DULCI'LLO, adj. sweetish. DULCI'SONO, adj. that has a iweet found. DULE'RO, f. m. the shepherd who takes care of the flock. DULL'A, f. f. worship or honour, fuch as fervants pay to their masters. DULZA'INA, a flute, a fort of musical pipe. DULZU'R, f. m. | fweetnefs. DULZURA'R, v. a. to fweeten; also to mitigate, to lenify.

D U N

DUNAS, f. f. pl. downs, fandy hills, or the low ground along the fea-fide.

DUNETA, f. f. the highest part of the stern of a ship.

D 44 0

DUO, f. m. in music, a duo, a two-part composition.

DUODECI'MO, adj. belonging to the twelfth.

DUOS, adj. obs. vide DOS.

DUP

DUPA, f. m. in cant, a fool, an ideot.

DUPLA, f. f. a mufical word; proportion.

Dúpla, f. f. the more than ordinary allewance of provision in colleges; an exceeding day.

DUPLICA, f. f. a duplicate.

DUPLICACION, f. f. doubling.

DUPLICADAMENTE, adv. doubly.

DUPLICA'DO, f. m. vide DUPLICA.

DUPLICA'R, v. a. to double.

DUPLICIDA'D, f. f. duplicity.

DUPLO, adj. twofold; double.

DUQ

DU'QUE, f. m. a duke.

DUQUECITO, f. m. diminut. of

dique.

DUQUE'SA, f. f. duchefs.

ĎÜR

DURA, f. f. lastingness. Cója de múcha dúra, a very lasting DURA'BLE, adj. durable, lasting. DURACION, f. f. continuance endurance. DURA'DA, f. f. duration. DURADERAME'NTE, adv. laftingly, durably, in a lafting man-DURADE'RO, adj. lafting. DURAME'NTE, adv. hardly. DURA'NDO, f. m. a kind of clothfo called. DURA'R, v. n. to laft. DURATO'N, adj. in cant, hard. DURAZNI'TO, f. m. a little peach, DURAZNO, f. m. a peach, or the peach-tree. DURE'TA, f. f. obf. the feat formetly used in a bath. DURE'ZA, f. f. folidity hardness: obstinacy, stubbornness. DURI'LLO, adj. hardish, solid. Durillo relevante, an affected manner of writing or speaking. DURINDA'NA, f. f. in cant, justice, the officers of justice, per a fword.

DURIO'N, f. m. a fort of fruit growing in several parts of the East Indies.

DURLINES, f. m. pl. in cant, officers of justice.

DURMIE'NTE, f. m. a sleeper, or he that sleeps.

DURO, adj. hard, cruel, niggardly, unmerciful.

DUROS, f. m. pl. in cant, shoes; also lashes.

D U X

DUX, f. m. obf. a duke.

D U Z

DUZA'INA, f. f. vide DULZA'I-NA.

DYN

DYNASTIA, f. f. dynasty, government, sovereignty,

DYS

DYSGRACI'A. f. f. an unequal mixture of elements in the blood or nervous juice.

DYSENTE'RIA, f. f. the bloody flux.

DYSENTE'RICO, adj. of or belonging to the bloody flux.

DYSU'RIA, f. f. difficulty of making urine.

E

phabet, and the fecond of the vowels. In old Spanish ballads, they used to add this letter at the end of some words, to make out a verse, or to rhyme, as amore for amor olvidare for olvidar.

E, was anciently used for Y.

E A

EA, interj. go to.

Ea pues,

Ea fus,

go to then.

Ea is used sometimes to encourage or excite a person; as,

ea, buen Sancho, dixo la duquesa, buen animo, come on,

Sancho, says the duchess, be of good courage.

Prov. Con ôtre ea llegaméros à la aldea, with another go en; we shall arrive at the village; that is; be of good cheer, we shall obtain what we desire by patience and application.

E B A

EBANIFICA'R, v. a. to make any wood as fimooth as ebon.
EBANI'STA, f. m. the man who works on ebon.
E'BANO, f. m. ebon, or eben, a hard heavy, black, valuable

EBE

EBE'NO, f. m. ebon.

Wood.

E B I

EBI'ILA, f. f. vide HEVI'I-LA.

EBR

EBRANCA'DO, adj. in heraldry, difbranched.

EBRIEDA'D, f. f. drunkennefs.

Tom. 1.

E'BRIO, adj. drunken.

E B U

EBULLICIO'N, f. f. ebullition; the art of boiling up with heat.

EBURNEO, made of ivery, white as ivory.

ECE

ECEDE'R, v. n. vide EXCE-DE'R. ECELE'NTE, adj. vide EXCEL-LE'NTE. ECELENTEME'NTE, adv. vide EXCELENTEME'NTE. ECELENCIA, f. f. vide EX-CELE'NCIA. ECELSITU'D, f. f. vide EX-CELSITUD. ECE'LSO, adj. vide EXCE'L-SO. ECE'NTO, adj. exempt, free. ECESSI'VO, adj. excessive. ECE'SSO, f. m. an excess. ECETA'R, v. a. vide EXCEP-TA'R.

ECH

ECHA, f. f. adverbially used, this time. ECHACA'NTOS, f. m. a fool, a rattleheaded fellow. ECHACORVERIA, f. f. pimping, procuring. ECHACUE'RVOS , f. m. pimp, a cheating fellow. ECHA'DA, f. f. a caft, throw. ECHADERO, f. m. a place to lie down. ECHADIZO, f. m. cast out, laid in the way designedly; also one that is fent with a defign to observe other men's words and actions, to pry into their beaviour; a spy. ECHADO'R, f. m. he that cafts or throws. ECHADURA, f. f. a casting, ECHAMIE'NTO, f.m. or thre-ECHA'R, v. a. to cast, to throw, to pour out. Echar al palácio, to take all in

good part, to make a jest of what is faid. Echár al cuérvo, to deceive, to impose upon. Echar suéries, to cast lots. Echár acuestas, to take upon one's back. Echárle máno, to lay hold of. Echár renuévos, to bud out, to forout. Echar suelas a los zapácos, to sole Echar plumas, to put out feathers as birds do. Echar fuera, to cast out. Echár a fondo, to sink. Echar cántos, to rave, to be mad. Echár máno , to lay hand upon : one's fword. Echar chispas, to sparkle as hot iron beaten; to be fo angry, as if sparks of fire flew out as one's eyes. Echár candádos, to have a house shut up with a padlock on the door by order of juffice. Echár púllas, to rally one another. Echar china, to drop a stone; to keep reckoning how often a man drinks. Echár de la gloriófa, to tell many boafting false tales. Echar fima, to spread a report. Eshár grillos, to fetter, to shackle. Echár bándo, to make proclamation. Echar la cuentà, to make the account. Echar el selle, to seal; metaph. to conclude any affair. Echár las cúbras, to lay to one's charge. Echár la brivia, to cant, as prating beggars do. Echar a mal, to throw away. Echár en un rincón, to cast into a corner, to despise, to con-Echar vino, to fill, or pour out wine. Echár a párte, to lay aside, to exclude. Echir ménos, to miss a thing.

Echar a mano derecha, ò a la iz-

left-hand away.

quiérda, to take the right, or

Echa y derruéca, a drunken expression used among sottish bullies, fignifying fill, and down with it.

E C H

E rurse a dormir, to lie down to

Echarfe en la sama, to lie down in bed.

Echárse con la cárga; to lie down under the burthen; metaph, to have more troubles than a man is able to bear.

Echárse al água, to plunge into the water; metaph, to venture " upon any dangerous, or difficult enterprize.

Echarse con una muger, to have to do with a woman.

Echarse los panes, is for te corn to be lodged by rain, wind,

Echarse de ver una cosa, is for a thing to be perceived, or understood.

ECHENEIS, f. m. a small fish, ECHINE'IS, reported to have fuch a quality, that it will ftop a ship under sail.

ECHI'NO, f. m. a fea-urchin, a kind of crab-fish.

ECHIZO, f. m. vide HECHI-

ECHO, f. f. or m. vide ECO.

ECL

'ECLESIA'STES, C m. the book of Ecclesiastes in the Bible.

'ECLESIASTICAME'NTE, adv. ecclefiaftically.

ECLESIA'STICO, f. m. a churchman, an ecclesiastical person, a cleagyman; also the book of * Ecclesiasticus in the Bible.

ECLIPSA'BLE, adj. that may be eclipsed.

ECLIPSA'R, v. a. to eclipse. ECLIPSE, f. m. an eclipse of the fun or moon.

ECLI'PSIS, f. f. a figure in rhethoric, when fome word is omitted, but understoed.

ECLI'PTICA, f. f. the ecliptic; a line cuting the zodiac in two. ECLO'GA, f. f. an ecloque, a pastoral poem.

E C O

ECO, f. m. an echo, the rebound of the last part of the voice or found?

ECONOMIA, f. f. ceconomy, the government of a house or family.

ECONOMICAME'NTE orderly, with economy.

ECONO'MICO, adj. belonging to the œconomy, or the government of a house or fa-

ECO'NOMO, f. m. a steward, a mafter of a house, or that governs a family.

ECT

ECTHLIPSIS, f. f. a figure which denotes the cutting off the letter M when a vowel follows it.

ECU

ECULEO, f. m. an engine of torture, a rack. ECUME'NICO, adj. œcumenical, the title given to all general councils of the church.

E D A

EDA'D, f. f. age.

EDE

EDE'NIA, f. f. a foft fwelling full of humours. EDÉMATOSO, adj. full of humours.

E D I

EDICIO'N, f. f. an edition of EDI'CTO, f. m. an edict, a proclamation. EDIFICACIO'N, f. f. edifica-EDIFICADO'R, f. m. a builder, an edifier. EDIFICA'R, v. a, to build, to edify,

EDIFICATI'VO, adj. that is edifying.

EDIFICATO'RIO, adj. belonging to an edifice, or building. EDIFICIO, f. m. edifice, building , ftructure.

EDI'L, f. m. an edile or officer in Rome.

EDILIDA'D, f. f. the dignity of an edile.

EDITO, f. m. edict, proclama-

E D U

EDUCACIO'N, f. f. education. EDUCA'R, v. a. to educate, to bring up. EDUCCIO'N, f. f. a deduction or confequence drawn from one or more propositions laid down. EDUCI'R, v. a. to bring forth.

EFE

EFECTIVAME'NTE, adv. really, effectually. EFECTIVO, adj. effectual.

EFE'CTO, f. m. effed. EFECTUA'L, adj. effectual.

EFECTUALME'NTE, adv. effectually.

EFECTUA'R, v. a. to effectuate, to fulfil.

EFE'MERA, f. f. 'a quotidian, a daily ague.

EFEME'RIDES, f. f. pl. a journal, or daily account, the calculation of the daily motions of the stars.

EFEMINA'R, v. a. to effeminate, to make womanish.

EFE'TO, f. m. an effect. No tuvo efeto el negócio, the buliness did not succeed.

En efeto, in conclusion, in short. EFETUA'R, v. a. to effect, to bring to pass, to execute.

EFF

EFFRENA'DO, adj. incorrigir EFFRENAMIE'NTO , f. m. iocorrigiblenels, extravagance,

(f. f. effica-

E F I

EFICA'CIA.

EFICACIDA'D, Cy.
EFICA'D, adj. efficacious.
EFICAZME'NTE, adv. efficaciously.
EFICIE'NCIA, f. f. power, or capacity of doing any thing.
EFICIE'NTE, adj. efficient, caufing.
EFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. effectually.
EFIGIE, f. f. effigy, figure.
EFIME'RA, f. f. a fever of a day.

EFL,

EFLUICIO'N, f. m. running, or flowing over; also the effluvia emitted from any body.

EFLUXIO'N, f. f. exhalation.

evaporation, efflux.

EFU

EFUGIO, f. m. efcape, eva-

EFULGE'NCIA, f. f. brightness, splendor.

EFUNDI'R, v. a. to pour out, to shed, to spill.

EFUSIO'N, f. f. pouring out,

shedding or spilling. EFUSO, p. p. of efunder.

EGI

EGILOPE, f. f. a weed that grows among corn, darnel, wild oats.

EGIRA, f. f. hegira, the epocha or account of time used by the Mahometans.

E G L

EGLO'GA, f. f. an ecloque, a pastoral.

EGR

EGREGIAME'NTE, adv. egregiously, eminently, ina remarkable or extraordinary manner. EGRE'GIO, adj. egregious, famous, remarkable, notable. EGRESSIO'N, f. f. going out.

E G Y

EGYPCIA'NO, f. m. a gypfy.

EL

EL, ELLA, ELLO, pron. adj.

EL is used in Spanish to speak to inferior persons, in the third person, when he that speaks will not allow the title of vuestra mercid, as too much, or be so blunt as to say downright vos, or tu, that is you, or thou; then he says el, speaking in the third person, which is a medium between both.

El, art. mass. the; as, el hombre,

El, art. maí. the; as, el hómbre, the man; al tiémpo; the weather

El mismo, or el mismo, the same, or he himself.

E L A

ELA, adv. demonf. behold: Ex.

Ela aqui, behold her, here she
is.

ELABORADO, adj. perfect, complete, worked out, finished, elaborate.

ELACIO'N, f. f. pride, haughtine's.

ELACO'TE, f. m. gum maftick.

ELA'SRE, f. m. the maple-tree.

ELASTICAMENTE, adv. in an elastic manner.

ELASTICIDA'D, f. f. elafticity, force in bodies, by which they endeavour to reftore themfelves.

ELA'STICO, adj. elastic, springy, having the power of returning to the form from which it is distorted.

ELATE'RIO, f. m. a ftrong purge.

ELA'TINE, f. f. a weed growing among corn like to withwind, called running buckwort.

ELA'TO; adj. proud, haughty.

ELE

ELEBO'RO, f. m. the herb fiells bore, whereof there are two forts, black and white.

ELECCIO'N, f. f. election, choi-

ELECHO, f. m. the plant called fern, of which there are feweral forts.

ELECTIVO, adj. elective, to be chosen.

ELE'CTO, adj. elected, chofen.

ELECTO'R, f. m. an elector. Electores del império, the electore of the empire.

ELECTORA'DO, f. m. the estates belonging, to an elector.

ELECTORA'L, adj. belonging to an elector.

ELECTRICIDA'D, f. f. electricity, property in bodies for called.

ELE'CTRICO, adj. electric, electrical, produced by an electric body.

of an elector.

ELE'CTRO, f. m. amber, which having the quality, when warmed by friction, or arracting bodies, gave to one species of attraction the name of electricity; also gold mixed with filver.

ELECTUA'RIO; f. m. an electuary.

ELEFA'NCIA, f. f. elephantiafis, a species of leprofy so called.

ELEFA'NTE, f. m. an elephant, the largest of all quadrupeds. ELEFANTINO, adj. belonging

to an alephant.

ELEGA'NCIA, f. f. eleganco.

ELEGA'NTE, adj. elegant, ni-

ce, handsome. ELEGANTEME'NTE, adv. ele-

gantly.

ELEGIA, f. f. an elegy, a mournful fong,

ELEGI'ACQ, adj. elegiac, belonging to a meurnful fong.

ELEGIBILIDA'D, f. f. elegibility, elegibleness, worthiness to be chosen.

K k 2

ELEGIBLE; adj. eligible, fit to be chosen, preferable.

ELEGIDO'R, f. m. obf. elector. ELEGI'R, v. a. to elect, to

ELEGO, adj. elegiac, fad, mournful, weeping, full of forrow.

ELEMENTA'DO, adj. that partakes or belongs to the elements.

ELEME'NTA'L, adj. belonging to the elements.

ELE'MI, f. m. an element. ELE'MI, f. m. gum elemi.

ELE'NCO, f. m. the index at the end of a boock, which leads to all the principal matters in

ELEPHA'NCIA, f. f. a species of leprosy so called.

ELEPHA'NTE, f. m. an ele-

ELEVACION, f. f. elevation, lifting up, raifing, preferment; also pride.

ELEVADO, adj. in rapture, befides himself, in divine contemplation; also elevated, lifted up, raised, preferred, and

ELEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. lifting, raifing, preferment, pride; but most properly a rapture.

ELEVA'R, v. a. to raise, to lift, to elevate, to prefer to be proud.

Elcvarse, v. r. to be in a rapture, in divine contemplation.

ELI

ELIDI'R, v. a. to cut off.

ELIGIDO'R, f. m. an elector,
one who chuses or elects.

ELIXI'R, f. m. an elixir; a medicine used in physic, an extract or quintessence of any thing; also any cordial.

ELO

ELOCUCIO'N, f. f. electrion, elegance in expression, power of expression or diction.

EIOGIA'R, v. a. to aggrandize, to extol, to praise, to commend,

ELO'GIO, f. m. an elogy, a commendation, a speech or verfes made in praise of one.

ELONGACIO'N, s. f. a lengthening or removing afar off.

ELO QuENCIA, f. f. eloquence.

ELO QuE'NTE, adj. eloquent.

ELO QUENTEME'NTE, adv. eloquently.

ELS

E'LSINE, f. f. the herb pollitory of the wall.

ELU

ELUCIDACIO'N, f. f. comment, gloss, elucidation, explanation, exposition.

ELUDI'R, v. a. to elude, to shift off, to dally, to avoid in words.

ELUZE'RO, adj. obf. bright, shining.

ELY

ELYPSE, f. f. an ellipsis, an oval figure generated from the section of a cone by a plane cutting both sides of the cone, but not parallel to the base, and meeting with the base when produced.

ELYPTICO, adj. elliptical, el-

ELYSIOS CA'MPOS, pt. the Elysian Fields.

E M A

EMANACIO'N, f. f. an emana-

EMANADE'RO, f. m. origin, fountain, beginning.

EMANA'R, v. a. to flow, to proceed from.

EMANCIPACIO'N, f. f. ma-king free.

EMANCIPADAME'NTE, adv. with fuch a paternal power as can fet a fon free.

EMANCIPA'R, v. a. to make free from bondage.

E M B

EMBABIAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftapidity.

EMBABUCA'R, v. a. vide EM-BAUCA'R.

EMBADURNA'R, v. a. to daub, to anoint, to finear.

EMBAIDO'R, f. m. an impostor, a sharper, a cheater.

EMBAIMIE'NTO, f. m. cheating, deceiving.

EMBAI'R, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to impose upon.

EMBALA'R, v. a. to pack up goods or any other thing.

EMBALIJA'R, v. a. to pack up in a portmanteau.

EMBALLENADO'R, f. m. a flay-

EMBALLENA'R, v. a. to make

EMBALLESTA'DO, f. m. a contraction of the nerves and finews in horfes, affes, &c.

EMBALME'RO, f. m. vide EM-BALSAMADOR.

EMBALSADE'RO, f. m. a pond, or pool made by the falling of the rain.

EMBALSAMADO'R, f. m. 20 embalmer.

EMBALSAMA'R, v. a. to embalm, to impregnate a body with aromatics, that it may relift puttefaction.

EMBALSA'R, v. a. to put cattle in ponds, or pools, to wash. EMBALUMA'R, v. a. to load any

beast with inequality.

EMBANASTA'R v. a. to put any,
thing in a basket.

Embanastarse, v. r. to throw up the cards at the game called hombre. EMBARACI'LLO, f. m. diminu-

tive of embara;o.

EMBARAZADAMENTB, adv
with embarassment, with difficulty,

awk-wardly, bashfully. EMBARAZADO'R, f. m. 2 treublefome perfon.

EMBARAZA'R, v. a. to incumber, to intangle, to ftop, to hinder.

EMBARAZ'O, f. m. incumbrance, ftopping, intangling, hindrance,

EMBARAZOSAME'NTE, adv. difficultly, with abstruction.

EMBARAZO'SO, adj. incumbring, troublesome, intangling.

EMBARBASCA'R, v. a. to flick in the ground, as the plough does against any root; to be gravelled in business, to intoxicate; also to make fish drunk; alfo to dim, to fully, to trouble.

EMBARCACION, f. f. the shipping of men, or goods; also any fort of vessel.

EMBARCADE'RO, f. m. a place to ship off men, or goods.

EMBARCADO'R, f. m. who embarks any merchandise.

EMBARCADU'RA, f. f. the shipping off men or goods.

EMBARCA'R, v. a. to ship, to embark.

Embarcárse en un negócio, to imbark in an affair, to engage one's felf

EMBAR'CO, f. m. the action of shipping any goods, &c.

EMBARGACIO'N, f. f. an embargo, stopping, staying, arres-

EMBARGADO'R, f. m. one who lays an arrest or embargo on goods. EMBARGAMIE'NTO, f. m. an obstruction, an hindrance, a stoppage, an impediment.

EMBARGA! NTE, adj. which stops, flays, or arrests.

No embargánte, notwithstanding.

EMBARGA'R, v. a. to lay an embárgo, arrest, a stop, a stay. Sin embargó, adv. nevetheless.

EMBARNECE'R, v. n. to grow fat, lufty, and firong.

EMBARNIZADO'R, f. m. a varnisher.

EMBARNIZADU'RA, f. f. a var-

EMBARNIZA'R, v. 2. to varnish; also to paint the face, as women do.

EMBARRADO'R, s. m. a dauber. EMBARRADUR'A, f. f. a dau-

EMBARRA'R, v. a. to danb, properly with clay, but used for any other daubing.

EMBARRILA'R, v, a, to put in a barrel.

EMBASAMEANTO, f. m. a term in architecture for the basis.

EMBASTA'R, v. a. to fow with thick thread.

EMBASTARDA'R, v. n. to degenerate.

EMBASA'RSE, v. r. to be immoveable, to stop one's self suddealy, as in a furprise.

EMBA'TE, f. m. a beating against a thing; as.

Embate de la mar, the beating of the fea.

Embate de la fortuna, crossness of

ENBATIMIE'NTO, f. m. a beating against, as of the water, &c. EMBATI'R, v. a. to beat upon, as the waves of the sea, &c. from bathr, to beat.

EMBAUCADO'R, f. m. a cheat, a bancering fellow.

EMBAUCAMIE'NTO, f. m. bantering, cheating, amazing, flupifying.

EMBAUCA'R, v. a. to fool, to banter, to cheat, to impose upon, to amaze, to stupify.

EMBAU'CO, f. m. fallacy, deceit, fraud, imposition.

EMBAULA'R, v. a. to put into a trunk; to cram meat into the

EMBAUSAMIE'NTO, f. m. amazement, aftonishment.

EMBAXA'DA, f. f. an embaffy. EMBAXADO'R, f. m. an ambassa-

EMBAZADO'R, f. m. one that makes things brown.

EMBAZADURA, f. f. making brown; also surprising, astonis-

EMBAZA'R, v. a. to make brown, also to surprise, to astonish; also to stop, or detain.

Embazarse, v. r. to be surprised, or aftonished, to lofe one's breath, or pant for breath,

EMBEBECE'R, v. a. to make flupid, to aftonish, or furprise.

EMBEBECIDAME'NTE, adv. inadvertently, in amazement.

EMBEBECIMIE NTO, f. m. a forgening one's felf; also a sucking in of liquor.

EMBEBE'R, v. a. to attend , to

shrink, to fuck; also to con-

Embeberse, v. r. to be very well pleased with one thing, to be wrapt up in thinking.

EMBECADU'RA, f. f. in architecture, the space made by the turning off of an arch or vault. and the upright of the wall it rests on.

EMBELECADO'R, f. m. one who defrauds, cheats, or imposes on another.

EMBELECA'R, v. a. to cheat, to impose upon, to defraud.

EMBELE'CO, f. m. a fraud a deceit, an imposition, an inveigling, or infinuating, with an intent to impose on.

EMBELEñA'DO, adj. that is base, or mean-spirited.

EMBELESAMIE'NTO, f. m. flupefaction, aftonishment.

EMBELEZA'R, v. a. to surprise to aftonish.

EMBELE'SO, f. m. surprise, aftonishment.

EMBELLAQUECE'RSE, v. r. to grow vicious.

EMBELLECE'R, v. a. to beautify. to adorn, to embellish.

EMBEODA'R, v. a. to make drunk.

Embeodirfe, v. r. to get drunk. EMBEODE'Z, f. f. drunkennefs, EMBEODE'Z, adj. fem. plur. in cant, beginning to grow ripe; faid of grapes.

EMBERMEJA'R, EMBERMEJA'R, v. a. to ma-EMBERMEJECE'R, ke red. EMBER'O, f. m. the colour of the grapes when ripe.

EMBE'RQUES, f. m. pl. the fmall ropes with which the fails are made fast to the yards, called the robbins.

EMBERRINCHA'RSE, v. r. to be in a passion, to fall in a pas-

EMBESTIA'R, v. n. to become brutal, or beaftly.

EMBESTI'DA, f. f. violence; attack, affault.

EMBESTIDO'R, f. m. he who earnestly, eloquently, or importunately, begs you to lend hims money or give him alms.

EMBESTIDU'RA, f. f. EMBESTIMIENTO, f. m. (ck. EMBESTI'R, v. a. to attack,

EMBETUNA',R , v. a. te daub with pitch, as they do the ships. EMBEUDA'R, v. a. to be drunk. EMBEVECE'R, v. a. vide EM-BEBECER, and its derivatives.

EMBIADIZO, adj. chat may be

EMBIA'R, v. a. to bend the yards. EMBICA'R, v. a. to bend the yards on board a ship in a particular manner.

EMBIDA'R, v. a. to vie at cards, fet at hazard; also to drink to. Embidár el réflo, to throw at all . at dice.

Embidar de falso, to trow a levant, EMBIDIA, f. f. envy.

EMBIDIA'R, v. a. to envy.

EMBIDIO'SO, adj. envious.

EMBIO'N, f. f. a stroke that sends any thing from it, as a ball or the like; also the bird called martin.

EMBIONCITO, f. m. diminutive of emblon.

EMBITE, f. m. vying at any game, fening a hazard; also drinking to, and tafting, or assaying. EMBIXA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub, to greafe, to tallow a ship. EMBIZARRA'RSE, v. r. to boaft of courage, or bravery.

EMBLANDECE'R, v. a. to grow foft and tender.

EMBLANQUECE'R, v.a. to make white, to whiten.

Emblanquecerfe, v. r. to grow white. EMBLANQUIMIE'NTO, f. m. growing white.

EMBLE'MA, f. m. an emblem, an allusive picure.

EMBLEMA'TICO, adj. that which is in the way of emblems, emblematic, emblematical.

EMBOBAMIE'NTO, f. m. an amazement.

EMBOBA'R, v. a. to attract, to draw all the attention of one.

Embobarse, v. r. to be stupisied, gazing like a fool.

EMBOBECE'RSE, v. r. to turn fool. EMBOBECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a turning fool.

EMBOCADE'RO, f. m. the nar-

row mouth, or passage into any thing, or place; as a mouth leading into a bay, or the like.

EMBOCADU'RA, f. f. the entering, or going into a narrow paffages also that part of the bridle that is in the mouth of a horse.

EMBOCA'R, v. a. to get into the mouth of a passage, as the mouth: of a bag, or the like; also to pass through a narrow place.

Embocár, to eat much, and in a

Embocár la cálle, to come just into the end of a ftreet.

Embocar la bóla, to lay a bowl into the iron ring at trucks, or into the port at billierds, or the like. Embocárse, v. z. to be married, to bear the expences of a marriage. EMBOCINA'DO, adj. made like a trumpet.

EMBODA'RSE, v. r. to marry, and spend a deal of money on that account previous to the celebration.

EMBOLA'R, v. a. among gilders, to lay the bole on any thing to be gilt; to put balis on the tip of a bull's horns,

EMBOLI'SMO, f. m. a putting a month or a day between, as in leap-years; also a mixture of many things, a confusion.

E'MBOLO, f. m. the fucker of a pump, the embolus.

EMBOLSA'R, v. a. to put into a purfe.

EMBO'LSO, f. m. a putting of money in a purse.

EMBOLTO'RIO, f. m. a bundle, a pack, a fardel.

EMBOLVEDO'R, f. m. a toller, or wrapper.

EMBOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap up, to rell up.

Embotvér un nino, to dress a child in fwaddling cloaths.

Embolvés un hombre a otro, to wind a man about one's finger, to have an enrire ascendant over him.

EMBOLVIMIE'NTO, f. m. a rolling, or wrapping.

EMBO'N, f. m. the shearing of a ship.

EMBONA'R, v. a. to sheath a ship; to case it with thin boards,

and hair and tar laid between the fides, to keep the worms from eating through the planks.

EMBO'NO, f. m. among taylors, a piece of cloth that ferves to fortify a coat in the shoulders and other parts.

EMBO'QUE, f. m. the entring into a narrow place, or putting. any thing into a narrow eatrance.

Tenér la bóla en el emboque, to play the ball at billiards into the port ready to pass; metaph, to be upon the point of compassing an affair. EMBORLADO'R, f. m. a taffelmaker.

EMBORIA'R, v. a. to put taffels to any thing.

EMBORNA'LES, f. m. pl. the skupper holes in a ship, which are close to the decks, through the ship's fides, trough which the water runs out off the decks.

EMBORRACA'R, v. a. to lap a fowl in slices of fat bacon, to roaft it.

EMBORRACHADO'R, f. m. one who makes another drunk.

EMBORRACHAMIE'NTO, f.m. a making drunk.

EMBORRACHA'R, v. a. to make drunk.

Emborracharfe, v. r. to get drunk. EMBORRA'R, v. a. to fill any thing with flocks, as in stuffing of bedricks, or cushions.

EMBORRASCA'R, v. a. to make furious, or irritate, stir up. EMBORRICA'R, v. a. to make

an als of one.

Emborricarfe, v. r. to be embarrassed like an afs, that knows not whether to go forwards or backwards; to fland foolishly not knowing what to do.

EMBORRIZAR, to stuff with flocks; from borra, flocks. EMBORULLA'RSE, v. r. to con-

test, to reproach, to abuse. EMBOSCA'DA, s. f. an ambush.

EMBOSCA'R, v. a. to lay an ambush, to get into a wood. Emboscárse, v. t. to go into the wood; also to lay in ambush.

EMBOTADO'R, f. m. one that makes dull or blunt,

EMBOTADU'RA, f. f. a making blunt, or dull.

EMBOTAMPENTO, f. m. dulling or blunting.

EMBOTAR, v. a. to dull, or blunt.

EMBOTECE'R, v. a. to blunt, as to dull.

EMBOTIJARSE, v. r. to fwell with anger, to be in a frer, to fwell the cheeks with, cryng, as children do.

EMBOXAR, v. a. to lay the branches, that the filk-worms may climb and work their pods. EMBOZA'R, v. a. to cover the face, even to the eyes.

EMBO'ZO, f. m. any thing with which a man muffles up himfelf.

EMBRACILA'DO, adj. carried in the arms, as children.

EMBRAVECE'R, v. a. and n. to grow or make fierce.

Embravecérse, v. r. to be sierce, to be furious.

EMBRAVECIMIE'NTO, f. m. fiercenes, fury.

EMBRAZADU'RA, f. f. clasping in the arm; also the hold of a shield, or bucker.

EMBRAZA'R, v. a. to class with the arm, or hold on the arm.

Embreiar el esculo, to fix the buckler to the arm, by running the arm through the rings on the inside of it.

EMBREADGIR, f. m. he that tars ships.

EMBREADURA, f. f. tarring. EMBREAR, v. a. to 12r.

EMBREGA'RSE, v. r. obf. to r un into a quarrel.

EMBREANRSE, v. r. to hide, to thrust one's felf into' the briars and rocks.

EMBRIAGA'R, v. 2. to make drunk.

Embriagirse, v. r. to get drunk. EMBRL2'GO, adj. drunk.

EMBRIAGUE'Z, f. f. drunken-

EMBRIDAR, v. a. to bridle, to bit, to put the bridle upon a horse.

EMBRIQN, f. m. the embryo,

or embryon, the child before it is formed in the womb; any abortive conception of the mind, the flare of any thing yet unfinished.

EMBROCA'R, v. a. to pour on; also to slip, to slide, and drive full of small nails, as they do country shoes.

EMBROLLA, f. f. f. intricate manoeuvre, artful deceit; trick, or menagement.

EMBROLLADO'R, f. m. he that entangles and embroils by an unskilful, abfurd, or artful management.

EMBROLLA'R, v. a. to trouble, to embaras, to entangle.

EMBRUTECE'R, v. n. to grow brutish, beaftly.

Embrutecérse, v. r. to be brutish, to be beast.y.

EMBUCHA'R, v. 2. to swallow or put into the maw.

EMBUCIA'R, v. a. to eat and drink muck any voraciously.

EMBUDA'R, v. a. to put the funnel, to pour liquor through.
EMBU'DO, f. m. a tunnel or funnel to pour liquor through; also an imposition, cheat, deceit, fraud.

Embudes, f. m. pl. in cant, breeches.

EMBUE'LTO, p. p. of embolver, wrapped up.

EMBURUJA'R, v. a. to mix many things confusedly.

EMBU'STE, f. m. a fly lie, a cheat, an imposition, a falshood; also a witty saying or action of a young child.

Embustes, f. m. pl. any toys or jewels of little value.

mentative of embustero.

EMBUSTERILIO, f., m. diminutive of embustero.

EMBUSTE'RO, f. m. a lying prating person, a cheating fellow. EMBUSTIDO'R, f. m. a lying prating person.

EMBUSTI'R, v. 2. to cheat, to defraud, to lie, to goffip. EMBUTIDO'R, f, m. an inlaEMBUTIMIE'NTO, f. m. inlaying, or fluffing. EMBUTI'R, v. a. to fluff, and to inlay wood or flose.

EME

EME, f. m. a piece of timber, one end whereof is made fast to the end of the rudder and the other scomes into the ship, by which they steer the ship,

EME'LGA, f. f. the ridge or ground betwire two furrows; also a furt of fish.

EMELGA'R, v. a. to lay ploughed land in ridges.

EMENDA'BLE, adj. emendable, capable of emendation, corrigible.

EMENDACIO'N, f. f. amendment; correction, emendation.
EMENDADAME'NTE, adv. correctly.

EMENDADO'R, f. m. one that corrects or amends.

EMENDADU'KA, f. f. a correcting, or amending.

EMENDA'R, v. a. to correct, to amend.

EMERGE'NCIA, f. f. emergency, great necessity; also unexpected casualty.

EMERGE'NTE, adj. pressing hard, necessitious, difficult, emergent.

EME'RITO, adj. deferving, worthy of effeem.

EMERSIO'N, f. f. emersion.

EME'TICO, adj. emerick, emerical, having the quality of provoking vomits.

E M I

EMIE'NDA, f. f. amendment. EMIGRACIO'N, f. f. emigration, change of country,

EMIGRA'R, v. a. to emigrate, to remove from one place to another.

EMINE'NCIA, f. f. an eminence, a high place; also the title given to a cardinal.

EMINENCLA'L, adj. eminent, excellent.

EMINE'NTE, adj. eminent, lofty, high placed, remarkable.

EMINENTEME'NTE, adv. excellently, eminently.

LMISSARIO, f. m. an emiffary; also a hole.

EMISSIO'N, f. f. emission, letting out.

EMITI'R, v. 2. to emit, to let go, to fend forth.

E M.M

EMMADERA'DO, adj. covered with wood.

EMMADERAMIE'NTO, f. m. a covering with wood.

EMMADERA'R, v. a. to cover with wood a wall or any other thing.

EMMAGRECE'R', v. n. to grow lean.

-EMMALECE'R, v. n. to grow fick.

EMMANTA'R, v. a. to cover any thing with a blanket or cloak.

EMMA'R, v. a. to water the fails of a ship.

EMMARAñA'R, v. a. to embroil, to confuse, to entangle.

EMMARA'RSE, v. r. to go far off from the land; a sea-term. EMMARCHITA'BLE, adj. that can sade or wither.

EMMAROMA'R, v. a. to fasten with a rope.

EMMASCARA'R, v. a. to put on a mask, to difguife.

EMMELA'R. v. a. to anoint with honey.

EMMOCECE'R, v. a. obf. to revive, to make young again.
EMMOCHIGUAR, v. a. obf. to multiply, to increase the number of.

EMMOHECE'RSE, v. r. to be mouldy or rufty.

EMMOLLECE'R, v. a. to fof-

EMMUDECE'R, v. a. y n. to lofe the faculty or speak ing also to be filent; also to filence, to fill.

E M O

EMOCIO'N, f. f. trouble, diffurbance, emotion.

EMOLUME'NTO, f. m. profit or gain acquired by labour or fludy.

E M P

EMPACA'RSE, v. r. to be ful-

EMPACHADAME'NTE, 2dv. bashfully, also difficultly, troublesomely.

EMPACHA'DO, adj. bashful, ashamed; also hindered, obstructed.

EMPACHAMIE'NTO, f. m. bash fulness.

EMPACHA'R, v. a. to trouble, to obstruct, to disturb; also to put out of countenance.

EMPA'CHO, f. m. bashfulness, shamefacedness; also hindrance, obstruction.

Empácho de estimago, a surseit. EMPACHO'SO, adj. bashful.

EMPADRONADOR, f. m. he that registers people, or takes their names to pay taxes.

EMPADRONA'R, v. a. to register, to enter upon the roll to pay taxes.

EMPALAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cloying with meat.

EMPALAGA'R, v. n. to cloy with eating.

EMPALA'GO, f. m. a loathing. EMPALA'R, v. a. to empale.

EMPALIA'DA, f. f. the hanging of a church, fireer, or public place for fome great folemnity.

EMPALIA'R, v. a. to hang a church, fireet, or public place for fome folemnity.

EMPALIZA'DA, f. f. the palifades that goes round any fortified place.

EMPALIZAR, v. a. to palifade; that is, to plant great wooden flakes.

EMPALMADURA, f. f. a conjnction, a joining together.

EMPALMA'R, v. a. to join together two things.

EMPALOMA'R, v. a. to fasten the sails to the yards.

EMPANA'DA, f. f. a pye, a pafty.

EMPANADILLA, f. f. a little

EMPANAR, v. a. to put into

EMP And A'R, v. a. to cover the face with freckles; to fully or dull a looking glass with the breath.

EMPANTANA'R, v. a. to make, or put in a bog; to let out watter to drown the country.

EMP APAGAYARSE, v. r. to grow crooked like the parrous bill. Said of the note.

EMPAPA'R, v. a. to foak, to fleep.

EMPAPELA'R, v. a. to paper, to wrap or put up in paper.

EMPAPUJA'R, v. a. to fill up.

EMPAQUE, f. m. packing of goods for fea.

EMPAQUETA'R, v. a. to pack up goods.

EMPARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang, or ardorn with hangings. EMPARCHA'R, v. a. to plafter, to lay on plafters.

EMPAREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. an enclosing or shutting up between two walls.

EMPAREDA'R, v. a. to immure, shut up betwixt walls.

EMPAREJADU'RA, f. f. lean-

ing against; setting by the side of another.

EMPAREJA'R, v. a. to lean

against; to fet one thing by another; to make them alike.

EMPARENTA'R, v. n. to con-

tract kindred.

EMPARRA'DO, f. m. an arhour a wall or any place

bour, a wall, or any place covered with vines; from pana, a wall-vine.

EMPASTA'R, v. a. to make a paste.

EMPATA'R, v. a. to make equal or even.

EMPA'TE, f. m. a detention or fuspension of any thing.

EMPAVESA'DA, f. f. the nettings on the fide of a ship, or galley stuffed the with beds, or the like to defend the men against the small shot; also the parapet of a trench.

EMPAVESAR

EMPAVA'SAR, v. a. to make ready the ship for fight; from pavés, a shield.

EMPECEDE'RO, adj. prejudicial , hurtful.

EMPECEDO'R, f. m. the perfon who hurts another.

EMPECE'R, v. a. to let, to hinder, to obstruct; also to

EMPECIBLE, adj. that which may be obstructed, hindered; or hurted.

EMPECIL'NTE, adj. hurtful, prejudicial, injurious.

EMPECIMIE'NTO, f. m. obftruction, hindrance, hurt, da-

EMPEDERNECE'RSE. v. r. to petrify, to grow flony, flinty, or hardhearted.

EMPEDERNI'RSE, v. r. to petrify, to grow flony, or hardhearted.

EMPEDRADO'R, f. m. a pa-

EMPEDRADU'RA, f. f. a paving.

EMPEDRA'R, v. a. to pave. Empedrár la escudilla de cáldo , to cram a porringer of broth full of bread.

EMPEGADURA, f. f. a pitch-

ing.

EMPEGA'R, ∇ . a. to pitch. EMPE'INE, f. m. the inferior part of the belly; also the upper part of the foot; also the hoof of a hofe; also a tetter er ringworm.

EMPLINU'SO, adj. full of tet-

EMPELA'R, v. a. to begin to be hairy.

EMPELLA'R, v. a. to make into lumps, balls or clods.

EMPEILEJA'R, v. a. to cover with skin.

EMPELLE'R, v. a. to push, to

EMPELLICAR, \forall . a. to line. to cover with sheep or lambskins.

EMPELLON, f. m. a push, a thrust, a jostle.

EMPELOTARSE, v. r. to quar-

rel, to bawl out, to be in a confusion.

EMPERADAME'NTE, adv. tenaciously, floutly, viliantly, bravely, conrageoufly.

EMPEñAMIE'NTO , f. m. en engagement; also a taking in of pledges.

 $EMPE\bar{n}A'R$, \forall . a. to engage, to pawn.

Empeñár la palábra, to engage one's word.

Empenårfe, v. r. to tun in debt; alfo to engage, or oblige one's felf.

 $EMPE'\bar{n}O$, f. m. a pledging , or pawning.

EMPE'NTA, f. f. a prop, a shore, a stay, an holdfast.

EMPENTA'R, v. a. to push, to thrust, or jostle.

EMPEORAMIE'NTO, f. m. an impairing, making worfe.

EMPEORA'R, v. n. to impair, to make worse; from peor, wor-

EMPEQUERECE'R , ▼. 2. to grow flender or fmall.

EMPERADO'R, f. m. an emperor.

EMPERADORA, (f. f. an em-EMPERATRIZ, (press. EMPERCHA'R, v. a. to set on

a pearch.

EMPERDIGA'R, v. a. to finge a fowl or to bafte it with burning hot fat, as with burning bacon. EMPEREGILARSE, v. r. to

adorn or paint one's felf. EMPEREZA'R, v. n. to grow flotaful.

EMPERICA'DO, adj. with the head dressed after the fashion.

EMPE'RO, conj. but, neverthelefs.

EMPERRADAME'NTE, adv. doggedly.

EMPERRARSE, v. r. to grow dogged; from pérro, a dog. EMPEZAR, v. a. to begin.

E'MPIIASIS, s. m. an emphasis, or fixing accentilaid upon words in pronouncing them.

EMPHATICAME'NTE, adv. emphatically, firongly, forcibly, in a striking manner.

EMPHA'TICO, adj. emphatic.

EMPHITEO'SIS, f. f. the rent paid for land a man rakes upon condition to improve it.

EMPHITE'UTICO, f. m. land so let out upon condition to be improved by the tenant.

EMPIADADO, adj. obs. compassionate, merciful.

EMPICA'R, v a. to put a man to death with pikes; in old Spanish, to hang.

EMPICOTADURA, S. f. setting on the pillory.

EMPICOTA'R, v. a. to fet on the pillory.

EMPILA'R, ▼. a. to pile, or heap

EMPINADURA, f. f. raising or lifting up.

EMPINA'R, v. a. to raise, or lift up.

Empinar el jarro, to list up the pot. to see the bottom of it.

Empinár la campána, to raise the bell, fo that the mouth is upright. EMPI'NO, f. m. elevation, height. EMPIOLA'R, v. a. in falconry, to put on the hawk's legs the short leather straps called jessas.

EMPIREO, f. m. empireal the highest heaven.

EMPI'RICO, s. m. an empirick, a quack, a mountebank.

EMPIZARRA'R, v. a. to flate, to cover with flate.

EMPLASTADU'RA, f. f. a plastering.

EMPLASTA'R, v. a. to platter, to lay on plasters.

EMPLA'STO, f. m. a plaster. EMPLAZADOR, f. m. who fummons or cites to appear at a certain day.

EMPLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a fummons or warning to appear before the judges on an appointed day.

EMPLAZA'R, v. a. to fummon, to admonish, to appear, to cite; allo to appoint a day.

EMPLEAR, v. a. to employ: alfo to lay out money,

Emp earfe, v. r. to employ or bufy one's felf.

EMPLEITA, f. f. a coarse mat. EMPLE'O, f. m. a buying of any goods; also the trade or calling

Tom. L.

of any person; also employment, business office; in cant, thest.

EMP

EMPLOMA'R, v. a. to lead, or cover with lead.

EMPLUMA'R, v. a. to feather as hirds do; also to adorn with feathers.

Emplurair el fombréro, to wear a feather in one's hat.

Emplumár los virótes, to put feathers to shafts or arrows.

Emplumar una alcabueta, to daub a bawd from the waift upwards with tar, and then roll her in feathers, which makes her look like a monster.

EMPLUMECE'R, v. n. to begin to have feathers, to have the feathers come on, as young birds. EMPOBRECE'R, v. a. y n. to

make one poor; also to grow poor.

EMPODERAR, v. a. to impower, to get the power.

EMPODRECE'R, v. a. to rot.

EMPOLIADURA, f. f. hatching of
f. m. hatcheggs.

EMPOLLA'R, v. a. to fit to hatch chickens, as the hen does.

EMPOLVA'R, v. 2. to duft, or

caft dust on.

EMPOLVORAMIE'NTO, f. m.

bedusting. EMPOLVORA'R, v. n. to cast

dust on any thing.

EMPOLVORIZA'R, v. a. to cast

dust on any thing.

EMPONE'R, v. a. to teach, to

instruct to put upon. EMPONZOnADO'R, s. m. a poi-

EMPONZOLADO'K, I. m. a poifoner.

EMPONZOÃAR, v. a. to poison. EMPONZOÃOSO, adj. full of poison, poisonous.

EMPORCA'R, v. 2. to daub or dirt.

EMPO'RIO, f. m. a market-town, a place where any market or fair is kept.

EMPO'S, adv. after.

EMPOSTA, f. f. that part of a pillar in vaults and arches, on which the weight of the whole building lies.

ZMPOTRA'R, v. a. to prop, to shore up.

EMPOZA'R, v. a. to put or throw into a well.

EMPRERAR, v. a. to get wiht child.

Empr. ndrfe, v. r. to be got with child.

Emprendife de pálabras, to be big with words, to believe every thing that is faid.

Emprenars: los arboles, to bud. EMPRENDEDO'R, f. m. an undertaker.

EMPRENDE'R, v. 2. to undertake, to enterprize.

EMPRENSA'R, v. a. to prefs. EMPRE'NTA, f. f. a printinghouse.

EMPRE'SA, f. f. enterprize, undertaking, emblem, device.

EMPRESENTA'R, v. a. vide PRESE'NTAR.

EMPRESTA'R, v. a. to lend. EMPRE'STIDO, f. m. the act of lending, or the thing lent.

EMPRESTILLADO'R, f. m. who borrows money of every body with a design to cheat.

EMPRIMA'R, v. a. to prepare, dispose, or set in order; a term used by painters.

EMPRIMERA'R, v. a. to give the first place.

EMPRINGA'R., v. a to drop, to baste with bacon.

Prov. Aún no afámos, y ya empringámos, we do not yet roak, and are basting already; that is, we are too unseasonably hasty, and would have things before the proper season.

EMPRISIONA'R, v. a. to imprifon.

EMPUCHA'R, v. a. to dip any thing in lye to clean it.

EMPUE'S, prep. after.

EMPUJAMIE'NTO, f. m. a thrufting or pushing.

EMPUJA'R, \forall . a. to thrust, to push.

EMPUJO'N, f. m. a thruft, or

EMPULGADURA, f. f. the bending of a bow.

EMPULGA'R, v. a. to bend. EMPULGUE'RAS, f. f. pl. the notches at the ends of the bow in. which the fixing lies. Apretarie a uno las empulguéras, to press a man hard; to put a man on the rack.

EMPUnAD'OR, f. m. the man who grasps any thing in his fift. EMPUnADU'RA, f. f. a haft, or handle, the hilt of a sword.

EMPUñA'R, v. a. to grasp in the fift.

Empunde la espada, to lay hold of the Sword; to draw it.

EMPURPURA'DO, adj. dressed in purple, decorated with royal vestments.

EMPUTECE'R, v. n. to turn whore.

EMPY'REO, f. m. the empyrean, highest heaven.

Empyrea, adj. empyreal.

EMU

EMULACION, f. f. emulation, ftrife, envy, vying with another.

EMULADO'R, f. m. a rival. EMULA'R, v. a. to emulate, or to rival.

E'MULO, adj. rivalling, vying with.

E'mulo, f. m. competitor, rival, one that vies with another.

EMULSIO'N, f. f. an emultion, a cooling medicine.

EMUNCTO'RIOS, f. m. pl. emunctories, those parts of the body where any thing excrementitious is separated and collected.

E N

EN, prep. in.

E N A:

ENACIA'DO, adj. applied to one
who changes his religion or
principles of any kind.

ENAGENA'BLE, adj. that may be alienated.

ENAGENADO'R, f. m. he who aliemates.

ENAGENAMIE'NTO, f. m. alienating.

ENAGENAR, v. a. to alienate; from aginy a another man's: Enagenárse, v. r. to be beside one's self.

ENA'GUAS, f. f. pl. petticoats. ENAGUAZA'R, v. a. to water. ENAGUELA'R, v. n. to have a brood of grand children.

ENAGUILLAS, f. f. pl. diminutive of enaguas.

ENAJENACION, f. f. alienation.

ENAJENA'R, v. a. vide ENA-GENA'R.

ENALBA'R, w. a. to heat iron to fuch an extremity as to make it look white.

ENALBARDA'R, v. a. to put a pannel or pack-faddle on beaft. ENALBAYALDA'DO, adj. vide ENALVAYALDA'DO.

ENALGUACILA'DO, adj. bailiff-like.

ENALIENA'BLE, adj. that cannot be alienated.

ENALMAGRA'DO, s. m. a base fellow.

ENALMAGRAR, v. a. to mark, or colour with red oker.

Enalmagrar, y echar a estremo, to mark and lay assume as shepherds do their sheep. A saying of rakes and lewd sellows, signifying, to make use of a woman and lay her aside.

ENAMORADAME'NTB, adv. fondly, lovingly.

ENAMORADI'LO, f. f. m. eafily in love.

ENAMORA'DO, f. m. he who

is in love.

ENAMORADO'R, f. m. he who

enamours.
ENAMORAMIE'NTO, f. m. fal-

ling in love. ENAMORA'R, \forall . a. to make

ENAMUKA'K, v. a. to make love.

Enamorárse, v. z. to fall in love. ENAMORISCA'DO, adj. tickled with love.

ENAMORISCARSB, v. r. to have a touch of love.

ENANA, f. f. a she-dwarf, ENANCHA'R, v. a. vide EN-SANCHA'R.

ENA'NO, f. m. a dwarf.

Enán, in cant, a poignard.

ENA'NTHE, f. f. St. Mary's

thiffle, the white-thorn.

ENARBOLA'R, v. 2. to fet up an end a pike, colours, the mast of a ship, or any such thing.

ENARCADO'R, f. m. one that packs things into a cheft, or one that makes arches.

ENARCA'R, v. a. to put into a cheft, also to bow, to arch.

Enarcar las cijas, to bend the brows.

ENARDECE'R, v. a. to grow hot, to inflame.

ENARENA'R, v. a. to cover with fand.

ENARMONA'RSE, v. r. to fland an end, to rear as a horse does. ENARRACIO'N, s. f. a narration.

ENARTA'R, ▼. a. to squeeze, or press.

ENASPA'R, v. a. to firetch out the arm like a St. Andrew's crofs. EN AYU'NAS, adv. fasting.

E N B

EN BA'LDE, adv. in vain, to no purpose.

ENBARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish.

ENBASA'R, v. a. to vide EM-VASA'R.

ENBAUCA'R, v. a. vide EM-BAUCA'R.

ENBAZA'R, v. a. vide EMBA-ZA'R

ENBELESA'R, v. a. vide EN-VELESA'R.

ENBIDA'R, ▼. a. vide EMBI-DA'R,

ENBI'DIA, f. f. vide EMBI-

ENBITE, f. m. vide EMBITE. ENBIUDA'R, v. n. vide EMBIU-DA'R,

ENBOLVE'R, v. a. vide EM-BOLVE'R.

ENBRAVECE'R, v. n. vide EM-BRAVECE'R.

ENBUTI'R, v. a. vide EMBU-

E N C

ENCABALGA'R, v. 2. to breed horses.

ENCABALGA'NTE, f. m. one that rides.

ENCABELLA'DO, adj. that has much hair.

ENCABELLADU'RA, f. f. the hair of the head.

ENCABELLA'R, (v.n. to grow ENCABELLECE'R, hairy.

ENCABESTRA'R, v. a. to halter a beaft.

Encabefirárse la bestia, to put its foot over the alter, which puts a horse or mule in danger of hanging itself.

ENCABEZAMIE'NTO, f. m. enrolling, registering, taxing.

ENCABEZA'R, v. a. to register; to inroll, to tax.

ENCABEZONAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide ENCABEZAMIE'NTO. ENCABEZONA'R, v. a. vide EN-

CABEZA'R.

ENCABRIA'R, v. a. to place of dispose any thing orderly.

ENCACHA'R, v. a. to fix any thing in a wall, as iron, &c.

ENCADENADU'RA, f.f. a chair ENCADENAMIE'NTO, a chair ning.

ENCADENA'R, v. a. to chain.
ENCAESCER, v. n. obf. to be brought to bed of a child.

ENCAJA'R, v. 2. vide ENCA-XA'R.

ENCALABRIA'R, v. a, to pier-ENCALABRINAR, ce into the brain, as drunkenness,

ENCALADO'R, f. m. a plasterer, ENCALADU'RA, f. f. plastering of walls.

ENCALA'R, v. a. to plafter the walls, or the like.

ENCALLADE'RO, f. m. the shallow where a ship runs aground.

ENCALLADURA, f. f. running a-ground.

ENCALLA'R, v. a. to run a-ground.

ENCALLECE'R, v. n. to grow hard, or have a hard skin grow. ENCALLEJONA'DO, adj. blowing hard as if confined between two mountains: faid of the wind.

Well as by experience, to per-

Ĺlz

ceive, to be cunning or well skil-

ENC

ENCALMA'RSE, v. r. to tire, to Tuffocate with heat.

₹ v. n. to grow ENCALVA'R. ENCALVECE'R, bald.

ENCAMARA'R, v. a. to lay up corn in a granary.

ENCAMA'RSE, v. r. to put one's self in bed.

EN CAMBIO, adv. in exchange. ENCAMBRONA'RSE, v. r. to be very stiff or stately, so as not to turn one's head any way.

ENCAMINADU'RA, S. f. directing, putting into the way.

ENCAMINA'R, v. a. to direct, to put into the way.

Encaminarse, v. r. to take the road

ENCAMU'NO, f. m. direction, putting into the way.

ENCAMISA'DA, s. f. 2 camisade. ENCAMISA'DO, f. m. one that has put on a shirt over his cloa-

ENCAMPANA'R, v. a, in cant, to bully, to brave it.

Encampanarse, v. r. in cant, to play the boafting bragging fellow. ENCANA'DO, f. m. a duct, a waterduct.

ENCANALA'R, v. 2, to conduct, or convey by a canal.

ENCANA'RSE, v. r. to be under a great confernation, to grow or be stiff, or numb, to be void of motion or firength by surprise.

ENCANASTA'R, v. 2. to put into a basket.

ENCANCERA'R, v. a. to grow to a cancer.

ENCANDILADE'RA, f. f. 2.

ENCANDILADO'R, f. m. a sheat.

ENCANDILADO'RA , f. f. a

ENCANDILA'R, v. a. to light, to make burn bright; also to dazzle the eyes; to cheat, to impole.

ENCANECE'R, v. a. to grow greyheaded.

ENCARADU'RA, f. f. the reeds of corn kept to make ftraw beds, er for other ules,.

ENCARAR, v. n. to hem in with canes, or reeds.

ENCANA'R, v. a. to convey the water through pipes.

ENCAñONA'RSE, v. r. to be pinfeathered, to have the quills shoot out at moulting time.

ENCANIJA'RSE, v. r. to lessen, to diminish, to extenuate.

ENCANIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. & diminishing, leffening.

ENCANTACION, f. f. enchant-

ENCANTA'DO, adj. inchanted. Hombre encantado, a man that lives retired from the world, who converfes with no body.

Cása encantada, a house where all the people keep close, and things are kept secret as if they were inchanted.

ENCANTADO'R. f. m. an inchanter:

ENCANTADO'RA, f. f. an inchantress, witch, or forceress.

ENCANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. in-

ENCANTA'R, f. m. to inchant, to charm.

ENCANTARA'R, v. a. to put any thing in a pitcher or other vessel.

ENCA'NTE, (f. m. a public fale ENCA'NTO, of goods.

EN CANTIDA'D, adv. in a great quantity.

ENCA'NTO, f. m. an inchant-

ENCANTO'RIO, f. m. inchant-

ENCANTUSA'R, v. a. to cheat with flattering and dissembling words.

ENCARUTA'R, v. a. to form any thing hollow like a reed or pipe. ENCAPACE TA'DO, adj. armed with a helmet.

ENCAPACHADU'RA, f. f. the number or quantity of baskets placed upon one another.

ENCAPACHA'R, v. a. to put on or take upon one a porter's bas-

ENCAPA'R, v. a. to put on a 'cloak.

ENCAPERUZA'DO, adj. that has a cap, hood, or capouch on,

ENCAPILLA'R, v. a. to rig a

ENCAPIROTA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to an hood, or cowl, uled to cover the head when it rained.

ENCAPIROTA'R, v. a. to cover with a short cloak.

ENCAPOTA'DO de bjos, one that has great eyebrows that feem to cover his eye, one that has a lowring look.

ENCAPOTADURA, f. f. a lowring look.

ENCAPOTAMIE'NTO, f. m. 2 lowring look.

ENCAPOTA'R, v. a. to put on a great loose coat, to lows with the eyes.

ENCAPRICHA'RSE, v. r. to be capricious, to be obstinate in opinion.

ENCAPUZA'DO, adj. covered with a capuch, cloak, or bood. ENCARA'DO, adj. opposite, over-

against; face to face. Bien encarado, that has a good coun-

tenance. Mal ensarado , that as an ill face.

ENCARAMADU'RA, f. f. raising, ferting up high, extolling. ENCARAMA'R, v. a. to raise,

to fet up high, to extol. ENCARAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide

ENCA'RO. ENCARA'R., v. a. to fet face to face, to present a gun, to take

ENCARATULA'DO, adj. masked, disguised.

ENCARCAVINA'R, v. a. to fill' the head with some pestilential'

ENCARCAXA'DO, adj. armed. with a quiver.

ENCARCELA'R , v. a. to impri-

Maderos encarceládos unos con beros, timbers jointed or mortised one within another.

ENCARECEDO'R, f. m. ove that raises the price of things; that extels and magnifies above mea-

ENCARECE'R. v. a. to raise the price, to make dear; also to extol, to magnify.

ENCARECIDAME'NTE, adv. carneftly, preffingly.

ENCARECIMIE'NTO, f. m. growing dear, raising the price of things, an exaggeration.

ENCARGADAME'NTE, adv. greatly, earnefily, eagerly, exceedingly, very much.

ENCARGA'R, v. a. to give in charge, to recommend.

Eneargarse, v. r. to undertake. ENCA'RGO, f. m. charge, recommendation.

ENCARIA'RSE; v. r. to be affectionate, to effeem and love greatly.

ENCARNACIO'N, f. f. incarnating, growing toflesh; the incarnation of our Saviour. Among painters, it is giving the picture the flesh colour.

ENCARNADI'NO, adj. of the carnation colour, reddish.

ENCARNADU'RA, f. f. the hrowing in flesh.

ENCARNA'R, v. n. to become flesh, to incarnate.

Encarnár la herida, to grow up, and fill with new flesh as it heals-Encarnár, to flick in the flesh,

ENCARNECE'R, v. a. to grow or increase in flesh.

ENCARNIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. fleshing, bloodiness, cruelty, outrageousness.

ENCARNIZA'R, v. a. to flesh, to make bloody, cruel, or outrageous.

Encarnizárse, v. r. to grow cruel or unmerciful.

ENCA'RO, f. m. a looking upon attentively, or earnestly; also aiming a gun.

INCARRANCA'RSE, v. r. to prick or flick one's felf upon thorns, or other points.

ENCARRILA'R, v. a. to dired; to conduct any carriage in the proper track.

Encarrilár, (a fea-term) to choakwhen a running rope flicks in the block, either because it slipped between he cheeks and the shiver or upon any other occasion, they say the rope is choaked.

ENCARROAA'R. v. 2 to infect of cogrupt with putrefaction,

ENCARRUJA'RSE, v. a. to twine or wind about.

ENCARTACIO'N, f. f. outlawing, prescription, posting.

ENCARTAMIE'NTO, f. m. profcription, outlawry.

ENCARTA'R, v. a. to proclaim an outlaw, to post.

ENCASAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. fquare hollows left in the walls, in the shape of windows, either to ease the wall of weight, or for uniformity to answer windows.

ENCASA'R, v. a. to fet a bone that has been diflocated.

ENCASCABELA DO, adj. adorned with little bells.

ENCASQUETAR, v. a. to fix, to fettle, to make fast; also to fasten the hat on the head.

ENCASTILLA'DO, adj. made firong; got into a castie.

ENCASTILLA'RSE, v. r. to make one's felf ftrong, to get into a caftle; also to be obstinate.

ENCATIVA'R, v. a. obf, to make a captive of.

ENCAVALGAMIE'NTO de artil-Uria, a carriage for a great gun. ENCAVALGA'R, v. a. to mount cannon on the carriages, to fix finall arms on the flock.

ENCAVAR, v. a. to dig, to hollow.

ENCAXADO'R, f. m. he who puts any thing in a box; he who inferes any proverb in his difcourfe.

ENCANADURA, f. f. patting into a box; also fixing, thrushing in; persuading.

ENCAXA'R, v. a. to put in a box; to fix in, to thrust in.

Encarenne effe gobierno, y veran maravillas, let them thrust me into that government, and they shall see wonderful things.

Encira amigo, shake hands friend.

Encarárse en la cabeta una cosa, to
have any opinion fixed into the
head.

Encarafe, v. r. to meddle in any thing that does not concern one. Encarafeto en la cateça, he was fully perfuaded, he was politive in it. ENCA'XE, f. m. putting into a box; also fixing in thrushing in; persuading.

Encare, a narrow lace to put between the feams of fine lines; also any fort of laces.

Ley del encare, arbitrary law, law without precedent.

ENCAXONA'R, v. a. to inclose, to keep in a box.

ENCEBADAMIE'NTO, f. m. 2m infirmity contracted by a horse or mule that drinks too much after having caten too much.

ENCEBADA'RSE, v. r. to grow fick, as the horse does by eating too great a quantity of oats, and drinking water presently after.

ENCELA'R, v. a. to hide, to abscond.

ENCL'LLA, f. f. a basket to make cheele in.

ENCELLA'R, v. a. to make cheefe in a basket made of reeds.

ENCENAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. dirt, mire, flicking in the mire; inclination to vice.

ENCENAGA'R, v. a. to dirt, to mire, to flick in the mire; to be vicious.

ENCENCERRA'R, v. a. to hang a ball to a eow or a sheep about the neck.

ENCENDE'R, v. a. to kindle, to fet on fire.

Encender v las, to light candles.

Encender fuego entre unos y etros, to' fow diffention.

Encenderse en colera, to burn with

ENCENDIDAME'NTE, adv. hotly, fiercely, courageously.

ENCENDIDILLO, adj. fomewhat hot or ardent; reddening a little through paffion or shame.

ENCENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. kindling, fer on fire.

ENCENIZA'R, v. a. to cover with ashes.

ENCENSAR, v. a: to perfume with the smoke of frankincense. ENCENSARIO, s. m. a censer,

a thurible.

ENCENSUA'R, v. a. to give or receive a fum of money at inte-

reff.

ENCENTADU'RA, f. f. affaying, taffing, broaching.

ENCENTA'R, V. at to affay, to

taffe, to broach, to begin to eat | or drink of a thing.

ENCEPA'R, v. n. to take root. Encepár, v. a. to set a man in the

ENCERA'DO, f. m. a fear-cloth, or an oil-cloth, a window-fash; at fea, a tarpaulin, that is, a piece of canvas all tarred over to lay upon a deck or grating, to keep the rain from foaking through.

ENCERA'R, v. a. to wax any thing; in the sea language, to splice, that is, to make fast the ends of ropes one into another.

ENCEROTA'R, v. a. to wax a thread as the shoe-makers do.

ENCERRADE'RO, f. m. vide ENCERRAMIE'NTO.

ENCERRADO'R, f. m. who shuts or locks up any thing.

Muger encerrada, a retired woman. ENCERRADU'RA, a shutting or locking up; also retirement. ENCERRAMIE'N'TO, f. m. a shaming or locking up; also retiredness.

ENCERRA'R, v. a. to shut or lock up.

Encerrár la cofécha, to carry in the harvest.

Encerrar los toros, to put the bulls into the place made to keep them up for the bull-feast.

ENCERRO'NA, f. m. retirement, place voluntarily chosen to be retired from the world.

ENCESPEDA'R, v. a. to cover with feds or turfs.

ENCESTA'R, v. a. to put into a basket; to deceive with fair words. ENCHA, s. f. obs. a reparation of

damages, restitution. ENCHANCLETA'R, v. a. to

flip on shoes without pulling up the heels.

ENCHARCADURA, f. f. f. f. fopf.m. of water that it lies ping. in puddles.

ENCHARCA'R, v. a. to stop water till it lies in puddles, to make the ground full of puddles.

ENCHICA'R, v. a. obf. to make

ENCHIR, v. a. vide HINCHIR.

ENCIAS, f. f. pl. the gums. ENCIENSA'R, v. a. vide EN-CENSA'R.

ENCIENSA'RIO, f. m. vide EN-CENSA'RIO.

ENCIE'NSO, f. m. frankincense. ENCIE'NTE, adv. obf. before. EN CIERNE, adv. just ready to ripen.

ENCIE'RRO, f. m. a shutting or locking up.

ENCI'MA, adv. befides.

thing with ribbands.

Enclma, adv. upon, on the top. ENCIMA'R, v. a. to fet on the top, to raise up, to exalt. ENCI'NA, f. f. the holm oak. ENCINA'L, (f. m. a grove, or ENCINA'R, wood of oaks. ENCINTA'R, v. a. to adorn any

ENCLAUSTRA'DO, adj. shut up in a convent or monastery.

ENCLAVACIO'N, f. f, a nailing. ENCLAVADU'RA, f. f. a nai-

ENCLAVA'R, v. a. to nail, to cheat.

ENCLAVIJA'R, v. a. to pin or fasten with wood or iron pins, or to flick pins into a thing, as a musical instrument

Enclavijár los dédos, to clinch or fasten the fingers one within another.

ENCLENQUE, adj. bed-rid, so fick that he cannot stir out of

ENCLOBADO'R, f. m. obf. one that covers, hides, or conceals. ENCLOCA'RSE, v. r. to cluck as a hen does before she fets. to grow broody.

ENCLUECA'R, v. n. to grow broody, as a hen does.

ENCOBER TA'DO, adj. covered with a carpet, wrapped up in a

ENCOBIJA'R, v. a. to cover, to shelter.

ENCOBRI'R, v. a. vide ENCU-BRI'R.

ENCOGER, v. a. to shrink, to draw together, to withdraw; to

Encogérje, to shrink one's self up; to be bashful, or modest. ENCOGIDAME'NTE, adv. meanly, poorly, pitifully, lowly, humbly.

ENCOGIDO, adj. bashful, modeft.

ENCOGIMIE'NTO, f. m. shrinking, drawing together, withdrawing; bashfulness.

ENCOHETA'DO, adj. full of squibs.

ENCOJA'R, v. a. obf. to lame. ENCOLADURA, f. f. a glewing. ENCOLA'R v. a. to glew.

ENCOLERIZA'R, v. 2. to put in a passion, to anger.

ENCOLM.4'R, v. a. to heap above meafure.

ENCOLUNA'R, v. a. to place or adorn a place with pillars or columns.

ENCUMENZA'R, v. a. to begin. ENCOMENDADO'R, f. m. vide COMENDADOR.

ENCOMENDA'R, v. a. to recommend.

Encomendárse, v. r. to recommend one's felf; to fend compliments. ENCOMENDE'RO, f. m. a factor, one who is intrusted or has commission in the way of trade. ENCOMENZA'R', v. a. to begin. ENCOMIA'STICO, adj. encomiastick, panegirical.

ENCOMIL'NUA, f. f. a recommendation, a thing recommended; a spiritual living, especially. fuch as are bestowed on knights in commendam; it is also taken for the cross or badge of knightood worn by knights.

ENCO'MIO, f. m. encomium, commendation.

ENCONAMIE'NTO, f. m. feftering , rankling.

ENCONA'R, v. n. to fester, to rankle, as a fore does; to grow very difficult or troublesome.

ENCO'NO, f. m. vide ENCER-RAMIENTO.

ENCONOSO, adj. that can occafion damage to any part of the body; also hurtful, harmful, noxious.

ENCONTADO, s. m. the jutting out stone on which any thing refts; stones that stick out orderly in a wall,

ENCONTA'R, v. a. to prop, .

shore, to buttress.

ENCONTINE'NTE, adv. obf. immediately, presently.

ENCO'NTRA, adv. contrary to our defire or expectation, or to what was faid or done.

ENCONTRADAME'NTE, adv. contrary, in opposition.

ENCONTRA'RIO, adj. contrary, opposite.

ENCONTRA'R, v. a. to meet.

Encontrarfe con las lanças, to tilt
with lances.

Encontrarfe en los pensamientos o optiniónes, to differ in opinion.

Encontrarje en palibras, to come to hard words, to thwart one another.

Encontrárse en la calle, to meet in the street.

ENCONTRO'N, f. m. a jostling. ENCORAJA'DO, adj. angry, passionate.

ENCORA'R, v. a. to cover with skin or with leather.

ENCORCHA'R, v. a. to put the bees in the hive.

ENCQRDA'R, v. a. to string a musical instrument or the like.

ENCORDELA'R, v. a. to cord a bed or the like.

ENCO'RDIO, f. m. a swelling on the groin, a babo.

ENCORDONAR, v. a. to tie, to fasten, to adorn with silk twifts or braids.

ENCORECE'R, v a. vide EN-CORAR.

ENCORNA'R, v. a. to tip with orn.

ENCORNIJAMENTO, f. m. the run of a cornice along any edifice or patt of an edifice.

ENCORNUDAR, v. a. to have the horns fprout out or begin to

ENCOROZA'R, v. a: to put a paper cap like a mitre on an offender's head, when exposed in the streets, proclaiming his crime.

ENCORPORA'R, v. a. to incorporate, to make a member of a community; or to mix things fo together, that they cannot be diffinguished.

Encorporatse en la cama, to sit up in the bed.

ENCORRAL, adv. in cant, laid aside, cast by into a corner.

ENC

ENCORRE'R, v. n. to incur. ENCORTAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. the act of shortening or curtailing

ENCORTINA'R, v. a. to hang curtains about a bed, to hang a room.

ENCORVA'DA, f. f. the herb

Encorvada, f. f. an ancient fort of dance.

ENCORVADURA, f. f. bowing, bending.

ENCORVAMIE'NTO, f. m. bowing, bending.

ENCORVA'R, v. a. to bow, to bend.

ENCOSADURA, f. f. the edge or hemming made of different fluffs.

ENCOSTRACIO'N, f. f. in architecture, the inward shell or cruft, or infide ornament in a firucture, whether it be of fine flone, wainfoot, or plaister.

ENCOSTRADU'RA, f. f. the hardness that fometimes grows over a fore.

ENCOSTRA'R, v. a. to grow over with a crust, as the hardness over a fore.

ENCOVA'R, v. a. to shut up in a cellar, cave, or den; from cuéva, a cellar.

ENCOXA'RSE, v. r. to grow lame by any hurt.

ENCRESPADI'LLO, adj. fourish, fornewhat peevish, of a nature fornewhat tending to afperity.

ENCRESPADO'R, f. m. a curling iron.

ENCRESPADU'RA, f. f. a curling of hair.

ENCRESPAMIE'NTO, f. m. curling of hairs.

ENCRESPA'R, v. a. to curl. ENCRE'SPO, f. f; a curling of hair.

ENCRE'STAR, v. a. to have a creft grow, or make a creft.

ENCRISNEJA'DO, adj. clotted together like hair; also the mane of a stone-horse standing up like

a feather; also wattled or wove like hurdles.

ENCRUCIJA'DA, f. f. a crofs-way.

ENCRUDECE'R, v. a. to grow raw; to grow cruel; to rankle as a wound.

ENCRUELECE'R, v. a. to grow cruel.

ENCUBA'R, v. a. to put into a barrel, cask, or vat.

ENCUBERTA'R, v. a. to hang rooms, to cover with cloth, or the like; also to cover horses with black cloth or bays for mourning, or to put on them rich trappings.

ENCUBIERTAME'NTE, adv. fecretly; also perfidiously.

ENCUBIE'RTO, p. p. of encubir. ENCUBREDI'ZO, adj. that may be concealed or kept fecret.

ENCUBRIDO'R, f. m. one that conceals or hides.

ENCUBRIDO'RA, f. f. a bawd. ENCUBRIMIE'NTO, f. m. a concealing or hiding.

ENCUBRIA, v. a to conceal, to hide, to keep fecret.

ENCUCA'R, v. a. a cant word, to drink.

Encucár, v. a. to gather and keep chesnuts, nuts, &c.

ENCUE'NTRO, f. m. encounter, meeting with the lances as horsemen do; also opposition, difficulty, contradiction.

Satir at encuentro, to go and look for the enemy, to fight him. ENCULPA'R, v. a. to blame.

ENCUMBRA'DO, adj. high, lofty; also extolled, lifted up.

ENCUMBRADUR'A, C.f. rifing, ENCUMBRAMIE'NTO, af-C. m. af-

fleepness of any way to carry off the water, or for any other purpose.

ENCUMBRA'R, v. a. to tift or raife high; also to extol; from cumbre, the top.

ENCUNA'DO, adj. full and co-

ENCUñA'R, v. a. vide ACUñA'R. ENCURTI'R, v. a. to pickle or feafon cucumbers. 272

ENCYCLOPEDI'A, f. f. univerfal learning.

END

ENDE, adv. obf. there, thence. ENDE'BLE, adj. weak, feeble. ENDECA'GUNO, f. m. a figure of eleven angles.

ENDECASI'LLABO, adj. of eleven fyllables.

ENDE'CHA, f. f. dirge, mournful ditty, fung over the dead bodies.

ENDECHADE'RA, f. f. a woman hired to mourn at a funeral. ENDECHA'R, v. a. to mourn at

ENDECHE'RAS, f. f. women hired to mourn at funerals.

ENDEDU'RA, f. f. vide MEN-DEDU'RA.

ENDELGADECE'R, v. n. to grow thin or lean.

ENDEMASI'A, adv. in excess. ENDEMONIA'DO, f. m. one possessed with the devil.

ENDEMONIA'R, v. a. to possels with the devil: also to pur a man in a great passion and fury.

ENDENTAR, v. a. to fasten one thing with another; a sea-term. ENDENTECER, v. n. to cut the teeth, to have the teeth grow, as in children.

Prov. Quién présto endentéee, présto hermanèce, the child that cuts his teeth early, has soon a brother or sister; because when the child has teeth, and hurts the mother's breast, she weans him, and then is apt soon to be with child.

ENDEREZADAME'NTE, adv juftly, rightly, equally.

ENDEREZADE'RA, f. f. a straight way.

ENDEREZADO'R, f. m. who guides or directs in the straight

ENDEREZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a ftraight path or way.

ENDEREZA'R, v. a. to make straight.

Endereilar, v. a. to compound, to put in order; also to direct.

Enderezarse, v. r. to compose, to put one's self in order.

ENDERE'ZOTE, I fet you right; an expression used by chess or draughts players, when they touch a man they do not design to play.

ENDEUDA'RSE, v. r. to contract debts.

ENDIABLA'DA, f. f. a chearful kind of masquerade, in which people difguise themselves like devils.

ENDIABLA'R, v. 2. to posses with the devil; also to corrupt, to pervert.

ENDIBIA, f. f. endive, fuccory; an herb.

E'NDICO, f. m. vide AnIL.

ENDILGA'DOK, f. m. a pimp ENDILGA'R, v. a. to direct, to fet right in the way; also to direct, to guide, to make easy, to persuade.

ENDIOSAMIE'NTO, f.m. pride, haughtiness.

ENDIOSA'R, v. a. to deify, to exalt to divine honours.

Endiojarfe, v. r. to grow vain and haughty.

ENDIVIA, f. f. vide ENDIBIA. ENDOLL'NCIA, f. f. obf. ficknefs, anguish, trouble.

ENDONA'K, v. a. obf. to give, to bestow.

ENDOSSA'R, v. a. to write a character in favour of another; to endorse one man's note over to another.

ENDO'SSO, f. m. an endorsement of a note; also a character.

ENDRIA'GO, f. m. a word used only in romances, fignitying a strange monster.

ENDRI'NA, f. f. a damfon.

ENDRI'NO, f. m. a damfon-

EN DU'DA, adv. in doubt, doubtfull.

ENDULZADU'RA, f. f. fweetening.

ENDUIZA'R, v. a. to sweeten. Finduc'ar la pintura, to sweeten a piece of painting, to take down the harshness of it that appears to the eye. ENDULGI'NCIA, f. f. obf. vide INDULGL'NCIA.

ENDURA'R, v. a. to grow hard, to be loath to do a thing.
ENDURECE'R, v. a. to grow

hard.

ENDURECIMIE'NTO, f. m. growing hard.

ENE

ENE'A, f. f. a fort of flag, of which they make mats.

ENEA'GONO, f. m. a figure in geometry confifting of nine angles.

ENEA'TICO, adj. belonging to the number nine.

ENEBRA'L, f. m. the place where juniper-trees grow.

ENE'BRO, f. m. tho juniper-

ENECHA'DO, f.m. obf. a foundling, a child laid out.

ENECHA'R, v. a. to lay a child to be taken up; also to cleanse wheat.

EN EFE'TO, adv. in effect, in conclusion, in short.

ENE'LDO, f. m. the herb dill. ENEMI'GA, f. f. fometimes is

taken fort enmity, sometimes for a semale enemy, and in poetry used for an unkind mistress.

ENEMIGABLE, adj. hateful. ENEMIGADE'RO, adj. obs. ini-

mical, hostile.

ENEMIGAML'NTE, adv. like
an enemy, hatefully.

ENEMIGA'R, v. n. to make of become enemies.

ENEMI'GO , f. m. an enemy.

Prov. Al enemigo que huye, la puente de piâta, make a filver bridge for your enemy; that is, hinder not his flight, lest despair make him turn the more furious upon you.

Prov. De los enemigos los ménos, of enemies the fewer the better; we must make as few enemies as we can.

Prov. Quien ses tu enemigo t el hómbre de su oficio, who is your enemy t the man that is of your

trade;

trade; that is, two of a trade can never agree.

Enemigo, adj. contrary, opposed, adverse.

ENEMISTAD, f. f. enmity.

ENEMISTANZA, f. f. enmity. ENEMISTA'R, y. a. to grow an enemy.

Enemistarse, v. r. to be at enmity with another.

ENERGIA, f. f. energy, ftrength of expression; also force, vigour.

ENERGICAME'NTE, adv. with force and energy, efficaciously.

ENERGUMENO, f. m. possessed by the devil.

ENERIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. briftling, the hair flanding up at an end.

ENERIZA'R, w. n. to briffle, to frand up an end as in a fright.

ENE'RO, f. m. January, the first month of the year.

ENERVA'R, v. a. to enervate, to weaken.

ENEXA'R, v. a. to put the axle-tree to a cart, waggon, or the like.

ENF

ENFADA'R, v. a. to put out of humour, to tire, to difgust, to offend.

ENFA'DO, f. m. uneafines, difquiet, disturbance.

ENFADOSAME'NTE, adv. uneafily.

ENFADO'SO, adj. troublefome, tirefome, difguffing, uneafy.

ENFALDARSE, v. r. to tuck, or truss up the coat.

ENFA'LDO, f. m. the folding up of any garment

ENFARDELA'R, v. a. to fardle, to make up into a bundle, or fardle.

ENFASTIDIA'R, V. a. obf. vide ENFASTIDIA'R, ENFA-

ENFEA'R, v. n. to be ugly, or deformed.

ENFERMA'R, v. n. to grow fick.

ENFERMEDA'D, f. f. fisknefs.

Tom. 1.

ENFERMERI'A, f. f. an apartment for the fick, an infimary.

ENFERME'RO, f. m. he that has charge of the fick.

ENFERMI'ZO, adj. fickly.

ENFERMO, adj. fick; also weak, feeble; also unhealthy.

ENFEROZA'R, v. a. to make fierce or cruel.

ENFERVORIZA'R, v. 2. to stir up., raise, or excite.

ENFEUDACIO'N, f. f. the laying on a fee, as on a fee-farm or copyhold; infeudation.

ENFIA'R, v. a. to truft,

ENFILA'DAS, f. f. pl. in heraldry, hollow things, hollow parts.

ENFILA'R, v. a. to fland in a line, to keep up the files.

ENFIN, adv. in fine, in short. EN FINTA, f. f. fiction, deceit, counterfelt.

ENFINTO'SO, adj. deceitful, crafty, cunning, subtle.

ENFISTOLA'RSE, v. t. to be afflicted with a fiftula.

ENFIUCIA'RSE, v. r. to confide, or trust in any one.

ENFLAQUECE'R, v.n. to grow lean, to grow weak.

ENFLAUTADOR, f. m. a deceitful, cheating fellow; a pimp, a pander.

ENFLAUTADO'R, f. m. one who entices or allures to vice; a pimp.

ENFLAUTAR, v. a. to entice, to allure to wickedness.

ENFLORECE'R, v. a. to deck with flowers, to adorn with flowers.

ENFORCA'R, v. a. to hang. ENFORRA'R, v. a. vide AFOR-RA'R.

ENFORRADU'RA, f. f. the lining of any thing.

ENFORRA'R, v. a. to line a garment with or without furs.

ENFORRO, f. m. obf. lining put to garments.

ENFORTALECE'R, v. a. to fortify.

ENFOSCA'RSE, v. r. to trouble, to rail's into a passion, to look perplexed or angry.

ENFOTA'RSE, v. r. to encourrage, to fet on.

ENFRASCA'RSE, v. r. to flick fast or be entangled; also to apply one's felf.

ENFRENADO'R, f. m. one whe bridles or curbs.

ENFRENAMIE'NTO, f. m. a bridling or curbing.

ENFRENAR, v. a to bridle to curb, also to contain, to reftrain, to repress, to keep in awo.

ENFRE'NTE, adv. over against.

ENFRIADE'RA,

a vessel to
coot drink

f. f.

ENFRLADO'R, f. Sin fact or ice.

ENFRIAMIE'NTO, f. m. a cooling or reminissness of hear.

ENFRIA'R, v. a. to cool. Enfidere, v. r. to flicken, togrow cold in any business.

ENFROSCA'RSE, v. r. vide EN-FRASCA'RSE.

ENFUNDADU'RA, f. f. putting into a case.

ENFUNDA'R, v. a. to put into . a case.

ENFURECE'R, v. a. to inrage, to make mad, to make furious, ENFURIA'RSE, v. r. to grow furious, to be inraged.

ENFURTIR, v. a. to thicken a cloth at the fulling-mills.

ENFURUAA'RSE, v. r. to be exafperated, or incenfed. Vulgar.

ENG

ENGABANA'DO, adj. covered with a great loofe coat.

ENGABIA'R, v. n. to go up, to ascend.

ENGA'CE, f. m. connexion, coherence, joining together.

ENGAFA'R, v. 2. to fix or make faft with an hook or anchor, ENGAFECE'R, v. n. to grow leprous.

ENGAITADO'R, f. m. deceiver, impostor, cheat.

ENGAITA'R, v. a. to cheat, to deceive, to celude by promifer.

ENGALANA'R, v. a. to adorn, to fet off, to make fine on

M m

gay.

ENGELLA'DO, adj. erect, straight, flanding up.

ENGANCHADO'R, f. m. the person who entices or wheedles another to enlist for a soldier.

ENGANCHAMIE'NTO, f. m. decoying of people to enlift themfeives.

ENGANCHA'R, v. 2. to catch by a hook; to decoy people to enlist themselves for soldiers.

ENGARADIZO, adj. easy to deceive, or so be deceived.

ENGARADO'R, f. m. deceiver,

ENGARAR, v. a. to deceive, to cheat, to cozen.

Prov. El trampóso presto engaña al codicióso, the sharper soon cheats, the covetous man.

Engañárse, v. r. to err, to mista-

ENGAnIFA, f. f. deceit, deceitful promise.

ENGAñO, f. m. deceit, fraud. ENGAñOSAME'NTE, adv. deceitfully, fraudulently.

ENGAñO'SO, adj. deceitful, fraudulent.

ENGARABATA'R, v. a. to take with a hook,

ENGARBA'R, v. a. to perch on the tops of the highest trees.

ENGARBULLA'R, v. a, to intangle, to confound, to work in a hurry.

ENGARGANTA'R, v. a. to run the foot up to the instep into the flirrup' which is unseemly.

ENGARITA'R, v. a. to deceive with art.

ENGARRAFA'R, v. a. to grapple, to catch with a hook or with the claws.

ENGARZA'R, v. a. vide EN-GAZAR.

ENGASTA'R, v. a. to set, as a stone in a ring or the like.

ENGA'STE, f. m. the fetting of stones in rings or the like.

ENGASTONA'R, v. a. vide EN-GASTA'R.

ENGATAR, v. a. to infnare, or to catch as a cat does a mouse. ENGATUSA'R, v. a. to cheat in a bantering way, without a defign of injuring. Yulgar,

ENGAVILLA'R, v. a. to bind up like faggots or brush-wood.

ENGAZADO'R, f. m. f. the perfon who strings beads in a wire. ENGAZA'R, v. a. to string beads in wire, linking every bead to the next.

ENGENDRA'BLE, adj. that can be engendered, or begotten.

ENGENDRADO'R, f. m. he that begets, or engenders.

ENGENDRA'R, v. a. to beget, to engender, to procreate; also to produce, to form; also to excite, to cause.

ENGL'NDRO, f. m. an embryo-ENGERE'RO, f. m., an engineer, a person skilled in the art of fortification; one that makes any forts of strange engines.

ENGERA'R, v. n. to contrive, to mediate, to invent.

ENGE'āIO, (f. m. vide IN-ENGERO, & GE'NIO. ENGERO'SO, adj. vide INGE.

NIO'SO.

ENGERI'R, v. a. to graft.

ENGIBACAI'RE, f. m. in cant, a procurer, a pimp.

ENGIBADO'R, f. m. in cant, ruffian, bully, pimp.

ENGIBA'R, v. a. in cant, to keep, to receive.

ENGIE, f. m. a fish like a lam-

ENGLANDA'DO, adj. loaded. with acorns.

ENGOLFA'R, v. n. to launch out into the deep, to get far out to fea; to plunge into any busi-

ENGOLILLA'DO, adj. dressed in a ruff.

ENGOLLETA'DO, adj. proud, elate; haughty.

ENGOLONDRINA'RSE, v. r. to intrude without any manners.

ENGOLOSINA'R, v. a. to allure, to entice, to awake desire.

Engolofinarse, v. r. to be coverous or greedy of a thing one has tafted, to desire it.

ENGOMADE'RO, adj. that may be starched or gummed.

ENGOMADO'R, f. m. a man that gums or flarches,

ENGOMADURA, f. f. the act of flarching or gumming.

ENGOMA'R, v. s. to gum, to

ENGORA'R, v. a. to addle, to make addle.

ENGORDADO'R, f. m. he that minds nothing but good eating. ENGORDA'R, v. a. to fatten, to make fat; to grow rich.

Engordár, v. n. to grow fat. ENGORDECL'R, v. n. to grow

ENGORGONA'DO, adj. run into a dangerous gulph of the fea. ENGO'RRA, f. f. obstruction, hindrance, perplexity, trouble. ENGORRA'R, v. 2. to obitrutt, to hinde, to trouble, to perplex.

ENGO'RRO, f. m. trouble, obftruction, hindrance.

ENGORRO'SO, adj. troublesome, perplexing, obstructing, hindering.

ENGOZNA'R . v. a. to hinge, to put on hinges.

ENGRACIA'R, v. 2. to be pleafant, or agreeable.

ENGRANDECEDO'R, f. m. 2 magnifier, one that makes great or aggrandizes.

ENGRANDECE'R, v. 2. to mag. nify, to aggrandize, to make great, to extol.

ENGRANDECIMIE'NTO, f. m. magnifying, aggrandizing, making great, extolling.

ENGRASSA'R , v. a. to greafe, ENGRAVEDA'R, v. a. to affect gravity.

ENGREIMIE'NTO, f. m. vanity, pride, haughtiness.

ENGREA'R, v. a. to please, to rejoice, to encourage, to be vain.

Engreisse, v. r. to grow vain; also to dress one's felf.

ENGRIFA'RSE , v. r. to fwell. ENGROSSAR, v. n. to grow fat. ENGRUDADO R, f. ni. itarcher, one who pastes or thickens with starch.

ENGRUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. 2 pasting or flicking any thing with paste or starch.

ENGRUDA'R , v. a, to paste , to flarch,

ENGRUDO, f. m. flarch, pafte made of flour and water to flick things together.

ENGRUDO'SO, adj. daubed with paste or starch.

ENGRUMECE'R, v, a. to clot together, to cling, or harden together, to congeal like blood, or the like.

ENGUALDRAPA'R, v. a. to put a cloth over a horse, to caparison.

ENGUANTA'DO, adj. with gloves on.

ENGUEDEXA'R, v. a. to put on locks, or to dress the hair. ENGUICHA'DO, adj. an epithet given in heraldry to trumpets and huntinghorns.

ENGUIJARRA'R, v. a. to pave the streets with pebbles.

ENGUILA, f. f. vide ANGUI-LA.

ENGUIRNALDA'R, v. 2. to adorn with crowns of flowers.
ENGUIZGA'R, v. 2. to stir up, to excite, to egg on; also to persuade earnestly to do any thing.

ENGULLIDO'R, f. m. one that fwallows without chewing, a cormorant, a devouring fellow.

ENGULLI'R, v. a. to fwallow without chewing, to dewour.

without chewing, to devour.

ENGURRIA, f. f. the strangury, a difficulty in making
vater.

ENGURRIADO, adj. troubled with the strangury; also wrink-led.

ENGURRIAMIE'NTO, 'f. m. wrinkling; flopage of the uri-

ENGU'RRIO, f. m. the strangury.

ENGURUñA'RSE, v. r. to be melancholy, fad.

ENH

ENHADA'R, v. a. vide ENFA-DA'R.

ENHAMBRECE'R, v. n. to be hungry.

ENHAMBRENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. hungring, or making hungty.

ENHAMBRENTA'R, v. 2. to make hungry.

ENHARINA'R, v. a. to sprinkle with flour or meal.

ENHASTA'R, v. a. to put the fpear or iron point to a lance, pike, or other weapon.

ENHASTIA'R, v. a. to cloy, or have a loathing to meat.

ENHASTIO, f. m. a loathing. ENHASTIO'SO, adj. loathing.

ENHEBRA'R, v. a. to thread, as filk, or thread in a needle.

ENHECHIZADO'R, f. m. a wizard, conjurer, inchanter.

ENHECHIZA'R v. a. to here.

ENHECHIZA'R, v. a. to bew-itch.

ENHENA'R, v. a. to cover, or pack up with hay.

ENHERBOLA'R, v. a. to poifon any thing with herbs.

ENHESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. rearing up, fetting up at an end.

ENHESTA'R, v. a. to rear up, to fet up an end.

ENHETRADURA, f. f. f. ENHETRAMIE'NTO, f. m. perplexing.

ENHETRA'R, v. a. to intangle, as filk or hair does; to perplex, to confound, to diforder.

ENHIELA'R, v. a. to mix with gall.

ENHIESTADO'R, f. m. one that rears, fets, or carries a thing upright.

ENHIE'STO, adj. reared up, fet, or flanding upright.

ENHILAR, v. a. to thread as a needle.

ENHOCA'R, v. a. to make hollow.

ENHONDA'R, v. a. to deepen ENHORCA'DO, f. m. a wag, an arch fellow; also a rope of onions or garlick.

ENHORABUE'NA, f. f. congratulation.

ENHORAMA'LA, adv. in an ill hour, unfeafonably, with bad fuccess.

ENHORCA'R, v. a. to hang. ENHORMA'R, v. a. to put upon the last, as shoes to be street-

ENHORNADURA, f. f. putting into the oven.

ENHORNA'R, v. a. to fet intothe oven.

ENHUERA'R, v. a. to make eggs addle.

ENI

ENIGMA, f. m. a riddle, an obscure question.

ENIGMATICO, adj. enigmatical, in the nature of a riddle, obscure, darkly, or ambiguously expressed.

ENIGMATI'STA, f. m. one who deals in obfcure and ambiguous expressions, conceits, or matters.

ENIVELADURA, f. f. draweing by rule or line.

ENIVELAR, v. a, to draw by rule or line.

E N J

ENJAEZA'R, v. a. to trap, to furnish a horse.

ENJAGUA'R, v. 2. vide EN.
JUAGA'R.

ENJALBEGADO'R, f. m. the person who whiteas the wall, a plaisterer.

ENJALBEGAR, v. a. to whiten or white-wash the walls; also to paint the face as women do.

ENJAMBLADO'R, f. m., an inlayer; also a joiner.

ENJAMBLA'R, v. a. to inlay in wooi.

ENIA'MBRE, f. m. vide EN-XA'MBRE.

ENJAULAMIE'NTO, f. m. the flate of being shut up in a cage, prison, or jail.

ENJAULA'R, v. a. to put into

Enjaular una chia, to raise all the frame of a house of timber, in order to board, lath, or plaister it afterwards.

ENJIBADO'R, f. m. in cant;

Mm 2

ENJIBA'R, v. n. in cant, to receive, to keep.

ENJORGINA'RSE, v. r. to black one's face with foot.

ENJOYA'R, v. a. to adorn with

ENJUAGADIE'NTES, f. m. the rinfing of the mouth with water or any thing elfe.

ENJUAGADURAS, f. f. the rinfings of any thing.

ENJUAGA'R, v. a. to rinfe.

ENJUA'GUE, f. m. the water. or other liquor put into the mouth to rinse it.

ENJUANETA DO, adj. full of corns on the fingers or toes.

ENJUGA'R, v. a. to dry.

ENJUICIA'R, v. a. to judge a fuit in law.

ENJUNCA'R la vela, v. a. to lash fast the Sail.

ENJU'NDIA, f. f. vide EXU'N-DIA.

ENJUNQUE, f. m. heavy matters put, at the bottom of a ship which ferves fometimes as ballaft.

ENJU'TO, adj. dry.

ENL

ENLABIADO'R, f. m. a fawning fellow, one that deceives with fair words, a tongue-pad. ENLABIA'R, v. 2. to fawn, to deceive with fair words, to tongue-pad.

ENLA'BIO, f. m. a flattering, fawning, or deceiving with fair words.

ENLA'CE, f. m. connexion, coherence, joining together.

ENLADRILLADO'R, f. m. one that lays bricks or siles, a brick-

ENLADRILLA'R', v. a. to lay bricks or tiles for floors, or the

· ENIAMA'R, v. a. to leave the slime or mud upon the furface of the place it has overflowed.

ENLARDA'R, v. a. to lard or baste with bacon.

ENLATA'DO, adj. plated with metal; also ribbed as the sides of ships.

ENLAVIA'R, v. a. vide ENLA-BIA'R.

ENLAZA'BLE, adj. that may be tied or knotted.

ENLAZADO'R, f. m. one who ties or infnares.

ENLAZADU'RA, f. f. Stying, ENLAZAMIE'NTO, f. m. 5 joining together; also union and friendship.

ENLAZAR, v. a. to tie, to join together, to knot.

ENLERDA'R, v. n to grow flow, heavy, or dull.

ENIEVAR, v. 2. vide ELE-VAR.

ENLIGA'R, v. a. to daub, to flick with bird-lime.

ENLIRIA'R, v. a. to adorn with

ENLIZA'R, v. a. to make imo-

ENLIENA'R, \forall . a. to fill. ENLOBA'R, v. n. to grow hungry or greey as a wolf. ENLODA'R, v. a. to bemire,

to daub with mud or mire. ENLOQUECE'R, v.n. y a. to

grow or make mad or diffrac-

ENLOSA'R, v. a. to pave with broad stones.

ENLOZA'R, v. a. vide ENLO-

ENLOZANA'RSE, v. r. to boaft, to presume, to take upon one's; felf too much, to be proud, vain, and haughty.

ENLUCI'R, v. a. to white-wash the walls; to make bright.

EN LUGA'R, adv. instead. ENLUTA'R, v. a. to put into mourning.

E N M

ENMADERAMIE'NTO, f. m. wooden work, or doing any thing with whod

ENMADERA'R, v. a. to build, to firengthen, to do any thing with wood.

ENMAGRECE'R, v. B. to grow

ENMARAñA'R , v. a. to intangle, to perplex,

ENMARA'RSE, v. r. to put out

ENMASCARA'R, v. 2. to mask. EN MEDIO, adv. in the midd-

ENMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to correct, to rectify, to make or grow better.

ENMERDAR, v. a. to daub with ordure or dung.

ENMIE'NDA, f. f. amendment. No tenèr enmiénda, to be incorrigible, past mending.

ENMUCECL'R, v. n. to grow

ENMOHECE'RSE, v. r. to grow mouldy.

ENMORDAZA'R, v. a. vide A-MORDAZA'R.

ENMUDECE'R, v. n. to grow dumb, to have nothing to say for one's felf.

ENN

ENNEGRECE'R. v. a. to make or grow black. ENNIVELA'R, v. 2. vide ENI-VELA'R. ENNOBLECE'R, v. a. to make or grow noble. ENNOBLECIMIE'NTO . f. m. a nobilitating, or making, or growing noble. ENNOVIA'R, v. a. to marry. ENNUDECE'R, v. n. ito grow knotty.

ENO

ENO'DIO, f. m. the fawn of & ENODRIDA, f. f. a hen is fo called when she has done laying ENOJADAME'NTE, adv. angri-ENOJADI'ZO, adj. passionate.

apt to be angry, pettish. ENOJA'R, v. a. to anger.

ENO'JO, f. m. anges. ENOIOSAME'NTE , adv. an-

ENOJO'SO, adj. offensive, pro-

EN O'RDEN, adv. orderly, is order,

ENO'RME, adj. enormous, deformed, excessive big, out of measure.

ENORMEME'NTE, adv. enormoufly, exceffively, out of meafure.

ENORMIDAD, f. f. enormity.

E N P

ENPALAR, v. a. to impale.
ENPANTANA'R, v. a. to bog, to ftop or puzzle business.
EMPATRONIZA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protest.
ENPEDERNECE'R, v. n. vide EMPEDERNECE'R.
ENPERA'R, v. a. vide EMPERA'R.
EN POS, prep. after.

ENQ

ENQUADERNACION, f. f a binding of a book.

ENQUADERNA'DOR, f. m., a bookbinder; also a pimp.

ENQUADERNA'R, v. a. to bind books; to fet the ribs of ships.

EN QUALQUIE'R manéra, adv. any how, however it be.

ENQUE'NTO, s. m. vide EN-CUE'NTO.

ENQUICIA'DO, adj. put upon the hinges.

ENQUILLOTRAR, v. a. to intangle, to confound, to mix, to perplex.

ENQUISICIO'N, f, f, inquisi-

EŃR

ENRALECE'R, v. a. to make or grow thin.

ENRAMA'DA, f. f. an arbour, a hut made of boughs, any twining together of boughs.

ENRAMA'R, v. a. to cover, or adorn with boughs.

ENRANCIA'RSE, v. r. to grow flale, or rufty.

ENRARECE'R, v. a. y n. to make or grow rare, or scarce. ENRASA'R, v. a. to make even, as smooth,

ENRAJA'R, v. a. to fix the fpokes into wheels.

ENREDADE'RA, f. f. a knotty fort of grass.

ENREDADO'R, f. m. an intangler, one that catches in a net, one fets people together by the ears.

ENREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. intangling, catching in a net, fettling people together by the ears.

ENREDA'R, v. a. to intangle,

to catch in the net, to fet people together by the ears.

Enredárse, v. r. to be intangled, to have to do with any body so that one knows not how to get off.

ENRE'DO, f. m. a mischievous story, to set people at variance, an intricate lie; any intangling.

ENREDO'SO, adj. intangled, doubtful, perplexed.

ENREGISTRA'R, v. a. to register, to inroll.

ENREHOJA'R, v. a. to roll the wax into a leaf, to make it in leaves that it may become white.

ENREJA'R, v. a. to put grates, or bars before windows.

ENRIA'R, v. n. to fink-flat in the river.

ENRIDA'R, v. a. obf. to fe on, to halloo on a dog.

ENRIQUECE'R, v. n. to grow rich; v. a. to make rich.

ENRISCA'DO, adj. high on the rocks, dangerous, difficult of access, fleep.

ENRISCAMIE'NTO, f. m. fleepnels, the craggy fide of a rock, difficulty of accels.

ENRISCA'R, v. a. to get among the rocks and precipices, to venture into danger.

ENRISTRA'R, v. a. to put lance into the reft.

ENRIZA'R, v. a. to curl the hair, to turn them in ringlets. ENROBLECE'R, v. n. to grow hard as an oak.

ENROCA'R, v. a. to fortify a place, as it were with rocks about it; also to castle the king at chess.

ENRODA'R, v. a. to put a criminal to deat upon a wheel. ENRODELA'R, v. a. to arm with a target.

FNRODRIGONA'R, v. a. to prop a vine.

ENROMA'R, v. a. to flatten, to blunt.

ENROQUECE'R, v. n. to grow hearfe.

ENROQUECIMIE'NTO, f. m. hoarfeness.

ENROSA'R, v. a., to dye any thing of the rose colour.

ENROSCADU'RA, f. f. lying round like a fnake.

ENROSCA'R, v. n. to lay round like a fnake.

ENROSSA'DO, adj. red.

ENROXA'R, v. a. to make red. ENROXECE'R, v. n. to be red in the face, to blush.

ENRUBIADE'RA, f. f. a woman that makes hair red.

ENRUBIADO'R, f. m. a man that makes the hair fair.

ENRUBIA'R, v. a. to make the hair fair; to turn to a reddish colour.

ENRUBIECE'R, v. n. to grow fair.

ENRUDECE'R, v. n. to grow dull or ignorant.

E N S

ENSABANA'DA, S. f. vide CA-MISA'DA.

ENSABANA'R, v. a. to wrap in a sheet.

ENSALA'DA, f. f. a fallad; also a fort of verses of several forts put together.

Prov. La vez de la enfalada, ni la pierdas ni fea aguada, do not forget to drink with fallad, and let there be no water in it; that is, be fure, when you eat fallad, to drink a good glafs of wine without water to warm the herbs in the formach.

ENSALADILLA, f. f. fweet herbs mixt together.

ENSA'LMA, f. f. a pannel for a beaft.

ENSALMADE'RA, f. m. 2 VO

man that practifes the surperstitious, way of saying prayers over sick people on pretence to eure them.

E N S

ENSALMA'R, v. a. to attempt to cure by faying certain prayers over filk people; also to knock one on the head.

ENSA'LMO, f. m. the fuperstitious way of faying strange words over fick people on pretence to cure them.

ENSALVAJA'R, v. a. to make favage or wild.

ENSALZADO'R, f. m. one that praifes and magnifies any thing or action.

ENSALZAMIE'NTO, f. m. exaltation, praising, extolling.

ENSALZA'R, v. a. to exalt, to praise, to extell, to magnify.

Enfalzárse, v. r to boast.

ENSAMBENITA'R, v. a. to put a badge on the converted Jews when brought out of the inquisition.

ENSAMBLADO'R, f. m. a joyner, a carver.

ENSAMBLADURA, f. f. the ENSAMBLA'JE, f. m. act of putting together pieces of wood as the joiner or cabinet-maker does.

ENSAMBLA'R, v. a. to work joinerywork; to inlay in wood. ENSA'NCHA, f. f. an addition; a gore to make linen wider, or any thing that is added to make another thing wider.

ENSANCHADO'R, f. m. one who firetches out or makes wider.

ENSANCHAMIE'NTO, f. m. firetching out, making wider.

ENSANCHA'R, v. a. to ftretch, to make wider.

Enfancharse, v. r. to stretch out, to take up more room; to grow stately and require much courtship.

Enfancharfe el corazón, to breathe more freely, to recover after a fright.

NSA'NCHE, s. m. extension, width,

ENSANDECE'R, v. n. to run mad, to turn fool.

ENSANGOSTAMIE'NTO, f. m. making narrow or ftrait.

ENSANGOSTA'R, v. a. to make narrower or straiter.

ENSANGRENTADO'R, f. m. one that imbrues in blood, a bloody perfon.

ENSANGRENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. an imbruing with blood.

ENSANGRENTA'R, v. a. to imbrue with blood.

ENSAñAMIE'NTO, f. m. rage. ENSAñA'R, v. a. to be in a rage.

ENSARNECE'R, v. n. to have the itch.

ENSARTA'R, v. a. to firing as we do beads; to tack long tales together.

ENSAVANADA, f. f. the appearing of people wrapped in sheets.

ENSAVANA'R, v. a. to wrap. in a sheet.

ENSA'Y, f. m. trial, essay, proof.

ENSAYADO'R, f. m. taster, affayer, trier.

ENSAYA'R, v. 2. to try, to take, to affay, to make proof of, to put on a loose coat; to rehearse as actors do; to practise any thing that is to be done.

ENSAY'E, f. m. trial, effay, proof.

ENSA'YO, f. m. affaying, tafting, trial; rehearling like actors, practifing of any thing.

ENSEBADU'RA, f. f. a tallowing or greating.

ENSEBA'R, v. a. to tallow, to greafe.

ENSELVA'DO, adj. full of

ENSE'MBLE, adv. obf. toge-

ENSENA'DA', f. f a bay in the

ENSENA'R, v. a. to put into the bosom.

ENSERA, f. f. a fign to a house, or the colours in an army.

ENSERA'BLE, adj. easy to be taught, docible.

ENSEñADE'RO, adj. theat can be taught.

ENSERADO'R, f. m. the person who teaches.

ENSERAMIE'NTO, f. m. inftrue-

ENSERA'NZA, f. f. instruction, teaching.

ENSERA'R, v. a. to teach, to inftruct; also to shew, to point out.

Enfenárse, v. r. to. accustom one's felf, to teach one's felf.

ENSERO'READOR, f. m. one who has dominion or power over others.

ENSEROREAR, w. a. to be lord of, or to have power over.

ENSE/NSIO of the heart worms

ENSE'NSIO, f. f. the herb, worm-wood.

ENSERPENTA'DO, adj. enraged as a ferpent.

ENSEVA'R, v. a. to greafe, to tallow.

ENSILA'R, v. a. to put into a granary; to gormandife, to eat voraciously.

ENSILLADURA, f. f. a faddling any beaft.

ENSILLA'R, v. a. to faddle.

Prov. Aun no enfillamos, y ya cabal-

gámos, we have not faddled yet, and we are for riding already. Applied to those who are for attaining the ends without using the means, and are too precipitate in what they do.

ENSOBERBECE'RSE, v. r. to grow proud.

ENSOGA'R, v. a. to tie any thing with ropes.

ENSULA'R, v. a. to lay a floor or pavement.

ENSOLVE'R, v, a. to mix, to confuse.

ENSOPA'R, v. a. to make foup, to dip the bread in the foup or any other liquor.

ENSORDADE'RA, f. f. a fort of down or woolliness, that grows at the end of rushes.

ENSORDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a making or growing deaf.

ENSORDA'R, v. a. to make of grow deaf.

ENSORDECE'R, v. n. to grow deaf.

ENSORDEDE'RA, f, f. vide EN-SORDADE'RA.

ENSORTIJA'R, v. a. to link together with rings.

Enfortijar el cabéllo, to curl the hair.

Enforcijar las manos, to wring the hands for grief.

ENSOTA'RSE, v. r. to get into a wood or thicker.

ENSPIRITA'DO, adj. possessed with an evil spirit.

ENSUCIAMIE'S TO, f. m. fouling, defiling (1975)

ENSUCIA'R, v. a. to foul, to defile, to make dirty, to bewray.

Enfuciarfe, vare. to befoul one's felf.

ENSUY'AR, v. a, obf. to undertake, to fet about doing a thing.

BN T.

ENTABLACIC'N, f. f. 2 regifter.

ENTABLA'DO, f. m. a term in ENTABLADU'R A a term in architecture, the entablature.

ENTABLAME'NTO, f. m. a boarding or planking.

ENTABLA'R, w. a. to board or plank; to commence, to fet on foot; also to fet the men at tables or other game.

Entablár un negócio, to dispose bufiness into method, that it may be easily compassed.

ENTADO, adj. joined or packed together, cemented, as in a coat of arms, when one part is joined so another.

ENTALAMA'DO, adj. covered with cloth, as a waggon, &c.

ENTALEGA'R, v. a. to put any thing in a fack.

ENTALLA'BLE, adj. that may

be carved. ENTALLADO'R, f. m. a carver

in wood or the like.

ENTALLADU'RA, f. carving in

wood or the like.

ENTALLA'R, v. a. to carve in

wood a or the like; also to

make cloaths shapeable to the body.

ENTA'LLE', f. m. the work done by teh carver.

ENTALLECE'R, v. n. is to grow to a ftem or stalk.

EN TA'NTO, adv. forafmuch; in the mean while.

En tánto grádo, so far forth, to such a degree.

ENTAPIA'R, v. a. to wall or shut up.

ENTAPIZA'R, v. a. to hang with tapestry.

ENTARIMA'R, v. a. to plank, to floor with boards.

ENTARQUINA'R, v. a. to daub, to defile, to foul, or dirt.

E'NTASI, f. m. in architecture, an entasis, a swelling in the shaft or body of a column.

EN TASSA'JOS, adv. in pieces, like meat falted and hung up.

ENTE, f. m. a being.

ENTECA'DO, adj. one that moves his joints with difficulty, fliff in the joints.

ENTE'CO, adj. vide ENTE-CA'DO.

ENTEJA'DO, adj. like a tile, made in the shape of a tile.

ENTEJE'R, v. a. vide EN-TEXE'R.

ENTELERI'DO, adj. obf. full of fear.

ENTE'NA, f. f. the yard of a ship to which the fail is made fast.

ENTENA'DA, f. f. a daughterin-law, the wife's daughter by another husband, or the husband's by another wife.

ENTENA'DO, f. m. a fon-inlaw, as above.

ENTENDEDE'RAS, f. f. pl. good capacity, good understanding

ENTENDEDO'R, f. m. one that conceives or understands.

Prov. Al buén entendedor brêve hublador, to one that understands well; a few words.

ENTENDE'R, v. a. to underfland, to conceive.

Entender en algo, to be bufy or employed about fomething.

Yo me entiéndo, I understand my own business.

Entendémos hacer tal eosa, we intend to do such a thing.

Entenderse con uno, to agree with one.

A mi entender, according to my opinion.

No entiéndo de esso, I will not do it.

Sabérse entender, to know how to behave.

ENTENDIDAMENTE, adv. wifely, judiciously.

ENTENDIDO, f. m. a man of understanding.

ENTENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. the understanding.

Entendiménto de la tly, the true explication or fense of the law. ENTENEBRECE'R. v. a. to darken, to make or grow dark.

ENTENZO'N, f. f. contest, quarrel, discord.

ENTERAME'NTE, adv. wholly, fully, totally.

ENTERAMIE'NTO, f. m. thorough information.

ENTERA'R, v. a. to reftore; to pay; also to inform thoroughly.

ENTERE'ZA, f. f. integrity also pride and obstinacy.

ENTERIZO, adj. whole, found, ENTERNECE'R, v. a. to make tender, to move to compaffion.

Enternecerfe, v. t. to grow compaffionate, to be moved with pity.

ENTERNECIMIE'NTO, 'f. m. compafion, pity, mercy, tendernels of heart.

ENTE'RO, adj. whole.

Hômbre entéro, an upright man; a man of a sound body; a positive man.

Cabállo entére, s. m. a stone-

Lienzo entéro, coarse linen.

Por entéro, adv. wholly, totally, fully.

ENTERRADOR, f. m. a bu-

ENTERRAMIE'NTO, f. m. funeral, burial; the place of butial, ENTERROGA'R, v. a. vide IN-TERROGA'R.

ENTERVENIR, v. n. pref. to happen or fall out by the way, or by the by, or in the mean time.

ENTESADAME'NTE, adv. manfully, vigorously, stoutly, valiantly, bravely.

ENTESAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftretching, laying out; also shiftening.

ENTESA'R, v. a. to firetch, to lay out; also to fiffen.

ENTEXE'R, v. a. to weave in.

ENTHE'O, adj. full of the divine fpirit, inspired, divine.

ENTHIME MA, f. m. an imperfect fyllogifm confifting only of antecedent and confequence; an enthymeme.

ENTHRONIZACIO'N, f. f. an enthroning.

ENTHRONIZA'R, v. a. to enthrone, to place on a regal feat, to invest with sovereign authority.

ENTHUSIAS'MO, f. m. enthu-fiasm.

ENTIBADO'R; f. m. who props or shores up any thing.

ENTIBA'R, v. n. to prop up, to shore, to support.

ENTIBIADERO, f. m. a veffel to make any thing lukewarm in.

ENTIBIA'R, v. a. to make luke-

Enubiarse, v. r. to cool; to flacken in the eagerness wherewith a man pursued any business.

ENTI'BO, f. m. supposter, pillar in building.

ENTIDA'D, f. f. entity, existence; also value, estimation.

ENTIE'RRO, f. m. burlal, funeral. ENTIGRECE'RSE, v. r. to grow furious and raging as a tyger.

ENTIMEMA, f. m, vide EN-THIME'MA.

ENTINTA'R, v. a. to daub with ink.

ENTIVIAR, v. 2. vide ENTI-BIA'R.

ENTIZNA'R, y. a. to fmut, to fully, to defile; to blemish one's

reputation; to difgrace one's family.

ENTOLDA'R, v. a. to cover the fireets with fails or the like on great folemnities, or places to fit cool from the fun.

Entoldár la não, to spread the awning in a ship.

ENTOLLADE'RO, f. m. a miry place, a quagmire.

ENTOLLA'R, v. a. to flick in the mire, to bog.

ENTOMIZA'R, v. a. to tie with a cord or rope.

ENTONACIO'N, f. f. a tuning, fetting a tune, raising the voice; also growing haughty.

ENTONADOR, f. m. one who tunes or raifes the voice; also a haughty fellow.

ENTONAMIE'NTO, f. m. 2 tuning or raising the voice.

ENTONA'R, v. a. to tune, to raise the voice, to talk loud, to be vain.

ENTO'NCES, adv. then, in that time.

ENTO'NO, f. m. a tuning, fetting a tune, raising the voice.

Entóno, s. m. haughtiness, pride, arrogance.

ENTONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish.

ENTORCE'R, v. a. to wind or wreath about like a fnake.

ENTO'RCHA, f. f. vide ANT'-ORCHA.

ENTORCHA'DO, f. m a fort of twifted friuge.

ENTORCHA'R, v. a. to make or shape any thing like torch; also to twist or wreath.

ENTORCIJA'DO, adj. vide EN-SORTIJA'DO.

ENTORMECE'R, v. a. vide ADORMECE'R.

ENTORMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide ADORMECIMIE'NTO.

ENTORNA'R, v. a. to put to. ENTORNEA'R, v. a. to wind, turn, or wrap round.

ENTO'RNO, f. m. round about. ENTORPECE'R, v. n. to grow numb, to grow dull or flupid. ENTORPECIMIE'NTO, f. m.

numbness, dulness, stupidity ENTORTADURA, s. f. f. blinding

of an eye; crooking, bending, or bowing.

ENTORTAR, v. a. to crook, bend or how; also to make or become blind of an eye.

ENTOSSIGA'R, v. a. to intexicate, to poison.

ENTRAZA'R, v. a. to trace, to mark out, to contrive.

ENTRA'DA; f. f. entry, entrance; a duty paid at entering a place; also ancess, favour.

Hacer entrada, to make public entry like an ambassador.

Tenér entrada, en casa de un señor, to be admitted to a great man, to be in his favour, to have his

ENTRADE'RO, f. m. a wicker, a door in a gate.

ENTRADILLA, f. f. diminutive of entrada.

ENTRAMBOS, pron. both.

ENTRAMPA'R, v. a. to intrap, to cacth in a trap-door, to infnare, to deceive.

ENTRAña'BLE, adj. hearty, fincere.

ENTRAñABLEME'NTE, adv. heartily, fincerely.

ENTRARAL, adj. hearty, finecere.

ENTRARAR, v. a. to receive any one with fincerity and affection.

ENTRA'āA'S, f. f. pl. the entrails, the inward parts, the bowels.

Escondarse en las entrañas de la tiérra, to hide one's self in the bewels of the earth.

Hombre de buénas entráñas, a goodnatured or compassionate man. Entráñas mias, my bowels, my

dear, my foul, my life.

ENTRAnIZA'R, v. a. to love

fincerely, affectionately. ENTRAPAJA'R, v. s. to wrap in clouts or rags; from trapajo,

2 rag.
ENTRAPA'RSE, v. r. to be

daubed with duft.

ENTRA'R, v. n. to enter, to come in; at fea, to gain ground upon a ship.

Entrár en religion, to go into a religious ordes.

Entràs.

Entrar en juégo, to make one at play.

Entrés en musica, in music, to begin to sing in concert.

Entrar una silla, to set a chair.

Entrar de rondon, to rush rudely into a place without, being called or saying by your leave.

Entrarse, to gain ground upon.

Entrar de por médio, to part a fray.

No intrarle de los diéntes adéntro, not to care fot one, not to be concerned at any thing.

Entrár, v. a, to include, to comprise, to comprehend; also to begin.

Entrár en una partida de lana ò cacao, to buy a parcel of wool
or of cocoa.

Entrar una ciudad, to take a

Entrar a reinar, to begin te reign.

Entrár a la parte, to partake, to have a share in.

Entrár a saco, to plunder a town. Entrár a uno, to persuade one.

Entrár en si mismo, to ressect upon one's felf.

Entrar de por medio, so media-

Entrár en la moda, to follow the fashion.

ENTRE, prep. between.

ENTREABIE'RTO, p. p. of entreabrir.

ENTREABRI'R, v. n. to fland a-jar or half open.

ENTRECA'NO, adj. grey-headed.

ENTRECAVA'R, v. a. to dig shallow.

ENTRECE'JO, f. m. the space between the eyebrows.

Entrecéjo, an angry lowring countenance.

ENTRECOGEDURA, f. m. interception.

ENTRECOGE'R, v. a. to take a ball or the like before it come to the ground.

ENTRECOLUNACIO'N, f. f. intercolumnation, in architecture; she distance or void between pillar and pillar.

ENTRECORTA'R, v. a. to cut

Tom. I,

off flying, or before it falls to the ground.

ENTRECUBIE'RTAS, f. f. between the decks; a featerm.

ENTRE CUERO y carne, between the skin and the flesh.

ENTRECUE'STA, f. f. the forepart of a hog's ribs.

ENTREDECI'R, v. a. to forbid, to interdict.

ENTREDIA, adv. by day, in the daytime.

ENTREDICHO, p. p. forbidden, interdicted; fubf. ufed, the interdict when the churchdoors are shut up without an excommunication, and the divine fervice is forbid to be perfom end in public.

ENTREDIE'NTES, adv. betwirt the teeth.

ENTREDO'BLE, adj. between thick and thin.

ENTRE DOS LUCES, adv. between day-light and candle-light.

ENTREFINO, adj. between coarfe and fine.

ENTRE'GA, f. f. a. delivery, the delivering any thing up. ENTREGADAME'NTE, adv. wholly, perfectly, truly.

ENTREGADO'R, f. m. he that delivers up.

ENTRE'GA, f. f.
ENTREGAMIE'NTO,
f. m.
GO.

ENTREGA'R, v. a. to deliver up.

ENTRE'GO, f. m. delivery, acquittance.

ENTREHUE'IGO, f. m. a breathing, or panting between while.

ENTREJUNTA'R, v. 2. to interjoin to join mutually.

ENTRELAZA'R, v. a. to fold, to join, to knit together.

ENTRELLOVE'R, v. imp. to rain a fmall rain between a mid and a rain.

ENTRELUBRICA'N, f. m. the twilight.

ENTREME'DIAS, adv. betwixt, in the mean while,

ENTREME'S, f. m. an interlude between the acts of a play. ENTREMESA'DO, adj. belonging to an interlude between the acts of a play.

ENTREMESCLA'R, v. a. to intermix.

ENTREMETE'R, v. a. to put between, to intermeddle, to mix among other things.

Entremetérse, v. r. to intrude, to intermeddle.

ENTREMETIDO, f. m. a meddler, one that will have an oar in every boat.

ENTREMETIMIE'NTO, f. m. intermixing, putting between, intermeddling.

ENTREMIXTURA, f. f. intermixture.

ENTREMORIR, v. n. to be almost expiring.

ENTREMUE'RTO, adj. half dead, almost expiring.

ENTRENZA'R, v. a. to plat like hair.

ENTREOFR, v. a. to hear by halves, as, a man does things at a great difference, through a wall, or the like.

ENTREPAño, f. m. an interval or space of wall between two columns.

ENTREPA'PADO, f. m. the time between the death of one pope and the election of another.

ENTREPONE'R, v. a. to put between, to fet between; to interpofe.

ENTREPARECE'RSE, v. r. to fee obscurey, when things by their appearance impress but a faint idea.

ENTREPIE'RNAS, f. f. the fpace or distance between the legs; also the pieces put to mend a pair of breeches between the legs.

ENTREPOSTURA, f. f. a set-

ting or placing between.

ENTREPUE'STO, p. p. of entre-

ponér.
ENTREPUNZADU'RA, f. f.

pouncing or pricking at intervals. ENTREPUNZA'R, v. a. to po-

unce, or prick at intervals.

ENTRERENGLONADURA; £

f. a note of interlining.

Nn

ENTRERENGLONA'R, v. 2. to interline.

FNTREROMPE'R, v. a. to hinder, or interrupt.

ENTREROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. an hindrance, or interruption.

ENTRESA'CA, f. f. a lopping or cutting off boughs when they are thick, or keep out the light.

ENTRESACADURA, f. f. the feparating, or cutting of any thing when it is too thick.

ENTRESACA'R, v. a. to draw or take out of feveral places; to cull, to draw out from among the reft, to thin, as they do plants or trees fet too thick together.

ENTRESEMA'NA, f. f. in the week, within it, fome day in the week.

ENTRESI', adv. among themselves, to himself.

ENTRESIJO, f. m. the midriff of any creature, which parts the bowels from the upper parts.

ENTRESUE'LO, f. m. a room taken out between two floors.

ENTRETALLADU'RA, f. f. intercarving.

ENTRETALLA'R, v. a. to intercarve, or carve at diffances.

ENTRETA'NTO, adv. in the .mean while.

ENTRETE'LA, f. f. a cloth put between the lining and the cloth.

ENTRETELA'R, v. a. to put any thing between the lining and the cloth.

ENTRETENEDO'R, f. m. who entertains, or employs himself in doing any thing, who delights, or diverts.

ENTRETENE'R, v. a. to divert, to entertain, to delay, to put off, to support, to give some allowance.

ENTRETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. diversion, pastime, delay; also an allowance till something better comes.

ENTRETEXEDURA, f. f. interweaving.

ENTRETEXE'R, v. a. to interweave; also to mix. ENTRETIE'MPO, f. m. interval.

ENTREVA'LO, f. m. the interval.

ENTREVA'R, v. a. to underftand.

ENTREVENAR'SE, v. r. to mix or pour out any liquor between the veins.

ENTREVENIMIE'NTO, f. m. a chance by the by.

ENTREVENTR, v. n, to intervene, to come between, to happen by the by.

ENTREVERA'R, v. a. to intermix, as baskets of twigs of feveral colours, or flesh that is far and lean in ftreaks.

ENTREUNTA'R, v. a. to amoint flenderly.

ENTREXERIR, v. a. to infert, to thrust in between, to intermix.

ENTRICADAME'NTE, adv. intricately.

ENTRICAMIE'NTO, f. m. a perplexing, intangling.

ENTRICA'R, v a. to intricate, to intangle, to perplex.

ENTRINCA'DO, adj. confused, perplexed, disordered, troubled, entangled.

ENTRIPA'DO, adj. intestine, inward.

ENTRISTECE'R, v. a. to make or to grow fad; to wither.

Entriflecérse, v. r. to be sad or melancholy.

ENTRISTECIMIE'NTO, f. m. growing fad.

ENTRO, prep. obs. within.

ENTRODUZIR, v. a. to introduce.

ENTROPDO, f. m. the carnaval.

ENTROMETE'R, obf. vide ENTREMETE'R.

ENTRONCA'R, v. n. to belong to a family, to be a descendant from a race.

ENTRONERA'R, \forall . a. to put or fix in a hole.

ENTRONIZA'R, v. a. to inthrone, to raife, to exalt.

Entronizarie, v. r. to take flate upon one, to grow proud or haughty.

ENTROPEZA'R, v. n. to flumble.

ENTROXA'R, v. a. to gather into the barn.

ENTRUCHA'DA, f. f. a secret clandestine affair or transaction.

ENTRUCHA'R, v. a. to deceive by flattery, to draw one in, to wheedle, cajole, inveigle, allure, intice, invite.

Entruchár, in cant, to understand; to discover.

ENTRUE'JO, f. m. obs. the carnaval.

ENTUBAJAR, v. n. to discover or detect roguery.

ENTUE'RTOS, f. m. pl. the pains of lying-in women.

ENTULLAR, v. a. to splice ropes, as they do on board ships.

ENTULLECE'R, v. n. to grow maimed.

ENTUMECE'R, v. a. to maim. ENTUMECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a damage received by fwelling.

ENTUPI'R, v. a. vide ENTU-MECE'R.

ENTURA'R, v. a. in cant, to give, to observe.

ENTURBIA'R, v. a. to diffurb, to trouble, to make thick or muddy.

ENU

E'NULA CAMPANA, f. f. the herb called elicampane.

ENUNCIACION, f. f. a declaration, manifestation.

ENUNCIA'R, v. a. to explain, to manifest.

ENUNCIATIVO, adj. manifest, clear, plain.

ENU'NO, adv. together, all is one.

ENV

ENVAINA'R, v. a. to sheath, 69 sheath up.
ENVAI'NE ufted, do not put

yourself in a passion.

ENVALENTONA'R, v. a. 10
animate, to encourage, to give
courage to.

ENVANDERA'R, v. a. to adorn with colours, or flags.

ENVANECE'R, v. n. to be vain or proud.

EN VA'NO, adv. in vain.

ENVARAMIE'NTO, f. m. ftiff-ness.

ENVARAR, v. 2. to grow, or make, fiff as a flake.

ENVARONA'R, v. n. to grow

ENVASADOR f. m. one that fills into vessels; also a funnel to fill vessels with.

ENVASA'R, v. a. to put into vessels; also to run a man through.

Envafår, to drink.

ENVEDIJA'DO, adj. that has long locks or shagged hair; also, fast together by the ears.

ENVEDIJA'RSE, v. r. to fall together by the ears.

ENVEJECE'R, v. n. to grow old. ENVELESAMIE'NTO, f. m. flupefaction, aftonishment.

ENVELESA'R, v. a. to stupify, stun, surprise, astonish, to put beside one's self.

ENVENENADO'R, f. m. who poisons any thing.

ENVENENAR, v. a. to poison. ENVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow

ENVERDI'R, v. 2. to dye green. ENVERGA'R, v. 2. to the with finall ropes the fails of a ship to the yards.

ENVERGONZAMIE'NTO, f. m. putting to the blush, or out of countenance

ENVERGONZA'NTE, f. m. a necessitious person that is ashamed to beg.

ENVERGONZA'R, v. a. to make ashamed, to put to the blush, or out of countenance.

ENVE'RGUES, f. m. pl. the ropes with which the fail is fastened to the failyard.

ENVE'S f. m. the wrong fide; also the back.

ENVESA'DO adj. turned the wrong fide out.

Cuéro envefado, leather that has the fleshy fide outwards.

ENVESAR, v. a, to turn the

wrong fide outwards; in cant, to whip.

ENVESTIDURA, f. f. investirure.

ENVESTI'R, v. a. to invest with power: also to cover.

Envefürse, v. r. to accustom one's felf to any passion.

EN VEZ, adv. instead.

ENVIA'DA, f. f. embassy, meffage.

ENVIA'R, v. a. to send.

ENVICIA'R, v. a. to make vicious or depraved, to corrupt; v. n. to make vicious.

ENVIDADO'R, f. m. one who invites.

ENVIDA'R, v. a. to invite. ENVIDIA, f. f. envy.

ENVIDIADO'R, f. m. one ⊎ho

envies.

ENVIDIA'R, v. n. to envy.

ENVIDIO'SO, adj. envious.

ENVIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the timberwork of a house.

ENVILECE'R, v. n. to grow vile, to grow cheap.

ENVINAR, v. a. to mix wine with water.

ENVIPERA'DO, adj. like a viper, furious.

ENVISCA'R, v. a. to lay birdlime to catch birds.

ENVI'SO, adj. wife, fagacious, experienced.

ENVI'TE, f. m. wager, offer, invitation.

ENVIUDA'R, v. n. to be a widew, or a widower.

ENVOLA'NDAS, adv. vide VO-LANDAS.

ENVOLCA'DO, adj. involved, furrounded.

ENVOLTO'RIO, f. m. a bun-

ENVOLTURAS, f. f. pl. the little cloaths belonging to chil-

ENVOLVEDE'RO, (f.m. things ENVOLVEDO'R, (to wrap up, wrapper.

ENVOLVE'R, v. a, to involve

Envolvérse, v. r. to be involved or mixed.

ENVUE'LTO, p. p. of envolvér.

E N X

ENXABONADURA, f. f. for ping of linen.

ENXABONA'R, v. a. to foap lidnen, or the like; also to injure, to abuse.

ENXAGUADIE'NTES, f. m. the last fiquor taken after dinner towash the mouth.

ENXAGUADU'RAS, f. f. pl. vide ENJUAGADU'RAS.

ENXAGUA'R, v. a. to rinfe.

ENXA'LMA, f. f. a pannel for a beaft.

ENXALMA'R, v. a. to put a pannel upon a beaft.

ENXALME'RO, f. m. one who, makes or fells pack-faddles.

ENXALVEGA'R, v. a. to whitewash a house.

Enzalvegárse, v. r. to daub with white and red; to paint.

ENXAMBRA'R, w. n. to fwarm as bees do.

ENXA'MBRE, f. m. a fwarm of bees; also a croud of people.

ENXA'NO, adv. obf. every year. ENXEBA'DO, adj. dressed with xébe, which is a fort of chalk. ENXE'BE, f. m. lye made with

ashes.

ENXERGA'DO, adj. clad in fer-

ge.
ENXERIDO'R, f. m. a grafter.

ENXERIDO'R, f. m. a grafter.
ENXERIMIE'NTO, f. m. a grafter.
ting.

ENXERI'R, v. a. to graft.

Enxert de escudée, to inoculated. ENXERTA'R, v. a. vide EN-XER'R.

ENXE'RTO p. p. grafteé. ENXUGA'R, v. a. to dry.

ENXU'LLO DE TELA'R, a weaver's bears.

ENXU'NDIA, f. f. fat, fuer, greafe; the lump of fat in a hen's belly.

ENXU'TAS, f. f. pl. among architects, the fides left by describing a circle on a square, which are small acute triangles.

ENXUTO, adj. dry; sparing, harsh, and lean.

A die enxuto, adv. a dry foot; without fatigue, pains, or trouble.

Nn 2

ENY

ENYE'RTO, adj. fliff, erected, ser upright.

ENYESSADO'R, f. m. a plaiste-

ENYESSADU'RA, f. f. a plaistering, white-washing.

ENYESSA'R, v. a. to plaister, to white-wash.

E N Z

ENZAMARRA'R, v. a to cover with a garment of sheep-skins with the wool on.

ENZARDECE'R, v. n. to be awkward or cross-grained.

ENZARZA'R, v. a. to put in the briars; v. n. to be intangled, involved in troubles.

Enzarzurse, v. r. to be intangled in the bushes or briars.

ENZURDECE'R, v. n. to become left-handed.

E P A

EPA'CTA, f. f. the epact, a number, whereby we note the excess of the common solar year above the lunar, and thereby may find out the age of the moon every year.

EPANALE'PSIS, C. f. a repetition of the same word after a

long parenthelis.

EPANA'PHORA, f. f. a figure, when divers clauses begin with one and the same word.

EPE

EPE'NTHESI, f. f. the pur. EPE'NTHESIS, ting in a letter or syllabe, in the middle of a word..

E P H

EPHEME'RIDES, f. m. a regifier, a day-book, a journal, an account of the daily motions and binations of the planets.

BPHEML'RO, f, m, an herb

called hermodactil, liriumphancy, or lily of the vallies.

EPH

EPHIME'RA f. m. ephemera, a fever that terminates in one day; also an insect that lives only one day; also of a daily duration.

EPI

EPICEDO, f. m. verses repeated over the dead body before it was buried.

EPICHE'YA, f. f. a wise and moderate interpretation of the law. EPICICLO, f. m. an epicycle, or lesser circle, that has its center within a greater, used by aftronomers to find the irregular motion of the planets.

E'PICO, adj. epick. EPIDEMI'A, f. f. a plague. EPIDE'MICO, adj. epidemical,

public, universal.

EPIFANIA, f. f. the feast of the Epiphany, or Twelfth-day. EPIGLO'SSIS, f. f. the little EPIGLOTTIS, cover or wefel

of the throat; the vulgar word is el galillo.

EPIGRA'MA, f. m. an epigram. EPIGRAMA'TICO, f. m. he who composes epigrams.

EPIGRAMI'STA, f. m. an epigrammatist, one who composes epigrams.

EPIGRA'PHE, f. m. an inscription or title.

EPILEPSIA, f. f. the falling fickness.

EPILL'PTICO, adj. troubled with the falling-fickness; any thing belonging to it.

EPILOGA'R, v. 2. to conclude, to fum up the matter.

EPILOGISMO, f. m. calculation, computation.

EPILOGO, f. m. epilogue, conclusion , end.

EPI'MONE, f. m. a figure, when, to move affection, the same word is repeated;

EPIPHANIA, f. f. vide EPIFA-NľA.

EPIPHONE'MA, f. f. a figure. a smarr close in the end of a fentence or argument.

EPITA'FIO, (f. m. an epitaph) EPITA'PHIO, an inscription upon a grave.

EPISCOPA'L, adj. belonging to a bishop.

EPISO'DIO, f. m. an episode, a digression or part of a rela-

EPISTOLA, s. f. an epistle, a

EPISTOLA'R, adj. belonging to an epistle.

EPISTOLA'R. v. a. to write

EPISTOLA'RIO, f. m. a collection of letters.

EPISTOLE'RO, f. m. obf. a subdeacon.

EPISTO'LICO, adj. belonging to an epistle.

EPISTOLI'LLA, f. f. dimiautive of cpisto!a.

EPITA'PHIO, f. m. epitaph. EPITHALA'MIO, f. m. epithala-

mium, fong at a wedding. EPPTHETO, f. m. an epithet; an addition to a noun to express fome quality.

EPI'THIMA, f. f. a cordial application laid ourwardly to the

EPI'THYMO, s. m. a weed that grows winding about tihme like withwind, and hath a flower like thyme.

EPITOMA'R, v. a. to make I compendium or epitome, to abri-

EPI'TOME, f. m. an epitome, an abridgment.

EPI'TROPE, f. m. a figure, when we feem to permit one to doubt what he will, and yet think nothing less.

E P O

E'POCA, f. m. epocha, folema date of time from fome memorable action.

E'PODE, f. m. an epode or kind of verses; also a kind of fish. E'PODO, f. m. an epode, a kind of verfes.

EPOPE'YA, f, f, an heroic fort of verse.

EQU

EQUABLE, adi. equal, alike, of the fame proportion, even, finity, judy, fair and fquare, restorable.

EQUACION f. f. equation, equality.

Epsarén, in algebra, an expreffion of the fame quantity in two diffimilar terms; in aftronomy, the difference between the time marked by the fun's apparent motion, and that measured by its motion.

EQUADOR, f. m. the equator; a great circle, whose poles are the poles of the world.

EQUANIMIDAD, f. f. equal and conflant temper of mind; equanimity.

EQUA'NTE, adj. equal, even. EQUE'S FRE, adj. belonging to horfemen, knights, or gentle-

EQUIANGULO, adj. of equal angles.

EQUIDA'D, f. f. equity, justice, uprightness; also an abatement made in the price of any thing. EQUI'DICO, adj. belonging to a fort of verse so called, from its having equal words to each elause.

EQUIDISTA'NTE, adj. equidiftant, at the fame diffance.

EQUIDISTA'R, v. n. to be equally diffant.

EQUILATERO, adj. of equal fides, equilateral.

EQUILIBRA'R, v. a. to place or fix in an equilibrium or equal proportion; to balance equally.

EQUILI'BRIO, f. m. an equilibrium, just proportion.

EQUIMULTI'PLICE, adj. multiplied in equal parts.

EQUINOCCIA'L, adj. equinoctial, belonging to the equi-

Linea equinoccial, the equinoctial line.

EQUINO'CCIO, f. m. the equi-

BQUIPA'GE, f. m. equipage.

EQUIPAR, v. a. to prepare, or provide necessaries for a ship, man of war, or a sect.

EQUIPARACION, f. f. comparifon, ferring together, matching.

EQUIPARAR, v. a. to compare, to march, to fer together.

EQUIPONDERA'R, v. n. to weigh equally, put upon a balance.

E'QUIS, f. m. fo the letter X is called in Spanish; also a drunken man.

L'QUITE, f. m. obf. an horfeman.

EQUIVALE'NCIA, f. f. equivalence, equal value or power.

EQUIVALE'NTE, adj. equivalent, of equal value, force, power,

or weight.

EQUIVALENTEME'NTE, adv.

equally, equivalendy.

EQUIVALER v. n. to be equal, to correspond with.

EQUIVOCACIO'N, f. f. equivocation, fpeaking with a wrong meaning, or things that have a

meaning, or things that have a double meaning; also mistaking one thing for another.

EQUIVOCADAME'NTE, adv.

fallly, with equivocation.

EQUIVOCAME'NTE, adv. equi-

EQUIVOCAME'NTE, adv. equivecally.

EQUIVOCA'R, w. a. to fpeak words that have a double meaning; also to mistake and speak one word instead of amother.

EQUIPOCO, f. m. equivocal, that bears a double meaning. E'QUO, adj. just, equal.

ERA

E'RA, f. f. era, a computation of time.

Era, f. f. a floor to thresh corn; the spot of ground on which the oxen tread it out; the whole field where such spots are.

Era, f. f. is also a bed in a garden.

ERA'L, f. m. an ox of a year

ERA'R, v. a. to lay out ground by the line, or beds in gardens, ERA'RIO, f. m. the exchequer.

Erano, adj. that is fabject to pay taxes.

ERE

ERECCIO, N., C. E. the crofting or raising of fome structure; or the life.

ERECTO'R, f. m. the person who erects.

EREMITA, f. m. an anchorite, a hermit.

EREMITICO, adj. eremiticaf, belonging to an anchorite or hermit.

E R G

ERGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. raising up, eredion.

ERGUA'R, v. a. to raise up, to rise, to ered.

ERGULLI'DO, adj. vain, haughty.

ERGULLI'RSE, v. r. obl. to grow vain or haughty.

ERI

ERIA'I, adj. belonging to uncultivated land.

ERIAZO, f. m. land that lies' fallow.

ERI'DANO, f. m. one of the feventeen conficulations.

ERIGI'R, v. a. to erect, to raise.

ERI'L, adj. barren, waste.

ERI'NGIO, f. m. the herb toc-

ERIZA'R, v. a. to fet or frand up' an end, as hair in a fright; to curl hair.

ERIZO, f. m. a hedge-hog.

Erizo de mar, a shell-fish, called a ru.f.

Erizo de cafilina, the outward husk of a chefuut, which it all prickly a hedge-hog.

ERM

ERMADO'R f. m. a wafter, a fpoiler.

ERMADU'RA, f, £ a wafting, or fpoiling.

ERMA'R, v. a. to spoil, lay

ERMITA, f. f. an hermitage. ERMITA'ñO, s. m. an hermit, an anchorite.

ERMITO'RIO, f. m. an hermi-

BRMO'SO, adj. vide HERMO'SO.

ERO

EROGA'R, v. a. to diffribute, to divide.

EROGATO'RIO, f. m. the bucket that empties the water.

EROTICO, adj. belonging to the passion of love.

EROTISMO, f. m. a passion of

ERR

ERRABUNDO, adj. wandering, erring, straying.

ERRA'DA, f. f. an error, a mif-

ERRADAME'NTE, adv. erroneoufly.

ERRADIZO, adj. wandering, fraying.

ERRA'DO, adj. mistaken, wan-

dered, strayed.

Muger errada, a lewd woman. ERRADO'R, f. m. a wanderer, one that goes aftray.

ERRA'NTE, adj. erring, wandering, going aftray.

ERRANZA, f. f. obf. vide ER-RO'R.

ERRA'R, v. a. to err, to mistake, to wander, to go aftray.

Errár el camino, to lose one's

Errar la cura al enfermo, to apply wrong medicines, to mistake the method of the cure.

Ir errado, to be out of the way. Brrarse, v. r. to mistake.

Prov. Después que te erre, núnca bien te pense, fince I erred or committed a fault against you, I never had a kind thought of you. A woman that has once been false to her husband, never loves him after: or friends that are fallen out, are feldom truly reconciled.

FRRA'TA f. f. the errata, or

faults in a book misprinted, or mileritten.

ERRATICO, adj. wandering, straying, erroneous.

ERRATIL, adj. wandering, wavering, inconstant.

ERRA'X, f. m. vide ARRA'X. ERRE, f. m. fo the letter a is

pronounced in Spanish. ERRO'N , f. m. vide HER-

RO'N. ERRONEAME'NTE, adv. falsly,

erroneously. ERRO'NEO, adj. erroneous, faise,

mistaken. ERROR, f. m. an error, or

mistake.

ERU

ERUBESCE'NCIA, f. f. blus-

ERUCTACIO'N, f. f. a belch, breaking wind upwards.

ERUCTA'R, v. n. to belch, to break wind upwards.

ERUDICIO'N, f. f. erudition, learning.

ERUDITAME'NTE, adv. learnedly.

ERUDITO, adj. learned.

ERU'GA, f. f. a moth that eats cloaths.

ERY

ERYSI'MO, f. m. a kind of feed; or, according fome, an herb, wild cresses, hedgemustard.

ERYSIPE'LA, f. f. eryfipelas. ERYSIPELA'R, v. n. to have the St. Anthony's fire.

ERYTHREO, adj. red.

ESB

ESBARA'R, v. a. to guide, or flip along.

ESBASTIMIE'NTO, f. m. ip painting, a ftrong shade caused by a strong light.

ESBA'LE, interj. be quiet. ESBI'RRO, f. m. a carchpole, a serjeant, or such mean officer

to apprehend offenders. ESBLANDU'AAR, v. n. obs. to *shake, so torter.

ESBO'ZO, f. m. a sherch, the

first lines or rough draught of a painter.

ESC

ESCA, f. f. food, aliment: bait.

ESCABECHA'R, v. 2. to put things into fouce, as fish, cucumbers, or the like.

ESCABE'CHE, f. m. fauce for fish, pickle for cucumbers, or the like.

ESCABELTLLO, f. m. diminutive of efcabélo.

ESCABE'LO, f. m. a little flool to fit on, a foot-stool.

ESCABIO'SA, f. f. the plant scabious.

ESCA'BRO, f. m. the fcab in sheep; also a breaking out like scabs in the barks of trees; also a crab-fish.

ESCABROSEA'RSB. v. to. be provoked to anger.

ESCABROSIDA'D, f. f. roughness, unevenness.

ESCABRO'SO, adj. rough, rugged, craggy; harsh, froward, perverse, illnatured.

ESCABULLI'DO, adj. escaped, flipped away.

ESCABULLIMIE'NTO , f. m. an escape, slipping or sliding away. ESCABULLI'RSE , v. r. to efcape, to flip away.

ESCACA'DA, f. f. any chequer

work.

ESCACA'DO, adj. vide ESCA-QUEADO.

ESCA'FA, f. f. a fmall beat, a cockboat, the boat of a ship.

ESCA'LA, f. f. a ladder; also a fcale to measure by; also a port, mart, or place of trade to which ships refort.

Hacer escala, to put into port.

ESCALA'DA, f. f. escalade, taking a place with scaling lad-

ESCALADO'R, f. m. he that scales or climbs up a ladder; a thief that breaks in at the windows or tops of houses climbing by a ladder.

ESCALA'MATUS, f. m. a venomous diftemper in beafts.

ESCALAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide ESCALA'DA.

ESCALA'MOS, f. m. pl. wooden pins in a boat or galley, to which the oars are fastened with a cord tied about the oar; the thowles.

ESCALAR, v. a. to scale with

ladders.

ESCALDA'DO, adj. lewd when applied to a woman.

ESCALDAR, v. a. to feald with hor liquor.

Escaldarse, v. r. to scald one's self; to turn red with heat or anger.

ESCALDRA'NTES. f. m. pl. the kevels, pieces of timber nailed in the infide of the ship, to which the tacks are belayed.

ESCALDUFA'R, v. a. to take any liquor out of a pot when it is too full.

ESCALE'NO, adj. faid of a geometrical figure, the three fides whereof are unequal.

ESCALENTA'DOR, f. m. a warmingpan, a chafing dish.

ESCALENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. warming, hearing.

ESCALENTA'R, v. a. to warm, to heat.

Escalentárse la bóca, sto let one's tongue run freely, railing at others.

ESCALE'RA, f. f. a ladder, a pair of stairs.

ESCALERILLA, f. f. diminutive of afcallra.

ESCALFADO'R, f. m. a pot to warm water in.

ESCALFAR, v. a. to warm. ESCALFARO'TES, f. m. pl. a fort of boots.

ESCALIMA'RSE, v. r. to get into the leaks of a ship.

ESCA'LMO, f. m. vide ESCA-LA'MOS.

ESCALO'N, f. m. a step.

Escalón, a degree or preferment.

Escalón, s. m. he who scales of a fish.

ESCAMAS, f. f. pl. the scales of fisch.

ESCAMADURA, f. f. scaling of fish.

ESCAMA'R, v. a. to scale fish. ESCAMBRO'NA'S, s. f. pl, vide ESCAMBRO'NES, ESCAMBRONE'RA, f. (f. a bramble.

ESCAMBRO'NES, f. m. pl. brambles.

ESCAMBRO'SO, adj. vide ES-CABRO'SO.

ESCAMPLIO, f. m. vide SCA-MPLIO.

ESCAMO'CHOS, f. m. pl. fragments, broken ment, leavings.

ESCAMONDAR, v. a. to peel, cleanse, pare.

ESCAMONE'A, f. f. the herb fearmony.

ESCAMONEA'RSE, v. r. to be fearful to do, or refuse to do what another commands.

ESCAMO'SO, adj. scaly like fish. ESCAMPA'R, v. n. to give over raining: also to escape.

ESCAMPAMIE'NTO, f. m. efcaping, ceafing to rain; anciently it fignified feattering.

ESCA'MPO, f. m. as, dar escampe, to give way for one to escape.

ESCA'NCIA, f. f. skinking, filling out liquor to drink.

ESCANCIADO'R, f. m. the person who bears the cup, cup bearer, one who fills out liquor to drink.

ESCANCIA'NO, f. m. a skinker, he that fills out liquor to drink,

ESCA'NDA, f. f. a fort of large wheat, which makes very white bread.

ESCANDA'L, f. m. the founding lead at fea.

ESCANDALIZADO'R, f. m. the person who scandalizes or gives offence.

ESCANDALIZA'R, v. 2. to scandalize, to give scandal, to give offence.

ESCANDALIZATI'VO, adj. giving offence or scandal.

ESCANDA'LLO, f. m. the founding plummet at fea.

ESCANDALO, f. m. fcandal. ESCANDALOSAME'NTE, adv. fcandaloufly, bafely, meanly.

ESCANDALO'SO, adj. scandalous, that gives scandal.

ESCANDECE'R, v. a. to make warm or angry, to private.

ESCANDECE'NCIA, f, f, anger, pation,

ESCANDELA'R, f. m. a cabbin in the midft of a galley.

ESCANDELARE'TE, f. m. a little cabbin in the midft of a galley.

ESCA'NDIA, f. f. the finest wheat.

ESCANDIR, v. a. to fcan verses; that is, to measure them by the feet.

ESCA'āA, f. f. vide ESCA'N-DIA.

ESCAñO, f. m. a bench.

ESCANSFON, f. f. fcanning of verfes, measuring them by the feet.

ESCAPA'DA, f. f. an escape. ESCAPA'R, v. n. to escape, to get away.

ESCAPARATE, f. m. desk, eupoboard, prefs; a kind of woodencase or frame for cloaths and other

ESCAPATO'RIA, f. f. escape, evaluan.

ESCA'PE, f. m. escape, evasion, flight.

ESCAPO, f. m. the scapus, shaft, or body of a column.

ESCAPULA'RIO, f. m. a fcapulary, a piece of ftuff worn by fome religious order, hanging down before and behind from the neck to the feet.

ESCAQUEA'DO, adj. belonging to chequer-work.

ESCAQUEAR, v. a to play at chefs.

ESCA'QUES, f. m. chequers, as those of a chess or draught-board.

E'SCARA, f. f. a ftony subfrance growing in the sea, with a root shooting out seaves.

E'SCARA, f. f. a fcab of a fore.

ESCARABAJE'AR, v. n. to be always in motion; also to write very bad.

ESCARABA'JO, f. m. an infect called a boetle; a short ugly person.

Efcarabdios, in gunnery, holes in the metal and in the interior part of a gun, which is a fault in casting, and dangerous in firing them, Hacer escarabajos, to scribble, to make pothooks and hangers in writing.

ESCARABAJUE'IO, f. m. a little insect that destroys the vine-

ESCARAMUJO, f. m. the plant wild eglantine, or dog-bramble; also the shell-fish called limpet; alfo a scrap, a shred; or any fmall broken meat or other thing. ESCARAMU'ZA, f. f. a skir-

mish, a flight fight.

ESCARAMUZADO'R, f. m. one that skirmishes, a skirmisher.

ESCARAMUZA'R, v. n. to skirmish, to fight loofely.

ESCARAPE'LA, f. f. a fray among women or base people, where there are no weapons but their hands, custing and scratehing.

ESCARAPELA'RSE, v. r. to quarrel, to make a fray.

ESCARAPU'LLA, f. f. obf. vide ESCARAPE'IA.

ESCARBA'R, v. a. vide ES-CARVA'R.

ESCARZA'R, v. a. to take the honey from the bees.

ESCARCE'LA, f. f. a satchel, a peuch, or bag; also the armour from the waift to the thighs.

ESCARCELA'R, v. a. to put into a pouch or bag.

ESCARCELO'N, f. m, a great fatchel, pouch, or bag.

ESCARCE'OS, f. m. a turning round about, a pratiting about as horfes do.

ESCARCHA, f. f. hoar-froft.

ESCARCHA'DO, adj. that is crisp and crackles.

ESCARCHA'R, v. n. to nip or cover with hoar-frost.

ESCAR'CHO, f. m. a red fish with a large head resembling a

ESCARCHU'nAR, v. a. to search firially, to inquire narrowly.

ESCARCI'NA, f. f. a short broad crook ed sword.

ESCARCINA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with the escarcina.

ESCA'RDA , f. f. a weed-hook. ESCARDADE'RA, f, f, the woman who weeds.

ESCARDADO'R, f. m. a raker or weeder.

ESCARDADURA, f. f. a raking or weeding.

ESCARDA'R, v. a to rake, to

ESCA'RDAS, f. f. pl. the weeds that are taken out from among

ESCARDILLA, f. f. a little weed-

ESCARDI'LLO, f. m. a rake or a weed-hook.

ESCARIZA'R, v. a. to take off the scab of a sore.

ESCARLA'TA, f. f. scarlet.

ESCARLA'TIN, i. m. a fort of fcarlet.

ESCARMENADOR, f. m. the person who picks the wool to clean it.

ESCARMENA'R, v. a. to clean or pick the wool.

ESCARMENTA'R, w. n. to take warning by what one sees or experiences.

ESCARMIL'NTO, f. m. warning taken by punishment or experience.

ESCARNECEDO'R, f. m. a seof-

ESCARNECE'R, v. a. to scoff, to scorn, to abuse.

ESCARNECIMIE'NTO, f. m. scoffing, scorning, abusing.

ESCARNIDO'R de água, f. m. an hourglass that runs water ...

ESCA'RNIO, f. m. contempt, fcoff, fcorn, abuse, mock.

ESCARNI'R, v. a. obs. vide ES-CARNECE'R.

ESCA'RO, f. m. a fish fo called. ESCARO'LA, f. f. the herb en-

ESCAROLA'DO, adj. of the endive colour, that has the form of endive.

ESCA'RPA, f. f. the scarp or slope of any work in fortification.

ESCARPA'DO, adj. sloped, made with a slope in fortification.

ESCA'RPIA, f. m. a renterhook; in cant, an ear.

ESCARPIA'R, v. a. to make fast with tenterhooks.

ESCARPIDO'R, f. m. a greattoothed comb.

ESCARP'IN, f. m. a fock. ESCARVADE'RO .ff. m. the place where the wild boars whet their

ESCARVADIE'NTES, f. m. 2 toothscraper.

ESCARVADO'R, f. m. a fcraper, a raker; also a shoe-maker's cuttingknife.

ESCARVADU'RA, f. f. a scraping, raking, or scratching.

ESCARVA-ORE'JAS, f. m. an earpicker.

ESCARVA'R, v. a. to scrape, rake, or scratch.

Prov. Múchas vézes el que efcárva, lo qué no querris hália, very often he that rakes finds what he does not defire; that is, inquisitive people hear more than they care for.

ESCARVIDO'R, f. m. a wateringpot for a garden.

ESCA'RZA, f. f. a wound made in horses feet with a thorn, called to by the horfe-doctors.

ESCARZADO'R, f, m. obf. an archer, a bowman.

ESCASAME'NTE, adv. spariagly, niggardly, scantily.

ESCASEA'R, v. a. to give spa-

ESCASE'Z, f. f. fcarcity, niggardliness, scantiness.

ESCA'SO adj. scarce; niggardly,

ESCATIMA, f. f. a haggling hard in buying.

ESCATIMA'R, v. a. to haggle hard in buying, to pinch and lesten what one designs to give, to diminish.

Escatimár, to jeer, to scoff; to give with an ill will.

ESCATIMOSAME'NTE, 2dv. maliciously, in an offentive manner, spice-fully.

ESCAVA DE A'RBOLES, the laying open of the roots of trees. ESCAVA'R, v. a. to lay open the roots of trees.

ESCAVE'CHE, f. m. vide ES-CABE'CHE.

ESCAVE'L, f. m. vide ESCA-

ESCAUPI'L, f. m. a fort of armour made of cotton, used formerly merly in the West Indies against the Indian arrows.

ESCEDE'R, v. a. to exceed, to furpals, to excel.

ESCE'NA, f. f. a scene.

ESCENOGRA'PHIA, f. f. a representation of a scene, the draught of a whole house, front, sides, and all.

ESCHE'LA, f. f. a schedule, or inventory of goods, &c. annexed to a will, lease, or deed, which contains some particulars omitted in the main writing.

BSCLARECE'R, v. n. to grow light, to grow famous or renow-ned,

ESCLARECIDAME'NTE, adv. famously, nobly, illustriously.
ESCLARECIMIE'NTO, f. m. fame, renown, clearness, bright-

me, renown, clearness, brightness.

ESCLA'VA, f. f. a woman flave, ESCLAVI'LLO, f. m. a little flave, ESCLAVI'N, f. m. a magistrate of a town like a sheriff.

ESCLAVI'NA, f. f. a short mantle, which pilgrims wear.

ESCLAVITUD, f. f. flavery, fervitude, bondage.

ESCLA'VO, f. m. a flave.

ESCLAVONI'A, f. f. flavery.
ESCLIRO'TICA, f. f. a tunic or
coat of the eye of a horny fubftance including the watry humour.
ESCLUSA f f a fuice or flood

ESCLU'SA, f. f. a fluice, or floodgate.

ESCLUSILLA, f. f. diminutive of eschisa.

ESCO'BA, f. f. a broom.

Prov. Quándo náce la efcôba, náce el asno que la róya, when the broom sprouts out, the ass is foaled that is to gnaw it; that is, whenever nature produces a thing, though never so mean, it produces another that is to make use of it. Whenever a very deformed female comes into the world, nature produces a male for it. There is not so bad a Jack, but there is as bad a Jill. ESCOBADA, s. f. a sweeping with the broom.

ESCOBA'JO DE UVAS, the stalks of a bunch of grapes, after the grapes are taken off.

Tom. 1.

ESCOBA'R, v. a. to fweep, to brush.

Escobár, f. m. the place where the broom grows.

ESCOBA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a broom.

ESCOBE'NES, f. m. pl. the hawfes, the great round holes before, under the head of the ship, through which the cables pass, when the ship is anchored.

ESCOBE'RO, f. m. a broomman.

ESCOBPLLA, f. f. a brush, a little broom; also the drofs or filings of metal.

Prov. Con escobilla el páño, y la céda con la máno, clean cloth with a brush, and filk with your hand.

ESCOBILLA'R, v. a. to brush. ESCOBO'N, f. m. a broom like our birch-broom, kept for the foulest uses, as washing of nasty pots and the like.

ESCOCE'R, v. n. to fmart.

ESCOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. fmart, pain.

ESCO'DA, f. f. a mason's chissel to cut stones.

ESCODA'R, v. a. to hew stones. ESCODI'LLA, s. f. a porringer. ESCODILL'AR, v. a. to pour into a porringer, to take our pottage in a porringer.

f. f.

ESCODRIĀADURA,

of earching or

ESCODRIĀAMEN
TO, f. m.

of enquiring in-

ESCODRIA'R, v. a. to fearch into, to enquire into.

ESCOFIA'DO, adj. coifed.

ESCOFIL'TA, f. f. a little coif or headdress.

ESCOFINA, f. f. a raip for wood.

ESCOFINAR, v. a. to rafp.
ESCOFIO'N, f. m. a great coif.
ESCOGE'NCIA, f. f. choice,
election.

ESCOGE'R, v. a. to chuse.

ESCOGIDAME'NTE, adv. by choice, by election; also perfectly, nicely.

ESCOGIMIL'NTO, f. m. a chufing.

ESCOLA'NO, f. m. the facriftan; he who has the charge of the veftments and holy veffels of the church.

ESCOLA'R, f. m. a fcholar, a fludent, one that goes to fchool. Efcolárfe, v. r. to flide or flip away. ESCOLASTICAME'NTE, adv. fcholarlike.

ESCOLASTICO, adj. belonging to a feholar or fehool; feholaf-tick.

ESCOLIADO'R, f. m. a fcholiaft, a writer of explanatory notes.

ESCOLIA'R, v. a. to make a gloss or comment.

ESCOLIMO'SO, adj. ill-natured, rough, intractable.

ESCO'LIO, f. m. annotation; comment upon fome book.

ESCO'LLO, f. m. a cliff, a rock, any place that is dangerous.

ESCOLOPE'NDRA, f. f. an infect, or fort of worm, with abundance of feer; also a fish that is fomewhat like the said insect; also the herb spleenwork or miltwort.

ESCO'LTA, f. f. a convoy, a guard from place to place; in cant, a thief that stands ready to help off another that steals.

ESCOLTA'R, v. a. to convoy,

ESCOMBRA'R, v. a. to cleanse; to say open, to clear.

ESCO'MBRO, f. m. the sweepings of an house; the chips and whitlings of wood; all small slichs, leaves or sprigs that fall from trees; all things that be of no value; riff-raff; also a fish so called.

ESCOME'ARSE, v. r. to let the urine pass without being able to flop it.

ESCOMENZA'R, v. a. to begin.
ESCOME'RSE, v. r. to be confumed by degrees, as iron, &c.
ESCOME'SA, f. f. an affauk,
an attack.

ESCONCE, f. m. a corner, an angle.

ESCONDEDL'RO, f. m., a biding place, a lurking corner.

O o

· ESCONDEDIJO, a hiding place, a lurking corner.

ESCONDE'R, v. a. to hide.

ESCONDIDAME'NTE, adv. hiddenly, privily, fecretly.

A escondidas, adv. hiddenly, se-

- ESCONDIDILLO, adj. hidden, privy, fecret.

ESCONDIJO, f. m. a. hiding place, a Nurkin corne.

ESCONDIMIL'NTO, f. m. a hiding.

ESCONDRIJO, f. m. a hiding place, a lurking corner.

"ISCOPEDI'NA, f. f. f. fpittle.
ESCOPE'TA, f. f. a fowlingpiece, or firelock.

ESCOPETA'ZO, f. m. a shot of a firelock or fowling-piece.

**ESCOPETEAR, v. a. to shoot with a fowling - piece or fire-lock.

· 'ESCOPETERI'A, f. f. the militia.

* 'ESCOPETE'RO, f. m. a fowler, a fowler, a firelock man.

ESCOPETINA, S. f. f. spittle.

ESCOPIDU'RA, 5 1. T. ipitne. ESCOPI'R, v. n. to fpit.

ESCOPITA'JO, f. m. spittle.
ESCOPLEADU'RA, f. f. the

hole made with a chiffel. ESCOPLEA'R, v. a. to work

with a chiffel.

ESCO'PLO, f. m. a chiffel; at
fea a forager, such as they not

fea a scraper, such as they use to scrape the decks.

ESCO'PO, f. in. a mark, butt, or prick that men shoot at, the white; also an end, aim, purpose, scope.

ESCORA'R, v. a. to make fast, to belay a rope; a fea term.

ESCORBU'TO, f. m. the four-

ESCORCHAPPN, f. m. a fort of small vessel or bark, used in some parts of Spain.

ESCORCHA'R; v. a. in painting, to shorten.

ESCO'RCHE, f. m. what is foreshortened in painting.

ESCO'RDIO, f. m. an herb, watergermander.

ESCORIA, f. f. drofs of any metal; any trash.

ESCORIA'L, f. m. a place where the drofs of metal is cast out.

ESCORPIOI'DE, f. f. an herb like a fcorpion's tail, good against the sting of that venomous creature.

ESCORPINA, f. f. a kind of fea-fish like a fcorpion.

ESCORPIO'N, f. m. a feorpion, a venomous infed; also a fort of fish called by this name; also the celeftial fign or confiellation Scorpio.

Escorpión, s. m. a scourge.

ESCORRECHO, adj. obf. ready, prepared.

ESCORRO'SO, adj. lively, chearful.

ESCORZA'DO, f. m. among painters, the figure of a fnan with one part of the body contracted, and the other extended.

ESCORZA'R, v. a. to draw odd figures with fome limbs contracted, and others extended.

ESCO'RZO, f. m. in painting, the contraction of the body in perspective.

ESCORZONE'RA, f. f. the herb vipers-grafs.

ESCOSCA'RSE, v. r. to scratch one's self by shrugging up and working the shoulders.

ESCO'TA, f. f. a rope in the ship called the tack.

ESCOTADURA, f. f. a hollowing away about the neck; also paying a shot or reckoning.

ESCOTAR, v. a. to hollow a garment about the neck; also to pay a shot or reckoning.

ESCO'TE, f. m. the shaping or hollowing a garment about the neck; also a shot or reckoning. ESCOTE'RO, adj. free, without embarrassment.

ESCOTILLA, f. f. the hatches of a ship.

ESCOTILLON, f. m. an aperture in the boards on a theatre.
ESCOTINES, f. m. two large ropes made fast to the mainmast.

ESCOTISTA, f. m. a Scotiff, a follower of the doctrine of Scotus.

ESCO'VA, f. f. vide ESCO'BA.

ESCOVA'R, v. a. vide ESCOBA'R.
ESCOVE'NES; f. m. pl. the havfes, being the great round holes before, under the head of
the ship, through which the
cables pass when the ship is at
an anchor.

ESCOZO'R, f. m. the itching of a wound.

ESCRA'MO, f. m. a little hand-datt or lance.

ESCREME'NTO, f. m. excrement ESCRIBA, f. m. a feribe, a writer, a clerk.

ESCRIBANIA, f. f. the forivener's office.

ESCRIBA'NO, f. m. vide ES-CRIVA'NO.

ESCRIBIE'NTE, f. m. an amanuenfis, or one who writes what another dictates...

ESCRIBIR, v. a. to write.
ESCRIBO, f. m. a large basket

or hamper.

ESCRITTLLAS, f. f. pl. lambflones.

ESCRITO, f. m. a writing.

Referirse a to escrito, to refer to that which is under black and white, and not trust to memory. Tomár por escrito, to set down in writing.

Melón eferito, a melon that has the rind full of yellow streaks.

Traherto efcilio en la frente, to have a thing wrote on one's forehead; that is, to diffeover one's fontiments by one's looks.

ESCRITO'R, f. m. a writer, an author.

ESCRITORI'LLO, f. m. a little desk or closer to write in.

ESCRITO'RIO, f. m. a ferutoure, a desk, a closer to write in, a scrivener's shop.

ESCRITURA, f. f. a writing.

Escritura publica, a record, or an
instrument made before any notary

Escritura sagrada, the Holy Bible,

holy writ.

ESCRITURA'R, v. a. to infore with a legal writing.

ESCRITURA'RIO, f. m. one that professes reading and expourding holy writ.

ESCRIVANIA, f f. a desk we write on, a standish,

ESCRIVA'NO, f. m. a ferivener, a notary, a fecretary, a clerk; also an officer who when any criminal is apprehended, prefently draws up his offence, with all the circumstances in form. In general, this name belongs to all men that can write and read, as we call a man a clerk. ESCRIVIE'NTE, f. m. a clerk, that writes under another.

ESCRIVI'R ,; v. a. to write.

Prov. Escrive dates que des, y recibe ántes que oscrivas, write before you give, and take before you write; that is, a receipt.

ESCROCO'N, f. m. obf. a coat of arms.

ESCRUPULEA'R, v. n. to be nice, to raise many scruples, to make doubts.

ESCRUPULIZA'R, v. n. to raise a scruple or doubt.

ESCRUPULO, f. m. a scruple, a doubt, a nicety; also a scruple, or the third part of a dram in weight.

ESCRUPULOSAME'NTE, adv. fcrupuloufly, doubtfully.

ESCRUPULOSIDAD, f. f. ferupulofity, fear of acting in any manner, tenderness of conscience. ESCRUPULO'SO, adj. one that is troubled with scruples, a nice, or a precise person.

ESCRUTIADO'R, f. m. a forutator, enquirer, fearcher, examiner

ESCRUTTNIO, f. m. a ferutiny, the examining at an election who has most voices.

ESCUCHA, f. f. a fentinel, or fcout that lies to listen to the enemies motions.

ESCUCHADE'RA, f. f. a nun that flands by when another has leave to talk-with any body, to hear all that is faid.

ESCUCHADO'R, f. m. one who hearkens with attention.

ESCUCHANTE, f. m. one who liftens or hearkens.

ESCUCHA'R, v. a. to listen, to hearken.

ESCUDA'R, v. a. to shield, to cover with a shield.

ESCUDERA'GE, f. m. the fervice of an efquire.

ESCUDEREAR, v. a. to serve as an escudéro or esquire.

ESCUDERI'A, f. f. the service or office of an esquire.

ESCUDERI'L, adj. belonging to an esquire or servant. ESCUDERILME'NTE adv. es-

ESCUDERILME'NTE, adv. ef-quirelike.

ESCUDE'RO, f. m. an efquire; a fervant that waits on a lady. They were formerly poor gent-lemen that waited on the nobility, like our ancient efquires, and were so called from escudo, a shield, because they carried their master's buckler or shield. ESCUDERO'N, f. m. augm. of escudero.

ESCUDE'TE, f. m. a little shield, the escutcheon of a door, a small escutchion of arms; the waterliv

Enxertr de escudire, to inoculate. ESCUDI'LLA, s. f. f. a porringer. ESCUDILLA'R, v. a. to take out pottage in porringers, to distribute by porringers.

Proy. En et escudittar veras quién te quiére bién, y quién te quiére bién, y quién te quiére mal you will perceive by the dealing about the porringer who loves you well, and who does not. People's affections are discovered by their liberality. ESCUDILLO, f. m. a little

ESCUDO, f. m. a shield, a buckler; a crown piece of money; also an escutcheon of arms. ESCUDRINADO'R, f. m. a scarcher, one that pries into, or discusses.

shield.

ESCUDRIZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a fearching, or enquiring into.

ESCUDRIZA'R, v. a. to fearch, to pry into, to look narrowly, to diffcufs.

ESCUE'I.A; f. f. a school, ESCUE'RZO, f. m. a toad.

ESCUE'TO, adj. bare, naked, open, without any incumbrance; also slender.

ESCULCA, f. f. a fpy, or fcout. ESCULCA'R, v. a. to fearch, to enquire.

FSCULLI'RSE, v. r. to flip, to flide.

ESCULPIDO'R, f. m. a carver. ESCULPIDU'RA, f. f. carving. ESCULPI'R, v. a. to carve. ESCULTO, adj. carved.

ESCULTURA, f. m. a carver. ESCULTURA, f. f. carved work, the art of carving; sculpture.

ESCU'MA, f. f. fcum, froth, foam.

ESCUMA'R, v. a. to. skim. ESCUPIDE'RA, f. f. (a spitting-

ESCUPIDE'RO, f. m. one that

fpits.

ESCUPIDURA, c. f. a fpitting; also the breaking out of a disease in any part of the body in scabs, and blotches.

ESCUPIR, v. a. to fpit. ESCURAME'NTE, adv. darkly, obscurely.

ESCURA'R, v. a to clean the cloth from the oil after it is wove.

A escuras, in the dark.

ESCURECE'R, v. n. to darken, to grow dark, to blemish, to shadow deep in painting.

ESCURECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a darkening, or growing dark.

ESCURE'ZA, f. f. darkness, obscurity.

ESCURIBA'NDA., f. f. vide ES-CURRIBA'NDA.

ESCURIDA'D, f. f. darkness, obscurity.

ESCURI'NA, f. f. idem

ESCU'RO, adj. dark, obscure.

Escuro como la noche, as dark as night.

Escuro cómo la bôca de lóbo, as. dark as pitch.

ESCURREDIZO, adj. that is easy to slip or slide.

ESCURRIBA'NDA, f. f. a fudden affault, an irruption, a breaking loofe.

ESCURRIDURAS, f. f. pl. the drainings, or dripping of veffels. ESCURRI'MBRES, f. m. pl. vide ESCURRIDURAS.

ESCURRI'R, v. a. to drain a vessel of the liquor left in it.
ESCU'SA s. f. an excuse.

ESCUSABARA'JAS, f. f. a white

Q 0 4

wicker basket with a cover, and two noofes to it, the one on the cover, and the other before, to put a padlock on.

ESCUSA'BLE, adj. excusable, that may be excused.

ESCUSACIO'N, f. f. an excufe. ESCUSA'DO, adj. needles, also a fublidy granted to the king of Spain by the pope out of the church revenues, being the tenth of the tythes. Among foldiers, escused other duty, on account of standing fentinel on an advanced poft.

ESCUSADO'R, f. m. an excufer. ESCUSALIN, f. m. a little short apron.

E6CUSA'R, v. a. to excuse; also to fave, to avoid.

Escasur pleitos, to prevent quarrels, or law-fuits.

ESCUTAS, f f. vide ESCO-ESCUTILLO'N, f.m. \ TI'LLA.

ESD

ESDRU'XULO, adj. slippery; faid of verse which always ends with dactyls, or words that have the accent on the antepenultima.

ESE

ESECUCIO'N, f. f. execution. ESECUTA'R, v. a. to execute, to perform.

ESECUTO'R, f. m. he that executes or performs.

ESECUTO'RIA, f. f. vide EXE-CUTO'RIA.

ESE'NCIA, & f. vide ESSE'N-CIA.

ESENCIA'L, adj. vide ESSEN-CIA'L.

ESENCIO'N, f. f. exemption, freedom.

ESENTA'R, v. a. to exempt, / to make free.

ESE'NTO, adj. exempt, free; also open and free from incumbrance; also bold, impudent, shamelefs; also nor subject to the common courr of judicature; also that has no hill to command it.

ESE'QUIAS, f. f. pl. funeral rites or obsequies.

ESF

ESP

ESFE'RA, f. f. a sphere; the whole fabrick of the earth and heavens.

ESFE'RICO, f. f. fpherical. ESFILA'DA, f. f. a running our of rank or file; also filing off. ESFI'NGE, f. f. sphinx, a monster poets feigned.

ESFOGA'R, v. n. to give one's passion leisure to cool, to vent one's passion.

ESFORROCI'NOS, f. m. a branch of a vine that grows out of a twift or forked bough.

ESFORZADAME'NTE, bravely, courageously, strongly. ESFORZA'DO, f. m. a volume of the civil law, fo called, which treats chiefly of last wills and teftaments.

Esforcádo, adj. strong valiant, Caldo esforado, firong broth. ESFORZA'R, v. a. to ftrengthen, to encourage, to take courage. ESFUE'RZO, f. m. courage, va-

ESFUMA'DO, f. m. a first sketch made with a black-lead peacil.

E S G

ESGAMBE'TE, f. m. a step in dancing so called.

ESGOTAMIE'NTO, f. m. a draining to the last drop.

ESGOTA'R, v. z. re drain to the laft drop.

ESGREMPR, v. a. vide ESGRI-MI'R.

ESGRPMA, f. f. fencing.

Matstro de esgrima, f. m. a fencingmafter.

ESGRIMIDO'R, f. m. a fencer. ESGRIMADU'RA, f. f. fencing. ESGRIMI'R, v. a. ro femce:

ESGUAZA'BLE, adj. fordable, that may be passed.

ESGUAZA'R, v. a. to drain a bog, marsh or watry place; alf) to pass or ford a river.

ESGUAZO, f. m. the draining of a bog, marsh, or watry place, or fording a river. ESGUINCE, f. m. the metion

of the body in flipping away from a blow; also a token of displeasure known by a particular motion or gesture.

ESGUI'ZA'RO, f. m. a Swifs; alfo a mean, despicable, contemptible, and ignorant fellow.

ĖSL

ESLABO'N, f. m. a fleel fo strike fire; also a link of a chain,

ESLABONADO'R, f. m. one that links together; also a pimp. ESLABONA'R, v. a. to link together.

ESLADO'R, f. m. an elector Obf.

ESLATIDO, f. m. vide ESTAL-LI'DO

ESLAVO'N, f. m. vide ESLA-BO'N.

ESLEIDO'R , f. m. an elector. ESLEFR, v. a. obs. to elect.

ESLO'RIA, f. f. the length of a ship from the stem to the stern-post, upon the deck.

E S M

ESMALTADOR, f. m. an enameller.

ESMALTADURA, f. f. enamel.

ESMALTA'R, v. a. to enamel, ESMA'LTE, f. m. enamel. ESMARCHA'ZO, f. m. a ruffian,

a bravo. ESMERA'DO, adj. neat, fine. choice, bright, excellent.

ESMERA'LDA, f. f. the green precious stone called an emeratd.

ESMERA'RSE, v. r. to excel, to furpais, to be neat, to carry one's felf above others.

ESMERESO'N, f. m. a bird called an ofprey.

ESMERI'L, f. m. emery, a ftone to polish jewels and metals with; a grindstone; a small gunlike a pedrero, called a base.

ESMERILA'DO, adj. polished. with emery.

ESME'RO, f. m. care, diligence, attention in doing any thing.

E S O

ESO'PHAGO, f. m. the mouth of the flomach, the gullet, the wind-pipe.

ESORTACIO'N, f. f. vide E-.XORTACIO'N,

ESORTA'R, v. a. vide_EXOR-TA'R.

E S F

ESPABILADE'RAS, f. f. pl. fauffers.

ESPABILA'R, v. a. to fauff the. candles.

ESPACIAMIE'NTO, f. m. dilatation, fpreading.

ESPACIA'R, v. a. to dilate, to expand, spread abroad.

Espaciarse, v. r. to walk, to take the ain.

ESPACICO, adj. mournful, difmal, fad, unlucky.

ESPA'CIO, f. m. space, distance, leisure.

ESPACIOSAME'NTE, adv. leifurely, flowly, eafily.

ESPACIOSIDA'D, f. f. dilatation, expansion, speciousness.

ESPACIO'SO, adj. flow; also large.

ESPA'DA, f. f. a fword.

Espada nigra, a foil, fuch as is used in fencing.

Espáda blánca, f. f. a common fword.

Espáda virgen, a maiden-sword, that was never drawn.

Prov. A quien no le basta espada, y coraçón, no le bastarán coraças, y lançon, he the that has not eacugh with a sword and heart, will not be secured by armour and a spear; that is, he who has a sword and goes home to setch a better, will never come again.

ESPADACHI'N, f. m. a bully that loves to be always in broils, a ruffian, Sometimes a sword-dancer.

ESPA'DA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fword.

ESPADA'DO, adj. girt with a sword.

ESPADADO'R, f. m. one who beats hemp.

ESPADA'ñA, f. f. the common flags that grow in watry places. ESPADAñA'DA, f. f. a blow given by the violence of water. ESPADAñA'R, v. a. to divide, to separate any thing in narrow flips.

Espadanár, s. m. a place where flags grow.

ESPADA'R, v. a. to beat flax, ESPADA'RTE, f. m. a fword-fish.

ESPA'DAS, f. f. pl. the fuite at cards called spades.

ESPADERI'A, f. f. a fword-cutler's shop.

ESPADE'RO, f. m. a fwordcutler.

ESPADILIA, f. f. a little fword, fuch as children wear; also the ace of spades at cards; the brake with which then bruise hemp so get off the read before it is beaten.

ESPADILLA'R, v. 2. to bruife or beat hemp.

ESPADILLA'ZO, f. m. a term in the game of hombre.

ESPADI'N, f. m. a fword that

ESPALADINA'R, v. a. obf. to declare, to make public.

ESPA'LDA, f. f. a shoulder, the

back.

Espáide de caméro, a shoulder,

of mutton.

Espálda de baluárie, the espaule of

of a baftion,

Espáldas de molinéro, a miller's back or shoulders, a frong back.

Hacer efpuldas, to back a man, to fecure his retreat, to stand by him.

Volvér las espáldás, to turn one's baok, to forsake; to run away. Echar a las espáldas, to forget, to make slight of.

A las espáldas de la cása, behind the house.

ESPALDA'R, f. m. the armour for the back, the back-piece.

Espatdar de silla à bánco, the back of a chair or bench.

ESPALDA'RES, f. m. pl. long,

narrow slips of tapestry., so called, because they did not reach to the top or bottom, but so far as a man might lean against them. ESPALDARA'ZO, s. m. a stroke across the back or shoulders. Dar espalderage a la horca, to be han-

ged.
ESPALDERCE'TES, f. m. pl.

the pouldrons of armour.

ESPALDE'RES, f. m. pl. the
hindmost rowers in a galley.

ESPALDI'LLA, f. f. a shoulderblade.

ESPALDITENDI'DO, adj. broad-shouldered,

ESPALDUDAME'NTE, adv. ruftically, clownishly.

ESPALDUDO, adj. broad-shoul-dered.

ESPA'LLA, f. f. obs. for espaida, the back.

ESPALMA'R, v. a. to careen a ship or other veffel.

ESPAMA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled with convultions in the nerves.

ESPANAJO'NES, f. m. a fort of fluffs called chencys.

ESPANCIMIE'NTO, f. m. extension, expansion.

ESPANDIR, v. a. to expand, to extend, to firetch out.

Espandirse, v. r. to extend, to dilate, to expand,

ESPAñOLADO, adj. turned fpaniard, or like spanish.

ESPAROLERI'AS, f. f. cuftoms and genius of the Spaniards.

ESPANOLIZA'R, v. a. to translate into Spanish.

ESPANTA'BLE, adj. frightful, horrible.

ESPANTABLEME'NTE, adv. tercibly, horribly, frightfully.

to be frighted, a flatting borfe.

ESPANTADO'R, f. m. one who puts in fear or terrifies.

ESPANTAJO, f. m. a scarecrow, a bugbear.

Espantajo, s. m. one who makes grimaces to frighten another.

ESPANTALO'BOS, f. m. the herb called scarewolf.

ESPANTA'R, v. a. to fright, to fcare, to caple admiration, to aftonish.

Espaniarse, v. r. to be amazed, to be assonished.

Prov. Ni fea que effante, ni hermofa que mûte, not so ugly as to be frightful, nor so beautiful as to kill. Advice for chusing a wife; that she be not deformed to make her husband out of conceir with her; not yet so beautiful, that all men may be in love with her.

ESPA'NTO, f. m. fright, admiration.

ESPANTOSAME'NTE, adv. frightfully, wonderfully.

ESPANTÓSO, adj. frightful, wonderful.

ESPA'R, f. m. a fweet smelling drug,

ESPARAVA'N, f. m. a bird called a heron.

Esparaván, s. m. a spavin in a horse. IESPARAPL'L, s. m. a sort of net, particularly one used to catch sparrowhawks.

ESPARCIDAME'NTE, adv. in a scattered manner.

ESPARCIMIE'NTO, f. m., the act of scattering or spilling.

ESPARCIR, v. a. to spread, to featter.

ESPARRAGA'DO, S. m. a foop or pourage made with afparagus. Esparagado, adj. belonging to asparagus.

ESPA'RRAGO, f. m. asparagus. Solo cómo esparago, as solitary as asparagus, because every one of them springs up by itself.

ESPARRAGUL RA, f. f. a bed or fpor of ground where afparagus grows.

ESPARRAMA'R, v. 2. vide DESPARRAMA'R.

ESPARRANCA'RSE, v. r. to fraddie, to firide out of meafure.

ESPARSION, f. f. scattering or sprinkling.

ESPARTENE'RO, adj. of or belonging to broom.

ESPARTE' nA, f. f. a buskin made of espárto.

ESPARTERIA, f. & the streets or place where those that make mats, ropes, or baskets, &c. of Apario, live.

ESPARTE'RO, f. m. one that makes mats, ropes, or baskets of esparto.

E.S P

ESPARTIZAL, f. m. the place where the esparto grows.

ESPARTO, f. m. a kind of rush fo called.

ESPARVE'L, I. m. a sparrow-

ESPASMA'R, v. a. obf. vide.
PASMAR.

ESPA'S MO, f. m. vide PASMO. ESPA'TULA, f. £. the showlderblade: also a sparula, such as surgeons use to spread plasters.

ESPAVENTA'R, v. a. vide ES-PANTA'R

ESPAVILA'R, v. a. vide DES-PABILA'R:

ESPAVORECE'R, v. a. to fear, to be frighted, to be feared.

ESPECERI'A, f. f. fpicery; a shop where fpice is fold.

ESPECIA, f f. fpice.

ESPECIAL, adj. special, principal, chief.

ESPECIALIDA'D', f. f. fingularity, a particular qualification. ESPECIALME'NTE, adv. espe-

cially.
ESPE'CIE, f. f. species, kind.
ESPECIERI'A, f. f. a place where

fpices are fold.

ESPECIE'RO, f. m. a grocer, one that fells spices.

ESPECIFICACIG'N, f. f. specification, particularising.

ESPECIFICADAME'NTE, adv. particularly.

ESPECIFICA'R, v. a. to fpecify, to particularize.

ESPECIFICATIVO, adj. fpecified, particularized.

ESPECIFICO, f. m. what is of .one species or substance.

Especifico, adj. of one substance or species.

ESPE'CIMEN, f. m. a speci-

ESPECIO'SO, adj. done or performed with great care or art.

ESPECTA'CULO, f. m. a spectacle.

ESPECTATO'R, f. m. a spectator.

ESPE'CTRO, f. m. a ghost or apparation.

ESPECULACIO'N, f. f. speculation, contemplation.

ESPECULADO'R, f. m. a fpeculative, contemplative, or a prying person; a speculator, an objectiver, a contemplator.

ESPECULAR, v. a. to freculate, to contemplate, to pry into, to watch.

ESPECULATIVA, f. f. speculation, mental view, intellectual examination, contemplation.

ESPECULATIVAME'NTE, 2dv. ineculatively.

ESPECULATIVO, adj. fpecula-

ESPEDICIO'N, f. f. expedition, disparch.

ESPEDIE'NTE; adj. expedient,

ESPEDI'R, v. a. to expedite, to diffpatch.

ESPEJA'R, v. 2. to clear a place of people; to make as clean as a looking-glass.

ESPE'10, f. m. a looking-glass.

Prov. No hay mejor espejo que el amigo viéjo, there is no better looking-glass than an old friend.

ESPEJUL'LO, f m. a little locking-glass; also a fort of mixture in fine mortar that glitters on the walls, when the sun shines on it.

ESPEJUE'LOS, f. m. pl. speciacles. ESPELE'R, v. a. to expel, to drive our.

ESPE'LT'A, f. f. the grain called bare or beere.

ESPELU'NCA; f. f. 2 cave, 2 den.

ESPELUZAMIENTO, f. m. the rifing of the hair an end as in a fright.

ESPELUZA'RSE, w. r. to be frighted, fo that the hair stands an end.

ESPELU'ZOS, f. m pl. the hair flanding an end; also shaking fits.

ESPENDE'R, v. a. to spend, or lay out.

ESPE QUE, f. m. a hand-spike, a wooden lever used instead of an iron crow to traverse the ordnance, or to the windlass to heave up the anchor at sea.

Espéque de la bonda, the pump-brake the handle they pump with in ordinary pumps at fea.

ESPE'RAI, f. f. expediation, flay, demur, waiting.

ESPERA'BLE, adj. that is to be expected or hoped for.

ESPERACION, f. H. hope.
ESPERADOR; f. m. who hope

or expects.

ESPERA'NZA. C. f. hone. ex

ESPERA'NZA, f. f. hope, expendition of fome good:

Prov. Mas vále buéna esperánça que rum possessión, a good hope is better than a bad possession. ESPLRANZA'R, v. 2 to give

hopes.

ESPERAR, v. a. to hope; also

to flay, to expect.

Prov. Quién espera, desespéra, he that expects, despairs; that is, expectation makes a man uncasy.

ESPEREZA'RSE, v. r. to firerch one's felf after fleep, or in a lazy humour; also to shake off lazines.

ESPERE'ZO, f. m. the act of firetching after sleep or in laziness: ESPERGE'CIA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a fentence is explained or illustrated.

ESPERI'DO, adj. weak, flender. ESPERIE'GA, f. f. vide ASPE-RIEGA

ESPERIE'NCIA; f. f. experience.

Prov. La esperiencia es madre de la ciencia, experience is the mother of knowledge.

ESPERIMENTA'R, v. a. to experience.

ESPERIME'NTO, f. m. an experiment.

FSPE'RMA, f. m. fperm, the feed of any living creature:

Esphino-cett, sperma-cett, an uncertuous substance drawn from the oil of large whales.

ESPERMATICO, adj. of or belonging to the sperm or seed, or full of it.

ESPERNA'DA, f. f. the last ring or link of any thain.

ESPERON, f. m. the beak of a ship or galley.

ESPERONTE, f. m. a spur in

fomification, being a little out.

Discribed and ESPERTO.

ESPERTO J. ed.; BAYERTO.
ESPESSADURA, I. fithickening;
ESPESSAME'NTE, adv. thickly;
i alfo. frequently to the control of the c

ESPIESONOR, v. a. to thicken, to mondende,

ESPESSEZA, A. f. thickness. ESPL'SSO, adj. thick; also dirry,

nafty.

ESPESSO'R, f. m. thickness, ESPESSU'RA, f. f. thickness; If sign is thicket or shick wood

alfo a thicket or thick wood; alfo naffines. I come

ESPETAR, v. a. to fpit, to run through.

Especiarie, v. r. to be asserted, to be proud, to carry one's self shift or straight like a spir.

ESPETE'RA, f. f. the rack over a chimney for fbits or the like. ESPETO, fi m. a fpit; also a

long fish called a fpit-fish.

ESPETION Of on a fittle fpit:

ESPETION, of m. a fittle spit; also a long pin.

ESPHE'RA, f. f. a sphere, a globe, an orbicular body; also heaven, also stave, quality, condition.

ESPHERICIDA'D, f. f. the flate of being Spherical.

ESPHE'RICO, adj. Spherical, round like a Sphere.

ESPHERISTA, f. m. an aftronomer.

ESPHERO'IDE, f. f. a spheroid, a body oblong or oblate approaching to the form of a sphere.

Boveda espheroide ; a spheoridical vault.

ESPHINGE, f. f. a fphynx, a fabulous beaft.

ESPI'A, f. f. a fpy.

Espha doble, a knave, that is a spy on both sides; one that sakes money of both parties and betrays both.

ESPIA'DOR, f. m. a fpy, fcour.

ESPIA'R, v. a. to fgy, to obferve, to watch.

ESPI'CA NA'RDI, f. f. the plant fpikenard.

ESPICHAR, v. a: to wound with the point.

ESPICHE, of m, all pointed arms.

ESPIGA, f. f. an ear of corn.

'Among foiners it is a tenant, or
that part of the wood which is
let into the morrice.

Significant plant enverte, a ficion for the second of the

ESPIGADERA, Of f. a women-ESPIGADORA, Ogleaner at tharveft, a leazer.

ESPIGADUILO, f. m. a dapper, upright fellow; any thing full of fmail ears.

ESPIGADO, adj. ftraight, upri-

ESPIGASPL, f. m. vide ESPI-CANA'RDI.

ESPIGA'R, v. a. to grow to an ear, as corn, also to glean or lease corn after harvest.

ESPIGO, f. m. the herb lavenderspike.

HSPIGO'N, f. m. an ear of corn that is prickly with the beards or awns; also a thicle.

Esplica de ajo, a head of garlick. Esplica Do'R, f. m. in cant, a gamester.

ESPILLA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant, cards.

BSPILLA'R, v. a. in caur, play, to take away.

ESPI'LLO, f. m. in cant, the thing taken away in gaming.

ESPILOCHERI'A, f. f. cowardice, pufillanimity.

ESPILO'CHO, f. m. a poor shabby creature, that has no house nor home.

ESPI'N, f. m. vide PUE'RCO ESPI'N.

ESPINA, f. f. a thorn, a fishbone; the prickle of any briar, bramble, or tree of that nature. In cant, infpirion.

Espina de majuelas, a barberrybush.

Estina blanca, a white-thorn.

ESPINACA, f. f. the herb spinach.

ESPINADURA, f. f. the pricking of a thorn.

ESPINA'L, adj. belonging to the backbone.

Espinal, f. m. a place full of thorns.

ESPINAR, f. m. a place full of briars.

Espinar, v. a. to prick like a thorn; to give sharp language, to nettle. Espinarse, v. r. to be nettled at sharp words, or the like.

ESPINA'ZO, f, m, the ridgebone of the back of any creature, ESPINE'L, f, m, a rope or line fet with hooks to catch fish.

ESPINE'LA, f. f. a fort of metrical composition, consisting of ten verses of eight syllables; also a kind of ruby.

ESPINEO, adj. thorny, fall of thorns.

ESPINE'TA, f. f. the musical infrument called a spinnet.

ESPINGA'RDA, f. f. a small piece of artillery fo called,

ESPINGARDE'RO, f. m., a mufqueteer or fowler.

ESPINI'LLA, f. f. the shin-bone; also a small fish-bone, or small thorn.

ESPINITA, f. f. diminutive of espina.

ESPINO, f. m, a thorn-tree. ESPINOMAJUE'TO, the haw-thorn-tree.

ESPINO'SO, adj. thorny; full, of fishbones; also difficult, hard, not easy.

ESPIO'N, f. m. a fpy.

ESPIOTE, f. m. vide ESPU-

ESPIRA, f. f. a winding spiral figure in geometry.

ESPIRA'BLE, adj. that can

ESPIRACIO'N, f. f. a breathing; also the expiration or last breath. ESPIRA'CULO, f. m. a breathing-place, a place to setch wind at, a vent hole.

ESPIRADE'RO, f. m. idem.

ESPIRADO'R, f. m. who breather.

ESPIRA'L, adj. that is winding or foiral.

ESPIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. vide ESPIRACIO'N.

ESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe; also to expire.

ESPIRINQUE, f. the fish called a fineit.

ESPIRIT. 'DQ', adj. possessed with an evil if irit.

ESPIRITAL, adj. spiritual.

ESPIRITA'RSE, v. r. to be possessed with an evil spirit.

ESPIRITI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of espiritu.

ESPIRITOSAME'NTE, adv. chearfully, courageoutly, boldly. ESPIRITO'SO, adj. courageous, valiant, brave, magnanimous.

ESPIRITU, f. m. the breath, the spirit, the ghost.

Espiratu Santo, s. m. the Holy Ghost.

ESPIRITUA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a Spirit.

ESPIRITUALIDA'D, f. f. spirituality.

ESPIRITUALIZA'R, v. a. to spiritualize.

ESPIRITUALME'NTE, adv. fpiritually.

ESPIRITUO'SO, adj. sprightly, courageous, valiant.

ESPI'TA, f. f. a tap for a cask; also a measure of a span.

ESPITA'L, f. m. vide HOSPI-TA'L.

ESPLANA'DA, f. f. the glacis of the counterferr in fortification; the empty space between the glacis of a citadel and the first houses of a town.

ESPLENDE'NTE, adj. shining. ESPLENDIDAME'NTE, adv. fplendidly, fumptuously, magnificently.

ESPLENDIDE'Z, f. f. magnificence, sumpruousness.

ESPLE'NDIDO, adj. fplendid, magnificent, fumptuous.

ESPLENDO'R, f. m. splendor, magnificence, greatness, brightness.

ESPLENDOREA'R, v. n. to shine, to cast forth a splendour. ESPLICA'R, v. a. vide EXPLICA'R.

ESPLIE'GO, f. m. the fweet herb called lavender.

ESPLORADO'R, f. m. a fpy. ESPLORA'R, v. a. to discover, to fpy into.

ESPO'DIO, f. m. a fort of red from or earth, of which they make tiles.

ESPOLA'DA, C. f. a stroke with a spur.

ESPOLA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a fpur.

ESPOLEADURA, f. f. a spurgaus. ESPOLEA'R, v. a. to spur; animate, incite, urge, provoke, excise, or egg on.

ESPOLL'TA, f. f. the touchhole of a bomb, granade, &c. ESPOLL'N, f. m. a weaver's shuc-

tle; also a thin flowered filk. ESPOLINA'DO, adj. weaved with flowers, as filk brocade.

ESPO'LIO, f. m. spoils of war, ESPOLYSTA, f. m. a renter of the spoils of dead prelates.

ESPOLO'N. f. m. a cock's fpur; the piles of a bridge which break off the force of the water; a fpur in fortification, being a small outwork.

ESPOLONA'DA, f. f. obf. the running of horfemen upon the four. ESPONDE'O, f. m. a fpondee, s. foot in poerry confifting of two long fyllables.

ESPONDI'L, f. m. a whirl of a fpindle; the white hard part that flicks to the shell of an oyster; a great round oyster; the joints in the chine or back of any creature.

ESPONDI'LIO, f. m. a cov parfnip.

ESPO'NJA, f. f. a sponge. Picdra esponja, pumice-stone.

ESPONJA'DO, adj. spongy, that will suck liquor like a sponge, or that has sucked in liquor.

ESPONJADURA, f. f. a foaking. ESPONJA'RSE, v. r. grow fpongy, to fuck in liquor.

ESPONJO'RO, adj. fpongy, that wil fuck in liquor.

ESPONSA'I.ES, f. m. pl. efpoufals; the contract of betrothing. ESPONTANEME'NTE, adv. fpontaneously, voluntarily, of one's own accord.

ESPONTA'NEO, adj. voluntary, of one's own accord.

ESPONTO'N, f. m. the pike which captains carry.

ESPORTEA'R, v. a. to carry out in baskers, or measure by baskers.

ESPORTI'CO, f. m.) a little ESPORTI'LLA, f. f.) basket. ESPORTILLERO ESPORTILLE'RO, f. m a porter that plies with a basket; also a basket-maker.

ESPORTILLO, f. m. a basket to carry home necessaries from market.

ESPORTON, f. m. a great basket.

ESPO'RTULA, f. f. a fee paid to the officers of justice.

ESPO'SA, f. f. a spouse, a bride.

Esposas, f. f. pl. ferrers, manacles, shackles, or hand-cuffs for prifoners.

ESPOSAYAS, f. f. pl. obf. a wedding.

ESPO'SO; f m. a spouse, a bridegroom.

ESPOTATICO, adj. free, volun-

ESPUE'LA, f. f. a fpur.

Espuelas para el yélo, skaits to slide on the ice.

Espuéla de caballèro, the herb comfrey, good against fluxes.

Mozo de espuelas, a lackey, a foot-

Tenér las espuélas catidas, to be ready for a journey.

Dar de espuélas, to spur a horse.

Arrimár las espuélas, to spur; to press on an affair that goes but slowly.

ESPUE'RTA, f. f. a great bas-

ESPULGADE'RO, f. m. the place where to go to kill fleas and lice.

ESPULGADO'R, f. m. who picks himfelf clean from fleas or lice.

ESPULGA'R, v. a. to pick fleas.

ESPUL'GO, f. m. a cleanling from lice or fleas.

ESPUMA, f. f. scum, froth, foam.

Prov. Crécer cómo espáma, to rise like froth; that is, to rise like froth; that is, to rise and be advanced very suddenly.

ESPUMADE'RA, f. f. a lade or skimmer to skim the pot with.

ESPUMAJO, f. m. vide ES-PUMA.

Tom. I.

ESPUMAJO'SO, adj. full of fcum, foam, or froth.

ESPUMACILIAS, f. f. a porskimmer.

ESPUMA'R, v. a. to skin, to take off the skum, foam, or froth; also to foam or froth.

ESPUMARA'JO, f. m. froth, foam.

Echar espumarajos por la bóca, to foam at the mouth either with passion or pain.

ESPUMILLA, f. f. a fmall from or froth; also a fine fort of linen, like the finest muslin which women make head-cloaths of.

ESPUMILLON, f. m. a very thick filk.

ESPUMO'SO, adj. frothy, foamy, feummy.

ESPU'NDIA, f. f. a diffemper in horfes and mules fo called.

ESPU'RIO, f. m. a baftard.

ESPU'TO, f. m. fpittle.

ESQ

ESQUA'DRA, f. f. a carpenter's fquare, a fquadron of ships; also a part of an army, a troop.

ESQUADRA'R, v. a. to square any thing; also to act upon the square.

ESQUA'DRIA, f. f. a square.
ESQUA'DRO, f. m. the fish called
a skare.

a skare.

ESQUADRO'N, f. m. a squadron

of horse; a good body of foot.

ESQUADRONA'R, v. a. to draw

up foldiers in fquadrons.

ESQUADRONCILLO, f. m. diminutive of efquadron.

ESQUADRAJADU'RA, f.º f. a crack, a flaw, a fmall breach. ESQUELE'TO, f. m. a skele-

ESQUE'RO, f. m. a pouch, a

hawking-bag, a purse.

ESQUE'RRO, f. m. vide EZ-

QUE'RRO.
ESQUESITO, adj. vide ESQUI-

SI'TO.

ESQUICIAR, v. a. to sketch, to draw a first plan or draught.

draw a first plan or draught.

ESQUICIO, f. m. a sketch, a
first draught.

ESQUIFA'DA, f. f. the burden or lading of a boat; in cant, a gang of thieves.

ESQUIFA'DO, adj. made like 2 a boat.

ESQUIFA'R, v. 2. to equip a beat, to furnish it with oars.

ESQUIFE, f. m. a cock-boat, a skiff, a fmall boat belonging to a ship.

Esquises, f. m. pl. panes or pannels in a wati, in which they set pictures or statues.

ESQUI'LA, f. f. a little bell tied round a wether's neck, from thence called a bell-wether.

ESQUILADO'R, f. m. a sheep-shearer.

EQUILA'R, v. a. to shear sheep. ESQUILA'ZO, f. m. a fort of vessel.

ESQUILE'NCIA, f, f. the difease in the throat called a quinsey.

ESQUILE'O, f. m. the act of shearing sheep.

ESQUILE'TA, f. f. a little bell. ESQUI'LLA, f. f. a fmail bell. ESQUILMA'R, v. a. to gather the

fruit or the profit of lands.

ESQUILMO, f. m. the fruit or

profit of land.

ESQUPLO, f. m. a squirrel; also

the shearing of sheep.

ESQUILON, f. m. a fmall bell.

ESQUENA, f. f. the corner of any thing, the outward angle.

ESQUINAZO, f. m. a flone in the corner of a wall, or a thrust against a corner.

ESQUINA'R, v. a. to make corners, also to winnow corn from the chaff.

ESQUINA'NCIA,) f. f. a difeafe
ESQUINE'NCIA,) called the
fquinancy.

ESQUINE'LA, f. f. armour for the legs.

ESQUIPA'ZON, f. m. equipping or rigging of ships.

ESQUISITO, adj. vide EXQUI
• SITO.

ESQUITA'R, v. 2. to quit, to make even.

ESQUITO, adj. even, quit, one that has loft his money and won it again.

Pp

ESQUIVAME'NTE, adv. coyly, difdainfully, feerafully.

ESQUIVA'R, v. a. to shup, to avoid. to be cay,

Esquivarse, v. r. to disdain, seorn, contemp.

ESQUIVE'Z. J. f. coyness, ESQULVIDAD, distais.

ESQUIVO , adj. coy difdainful

ES S

ESSA, pron. f. she, that, in the feminine gender.

ESSE, pron. m.'he, that, in the masculine gender.

ESSE'NCIA, f. f. the effence or being of a thing.

Ser la quinta essencia de algunal cosa, to be the quinteffence of any thing; that is, the most perfect' just, and completest part of it.

ESSENCIAL, adj. effential. ESSENCIALME'NTE, adv. ef-

fentially. ESSENCIARSE, v. r. to unite,

to incorporate.

ESSO, pron. n. that. ESSO TRO, pron. the other.

EST

ESTA, pron, f. this, in the feminine gender.

ESTABILIDAD, f. f. eftability, suration, pespetuity, conflancy.

ESTA'BLE, adj. flable, fign.

ESTABLEA'R. v. a. to take up cattle from grafs and flable them; also to tame beafts.

- ESTABLECEDO'R, f. m. who establishes, constitutes, or appoints.

ESTABLECE'R, v. a. to effin-

ESTABLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. an establishing. .

ESTABLEME'NTE, adv. Rably, firmly.

ESTABLE'RA, f. f. a level woman that haunts stables.

ESTABLE'RO , f. m. one that keeps or looks to flables, or, ox-Rables

ESTABLIA, S. f. a Rable. ESTABLILLO, S. m. a linle flable.

ESTABLERIZO, f. m. Age that keeps (or looks to flables or ex-

ESTABLIMIENTO, f. m. chablishment.

ESTA'BLO, f. m. a flable, an :ox-Call.

BSTACA, f. f. a Rake, a palifade; a pin in a wall, a gack; a club or sudgel.

Bsióca para enzerir, a spock so graft ρn.

No he quédado effica en pared, there is not a pin left in a wall; shat, is , all is taken away, these is nothing but bare walls

Estár a estáca, to be confined to a narrow compais, as a beaft that is sted to a stake.

Estácas, or estaquillas de hierro, jeon

ESTACAIDA, f. f. a place palifaded, or hemmed in with stakes, the lists to fight in.

ESTACA'R, v. a. to fix a stake in the ground to tie any bests

Estaches, y. r. to mark out with flakes to much ground as is by law allowed to him that difcovers a mine.

ESTACA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a stake.

ESTA'CHA, f. f. the gone that is let out after the while is ftruck.

ESTACION, f. f. a flation. Ander las effeciónes, is to go to fo many flations; that is, churches, or places appointed in remembrance of the leveral passages of our Saviour's passion, there to pray in honour of those mysteries.

ESTACIONA'RIO , edi.not wandering, Said of planets.

ESTACIONE'RO, f. m. the old Spanish name for a book eller. ESTACO'N, f. m. a great fla-

ESTA'DA, f. f. a flay in a place.

ESTADA'L, f. m. a measure of a fathom or fix feet.

ESTA'DIO, f. m. a furlong; also a race to run.

ESTADI'STA , f. m. a statesm r.

ESTADI'ZO, adj. that Rands fill and does not run, as water in a pond,

ESTA'DO, f. m. eftate, condition, degree, flature; also a fathom. Estado seglár, the laity.

Eflado ecclefia sico, the clergy.

Matérias de eftado, affairs of Date.

Mifa del estado, a table kept at court for the gentlemen of the bedchamber, and other great mea. Conféjo de efiado, the council of Raje, the jupreme council of all others.

Tomir efficio, to fettle to some way of living, as to marry, to enter into a religious order, or abe like.

Poner en effado, to put a man into a way of living.

Descaecer de su eflado, to decline, so fall into worte circumstan-

Gaer de su estado, to drop down, 85 in a fwoon, or the like.

ESTADO'NIO, f. m. a take to ex in the ground

ASTALAS, f. m. pl. the flave in a ship, which are ropes coming from the tops of the mast forwards to keep the mafts from falling afryard, towards the poop. ESTAKA, A. L. a chesting choufing trick; also flurdy begging. In capt, what a third gives to

a pimposiband. ESTAFADO'R, f. m. a cheating fellow; a flurdy, beggar.

ESTAFA'R , v. a. to chouse , to cheat; to beg in a commanding way.

ESTAFE'RMQ, f. m. a menkin, a figure let up to ride at, and frike it with langer, or for other **Priboffs**

ESTAFE'RQ., f. m. a lackey, page, or foot-boy.

KATAFE'TA, f. f. the post for carrying of derters, properly 2 horfe-post.

ESTAFETE'RO, f. m. a polman, who gathers the letters.

ESTA'JO . f. m. vide DES-TA'JO.

ESTA'LA, f. f. e flible.

ESTALACION, f. f. a degree of honour or precedency in eather dral churches.

ESTALLAIR, v. n. to give a great crack, to sepore, to burth. ESTALLIDO, f. m. a great crack, report, or noife, as of a gun or the like.

ESTALLO, f. m. a great noise, crack, or report:

ESTAMBO'R, f. m. the flormpost of a ship:

ESTAMBRA'R', v. z. to twiff yatu, or worfted.

ESTAMBRE, f. m. worsted: or

ESTAME'AA, S. f. Serge. ESTAMENA'RA, f. f. a timber so called, used in ships.

ESTAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. fo they call the effaces that meet in the cortes or parliament, in

the kingdom of Aragon. ESTAMIL'NTO, f. m. the flate or condition of any person or

thing. ESTA'MPA, f. f. a print, a cut; also the art of printing.

ESTAMPA'DO'R, f. m. a prin-

ESTAMPA'R, v. 2. to print, to stamp.

ESTAMPE'RO, f. m. who makes and fells flamps.

ESTAMPI'DO, f. m. a crack, a noise, a report.

ESTAMPI'LLA, f. f. a little

ESTANCA'R, v. a. to stop, to stay, to stand still, as water to flanch blood.

Estancarse el água, to stand as in a pool.

ESTA'NCIA, f. f. a dwellingplace, a place to flay in; also a stanza in poetry; also a bedroom, and a camp.

ESTA'NCO, f. m. a monopoly, the place appointed to len any thing in that way; also a Ropping, staying, or detaining of

ESTANDA'RTE, f. m. a flandard.

Eftandártes desplegados, banners displayed.

ESTANGURRIA, f. f. the strangury, when one cannot make water, or does it by drops. BSTARAR, v. d. to tin.

ESTARBRO, f. m. a powerer, one that works in tin.

ESTATO, f. m. tin!

BSFANQUE, f. m. a pool, a pond a fish-pond.

BSTANQUE'RO, f. m. a monopolist or parentee, that hath licence to engrol's cerrain commedities for his own profit, with power to exclude others from trading in the fame.

ESTANQUILLO, A m. z little pool, or pond; also a small shop where they fell tobacco, fauff,

ESTANTA'L, f. m. prop, support, shore.

ESTANTE, f. m. a shelf for books, a desk to lay a book on; alfo a large beam.

ESTANTERO'L, f. m. the midpart of the galley, where the captain stands in time of fight.

BSTANTEGUA, f. f. a phantom, an apparition, an liebgoblin; also a very ugly person. or one in a ridieulous drefs.

ESTANTIO, adj. that stands still in a place.

ESTANZA, C. A. MGESTAN-

ESTAQUTELA!, f. f. z linie flake, a wooden pin:

ESTAQUILLAR, v. a. to put wooden pegs in shoer, to fix flakes of wood into any thing. ESTAR, v. n. to fland.

Efthe fobre fi, to be wary, or upon one's guard.

Effar en barres, wide BARRA! Eftar bultto, to be in good health; where in it differs from fer butto; to be good; this in a man: In other things the difference appears not at fift'fo vifible, and vettis considerable, for they say effa bireno: andies buene. But effit bueno. fignifics' in is well done, as meat is well dreffed; declaring the act cidental or additional good; but es buenq, signifies it is good in itself, imp'ying the effential good. of the thing.

Effir atento, to give attention.

Eftar fobre huevos, to fit upon eggs. as a hen does; metaph, to be uneafy.

Efter en ple, to fland on one's feet.

Estár suspériso, to be dubious. Estar en cierne, vide CIERNE.

Effice, v. r. to be stayed, to keep back, to be detained.

ESTATERA, f. f. a balance; also an ancient coin.

ESTA' PIGA, f. f. flaticks; the science which confiders the weight of bodies:

ESTA PUA, f. f. a fixue, an image.

BSTATUA'DO, adj. like a flatue. ESTATUA REA, f. f. the art of making, Asruel, Asruary.

ESTATUA'RIO, f. m. a flatuary. Estatuário, adj: belonging to a sta-

BSTATUIR, v. 2. to establish . to order, to determine.

ESTATURA, f. f. the flature of.

ESTATUTO, f. m. a' ffatute, . decrée:

ESTAY, f. m. a great cable rope. ESTE, pron. m. this man or this thing, in the mafculine gender. ESTE, f. m. the east-wind,

BSTB , BSTA , BSTO , prop. demons, this.

ESTELA, f. f. the trace or track that the ship leaves behind lier when failing.

ESTELARIA f. f. vide AL-*QUIMILIUM:*

ESTELIFBRO, adj. that is full of stars.

ESTÉLLIGIN, f. m. a newt , an effina creature Inc with aid, with shining spots on its back like the Rars:

ESTELIONA'TO, f. m. a cheat in felling one thing to two feveral persons, or moregaging-an eftate twice:

ESTEPA, f. f. a flower called the holy rofe.

ESTERM ; f.' f? a' mat.

ESTERADO'R, f. m. one than mats rooms.

ESTERA'R, v. a. to mat. ESTERCA'R, v. a. to dung the

ESTERCOLADO'R, f. m. one that dungs the ground.

ESTERCOLADURA, f. f. dung-ESTERCOLAMIL'NTO, ing. f. m.

ESTERCOLA'R, v. a. to dung the ground.

ESTERCOLE'RO, f. m. a dunghill, or one that carries dung. ESTERCUE'LO, f. m. a dunghill.

ESTEREOMETRIA, f. f. the measure of solid bodies.

ESTEREOME'TRICO, adj. of or belonging to the measuring of folid bodies.

ESTERE'RO, f. m. a mat-maker. ESTE'RIL, adj. barren.

ESTERILIDAD, f. f. barrennefs. ESTERILIZA'R, v. a to make or render any thing barren.

ESTERI'LLA, f. f. a little mat; also a small fort of golden or filver-lace.

ESTERNUDA'R, v. a. vide ES-TORNUDA'R.

ESTE'RO, f. m. a falt marsh, a place where the ride ebbs and flows; a creek or an inlet of the fea.

ESTERQUE'RO, f. m. a dunghill.

ESTERQUILI'NIO, f. m. a dunghill.

ESTEVA, f. f. the plough-handle, the plough-beam that the colter is in.

ESTEVA'DO, adj. bandy-legged, or one that turns his toes in.

ESTIM'R, v. n. to stop, to detain.

ESTIBA'R, v. a. to press, squeeze, or ram down; used also as estivar.

ESTIBIO, f. m. vide ALCO-HO'L.

ESTIBO'RDO, f. m. vide ESTRIBO'RDO.

ESTIL'RCOL, f. m. dung.

ESTILA'R, v. n. to practile, to use, to accustom.

Effilar, v. 2. to diffil, to drop.

ESTILBO'N , f. m. in cant,
drunk.

ESTILICI'DIO, f. m. vida STI-LICIDIO.

ESTILO, f. m. a flyle in writing; also the gnomon of a dial; use, custom, practice.

Tenér por effilo, to use to do any thing, to have a custom.

Perdér el estilo, to grow out of use. ESTI'MA, s. f. f. asteem, value.

ESTIMABILIDA'D, f. m. good quality for which a thing is efteemed: estimableness, the quality of deserving regard.

ESTIMA'BLE, adj. valuable.

ESTIMACION, f. f. esteem, value.

ESTIMADO'R, f. m. one that effects, or values; also an appraiser.

ESTIMA'R, v. a. to esteem, to value; also to appraise.

ESTIMATIVA, f. f. the power or faculty of judging and diffinguishing the worth or value of any thing or person.

ESTIMULADO'R, f. m. one that eggs another on.

ESTIMULA'R, v. a. to prick of egg on.

ESTIMU'LO, f. m. a prick, a goad, an incentive.

ESTI'NCO, f. m. a kind of land crocodile or newt.

ESTI'NIA, f. f. a contraction or compression of the nerves in beafts, as horses, mules, &c. ESTI'NTO, f. m. obs. instinct.

ESTINIO, i. m. obl. initina.

ESTIOMENA'DO, adj. of or belonging to mortification.

ESTIOME'NO, f. m. a mortification in the flesh.

ESTIPENDIA'RIO, f. m. one who receives a flipend, wages, or allowance.

ESTIPE'NDIO, f. m. a flipend, wages, pay, or allowance.

ESTIPITE, f. m. a column er pillar.

ESTIPTICIDA'D, f. f. the ftoppage, refriction, stagnation of the blood.

ESTIPTICO, adj. fliptick, aftringent; also covetous, miler.

ESTIPULACIO'N, f. f. flipulation, agreement, covenánting.

ESTIPULA'R, v. a. to stipulate:

TIRADAME'NTE, adv. ex-

ESTIRAAFLOXA, f. f. a sport among boys.

ESTIRA'DO, adj. grave, flately. ESTIRAJO'N, f. m. a pull, a

ESTIRA'R, v. a. to firetch, to draw out,

Efficiency, v. r. to be proud or flately, to walk fliffy; also to hang one's felf.

ESTIRIJON, f. m. a fudden pull, a tug, or a jerk.

ESTIRO'N, f. a sudden pull, a sug, a jerk.

ESTIRPA'R, w. a. vide EXTIR-PIR.

ESTI'RPE, f. f. a flock, a race ESTIVA, f. f flraw to fluff any thing with; in cant, punishment. ESTIVA'L, adj. belonging to the fummer.

ESTIVA'IES, f. m. pl. buskins, in cant.

ESTIVA'R, v. a. to fluff, to cram a thing full; also, in cant, to punish, to chaftile.

Estivár la não, to stow goods in a ship...

ESTIVO, adj. eftival, pertaining to the fummer; in cant, a shoe. ESTIVO'N, f. m. in cant, a course or run.

ESTIZ'A, f. f. the itch.

Estizarse, v. r. to be angry.

ESTO, pron. this.

ESTOCA'DA, f. f. a thrust with a weapon, a stab.

Effection de vino, the breath of a drunken man.

ESTOCADO'R, f. m. obf. vide ESTOQUEADO'R.

ESTOCAFRIS, f. m. a Spanish corruption for the Rocklish. ESTOCA'R, v. n. to give a push.

ESTOFA, C. f. any fluff for apparel.

ESTOFAR, v. a. to flew meat; to quilt garments, and in painting to draw with a thin colour over gold, fo that the gold appears through it.

ESTO'ICO, adj. belonging to the feet of the Stoicks.

ESTOPO'SO, adj. belonging to

ESTO'QUE, f. m. a rapier, a tuck.

Estoque, f. m. the herb spleen-

ESTOQUEADO'R, f. m. who strikes with a rapier or tuck.

ESTOQUEA'R, v. a. to strike with a point of a fword.

ESTORA'QUE, f. m. the fweet gum called florex; also the tree itself.

ESTORBADO'R, f. m. the person who disturbs.

ESTORBA'R. v. a. to hinder, to obstruct.

ESTORBO, f. m. hindrance, impediment, obstruction, opposi-

ESTORCE'R, v. n. to free, to rid one's self.

ESTORCICO'N, f. f. the gripes in the belly caused by the wind. ESTORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. vide TORCIMIE'NTO.

ESTORDECE'R, v. a. to aftonish, to amaze.

ESTORDECIMIE'NTO, f. m. astonishment, amazement.

ESTORME'NTO, f. m. obf. an instrument.

ESTORNI'JA de cárro, f. f. the trigger of a carr, a ring on the end of the axietree, between the wheel and the pin that holds it on.

ESTORNINO, f. m. the bird called a ffare or ffarling.

ESTORNUDA'R, v. n. to sneeze. ESTORNUDO, f. m. a fnee-

ESTORVA'R, v. n. to hinder, to obstruct.

ESTO'RVO, f. m. hindrance, obstruction, impediment.

ESTO'TRO, pron. the other. ESTOVA'DA, f. m. flewed meat. ESTOVA'R, v. a. to flew.

ESTRACILLA, f. f. dimia. of

ESTRA'DA, f. f. the fireet, the

Estrada cubiérta, the covered way in fortification,

ESTOPO'N, f. m. the coarfest

EST

flip hanging from his neck, almost down to his feet before.

ESTOLIDE'Z, f. m. foolishness, fimplicity, ignorance.

Estolcos, the philosophers called

ESTOLA, f. f. a ftole, a robe,

a garment down to the heels; but

peculiarly the stole a priest puts

on to officiate, being a narrow

Stoicks.

ESTOLIDO, adj. foolish.

ESTOLO'N, s. m. aug. of estola. ESTOMACA'I, adj. of or belonging to the stomach.

ESTOMAGA'R, v. a. to flomach, to resent.

ESTO'MAGO, f. m. the stomach, the ventricle in which food is digested.

Hombre d' estômago, a man of courage or resolution.

No guardar nada en el estomago, to keep nothing in one's flomach; to keep no secret.

ESTOMAGUE'RO, f. m. a belly-band used for young childrem.

ESTOMAGUILLO, dimin. of estómago.

ESTOMATICA'L, adj. of or belonging to the stomach.

ESTOMATICO'N, f. m. a plaster for the stomach.

ESTONCES, adv. obf. then, at that time.

ESTOPA, f. f. hemp, tow; at fea, oakam, which is old ropes pulled to pieces.

Prov. Ni de estopa buéna camisa, ni de puta buena amiga, neither can you have a good shirt of hemp, nor a good friend of a

ESTOPA'DA, f. f. 2 fleece of

ESTOPAJO, f. m. vide ESTRO. PAJO.

ESTOPE'AAS de séda, the combing of filk. ESTOPERO, adj. hempen.

ESTOPE'RAL, f. m. a tool used aboard ships to drive oakam into the seams of the ship.

ESTOPEROLES, f. m. pl. the wads of old oakam.

ESTOPILLAS, f. f. pl, a fort of hempen cloth,

FSTRADILLO, f. m. vide ES-TRA'DO, whose diminutive is

ESTRADIO'TA, f. f. the way of riding with the stirrups long, contrary to gineta which is very. short.

ESTRADIO'TE, f. m. one that rides with the stirrups long.

ESTRA'DO, f. m. is a place raised a step higher than the rest of the rooms, and covered with. carpets or mats, where the wemen sit upon cushions; a court of justice.

ESTRAFALARIAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, unfeemly, indecently, inelegantly.

ESTRAFALA'RIO , f. m. a flo-

ven, a person who dresses in a tawdry, mean, and low man-

ESTRAGADAME'NTE , adv. viciously, corruptly.

ESTRAGAMIE'NTO, f. m. 2 spoiling.

ESTRAGA'R, v. a. to spoil, to corrupt, to vitiate.

ESTRA'GO, f. m. havock, flaughter, destruction.

ESTRAMBOSIDA'D, f. f. the defect in the eyes when any person squints.

ESTRAMBO TE, f. m. an addition to the end of a verse. ESTRAMBC TICO, adj. ftrange,

without order, irregular. ESTRA'NGE, f. m. the strand or shoar.

ESTRANGE'RO, f. m. a ftranger, a foreigner.

ESTRANGO'L, f. m. an inflammation in the tongue of horses and mules.

ESTRANGU'L, f. m. the reed that is put into hautboys when they are played on.

ESTRARAME'NTE, adv. Rran-

ESTRAñADO, adj. thought firange, not known.

ESTRARAR, v. a. to estrange to alienate, to feem strange.

Estranar a otro, not to know a

Effranarse, v. f. to make one's felt a stranger, to avoid company,

ESTRALL'ZA, S. f. strangeness, fingularity.

ESTRANGU'RIA, f. f. ftran-

EŠTRANJE'ZO, f. m. vide ES-TRANGE'RO.

ESTRA'ñO, adj. strange, foreign, alien.

ESTRAPAZA'R, v a. to from, to laugh at, to ridicule.

ESTRATAGE'MA, f. m. firatagem, trick in war; also a cheat or fraud.

ESTRA'VA, f. f. a wood-cock. ESTRAVAGA'NTE, adj. emravagant, out of the common rule.

ESTRA'VA, f. f. in cant, a fool.

ESTRA'VE, f. m. the extremity of the keel towards the head of the ship.

ESTRA'ZA, f. f. rags.

Papel de estraça, brown paper. ESTRAZA'R, v. a. to rend, to

ESTRAZA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear.

ESTRAZO, f. m. a rag,

ESTRECHADU'RA, f. f. a ftraitnefs, narrownefs, or binding close.

ESTRECHAME'NTE, adv. ftraitly, narrowly.

Estrechamente, adv. exactly, punctually.

ESTRECHA'R, w. a. to firsites, to contract, to make narrow.

Estrecharse, v. r. to bind one's self in a narrow compass.

ESTRECHEZ, f. f. firatiness, narrowness, contraction; also union, connexion; also a great danger or pain; also retirement

and misery.

ESTRECHE'ZA, f. f. vide ES. TRECHE'Z

ESTRE'CHQ, adj. first, narrow. Effrépho., f. m. fireight in the fee, ESTRECHU'RA, f. f. fireightness, narrowness.

ESTREGADE'RA, C. f. a bard

ESTREGADE'RO, f, m. a. place that beaffs rub, themfelves against. ESTREGA'R, v. a. to rub,

ESTRE/LLA, L & a flar; also genius, names disposition, fage, definy,

Contar les eftrélles, to count the flars, to labour in vain, to wash the black-a-moor white.

Venir a cafa con las firiles, to come home by flar-light, to keep ill hours.

Hactr ver las efteellas a médio dia, no make one see the flam at noonday; a threatening expression.

ESTRELLA'DA, E. E. the herb flarwort, or sherwort.

ESTRELLADO, adj. full of flars; also dashed to pieces.

Hutvos efitélados, eggs fried whole. ESTRELLAMA'R, f. m. a plant fo called.

ESTRELLAMIE'NTO, f. m. confiellation, conjunction of many flars.

ESTRELLA'R, v. a. to set full of stars; also to dash to pieces, to fry eggs whole.

Eftrellarse con otro, to oppose another with danger to one's felf.

ESTRELLE'RA, f. f. a beaft that holds up its head as if it were flar-gazing.

ESTRELLERIA, f. f. obf. aftrology, flar-gazing.

ESTRELLE'RO, f. m. an aftronomer, a star-gazer.

ESTRELLI'TA, f. f. a little flar. ESTRELLIZA'R, v. a. to beautify with flars.

ESTRELLO'N, f. m. a large flar.
ESTRELLUE'LA, f. f. a small
flar

ESTREMADAME'NTE, adv. extremely.

ESTREMA'DO, adj. extreme, exceeding,

ESTREMA'RSE, v. r. to exceed, to furpals others, to do one's utmost, to be excellent.

ESTREMECE'RSE, v. r. to quake, to tremble.

guake, to tremble.

ESTREME, CEMIE(NTO), f. m.
a quaking, of trembling.

ESTREME'ZO; f. m. vide ES-TREMECIMIE'NRO.

ESTREMIDAD, f. f. extremity, the utmost bounds of any thing. ESTREMO, add. extreme, the utmost, the bounds.

Estime de cuentas, a small bead, or filigree work, beauegn the beads.

Estrémo de dehêça, the latter pas-

Estrémos de plita, filigree work at the ends of beads.

Hacer estremos, to give extraordinary signs of grief or passion.

Tener frios los estremos, to feel cold in the extreme parts of the body, as the fingers and toes.

Estrema nec sidad, extremity of want,

Effar in extrémis, to be at the last gasp.

ESTREMULO'SO, adj. trembling, quaking.

ESTRE'NA, f. f. handfel; in fome places a new-year's gift.
ESTRENA'R, v. a. to handfel.

Estrenarse, v. r. to begin to exercise one's self in any thing.

ESTREAI'DO, adj. niggardly. ESTREAI'R, v. a. to restrain, to bind.

ESTRE'NO, f. m. the beginning, the first using one's self to any thing.

ESTRE'NQUE, f. m. a great cable made of rushes.

ESTRE'NUO, adj. ftrong, flout, valiant.

ESTREPITO, f. m. a noise. ESTRIAS, f. f. pl. the flutings of a pillar or column.

ESTRIA'DO, adj. fluted.

ESTRIA'R, v. a. in architecture, to flute a column or pillar.

ESTRIBADE RA, f. m. a place to fet one's feet against to hold fast.

ESTRIBADO'R, adj. that is faftened to another thing.

ESTRIBADURA, f. f. striving with might and main.

ESTRIBA'R, v. n. to firive with might and main, to hold or draw, fetting one's feet against any thing.

ESTRIBE'RA, f. f. a stirrup to a saddle, a buttress to a wall.

ESTRIBERTA, f. f. that part of the flable where the stirrups are kept.

ESTRIBULLO, f. m. a.verse often repeated, the burthen of the fong.

ESTRIBO, f. m. a stirrup to a saddle, a buttress to a wall.

Ir al estribo, to walk by a horse's fide.

Hacer a uno perder tos estribos, to make a man lose his stirrups; to put him out of patience.

Effar con el pié en el efficho, to have one foot in the firrup; to be just ready to set out upon a journey.

Effdr 6 andar mui fobre los effribos, to beware, to be cautious, vigilant.

Perder los efiribos, to fall in a paf-

ESTRIBO'RD, f. m. the right fide of a ship, the starboard fide.

ESTRICOTE, f. m. a tenniscourt, or the game of tennis.

Trahér a uno al effricote, to toss a man about like a tennis-ball; to give him no rest.

ESTRICTAME'NTE, adv. fizi-

ESTRIDO'R, f. m. a noife. ESTRI'GE, f. f. a skreech-owl. ESTRINSECO, adj. extrinsical, outward, external.

ESTRIVA'R, v. a. vide ESTRI-BA'R.

ESTRIVERAJE, f. m. a buttress of a wall.

ESTRIVO, f. m. wide ESTRI'-

ESTROPAJEA'R, to sub the walls, with a dish-clour.

ESTROPAJO, f. m. a dishclour, or any disty clout for foul ufes; a hempen clout.

Trabér a una histo un estrapito, co use a man like a dieh-ciour, co put him to servite employments.

Lengua de estropájó, a Sammering or Suttering person.

ESTROPAJO'SO, adj. bare, mean, law, contemptible.

ESTROPEM'R, v. a. so main one's limbs; to mix fand with lime.

ESTRORECILLO, f. m. a limb Sumbling block.

ESTROPEZA'R, v. n. to Sumble.

ESTROPHA, f. f. a Sanza in a poetical composition.

ESTROPIE'ZO, f. m. a flumbling-block. ESTROVO, f. m. a piece of cable fo called on board ships.
ESTRUCTURA, f. f. ftructure, building, fabrick.

ESTRUE'NDO, f. m. great noife, loud found, repercussion; also pomp, splendour, oftentation; also name, fame.

ESTRUENDOSAME'NTE, adv. with great noise.

ESTRUENDO'SO, adj. noify, rumultuous.

ESTRUPADO'R, f. m. vide ES-TUPRADO'R.

ESTRUPA'R, v. a. vide ESTU-PRAR.

ESTRUPO, f. m. wide ESTU-PRO.

ESTRUXADO, adj. fqueezed, preffed, lean, lank.

ESTRUXA'R, v. a. to squeeze, to press.

Estrux dr el diaéra, to part with money with great reluctance.

ESTRUXADURA, f. m. fqueezing, prefing.

ESTRUXO N, f. m. the last squeezing or draining of the grape in making wine.

ESTVARIO, f. m. the place over flowed with fea - water, over which the tide goes.

ESTUCA'R, v. a. to cover with plaiser of Paris.

ESTUCHE, f. m. a cafe, a pair of tweezers, a cafe of infiruments.

EETUCO, f. m. plaster of Paris. EETIDLADOR, f. m one who Rudies, or applies himself to study.

ESTUDIANTA'ZO, f. m. greatly learnned, akilled in letters.

ESTUDIA'NTE, f. m. a fludent,

ESTUDIANTIL, adj. helonging to she fludy. Josofe.

ESTUDIANTILLO, f. m.a lite the liberary located forms

ESTUDIANTINO, adj. belonging or pertaining to fludents.

ESTUDIANZO'N, f. m. a great fludens.

ESTEDDIA'B. v. a. 10 ftudy, to apply the mind to; also to confider atmntively, 10 learn by application.

ESTUDIO, f. m. fludy; also a fchool, or a closer where one fludies.

ESTUDIOSAME'NTE, adv. fludioufly.

ESTUDIOSIDAD, f. f. a defire after learning, an inclination to fludy.

ESPUDIO'SO, adj. fludious, actentive to, careful.

ESTU'FA, f. f. a flove, a horfrouse.

ESTUFA'R, v. a, to warm with a flove.

ESTOTYLEA, f. f. a little flove used by the ladies; also a must.

ESTULTAME'NTE, adv. foolishly.

ESTULTICIA, f. f. folly. ESTU'LTO, adj. foolish.

ESTUO'SO, adj. hot.

ESTUPENDAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully.

ESTUPE'NDO, adi. flupendous, amazing, akonishing, wondérful.

ESTUPIDO, adj, flupid, foo-

ESTUPO'R, ! f. m. altonishment, amazement.

ESTUPRADOR, f. m. a ravisher, a debatcher of virgins. ESTUPRA'R was a to revish

ESTUPRA'R, v. a. to ravish, to debauch a maid.

ESTUPRO, f. m. debauching of a maid.

ESTUQUE, f. m. vide ES-

ESTURA'R, v. s. to dry any thing by the force of the fire.

ESTURIO'N, f. m. the fish called a flurgeon.

E S U

ESULA, f. f. the greatest kind of spurge, which has the leaflike the eypress.

E S V

ESVALA'R, v. n. vide RES-BALA'R.

E T

ET, a conjunction copulative : and

Et cetera, a Latin word used much in the Castilian tongue.

ETE

E'TELE! interj. lo! behold! .

ETEROGE'NEO, adj. hererogeneous, of a different kind.
ETERNA'L, adj. eternal, everlasting.
ETERNAME'NTE, adv. eternally.
ETERNIDA'D, f. f. eternity.
ETERNIZA'R, v. a. to eternize, to make everlasting; also to defer, to procrastinate, to delay.
ETE'RNO, adj. eternal, everlasting.

E T H

E'THER, f. m. ether, air refined or fublimed; also the matter of the highest regions above. ETHE'REO, adj. ethereous, ethereal, formed of ether.

ETHESI'OS, adj. belonging to periodical winds.

E'THICA, f. f. ethicks; the doc-

ETHIO'PIDE, f. f. an herb, like lettuce.

.ETHNI'CO, adj. heathen, pagan.

ETI

E'TICO, adj. fick of a confump-

ETIQUE'TA, f. f. a book of ceremonies.

E'TITES, f. m. the eagle flone.

ETN

E'TNA, f. f. any thing burning.

ETY

ETYMOLOGIA, f. f. etymology, derivation of words.

ETYMOLO'GICO, adj. etymologick.

EUB

EUBO'LIA, f. f. a speaking or advising well.

EUC

EUCHARISTI'A, f. f. the holy eucharist.

EUCHARISTICO, adj. belonging to the eucharist.

EUN

EUNUCO, f. m. an eunuch.

EUP

EUPATO'RIO, f. m. the herb agrimony.
EUPHO'RBIO, f. m. a tree fo called.
EUPHRA'SIA, f. f., a plant fo called.

EUR

EURO, f. m. the fouth-east wind, or rather east-south-east.

EUROPE'O, adj. European, of

Europe.

EURYTHMI'A, f. f. the just proportion and delightful profpect of a building, eurithmy, harmony, regular and fymetrical, measure.

EUT

EUTRAPE'LIA, f. f. pleafant EUTROPE'LIA, f. m. jefting with innoncence; but fometimes taken in an ill fense for lewd ribaldry.

EVA

EVACUACIO'N, f. f. evacuation, emptying.

EVACUA'R, v. a. to evacuate, to empty.

EVA'D investigable behald ob-

EVA'D, interj. obf. behold, obferve.

EVADIR, v. a. to evade, to escape, to elude.

EVAGACIO'N, f. m. wandering, firolling, evagation, excursion, ramble, deviation.

EVANECE'R, v. a. to disap;

EVANGE'LICO, adj. evangelical, belonging to the gospel, or agreeable to the gospel.

EVANGE'LIO, f. m. the gofpel.

EVANGELISTA, f. m. an evangelist.

EVANGELISTE'RO, f. m. a deacon.

EVANGELIZA'R, v. a. to preach the gospel, to instruct in the holy gospel, the gospel of Jesus.

EVAPORACION, f. f. evaporation, going out in fleam.

EVAPORA'R, v. n. to evaporate, to go out in fleam.

EVASIO'N, f. f. escape, evaluen, fubterfuge, excuse.

E V E

EVENIR, v. n. to happen.

EVENTILA'R, v. n. vide VENTILA'R.

EVE'NTO, f. m. an event.

EVERSIO'N, f. f. overturning,

defiruction.

EVI

EVICCION, f. f. a convincing by law, and caufing to deliver up that he wrongfully detaineth, an eviction.

EVIDE'NCIA, f. f. evidence, plain demonstration.

EVIDENCIA'R, v. a. to demonftrate, to prove.

EVIDE'NTE, adj. evident, clear, unquestionable.

EVIDE'NTEME'NTE, adv. evidently, clearly.

EVINCI'R, v. a. to evince, to make out clear.

EVITA'BLE, adj. that may be shunned or avoided.

EVITACIO'N, f. f. a shunning or avoiding.

EVITA'R v. a. to shun, to avoid.

EVITE'RNO, adj. everlasting, without end, perpetual.

EVO

EVO, f. m. an age. EVOCACION. EVOCACIO'N, f. f. a calling out or away; fummoning from one court to another.

EVOCA'R, v. a. to call out, or away, to fummon, from one court to another.

EVOHE', an exclamation used by the Bacchanals.

EVOLUCIO'N, f. f. an evolution; a martial term.

EX

EX, prep. used only in compofition.

EXA

EXABRUPTO, adv. abruptly. EXACCION, f. f. exaction, imposition, extortion, unjust demand; also a toll, a tribute severely levied.

EXACERBAR, v. a. to irritate,

EXACTAME'NTE, adv. exactly. EXACTITUD, f. f. exactness, of conduct or manners.

EXA'CTO, adj. exact, accurate,

EXACTO'R, f. m. a gatherer or

EXAGERACION, f. f. an exaggeration, representing a thing above measure.

EXAGERADO'R, f. m. an exag-

EXAGERA'R, v. a. to exaggerate, to extol, to reprefent above measure.

EXA'GONO, f. an hexagon, a

LAR.

its powers are increased.

EXALTA'R, v. a. to exalt, to to extol, so magnify.

Exaltarfe la colera, to be irritated, enraged, in a great passion.

to exasperate.

accuracy, nicety; also regularity

methodical.

receiver of money, as taxes and

gerator.

figure of fix fides.

EXALA'R, v. n. vide EXHA-

EXALTACIO'N, f. f. exaltation, raising, or lifting up, elevation to power or dignity; also the dignity of a planet, in which

raise, or lift up; also to praise,

Tom. I.

EXA'MBRE, C. m. vide ENXA'M-BRE.

EXA'MEN, f. m. fan exa-EXAMINACIO'N, f. f. m.nation, disquisition.

EXAMINADO'R, f. m. an examiner.

EXAMINA'R, v. a. to examine. EXA'NGUE, adj. pale and wan, halfdead.

EXA'NIME, adj. lifeless, heart-

EXARA'R, \forall . a. to engrave.

EXARCHA'DO, f. m. the territory that belongs to the exarcho. EXA'RCHO, f. m. an exarch, a dignity in the Grecian empire, equivalent to a great governor or vice-roy.

EXASPERACIO'N, f. f. exasperation, provocation.

EXASPERA'R, v. a. so exasperate, to provoke.

EXC

EXCAVA'R, v. a. to make hollow, to hollow.

EXCEDE'R, v. n. to exceed, to furpals.

EXCELE'NCIA, f. f. excellency, preeminence; the title given to dukes, embassadors, and other great men.

EXCELLE'NTE, adj. excellent, preeminent.

EXCELLENTEME'NTE, adv. excellently.

EXCEISAME'NTE, adv. highly, loftily.

EXCELSITU'D, s. f. lostines, highness.

EXCE'LSO, adj. lofty, high. EXCENTRICAME'NTE, adv. excentrically, from the center.

EXCENTRICIDA'D, f. f. excentricy, deviation from the cen-

EXCE'NTRICO, adj. excentri-

EXCEPCIO'N, f. f. exception. EXCEPCIONA'R, v. a. to except.

EXCEPTACIO'N, f. f. excep-

EXCEPTA'R, v. a. to except. EXCE'PTO, adv. except.

EXCEPTUA'R, v. a. to except. EXCESSIVAME'NTE , adv. exceffively.

EXCESSI'VO, adj. excessive. EXCE'SSO, f. m. an excess, an

outrage; also intemperance: EXCITACIO'N, f. f. an exciting. stirring up.

EXCITAR, v. a. to excite, to ftir up.

EXCLAMACIO'N, f. f. exclamation, crying out.

EXCLAMA'R, v. n. to exclaim. to cry out.

EXCLUIR, v. z. to exclude, to shut out,

EXCLUSIO'N, f. f. exclusion.

EXCLUSIVA. f. f. exclusion: repulse.

EXCLUSO, p. p. excluded, shur

EXCOGITABLE, adj. that can be thought on.

EXCOGITA'R, v. n. to think. EXCOMULGADO'R, f. m. one who excommunicates.

EXCOMULGA'R, v. 2. to excommunicate.

EXCOMUNIO'N, f. f. excomunication, ecclesiastical interdict.

EXCORIACIO'N, f. f. a taking off the skin, exceriation, loss of

EXCRECE'NCIA, f. f. an excrefcence or piece of flesh growing.

EXCREMENTA'R, v. n. to void excrement.

EXCREMENTICIO, adj. excrementitious.

EXCREME'NTO, f. m. excrement, dung, all that comes as superfluous from the body.

EXCREMENTO'SO, adj. full of excrement, excrementitious.

EXCURSIO'N, f. f. excursion, skirmish, invasion, sally; also a difgression, a ramble from a subject.

EXCU'RSO, f. m. a course beyond one's bounds, a running or laying out in length, a digreffion.

EXCU'SA, f. f. excuse, apolo-

A excusa,) adv. fecretly, in a A excuso, concealing manner.

EXCUSABARA'JA, f. f. a basket made of ofiers, with a handle and a cover to it.

EXC

EXCUSA'BLE, adj. excufable, pardonable.

EXCUSACIO'N, f. f. an excuse. EXCUSADAME'NTE, adv. without excuse.

EXCUSADE'RO, adj. that may be excused or pardoned.

EXCUSA'DO, f. m. a certain tribute which the clergy pay to the king.

EXCUSADOR, f. m. who excufes one another.

EXCUSANO, adj. obf. hidden, concealed.

EXCUSA'R, v. a. to excuse, to exempt, to free from taxes; also to avoid.

Excufárse, v. r. to refuse, to re-

EXCUSO, adj. hidden, retired.

EXE

EXE, f. m. an axle-tree of a cart, waggon, or the like.

Exe, a word used to drive away a dog.

EXE'A, f. m. obf. a spy, a

EXEA'R, v. n. obf. to play the fpy, or fcout; also to drive

EXECRA'BLE, adj. execrable, desestable, abominable.

EXECRACIO'N, f. f. execration, detestation, curse.

EXECRADO'R, f. m. who curfes or exectates.

EXECRA'NDO, adj. execrable, deferving execration.

EXECRA'R, v. a. to execrate, to

detest, abominate, to curse. EXECUCIO'N, f. f. execution, performance.

EXECUTA'BLE, adj. that can be executed.

EXECUTADO'R, f. m. he that executes.

EXECUTA'R, v. a. to execute, to perform.

Executár en los biénes, to serve an execution upon goods.

EXECUTIVAME'NTE, adv. expeditiously, quickly,

EXECUTIVO, adj. executive, that may be put in execution.

EXECUTO'R, f. m. an executor, a performer.

EXECUTO'RIA, f. f. an inftrument shewing that a cause has been three times tried and carried, which takes off all further trouble and controversy.

Executória de hidalguia, an inftrument to prove gentility, which has been made out in open court. and is beyond difpute; the original grant from the king, which makes a gentleman.

EXECUTORIA'L, adj. belonging to an instrument or grant.

EXECUTORIA'R, v. n. to obtain a verdict.

EXE'DRA, f. f. a by-place, or jutty building, with seats either for fludy or discourse.

EXEGIDE'RO, adj. obs. that may be exacted, or requiered. EXEGIR, v. z. obf. to exact,

or require.

EXEMPCIO'N, f. f. exemption, freedom from any thing.

EXEMPLA'R, adj. exemplary; that is, fit for an example.

EXEMPLA'RIO, f. m. a book of examples.

EXEMPLARME'NTE, adv. exemplarly.

EXEMPLIFICACION, f. f. exemplification.

EXEMPLIFICA'R, v. a. to exemplify, to fet as an example; also to inlarge upon.

EXE'MPLO, f. m. an example, a pattern, a copy, an open punishment to deter others.

EXENCION, f. f. an exemp-

EXENTA'R, y. a. to exempt, to make free.

EXE'NTO, adj. exempted, made

EXEQUIA'L, adj. belonging to a funeral.

EXE'QUIAS, f. f. pl. funeral obsequies, funeral pomp, the last duty to the dead, and the prayers for his foul at, or before his burial.

EXEQUIPLE, adj. that can be obtained, or executed.

EXERCE'R, v. a. to exert, to practise any trade or office.

EXE

EXERCI'CIO, f. m. exercife, employment.

Hacer exercicio, to walk, to use exercise for health.

EXERCITACION, f. f. an exercifing.

EXERCITA'DOR, f. m. an exercifer.

EXERCITA'R. v. a. to exer-

EXE'RCITO, f. m. an army.

EXH

EXHALACIO'N, f. f. an exhalation, evaporating, going out in Ream.

EXHALA'R, v. a. to exale, to evaporate, to go out fleam.

Exhalárse, v. r. to be consumed, exhaled, evaporated.

EXHA'USTO, adj. exhausted. drained, spent.

EXHEREDACION, f. f. difinheriting.

EXHEREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. . difinheriting.

EXHEREDA'R . v. a. to difin-

EXHICIO'N, f. f. an exhibition, a giving or shewing, a representation.

EXHIBIR, v. a. to exhibit, to shew, to represent.

EXHORTACION, f. f. an exhortation.

EXHORTADO'R, f. m. who exhorts or advises.

EXHORTA'R, v. a. to exhort. EXHORTATO'RIO, adj. belonging to an exhortation, exhortatory.

EXHO'RTO, f. m. a writ fo called in the courts of justice.

EXHUMA'R, v. a. to unbury, or dig out of the earth.

EXI

EXPDO, f. m. a fpot of ground without the town, which is common, and serves only for the inhabitants to walk or divert themfelves, or for any public fervice of the place; a plain or common of feeding ground.

EXIGE'NCIA, f. f. exigency, demand, want, need.

EXIGIDE'RO, adj. that may be exacted.

EXIGIR, v. a. to exact, to require.

EXIGUO, adj. little, fmall.

EXPLIO, f. m. banishment, exile.

EXIMIAME'NTE, adv. notably, excellently.

EXI'MIO, adj. choice, notable, remarkable, above the reft.

EXIMIR, v. a. to exempt.

EXINANICIO'N, if. f. an emptyng, or evacuation; also privation, loss.

EXIR, v. a. obf. to go forth.

EXISTE'NCIA, f. f. existence,

being

EXISTE'NTE, p. act. of exi-

EXISTIMACIO'N, f. f. estimation, or judgment.

EXISTIMA'R, v. a. to esteem, value.

EXISTIR, v. n. to exist, to have a being.

E'XITO, f. m. a going forth, or going out.

EXO

E'XODO, f. m. the name of the fecond book in the Pentateuch of Moses, in the Holy Bible.

EXONERACION, f. f. unlading, unburthening.

EXONERAR, v. a. to unload, to unburden, to free, discharge. EXORABLE, adj. that can be intreated or persuaded.

EXORBITA'NCIA, f. f. exorbitance, pride, extravagance.

EXORBITA'NTE, adj. exorbitant, out of reason, strange, extraordinary, proud; out of the common way or track.

EXORCISMO, f. m. exorcism, a conjuration or expulsion of evil

spirits.

EXORCISTA, f. m. an exorcift, one of the orders of the church, one that by prayers and exorcisms expels avil spirits.

EXORCIZA'R, v. a. to exorcise, to cast out evil spirits.

EXO'RDIO, f. m. beginning, introduction.

EXORNACIO'N, f. f. ornament, adorning.

EXORNAR, v. a. to adoru, to fet out.

EXO'TICO, adj. ftrange, foreign.

EXP

EXPA'NSO, f. m. the firma-

EEPAVECE'RSE, v. r. obs. to be associated, to be amazed.

EXPECTABLE, adj. that can be expected or looked for.

EXPECTACION, f. f. expedia-

EXPECTATIVA, f. f. the hopes of obtaining any thing.

expectorAcion, f. f. a throwing out of phlegm from the flomach.

EXPECTORAR, v. a. to throw out of the breaft, to expectorate; to discharge one's mind.

EXPEDICION f. f. military expedition; a march or voyage with martial intentions; also haste, speed, activity.

EXPEDICIONE'RO, f. m. he who folicits affairs in the courts of law, that of Rome in particular.

EXPEDIE'NTE, f. m. expedient; means to an end; activity in bufiness, facility, easiness.

Expediente, adj. expedient, proper, fit, suitable.

EXPEDIA, v. a. to expedite, to dispatch.

EXPEDIDO, adj. dispatched; also quick, hasty.

EXPEDITAME'NTE, adv. expeditely, with quickness, readi-

EXPEDITO, adj. expedite, nimble, active, agile.

EXPELE'R, v. a. to expel, to drive out, to force away, to eject, to throw out.

EXPENDEDO'R, f. m. one who fpends, or confumes.

EXPENDE'R, v. a. to lay out, to spend,

EXPE'NSA, f. f. expence, coft. EXPERIE'NCIA, f. f. experience.

EXPERIMENTADO'R, f. m. one who makes experiments.

EXPERIMENTAL, adj. of, or belonging to an experiment.

EXPERIMENTA'R, v. a. to try experiments.

EXPERIME'NTO, f. m. experiment, trial of any thing.

EXPÉRTO, adj. expert, skilful by practice or experience.

EXPLACION, f. f. expiation, atonement.

EXPLA'R, v. a. to expiate, to atone for.

EXPIRAR, v. a. vide ESPI-RAR.

EXPLANACION, & f. explanation, declaration.

EXPLANA'R, v. a. to explain, to declare.

EXPLAYA'R, v. a. to dilate, to extend.

EXPLICACION, f. f. explication, an explaining or expounding.

EXPLICADE'RAS, f. f. pl. the manner of explaining himself that any body has.

EXPLICADO'R, f. m. he thatexplicates, explains, or expounds EXPLICA'R, v. a to explicate to explain, to expound.

Explication, v. r. to speak plain, intelligible.

EXPLICITAME'NTE, adv. clearly, diffindly.

EXPLICATO, adj. clear, manifeft.

EXPLORACION, f. f. finding out.

EXPLORADO'R, f. m. explorator, examiner, one who fearches; also a spy.

EXPLORA'R, v. a. to explorate to examine, to fearch out.

EXPLORATO'RIO, f m. a probe, an inftrument made use of by surgeons.

EXPOLIACION, f. f. a taking of spoils.

EXPOLICIO'N, f. f. an explana-

EXPONEDO'R, f. m. expounder, interpreter.

Qq4

EXPONE'R, v. a. to expound, to interpret, to unfold, to lay out, to expose.

EXP

EXPOSICIO'N, f. f. exposition, explication.

EXPOSITIVO, adj. that makes clear or manifest, that renders any doubtful thing plain.

EXPOSITO, f. m. a foundling, a child exposed or laid out by its parents for others to take up and breed it.

EXPOSITO'R, f. m. an interprerer.

EXPREMI'JO, f. m. a vooden trough used by the shepherds to

EXPRESSAME'NTE, adv. expressly, clearly, distinctly.

EXPRESSA'R, v. a. to express, to declare clearly; a fo to reprefent by any of the imitative arm, as poetry, sculpture, painting, &c.

EXPRESSIO'N , f. f. expref-

EXPRESSI'VO adj. that may be expressed, or made clear, expreffive.

EXPRE'SSO, f. m. a messenger, an express.

Expresso, adj. express, positive plain, clear, not dubious.

EXPRIMIDE'RA, f. f. a little press used by apothecaries to fqueeze out the juice of herbs, &c.

EXPRIMIR, v. a. to squeeze out, to make known.

EXPROBACIO'N, f. f. a chiding, or reprimanding face to face, reproachful accusation.

EXPUESTAME'NTE, adv. openly, in the fight of all.

EXPUE'STO, p. p. expounded, interpreted, unfolded, laid out. exposed.

EXPUGNACIO'N, f. f. a taking by force, or fubduing by af-

EXPUGNADO'R, f. m. one who subdues, on takes by force.

EXPUGNA'R, v. a. to take by force, to subdue, to conquer, to reduce.

EXPULSION, f. f. expulsion. EXPULSIVO, adj. expulsive.

EXPULSO, adj. expulsed, drove |

EXPULTRIX, f. f. expelling

EXPURGACIO'N, f. f. the act of purifying or cleaning any thing. EXPURGIR, v. a. to clean, to purify.

EXPURGATO'RIO, f. m. the Roman Index of the prohibited books.

EXQ

EXQUISITAME'NTE, adv. exquilitely, neatly, excellently. EXQUISITO, adj. exquifite, excellent, neat, curious, fine.

EXT

E'XTASI, f. m. extafy, rapture,

EXTATICO, adj. in an extafy, apt to be in an extafy.

EXTEMPORA'L, adj. done extempore, on a sudden, without any deliberation.

EXTEMPORANEAME'NTE adv. fuddenly, inconfiderately, without premeditation.

EXTENDE'R, v, a, to extend. to spread, to diffuse.

Extenderse, v. r. to be spread, to be dilared, or extended.

EXTENDIDAME'NTE, adv. extensively, widely.

EXTENSAME NTE, adv. largely, extensively.

EXTENSIO'N, f. f. extension, dilatation.

EXTENSIVAME'NTE, adv. extensively.

EXTENSIVO, adj. extensive, wide, large.

 $EXTE'NSar{O}$, adj. extensive , wide ,

large; extended, dilated. -EXTENUACION, f. f. an ex-

tenuating, or lesening. EXTENUAR, v. a. to extenuate.

to leffen. EXTERIO'R, adj. exterior, out-

EXTERIORIDA'D, f. f. outwardness; also pemp, spleadour, oftentation.

EXTERIORME'NTE , adv. exteriorly, outwardly,

EXTERMINADO'R, f. m. one who roots out, or terminates.

EXTERMINA'R , v. a. to exterminate, to root out, to destroy, to overthrow, to banish.

EXTERMINIO, f. cn. defruction, desolation, ruin.

EXTE'RNO, adj. eternal, out-

EXTINGUIBLE, adj. that can be extinguished.

EXTINGUI'R, v. a. to extinguish, to put out, to quench.

EXTINTO, adj. extint, quenched, put out.

EXTIRPACIO'N, f. f. roeting out, extirpation.

EXTIRPA'R, v. a. to extirpate, to root out, to destroy.

EXTORCION, f. f. extortion, wresting from one.

EXTRA, prep. without; mostly used in composition.

EXTRACCIO'N, f. f. extraction, drawing out.

EXTRA'CTO, adj. extracted, drawn out.

Extrado, s. m. an abridgment.

EXTRAHE'R, v. a. to extract, to draw out.

EXTRAJUDICIA'I, adj. extrajudicial, out of the course of law.

EXTRAJUDICIALME'NTE, adv. extrajudicially.

EXTRAMU'ROS, adv. out of the walls.

EXTRA'NEO, adj. foreign. EXTRANGERIA, f. f. the flatt of a foreigner or firanger.

EXTRANGE'RO, adj. foreign. EXTRAnAME'NTE, adv. wonderfully.

EXTRANAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of separating from one's self any thing; wonder, aftonishment, Surprize.

EXTRAñA'R, v. z. to alienate; also to be assonished, to wonder at; also to banish.

 $EXTRA\overline{n}E'Z$, (f. f. alienation; EXTRALE'ZA, novelty, fingularity.

EXTRAñO, adj. rare, fingular, extraordinary.

Vino a dar en al mas extraño pensemiénto que jámas diá lóso en el mordo, fuch an extraordinary thought got hold of his mind, as ever any fool had before.

EXTRAORDINARIAME'NTE, adv. extraordinarily.

EXTRAORDINA'RIO, adj. extraordinary.

EXTRAVAGA'NCIA, f. f. extravagance, diforderly proceeding.

EXTRAVAGA'NTE, f. f. a law of the pope taken out of the civil law.

Extravagánte, adj. extravagant, diforderly.

EXTRAVAGA'R, v. 2. to act disorderly.

EXTRAVENA'RSE, v. r. to run out of the vessels or veins.

EXTRAVIAR, v. a. to take out of the way, to direct wrong.

EXTRAVIO, f. m. wandering,

firelling out of the way.

EXTREMADAME'NTE, adv.

extremely.

EXTREMADO, adj. extreme, extraordinary, perfect.

EXTREMAME'NTE, adv. above measure, extremely.

EXTREMA'R, v. a. to make perfect, to confummate.

EXTREMIDAD, f. f. extremity.

EXTRE'MO, f. m. the perfection or confummation of any thing, the extreme, the highest degree of any thing.

Extrémo, f. m. the extremity, the end.

Y aunque el mayor, me queria bién, no llegó al extrêmo con que Don Fernando me queria, although the eldest loved me very well, yet it never arrived to that persect love, with which Don Ferdinand loved me.

EXTRE'MO, adj. extreme, greatest.

Con extrémo, en extrémo, por extrémo, extremely, very much, greatly.

Eftar en extréma necessidad, to be in the most pressing necessity, distress.

Effar 6 poner en extrémo peligro, to be or to put one in the greatest danger. EXTRINSECAME'NTE, adv. extrinsically, outwardly.

EXTRI'NSECO, adj. extrinsical, outward.

EXTURBA'R, v. a. to expel by force or violence.

EXU

EXUBERA'NCIA, f. f. exuberance, copiousness, plenty, overgrowth, superfluous shoots, luxueriance.

EXUBERA'NTE, adj. very plentiful, very abundant, over-abundant.

EXULCERACIO'N, f. f. ulceration, fore.

EXULCERA'R, v. a. to ulcerate.

EXU'LLO, f. the roller on which the weaver rolls up his threads.

EXULTACIO'N, f. f. exultation, joy.

EXULTA'R, v. n. to rejoice, to exult, to leap for joy,

F.

F, IS put alone in the calendar, and fignifies feria.

FAB

FA'BA, f. f. obf. vide HA'BA.
FABEA'R, v. a. to ballot by cafting in of beans, fome black
and fome white.

FABARA'Z, f. m. the herb ftavefacre, or housebane.

FA'BLA, f. f. obf. vide HA'-BLA.

FABLA'R, v. a. obs. vide HA-BLA'R.

FABORDO'N, f. m. a kind of thorough base, A musical term.

FA'BRICA, f. f. a fabrick, a firucture, a building, a manufacture.

Fabrica reticulda, that building in which the flones are not laid fide by fide, but corner-ways.

Fabrica incident, that building in which the stenes are not squared, or cut to a bigness, but are laid as they come, so they lie and join close with the mortar.

Paréd de fabrica, a wall made with bricks.

Hombre de fabrica, a cunning, in-

FABRICACIO'N, f. f. building. FABRICADAME'NTE, adv. arrfully, artificially.

FABRICADO'R, f. m. a builder, a fashioner.

FABRICANTE, f. m. a builder, a workman; also a manufasturer.

FABRICA'R, v. a. to build, to frame, to forge, to manufacture,

to form by workmanship,

FABRIL, adj. belonging to all
mechanic arts.

FABRIQUE'RO, f. m. a buil-

FABU'CO, f. m. the fruit of the beechtree.

FABUERO, m. Favonius, a wind fo called.

FABULA, f m. fable, tale, ficnion; also a lie. Estar hecho sábula del mundo, to be laughed at by all the world.

FABULACIO'N. f. f. a fiction, or tale.

FABULADO'R, f. m. an inventor of fables or fictions.

FABULA'R, v. a. to invent fables, or fictions, to tell tales or lies.

FABULISTA, f. m. one that writes fables.

FABULITA, or FABULILLA, f. f. a little fable.

FABULIZA'R, v. a. vide FA-BULA'R.

FABULOSAME'NTE, adv. fa-buloufly.

FABULÓSIDAD, f. f. the falfity or vanity of fables.

FABULO'SO, adj. fabulous, feigned, full of fables,

F A C

FA'CA, f. f. a young mare; also a nag, a little horse.

FACANE'A, f. f. obf. vide HA-CANE'A.

FACCION, f. f. an action, an engagement; also a faction; also tumult, discord, diffension.

Faccionés de la cára, the features. FACCIONA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to a party, or faction, a partyman.

FACCIO'SO, adj. factious.
FACE'CIA, f. f. facetiousness.

FACECIO'SO, adj. facetious, pleasant.

FACE'R, v. 2. obf. vide HA-CER.

FACE'TA', f. f. one of the fides of a jewels when cut.

FACE'TO, adj. discreet, merry, facetious.

FACHA, f. f. the face.

FACHA'DA, f. f. the front of a building.

FACHIN, f. m. a porter to carry bundles.

FACIA.L, adj. intuitive.

FA'CIL, adj. easy, tractable; also light of carriage.

Hombre facil, an inconfiant man, easy to be led.

Muger facil, a light woman, a woman easily corrupted. FACILIDA'D, f. f. eafiness; lightness of behaviour.

EACILITA'R, v. a. to make easy, to free from difficulty.

FACILME'NTE, adv. eafily.
FACINORO'SO, adj. criminal,
enormous, wicked, vicious, vil-

lainous.

FACISTO'L, 7 f.m. a fland for a

FACISTO'R, 2 book, fuch as
they use in churches; a desk.

FACISTO'RIA, f. f. vide FAL-

DISTORIO.

FACO, f. m. a ludicrous word for a small horse. In cant, a hand-

kerchief.

FACTIBLE, adj. that can be made or done.

FACTICIO, adj. done by art, factitious.

FACTO'R, f. m. a factor, FACTORI'A, f. f. factory, factorship.

FACTURA, f. f. the making of a ting.

FACULAS, f. f. pl. certain spots observable in the sun, that are brighter than the rest of its sur-

FACULTA'D, f. f. faculty, ability, power, leave; also science.

FACULTATIVO, adj. belonging to any faculty.

FACUNDIA, f. f. eloquence, a fine way of delivery.

FACU'NDO, adj. well - spoken, eloquent.

FAD

FADAS, or HADAS, f. f. pl. fo the writers of romances call inchanted nymphs of women who they feign cannot die. They are also taken for the Parcz or Fates, which the poets feign to have the disposal of human life.

Fádas bóas, a fort of winter-

FADI'GA, f. f. the fundamental right or title which the owner of an estate gives up in sellingit.

FA'DO, f. m. obf. vide HA'DO.
FADRI'N, f. m. a boy, a little
brother.

FADRUBA'DO, adj. obf. lame, crippled, disabled in the limbs.

FAE

FAE'NA, f. f. business; a failor's work [at sea; also vain boafting.

FAG

FAGINA, f. f. fascine, such as armies use to fill up ditches or raise trenches; a sagget of brushwood; also all forts of withered dry leaves or flags, which may serve to light the fire or pack up brittle-ware.

Meter fagina, to be a great talker, Loquacions or very.

FAI

FAISA, f. f. obf. vide FAXA.
FAISAN, f. m. a pheafant.
FAISAR, v. a. vide FAXAR.

F`A J

FAIA, f. f. a fwathe, fuch as is used for swathing children or the like. In architecture, an iron or brass stay, to bind any work together.

FAL

FAIACIA, f. f. deceit, fraud, falshood.

FALA'GIO, f. m. a venomous fort of spider.

FALA'GO, f. m. \ obf. vide FALAGUE'āO, adj. \ HALA'-GO, HALAGUE'āO.

FALANGE, f. f. the Mace-FALANJE, donian phalanx, being a fquare body of foot.

FALA'RICA., S. f. a spear bound about with wild fire shot out of an engine, to burn a rolling tower brought against a besieged city.

FALA'Z, adj. deceitful, false. FALBA'LA, s, m, surbelow.

FALCA, f. f. a fmall bit of flick like a wedge, drove into the fmall end of a pin to make it hold the fafter; also a nail, or flud.

FALCA'DO, adj. studded, stuck with nails or studs.

Cárro falcádo, the ancient chariots, with scythes sticking out on both sides, which they used to drive among the enemies to break their ranks and cut down men.

FALCA'R, v. a. to cut with a fcythe.

FALCE, f. f. a scythe.

FALCINE'TO, f. m. the bird called a martin.

FALCO'N, f. m. vide HALCO'N; also a faucon, a gun so called, carrying a bullet of about two pounds and a half weight.

FALCONE'RO, f. m. a falconer. FALCONE'TE, f. m. a piece of artillery called a falconer.

FA'LDA, f. f. a woman's petticoats, or that part of any garment that hangs down like them, as of a gown, caffock, &c. a shirt; also the lower part or skirt of a mountain, also the lap.

En fáldas de camifa, in her smock with no petticoat on.

FALDAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. all a woman's coats that hang down, or that part of any gownman's habit that hangs like petticoats.

FALDA'R, f. m. the lappet or armour.

FALDEAR, v. n. to train the coats on the ground.

FALDELLI'N, f. m. any undercoat women wear; any thing hanging down like a woman's petticoats.

FALDE'RO, adj. kept on the lap: faid of little dogs.

FALDE'TE, f. f. a little skirt or short waiftcoar.

FALDE'TES, f. m. pl. short skirts.

FALDFILAS, f. m. pl. the skirts of a garment, as of a waiftcoat, doublet, &c. also little coats, as a child's petricoats.

FALDIQUE'RA, S. f. vide FAL-DRIQUE'RA, FALDISTORIO, f. m. a rich cloth, used in some places to lay over the stand or desk on which they lay the book, when the priest reads the gospel.

FALDO'N, f. m. any great flap or skirt hanging from a garment FALDRIQUE'RA, f. f. a pocket FALDU'DO, f. m. that has great skirts or hanging coats; in cant, a target.

FALDULA'RIO, f. in. any garment that drags unreasonably on the ground.

FALENCIA, f. f. a contingency, a thing that may be or not be, FALIBILIDA'D, f. f. fallibility, FALIBLE, adj. that can fail.

FALI'DO, f. m. a broken merchant, or tradefman.

FALIMIE'NTO, f. m. deceit, fraud, guilt, falfity.

FALIR, v. n. to fail, to break as tradefinen do.

FA'LLA, S. S. vide FA'LTA.

FALLA'R, v. s. vide HALLA'R

and FALTA'R.

FALLE'BA, f. f. an iron bar for Windows or doors.

FALLECEDE'RO, adj. that can

FALLECE'R, v. n. to die, to be consumed.

FALLE CIMIE'NTO, f. m. dying, departing.

FALLI'DO, f. m. vide FALI-DO.

FA'LLO, f. m. decision, sentence passed upon criminals.

FALO'RDIA, f. f. fallacy, deceit, fraud.

FALQUI'AS, f. m. a fort of heads fall, or halter for a beaft.

FA'LSA-BRA'GA, f. f. the faustebraye, in fortification.

FALSAME'NTE, adv. falfly.
FALSA'R; v. a. to falfify, to
counterfeit.

FALSA'RIO, f. m. a forger, a counterfeiter.

FALSEA'R, v. a. to adulterate, corrupt, or counterfeit any thing. Falfedr, v. n. to fall, or to be broken.

Faifear las guardas o centinelas, to corrupt, to bribe the fentinels or guards, FALSEDA'D, f. f. falshood, fraud, deceit.

FAL

FALSE'TE, f. m. a counterfeit voice in finging, which is not natural.

FALSIA, f. f. obf. falshood, deceit.

FALSIFICACIO'N, f. f. falfifying or counterfeiting.

FALSIFICADO'R, f. m. forger, falsifier.

FALSIFICA'R, v. a. to fallify, to forge.

FALSIFICO, f. m. a forger, a falfitier.

FALSI'TO, f. m. diminutive of fålfo.

FA'LSO, adj. untrue, counterfeit.

'Amigo fálso, a faise friend. Monéda fulfo, false money.

Edificio fálso, a structure that has not a found foundation.

Escritura falsa, a counterfeit writing.

Armar sobre falso, to build upon an ill bottom.

Embidár de falso, a term among gamesters, when one stakes only to brave his adversary.

'FALSOPE'TO, f. m. a pocket in the bosom, a pouch before.

FA'LTA, f. f. fault; want, er-TOF.

Prov. A faita de hombres buénos le hacen a mi padre alcalde, for want of honest men, my father is made alcalde. A man is, made use of, because no body else can ferve, or is in the way.

FALTA'R, v. n. to fail, to be wanting, to err, to break one's

Faltar la escopéta, to mis firing. No falla quién diga, there are some that fay.

No faticis, do not fail.

Prov. Núnca fálta un roto para un descosido, there never wants a ragged one for one that is ripped; that is, there is never so bad a Jack but there is as bad a Jill.

FALTFILA, f. f. diminutive of áita, a little fault.

FALTO, adj. deficient, wanting.

Hómbre fálto, a madman, a fool, one that wants his wits.

FALTO'SO, adj. deficient, wan-

FALTRIQUE'RA, f. f. a pocket.

FALUA, f. f. a barge, fuch as are used on the rivers for pleafure, or to carry people of note.

FALUCA, f. f. a barge.

FAM

FA'MA, f. f. fame, report, re-

Prov. Cóbra buéna fáma, y échate a dormir, get a good name, and lie down to fleep.

Prov. A quién mala fama tien no acompañes , ni quiéras bién , do not keep company with nor be fond of one that has an ill

Prov. Quien la fama ha perdida, muério ánda en vida, he who has lost his reputation, is as good as dead whilft living.

Prov. Uno tiene la fama, y ôtro cárda la lána, one man has the reputation, and another cards the wool; that is, one man takes all the pains, and another runs away with the profit or the honeur.

FA'ME, f. f. hunger. Obf.

FAME'LICO, adj. hungry, starved with hunger.

FAMI'LLA , f. f. a family. FAMILIA'R, adj. familiar, friendly; used substantively, a familiar devil, with whom any man or woman is in league for the performing of their wicked purpofes,

Familiar del fanto oficio, a titular officier of the inquisition.

FAMILIARCI'TO, f. m. a diminutive of familiar.

FAMILIA'RES, f. m. pl. in colleges, are poor fludents, who, for their learning and maintenance, serve the college in general, but not any person in particular.

FAMILIARIDA'D, f. f. familia-

FAMILIARIZA'R, v. a. to grow familiar.

Familiarizárse, v. r. to make one's self familiar.

FAMILIARME'NTE, adv. familiarly.

FAMILIATURA, f. f. the employment given to the familiares del santo oficio.

FAMOSAME'NTE, adv. famoufly, notably.

FAMO'SO, adj. famous, renowned, notable.

FAMULI'CIO, f. m. the office of a fervant.

FAMULO, f. m. a servant,

FAN

FANA'I, f. m. the lanthorn of a ship, or any other lanthorn.

Fanál, in cant, the eye. FANA'TICO, f. m. f. a fanatick. FANDA'NGO, f. m. a dance fo called.

FADANGUE'RO, f. m. he who is skilful in dancing the fandango.

FANDULA'RIOS, f. m. pl. vide FALDULA'RIOS.:

FANE'CA, f. f. a small sea-fish so called,

FANE'GA, f, f, a bushel.

FANEGA'DA, f. f. as much land as a bushel of corn will fow.

FA'NFA, f. f. a play, or rather an interlude; also folly, and boafting.

FANFARREA'R . v. a. *FANFARRONEA*'R

FANFA'RRIA, f. f. a boafting tale, a lying, hestoring story; also pride, vanity, vain - glo-

FANFARRO'N, f. m. a boafting fellow, a bully, a talkative conceited felow.

FANFARRONEA'R, \bullet . n. to boak, to brag, to talk like a bully, to be vain.

FANFARRONERI'A, f. f. bragging, boasting,

FANFURRIAA, f. f. the passions or anger that arifes on trivial things.

FA'NO, f, m, a temple.

FAA

FAG

FAñADO, adj. obf. grown, up, increased.

FAQ

FAQUIN, f. m. a porter that carries burdens.

FAR

FARABUSTEA'R, v. n. in cant, to look out sharp.

FARABUSTEADOR, f. m. in cant, a sharp thief.

FARACHAR, v. a. to flourish or brandish the fword.

FARAMALLA, f. f. quarrel, broil, confusion that arises from tattling of each other.

FARAMALLE'RO, f. m. a tattling, ignorant person who raises contention by telling of lies.

FARAMALLO'N, s. a pranter, a babbier.

FARA'NDULA, f. f. play, farce; a cheat, falshood.

FARANDULE'RO, f. m. a comedian, an actor, player; alfo a great talker, a sharper, a chear.

FARA'UTE, f. m. a herald, a messenger that passes between two. also he that speaks the prologue of a play.

Faraute, in cant, the fervant of a whore.

FARCINADO'R, f. m. he who stuffs up any thing.

PA'RDA, f. f. the tribute, or tax paid by the Moors or Jews formerly living among the Christians to the king.

Fárda, f. m. in cant, a bundle. FARDA'R, v. a. to make a provision, for cloaths.

FARDA'GE,) f. m. lumber, ba-FARDA'JE, les , fardles , luggage, parcels of goods.

FARDE'L, f. m. a fardle, a pack, a great bundle,

FARDELLLIO, C. m. diminudve of fårdel:

FARDIALE'DRA, f. f. in cant, fmall money, fmall coin.

Tom. 1.

FARDI'LLO, f. m. a little bundle. FA'RDO, f. in. a bale of goods, a bundle, a parcel.

FARELLO'N, f. m. a point of land that runs out into the sea. FARFALA, f. f. a border, welt. fringe, or lace, about a woman's gown.

FARFALLOSO, adj. flammering or fluttering.

FARFA'N, f. m. a horse-soldier, who is a Christian, yet in the army of the Moors.

FARFA'NTE, f. m. a prating, jesting, cheating fellow.

FARFANTO'N, f. m. pratter,

FARFANTONA'DA, f. f. idle prattle, filly talk.

FA'RFARA, f. f. an herb very like ivy.

FARFARO, f. m. in cant, a priest. FARFULLA, f. m. one who flutters, or flammers.

FARFULLADO'R, f. m. the man who stammers by endeavouring to express himself hastily when in a passion.

FARFULLA'R, v. n. to prate, to babble, to talk hastily, to chat-

FARI'NA, f. f. vide 'HARI'NA-FARINE'TAS, f. f. pl. a kind of pap.

FA'RO, f. m. a light-house.

FARO'L, f. m. the lanthorn on the poop of a ship; also a lighthouse on the shore. where fires are kept in the night, to know how to fleer into there haven. FAROLE'RO, f.m. one who has

the care of the light-house. FARULI'LLO, f. m. a little lan-

FARO'N, f. m. corruptly for faról.

FARO'TA, f. f. a bold impudent

FAROTO'N, f. m. a bold impudent man.

FARPA, f. f. obf. a rag, or rent, or a loofe piece hanging from a garment. In the old laws they call the standards cut like streamers farpas.

FARPA'DO, adj. cut on the border , scolloped.

FARRA, f. f. a fish fo called. FARRA'GO, f. m. an hodgepodge, a medley.

FA'RRO, f. m. obf. bran. Some will have it to be any corn. It is also barley that has the husk just taken off, which serves to make a ptisan for fick people. FA'RSA, f. f. a farce, a light dramatick representation.

FARSA'NTE, f. m. a player, an actor.

FARSE'TO, f. m. obf. a doublet. FARSISTA, f. m. a player, au

FARTA'LES, or FARTI'LES, f. m. pl. a kind of cheefe-cakes. FARTES, f. m. pl. a kind of

FARTRIQUE'RA, f. f. vide FAL-TRIQUE'RA.

FAS, f. m. right, juft. FASCA'L, f. m. a beap of sheaves of corn.

FASCES, f. m. pl. bundles of rods carried before the Roman magif-. trates with an axe bound in the middle of them.

FASCINACIO'N, f. f. a bevicching by the eyes, a fascination: alfo a deceir, a chear, a fraud. FASCINA'R, v. a. to be witch by the eyes; also to cheat.

FASCO'NA, f. f. obf. vide AZ-CO'NA.

FASOL, f. m. the herb called fenugreek,

FASC'LES, f. m. pl. kidney-be ans French beans.

FASQUEA, f. f. obf. loathing. FASQUIA'R, v. a. obf. to loath. FASTA, adv. obs. vide HA'S-TA,

FASTIDIA'R, v. a. to loath. FASTI'DIO, f. m. a loathing. FASTIDIOSAME'NTE, adv. in a loathsome or troublesome man-

FASTIDIO'SO, adj. loathfome; troublesome.

FASTIGIO, f. m. the top of any thing.

FASTIO, C. m. vide HASTIO. Rг

FA'STO, f. m. pride, haughti- 1 FA'VO, f. m. an honeycomb. FASTOSO. & adj. flately, hau-EASTUD'SO, 7 ght,.

F A T

EATAL, adj. fatal. FATALIDA'D, f. f. fatality, misfortune, unhappinels. **EATALME!NTB**, adv. fatally. FATI'DICO, adj. belonging to a soothsayer, fatidicai, prophetick, having the power to foretel. FATI'GA, f. f. weariness, fati-FATIGACION, f. f. weariness. FATIGADO'R, f. m. one who wearies. FATIGA'R, v. 2. to weary, to Farigarfe, v. r. to fatigue one's FATIGU'SO, adj. wearifome, tiresome fatiguing. FATO, f. m. obf. face, deftiny. EATO'R, f. m. a factor, FATORI'A, f. f.-factory; factorship; the allowance to a factor, EATUIDA'D, f, f. ignorance, flupidity, foolishpels, weakness of mind. EA'TUO, adj. simple, ignorant, senseles. Aupid. FATURA, f. m. vide FACTU-RA,

FAU.

FA'UCE, f. m. the gorge or gul-FAUFA'U, f. m. pride, vain-glory, boaffing. FA'UNO, f. m. a fabled god of the woods. FA'USTO, adj. proud, arrogant FAUSTIC'SO, adj. haughty, flately, proud, arrogant. FAUTU'R, f. m. one who cherishes or helps another,

F A V

FAPARA'Z, f. m., the herb. 22vefacre or loufebane. JAVILA, f. f. obf. askes.

FAVO'NIO, f. m. the west wind. FAVO'R, f. m. favour, affifiance, help; also kindness granted, and fomething given by a lady to be

A faror, in favour; also to the order, speaking of a bill of exchange.

FAVORA'BIE, adj. favourable, kind, prepitious, affectionate; also accommodate; convenient. Tener el viento favosáble, to have a good wind.

FAVORABLEME'NTE, adv. favourably, kindly, with favour. FAVORCI'LLO, f. m. a limbe fayour.

FAVORDON, f. m. a loud fort of founding bale, uled in great choirs.

FAVORECEDO'R; f. m. favourer, one that affifts or relieves, FAVORECE'R, v. a. to favour, to, aid, to affift, to relieve. FAVORI'DO, adj. obs. favou-

F, A X

FAXA, f. f. a swathing band such

chitecture, a fascia, a plain border, as over a column or the like. Fáxas de piernas, gatters, Fáxas de cálzes, FAXA'R, v. a. to swathe. FAXA'RDO, f. m. s. kind of minced pie. FAXE'RO, f. m. a child's roller. FAXI'NA., S. f. vide FAGI-NA. FAXO'N, f. m. a great fascia in archi:edure, or a large plain border en compassing the top of a column, or the like. FAXOS, f. m. children's cloaths. FAXUL'IA, f. m. a small swat-

FAY

hing band.

FAYA'DO, f. m. a cock-left. FAYA'NCA, f. f. an pastendy posture of the body.

F. A Z

FAZ, f. f. the face, the countenance; also surface. Fáz á fáz, face 10 face. A prima fáz, at the first sight or meeting. FAZALE'JA, f. f. obf. a towel. FAZARA, S. f. obs. vide HA-ZAñA. FAZFIRI'DO, adj. obl. reproved, rebuked.

FAZEIRIR, v. a. obf. to reprove. to rebuke. FA'ZO, f. m. in cant, a hand-

kerchief. FAZOLE'TO, f. m. a handkerchief.

FE

FE', f. f. faith, honefty, truth, fincerity, fidelity, loyalty. Dar fu fe, to promise, to engage one's word: Dar fe, to certify. A la fe, by my faith. Tenér fe en otro, to have faithin as they use about children; any border about a garment. In ar-

Guardar se, to be just, to keep promife,

Dar se a lo que se dice, to credit

what is faid: Estár en buéna se, to have a good reputation.

Dar fe ante un escribano, to atteft before a notary.

Hacer una cosa en se de que agradara. to do a thing, believing it will pleafe.

Fi de vida, a testimonial, or cartificate that a man is alive.

F E A

FEALDA'D, f. f. deformiry, ugliness; scandalous or dishonest dealing.

FEAME'NTE, adv. uglily, deformedly; scandalously, disho-

FEAMIE'NTO., f. m. deforming ty.

FEB:

FEBLE, f. f. feeble, weark, or frail; short of weight, not fo valuable as it ought to be. FEBLEDA'D, f. f. feeblenes,

weakhels.

FEBLEME'NTE, adv. feebly,

FEBRATICO, adj. that has a fever.

FEBRE'RO, f. m. the month of Eebruary.

FEBRICITA'NTE, f. m. he who is troubled with a fever.

FEBRIDO, adj. garnished, adorned; also fortified,

FEBRIFUGO, adj. of, or belonging to the medicine that cures the fever.

FEBRIL, adj. belonging to a fever.

FEC

FECA'L, adj. belonging to the dregs or drofs of any thing.
FE'CHA, f. f. the date of any writing.

FECHA'R tos diéntes, obs. to grash the teeth.

FE'CHO, f. m. obf. vide HE'_
CHO.

FECHORIA, f. f. obf. a bafe and ignoble action.

FECIAL, f. m. an herald at arms fent to denounce war or make peace.

FECULE'NTO, adj. feculent, containing dregs.

FECUNDACION, f. f. fertility.
FECUNDAME'NTE, adv. fruitfully.

FECUNDA'R, v. a. to make fruit-

FECUNDIDA'D, f. f. fertility.
FECUNDIZA'R, v. a. vide FECUNDAR.

FECUNDO, adj. fruitful, fertile.

FED

FEDERACIO'N, f. f. confederacy.
FEDIE'NTE, adj. obf. dirty,
mafty, flinking.

FEE

FE'E, f. f. vide FE.
FE'EZA, f. f. obf. ugliness, deformity.

FEF

PEFAUT. f. m. a key in music,

FEI

FEITA, f. f. in cant, a trick, a publicular way of cheating.

FEJ

FEJU'GO, adj. obf. weighty, heavy, burthenforme.
FEJUGUE'Z, f. f. ebf. heavinefs.

FEG

FEGA'DO, f. m. obf, vide HE-GA'DO,

FEL

FELIBO'TE, f. m. a fly-boat, a fort of veffel. FBLFEE, adj. vide FBLFZ. FELICEME'NTE, adv. happily, fortunately. FELICIDAD, f. f. happiness, fe-FELICITA'R. v. a. 70 congratulate, to wish joy to another. FELIGRE'S, f. m. a parishio-FELIGRESIA, f. f. a parishionership. FELIZ, adj. happy, fortunate. FELIZME'NTE, adv. happily, fortunately, luckily. FELONIA, f. f. treachery, disloyalty, treason, felony. FE'LPA, S. E. shag. Filps rabons, a cudgelling. FELPA'DO, adj. of, or belonging to shag. FELPILLA, f. f. a kind of shag. FELPUDO, adj. of, or belonging to thag.

FE'LTRE, f. m. vide FIE'L-TRO.

FELUCA, f. a felucca, a fort of vessel.

FEM

FE'MBRA, f. f. obf. vide HE'M-

FEME'NCIA, f. £. obf. vehemen-

FEMENIL, adj. womanish effeminate.

FEMENILME'NTE, adv. vo-

FEMENINO, adj. beloaging to

FENENTIDAME'NTE, adv. witfaithfully, falfly.

FEMENTIDO, adj. bafe, faife, deceitful, treacherous.

FE'MINA, f. f. a woman; poetical.
FEMINA'L, adj. of, or belonging
to a woman, womanish, effemimate.

FEMINEO, adj. womanish, best longing to a woman of the ferminine gender.

FEMINIL, adj. vomanish, effe, minate. FEMINI'NO, adj. vomanish, effeminate.

FEN

FENDER, v. a. obl. vide HEM. DER.

FENDIE'NTE, f. m. a cleaving blow.

FENECER, v. 2. to finish, to perfect, to bring to a conclusion.

Fenecer cuentas, to make up accounts, to end them.

FENECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a finishing, perfecting, concluding.
FENE'STRA, f. f. poetical for

window.

FENTGENO, adj. belonging to hay. Poetical.

FE'NO, f. m. obf. vide HE'NO. FENOGRE'CO, f. m. a plant for caffed.

FEO

FEO, adj. deformed, ugly; dishoneft, base.

FER

FERACIDAD, f. f. fruitfulness. Rr 2 FERA'L, adj. fierce, cruel, inhuman , sanguinary.

FERAZ, adj. abundant, copious, fruitful, pleateous.

FERE TRO, f. f. a bier whereon a coffin is carried.

'FE'RIA, f. f. a fair, a market; in the language of the church, a holy-day.

Dar ferlas, to give a fairing.

Officio de ferla, the office appointed to be faid by clergymen on common days, that are neither Sundays nor holidays.

Ferta franca, a free fair, where the goods fold pay no duties.

FERIA'L, adj. belonging to a fair, or market.

Psatmas seriáles, psalms appointed to be said on a ferla, or week-

FERIAR, v. a. to buy or fell, to give a fairing.

Dia feriado, a holiday, on which all the courts of justice are shut

FERFDA, f. f. obf. vide HE-RI'DA.

FERIDA'D, f. f. cruelty, inhu-· maniry, fierceness.

FERIDO'R, f. m. who wounds. FERI'NO, adj. belonging to a beaft, beast-like.

FERLINGO'TO, f. m. a fort of puff-paste boiled in oil.

FERMENTACION, f. f. an heat, or fermentation.

FERMENTA'R, v. a. to lea-

FERMENTATIVO, adj. heated, fermented.

FERME'NTO, f. m. leaven, fer-

FEROCIDA'D, f f. fierceness,

cruelty, inhumanity. FERO'Z, adj. fierce, wild, fu-

FEROZME'NTE, adv. fiercely, cruelly.

FERRA'DA, f. f. obs. vide HER-RA'DA; an iron club.

FERRADOR, f. m. one that works in iron.

FERRA'R, v. a. to strengthen, shoe, or case with iron

FE'RREO, adj. of, or belonging to iron, made of iron.

FERRE'R , f. m. a smith. FERRERIA, f. f. vide HER-RERIA.

FERRE'TE, f. m. a fmall piece of iron, an iron stud, a seal for cloth; also a fort of black

FERRETEADO, adj. that haff fmall iron plates on it, fludded with

FFRREUE'LO , f. m. a cloak. FERRION, f. m.) a mark or fign FERRICINA, f. f.) of anger. FE'RRO, f. m. obf. iron, but properly an anchor.

Levár el férro, to raise the anchor.

FERRONAS, f. f. pl. in cant,

FE'RTIL, adj. fruitful, abundant, plenteous.

FERTILIDA'D, f. f. fruitfulness. FERTILIZA'R, v. a. to fertilize, to make fruitful.

FE'RULA, s. f. a little cane or rod used in schools for the correction of children.

FERVIE'NTE. adj. fervent, hot, boiling.

FERVO'R, f. m. fervour, earnestness, heat.

FERVORCFILO, f. m. diminutive of fervor.

FERVORIZA'R, v. a to raise an heat or fervour.

FERVOROSAME'NTE, adv. carneftly, eagerly, zealoufly.

FERVORO'SO, adj. fervorous, earnest, eager, zealous.

FES

FESTEA'R, v. a. vide FESTE-

FESTEJAD'OR, f. m. one that makes much of, or kindly entertains others.

FESTEJA'R, v. a. to make much of, to entertain kindly, to treat lovingly.

FESTE'10, f. m. ready fervice, kindness, officiousness.

FESTE'RO, f. m. an officer in a church or chapel whose business is to take care of the ecclesiaftical functions.

FESTI'N, f. m. a private feaft.

FESTINACION, f. f. expedi-

FESTIVA'L, adj. festival, joyful, belonging to a feaft.

FESTIVAME'NTE, adv. merrily, joyfully.

FESTIVIDA'D, f. f. 2 festivalday, of the folemnizing of it; mirth, pleasantry.

FESTIVO, adj. joyful, festival, pleafant.

FESTO'N, f. m. a festoon, a garland or flowers fet about a cost of arms, upon some publick solemnity. In architecture, a feffon is the carved knots of flowers hanging, on the columns, or the like.

FET

FE'TIDO, adj. Rinking. FE'TO, f. m. the fatus or young in the womb; any animal in em-

FEU

FEUDA'L, adj. belonging to fees or tenures, by which lands are held of a superior lord.

FEUDALIDA'D, f. f. the quality or condition of fees.

FEUDA'R, v. a. vide ENFEU-DAR.

FEUDATA'RIO, adj. one that helds of his lord in fee.

FEUCISTA, f. m. the author that treats of fiefs.

FEUDO, f. m. fief, lands held of a fovereign lord; the acknowledgment paid for it.

ÝΙ.

FI, f. m. obf. a fon.

FIA

FIA'BLE, adj. faithful. FIADO'R, f. m. furety, bail; he that is bound for another. In falconry, the fmall long line that is fastened to the hawk's least when she is first lured, to bring ber back at pleasure,

Fiador, f. m. is also the loop of a cloak that comes about the neck to button, that it may not fall off.

FIADURA, f. f. obf. vide FIADURIA, FIANZA.

FIA'MBRE, adj. cold meat.

FIAMBRE'RA, f. f. a large ham-

per, in which great men, when they travel, carry cold meat. FIA'NZA, f. f. bail, furery.

FIAR, v. a. to trust, to credit, to bail, to be bound for, to confide in, to rely on.

Prov. Ni fiés, at porfies, ni apuestes, ni prestes, y vivirás entre las gentes, do not trust, nor contend, nor lay wagers, nor lend, and you will live among men, you will live peaceably.

FFAT, let it be done. A Latin word used in Spanish very often.

FIB

FIBRA, f. f. a little vein or fibre. FIBRO'SO, adj. full of fibres. FIBULA, f. f. a button or buc-

FIC

FICANTE, f. m. in cant, a gamefter, a cheat.

FICAR, v. a. in cant, to play.

FICCIO'N, f. f. a fiction, a tale, a fable.

FICE, f. m. a fish called a whiting.

FICE'DULA, f. f. a bird like a nightingale, feeding on figs or grapes.

FICTICIO, adj. fabulous, ficti-

FICTO, adj. feigned, fictious, fabulous; also vain, useless.

FICTURA, f. f. a feigning; or counterfeiring; a cog, a lie, a device.

FID'

FIDA'IGO, f. m. the old Spa-

nish for a gentleman well born, nowonly used in Portugal.

FIDEDIGNO, adj. credible, that deferves to be credited.

FIDEICOMISSA'RIO, f. m. he that is instructed to perform the will of a testator.

FIDEICOMISSO, f. m. a feoffment of trust, when a thing by will is put into one's hand upon his honesty, to dispose of to some certain use.

FIDELIDA'D, f. f. fidelity, honefty, veracity; also faithful adherence.

FIDE'OS, f. m. vermicelli.
FIDE'CULA, f. f. a confiellation
fo called.

FIDO, edj. faithful.

FIDUCIA, f. f. confidence, faith:

FIE

FIE'BRE, f. f. a fever, an ague.

FIE'L, adj. faithful.

Fiel, f. f. obs. vide HIE'L.

FIELDAD, f. f. fidelity, the office of him that is to fee just weights and measures.

FIELME'NTE, adv. faithfully. FIE'LTRO, f. m. a felt; also a hat or cloak made of felt.

Prov. Caminar con zapátos de fiétiro, to go whith felt-shoes; that is, to proceed with great secrecy.

FIE'RA, f. f. a wild beaft.

FIERAME'NTE, adv. fiercely.

FIERE'ZA, f. f. fierceness, wildness, savageness.

FIE'RO, adj. fierce, wild, fa-

Fiéros, f. m. pl. threats, bravadoes, fierce behaviour.

FIE'RRO, f. m. obf. vide HIE'R-RO.

FIE'STA, f. f. feaft, festival, entertainment, merry-making.

Fieffa de feis capas à de fiète capas, a great holiday, or festival, when six or seven canons of the church officiate in their rich copes.

Prov. Gran fiésta para tan chico sando, a great feast for such a little saint. Much ceremony for an inconsiderable person.

Prov. Quien te hace fiéssa que no te suéto hacér, à te quiere engañár à te ha menesser, he that makes more of you than he is wont to do, either designs to cheat you, or stands in need of you.

FIE'Z, f. m. obs. vide HEZ.

FIG

FIGADO, f. m. obf. vide HIGA-

FIGME'NTO, f. m. obf. ear then-ware.

FI'GO, f. m. obf. a fig.

FIGON, f. m. a cook that dreffes meat in Spain for the meaner fort, also the cook's shop.

Figón, a word of reproach, a bardash.

FIGONA'L, adj. belonging to a cook's shop.

FIGONL'RO; f: m. the mafter of a cook's shop.

FIGUE'RA, f. f. obf. vide HI-GUE'RA.

FIGUERA'L, f. m. a grove of fig-trees.

FIGULI'NO, adj. made of clay.

FIGURA, f. f. a figure, a shape, a form; also a court-card, a part in a play.

Figure, a haughty boafting fellow; also a ridiculous ugly fellow.

Figura, a figure in rhetorick; any way of speaking, in which words are detorted from their literal and primitive sease; in grammar, any deviation from the rules of analogy or syntax.

Hacer figura, to make a great figure in the world.

Hacer figuras, to makes faces.

Prov. Natural y figura, hafta ta fepultura, the fame temper remains during all one's life.

Levantar figura, to cast a figure, as cheating astrologers and fortunetellers do.

Buena ò mala figura, a man or woman of a good or bad prefence.

FIGURA'BLE, adj. that can be

figured, fashioned, figurable, capable of being brought to certain form.

FIGURA'DA, f. f. an infiguisficant and impertinent action, or jest done with affectation or gravity pretended.

FIGURADAME'NTE, adv. figuratively.

FIGURA'L, adj. belonging to a figure.

FIGURANZA, f. f. likeness, refemblance, similitude.

FIGURAR, v. a. to figure, to reprefent, to form, to shape, to imagine, to conceit.

Figurarfe, v. r. to form, to imagine or represent one's felf.

FIGURATIVO, adj. figurative. FIGURERIA, f. f. vide FIGU-RA'DA.

FIGURE'RO, f. m. a misnick, a 'gefficulator, a man that makes faces.

FIGURPLLA, f. f. a little figure, an infignificant fellow.

FIGURUN, f. m. augm. of figure.

FIJ

FIJAR, v. a. to fix, so make fast; also to settle, to establish invariably; also to deprive of volatilier.

Fijár la viffa, to fix the fight.

Fl'JO, f. m. obf. vide HFJO.

FIJODA'LGO, f. m. obf. vide

HI'DALGO.

FIL

FIL, f. m. obf. thread; an imaginary line, such as geometricians fay consids in length without breadth. Sometimes taken for flio, or hijo, a son.

FILA, f. f. a sile of soldiers.

FILACIGAS, f. f. pl. ropes made of oakam aboard ships; that is, of old ropes towed out, spun, and twisted again: our seamen call them ropeyars.

FILADI'Z, f. m. the flik that is FILAIZ, gotten out of the pod after the worm is out.

FILAME'NTOS, f. m. pl. filaments, a slender body like a thread.

FILA'NDRIAS, f. f. pl. a fort of fmall worms, which birds, especially those of prey, breed in their bowels.

FILA'NGAS, f. f. pl. rope-yarn, finall ropes aboard ships made of oakam.

FILA'R, adj. belonging to a thread.

Filar. v. 2. obf. to spin.

Filder, in cant, to cut a purse.
FILARE'TE, f. m. in cant, a

cut - purse.

FILARE'TES, f. m. pl. the nettings aboard a ship, being small ropes seized rogether with ropeyarns in the form of a net, commonly used in the waist or on the sides above the timber, to prevent falling over - board and to lay a sail over for shade.

FILMSTECM, f. f. cakem; that is, old ropes untwifted and pulled out, as it were, into loofe flax again.

FILATERI'A, f. f. s long harangue to impose upon a man; banter.

FILATE'RO, f. m. the perform who makes a long harasgue on trivial things. In cast, a thief who fleals by cutting off apockets.

FILATES, f. m. pl. the places where they lay their oars in a galley.

FILATRIZA, f. f. a fort of camblet.

FILDERRERO'R, f. m. a kind of woollen-cloth fo called.

FILELI', f. f. a fort of thin fluff made in Barbary.

FILE'NO, adj. obf. foft, smooth; also effeminete.

FILE'RA, f. f. obf. vide #II-LE'RA.

FILE'TE, f. m. an edge or edging.

FILETEA'R, v. a. to make an edge or edging.

FILETO'N, f. m. a great edge. FILIACIO'N, f. f. the descent from fathers or sons; also a religious house depending on another from which it first came. FILIAGU'LLA, f. f. the plant maguey, in the West Indies.
FILIA'L, adj. filial, belonging to

FILIA'R, v. n. to prove one's own descent.

FILIBO'TE, f. m. vide FELI-BO'TE.

FILICIDA, f. m. a killer of his fon.

FILIGRANA, f. f. filigree-work, which is curious fine work in fliver or gold, or any other metal.

FILILI, f. m. perfection, deli-

FILIPE'NDULA, f. f. the herb or flower called drop-wort.

FILIPICHI'N, f. m. wool woven with fine flowers.

FILIPO'DIO, f. m. the herb pelipody of the oak.

FILIPO'N, f.m. a fort of filver coin.

FILIS, f. f. ability, grace in doing or faying any thing.

FILLO, f. m. obf. a fon.

FFLO, f. m. the edge of a wea-

File, f. m. obf. vide FIL.

FILOMOSTE'RRA, f. f. the herb

FILO'SA, f.f. in cant, a fword.

FILO'SO, f. m. in cant, a kaife.

FILTRACIO'N, f. f. a filtering, or firstening of liquor among the chemists.

FILTRA'R, v. a. to strain liquors, as chemis do.

FILTRO', f. m. a filter, or clothe to firain through.

FIM

FIMBRIA, f. f. the hem of any garment.

FIMO, f. m. filth, dung.

FIN

FIN, C. m. the end, the concist fion; bound, limit; purpole a intention.

At fin fin, at length.

En fin, in fine, to conclude. Hacer una cosa con buen fin, to do a thing with a good defign. Prov. Al fin final ferrie a Dios, y no hacer mal, in conclusion, ferve God and do no harm. PINA'BLE, adj. that may be finis-

hed. FINA'L, adj. final. FINALIZA'R, v. 2, to finish; to conclude, to put an end to.

FINALME'NTE, adv. finally, to conclude,

FINAME'NTE, adv. delicately, nicely, finely.

FINAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. dying, departing this life , ending, FINANZA, f. f. a revenue.

FINA'R, v. n. to die, to depart this life.

FINCA, f. f. a substantial security or ground to go upon; a good bank of money; a fund; alfo a gesture, a movement of the body.

Rinca de rénte, a fund on a settled revenue.

EINCA'BLE, adj. flable, remaining, lafting.

RINGA'R:, v. a. vide HINGA'R: FINCHAR, v. a. vide, HIN-CHA'R;

FINE ZA, f, f. fineness, subtiky; gallantry done for the fake of a lady, or the like; also a small gift or present.

PINGIDAME'NTE . adv. feignedly, counterfeitly, falsly.

TINGIDO'R, f. m. feigner, counterfeiter. FINGIMIE'NTO, f. m, a feigning.

or counterfeiting.

EINGIR, v. a. pref. to feign to counterfeit.

KINIBLE, adj. that may be en-

EINIBUS TERRE, f. m. in cant, the gallows.

FINICIO'N, f. f. the finishing or completing of any thing.

FINIE'STRA, f. f. obf. a window.

FINIQUITO, f, m. the belance or settling of an account, FINI'R, v. 2. obf. to finish.

FINITIMO, adj, bordering, nei-Thbourly.

FINI'TO, adj. bounded, limi-

El'NO, adj. fine, courtier-like, courteous, kind; cunning, crafty, fubtile.

Paño fino, fine cloth.

Vellato fino, a crafty knave. EINO'JO, f. m ohf. the knee. FINTA, f. f. a small tribute paid

to the prince. FINURA, f. f. obf. finery.

FIO, f, m. obf. a fon.

FIR

FIRMA, f. f. a man's hand to a writing. FIRMAME'NTO, f. m. the firmament, the sky. FIRMA'R, v. a. to a. fign, to confirm, to put one's hand to a writing. Firmbrie., v. r. to auribute; to ene's felf any name. FIRME adj. firm, fieblo , fixed. FIRMEDUMBRE, f. f. ohf. vide FIRME'ZA. FIRMEME'NTE., adv. firmly, ftrougly, fled faftly, FIRME'ZA, f. f. flability, fledfaftness, firmness,

FIS.

FISBE'RTA, f. f. in cant, a fword. FISCA'L, f. m. the king's follicitor; the attorney - general; a cenfurer, one who blames. Fiscal procurator, the king's fullicitor-general, the follicitor of the Exchequer.

Fiscal de esparta, a basket made of esparto.

FISCALEA'R, v. a. to accuse, to charge, as the king's follicitor does.

FISCALE'RO., f. m. an accu-

duty of the king's follicitor.

FISCALIZA'R, v. a. to accuse of any crime, to charge,

FISCO, f. m. the Exchequer. FISERE'TA, f. f. vide TIXE. RE'TA.

FISGA, f. f. a rod, a dart; also a jest, a reflection: a trouthook; the grapple of a ship; a boat-hook.

FISGADO'R, f. m. a jesting scoffing fellow.

FISGA'R, v. a. to play upon a man, to jeer, to scoff.

FISGO'N, f. m. vide FISGA. DO'R.

FISSI'L, adj. easy to be broken.

FISTICO, f. m. the pistachio, or fisticknut-tree.

FISTO'L, f. m. a cunning artful man at play; applied fommetimes to those who have good abilities or are capable of managing bufiness in a dextrous man-

FISTOLA., f. f. a dangerous run: ning fore, called a fiftula, also a shepherd's, pipe, used by poets.

FISTQLA'BO, adj. discaled with fillul

FISTULA, f. f. vide. EISTO-LA.

FISTULO:SO , adj., fiftulous , her ving the nature of a fiftula.

FIT

FLTO, adj. obf. fuffened, thrust Fito, adj. obf; bent, speaking of the knees.

FIU:

FIUCIA, f. f. obs. confidence. relying upon another.

FIX

FIXA, f. f. an iron hinge of a door. FIXACIO'N, f. f. a fastening, flability, femmels; in chemistry. destruction of volatility. FISCALPA, f. f. the office or FIXAML'NTE, adv. fatt, firmly; alfo: attentively.

FIXE'ZA, f. f. obf. certainty firmnels, fecurity. ... fleadfallasis.

FIXA'R, v. a. to fix, to faften.
FI'XO, adj. fixed, faft, fleady.
FI'XOS, f. m. pl. the four fixed
flars, Taurus, Leo, Scorpio, and
Aquarius.

FIZ

FIZGA, f. f. vide FISGA.

FIZGADO'R, f. m. vide FISGADO'R.

FIZGA'R, v. a. vide FISGA'R.

FIZGO'N, f. m. vide FISGO'N.

FLA

FLABE'LO, f. m. a fan, a flap for flies. FLACAME'NTE , adv. leanly , weakly. FLA'CO, adj. lean, weak; slender, feeble. FLAGELACIO'N, f. f. whipping, fcourging. FLAGELA'NTES, f. m. pl. certain hereticks about the year 1272, who went about begging and whipping themselves. FLAGE'10, f. m. a whip. FLAGI'CIO, f. m. a great piece of villany, a vile, bale action. FLAGICIO'SO, adj. wicked, vicious, villainous, base. FLAGRA'NCIA, f. f. ardor, vehemency, heat. FLAGRA'NTB, adj. ardent, vehement, hot. Cogér a uno en flagrante delles, to take a man in flagrant; that is, actually committing the crime, in the fad. FLAGRA'R, v. n. to shine. FLA'MA, f. f. a flame. FLAMA'NTE, adj. flaming. Nuévo flamante, spick and span FIAMBA'NTE, adj. in heraldry, flamous, like so many flames. FLAMEA'R, v. n. to lower the fails. FLAME'NCO, f. m. a bird that has a red breaft and pinious.

FLAMINQUI'LLA, f f. a linle

place for fruit.

FLAME'O, f. m. a veil or hood worn by the bride. FLAMIGERO, adj. that throws flames or bears flames. FLA'MILLA, (f. f. a ffreamer, or FLAMULA, (a pendant in a FLANCO, f. m. the side of a fortification, or of a ship, army, or fleet. FLANQUEA'DO, adj. fortified, defended by lateral fortifications. FLANQUEAR, v. a. to make an equal defence, to flanker. FLA'ONES, f. m. a fort of checfe-cake. FLAQUEA'R, v. n. to become weak, or feeble. FLAQUECE'R, v. n. to be weak. FLAQUE'ZA, f. f. weakness, feebleness, leanness. FLAQUISSIMO, adj. superl, very weak, very infirm. FLA'SCO, f. m. a glas bottle; alfo a powder-flask. FLATO, f. m. a blast of wind. FLATO'SO, adj. blowing, windy. FLATULE'NTO, adj. that causes FLATUO'SO, adj. causing windiness, or proceeding from it. FLA'VO, adj. yellow. FLA'UTA, f. f. a pipe, a flute, a flagelet; any fort of pipe; also a vessel called a flute. FLAUTA'DO, adj. shrill, high in music, as the treble. Tanér por lo flautado, to speak shrill, to play upon shrill-pipes. FLAUTADO'R, f. m. one that makes pipes or plays on them. FLAUTA'R, v. a. to play on a pipe. FLAUTE'RO, . f. m. a flute-FLAUTISTA, 7 maker. FLAUTOS pitos, (a phrase) de-

FLB

lights, amusements, pastimes.

FLE'BIL, adj. fad, mournful, weeping.
FLEBOTOMA'R, v. a. to bleed, to open the vein.
FLEBOTOMI'A, f. f. phlebotomy, lenting blood.

FLEBOTOMIA'NO, adj. said of a barber who has got a licence to bleed. FLE'CHA, f. f. an arrow, a shart. FLECHA'DO, adj. shot out of a bow. In architecture, arched. FLECHADO'R, f. m. one that shoots in a bow. (shoot-FLECHADU'RA, f. f. FLECHAMIE'NTO, f.m. with a bow. In architecture, to arch. FLECHA'ZO, f. m. the stroke or wound of an arrow. FLECHERI'A, f. m. the foldiers who used to shoot darts. FLECHE'RO, f. m. an archer. FLECO, f. m. vide FLUECO. FLEGMA, f. f. vide FLEMA. FLEGMATICO, adv. vide FLE-MATICO. FLEGMON, f. m. vide FLE-MO'N. FLE'MA, f. f. phlegm; flowners, patience. Fléma, f. f. a farrier's fleam to bleed horfes. FLEMA'TICO, adj. phlegmatick; flow, patient. FLEMO'N, f. m. an inflammation of any part; also spawl, spittle. FLEMO'SO, adj. full of phlegm. FLEMÜ'DO, adj. lazy, careless, indolent. FLEOUEZUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of fleco. FLETADO'R, f. m. one that freights vessels. FLETAMIE'NTO, f. m. a freighting of veffels. FLETA'R, v. a. to freight veffels FLE'TE, f. m. freight. FLEXIBILIDA'D, f. f. flexibility; docility. FLEXIBLE, adj. that can be bent or fostened; docile. FLEXIO'N, f. f. a bending on folding of any thing.

FLI

FLIBO'TE, f. m. a kind of ship fo called.

FLINFLO'N, f. m. a name given to those who are plump and fresh coloured.

FLO

FLO

FLOCADURA, f. f. the fringing of any thing.

FLOMOTOMI'A , f. f. vide FLEBOTOMI'A.

FLORA, f. f. obf. triffle, impertinence.

FLOQUEADO, adj. fringed, adorned with fringes.

FLOR, f. f. flower, the bloffom of the trees; also the prime or the flourishing part of any thing. Flor de lis, the flower-de-luce.

Flor de la muger, a woman's courfes.

Flor de cobre, verdegrise.

Flor de paradifo, flower of paradife. Flor de vino, the mother on decayed wines.

Flor de la barba, the down on youth's faces before the beard grows.

Flor en la colòr, a fresh colour.

Flor de azafrán, saffron.

Flor de naranja, orange-flower. Flor de qualquier coja, the gloss or

beauty of any thing.

Flor de cordován, the smooth glos-

fy fide of the leather.

Flor de la cantla, choice cinnamon.

Flor de la domella, a maidenhead.

Flor de metal, the scales that fly

off from any metal in harden-

ing or hammering.

Flor, a cheat, a trick at play.
Flor de la juventild, the flower of

Flor de especie, the spice called mace.

Flor de la oración, fine expressions in a speech.

Cama de flores, a delicare bed.

Irse todo en flores, to be all show
and no substance.

Andarfe a la flor del berro, to look after the flowers of watercreffes, to give one's felf up to vice and idleness.

FLORA'INA, f. f. in cant, a cheat.

FLORDELIS, f. f. the flower-de-luce

FLORDELISA'R, v. n. to adorn a thing with lilies.

Tom. L.

FIOREADO, adj. as, pan floreado, bread baked to perfection, when the crust is neither too soft, nor parched.

FLOREA'R, v. a. to dally with, to trifle.

FLORECE'R, v. n. to flourish, to bloffom, to bear flowers, to thrive, to profper.

FLORECIE'NTE, adj. flourishing, bloffoming.

FLORECILLA, f. f. f. a little FLORECITA, flower.

FIORE'O, f. m. a flourish fencers make with the foils before and after fencing; a flourish of the colours; a flourish in the speech; also an ornament of flowers; likewise gaiety, pleafantness.

FLORE'RO, f. m. in cant, a cheat; also a flower - maker, and a picture full of flowers.

FLORE'STA, f. f. a wood, a forest.

FIORESTE'RO, f. m. forester, ranger, keeper.

FLORE'TA, f. f. a bit of fine leather added to a strap for strength and ornament.

FLORETA'DA, f. f. a fillip on the forehead.

FIORE'TE, f. m. a playing with fwords; also the finest white paper.

FLORETEA'R, v. a. to adorn or garnish with flowers.

FLORIDAME'NTE, adv. elegantly, perfectly, lively, flourishingly.

FLORIDO, adj. flourishing, bloffoming, full of flowers or bloffoms; prosperous; also, in cant, rich.

Pascua florida, Easter, the day on which the Christian church commemorates our Saviour's resurrection.

FLORI'FERO, adj. that brings forth flowers.

FLORIGE'RO, adj. idem.
FLORIN, f. m. a florin.
FLORIPO'NDIO, f. m. a tree
in the West Indies so called.

FIORO'N, f. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving. FLORONCI'LLO, f. m. a knot of leaves and flowers in carving.

FIO'SSANCTORUM, m. the flower of the faints, a book containing the lives of faints.

FLO'TA, f. f. a fleet; generally understood of merchant ships.

FLOTADURA, f. f. a rub, FLOTAMIE'NTO, f. m. at the act of rubbing.

FIOTA'R, v. a. to float upon the water; also to move the body or limbs like waves of the sea to get a heat; also to rub with the hands any part of the body.

FLOXAME'NTE, adv. flothfully, lazily, idly, loofely.

FIOXEAR, v. a. to be feeble or weak; also to be flothful. FIOXEDAD, f. f. floth, laziness, idleness, looseness.

FLOXE'L, f. m. the wool that is shorn off from cloth; also the down on fruit, as peaches, &c.

FLOXE'RA, f. f. vide FLOXE.
DA'D.

FLO'XO, adj. floraful, lazy, ide

FLOXO'N, f. m. a lazy FLOXONA'ZO, idle fellow, FLOXURA, f. f. flothfulnefs, lazinefs, idlenefs, loofenefs.

FLU

FIUCTUACIO'N. f. f. flucturation, uncertainty, indetermination.

FLUCTUA'R, w. a. to be wavering, unfettled, doubtful what to do, to waver, to be irrefolute.

FIUE'CO, f. m. fringe; also the wool that is shorn off from cloth.

FLUIDO, adj. fluid; that is, not folid or fixed, but runs. FLUI'R, v. n. to flow.

FLUVIA'L, adj. of the river. Pescado fluvial, fresh water fish;

Sa

FLUX, f. m. a flush at cards, when one has all of a fuire.

FLUXIO'N, f. f. the flowing of any liquid.

FLU'XO, f. m. the diffemper called the flux.

Fluxo de fángre, the bloody-flux. Fluxo de palabrás, babbling, talking vainly.

Flaxo de vientre, loosenes, diarthea, flux of the belly.

Fluxo del mar, the flux, the tide.

FOC

FOCA, f. f. a fea-calf.
FO'CO, f. m. a focus, in which
all the rays of light are contracted; also a hearth or firefide.

F O F

FO'FO, adj. foft and puffy, fpon-

FOG

FOGA'DO, f. f. a fogade, a finall mine to blow up fome little work.

FOGA'GE, f. m. a tam laid upon every house.

wood which makes great flames.

FOGO'N, f. m. a hearth, the pan and touch-hole of a gun; the cook-room of a ship.

FOGONADURA, f. f. the priming of any fire-arms.

FOGOSIDA'D, f. f. vivacity, fpright-linefs.

FOGO'SO, adj. fiery, mettlefome, fierce.

FOGO'TE, f. m. a lighted match, fuch as foldiers use.

F 0 1

FOI'NA, f. f. vide FUI'NA. FOI'R, v. 2. obf. to run away.

F O J

FOIA, f. f. obf. a leaf.
Foja, f.f. a water-fowl fo called.

FO L

FOLGA, f. f. ebf. joy, mirth, recreation.

FOLGA'R, v. 2. obs. vide HOL-GA'R.

FOLIA, f. f. a fort of dance.
FOLIA'R, v. a. to mark the
number of any book.

FOLICO'NES, f. m. a hum firum of feveral musical instruments.

FOLICULO, f. m. any leaf of a tree or plant.

FO'LIO, f. m. the sheet of a book, or a book in folio.

FO'LLA, f. f. a confused diferderly skirmish or tumultuous croud; a confused medley of several farces aded on the stage without any play.

FOLLA'DO, adj. fet in puffs, hollow; also blowed with bel-

i ows.

FOLLA'GE, f. m. foliage, curious work with leaves; also mantling in heraldry; also setting out in puffs.

FOLLA'R, v. a. to blow with the bellows.

FOLLE'RO, f. m. who makes or fells bellows.

FOLLETA, f. m. a measure of wine equal to our pint.

FOLLETE'RO, f. m. a bellowsmaker.

FOLLE'TO, & m. a quire of paper; also a news-paper.

FOLLO'N, f. m. an idle or a lewd person, a russian, a rascal.

FOLLONERIA, f. f. floth, idlenefs.

FOLLO'SAS, f. f. in cant, breeches.

FOLLU'Z, the third part of the fmall coin called blancs; but there has been no fuch money for many years past.

F O M

FOMENTACIO'N, f. f. fomentation.

FOMENTADO'R, f. m. one that foments, cherishes, or encoura-

ges; a fomenter, an encourager, a supporter.

FOMENTA'R, v. a. to foment, to cherish; to encourage.

FOME'NTO, f. m. the dotion prepared to foment the parts; also supporting, encouraging, cherishing.

FO'MES, f. m. the cause FO'MITE, that excites; an incentive.

F O N

FO'NDA, f. f. obf. vide HO'N-DA.

FONDABLE, adj. that may be founded.

FO'NDACO, f. m. a house to receive toll or duties for transporting of goods; a customhouse; also a warehouse or
flore-house.

FONDEA'R, v. a. to found the depth as aboard of ship: also to visit the cargo on board of a ship.

FONDE'O, f. m. a founding of the depth; also the visit of a ship's cargo.

FONDILLO'N, f. m. the lees of any cask.

Vise de fendillén, wine out of a cask that is filled up as it is drawn out.

FO'NDO, f. m. the foundation, the bottom, the depth, the ground of any filk that is flowered; a fund.

Dar fande, to cast anchor.

Echar a fondo, to fink a vessel or the like.

FONDO'N, f. m. obf. vide HON-DO'N.

FONDO'S, Q, adj. obf. deep, profound.

FONIL, f. m. a tunnel to fill casks with.

FONSADE'RA, f. f. obf. a duty for keeping the ditches about a town in repair.

FONSA'RIO, f. m. a ditch that furrounds apy fortrefs.

FONTA'L, adj. belonging to the first or principal.

FONTA'NA, f. f. fountain, Poeti-

FONTANA'L, f. m. a place full of springs or fountains, or the spring whence the water flows. FONTANA'R; adj. belonging to a fountain.

FONTA'NCHE, f. m. a topknot, a kind of cap used formerly by the ladies.

FONTANERI'A, f. f. the art of making artificial fountains.

FONTANE'RO, f. m. one that finds out springs and conveys water to fountains.

FONTANO, adj. of or belonging to a fountain.

FONTANO'SO, adj. full or adorned with fountains:

FONTECICA, f. f. vide FU-ENTECICA.

FONTEZUE'LA, vide FUEN-TEZUE'LA,

FOQ

FOQUE, f. m. a triangular fail of the boltsprit or bowsprit.

FOR

FORADA'R, v. 2. obf. vide HO-RADAR.

FORA'DO, f. m. obf. a hole, a vent.

FORA'GE, of, m. vide FOR-

FORAGIDO, f. m. vide FOR-RAGIDO.

FORA'L, adj. belonging to the forum or court of justice.

FORA'MBRE, f. m. obf. a hole.

FORANEO, adj. strange, foreign.

Foranco, adj. belonging to the

court of judicature.

FORANO. f. m. in cant. a fo-

FORANO, f. m. in east, a foreigner or ftranger.

FORATO, adj. fierce, wild, fa-

FORASTE'RO, f. m. a ftranger. FO'RCA, f. f. obf. vide HO'RCA. FORCEIA'R, v. n. to ftruggle,

to firive, to use all one's force.

FORCEJON, f. f. an effort of firuggling or firiving, a jerk a man gives to get loose or to do any thing violently.

FORCEJUDO, adj. very firong, robust.

FORCHI'NA, f. f. a fork to eat with; a clownish word.

FO'RCIA, f. f. strength.

FORCIA'R, v. a. obf. to force.
FORE'NSE, adj. belonging to
the forum.

FORE'RO, f. m. a collector of that duty.

Forero, adj: done according to the law of the forum or court of justice.

Moneda forera, current money. FO'RFOLAS, f. f. pl. scabs on the head.

FO'RIA, f. f. a finith's forge; a place where any thing is formed, plotted, or contrived. FORIADO'R, f. m. a forger;

one that frames or forges.

FORJADURA, f. f. a forging

or framing.

FORJA'R, v. a. to forge, to

frame.

FO'RMA, f. f. form, fashion, a mould to cast in, a shoe-maker's last.

Enojarse en fórma, to be angry to purpose.

Hacer una cofa por forms, to do any thing merely for form fake.

FORMABLE, adj. that may be formed.

FORMACIO'N, f. f. forming, fashioning.

fashioning.

FORMADO'R, f. m. one that forms; fashions, or moulds.

FORMADU'RA, f. f. the form or figure of any thing.

FORMA'GE, f. m. cheefe; a bad word borrowed from the French.

FORMA'L, adj. formal; also grave, serious.

FORMALIDA'D, f. f. formality; also ceremony, and solemu order; also gravity, seriousness:

FORMALIZAR, v. a. to form.
FORMALME'NTE, adv. formally; also certainly.

FORMA'R, v. a. to form, to fashion, to mould:

Formar el punso en musica, to set the tune.

Formar quixa, to make complaint or find cause to complain.

FORMATI'VO, adj. that forms or gives shape to any thing.

FORMEJA'R, v. a. to flow things orderly in a ship.

FORMICA'NTE, adj. belonging to the pulse when it is low and weak.

FORMIDA'BLE, adj. formidable, dreadful to be feared.

FORMIDOLO'SO, adj. fearful' affrighted.

FORMO'N, f. m. a great chiffel.

FO'RMULA, f. f. form, manner, or method.

FORMULARIO, f. m. formulary, book of precedents, a cere-

ry, book of precedents, a ceremo nial.

FORMULILLA, f. f. diminutive of formula.

FORNECE'R, v. a. obf. to fur nish, to provide, to store.

FORNECIMIE'NTO, f. m. at furnishing providing, floring, FORNECI'NO, f. m. obf. a baftard, a fon of fornication.

FORNICACION, f. f. fornication.

FORNICADO'R, f. m. a fornica-

FORNICA'R, v. n. to commit fornication.

FORNICA'RIO, f. m. a fornicator.

FORNICIO, f. m. obf. vide FORNICACIO'N.

FORNIMIE'NTO, f. m. provifion, store.

FORNI'R, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to flore; also to spread and grow strong; to strength-

FORNITURAS, f. f. pl. among founders of printing-types, the types that are melted and cast again, as not having proved good at the first cast.

FO'RO, f. m. forum, a court of judicature.

FORQUE'TA, f. f. obf. a little fork.

FORRAGE, f. m. forage for horses; also lining of garments, and lining of shot with pikes.

5 8 2

FORRAGEA'DOR, f. m. a fo-FORRAGEA'R, v. n. to fora-

ge, as foldiers do. FORRAGE'RO, f. m. a fora-

FORRAGIDO, f. m. an out-

FORRA'R, v. a. to line.

FORRO, f. m. a lining.

FORTACHO'N, f. m. a very firong and well-built man.

FORTALECE'R, v. a. to ftrengthen, to fortify.

FORTALECIMIE'NTO , f. m. ft engthening, fortifying.

FORTALE'ZA, f. f. fortitude, frength; a fortress.

FORTEZUE'LO, f. m. a little

FORTIFICACION, f. f. a fortification, a strong place.

FORTIFIÇADO'R, f. m. 2 forti-

fier, or ftrengthener. FORTIFICAMIE'NTO, f. m.

a fortifying or ftrengthening. FORTIFICA'R, . a. to forti-

fy, to strengthen. FORTIN, f. m. a little fort. FORTUITAME'NTE, adv. ca-

fually, accidentally.

FORTUI'TO adj. fortuitous, accidental.

FORTUNA, f. f. fortune, fate, destinity; also good fortune or luck; futurity, future events.

Hombre de fortuna, a man of fortu-

Moza de fortána, a young whore. Prov. A los ofados ayuda la fortune, fortune favours the bold

FORTUNA'R, v. n. so be fortu-

FORTUNA'DO, adj. fortunate,

FORTUNILLA, f. f. diminutive of fortuna.

FORZA, f. f. obf. vide FUER-ZA.

FORZADAME'NTB, adv. frongly, valiantly; also necessarily.

(FORZA'DO, adj. a galley-flave. FORZADO'R, f. m. a ravisher.

FORZA'L, f. m. the middle of a comb.

* FORZA'R, v. z. to force, to

compel, to confrain; also to ftorm, to take by violence; also to ravish, to violate.

FORZOSAME'NTE, adv. precifely, with necessity; also violently, forcibly.

FORZO'SO, necessary, obliga-

FORZUDO, adj ftrong.

F O S

FOSCA, f. f. a thick wood. FO'SSA, f. f. a ditch, a grave, a pit.

FOSSA'DO, f. m. a cavity. FOSSA'L, f. m. a church-yard, a burying-ground.

FOSSA'R, v. a. obs. to ditch, to

FOSSI'LLO, s. m. a little ditch. FO'SSO, f. m. a ditch, a trench.

FOT

FOTULA, f. £ a fort of millepede.

F O X

FO'XA, f. f. a fort of weatherfowl.

FOY

FO'YA, f. f. a furnace of coals.

FRA

FRACASAR, v. m. to break to pieces any thing; also to be loft, to be destroyed.

FRACA'SO, f. m. havock, destruction; also an accident.

FRACCION, f. f. a fraction; in arithmetick, the brocken part of an integral.

FRACTURA, f. f. a breaking in pieces, the fracture or breaking of bones in living bodies.

FRACU'RA, s. f. obs. weakness. FRA'GA, f. f. a firawberry-

FRAGAN'CIA, f. f. a fweet odour. or scent.

FRAGA'NTE, adj. fragrant, edoriferous, fweet of fmell,

Fragante, corruptly for flagrante, actual.

FRAGARIA, f. f. vide FRA'GA. FRAGATA, f. f. a frigate; also a small boat.

Fragata de avifo, a packet-boat.

Fragáta ligéra, a ship mounting twenty guns.

FRAGATIN, f. m. diminutive of fragata.

FRA'GIL, adj. frail', brittle, weak. FRAGILIDA'D, f. f. frailty brittleness, weakness.

FRAGILME'NTE, adv. frailly, brittlely, weakly.

FRAGME'NTO, f. m. a fragment, a piece broke off.

FRAGOSIDA'D, f. f. cragginess, uneven, stony, rough way.

FRAGO'SO, adj. craggy, rough, stony, uneven.

FRAGRANCIA, f. f. a freet fmell, fragrance.

FRAGRA'NTE, adj. fragrant, odoriferous.

FRA'GUA, f. f. a fmith's fosge. FRAGUADO'R, f. m. one who imagines or invents any thing.

FRAGUA'R, v. a. to forge as smiths do.

FRAGURA, f. f. obf. cragginess, a rough stony place.

FRAI, s. m. a friar.

FRA'ILA, f. f. vide FRA'YLA. FRAILA'DA, f. f. any action

done by a friar. FRA'ILE, a friar, a religious, a brother of some regular order:

alfo a fish called fquatina, or the monk-fish. FRAILECTCO, 7 f. m. diminu-

FRAILECTILO, rives of FRAILECTTO, fráile. FRAILE'GO, adj. vide FRAI-

LESCO. FRAILE' aO, adj. belonging to

the friars.

FRAILERIA, f. f. a company of friars.

FRAILE'SCO, edj. friary, friar-

FRAMBUE'SA, f. f. a t asberty or raspberry.

FRAMBUE'SO, f. m. a rasberry.

FRAME'A, C. f. a dant.

FRANCALE'TE, f. m. a strap with a buckle.

FRANCAME NTE, adv. frankly, freely, liberally.

Mal Frances, the French pox.

FRANCHIPAN, f. m. a sweetfcented confession so called.

· FRANCISCA'NO, adj belonging to the Franciscan order.

FRA'NCO, adj, free, liberal bountiful.

FRANCOLIN, f. m. a bird called a godwit.

FRA'NGE, f. m. a term in heraldry, as, escudo partido a fránge, or en fránge, an escutcheon para per caultier.

FRANGE'NTE, f. m. an accidental misfortune.

FRANGIBLE, adj. that can be broke.

FRANGULIO, f. m. boiled

FRANGO'TE, f. m. a pack. FRA'NJA, f. f. fringe.

FRANJE'RA, f. f. a woman

fringe maker.

FANJE'RO, f. in. a fringe-

maker.

FRANJO'N, f. m. a great fringe.

FRANJUE'LA, f. f. a little fringe.

FRANQUEA'R, v. a. to enfran-

chize, to make free.

FRANQUE'ZA, f. f. liberality,

bounty, freedom, liberty.

Prov. Comprár cáro no es franquita, to buy dear is no liberty.

PRANQUICIA, f. f. a liberty, a privilege-place, as the fireets of ambaffadors in Spain.

FRANQUISSIMAME'NTE, adv. very freely, very frankly.

FRA'SCA, f. f. dry leaves.

FRA'SCO, f. m. a fquare glass bottle; also a little powder-flask.
FRASQUE'RA, f. f. a case to put flasks in.

FRASQUI'TO, f. m. diminutive, of frasco.

FRATE'RNA, f. f. a lecture, a reprimand.

FRATERNA'L, adj. brotherly.
FRATERNIDA'D, f. f. brother-

· FRATE'NO , adj. brotherly.

FRATRICIDA, f. f. a fratricide, one who kills his brother.

FRA

FRATRICI'DIO, f. m. fratricide.

FRAUDADO'R, f. m. a cheat. FRAUDA'R, v. a. to defraud, to

cheat.

FRA'UDE, f. f. a fraud, a cheat.

FRAUDULE'NCIA, f. f. deceit.

FRAUDULE'NCIA, f. f. deceit. FRAUDULENTEME'NTE, adv. deceifully.

FRAUDULE'NTO, adj. fraudulent, deceitful.

FRAXIME'LA, f. f. the herb kneegrafs.

FRAXINO, f. m. an ash-tree.

FRA'Y, f. m. is the title given to friars in naming them; as, Fray Juan, Brother John.

FRA'YLA, f. f. a nun, a word little used but by way of jest.

FRAYLE, f. m. a friar; from frater, brother; because they are all brothers in religion.

Prov. Frayte que fue foldado fate mas acertado, a friar that has been a foldier proves best; because having seen the world, and knows all folly, he retires more seriously.

Prov. Ház lo que dice el fráyle, y no lo que el háce, do what the friar fays, and not what he does. Advice to observe and practise what good preachers teach, though they should not be good livers

FRAYLECTILO, f. m. a little friar; a child in a friar's habit; also a bird with a cust of feathers on its head, like a friar's hood, called an ope.

FRAYLE'NGO, add. friarish, FRAYLE'SCO, belonging to a friar.

FRAYLI'A, f. f. friarishness; also a parcel of friars.

FRAZADA, f. f. obf. a blanket for a bed.

FRAZADŤILA, f. f. obf. a little blanket.] T. II II

FRE

FREGACIO'N; f. f. a rubbing: FREGADE'RQ, f. m. the sculle-

ry, the place where they wash dishes and scour.

FREGADIE'NTES, f.m. a toothfcraper.

FREGADO'R, f. m. a rubber any thing used for rubbing.

FREGADURA, f. f. a fco uring. FREGA'JO, f. m. a fwab aboard a ship, or any whifp of hay or the like, to fcour with.

FREGA'R. v. 2. to fcour, to sub.

Muger de buén frégédo, a contimon
lewd woman.

FREGATA, f. f. vide FRA-GA'TA.

FREGATRIZ, f. f. a cook-maid, a wench to fcour dishes,

FREGO'N, f. m. a scullery-men to scour dishes.

FREGO'NA, f. f. a cook-maid, a wench to fcour dishes; a drudging maid-fervant.

FREGONCI'LLA, f. f. a drudging wench.

FREGONFL, adj. of, or belonging to a scouring-wench.

FREI, f. m. a diffinction between the military and regular order of friars.

FREILA, f. f. a nun.

FREILA'R, v. a. to receive one as a knight in a military order.

FREILE, f. m. a knight of a mulitary order.

FREFR, v. 2. to fry in a pan. Freirfe de calor, to fry or to be sweltered with heat.

Prov. At freir de los huévos to vereis, you will find it when you come to fry the eggs, that is, you will be fensible of what you do, when you find, the ill consequences.

FREIDE'RA, f. f. a frying-pan. FREIDU'RA. f. f. frying in a pan.

FRE'MITO, f. m. a noife, a roar, a bellowing.

FRENA'R, v. u. ro bridle, to curb, to keep under.

FRENE'RO, f. m. a bridler, a bitmaker.

FRENESI', f. m. phrenfy, mad-

FRENETICAR, v. a. to play the francick, to be mad.

FRENILLA'R los rémos, v. a to lash fast the oars when they have

done rowing.

FRENILLO, f. m. the ftring that holds the tongue, and hinders tongue - tied people from speaking.

FRE'NO, f. m. a bridle; also re-Straint.

Freno de coscója, a bridle that has a bit with an iron in it, to gaul the horse's mouth when he is unruly.

FRENTA'L, f. m. the ornament of a bridle in a horse's fore-

FRENTA'ZA, f. f. a great fore-

FRE'NTE, f. f. the forehead, the brow, the front of any thing, the blank space at the top of any writing.

Frente arrugada, a wrinkled fore-

Frénte ralda, a serene brow that never alters.

FRENTECILIA, f. f. a linie forehead.

FREQuE'NCIA, f. f. frequency, often doing a thing.

FREQUENTACIO'N, f. f. frequenting, going often to a place, doing a thing often,

FREQüENTADAME'NTE, adv.

FREOUENTA'R, v. a. to frequent. to go often a place, to do a thing often.

FREQuE'NTE, adj. frequent, often done.

FREQUENTEME'NTE, adv. frequently.

FRE'SA, f. f. a strawberry.

FRESA'DA de cebáda, barleywater.

FRESA'DO, adj. rubbed against any thing.

Fresado de oro, set thick with gold.

FRESA'R, v. a. to rub against any thing.

FRES'CA, f. f. in cant, news. FRESCAL, f. m. a fort of fish much like our cod.

FRESCAME'NTE, adv. freshly, acwly, lately, cooly.

FRE'SCO, adj. fresh, new, cool, sweet, not salted.

Pan frésco, new bread.

Pescado fresco, fresh fish.

Aire fresco, the fresh, air or a cool

Lugar frésco, a pleasant, cool pla-

Mugér frésca, a fresh-coloured wholefome-looking woman.

Nuevas frescas, fresh news, that hath not been heard before.

Tomár el fresco, to take the fresh

FRESCO'R, f.m. freshness, coolness, pleasant air.

FRESCURA, f. f. idem.

FRESNE'DA, f. f. a grove of ash-

FRESNILLO, f. m. dittany, dittander, garden-ginger.

FRE'SNO, f. m. an ash-tree. FRE'SO, f. m. a fort of lace to fet

on women's coats.

FRESO'N, f. m. a young child; alfo a weaned pig; alfo a ftep to ascend.

FRESQUECITO, f. m. fresh. coolish, sharpish weather.

FREQUISSI'MO, adj. fuperl, very fresh, very new.

FRESQUISTA, f. m. the painter well skilled in painting in resco.

FRESSURA, f. f. a hog's har-

FRETA'R, v. a. to freight a veffel.

FRETE . f. m. freight of ships.

FRE'ZA, f. f. the excrements of any beaft; also the mark of fish leaves behind when it rubs itself on a stone to spawn; also the noise filk-worms make when they awake and are eating;

FREZAR, v. n. to dung, to expel the excrements, as beafts

FR 1

FRIALDA'D, f. f. coldness; heaviness, duliness.

FRIAME'NTE, adv. coldly ; dully, heavily,

FRIA'TICO, adj. stupid, heavy, dull; also cold.

FRICACIO'N, s. f. rub, friction. FRICA'R, \forall . a. to rub.

FRICASE'A, f. f. a ragoo, a fricassee.

FRICCION, f. f. friction, rub. FRIE'GA, f. f. friction, medical rubbing with the flesh-brush.

FRIE'RA, f. f. a kibe, a chilblain.

FRIGERATIVO, adj. cooling, refreshing.

FRIGIDO, adj. cold.

FRIO, f. m. coldness, want of corporeal warmth; also ice to make cold the water or other liquor,

Frio, adj. cold; negligent, filly, void of wit,

Dicho frio, a jest that has no wit. Hombre frlo, a man that has no pleasant conversation, void of wit.

Andar frio el negocio, to go on bue flowly, speaking of an affair.

Questión en frie, a quarrel in cold bloöd.

FRIOLE'NTO, adj. chilly, very seasible of cold.

FRIOLE'RA, f. f. a foolish nonfensical expression, a jest without any Wit.

FRIO'R', f. m. cold.

FRISA, f. f. frieze, a coarfe warm cloth.

FRISA'DA, f. f. idem.

FRISADO'R, f. m. one that naps wooiled-cloth.

FRISA'R, v. a. to nap cloth.

Prisar con una cosa, to be upon the border or edge of a thing; also to be alike, to refemble, to have a likeness to.

FRISO, f. m. any ornament added about the edges of a garment, as fringes or the like. In architecture, the freeze; a large flat member which feparates the architrave from the cornice.

FRISO'L, f. m. the herb called garden-fperage.

FRISO'LES, f. m. pl. obf. kidner beans. French beans.

FRISO'N, f. m. a great Flanders horse or mare.

FRISUE'LOS, f. m. a- kind of French beans,

FRITA'DA, f. f. fried mear.
FRITTLLAS, f. f. pl. any thing
done in a frying-pan.

FRI'TO, p. p. of frel; fried in a

FRITU'RA, f. f. fried meat.
FRIVOLAME'NTE, adv. frivo-

FRIVO'LO, adj. frivolous, of no moment.

FRIURA, f. f. obf. vide FRIAL-DAD.

FRO

FRO'GA, f. f. the mixture of lime and fand.

FROGAR, v. a. to mix lime fand.

FRO'L, f. f. obf. vide FLO'R.
FRONDOSIDA'D, f. f. the beauty and ornament made by the leavesof the tree; also abundance of words or seatences.

FRONDO'SO, adj. full of leaves.
FRONTAL, f. m. a forchead
cloth; also a cupboard cloth; also
an antependium, the ornament
that sets off the front of the altar,
or is set before it.

FRONTALE'RAS, f. f. pl. broad flips of rich filk laid along the top and down the fides of the antependium, before the altar.

FRO'NTE, f. f. obf. vide FRE'N-

FRONTE'RA, f. f. a frontier of a country.

FRONTERIZO, adj. that lies upon the frontiers,; also, bordering or opposite to.

FRONTE'RO, f. m. over-against; on the frontiers.

FRONTI'NO, f. m. a horse with a flar on his forehead.

FRONTESPICIO., f. m. a frontespiece, the front of a house, that part of any building or other body, that directly meets the eye; also, in burlesque, the face.

FRONTO'N, f. m, the wall against which the tennis-balls are thrown in ferving.

FROTADURA, f. f. subbing, chasing.

FROTA'R, v. a. to rub, to chafe.

FRU

FRUCTIFERO, adj. vide FRU-TIFERO.

FRUCTIFICA'R, v. n. videFRU-TIFICA'R.

FRUCTUOS AMENUTE

FRUCTUOSAME'NTE, adv. fruitfully.

FRUCTUO'SO, adj. vide FRU-TUO'SO.

FRUGA'L, adj. frugal, moderate, fparing, parfimonious, thrifty.

FRUGALIDA'D, f. f. frugality, good hashandry, thrift, parfimony.

FRUGALME'NTE, adv. frugally, fparingly.

FRUICIO'N, f. f. fruition, enjoyment, possession, pleasure given by possession or use.

FRUI'R, v. n. to enjoy,

FRUITIVO, adj. enjoying, fruitive, possessing, having the power of giving enjoyment.

FRUNCE, f. m. a pucker, a gashering in a gasment, or the like.

FRUNCI'DO, f. m. deceit, cheat, lie.

FRUNCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a puckering, a gathering up, or drawing awry.

FRUNCI'R, v. a. to pucker, to gather up, to draw awry; alfo to deceive, so he:

Fruncir la béca, to draw up the mouth.

Fruncir la frente, to frown.

FRUSLE'RA, f. f. the shavings that fly off in carning and werking brafs or copper.

FRUSLERIA, f. & a doing or faying of no moment.

FRUSLE'RO, adj. vain, frivolous, of no confequence.

FRUSTRACIO'N, f. f. frusteation, disappointment.

FRUSTRA'NEO, adj. vain, ufelefs. FRUSTRA'R, v. a. to frustate, to disappoint.

Frustrar se, w., r. to be disappointed.

FRUSTRATO'RIO, adj. ufeless, vain.

FRU'TA, f. f. fruit.

Fruta tardia, fruit that is late.

Fruta de fartén, pancakes, fritters, or any fuch thing fried in a pan.

FRUTA'GES, f. m. pl. borders of fruit and flowers about a picture.

FRUTA'L, adj. fruitful.

FRUTA'R, v. n. to bring forth, or produce fruits.

FRUTE'RA, f. f. an apple-woman, a woman that fells fruit; also a fruitdish.

FRUTERIA, f. f. the fruiterers office.

FRUTE'RO, f. m. a fruitorer; alfo a fine napkin to lay over fruit.

FRUTIE'R, f. m. the head or chief fruiterer.

FRUTIFERO, adj. fruitful, that bears fruit.

FRUTIFICA'R, w. n. to grow, fruitful, to bear fruit, to fruitfy.

FRUTTLLA, f. f. diminutive of fruta,

FRUTILLA'R, f. m. the place when re strawberries grow.

FRUITO, f. m. fruit, product, increase, profit, advantage.

FRUTUO'SO, adj. fruitful, beaeficial, advantageous, profitable.

FRUXLE'RA, f. f. vide FRUS-LERA.

FRUZLA'R, v. n. to jeer, to give biting words.

ing words.

FUC

FUCAR, f. m. a banker, a rich man. FUCIA, f. f. truft, confidence.

FUE

FUE'GO, f. m. fire.
Fuégo griégo, or gregulfeo, or guirguifeo, an inextinguishable fort

of fire, made with pitch, and other fierce and burning ingre-

Fuégo de S. Anton, St. Anthony's

Fuégo de alquitrán, a fire of a birumen like pitch, that cannot be extinguished,

Fuego de ladrones, the fire that burns backwards towards the chimney; besides, fires made by robbers in woods, which they endeayour as much as they can to hide.

Fuégo d: artificio, artificial fireworks.

Fuégot, sometimes taken for beacons fired to alarm the country. e

Tañér a fuego, to ring the belis backwards for fire.

Ser un fuego, to be resties, always in motion, like a flame.

Dar fulgo, to Brike tire. In the fealanguage, it is to grave a ship; that is, to bring her to lie dry e-ground, and then burn off the old filth and stuff with reed. broom, or the like, and so to lay on new.

Hack fuego, to light fire; also to fire a gun.

A finlgo y a sangre, with fire and fword.

Lugar de mil falgos, a town of one thousand houses, reckoping every fire a house.

Pondri la manos en el suego. I will put my hands in a fire. An affeveration, urging they will venture to put their hands into the fire, to prove the truth of what they fay.

Prov. No está bién el fuégo cabe las estópas, fire dees not do well near tow. The conversation or women is dangerous; it is not good jefting with edged tools.

Prov. Esa es huéna que està al fuego y no se quema, she is good who is close to the fire, and does not burn. It fignifies, that she is truly a virtuous woman, who can withfland opportunity and cemptation.

Prov. Del fuégo se guardarás, y del hombre no podras, you will preferve yourfelf from fire, and will not be able to do it from man. Fire is a less dangerous enemy than wicked men.

FUE

Prov. Donde fuégo se háce, húmo file, where fire is made, smoke comes our.

FUEGUECFLLO, S. m. diminutive of fuego.

FUE'LLE, f. m. believs to blow the fire, or for an organ, &c. FUELLEZUE'LO, f. m. fmall bel-

FUE'N, f. m. a fountain, a spring. FUE'NTE, f. f. a fountain, a springs; also an ewer to wash hands, a bason of water in a garden, or the like; also an iffue.

FUENTECILLA, f. f. a little fountain.

FUENTECICA, . f. f. a little - fpring, a little ewer, a little bason in a garden.

FUE'R, f. m. for fuéno; as.

Prov. A fuer de Aragón, buén servicio, mai galardón, according so the cuftom of Aragon, good service has a bad reward.

FUE'RA, adv. without, besides, more over; also, make way.

Estár fuéra, to be abroad, out of one's house.

Mândo a mi cribdo fubra de fu falário, I bequeath to my servant over and above his wages.

FUE'RAS E'NDE, an old Spanish expression, in the ancient laws of Spain, fignifying unlefs.

FUERCILLA, f. f. diminutive of fuerza.

FUE'RO, f. m. privilege, liberty, charter, ancient cuftom, practice of a place.

Fuéro júzgo, a volume ancient lavs in Spain by the Gothic kings which are in force to this day.

Fueros de Aragón, the laws and liberties of Aragon.

FUE'RTE, adj. ftrong, able, powerfull; fubit, used, a fort or strong hold. In the mint, this term is used to express that the coin is rather above weight.

FUERTECILLO, f. m. a little fort.

FUERTEME'NTE, adv. ftrongly, forcibly, valiantly.

FUE'RZA, f. f. force, violence, firength; a fort, a strong hold. Por fuerça de Dios, y del mundo, by divine and human means.

Prov. A fuérza de villano hibro en medio, against the strength of a clown, you must oppose iron; you must not think to oppose peasants by firength of arms or any thing less than a sword, or fuch like weapon.

FUE'SSA, f. f. obf. a dirch, a grave.

F U G

FUGA: f. f. flight, running away, escape, overthrow; also great hafte, as is ufual in flight, a fuge, in musick.

FUGACIDA'D, f. f. swiftness, celerity.

FUGA'Z, adj. that is apt to rua away or to be put to flight; also unfteady, unstable, not durable, FUGI'R, v. n. obs. to fly, to run

FUGITIVO, adj. fugicive, apt to run away; also a sugitive, a run-away flave, a defenter in an army.

F U I

FUINA, f. f. a kind of weafel, a finall animal that cats pigeons.

FUL

FULANTLIO, f. m. fuch a little one; speaking of a boy in contempt. Diminutive of fulano.

FULA'NO, s. m. such a one. FUL'GA, f. f. the fowl called a moorhen.

FULGE'NTE, adj. shining. FU'LGIDO, adj. bright, shi-

FULGO'R, f. m. brightness. FULGURA'R, v. n. to dart rays of light.

FULIDO'R, f. m. in cast, a thief who has boys to open doors for bim at night.

FULLERIA

FULLERIA, f. f. sharping or cheating at play.

FULLERI'TO, f. m. diminutive of fullero.

FULLE'RO, f. m. a gameRer, a sharper at play.

FULLO'NA, f. f. a quarrel or dispute among many persons.

FULMINACION, f. f. a thundering.

FULMINA'DO, adj. that is concluded and has judgment given. FULMINADO'R, f. m. a thunderer.

FULMINA'R, v. a. to conclude or put an end to a process, fuit, or trial, to give judgment.

FULMI'NEO, adj. like thunder.
Poetical.

FULMINO'SO, adj. that darts thunder and lightning. Poetical.

FUM

FUMA'R, v. a. to smoke.
FUMARA'DA, s. f. a great smoking.
FUMA'RIA, s. f. the herb fumitory, earth-smoke.
FUMI'FERO, adj. smoky, full of smoke.
FUMO, s. m. vide HU'MO.
FUMORO'LAS, s. f. f. pl. certain cavities in the earth, which exhale a sulphureous smoke.
FUMOSIDA'D, s. f. smoking.
FUMO'SO, adj. smoky.
FUMUS TERRE, s. m. the plant fumitory.

F U N

FUNA'MBULO, f. m. a dancer on the rope, a rope-dancer. FUNCIO'N, f. f. a function or employment; a feast or any public act, and among foldiers, a bat-

act, and among foldiers, a battle, skirmish or any engagementwith the enemy. In physic, the office of any particular part of the body.

FUNDA, f. f. a case to put any thing into, made of leather, cloth, or the like.

Funda de almohada, a pillowbier.

Tom. 1.

FUNDACIO'N, f. f. a foundation i also the original; revenue setted and established for any purpose, particularly charity.

FUN

FUNDADAME'NTE, adv. upon a good foundation.

FUNDADOR, f. m. founder.
FUNDAGO, f. m. a magazine to
put merchandize in.

FUNDAMENTA'L, adj. funda-

FUNDAMENTA'R, v. 2. to lay a foundation; also to establish, to erect.

FUNDAME'NTO, f. m. a foundation, a ground to work upon; also original, rise; also the principal or essential reason.

FUNDA'R, v. a. to found, to lay a foundation.

Fundár su opinión, to ground one's opinion.

Fundár mayorásgo, so settle an estate of inheritance.

FUNDERI'A, f. f. a foundery: a casting - house, a place where they melt metal.

FUNDIBLE, adj. that may be caft.

FUNDI'BULO, f. m. a large machine for throwing of flones.

FUNDICIO'N, f. f. melting, cafting metal.

FUNDIO'R, f. m. a founder.
FUNDI'R, v. a. to cast me-

FUNDO, f. m. land or ground; a plat of ground with an house belonging to it, a country farm, a close or field; also a foundation or bottom.

FUNE'BRE, adj. mournful, fad, belonging to a funeral.

FUNEPE'NDULO, f. m. any thing hanging by a rope.

FUNERA'L, adj. belonging to a funeral.

FUNERA'LES, f. m. pl. the pomp or procession with which the dead are carried.

FUNE'REO. adj. mournful, fad, melancholy.

FUNESTA'R, v. a. to make fad or mournful.

FUNE'STO, adj. fad, mourn-ful.

FU 5

FUnADO'R, f. m. in cast, a mischief-maker, one that breeds quarrels.

FUnAR, v. a. in cant, to bread quarrels.

FUnO'NA, f. f. in cant, a fray, a quarrel.

FUR

FURE'NTE, adj. raging, fu-

FURIA, f. f. fury, rage, madnels, precipitation; also one of the furies of hell poets talk of.

FURIBU'NDO, adj. furlous, raving, outrageous, mad.

FURIOSAME'NTE, adv. furiously, outrageously.

FURIO'SO, adj. furious, outrageous, raving, mad.

FURLO'N, f. m. a chariot, a coach, with four feats.

FURO'R, f. m. fury, rage, outrageousness.

Furór poético, a poetical rapture.
Furór uterino, a raging diftempes

in some women.

FURRIE'L, f. m. a barbinger,

one that appoints lodgings.

FURRIE'R, f. m. a quarter-maftes

FURRIE'RA, f. f. the woman that takes charge of all the keys in the king's palace.

FURRIE'TA, f. f. a bravading, FURTA'R, v. a, obf. vide HUR-TA'R

FURTIVAME'NTE, adv. by ficalth, clandeftinely.
FURTI'VO, adj. done by ficalth.

F U S

FUSA'DO, adj. in heraldry, FUSALA'DO, after the manner of form of a spindle.

FUSCA, f. f. a duck of a dark brown colour.

FUSCA'R, v. a. obf. to blacken or obscure.

FUSCO, adj. dark brown. FUSIL, f. m. a fuil.

Τt

FUSILAZO, f. m. a musquetshot.

FUSILERIA, f. f. a company of fufileers.

FUSILE'RO, f. m. a fusileer, a foot-foldier armed with a firelock.

FUSO, f. m. in blafenry, any thing made in the form of a feindle.

FUSO'RIO, f. m. that belongs to founding; also the channel through which the metal runs in casting.

FUSTA, f. f. a finall light fort of veffel; also wood fawed into thin leaves.

FUSTA'GA, f, the cable or

great rope wherewith they hoift and lower the main-fail.

F U S

FUSTAN, f. f. fuffian, a kind of cloth made of cotton.

FUSTANCA'R, v. a. to beat with a flick.

FUSTA'NQUE, f. m. in cant, a cudgel.

FUSTE, f. m. is that which gives a thing its shape within, as the ribs do to a man's body, or any thing like.

Côfa de pôco or de micho fifte, a thing of little or much bulk dr confequence.

Fife de silla, the tree of a faddle. FUSTE'RO, f. m. one that cuts or faws out wood very thin.

FUSTE'TE, f. m. a fort of yellow dye.

FUSTIBAL, f. m. fome fort
FUSTIVAL, c. of ancient, warlike mufical inframent.

FUSTIGA'R, v. a. to cudgel, to bastinado, to beat with a cudgel.

FUT

FUTII, adj. weak, feeble, infirm.
FUTILIDA'D, f. f. weakness,
infirmity, fimplicity.
FUTURA'RIO, adj. belonging to
a thing which is to come.
FUTURICIO'N, f. f. futurity.
FUTURO, adj. that is to come.
The future teafe,

T, the feventh letter in the alphabet. In Spanish it is called ge, pronouncing it gutteral, before the e or i, as genero, gigante, Before the vowels a, o, u, it is pronounced as in English, ga, go, gu, as gáno, gózo, gúflo. Sometimes, to void a guttural, we intermix the letter u between the g, e, or i; as guerra, war; gula, a guide; seguir, to follow; gulfa , manner.

G A B

GABA'CHO, f. m. a base, ignoble, vile, mean, despicable, contemptible, and disty man; a word used to sidicule the French.

GABA'N, f. m. a great loofe coat, close before, used by travallers

and country people.

GABARDI'NA, f. f. a gabardine, a coarse frock worn by country people.

GABA'RRA, f. f. a great vessel to unload ships, like a lighter, called a gabbard.

GABA'RRO, f. m. a disease belonging to horfes and other beafts; also the bad quality of

Gabarro, a mistake in casting accounts.

GABA'TA, f. f. a wooden por-

GABA'ZA, f. f. a lewd wo-

GABA'ZO, f. m. the refuse of the fugar-canes whom the virtue is extracted.

GABE'LA, f. f. a duty upon any commodity.

GABELE'RO, f. m. a gatherer of that duty.

GA'BIA, f. f. the round top of a ship.

GABILLA, S. f. vide GAVIL-

GABINE'TE, f. m. a cabiner;

alfo the king's cabinet council; alfo a private pretty room.

GABIO'N, f. m. a gabion, a great basket filled with earth to make a fortification or intrenchment.

GABO'TE, f. m. a game used among children with a battledore and shuttlecock.

GABURO'NES, f. m. pl. timbers that firengthen the mafts in ships.

GAC

GACE'LO, f. m. a wild goat. GACE'TA, f f. a gazette, a newspaper.

GA'CHAS, f. f. pl. hafty-pudding made of flower, water, butter, and honey.

GA'CHO, adj. squared down.

GACHO'N, f. m. an infant brought up with a great deal of tenderness and delicacy.

GAD

GADO, f. m. a fish fo called. GADO'ZE, the little fish called a gudgeon.

GAF

GAFA, f. f. the hook on the handle of a cross-bow.

GAFA'R, v. a. to fnatch away fuddenly or violently, particularly with the nails, or with any thing that is hooked.

GAFARI', f. m. a very fweet fort of pomegranate.

GAFARRO'N, f. m. fort of finging bird much like a canary bird,

GAFEDA'D, f. f. crookedness of the fingers, the hands benumbed with cold; also leprofy.

GAFETES, f. m. fmall gold buckles or fluds used for ornament. GAFETI, f. m. the herb called waterhemp.

GAFE'Z, f. f. vide GAFE-DAD.

GA'FO, adj. benumbed, crooked jointed, fick with a fort of leprofy that makes the joints stand bent.

GAG

GA'GATES, f. m. jet; a beautiful fossil of a fine black colour, GA'GES, f. f pl. pay, wages, hire; foldiers pay, fervants wages.

GAGIO, f. m. gain, or profit. GAGISCO, adj. rabano gagifco, a raddish that divides into fever ral roots.

GAGO, adj. fluttering, flammering, speaking through the nose.

GAI

GA'ITA, f. f. a bagpipe; alfo a fort of flate, and a finall portable organ, fuch as they play on in they ftreets.

Galta, a clyster; and sometimes in burlesque, the neck or head. Effar de galia, to be merry.

Templar la galia, to appease one. GAITEA'R, v. n. to play upon the bagpipe.

GAITERI'A, f. f. wantonnels, foolish behaviour; also gaiety. GAITE'RO, f. m. a bagpiper. Gaitéro, adj. merry, jocund.

GAJ

GAJO, f. m. a small bunch of grapes or cluster of any fruit; also a part of a bunch of grapes broke off.

GAJOSO, adj. full of small buitches of grapes or culfters of any fruit.

GAL

GAL, f. m. a fish called a date or goldfish.

GA'LA, f. f. a rich splendid dress, an habit of ceremony; also gracefulnets, elegance of manners. Dia de gala, a court-day, a birthday.

Hacer gala de una cofa, to boatt

A la gala, chearfully, merrily, briskly.

GALAFA'TE, f. m. a fubtle and wellknown thief.

GALAGA'LA, f. f. a composition, or mxiture of hair and tar wherewith they cover all that part of the ship which is under water before they sheath it, that when the worm goes through the sheathing, it may not fasten upon the fide of it.

GALAME'RO, adj. dainty, greedy of fine bits.

GALA'N, adj. fine, neat, gay, welldreffed, airy; fubft. ufed, a gallant.

GALANAME'NTE, adv. finely, gayly, briskly.

GALANCE'TE, f. m. a little fpark or gallant.

GALANL'Z, f. f. finery, gaiety, briskness, fine dress.

GALA'NGA, I. f. a plant so called.

GALANI'A, f. f. finery gaiety.
GALA'NO, adj. fine, airy, gay;
alfo witty, convenient.

GALA'NTE, adj. gallant, free, noble, gay; also handsome, beautiful.

GALANTEA'DOR, f. m. one who courts a lady, a gallant.

GALANTEA'R, v. a. to court.
GALANTEME'NTE, adv. liberally, courteoully, gallantly.

GALANTE'O, f. m. courtship.

GALANTERI'A, f. f. gallantry;

fine show.

GALANU'RA, f. f. fine orna-

menr.

GALA'PAGO, f. m. a foail, a

petriwinkle; most properly a tortoise.

GALA'PO, f. m. a frame used by ropemaker.

GALARDC'N, f. m. a reward.
GALADONADO'R, f. m. a reward.

GALARDONA'R, y. a. to reward, to requite.

GALARI'N, f. m. a multiplication of numbers; also a disappointment in calculating.

GALAVA'RDO, f. m. a long flonching fellow.

GALA'XIA, f. f. the galaxy or milky way.

GALBA'NA, f. f. a small pulse less than pease; lazines, sloth. GALBANADO, adj. anointed with galbanum.

GALBANE'RO, adj. lazy, idle, flothful.

GA'LBANO, f. m. a fat juice betwixt a gum and a resin.

GALDRE, f. m. a great loofe coat,

GALE'A, f. f. obf. a galley.
GALEA'ZA, f. f. a galeas, a
heavy low-built vessel, with both
fails and oars.

GALEA'R, v. n. obf. to take much upon one, to act great.

GALE'O, f. m. a fword-fish.

GALEO'N, f. m. a galeon.
GALEONCI'LLO, f. m. diminu-

tive of lakon.

GALEO'TA, f. f. a galliot, a light veffel.

GALEO'TE, f. m. a galley-flave. GALE'RA, f. f. a galley; it is also taken for a long waggon, as it were a land-galley.

Galéra, a house of correction for prostitutes.

Estár en gáleras, to be plagued, vexed; to suffer great pains.

GALERE'RO, f. m. the master of a long waggon.

GALERI'A, a gallery; in fortification, a passage made across the ditch.

GALERI'STA, f. m. a marine or foldier aboard a galley.

GALERITA, f. f. a small bird fo called.

GALE'RNO, f. m. the north-weft, or north-east wind, a wind which brings rain.

GALFA'RRO, (f. m. a catch-GALFARRO'N, pole; also a fcoundrel; a great looby lazy fellow.

GA'IGA, f. f. a greyhound bitch. GA'IGAS, f. f. pl. stones cash from any place defended, upon an enemy; also the itch, or scab.

GA'LGO, f. m. a greyhound; meraph. a lank fellow.

Prov. A gálgo viejo echále llébre, no conéjo, slip an old greyhound after a hare, not after a rabbit; that is, put men of experience to the most difficult tasks.

Prov. À la lárga el gálgo a la

listre máta, at the long run the greyhound kills the hare. Perfeverance overcomes all difficulties.

Prov. Gálgo que muchas liébres lévanta, ningúna mata, the grey-hound that puts up many hares, kills none. He who undertakes, too much business, does none.

GALGUE'ñO, adj. lank as a greyhound.

GA'LGULO, f. m. a fabulous bird.

GALI'BO, f. m. a table or register of the building of ships.

GALI'CO, f. m. the French pox. GALI'MA, f. f. in cant, booty, illgotten goods.

GALI'NDO, adj. thick and gouty; faid of the ancle.

GA'LIO, f. m. cheese-rennet, a plant.

GALIO'PSIS, f. f. a kind of net-

GALIZA'BRA, f. f. a fort of final yessel used in the Streights.
GALLADU'RA, f. f. the seed or tread of the cock.

GALLA'RDA, f. f. the galliard, an old dance; a fort of mulic. GALLARDAME'NTE, adv. pleafantly, briskly.

GALLARDEA'R, v. n. to be merry, to frolick, to be fine and gay.

GALLARDE'TES, f. m. pl. pendants, or streamers or ships.

GALLARDIA, f. f. pleasantness, gaiety, liveliness, gracefulness, also courage, spirit, boldness; also liberality, generosity, munificence.

GALLAR'DO, adj. graceful, pleafant, gay, lively, brisk, genteel; also valiant, bold, and liberal; generous,

GALLARE'TA, f. f. a widgekn.
GALLARI'N, f. m. a manner of
reckoning, which confifts in doubling each number as you go
on.

GALLARU'ZA, f. f. a fort of coat with a cape to it worn by country' people.

GALLEA'R, v. n. to play the cock when one is but a chick; to endeavour to look like a man before one's time, or to bully

and show courage, when a man has none; to play upon one who is' to take his degrees.

GALLE'GA, f. f. a plant like

GALLEGA'DA, f. f. a company of Gallicians.

GALLE'TA, s. f. a cruit or little bottle for wine, vinegar, or oil, GALLICI'NIO, f. m. the crowing of a cock.

GALLI'LLO, f. m. the uvula, the weezle or little tongue at the entrance of the throat.

GALLI'NA, f. f. a hen; a coward. Gallina ciéga, a wood-cock; also a venomous blind worm called a flow worm or blind worm; alfo the play called blind man's buff among children,

Gallina ponedéra, a hen that lays Gallina affentadéra, a hen that is litting.

Gallina Morisca, a Guinea hen. Gallina de India, a rurkey hen. Gallina de rio, a moor hen. Gallina giuéca, a broody hen.

Prov. Viva la gallina, y viva con su pepita, let the hen live though she still have the pip. Better a creature should live, though infirm, than die.

GALLINA'TA, f. f. a great hen; alfo hen's dung.

GALLINERI'A, f. f. a poultry, a place where the hens are fold. GALLINE'RO, f. m. a poulterer; also a hen-rooft or a coop to keep hens in.

GALLINE'TA, f. f. a young hen, a pullet.

Gallineta ciega, the bird called a

GALLINO'SO, adj. cowardly, fearful, pufillanimous.

GALLIPA'VO, f. m. a turkey cock.

GALLIPUE'NTE, f. m. a little oper bridge.

GALLITO, f. m. a young cockerel; a young firmtting amorous

GALLIU'DA, f. f. a fort of dogfifl called a sea-hind.

GA'LLO; f. m. a cock; also a fort of fish so called.

Gállo de India, a turkey cock.

Prov. El mozo, y el gállo un áno, a servant and a cock must be kept but a year.

GAL

Prov. El que solo se come su gállo, folo ensilla fu cabállo, he who eats his cock alone, faddies his horse alone; that is, he who igvites no body when he fares well, will have no body to help him upon need.

Prov. Oyò en gállo cantár, y no fupo en que muladár, he heard the cock crow, and knew not on what dunghill. Said of those who blurt out fome piece of learning they do not understand, and know not where they had it.

Prov. Cáda gállo cánta en su muiadár, y la gallina por tódo el lugár, every cock crows on his own dunghill, and the hen all about the town. Men generally talk where they have authority. but women's tongues run every where.

GALLOBO'SQUE, f. m. a moor-

GALLOCRE'STA, f. f. the herb called clary.

GALLO'FA, f. f. a piece of bread for a beggar; also any fort of green herbs, as fallad, &c.

Gallofa, the idle life of beggars: also a little tail.

GALLOFEA'R, v. n. to beg. GALLOFE'RO, & f. m. a beg-*GALLO'FO* , gar.

GALLO'N, f. m. a turf. GALLONA'DA, f. f. a wall made

with turf. GA'LLOS, f. m. pl. sharp, witty

jests, and repartees the professors use to play upon one another without offence, in the Spanish universities, when they confer degrees,

GALLU'DA, f. f. a fort of fish. GALO'N, f.m. a galloon of any fort, filk, filver, or gold. GALONEADU'RA, f. f. the work done with galloons of filver, gold, or filk.

GALONEA'R, v. a. to lace, to adorn with gold, or filver textures sewed on.

GALO'CHA, f. f. a wooden shoe; Zalfo a coarfe woollen cap.

GALOPA'R, v. n. to gallop. GALO'PE, f. m. the gallop of a horfe.

GALOPEADO'RA, f. f. in cant, a whore.

GALOPEA'R, v. n. to gallop as a horse does.

GALOPE'O, f. m. a gallop. GALOPI'N, f. m. a cabin-boy or fwabber; also a scullion, a kitchen-drugde.

GALOPO, s. m. vide GALO-PIN.

GAM

GA'MA, f. f. a doe, a fallowdeer.

GAMA'RRA, s. f. a martingal. GAMARTU'LI, f. m. a fort of deformed thing that lives in the sea, but has not the shape of any fish.

GAMA'RZA, f. f. the herb called oxeye.

GA'MBA, f. f. a leg. Not ufed.

GAMBA'DA, f. f. a skip, a caper cut in the air.

GAMBALU'A, s. m. a tall, thin, weack man.

GA'MBARO, f. m. a crab-fish. GAMBAX, f. m. a coat worn in ancient times.

GAMBE'TA, f. f. a quick and sudden motion of the feet in dancing.

Gambétas de mar, the little fish called many feet.

GAMBINO, f. m. a pent-house to keep off the rain.

GAMBO'X, f. m. a child's cap. GAMBUXA, f. f. a child's biggin that wraps about the head. GAME'LLA, f. f. that part of the yoke which lies on the ox's neck.

GAMETRIA, f. f. a superstitious transposition of words, as in compoling an anagram,

GA'MMA, f. m. in musick is the gamut; the Greek letter fo called. GA'MO, f. m. the fallow deer.

GAME'SNO, f. m. diminutive of gàmo, a fawn.

GAMO'N, f. m. the plant afpho-

GAMONA'I, f. m. the place where the asphodil grows.

GAMONI'LLA, f. f. the flower of asphodil.

GAMONITAL, f. m. a bed of asphodil.

GAMONI'TO, f. m. a spot of ground where the plant asphodil

Gamonito, f. m. the plant aspho-

GAMUZA, f. f. shamois leather, and the wild goat it is taken from.

GAMUZA'DO, adj. of the colour of shamois leather.

GAN

GANA, f. f. will, defire, appetite, inclination, flomach.

De buéna gans, with a good will, with all my heart.

Tenér gána, to have a mind. Comér con gána, to cat with an appetite.

GANADERI'A, f. f. a multitude of flocks or herds.

GANADE'RO, f. m. a herdfman, a drover, a grafier, any one that looks to cattle,

GANADI'LLO, S. f. m. diminu-GANADI'TO, tive of gandda. GANA'DO, f. m. cattle of any fort.

Ganado ovejáno, sheep.

Ganádo vacúno, kine, black cat-

Ganado mayor, kine, oxen, cows. Ganado porcuno, S swine.

Ganado de cérila,

Que buen ganado! what a good · herd!

Ganado, lice; burlesque.

GANADO'R, f. m. one who gains.

GANA'FA, f. f. an earthen pot to make fire in, not quite round, but a little flatted on the sides, so that it looks like an open mouth.

Parecia riéndose ganása, when she laughed she looked like a firepan, because she had a monstrous great mouth.

GANA'NCIA, f. f. profit, gain. Hije de gananeia. De bastard child.

GANANCIO'SO, adj. profitable, gainful.

GANAPA'N, f. m. a porter that carries burdens.

GANAPIE'RDE, f. m. a game at cards fo called.

GANAR, v. a. to get, to gain, to win, to conquer,

Ganar el barlovento, (a fea-term) to get the wind; also to be superior to one in fomething.

Ganár el pléiso, so carry one's cause.

Gandr el terréno, to get ground; alfo to gain one's friendship or good will.

Ganar la bos, to prevail upon or with one, to make him yield. Ganar la garápa, to over - reach one.

Ganar la vida, to get one's life. Ganar tierra, to obtain a good fuccess in business.

GANCHE'RO, f. m. he who guides the timber floathing in the water.

GA'NCHO, f. m. any fort of hook; aifo a branch in a stag's horn, and a crook or sheep's hook.

Gancho, f. m. an allurer, entirer, enveigler; also a pimp.

GANCHO'SO, adj. hooked, bran-

GANDALIN, f. m. a fervant. GANDAYA, f. f. laziness, slothfulness; also roguery.

GANDI'DO, adj. deceived, corrupted, depraved.

GANDI'R, v. a. to eat, to devour, to confume,

GANDUJA'R, v. a. to shrink up, to crouch.

GANFO'RRO, adj. wicked, roguish, villainous.

GA'NGA, f. f. a water-fowl, fornewhat less than a hen; also a fnuffling in the nose, or speaking through the nose.

Prov. Andár a ceze de gángas, to go a shooting water-fowls. To labour in vain.

GA'NGO, f. m. the barnacle of a horfe.

GANGO'SO, adj. one that fnuffles or speaks through the nose.

GANGRE'NA, f. f. gangrene, mornification.

GANGRENA'RSE, v. r. to be troubled with a gangrene or mortification.

GANGRENO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a gangrene.

GANGUEA'R, v. n. to shuffle. to speak through the nose.

GANGUIL, f. m. a great bark used for fishing.

GANIVE'TE, f. m. a pen-knife; alfo a shepherd's of kitchen-kni-

GANO'SO, adj. willing, that has a good stomach.

GA'NSA, s. f. a goose.

GANSAñO'TE, s. m. a grashopper.

GANSARO'N, f. m. a young goofe; alfo a tall lean man.

GA'NSO, f. m. a gander. GA'NTES, f. m. a fort of linea so called.

GANZUA, f. f. a picklock, an inftrument to pick locks. GANZUA'R, v. a. to pick a

G A A

lock.

GAñA'N, f. m. a hired ploughman, or herdiman; a ruftick. Comér cómo un gáñán, to cat like a ploughman. GARANI'A, f. f. a company of

herdimen.

GAnI'L, f. m. vide GAnO'N. GAnI'R, v. n. to yelp, to bark, to howl as a dog or a fox does when hurt.

GARIVE'TE, f. m. a shepherd's knife; also a pen-knife.

GAnO'N, f. m. the throat, the, gullet, the crap, crop, or gorge; a devouring fellow.

GANOTE, f. m. the throat, the windpipe.

GAñOSAME'NTE, adv. willingly, with a good stomach.

G A O

GAO, f. m. in cant, a louse.

GAR

GARABATA'DA , f. m. the throwing of a hook.

GARABATEA'R, v. n. to throw the hook to catch any thing.

Garabateár, v. a. to scrible, to write ill or unskilfully as children do.

GARABATI'ILO, f. m. a little hook.

GARABA'TO, f. m. a hook to hang meat on, a pothook, or any fuch fort of hook.

Mozo de garabáto, a thief; a robber.

GARABATO'SO, adj. enticing, alluring, wheedling, coaxing. GARABE'RO, f. m. in cant, the thief who uses a hook to open doors, chests, &c.

GARABO, f. m. in cant, the hook the thiefs make use of.

GARA'FA, S. f. vide GARRA'-FA.

GARAMBAI'NA, f. f. a. fuper-fluous finery in drefs; also grimaces or ridiculous gestures.
GARAMO'N, f. m. a stallion
GARAÑO'N, horse, or ass;
a lascivious man.

GARANTE, f. m. a guarantee. GARANTIA, f. f. the action of guarantying.

GARA'NZAS, f. f. pl. a fort of herb used to dye red.

GARAPFAA, f. f. a freezing or congealing of any liquor by ice; also a fort of gold and filver laces.

Bizcoshos de garapiña, a kind of fine and delicate biscuit.

GARAPIāA'R, v. a. to congeal any liquid by ice.

GARAPINE RA, f. f. a veffel of copper used for the garapins. GARAPITA, f. f. a thick net to catch the smallest fish.

GARAPITO, f. m. a little infed like the tick in sheep.

GARAPU'LLO, f. m. a little dart used among school-boys, made with a pin and paper stuck at top instead of feathers.

GARATRO'NIO, f. m. a fort of precious flone.

GARATUSA, f. f. wantonness.

Dar garatusa, to take in all the
cards at the game called chilindron, and leave the rest without
any.

GARAVANCILLOS, f. m. the plant called milk-vetch.

GARAVA'TO, f. m. vide GA-RABA'TO, any fort of hook. Hacer garavatos y escaravajos, to make pot-hooks and hangers in writing.

GARAVE'RO, f. m. a thief that reaches things with a hook.

GARAVITO, f. m. a hut, a shelter from the weather.

GARA'VO, f. m. in cant, a hook.

GARBA, f. f. a bundle of sheaves ried together.

GARBANZA'L, f. m. a field where the peafe grow.

GARBA'NZO, f. m. a fort of peafe.

GARBANZUE'LO, f. m. a kind of diffemper in the feet of beafts.

GARBAR, v. a. to form or GARBEAR, make the garba. Garbear, in cant, to gripe, to lay hold of, to take away.

GARBI'AS, f. f. pl. a kind of fritters.

GARBEJE'AR, v. a. to make odd gestures.

GARBILLA'DO, adj. fanned like corn; garbled.

GARBILLADO'R, f. m. a winower of wheat.

GARBILLA'R, v. a. to fan corn, to cleanse any thing by shaking it, to garble.

GARBILLO, f. m. a sieve to winnow corn with.

GARBI'N, f. m. vide GAR-VI'N.

GARBI'NO, f. m. the fouthwest wind.

GARBO, f. m. the bulk of any thing, the form, the fashion, the countenance, the behaviour, the air or mien.

GARBO'SO, adj. of a good air, or mien, of an elegant behaviour.

GARBULIO, f. m. a confused huddle of people, as when fcrambling for any thing.

GARCE'RO, f. m. the person who catches herons.

GARCES, f. m. vide G'A-BIA.

GARCE'TAS, f. f. the antiers of a deer; also heron's scathers, formerly worn; also a greathead of hair, or rather false locks formerly worn as a token of nobility.

GA'RDA, f. f. in cant, a chan-

GA'RDO, f. m. in cant, a lad. GARDADE'RO, f. m. obf. a keeper of the wardrobe.

GARDA'R, v. a. in cant, to

GARDARO'PA , f. m. vide GUARDARO'PA.

GARDI'LLO, f. m. in cant, a boy.

GARDECO'RPS, f. m. an oldfashioned garment like a great loofe coat: a furtout.

GARDINGO, f. m. ohf. the captain of the guard.

GARDU'nA, f. f. a fort of fmall fox.

GARDUÃO, f. f. a subtle, cuaping, arreful thief.

GA'RFA, f. f. a crooked nail, claw, or talon.

GARFA'DA, (f. f. a catching GARFEA'DA, any thing with claws or talons.

GARFEA'R, v. a. to hook, to catch, to lay hold of with a hook or grapple.

GARFIAA, f. f. in cans, theft, GARFIAAR, v. a. in cant, to freal.

GA'RFIO, f. m. a hook, a grapple, the fluke of an anchor.

GARGAGEA'R, v. n. to spit out thick phlegm, to spit glanders.

GARGAGE'O, f. m. a fpitting of thick phlegm.

GARGAGIE'NTO, adj. that is full of phlegm, that spits nastily.

GARGAGI'LLO, f. m. a little fniveling, impudent boy.

GARGAJA'L, f. m. a place full of spirile.

GARGAJA'ZO, f. m. augment, of gargájo.

GARGAJEA'R, v.n. vide GAR-GAGEA'R.

GARGAJIE'NTO, adj. vido GARGAGIE'NTO.

GARGAJI'LLO, f. m. vide GAR-GAGI'LLO.

GAR

GARGA'JO, f. m. a clod of phlegm, a glander.

GARGAJO'SO, adj. that is hawking and fpitting of phlegm, GARGAMI'LLON, f. m. in cant,

the body.

GARGA'NTA, f. f. the throat.

Hacer garganta, among musicians,
to sing sweet and sine.

Pondré la gargánta, I will pawn my neck.

Gargánta de monte, a narrow país on a mountain.

Garganta de pierna, the ham of the leg.

... Garganta del pis, the ancle.

GARGANTA'DA, f. f. a piece of bread of any other thing that is hawked up.

GARGANTEA'DOR, f. m. the person who quavers or shakes notes in singing.

GARGANTEADURAS, f.f. pl. among failors, the futures by which the fails are patched up.

GARGANTEA'R, v. a. to quaver with the voice; in cant, to confess upon the rack.

'GARGANTE'O, f. m. a quavering or shaking of the voice.

GARGANTE'Z, f. f. greediGARGANTE'ZA, ness.

GARGANTILLA, f. f. a necklace.

GARGANTO'N, f. m. a glutton.

GARGANTONERIA, f. f. gluttony.

GA'RGARA, f. f. the rolle made in washing or gorgling the throat.

GARGARI'SMO, f. m. a gargarism, a washing of the throat.

GARGARIZA'R, v. n. to gargle, 10 wash the throat.

GARGAVE'RO, f. m. vide GAR-GUE'RO.

GARGO'L, adj. rotten; only applied to eggs.

GARGOLA, f. f. linfeed; also a groove in a board for another to join in it.

Gargola, f. f. spouts in great houfes made in the shape of lions, bears, or other beafts' heads, which the rainwater runs through. GARGUE'RO, f. m. the guller. GARIO'FILO, f. m. a clove-tree.

GARITA, f. f. a fentinel's box. Th cant, a house.

GARITE'RO, f. m. one that keeps a gaming house; also a gamester; and, in cant, a concealer of thieves.

GARITO, f. m. a gaming-houfe.

GARITO'N, f. m. in cant, a chamber.

GA'RIA, f. f. in cant, prattle, tattling.

GARLADO'R, f. m. who prattles or talks too much.

GARLA'R, v. n. to prate, to tattle.

GARLITO, f. m. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel to catch fish in; also a pannier or basket to carry corn in; also a snare or any thing by which one is entangled.

GA'RLO, f. m. chat, talk.
GARLO'CHA, f. f. dart, jave-

lin, arrow, shaft.

GARLO'N, f. m. a prating fellow; in cant, an informer.

GARLO'PA, f. f. a joiner's tool called a long plane, ferving to plane boards.

GARNA'CHA, f. f. an ancient fort of upper garment or gown, worn only by dignified - fons.

Caballera de la garnácha, a footman.

man.

GARNIE'L, f. m. a pouch, a
hawkingbag.

GARO, f. m, a kind of lobster; also pickle.

Gáro, in cant, a town, or village.

GARRA, f. f. a clutch, a claw, a talon; it is also a high fort of vessel; also the and of a person.

Gente de la garra, thieves.

Echár la gárra, to lay hold of, to fasten on.

GARRA'FA, f. f. a kind of bottle,

GARRAFA'DO, adj. grappled, hooked.

GARRAFA'L, adj. uncommonly big.

GARRAFAR, v. a. to grapple, to catch hold of.

GARRAFIñA'R, v. a. to fnatch any thing with the claws.

GARRA'MA, f. f. a cant word for stealing; also a duty formerly paid.

GARRAMA'R, v. a. to levy the aforefaid duty; in cant, to theal

GARRA'NCHA, f. f. in cant, 2 fword.

GARRA'NCHO, f. m. a dung-fork; a feraper to ferape dirt; a thorn. GARRARO'N, f. m. a stallion

GARRAñO'N, f. m. a stalli horse or as.

GARRAPA'TA, f. f. a tick, or filthy insect that sticks close to the skin of sheep, dogs, and other creatures; a very short man; a thief-taker, a thief-catcher.

GARRAPATEA'R, v. a. to fcribble, or write carelefly.

GARRAPA'TO, f. m. an infect fo called.

GARRA'R, v. a. (a fera-term) to drag the anchor when it gives way.

GARREA'R, v. a. to drive: that is, when an anchor does not hold fast, and the ship drags it away.

GARRIDAME'NTE, adv. gaily, finely, airily, nearly.

GARRIDE'Z, f. f. gayness, airiness, nearness.

GARRI'DO, adj. gay, airy, neat, clever, pleafant, weel-shaped.

GARRILLAS, f. f. pl. little claws or talons; also the fur of the feet of fables or such like creatures.

GARRIR, v. n. to be fine, pleafant, gay.

GARROBA, f. f. the fruit called a carobe.

GARROBILLA, f. f. a fort of ferge of a light murrey colour. GARRO'BO, f. m. the carobetree.

GARROCHA.

GARRO'CHA, f. f. a fort of dart or goad to prick the bulls with at the bull-feats.

GARROCHA'R, v. a. to punch and fret the bull with the garrocha.

GARROCHON, f. m. the spear with which they that ride at bulls in the bull-feasts are armed.

GARROFA, f. f. vide ALGAR-ROBA.

GARROFA'L, adj. big in its

GARRO'N, f. m. the upper part of a bird's talons where they join to the toe.

GARROTA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with a stick or cudgel.

GARRO'TE, f. m. a cudgel; also the short stick with which carriers wind the cord that binds their pack.

Dar garrôte, to firangle; also to rack.

Guardate de juan garrôte, have a care of a cudgel.

Trésso como un garrôte, as stiff as a stake.

GARROTTLIO, f. m. a short endgel; also a quinzy in the throat.

GARROVA'I, f. m. vide AL-GARROVA'I.

GARRO'VO, f. m. vide AL-GARRO'BO

GARRUCHA, f. f. a pulley.

GARRUCHOS, f. m. pl. pullies; also ropes to fasten the fails with.

GARRUDO, adj. that thes talons like a bird of prey or wild beaft.

GARRULO, adj. prating, habbling, talkative; also chattering of chirping as birds.

GARULLA, f. f. a company of poor mean people.

GARULIO'N, f. m. in cant, a goalkeeper.

GARRUVIA, f. f. peafe for pigeons.

GARTIJA, f. f. vide LAGAR-TTJA.

GARUA, f. f. a fort of thick fog, a thick, but final mizling

GARYANZAL, f. m. a field Tom. I. where the peafe called garrantos grow.

GARVA'NZO, f. m. a fort of peafe.

GARVIN, f. m. a cap made of a fort of network.

GARULLA, f. f. in cant, grapes.
GARVO, f. m. vide GA'RBO.
GARYOPHYLATA, f. f. the
gilliflower.

GARYOPHYLE'A, f. f. an herb fo called.

GARZA, f. f. the bird called a heron.

GARZE'RA, f. f. a place where herons breed.

GARZETA, f. f. a plume of herons feathers; also a way of parting the hair which was on one fide of the forehead.

GA'RZO, f. m. agarick; a drug of use in physic and in dying.

Gárzo, adj. blue eyed.

GARZO'N, f. m. a young able man.

GARZONEAR, v. n. to play the youth, to act as a young fellow.

GARZONIA, f. f. manners of a young person.

Anddr en garzonias, to act like a young fellow.

GARZOTA, f. f. a small kind of heron se called.

G A S

GASAJA, f. f. obf. a kind of reception, an obliging entertainment.

GASAJA'DO, edj. vide AGA-SAJA'DO.

GASA'10, f. m. vide AGASA'10. GASANHO'TE, f. m. a locust, a great grashopper.

GASA'POS, f. m. green peafe in the cod.

GASPA'CHO, f. m. a fort of foop or foupe maigre made with oil, vinegar, water, falt, and fpice.

GASSA, f. f. gauze.

GASTADOR, f. m. a spendthrift; also a pioneer.

GASTAMIE'NTO, f. m. spending or wasting.

GASTA'R, v. a. to spend, to wear; to waste; to spoil.

Gastar viémpo en balde, to labour in vain.

Gaffar la cortesla, either to be impertinently civil, or to oblige
others to be uncivil.

Gastar la salud, to impair one's health by living disorderly.

Gastán los agéres, to wear out the edge; to dull the brain with too much study.

Gaftar de bolfa agéna, to spend of another man's purse.

No gaftar la comida, not to diget one's meat.

Gasta se una mercaduia, to sell well, to be in vogue

Prov. Le mucho se gasta, y le péce basta, much is spent, and little suffices.

GA'STQ, f. m. expence, charge, cost, confumption.

G. A T

GATA, f. f. a she cat; also the flem of a galley, and the top of a mass.

Hacer de la gáta de juan huriádo or de la gáta muerta, to counterfeit, to play the hypocrite.

Prov. No éches la gâta en se câma, ò na la acoçés después de echâda, do not lay the cat on you bed, or do not kick her off when laid; that is, take not a mean woman to wife, or if your do, use her not ill afterwards.

Prov. Atten a la gata, fi no hila nulfira ama, they whip the cat if our mistress does not spin. One suffers for the faults of another.

Prov. Hack fiffas a la gáta, y faktáros ha à la cára, make much of the cat, and she will fly in your face. If you are too kind to unworthy persons, they will soon be ungrateful.

Ir a gatas, to creep on all four like a cat.

GATADA, f. m. 2 feratching as cats do; also a cheat, a fraud.

A -- 4

Dar gàthda, to cheat, to fleal, and get off as cats do.

GATAFU'RA, f. f. a kind of pie made with herbs and cream.
GATATU'MBA, f. f. pretence, diffimulation, fiction.

GATA'ZO, f. m. augm, of gáto.

Dar gatázos, to fleal, to deceive, to cheat.

GATEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a feratching like a cat.

GATEAR, v. n. to creep on all fours or rather to climb like a cat; also to steal and run away.

GATE'AR, I. f. a hole for a cat to creep in and out; also the herb carmint.

GMTERI'A, f. f. a parcel of cats.

GATE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging to a cat.

GATICIDA, f. m. the man who kills cats.

GATI'CO, f. m. a little cat.
GATIFE'RO, adj. that has the likeness of a cat.

GATI'LLO, f. m. a little car, a kitten; also the trigger of a gun, and the instrument to draw teeth with; also a sump of flesh that grows on the neck of some mules to called; it is also a fittle boy who picks pockets.

GATPLIO CASTO, f. m. vide AGNO CASTO.

GATITIOS, f. m. pl. the herb cammock, of ground-furze.

GATO, f. m. a cat; also a pilfering fellow or small thief; also a purse, because they used to make them of cats-skins; an artful subtle thief; also an engine used to lift up burdens.

Cato montes, a cat-a-mountain.
Gato de algália, a civet-cat.

Cato cerval, a cat with a skin motried like a deer.

Cato paut, a monkey.

Salo de agua, a trap of a loose board with one end hanging over a kettle, or a pan of water, to each mice; so called, because it does the part of a cat.

Djo de gáto, cat's eye, a fort of

Echar el gato a las barbas, to shalle off any danger upon another. Vivir como gatos y perros, to live

like cats and dogs, always at variance.

No hacer mal a un garo, to be pedceable and harmless, not to hurr a cat.

Vender gato por liebre, to fell a cat inflead of, a hare; to pur a chesting commodity upon a man.

Andar como gatos por Hebrero, to be like cats in February; to be catterwawling.

Veamos quien theva et gaio at agua; let us see who will carry the cat to the water; that is, let us see who will have the best on'r.

Prov. Por filla de gato esta la carne en el garábato, the illeat is on the hook, because there is no cat. Applied to persons who are not lewd for want of opportunity.

Frov. Al gato por fer ladion, no le éches de tu mansion, do not turn the cat our of your house for being a thief, befause it is the nature of them all, and n will make you and your servents, careful to lay up your meat.

GATUNO, adj. cattish.
GATUPERTO, f. m. 2 confuted mixture of liquors.

G ς Ψ_Γ, Ω_Γ,

AUDEA'MUS, f. m. mirth, joy, kind enterthinment.

GAUDE'TE, f. m. idem.

GAV

Which they call the French in contempt.

GAVA'N, f. m. vide GABA'N' GAVA'NCO, f. m. a dog-brier. GAVE'LA, f. f. vide GABE-LA.

GAVE'TA, f. f. a draw in a cabines, or the like.

GAVIA, Y. f. the round-top on a ship's must; also, a cage or such a place where they shirt up mad people.

GAVIERO, f. m. the failor who has the care of the gabia.

GAVIE'TA, T. f. the place on the finaller masts where failors get to keep a Took out.

GAVIETE, f. m, a particular beam of wooden engine filed on board ships to shift an anchor upon occasion.

GAVYLA, f. f. a sheaf of corn, a brush to burn, or the like.

GAVILAN, f. m. a spatrow-hawk, also the herb called groundsel; of the down of thistle-blof-souls.

Gavilines de Espada, the two crossbars in the great Spanish swordhilts.

Gavilaies de la pluma, the nib of a

GAVILANCILLO, T. m. a little fparrow-hawk.

GAPTILM, f. t. a faggot, a bavin, a bundle of imall wood; alfo a whear - sheaf; a pack of knaves.

GAPILLA'DA, f. f. in cant, is what a thief picks up or gar-hers.

GAVELYDUR, f. in. one that makes faggots or binds up any thing in that hature; a binder of corn at harvest.

GAPILEAR, v. a. to make faggots, to bind any thing in that nature, to bind corn.

Where the faggots or bavins are put.

GAVION, f. m. a hand-barrow, to carry any thing between two; also the broad brims of a har

GAPTOTA, f. f. a fea-guil, a fea-cob.

CAN TO CORE

GAYA, f. f. a belt or girdle of different colours.

Gáya, f. f. in capt, a whore.
GAYA'DO, f. m. a coat made of pieces, of ratious follours.

GAYADURA, f. f. thimming, making file of gay.

GAYA'N, f. m. a ruffian, a blirftéring effort. GAYA'R', y, a. to trim > make fine, or gay with many

GAYA'TA, f, f. a shepherd's hook; also an old man's walking-Baff.

GA'YO, adj. Sac, gay, . .

Gayo, f. m. the bird called a

GAYO'MBA, f. f. hroom scented.

GAYON, f. m. in cant, a pimp, a pander.

GA'YTA, f. f. a bagpipe; itonically, a clyflor. . . :

GAYTEA'R, v. n. to play on the bappipe; also megy.

GAYTERIA, f. f. gaudiness in drefs,

CAYTE'RO, f. m. a bagpiper.

Prov. Al gaytéro de Bujalance, un maravedi porqué tanga, y dice porqué asahe, give the bagpiper of Bujalánce a maravedi to play and ten to give over. This was fome bagpiper that played very ill, and would never give over;

GAZ

GAZA, f. f. gauze, the fine thin fort of web.

GAZAFATO'N, f. m. the defect in pronquncing of words, which though innocent in themselves makes them found amifs, or the subject to be mitinterpreted.

GAZA'PA, f. f. a lie,

GAZAPATO'N, f. m. a foolish thing faid, done, or contrived. GAZARE'LA, f. f. contention, firife, quarrel, broil.:

GAZAPE'RA, f. f. a concy-borough, a place where subbits make their holes in the ground.

GAZAPILLO, f.m. a little fucking rabbit.

.GAZA'PO., f. m. a .rabbit., a young coney.

GAZE'LA, f. f. a creature much like a wild goat !.

GAZE'TA, f. f. a gazene, a paper of news, a paper of public intelligence.

BAZETE'RO, f. m. who makes or composes, or till the Ga-SCIT C.

GAZETTSTAL, f. m. one who .. reads the Gazette; also one whose employment it is to hear, to tell news, or to talk about them; a newimonger. 😗 🕠

GAZI'ES, f. m. pl. the Turkish or Moorish flaves who embraze the Christian religion.

GAZMIA'R, v. a. to be giuttonous; alto to complain, or gefent.

GAZMO'L, f. m. a little callous wart growing on the tongue of birds, what we generally call the pip, of which they frequently die.

GAZMOñA'DA, S. f. an affec-GAZMOñERU'A, grign of virtue, hypocrify.

GAZMOñERO, , f. m. one who GAZMOñO, affects virtue or piety, an hypocrite.

GAZNA'R v. n. vide GRAZ-NA'R.

GAZNATA'DA, S. E. a. blow. given on the throat or windpipe.

GAZNA'TE, f. m. the throat. GAZNATI'CO, f. m. a fmall thtoat.

GAZOFILA'CIO, f. m. a treafury, or place to keep treasures, or wealth.

GAZPACHE'RQ, f. m. the person. who makes or carries the foop to the people working in the fields.

GAZPACHO, f. m. a fort of foop made with oil, vinegar, water, falt, and spice.

GAZUZA, f. f., a sharp appetite.

GE'FE, f. m. vide XEFE.

G E.L

GELAGINO, adj. an epithet giwen by medical people to the fore teeth when entirely feen in those that laugh or grin.

GELA'NO, f. m. a dimple in the cheek when one laughs.

GELATINA, f. E. a congealed fubstance. 1. 1

GE'LDRE, f. m. the herb word uled in dying, -

GE'LFE, f. m. in cant, a black GELAZ, f. m. an overfeer of GELOSIA, f. f. vide CELUSIA.

G E M

GEMA'L., f. m. vide XEMA'L. GE'ME, f. m. vide XE'ME.

GEME'LA, f. f. the flower that grows from a jessamin state grafted in the orange-tree.

GEBLE'LOS, f. m. platwins, two born at a bigth.

GEMI'DO, f. m. groza, lamentation.

GEMIDOR, f. m. one that grouns or laments.

GEMINACION . f. f. repeti-

GEMINA'R, v. a. to double.

GE'MINIS, f. m. a fign of the zediack called by altronomers Gemini: also a fort of platter made of wax, &c.

GL'MINO, adj. double, two-

GEMI'R, v. n. to great, to wail, to lamient.

G.E N

GENCIA'NA, f. f. the plant gen-

GENEALOGIA, f. f. genealogy.

history of the succession of families.

GENEALO'GICO, adj; belonging to genealogy.

GENEALOGISTA, f. m. a genealogift.

GENERA'BLE, adj. that can be generated.

GENERACIO'N, f. f. generation, . family , lineage.

GENERA'L, adj. general, univerfal.; fubft, ufed, a general of an : army, &c.

GENERALA! TO, f. m. the charge, office, or digatty of a general.

GENERALIDA'D, f. f. generality, universality.

GENERALI'SSIMO, f. m. a r generalifimo or supreme general of an army.

GENERALME'NTE, adv. generally, univerfally.

GENERA'R, v. a. to ingender. GENERATI'VO, adj. genera-

GENERICAME'NTE, adv. generically, of the fort, or genus.

GENE'RICO, adj. generical, of, or belonging to the fort of genus.

GE'NERO, f. m. a kind, a fort, a manner, a flock, a lineage; also a gender.

GENEROSAME'NTE, adv. generously, nobly.

GENEROS!'A, obf. generofity, nobleness of birth.

GENEROSIDA'D, f. f. generofity, noblenefs.

GENERO'SO, adj. generous, noble, of a good breed; also strong, vigorous

Vino generofo, a Grong generous wine.

Generófo, magnanimous, open of hearr; also courageous, flout, and liberal or magnificent.

GE'NESIS, f. m. the first book in the Holy Bible.

GENE'STA, f. f. the plant broom.

GENETHLIA'CA, f. f. genethliacks, the vain and superflicious practice of calculating nativities, or predicting suture events from the stars.

GENETHLI'ACO, f. m. genethliatick, one who pretends to calculate nativities.

Genethliaco, adj. genethliacal, belonging to genethliacks.

GENGI'BRE, f. m. ginger.

GENIA'L, adj. agreeable to the inclination.

GENIALME'NTE, adv. according to the genius, condition, taffe, or inclination.

. GENITA'LES, f. m. pl. genitals, parts belonging to generation.

 GE'NIO, f. m. a man's angel, or fpirit; natural disposition, genius.

. GENITIVO, f. m. the genitive case.

GENITO'R, f. m. a father.

GENITURA, f. f. procrea-

GENTZARO, f. m. a janizary; any man whose father is of one nation and his mother of another.

GE'NOLI, f. m. a bright red colour, used by painters, and found in mines of gold and filver.

GENTA'LLA, f. f. mob, rab-

GE'NTE, f. f. people, nation; in cant, the ears.

Génte bahána, à báxa, the mob, or rabble.

Génte de la hémpa, licentions, debauched people.

Gênte del gordillo, the most vile and mean populace.

Génte de modo y de traza, gentlemen.

Génte de pelo à de peluza, the rich and opulent people.

Génte de trato, tradefinen.

Génte principal, the nobility or

Ser géne, o gentes, to be a man above the vulgar, or of diffinction.

Irfe al hlio de la génte, to follow the multitude of the people.

Hacer gente, to raise soldiers.

Iréme doade no me véan las géntes, I will go where no people shall fee me. I will abscond, I will fly into a defart.

Prov. Ande yo caliente, y ribse la gente, so I be warm, let the people laugh. It is no matter-what the world says, so a man keeps himself warm.

Prov. Génte de côfia tôdas ladrônes, the people of the seacoasts are all thieves.

GENTECI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of gente.

GENTI'L, adj. genreel, handfome, comely, graceful; also a heathen, or pagan.

Gentil hombre, a nobleman, also a noble person sent as an express to a king with good news.

Genili dáma, a fine lady.

Genil neceddd, a pretty piece of nonfenfe.

GENTILE'ZA, f. f. geneelness, comeliness, gracefulness, generosity, good behaviour.

GENTILEO'MBRE, f. m. a gen-

tleman, a gentleman - usher, a genteel man, a comely, graceful person.

Gentilhombre de la bôca, a prince's tafter.

Gentilhómbre de la chmara, a gentleman of the bed-chamber.

Gentilhómbre de la artillerla, a conductor of the artillery.

GENTILICO, adj. of, or belonging to the Gentiles or Pagans.

GENTILIDA'D, f. f. \ paganim. GENTILI'SMO, f. m. | paganim.

GENTILIZAR, v. n. to observe the ceremonies or rites of gentiles.

GENTILME'NTE, adv. genteelly, handfomely, gracefully.
GENTI'O f. m. a great number.

GENTIO, f. m. a great number, of people.

GENTUA'LLA, f. f. the lowest, meanest fort of people. GENUFLEXION, f. f. genustec-

GENUFLEXION, 1. f. genunction, bending the knee, kneeling.
GENUINO, adj. pure, genuine.

GEO

GEODESTA, f. f. the art or science of measuring the ground or surfaces, and finding the contents of all plane figures.

GEODE'TICO, adj. geodetical, relating to the art of measuring

furfaces.

GEOGRAPHIA, f. f. geography, the description of the earth, the knowledge of the earth.

GEOGRA'PHICO, adj. that belongs to geography.

GEOGRA'PHO, f. m. a geographer, one who describes the earth, according to the dispositions of its different parts.

GEOMANCI'A, f. f. the aft of foretelling by figures, geomancy.

GEOMA'NTICO, f. m. a geomencer, a fortune-teller, a caller of figures.

GEO'METRA, f. f. geometrician, a measurer of the earth.

GEOMETRYA, f. f. a geometry, the art of measuring the earth.

GEOMETRICAME'NTE, adv. geometrically.

GEOME TRICO, adj. geometri-

GEO'RGICA, f. f. Virgil's book of Georgicks or country affairs. GEO'TICO, adj. belonging to the earth.

GER

GERARCHA, f. m. hierarch, highprieft.

GERARCHIA, f. f. hierarchy, order in the church, priesthood; an hierarchy, of angels.

GERA'RCHICO, adj. of, or belonging to an hierarchy or priestbood.

GE'RGA, f. f. ferge.

GERGO'N, f. m. a straw-bed. GERGUI'LLA, f. f. cloth made

of filk and wool mixed toge-

GERIFA'LTE, f. m. the hawk called a gerfaulcon.

GERIGO'NZA, f. f. gibberish, all that is obscure or difficult to apprehend.

GERI'NGA, f. f. a clyffer, a fyringe, a squirt to cast water. GERINGA'R, v. a. to syringe. GERIPLIL'GA, C. f. vide GI-RAPLIE'GA.

GERMA'NA, f. f., in cant, a

GERMANE'SCO, adj. belonging to the cant language.

GERMANI'A, f. f. the cant used among gyplies, beggars, and all forts of vagabonds and rogues.

GERMA'NO, f. m. in cant, a ruffian, a pimp.

GERMINA'R, v. n. to sprout, to fpring, to bud out.

GEROGLYPHICO, f. m. an hieroglyphick.

GERRICO'TE, f. m. a diet-drink made with almonds and chicken, or mutton broth.

GE'RTAS, f. f. pl. in cant,

GERU'NDIO, f. m. a gerund.

G E S

GESOLRENT, f. m. a key in

GE'STAS, f. f. plut, obf. the fa

mous and remarkable actions of great men,

GES

GESTEA'R, v. n. to make geftures or grimaces.

GESTE'RA, f. f. a cheating woman that makes faces to deceive. GESTE'RO, f. m. gesticulator.

GESTICULACIO'N, f. f. a ridiculous gesture.

GESTICULA'R, adj. belonging to a ridiculous gesture.

GESTI'LLO, f. m. a little odd motion of the face; also a little face.

GE'STO, f. m. the face; also an odd motion of the face; also likeness, resemblance.

Estár de buen geste, to be merry, genteel, and good tempered. Hacer gestos, to make ugly faces.

Ponerse a gesto, to dress and trim one's self.

No hacér buen gesto a una cesa, not to show a good countenance, to show a dislike.

Prov. De ruin gesto nunca buen hecho, from a bad face there is never a good action; that is, the countenance shows the disposition,

G B T

GE'TA, f. f. a great lip, as the biacks have; also a mushroom, whence great lips were fo called.

Estár con tánta géta, to express a refenment by the looks.

GETON, T. m. a great blubberlipped fellow; also a great mushroom.

G E Z

GEZERINA, adj. fem. as, cotagegerina, a coat of mail.

GIA

GIALUMINA, f. f. a fort of mineral stone.

GPBA, f. f. a bunch on the back, crookedness.

GIBA'DO, adj. crooked, one that has a bunch on his back.

GIBA'O. La dánza de pie gibáo, a fort of prancing and playing tricks, which they teach horses. GIBA'R, v. a. to press or bow down.

GIBO'SO, adj. crooked; also hilly or uneven ground.

GIF

GUFERA'DA, f. f. a blow or cus made or given with a giféro. GIFERIA, f. f. butchery. GIFE'RO, f. m. a butcher, and a butcher's knife.

GIG

GIGANTAZO, f. m. a great

GIGA'NTE, f. m. a giant.

Gigánte, adj. giant-like; as. Tiéne fuérzas de gigante, he is as

frong as a giant. GIGANTE'A, f. f. vide GIRA'-SOL.

GIGANTE'O, adj. of, or belonging to a giant,

GIGANTICI'DA, f, m, a giantkiller.

GIGANTICO, adj. of, or belonging to a giant.

GIGANTI'LLA, f. f. a figure of pasteboard, representing a short or bulky woman carried about in the processions.

GIGANTIZA'R, v. n. to grow giant like.

GIGANTO'N, f. m. a great giant.

GIGO'TE, f. m. minced pies.

GIJ

GIJAS, f. f. vigour, fatnels, ftrength,

GIL

GILBARBE'RA, f. f. a prickly shrub, called butchers-broom or kneeholm. GILE'CO, f. m. a coat, fuch as

the flaves wear. . GILGUE'RO, f. m. a gold-finch

~G I M

ag I M

GIME'LGAS, f. f. pl. a name given on board ships to fome boles-used to reinforce the masts when damaged.

(GIMIO, f. m. vide XIMIO. GIMNA'SIO., f. m. an academy, a school, college, or hall in an university.

GIMNOSOPHISTA, f. m. one acof those philosophers who formerly taught morality in India.

a i i i G. I N

GINE'BRA, f. f. a Moorish inftrument made with several round flicks to make a noise; any confulien.

GINEBRA'DA, f. f. a fort of puffipafte cake.

GINE'CRE, .f. m. the juniper-

GINE'STA, f. f. vide GENE'-. STA.

GINESTA'DA, f. f. a fort of .. mash made with milk, rice, dates, and raisins.

GINE TA, f. f. a cane about as high as a man's chin with a . fmall fpear at the End of it, which Spanish captains used inf-: seed of our leading-staff, and - sommonly walked with it, when . they were not upon duty, as a token of their employ.

Ginéra; a badger.

Lunia gineta, a light: horseman's.

, Silla gineta, the great saddle. Gabalgar a la ginéta, to ride with the flirrups very short.

GINE'TE, f. m. properly a lighthorseman, but used for any hor-

Ginéte de Salamanca, a fort of earthen pitcher.

Ginéte de Xerés, a fort of small! bread made at Xeréz.

.GINGLA'R, f. m. the peadulum of a clock.

GINJO'L, f. m, the fruit of the jububtrce.

GINO'LLOS, f. m. pl. obf. the knees.

GInETO'N, f. m. a long weapon like a leading-staff.

GIA

GIR

GI'RA, f. f. a merry-making, a feaft where friends meet to be: merry and drink about.

GIRABANDE'RA, f. f. the flow-; rishing of colours.

GIRA'FA, f. f. a beaft called in Latin camelo-pardalis.

GIRA'LDA, f. f. an image of a. woman of gilt br.fs, let on the top of the great tower of Seville, where it turns with the wind.

GIRALDE'TE, f. m, or GIRAL-DI'NA, f. f. a short upper garment, which lapped about the body.

GIRA'NDULA, f. f. a wheel fluck full of fise-works, which surning swiftly round, sends forth a great light and fire.

GIRAPLIE'GA, f. f. the medicinal composition called . Riera picra.

GIRA'R, Y. a. to turn.

GIRASO'L, f. m. the plant and flower heliemope, or unifol.

GIRE'L., f..m. a fort of capacifoncloth for a horfe.

GIRGUE'RO, f. m. a goldfinch. GIRIFA'LTE, f. m. the hawk called a getfanicon.

GIRIGAYE, f. m. fluff, nonfende.

GIRIGO'NZA, f. f. vide GERI-GO'NZA.

GIRO, f. m. a circular rapid motion.

Giro , adj. pretty, perfect, complete.

GIRO'FE, f. m. obf. a gilliflower, the great slove-gilliflower.

GIRO'FINA, f. f. a kind of fauce.

GIRO'N, f. m. a gore in a garment. In heraldry, a giron, being like a gord, 1

GIRONA'DO, adj. made with, or, confishing of many gores of teveral colours,

Gironado . . C. m. a . sagged per-GIRO'PHIE, f. m. an aromatick

tree fo called.

GIRPEA'R, v. a. to dig round a vinetree.

AG I'S

GISTE, f. m. the from of

GIT

GITANAME'NTE, adv. frauduleady, gipfy-like.

GITANEA'R, v. a. to flatter, to

deceive, to play the giply. GITANERI'A, f. f. a cheating

trick; the life of giplies. GITA'NO, f. m. a giply.

GITA'R, v. a. to cast accounts with counters.

GITO'N, f. m. a beggar that wanders about from place to place on pretence of being a poor ftranger.

GITO'NES, f. m. pl. counters mied to call accounts with.

GLA

GLACIAI, add glacial, made of ice, icy.

GLADIATO'R, f. m. 2 gladiator, fuch as were formerly used in Rome.

GLADIO'LO, f. m. the herb cornflag.

GLANDI'FERO, adj. of, or belonging to trees that produce - acorns,

GLA'NDULA, I. f. a kernel in the flesh.

GLANDULO'SO, adj. full of kernels.

GLASSE, f m. a filk, called fe from its smoothness or finencle resembling gless.

GLA'STO, f. m. the herb word, with which they dye cloth.

GLA'UCIO, f. m. an herb of a feagreen colour...

.GLEBA., .f. f. a alogi of mobile

G L I

GLIMPLO'AS, f. f. the fireamers merchant-ships oarry at their topmaftheads.

G L O

GLO'BO, f. m. a globe, a round ball, the globe of the earth.
GLOBO'SO, adj. sound, like a globe.

GLO'RIA, f, f. glory, fame, ho-

nour, renown.

grana, vain-glory bloffoms, but never bears fruit.

GLORIARSE, v. r. to boaff, to glory, to brag.

GLOBIE'TA, f. f. a fine bed of flowers in a garden.

GLORIFICACION, f. f. glorifying, honouring, extelling.

GLORIFICADO'R, f. m. he who confers glory.

GLORIFICA'R, v. a. to glorify, to honour, to extol.

GLORIOSAME NTE, adv. glorioully, famoully, henourably, magnificently.

GLORIO'SO, adj. glorious, great, honourable, famous, magnifi-

cent.

GLO'SA, f. f. a glofs, an exGLO'SSA, f. m. position, a

GLOSSADO'R, f. m. a commen-

GLOSSA'R, v. a. to comment, to expound, to explain.

GLOTO'N, f. m. a glutton.
GLOTONA'ZO, f. m. a great
glutton.

GLOTONCILLO, f. m. a little

GLOTONEA'R, v. n. to play the glutten i, to mind one's belly too much.

GLOTONERIA, f. f. glutteny, excess in earing.

GLOTONIA, f. f. gluttony.

G, L, U

GIUTINOSIDAD, f. f. vifcofity, the quality of being glutmains. GLUTINO'SO, adj. sheking, glutinous.

G N O

GNOMO'N, f. m. the gnomon of a fun-dial, whose shadow shows the hour. The hand or pin of a dial.

GNOMO NICA, f. f. gnomonicks, a science which reaches to find the just proportion of shadows for the construction of all kinds of fun and moon dials.

GNOMONI'CO, adj. belonging to the art of making dials.

GNO'STICOS, f. m. pl. gnofticks, a fed of herericks.

GOB

GOBERNACION, f. f. government,
GOBERNADO'R, f. m. a governnor.
GOBERNA'LLE, f. m. the rudder of a ship.
GOBERNA'R, v. a. to govern.
GOBIE'RNO, f. m. government; in cant, the bridle of a horfe.
Mugir de gobiene, a houlekeeper and fervant, who superintends the servants in a family.
GOBIO, f. m. the little fish cal-

G O C

led a gudgéon.

GO'CE, f. m. the profit or gain of an office, a falary.
GO'CHO, f. m. a hog.

GOD

GODE'ñO, adj. in cant, good, valuable, rich.
GODERI'A, f. f. in cant, jollity, drunkennels.
GODI'BLE, adj. merry, joyful, pleafant.
GO'DO, adj. ia cant, good, rich.

, , , G O F

GOFERFA, Y. f. rudenels, unmanherlinels, want of breeding. GOFO, adj. rudé, unmanderly, uncivil, ill-bred.

G O J

GO'JA, f. f. a fort of basket or puntier:

G·O Ł

GO'LA, f. f. the mouth of the throat; also the armour to cover the throat. In architecture, cymatium; an oges.

GO'LDRE, f. m. a quiver to carry arrows in.

GO'LES, f. f. pl. in heraldry, gules; that is red.

GOLE'TA, I. f. in architecture, ogee.

GOLFANO, f. m. the herb nemupher, or water-lily.

GOLFILLO, f. m. a little guiph. GOLFIN, f. m. a dolphin.

GO'LFO, f. m. a guiph of the feb, or great bdy; sometimes taken for the channel of a river; sometimes for the deepest part of any water, sometimes for the main ocean; also an abysa, a chaos, a confusion.

GOLGONZO, f. m. one that is full of gestures, a busy body, one that has a smattering in every thing.

GOLHIN, f. m. a mountebank, or talkarive fellow.

GOLPILA, f. f. a Brile band flarched, fliff, and flicking our under the chinities wruff, also the person who wears such neckeloth.

Ajustarle a uno la guilita, to blame, to reprehend, to saunt one.

GOLILLE'RO, f. m. one who makes golilles.

GOLLE'RO, f. m. the thief who fleals in a crowd of people, a pick-pocket.

GOLLE'TE, f. m. the narrow neck of a bottle, or any fuch veilel. GOLLORI'AS, f. f. dainty bits, as fweetments or the fike.

GOLMAGEA'R, v. n. to eat flity
for as not to be perceived by
others.

GOLMAJERI'A ; A. f. vide GO: LOSI'NA. GOLMA'JO, adj. gluttonous, greedy, desirous, longing after. GOLONDRE'RA, f. f. in cant,

a band of foldiers.

COLONDRE'RA, f. f. in cant, · a company of foldiers.

GOLONDRE'RO, f. m. a man who involls as a foldier, that he may play the thief with greater afety.

GOLONDRE'RO, f. m. a soldier that is good at stealing and bad at fighting. In cant, a shoplifter. GOLONDRINA, f. f., a swallev.

Prov. Una golondrina no háce peráno, one swallow does not make a fummer.

GOLONDRINE'RO . f. m. a young fwallow.

GOLONDRINO, f. m. a person who never fettles in any place.

Golendrino, f. m. a young fwallow; there is also a fish of this name. GOLO'NDRO, f. m. idem.

Golondro, f. m. a sudden desire. Andar en golondros, to spend one's time, or be employed about folly, which may prove hurtful, as boys who buly themselves in looking after swallows nests, and often fall and break their bones.

GOLO'RIA, f. f. in cant, a fraud or cunning impelition.

GOLOSAME'NTE, adv. greedily gluttonoufly.

GOLOSA'ZO, f. m. greedy.

GOLOSEA'R, v. n. to play the glutton, to be liquorish, to de-, light in eating dainties.

GOLOSI'LLO, f. m. a little liquorish lad.

GOLO'SINA, f. f. gluttony, delight in eating, liquorish; also any dainty that is caten only out of wantonness.

GOLOSINAR, Y.D. vide GO-GOLOSINEAR, LOSMEAR. GOLOSISMO, f. m. gluttony, greediness.

GOLOSMEA'R, v. n. to eat stily, so as not to be perceived by

GOLO'SO, adj. liquorish, greedy, of fine bits.

GULUZINA'R, v. n. vide GO-· LOSEA'R.

GOLPA'ZO, f. m. a great stroke

GO'LPE, f. m. a blow, a stroke. Gólpe de génte, a great number of people.

Golpe de égua, a great fail of water, a great shower of rain.

Cerradura de golpe, a spring-lock. Cerrur de gólpe, to clap to a door. Entrár de gólpe , to rush in.

Prov. De un fólo gólpe no fe derruéca un róble, an oak is not knocked down at one blow. Rome was not built in a day.

Prov. Dar gólpe en el dinéro, to make a great hole in a fum of money.

GOLPEADE'RO, f. m. the place that is beaten very much.

GOLPEADO'R, f. m. a hamme-

GOLPEADURA, f. f. beating, hammering.

GOLPEA'K, v. a. to beat, to firike, to hammer.

Páño golpeádo, cloth that is very hard wove.

GOLPECI'LLO, f. m. a little stroke or blow.

GOLPE'O, f. m. the action of beating or giving blows.

GOLUSMIE'RO, adj. giuttonous, greedy.

GOM

GO'MA, f. f. gion.

Góma Arabiga, f. f. gum Arabick. GOMARRA, f. f. in cant, a pullet.

GUMARRE'RO, f. m. in cant. a stealer of hens.

GOMARRO'N, f. m. in cant, a chick or capon.

GOMECILLO, f. m. a little favourite, a white boy.

GO'MENA, f. f. a cable.

GO'MIA, f. m. a gormandizing fellow, a great eater, a glutton; alfo a word women use to fright children.

Gómia, f. f. a great ferpent; what devours, confumes, destroys any thing.

GOMITADURA, f. f. vomiting. GOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.

GO'MITO, f. m. vide VOMITO.

GOMO, de luna, a wool-pack. GOMO'SO, adj. gummy, full of gum.

GON

GONCE, f. m. a door-hinge. GO'NDOLA, f. f. a boat. GONORRE'A, f. f. or GONOR-RHE'A, a fort of venereal diftemper; a morbid running of venereal huris, a clap.

GOR

GORAR, obs. v. n. to sit upon

GURBIO'N, f. m. taffety, stripped and wrought; also a thick twift used in embroidery; also the berb euphorbium, and the gum coming from it.

GORDA'L, adj. large, of the bigger fize.

GORDAZO, adj. fat, big, of a large fize.

JORDIFLO'N, f. m. a purfy fellow, that is all greafy, and not folid fat.

GORDI'LLO, adj. fanish.

GO'RDO, adj. fat, gross, thick; dull witted.

Háblar górdo, to speak like a bully, to bully.

Ser de entendimiento gordo, to be a stupid heavy fellow.

Téner la lengua górda, to be in liquor.

Górdo, f. m. fatness.

GORDOLO'BO, f. m. the plant called petry-mullen, wool-blade, torch-weed, high-taper, hungwort.

GORDO'N, adj. that is very fat. GORDO'R, f. m. (fatness, groff-GORDURA, f. f. f ness, thick-

GURGA, S. f. food for birds, especially hawks.

GORGEADO'R, f. m. a warbler. GORGEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a war-

GORGEA'R, v. n. to warble as birds do; to endeavour to talk as little children do.

GORGE'O, f. m. warbling, melodious found of birds finging. GORGERIA GORGERIA, f. f. a finging or warbling of birds,

GORGO'JO, f. m. a little worm that devours corn, called the weevils; a little boy.

GORGOJO'SO, adj. full of weevils.

GORGORA'N, f. m. the filk called grogram.

GORGORITA'S, f. f. pl. the gurgling of water, or any liquor, when a man gargles his throat, or when it runs out of a close neck or hole, and wants air to flow freely.

GORGORITEA'R, v. n. to gurgle the water in the throat.

GORCOTE'RO, f. m. a pedlar who fells fmall things, as sciffors, knives, &c.

GURGUE'RA, f. f. a fort of ruff, formerly worn by women.

GORGUZ, f. m. the head of a dart or of a club.

GORIGU'RI, f. m. a splendid entertainment made for the ecclefiasticks.

GO'RJA, f. f. the throat, and particularly, that part where gurtural founds are formed.

Estar de gória, to be merry.

GORGA'L de málla, the gorget

or armour that covers the throat.

GORMADO'R, f. m. one who womits by overcharging the flomack.

GORMA'R, v. a. obf. vide VO-MITA'R.

GO'RRA, f. f. a cap, a bonnet; a cloth or velvet cap.

Média górra, a cap whose brims fell down and covered the neck and ears, formerly worn by lawyers and counsellors.

Górs de megicón, the cap that was raised and stood up before like a hat. Hablárse de górs, to have so much acquaintance with a man, as to take off one's cap to him, but not to converse with him.

Ser diro de gons, to be sparing in taking off one's cap or hat.

Meterfe de gors, to intrude, to chrust one's self into company without any more invitation or acquaintance than bare moving the that.

Tom. I.

Estarse de górra, to stay in a place where they would be rid of a a man, without taking notice of what is said to affrom him.

GORRA'DA, f. f. a falutation made by pulling off the cap, hat, or bonnet.

GORRE'RO , f. m. a cap-maker; also a parasite, one who goes to entertainments without being desired.

GORRETA'DA, f. f. the act of pulling off one's cap or bonner to a person out of civility.

GORRETE, f. m. a kind of round cap of many colours.

GORRILLA, f. f. a little cap. GORRILLO, f. m. diminutive of gorro.

GORRINO, f. m. a pig not four months old.

GORRIO'N, f. m. a sparrow; a bird so called.

GORRIONCI'LLO, f. m. a young fparrow.

GORRISTA, f. m. one who lives at other men's cost, who spunges on others; a mumper. GORRO, s. m. a cap, a bonner worn by men, mostly under the wig.

GORRO'N, f. m. a great cap; also an intruder, a spunger, or a mumper; a silkworm that will not work, like the drones among bees; a fort of pancake; also that part of a hinge that does not move; also a whoremaster or whoremonger.

GORRONA, f. f. a common whore, a profitute.

GORRONA'ZO, f. m. augment, of gorón, a parafite.

GORRULLO'N. f. m. in cast.

GORRULLO'N, f. m. in cast, a goaler.

GORUE'NDO, adj. obf. fatiated, fatisfied with eating.

GORVIO'N, f. m. vide GUR-VIO'N.

GORU'LLO, f. m. any little knob or lump.

GOT

GO'TA, s. f. a drop; also the gout.

Gota coral, f. f. the falling-fick-nels.

Gota ferena, f. f. an humour in the eye called gutta ferena.

GOTEA'DO, adj. spotted with drops.

GOTEA'R, v. a. to fall drop by drop.

GOTE'RA, f. f. the droppings of water; also a spout or eaves of a house from whence the water drops; also the fringes of a bed.

GOTERO'N, f. m. a great drop GOTERONCI'LLO, f. m. a drop of a larger fize than the common drops.

GO'THICO, f. m. an order of architecture fo called.

GOTO'SO, adj. gouty, belonging to the gout.

GOY

GOVERNA'R, v. 2. vide GO-BERNAR, and all its derivatives.

G O X

GO'XE, f. m. a fort of basket eg pannier.

-G O Y

GOYO, f. m. obf. enjoyment; rejoicing.

G O Z

GOZA'R, v. a. to obtain, to possess, to enjoy.

Gozár del tiempo, à de la fortuna, .

to make good use of time or
fortune.

Gozdr una muger, to obtain the greatest favours from a woman. GOZNE, s. m. an iron hinge of a door.

GO'ZO, f. m. joy, gladness.

Nuestro gozo en el pózo, our joy in the well; that is, our joy is vanished, is lost; said when we have rejuiced, and find no cause for it.

GOZO'SO, adj. joyful. GOZQUE, f. m. a cur-dogs

Χv

GOZQUE'JO, & f. m. a little GOZQUILLO, eur-dog.

GRA.

GRACEJA'R, v. n. to joke or jest, to be merry and facetious. GRACE'IO, f. m. mirth , good humour, facetioulnels; also an agreeable lisping.

GRA'CIA, f. f. grace, favour, comeliness, beauty, thanks, also a jest, and a gift.

De gracia , gratis.

Tenér gracia, to have a good grace, a good air, or carriage, to be pleasant, witty, or diverting.

Gracia de Dios, the grace of God. Gracia dei, an herb like hyssop.

La gracia de una perfona, a man's

Caer en gracia, to please, to be acceptable.

Coer de su gracia, to lose the fayour one had.

Dar gracia a una cofa, to make. 2 thing graceful, handsome, or acceptable.

Estar en gracia del principe, to be · in the prince's favour.

Dar grácias, to give thanks, either as we commonly do for any kindness, or to say grace after meals. Decir gracios, to jest, to talk wit-

GRACIA'BLE, adj. that is gracious in words and actions.

GRACIADEI, f. f. a plant fo called.

GRACIOSAME'NTE, adv. gtatis, freely without any cost; also pleasantly, wittilly.

GRACIOSI'CO, adj. diminutive of graciofo.

GRACIOSIDA'D, f. f. gracefulness, prettiness, elegancy.

GRACIO'SO, adj. that cofts nothing, given freely; also whuy, pleasant.

Graciófo, f. m. an aftor that plays a kind of merry Andrew.

GRA'DA, f. f. a step, a stair, a round of a ladder; the grate of a monastery, where the nuns come to speak to their friends.

GRADACIO'N, f. f. gradation.

GRADA'R, v. a. to make smooth the earth after it is ploughed. GRADA'TIM, adv. step by step.

GRADERI'A, f. f. the joining of the flairs.

GRADIE'L, f. m. bastard zafran. GRAD.'ILA, f. f. a little ftep. GRA'DO, f. m. degree, dignity, office, preferment, step. In architecture, the small moulding on the upper part of the column; also free will.

Encarecér en sumo grado, to extol in the highest manner.

Grado para sublir a mas, a way, step, or means to preferment.

Hacer una cofa de buen grado, to do a thing with a good will.

Harulo mal de fu grado, he shall do it, though ever so much against his will.

Grádos en letras, the degree taken at the university.

Grados ecclesiasilcos, the feveral degrees of orders in the church.

Grádos de al: úra, ò de longitud "degrees of latitude, or of longi-

Grádos de confarguinidad, degrees of confanguinity.

GRADUACIO'N, f. f. an eftimation or measuring of things by degrees.

GRADUA'DO, f. m. one that has taken his degrees at the university. GRADUA'L, f. m. the gradual, read in the mass immediately after the episile,

Graduales rfalmos , the gradual pfalms, fo called, because they follow one another gradually.

GRADUAIME'NTE, adv. gra. dually, by degrees.

GRADUA'NDO, f. m. he who is near to take his degrees.

GRADUA'R, v. a. to prefer to a degree, to promote, to graduate, to take a degree in the schools; also to measure.

GRAFINA'R , v. a. to fcratch, GRAFIOLES, f. m. pl. a kind of biscuit made in the shape of an S.

GRAGE'A, f. f. a fort of very finali round comfits.

GRAGEA'R, v, n, to cry like a crow or daw.

GRA'JA, f. f. the hen-daw. GRAJA'DO, f. m. the top of the rudder.

GRA'JO, f. m. jack-daw.

GRAJU'NO, belonging to a jackdaw.

GRA'MA, f. f. grass; the herb vervain.

GRAMA'LLA, f. f. a gown or robe of scarter cloth or crimson velvet with gold embroidery, worn by magifirates.

GRAMALLL'RA , f. f. a chain hanging in the chimney to faften

the pots to.

GRAMA'R, v. a. to knead the dough over again, as bakers do after it is weighed.

GRAMA'TICA, f. f. grammar, the art of speaking or writing in any language.

GRAMMATICA'L, adj. belonging to a grammar, grammarical. GRAMMATICA'STRO, f. m. 2 low granzmarian, a mere verbal pedant.

GRAMA'TICO; f. m. a grammarian.

GRAMI'L , f. m. an instrument used by joiners and carpenters to mark, or draw lines upon wood, and called a gage.

GRAMUNI'LIA, f. f. a fmall fort of vervain.

GRAMO'SO, adj. graffy, full of

GRAN, adj. great, big, large; the fame as grande, and used generally for it when placed before the substantive; as , gran nombre , gran ruiso, gran cafa, &c. whereas grande is used after the substantive; as, hombre grande, Juldo grånde, cása grånde, &c.

GRA'NA, s. f. scarlet, the scarlet-dye. The cochineal is also called by this name.

Grana de poráyso, grains of paradife , cardamum.

GRANA'DA, f. f. a pomegra-

Grandda, f. f. a grenade, or grenado; a little hollow globe or ball, which filled with fine powder, as soon as kindled into many shatters to the dame ge of all that fland mean:

Granada real, a large grenado. Génte granáda, the top of the people, the better fort, people of fashion.

GRANADE'RA, f. f. the pouch in which the foldiers put the gramadoes.

GRANADE'RO, f. m. one that fells pomegranates; also a gremadier, or foldier armed with a fword, a hacher, a firelock flung, and a pouch full of hand - grana does.

GRANADILLO, f. m. a fine fort of speckled Indian wood.

GRANADINO, f. m. a little pomegranate.

GRANA'BO, f. m. a pomegrana-

Granado, adj. of the best fort.

GRANA'LLA, f. f. grain, feed, or the dust or flakes of metal.

GRANA'R, v. n. to kern as corn does, to grow to grain; in cant, to grow rich,

GRANATE, f. m. a kind of coarfe ruby.

GRANAZO'N, f. m. a growing of the grain, in corn, &c.

GRANCANO'N, f. m. a large type used in printing.

GRANDAZO, adj. very big. GRA'NDE, adj. great, big, lar-

Grande de España, a grandee of Spein.

GRANDECTLLO, adj. pretty big.

GRANDEME'NTE, adv. great-

GRANDE'ZA, f. f. greatness, grandeur, largeness, bigness.

GRANDILLO'N, augm. of gran-

GRANDFLOQUE, that speaks great, or grand.

GRANDIOSAME'NTE , adv. very magnificently, or splendid-

GRANDIOSIDA'D, f. f. greatness. magnificence.

GRANDIO'SO, adj. magnifi-

GRANDON, adj. augm. of gran-

GRANDOR, f. m. a greatness, bignefs.

GRANDURA, f. f. obf. idem. GRANE'L, f. m. a heap of grains. GRANE'RO, f. m. a granary, a place to keep corn.

GRA

GRANGEADO'R, f. m. a purchaser, a gatherer of wealth.

GRANGEAR, v. a. to purchase, to gather wealth; also to farm.

Grangear, v. a. to cultivate or till the ground carefully.

GRANGE'RA, f. f. a good housewise; also a farmer's wife.

GRANGERIA, f. f. purchasing, gathering of wealth; also a farm.

GRANGE'RO, f. m. a good hufband, one that gathers wealth; alfo a farmer.

GRANGUA'RDIA, f. f. the vanguard, a military term.

GRA'NJA, f. f. a farm.

GRANICA'R, v. n. vide GRA-NIZA'R.

GRANICO , vide GRANIZO. GRANIDO, in cant, ready mo-

GRANJEA'R, v. a. vide GRAN-GEA'R.

GRANJERIA, f. f. vide GRAN-GERIA.

GRANJE'RO, f. m. vide GRAN-GE'RO.

GRANFILLA, f. f. diminutive of gràna.

GRANILLO, f. m. a little grain, kernel, or flone in fruit; alfo a little pimple on the flesh.

GRANITO, f. m. idem. GRANIZA'R, v. n. to hail.

GRANIZO, f. m. hail.

Prov. Saltie cómo granizo en albarda, to skip like hail upon a pack-saddle; that is, to be fiery, to be foon moved, to fly out; because the hail beating upon a pack-faddle, which is stuffed rebounds.

GRA'NO, f. m. grain, corn, a stone in a grape or such fruit; alfo all forts of grain, and a grain in weight; a pimple ont he skin the grain of leather or the like. In cant, a ducat of eleven rials.

Prov Grano a grano hinche la gallina el pipo , grain by grain the hen fills her craw; that is by degrees the most important affairs are done.

Prov. Gráno a gráno se acaba el mentón de antiño, grain by grain the last year's heap is spent; that is , a continual expence . though ever fo fmall, confumes the greatest wealth.

Prov. Grano a grano, allega para tu ane , grain by grain , gather for the year. Lay up, though it be but little at a time, it will help out the year. GRANO'SO, adj. full of grains,

of fmall pimples, of little kernels, or fmall stones, like those in grapes or fuch fruit.

GRANOTA, f. f. in cant, bar-

GRANT, adj. obs. for grande. GRANUJA, f. f. the husk of a

GRANUJA'DO, adj. fnii or covered with grains.

GRANULACIO'N, f. m. the act of pouring melted metal into cold water, so that it may congeal into fmall grains.

GRANULA'DO, adj. granulated, faid of gun-powder and of some falts when bearing a resemblance to grain.

GRANULAR, v. a. to form into small masses like grains.

Granularse, v. s. to forth itself into small grains.

GRA'NZAS, f. f. pl. the husks that remain after fifting or winnowing, or any coarle gross fettlement of any thing at the bottom.

GRANZON, f. m. hard ftraw. GRAñON, f. m. com or wheat boiled broken or unbroken.

GRA'O, f.. m. the firand, or beach, an open road before a town, where ships may anchor. but is not an harbour.

GRA'PA, f. f. a cramping-iron. to hold stones fast.

GRA'PO'N . f. m. augment, of gràpa.

GRASSA, f. f. greafe, fat. GRASSIENTO, adj. greafy, oily. fat , uncluous , filthy , dirty bulity, fat of body.

GRASSO, adj. fat. greafy.

X X 2

GRASSO'NES, f. m. pl. a meagre dish fo called.

GRASSUELO, adj. fattish, a little fat, or greafy.

GRASSURA, f. f. fat, greafe. GRATAME'NTE, adv. gracioufly, thankfully.

GRATIFICACIO'N, f. f. gratification, reward, return for kindnefs. GRATIFICADO'R, f. m. one who returns a kindnefs.

GRATIFICA'R, v. a. to gratify, to reward, to return a kindness.

GRATFL, f. m. the ropes which fasten the sail to the yard.

GRA'TIS, adv. gratis, for nothing, without any cofts.

GRATITUD, f. f. gratitude, thankfulness.

GRATO, adj. grateful, thankful; also acceptable.

GRATONA'DA, f. f. a fort of flewed meat,

GRATUITAME'NTE, adv. gratis, without coft, freely, only for goodwill.

GRATUITO, adj. gratuitous, without cost, done, out of good-will. GRATULACIO'N, f. f. congratulation, or wishing one joy, rejoicing in one's behalf.

GRATULATO'RIQ, adj. congratulatory.

GRAVA'DO, adj. engraved; alfortroubled, oppressed, sick.

GRAVADO'R, f. m. an engraver, a casver.

GRAVADU'RA, f. f. engraving, also oppression, trouble, sickness. GRAVA'MEN, f. m. grievance, trouble, oppression.

GRAVA'R, v. a. to eugrave; to burden, to wrong, to blame, to accuse, to trouble, to molest, to oppress.

GRAVAZO'N, f. f. carving, engraving.

GRA'VE, adv. grave, fober, ferious; also stately, proud, weighty, of consequence.

Reigió o grave, a grave, fober, re igiou; man.

Negotio grave, a business of consequence, a weighty affair.

Dolor grave a grievous pain.

Ponérse grave, to take state upon
enc's self.

GRAVEAR, v. a. to gravitate. GRAVEDA'D, f. f. gravity, flaidness, trouble; also flateliness, and pride.

GRAVEDO'SO, adj. clare, proud, haughty.

GRAVEME'NTE, adv. gravely, heavily, grievously.

GRAVE'ZA, f. f. grievousness, weight, trouble.

GRAVITA'R, v. a. to load any creature according to its firength.
GRAVOSAME'NTE, adv. grievously, painfully, calamitously, miserably, oppressively, in a tyrannical or haughty manner.

GRAVO'SO, adj. troublefome, offenfive.

GRAZNADO'R, adj. noify, vociferous, faid of geefe, ducks, crows, rooks, &c.

GRAZNA'R, v. n. to make a noise, to be vociferous, like geese, ducks, crows, &c.

GRAZNIDO, f. m. the noise or vociferousness of some birds, such as geese, ducks, crows, &c.

GRE

GRE'BA, f. f. vide GRE'VAS.
GRECISMO, f. m. a Grecifin.
GRE'DA, f. f. fuller's earth,
chalk, clay.

GREDA'I, f. m. the place where fuller's earth is found.

GREDO'SO, daubed with fuller's earth, chalky, clayish.

GREGA'L, f.m. the north-east wind. Gregal, adj. of the same flock, or company.

GREGALIZA'R, v. n. to fail towards the north-east.

GREGA'RIO, f. m. a common foldier.

Gregário, gregarious, going in company with others of the same kind; said of animals and bisds. GREGORIA'NO, adj. belonging. to Gregory.

GREGORILIO, f. ms. a kind of linnen used by women to cover their necks, breast, and shoulders, a handkerchief.

GREGUERIA, f. f. a confusion of voices, and undistinguishable noise.

GREGUE'SCOS, f. pn. pl. a fort of wide breeches.

GREGUESQUILLOS, f. m. pt. dim nutive of greguéscos.

GREGUIZA'R, v. to speak in imitation of the Greek dialect.

GREIS, f. m. obf. vide GRASSA.
GREMLA'L, f. m. a rich piece,
of firk held by two priests betwixt the bishop and the people
when he says mass in pontificalibus.

GREMIO, f. m. the lap; also protection, favour. It is also a company of any trade; as the company of goldsmiths is called grémio de los platéros, and so of others.

Grémio de la igléfia, the bosom of the church,

GRE'NA, f. f. the hair of the head clotted and tangled, for want of combing.

Grenas, pl. clotted locks of hair, as we fee in pictures of witches, or the like:

Andár la grena, to pull off the hairs in fighting, as women do.

GREãO, f.m. in cant, a flave, a black. GREãU'DO, adj. that has clotted hair.

GREPHIE'R, f. m an officer not unlike to our lord high-flewarp of the houshold.

GRE'SCA, f. f. disturbance, noise, fray.

GRE'VAS, f. f. pl. armous for the legs.

GRE'UGE, f. m. grievance, complains.

GREY, f. f. a flock, a herd of cattle; people committed to one's charge.

GRI.

GRIA, f. f. a nit, the spaw of a louse.

GRIBA'R, v. a. a fea-term, to force out of the way, as a ship by a ftrong current.

GRIDA, i. f. proclamation made by a crier.

GRIE'TA, f. f. the disease in a horse called the scratches; also chaps in the hands caused by the cold or sharp winds, or by hard working, and chaps in the earth caused by drought.

GRIFALTO, f. m. a kind of hawk; also a piece of ordnance so called.

GRIFO, a griffin; also the son GRIFO'N, of a black woman and a mulatto. It is likewise a cock for water.

GRILLA'R, v. a. to broil on a gridiron; also to make a noise like a cricket.

GRILLIMO'N, f. m. as cofrádes de grillimón, the brotherhood of gaolbirds.

GRILLO, f. m. a cricket, a field infect so called.

Andár a cáza de grillos, to go to crickethunting : to spend one's time ill.

Grillos, f. m. pl. fetters for the legs; also crickets.

Haveifine echado grillos y cadinas, you have fettered and chained me: that is, you have obliged me, I am become your flave.

Grillones, f. m. pl. great festers; great crickets.

GRI'MA, f. f. the firange faces a man makes in a fright, or on fuch eccasion; the fright itself, or the hair standing up on a fright.

GRI MAL de ójo, f. m. the corner of the eye.

GRIMA'ZOS, f. m. pl. fo the painters call odd figures of men in painting, flanding in unnatural postures.

GRIMO'SO, adj. one that makes ugly faces, or whose hair stands an end when frighted.

GRIMPO'LA, f. f. a man of war's pendant.

GRIRO'N f. m. a veil used by nuns.
GRI'S, f. m. dark brown or fad co-

GRISEA'R, v. a. to make of a dark brown colour.

GRI'SES, f. m. pl. a fort of little creatures that have good furs.

GRI'TA, f. f. a crying out, shrieking, hollowing, shout.

GRITADO'R, f. m. a bawling fellow.

GRITA'R, v. m. to halloo, to cry out, to bawl, to shrick.

.GRITERI'A, f. f. a cry, a shout.

GRITTILO, f. m. a little noife.
GRITO, f. m. a shriek, a shout;
a cry. In cant, corn.

GRITON, f, m. a bawling fellow.

Griton, f. m. a fort of pheafant with black wings and tail, and a darkcoloured body.

GRO

GRONO'N, f. m. a grumbling fel-

GROPE'RA, f. f. the crupper.
GRO'POS, f. m. pl. cotton that is
put into ink,

GRO'SA, f. f. in cant, a common flrumpet.

GRO'SCA, f. f. a fort of venomous ferpent.

GROSE'LLA, f. f. a goosberry.
GROSSERAME'NTE, adv. coarfely, clownishly, unmannerly.
GROSSERIA, f. f. clownishness,
unmannerliness, coarfeness.

GROSSE'RO, adj. unmannerly, clownish, rude, unpolished. GROSSE'ZA, f. f. corpulence.

GROSSISSIMO, adj. fuperlative of gruefio. The fame as gruefifi-

GROSSO'R, f. m. thickness fat-

GROSSULE'RA, f. f. a tripewoman.

GROSSURA, f. f. thickness, farmess, grossness; also the offal of a beast, as head, feet, and entrails.

Dis de groffins, Saturday, on which in Spain they eat the offal, but no other flesh.

GROTA, f. f. vide GRUTA.

GRU

GRU'A, f. f. the bird catled a crane; also the crane to draw up weights with.

GRUE'RAS, f. f. pl. the holes that are made in the pullies that lift up the fails.

GRUE'RO, adj. belonging to the birds of prey who catch the cranes.

GRUE'SSA; f. f. twelve dozen, a gross.

GRUESSFILO, adj. thickish, or a little thick.

GRUESSE'RO, f. m. a wholefale dealer, one that fells in grofs.

GRUE'SSO, adj. thick, gross; also dull.

GRUI'R, v. n. to imitate the crane's noise.

GRU'LLA, f. f. a crane.

GRULLA'DA, f. f. a number of people with weapons like the watch.

GRU'LLO, f. m. the cock crane.
In cant, a catchpole.

GRULLA'DA, f. f. a company of people going together or following one another, as cranes

GRUME'TE, f. m. a grument, the meanest fort of failor.

GRU'MO, f. m. a bunch or lump of any thing; a hillock; a fmall cluster of grapes; also a cabbage; 'also clotted blood.

GRUMO'SO, adj. coagulated curdled congealed.

GRUñE'NTE, f. m. in cant, a fwine.

GRUHI'DO, f. m. grunt, the cry of a hog, pig, or boar.

GRUALDO'R, f. m. one that grunts like a hog, a grunting old man, one that grumbles, and does not fpeak his meaning.

GRUZI'R, v. n. to grunt, as a hog does; to grumble, to mutter.

GRUPA, f. f. the crupper of a horse.

GRUPA'DA, f. f. the beating of the waves of the sea; also a gang or company.

GRUPE'RA, f. f. the crupper that goes under a horse's tail.

GRUPO, f. m. a heap of things of the fame kind.

GRUTA, f. f. a den, cave, a hollow place under ground.

GRUTE'SCO, f. m. grotesque, a fort of painting, representing a cave, or den, with such creatures as are generally found in them; any wild fort of fancy.

G R Y

GRYLLA'R, v. v. to make a noise as the crickets do:

GRYLLE'RA, f.f. the place where the crickets hide themselves.

GRYLLETE, f. m. a small fester put round the foot of a prisoner.

GRYLLO, f. m. a cricket.

GRYLLOTA'LPE, f. m. a vocacious infect fo called.

GRYPHO, f. m. a griffin, a fabulous animal fo called.

Grypkos, f. m. curled hair.

Grypho, adj. an appellative of a type used in printing, by us called Italicks.

GUA

GUA'BAS, f. f. pl. vide CA'YAS.

GUABI'NA, f. f. a fort of fea-fish.
GUACAMA'YO, f. m. a fort of
parrots.

GUACA'S, f. f. fo the Indians in Peru call their idels and their templer, or places of worship.

GUACATA'NE, f. m. an herb in New Spain.

GUACHAPEA'R, v. n. to clink or clatter, as an iron plate does when loofs.

Guachapear la herradura, said when a horse-shoe is bose and clatters.

GUA'CHARO, f. m. one that is always weceping and wailing.

GUACHARRA'DA, f. f. the fudden fall of any thing upon mud or

GUACHICHFL, f. m. a bird in New Spain so called.

GUACU MAS, f. f. a fort of fruit in the West Indies.

GUA'DA, f. f. a running water, as a river, or broock.

GUADAFIO'NES, f. m. pl. manacles for the hands; also gauntlets and long gloves.

GUADAMACI'I. f. m. gilt leather for hanging, or such uses.

GUADAMACILERIA, f. f. a giltleather-maker's shop.

GUADAMACILE'RO, f. m. a giltleather-maker.

GUADA'āA, f. f. a scythe to mow with.

GUADAïADO'R, f. m. a mower. GUADAïERO f. m. one who GUADAPE'RA, f. f. a chokepear, a wild pear.

GUADAPE'RO, f. m. a wild peartree.

GUADARNE'S, f. m. the place where the arms are kept.

GUADATINA'JAS, f. m. 2 for of beaft in the West Indies like 2 hog.

GUADIXE'ñO, f. m. a poniard or dagger.

GUADO'CH, f. m. a ceremony the Moors use of washing themselves, and saying certain prayers in a ser posture.

GUADRAMA'ñA, f. f. cheat, fraud.

GUAIPI'N, f. m. a kind of cloth used by the West Indians to cover their neck.

GUALATI'NA, f. f. a fort of fauce made with apples almonds, and rice.

GUA'LDA, f. f. the herb woad, used for dying.

GUALDE'RAS, f. f. pl. the fides of the carriages of cannon.
GUA'LDO, adj. yellow.

GUALDRA'PA, f. f. a covering, in the nature of a caparison cloth; a draggled tail or dirty skirt of a garment that hangs in rags; a draggletail woman.

GUALDRAPEA'R, v.a. a to confuse or intermix against the natural order.

GUALDRAPE'RO, f. m. one who is full of rags, a ragged fellow.

GUALDRAPPLLA, S. f. diminutive of gualdrapa.

GUALDRAPO'SA, f. f. a little draggle-tail woman.

GUA'LPA, f. f. the name in Peru for a hen.

GUANA'CO, f. m. a beast in the West Indies like a great sheep.

GUANAVA'NA, f. f. a fort of fruit growing in Cuba.

GUANI', adj. fo the Spaniards GUANI'N, in the West Indies call low gold.

GUA'NO, f. m. fo the Indians of Peru call the dung of certain feafowl, whereof they fetch quantities from little islands near the coast, to manure their ground. GUANTA, f. f. in cant, a brothel, a bawdy-house.

GUA

GUANTA'DA, f. f. a blow with a glove properly; thence applied to a froke with the open hand.

GUANTE, f. m. a glove.

Guinte de hiérro, a gauatlet.

Affentar el guante, to draw on the glove tight to fit the hand; to firike with the hand and glove on; to box one.

Solve al guante, an expression used when a man gives another his hand familiarly with the glove on; as we say, sheep's skin keeps out no kindness.

GUANTERIA, f. f. the firect where the glovers live, or a shop where they fell gloves.

GUANTE'RO, f. m. a glover.

GUARI'R, v. n. to grunt, to grunte like a hag.

GUAPAME'NTE, adv. valiantly, courageously.

GUAPA'ZO, adj. valiant, firong, flout, brave, courageous.

GUAPEA'R, to show firength or courage.

GUAPETO'N, f.-m. a very courageous man.

GUAPE'ZA, f. f. courage, spirit, resolution.

GUA'PO, adj. bold; valiant, cour rageous, brave, resolute.

GUA'RDA, f. f. m. a guard. Guárda mayor, the chief guard.

Guarda possigo, in cant; a russian's boy or servant.

GUARDABRA'ZO, f. m. an old armour to guard the arm.

GUARDACA'BO, f. m. a hollow piece of iron fo called on board a ship, used to fave extremities of cables from being born.

GUARDACADE'NAS, f. m. pl. a contrivance of boards to keep certain chains from being worn by friction on board ships.

GUARDACO'YMAS, f. m. a fera vant to the father of a whore.

GUARDA'MAS, f. m. and old gentleman-usher to wait on the ladies at court. In cant, a pimp.

GUARDA'DO, adj. secret.

GUARDADO'R, f. m. a keeper, one that keeps, preferves, & warches, a faving perfou.

GUARDA-FUE'GOS, f. m. a little skreen to fet between one and the fire or to hold in the hand.

GUARDA'JA, f. f. a look of hair.
GUARDAINFA'NTE, f. m. a
farthingale worn formerly, over
which the women had a large petticoat.

GUARDAJO'YAS, f. m a casket to keep jewels in; also the master of the jewels in the king's family. GUARDA'IZAS, f. m. vide GUAR-DACOINAS.

GUARDALA'DO, f. m. a low wall or rail to lean against on the fides of a bridge, or the like.

GUARDAMANCE'BOS, f. m. a rope or cable on board a ship, to which the boys hold fast when managing the fails.

GUARDAMANGE'R, f. m. the king's pantry, and the officer that has the chief care of it.

GUARDAMA'NQ, f. f. the guard of a fword.

GUARDAME'A, f. m. the person fet to guard any place that people may not piss in it.

GUA'RDA MUGE'R, f. f. one of the queen's waiting-women.

GUARDAPIE'S, f. m. a fort of garment formerly worn by great ladies, an over-petticoat.

GUARDAPOLVO, f. m. any cloth that is spread to keep off the dust; a woman's dust-gown.

GUARDAPOSTI'GO, f. m. in cant, ruffian's servant.

GUARDAPUL'RTA, f. f. the foremost of two doors when there are two to the same entrance into a room or hall.

GUA'RDA, an interj. take care, beware.

GUARDA'R, v. a. to keep, to preferve, to fecure, to guard, to fave, to lay up; also to defend, to proted, to shield, to look after.

Guardir is cina, to be fick a-bed.
Guardir la cipa, to defend one's

Guardie la cára, to cover the face.
Guirdie la rópa, to keop one's fei.
fafe from dengera.

Quen guirds hails, he who fave:

Gunnie filias, to keep helidays, Gundine, to be upon one's guard. Gundine airo, to remember an ill nirn.

GUARDARIO, f. m. a bird called king's fisher.

GUARDARNE'S, f. m. an officer in the king of Spain's houshold who has charge of the bridles, fadles, and other horte-furniture.
GUARDARO'PA, f. f. a wardrobe, the place where the cloat's are kept; also the keeper of the wardrobe.

GUA'RDAS, f. f. pl. guards; customhouse-waiters; officers to receive toll; turnkeys in prison; the wards in a lock.

Guárdas del rey, the king's guards. GUARDASO'L, f. m. an umbreila.

GUARDATIMO'NES, f. m. the guns that are placed near the stern, GUARDAVE'LA, f. m. the rope with which the sails are tied.

GUA'RDIA, f. f. a guard; keeping, looking after; also a protection, defence.

Cuerpo de guardis, the corps-deguard.

GUA'RDIAS, f. f. the watch aboard a ship, half the ship's company, which do all the work by turns.

GUARDIA'N, f. m. a guardian, a warder, one that has the care or charge of any thing. The guardian of the Franciscans, the superior of the monastery.

Guardián de návio, the boatswain, GUARDIANI'A, s. f. the dignity of the guardian of the Franciscame

GUARDI'LLA, f. f. the window at the top of the house that affords light to a garret.

GUARDEN, f. m. the twine or finall ropes they make of oakam aboard ships.

GUARDIAA, f. f. the fur of a limbe beatt.

GUARDUSO, adj. fougal, close, faving, fp.ring, milerable, miggard, coverous.

GUARELL R, v. a. to proted, to defend; also to escape a danger, and to head; also to exercer, to

reflore from Schneit or difficient GUARFN PIGLA, S. S. warranty, feemity, an obligation, an exection.

GUA

GUARGUE RO. f. m. the gullet. GUARUDA. f. f. a place of refort, a place of refuge, a retiring place.

Guarda, f. f. protection, help, aid, fluccour, affiftance, relief, refuge.

GUARIR, v. n. ebf. to recover after a fickness, to heal.

GUARISMO, f. m. arithmetic, casting account

Guarifino, adi, beronging to arithmetick.

GUARNECE'R, v. a. to firnish, to provide, to garrifon, to lace a garment.

GUARNECIMIE NTO, C. f. furnishing, providing, garrifoning, alfo liceing.

GUARNE'S, f. m. a heap made by the many rounds of a calife.

GUARNICION, f. f. a garrifon; also the lacing, embroidery or other trimming of a garment; the hilt of a fword; the furniture of a horse.

Prov. Guarniciones y coin dass pinta al rocin, furniture and mana make the horfe fell. The furniture fers him off, and the mane makes him look mettlefome.

GUARNICIONE'RO, f. m. srmourer, embroiderer, upholfterer; alfo a horfe's furniture-maker.

GUARNIMIE'NTO, f. m. drefs, ornanient, embroidery,

GUARNI'R, v, a, obi. & r GUAR. NECL'R.

GUA'RTE, interf, take head, have a care,

GUAY, interj. slas! woe me!

Tentr muchus gunjes, to by much affliched,

GUAYA, f. f. lamentation, forroctal complaint, meaning,

Hacer la graya, to lement, to moving, to expects forrow,

GUAYES, f.m. pl. grief, force a croat'e,

GUAYACO, f.m guaint, a tive GUAYADO F, f. in, one that such and letters. GUAYAPI'L, f. m. a kind of American wood.

GUAYA'PO, f. m. a pitiful fellow; a beggar.

GUAYA'R, v. n. to wail, to lament.

GUAYA'VO, f. m. a free fo called.

GUB

*EU'BIA, f. f. a long slender chissel, called a googe.

G 🛑 E

GUEDE'JA, f. f. a lock of hair. Guedēja enhetráda, a lock of hair clotted or tangled together.

GUEDEJA'R, v. a. to adorn opfer off the head with locks of hair. GUEDEJI'LLA, f. f. a little lock of hair.

GUEDE'JO, adj. that wears GUEDEJU'DO, much hair.
GUE'LTRE, f. m. in cant, money.

'GUE'RCA, f. f. in cant, justice.
GUE'RCO, f. m. hell; a bier for
a dead body; a melancholy perfon.

'GUERME'CES, f. m. pl. a fickness which birds of grey have in their heads and throat.

'GUE'RO, f. m. addle-egg.

GUE'RRA, f. f. war; opposition, contrariety; the profession of same.

Guérra campál, open war; a great hatred among some men.

Hijo habido en buéna guérra, a bastard. Guérra galdna, is two ships cannonading one another at a distance.

GUERREA'DOR, f. m. a warrior; a troublesome fellow.

'GUERRE'AR, v. a. to make war, to wrangle, to contend.

'GUERRE'RO, adj. warlike, martial; fubst. used, a warrior.

GUERRILLA, f. f. a linle war. GUERTE'RA, f. f. orden de la

guéncra, the order of the gatter GUE'RTO, f. m. obs. vide HUE'R-

GUE'SA, f. f. vide HUE'SA.
GUE'SCA, f. f. vide UE'SGA.

GUE'SSO, f. m. vide HUE'S-

GUE'SPED, f. m. vide HUE'S-PED.

GUEX, f. m. obf. a beggar.

GUI

GUIA, f. f. a guide; also guiding. In agriculture, the prime or chief flock of vineyard, by which the rest are set in order.

Carta de gula, a país, a fafe conduct to travel without impedi-

GUIABA'RA, f. f. the herb called hartshorn.

GUIABE'LLA, f. f. the herb called crow's foot.

GUIADO'R, f. m. a guide. GUIAMIE'NTO, f. m. a guiding, conducting.

GULA'R, v. a. to guide, to lead, to conduct; also to teach, to instruct.

Guiàr la dânça, to lead up the dance, to draw others after one in any business, to make others follow one's opinion.

GUIDO, adj. in cant, good. GUIDA, f. f. a pebble.

GUIJARRA'L, f. m. a quarry of flones.

GUIJARRA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke of a pebble-ftone.

GUIJARRE'ãO, adj. like a pebble-ftone, as hard as a pebbleftone

GUIJARRILLO, f. m. a little pebble-flenc.

GUIJA'RRO, f. m. a pebble-front. GUIJARRO'SO, adj. full of pebbles.

GUIJE'nO, adj. gravelly, or full of pebbles.

GUIJO'SO, adj. vide GUIJE'RO.
GUIJUE'LO, f. m. the columbine flower.

GUILLA, f. f. obf. harvest, product of land.

GUILLOTE, f. m. he that hath
the use and profit of a thing,
but not the property or right.

Guiltote, f. m. a clown, a country fellow; also an idle fellow that will not work, but goes about spunging where he can. Guittotes, f. m. pl. are also a feet of very large nails or rather iron pins, to fasten timber together.

GUIMBALE'TE, f. m. the helm of a ship; also the handle of the pump.

GUINCHA'DO, adj. in cant, pursued, followed.

GUINCHA'R, v. a. to purfue and endeavour to catch one that runs away.

GUI'NCHO, f. m. a sea-bird for called.

GUI'NDA, f. f. a common cherry.

Guinda garrafal, a very large fort
of cherry.

Guinda de tavérna, a drunkard.

GUINDA'L, f. m. a cherry-

GUINDALE'RA, f. f. the place where the common cherry-trees are, a cherry garden.

GUINDALE'ZA, f. f. a great GUINDALE'TA, cord in a ship, called the tackle, which ferves to hoift goods aboard. It is also the rope of any crane.

GUINDAMA'YNA, an interj. hoist the fail, let it down amain.

GUINDA'R, v. a. to hoift up, to crane up, to draw up with a pulley; in cant, to abuse.

GUINDA'STE, f. m. the rope of a crane; the tackle of a ship.

GUINDILLE'RO, f. m. a plant and flower in the West Indies. GUI'NDO, f. m. a common cherry-

GUINDOLA, f. f. a triangular engine used on board ships to take weighty things in them.

GUINE'A, f. f. an English gold coin called a guinea.

GUINE'O, f. m. a black of Guinea; also the name of a dance.

GUIñA'DA, f. f. a winking with the eyes.

GUInADU'RA, f. f. a winking with the eyes.

GUIñA'PO, f. m. a rag; a ragged person.

GUInA'R, v. n. to wink with the eyes, to make figns with the eyes; at fea, to fail unsteadily, winding from fide to fide; in cant, to run away.

GUInAROL

GUITARO'L, f. m. in cant, he who beckons or make figns to another with his eyes.

GULIO, f. m. a wink with the

GUINO'SO, f. m. a starting horse, or other beaft.

GUInO'N, f. m. a wink with the

EUIO'N, f. m. the royal stan-

GUIRIGAY, f. m. a confused and difficult language, gibberish.

GUIRNA'LDA, f. f. a garland. GUISA, f. f. fashion, manner, quality, guise.

GUISADI'LLO, f. m. a little dish of dreffed mear.

GUISA'DO, s. m. meat dressed; fatisfaction, content.

Guisado, in cant, a whore; a bawdy-house.

GUISADO'R, f. m. a cook. GUISAMIE'NTO, f. m. prepara-

tion, disposition.

GUISANDE'RO, f. m. the perfon who ferfons and dreffes the victuals.

GUISA'NTES, f. m. pl. common

GUISA'R, v. a. to dress meat; alfo to manage, to regulate, to adjust, to dispose something.

GUISO, f. m. feafoning, fauce, pickle.

GUISO'TE, f. m. a feafoning after the country fashion.

GUI'TA, f. f. a fmall cord; also a child's cross-bow.

GUITA'RRA, s. f. a guitar. GUITARRE'RO, f. m. an inftru-

ment - maker that makes gui-

GUITARRILLA, f. f., a little guitas.

GUITARRI'STA, f. m. who plays on the guitar.

GUITARRO'N, f. m. a great guitar.

GUPTO, adj. that stumbles or plunges.

GUITO'N f. m. a lazy beggar, that goes about in the habit of a pilgrim only to live idle.

GUITONEA'R, v. n. to wander, to firoll about like a lazy beg-

Tom. I.

GUITONERI'A, f. f. strotting or wandering about like a lazy beggar.

G U I

GUIZGA'R, v. a. to incite, to stimulate.

GUI'ZNA, & f. f. a wink with the GUI'ZNE, (eye upon another by way of a private fign.

G U L -

GULA, f. f. gluttony; also the

GULES, f. m. pl. in heraldry, gules, red colour.

GULI'ELA', f. f. vide GOLI'L-

GULLO'NA, f. f. a kind of a

GULLO'RIA, f. f. a small bird fo called.

Gullorla, f. f. immoderate desire, unlawful appetite, indecent ex-

GUM

GUMENA, f. f. a cable of a ship.

GUR

GURA, f. f. in cant, justice. GURA'PAS, f. f. a cant

word among rogues for the gal-

GURBIO'N, f. m. a thick twik used in embroideries; also the plant called euphorbium.

GU'RDO, adj. filly, ignorant, foolish.

GURO, f. m. in cant, a catch-📷 le , a bailiff.

GURO'N, f. m. in cant, a gaolkeeper.

GURRA'R, v. n. to clear one ship from another.

GURRUMI'NA, f. f. a too great fubmission to the wife.

GURRUMI'NO, f. m. the person who makes too great a fubmiffion to his wife, who is uxo-

GURULLA'DA, f. f. a gang of people; in cant, the officers of

GURUPA, f. f. the cruper, the

upper part of the buttocks of a horfe.

GURUPE'RA, f. f. the crupper of a horse.

GŰS

GUSANE'RA, f. f. the place where the worms breed.

GUSANIE'NTO, adj. full of werms.

GUSANILIO, f. m. a fmall worm; that fort of filver our embroiderers call purl, because it works and winds like a worm.

GUSA'NO, f. m. a worm.

Gusáno de madéra, a worm that breeds in wood.

Gasáno de seda, a silk-worm. Gusano con cuernos, a hornet.

GUSARA'PA, f. f. a little worm or insect that breeds in water. GUSARAPI'LLO, f. m. a little

GUSARA'PO, f. m. a water-insect

with fix legs fo called. GUSE, f. m. obf. a poor pilgrim.

GUSTADURA, f. f. tafting, assaying; also pleasing, liking. GUSTA'R, v. a. to tafte, to affay.

to like, to please. GUSTFLLO, f. m. a little tafte.

GUSTO, f. m. tafte, affay, liking, pleasure, satisfaction.

A gusto, to satisfaction, to content.

Libro de gusto, a pleasant book. Dama de huén gusto, commonty taken in an ill sense for a level woman, though the plain meaning is only a lady of a good fancy.

Prov. Sobre gusto no hay disputa. there is no disputing of taftes,

Prov. Al gisto estragudo, le dúlce le es amargo, a depraved palate thinks fweet things bitter.

Prov. Comér à gusto, y vestil al úso, eat to please the palate, and clothe in the fashion.

GUSTOSAME'NTE, adv. pleafingly, to one's palate, to one's liking.

GUSTO'SO, adj. relishing, well tafted, pleafant, favoury.

GUT

GUTURA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the throat.

GUTURALIDA'D, f. f. gunurality, the quality of being gunural with regard to pronunciation.

GUTURALME'NTE, adv. gunurally.

GUZ

GUZMA'NES, f. m. pl. young noblemen who ferved in the fleet as common foldiers; a fort of eadets, GUZPATADE'RO, f. m. in cant, a thief that makes holes in walls to creep through.

GUSPATARO, f. m. in cant, a hole.

G'Y M

GYMNA'SIO, f. m. a fchool, or college where sciences are taught.

GYMNASTICAME'NTE, adv. gymnaftically, fitly for firong exercise.

GYMNA'STICO, adj. gymnaftick, pertaining to athletical exercifes.

GYMNOSOPHISTA, f. m. s

gymnosophist, or sort of Indian philosopher.

GYR

GYRA'R, v. n. to turn round, to circulate; also in commerce, to trade in bills of exchange.

GYRA'SOL, f. m. the plant called heliotrope, turnfol, or fun-flower. GYRO, f. m. turning round, whitling; in commerce, a circulation

of bills of exchange.

Gyro, circumference; also a wouad;
a threatening; a bravado.

No hay que echar gyros, do not play the bully.

Tomar our gyre, to change a refe-

Η

H an aspiration never pronounced before a vowel in the beginning of words in Spanish.

H A

AA, is the voice of calling, as hoe; fometimes an affirmation; alfo.

El ha, he has.

Ha, ha, ha, expression of laughter.

H A B

MABA, f. f. a beau: Hábas, in cant, the nails of the hand.

HABA'R, f. m. a field of beans. HABASPANO'SAS, f. f. pl. horfebeans.

HABASCO'N, f. m. an American root of a hot nature, in shape and bigness like a carrot.

HABE'R, v. a. to have, to hold, to enjoy, to eccupy, to possess. Haber, v. impers. to happen, to succeed.

Haberje, v. r. to behave, to act, to conduct one's felf.

Mas vale faber que haber, learning is better than riches.

Haber, f. m. pl. substance, wealth, riches.

He perdido todos mis habéres, I have lost all my substance.

HABERI'A, f. f. the custom paid for goods that are exported.

Haberias, f. f. pl. wages, pay.

HABERTO, f. m. the beafts or
any utenfil used by countrymen
in their labour; also provisions.

HABICHUE'LAS, f. f.pl. French

habichue'las, f. f.pl. French beans. habido, p. p. of habit.

HA'BIL, adj. capable, handy, dexierous, active.

HABILENTE'ZA, f. f. obf. ability, capacity.

MABILIDAD, f. f. ability, dexteelty, handiness; capacity. HABILITACIO'N, f. f. fitness, hand-femeness, ableness; also habilitation, qualification.

HABILITADOR, f. m. one that makes capable, fit, or able. This word is used in the cones, for those that are commissioned to declare who are to be allowed to fit there, and who not.

HABILITA'R, v. a. to capacitate, to make able, fit, or capable. HABITA'BLE, adj. that may be dwelled in; also inhabited.

HABITACIO'N, f. f. habitacion; dwelling-place; also dwelling, or inhabiting.

HABITA'CULO, f. m. habitation, dwelling-place.

HABITA'NTE, (f. m. inhabi-HABITA'NTE, (tant, a dweller. HABITA'R v. n. to inhabit, to dwell.

HABITI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of hábito.

HA'BITO, f. m. habit, use, custom; habit or apparel; the badge of the knighthood. worn by a knight.

HABITUACION, f. f. cuftom, habit.

HABITUA'DO, adj. habituated, accustomed, ufed.

HABITUAL, adj. accustomed, habitual, customary, inveterate. HABITUALIDAD, s. f. custom, use, habit.

HABITUA'RSE, v. r. to grow accustomed.

HABITU'D, f.. f. habitude, ufe, custom.

HA'BLA, f. f. speech, talk, a conference.

HABLADO'R, f. m. a talkative person, a prating sellow.

Prov. Al mal hablador, difereto oidor for a bad talker, a difereet hearer; that is, one that cannot fpeak to be well understood, needs a person of discretion to hear him, to guess what he says. HABLADORCI'LLO, f. m. one who speaks much without any substance, a talkative person. HABLABURI'A, f. f. an impertinent, discourse, or saying. HABLA'R, v. a. to speak, to talk.

Habiar a borbotones, to speak very fast.

Hablar a halto, ù à tiento, to talk upon uncertain matters.

Hablar al sire, to talk vainly, or out of the subject.

Hablir a la mano, to interrupt one when he is speaking.

Hablar alto, to talk big.

hablar a tontas y a locas, to prattle, to tattle, to chatter.

Habiir con el diablo, to be very fly or cunning.

Habiar con lengua de plata, to speak with a filver tongue; that is, to bribe one with money.

Habler de hitrén, to speak too fast. Habler griego à algarabia, to speak with such confusion that one cannot be understood.

Habiar por cifras, to talk mysteriou-

Hablár de grácia, to talk without book.

Hablir de talanquérs, to talk from a high place, or scaffold; that is, to talk big, and find fault with those that are in danges, from a safe place.

Hablar de papo, to talk after a lofty stately manner.

Prov. Hábla la boch con que plage la cóca, the mouth unters what a man afterwards pays for. We say, little said, is soon amended.

Prov. Câta qual hâbte en to que fâbe, let every one talk of what he understands.

Prov. Hábla de tifonjéro fiémpre es vána y fin provécho, a flatterer's talk is always vain and unprofitable.

Prov. Hábla pôco y bien, tenérta han por alguien, talk little and well, and you will be counted fomebody; that is, you will be eftermed.

Prov. Hablar fin pensir, es thar fin encarar, to talk without thinking, is to shoot without taking sim. To let one's tongue run without reflecting on what one fays, is like shooting at random

Prov. Quién musho hábla en álgo aciérta, he who talks, much hits en fomething. Says by chance Y Y 2

fomething to the purpose one time or other.

HAB

Prov. A múcho hablar múcho errar, talking is the cause of much

HABLATI'STA, f. m. a prating

HABLI'ILA, f. f. idle talk, an idle story, a fable.

H & C

HA'CA, f. f. nag, gelding, little horfe.

Prov Háca peregosa cabe cása trôta, a jade trots near home.

HACANE'A, f. f. the fame as háca, with this difference, that hacanéa fignifies a curious choice rai, of a confiderable price; whereas haca is any finall horse indifferently.

HA'CE, f. f. vide HA'Z.

HACECI'LLO, f. m. a little bundle, fagget, sheaf, or the

HACECI'TO, f. m. a little fagget of fmall wood.

IIACEDL'RO, adj. that may be done.

HACEDO'R, f. m. the Creator; alio a maker, one who makes any thing; also nimble, agile, cuick.

HACENDA'DO, adj. rich, weal-

HACL'NDAR, v. a. to give esta-

Hacondurse, v. r. to buy estates, to purchaie them.

HACENDI'LLA., f. f. a little eftate, fome goods, little buil-

HACENDOCILLO, adj. careful,

HACENDO'SO, adj. careful, diligent.

HACENDUL'LA, f. f. vide HA-CENDI'LLA.

HACL'R, v. a. to make, to create; also to form of materials.

Hacer, to commit, to put in act. Hacer al caso, to come to the purpofe.

Hacer los árboles, the trees to

Masér limofnas, to give alms.

Haeer, to contain, to hold as a vestel.

Hacer gasto, to spend.

Hace humo, to Smoke.

Hacer noche, to be night.

Haclr la comida, to dress the meat. Hacer uno ausente, to believe one

Hace frio, it is cold,

Hace dia, it is day.

Esto hace bien agui, this fits well here.

Hacer gente, to raise men, soldiers. Hacer un caballo al fuego, to accustom a borse to see the fire of

Hacer pedaços, to pull to pieces. Hacer chunga, chacota, chanza, to ridicule.

Hacerfe atrás, to go back. Hacer agua, to take water in for a ship.

Hacer aguas , to make water.

Hacer aire, to punish, to chastife

Hacer alarde, to muster; also to boart of.

Hacer alto, to ftop on a marchin, any business.

Hacer a pluma y a pelo, to be ready to admit or receive any thing. Hacer bodoques, to be buried.

Hacer mala obra a uno, to hurt one, to flarm, to mischief.

Hacer blienas ò malas migras, to agree with one or not.

Hacer cara, frente, ò rostro, to face, to relist.

Hacer comerias, to make incurfions.

Hacer cortesias, to be polite in saluting; also to be lame.

Hacer cofilla , to fuffer , to bear with patience.

Hacer de tripas corazón, to pluck up a spirit.

Hacér el pico, plato, ò papo a uno, to maintain, to keep up one's family.

Hacer fiesta, to keep a holiday. Hacer fieflas, to endear, to fond-

Hacer gracis, to sell at the lowest price.

Hacer harmonia, to wonder at. Hacer las partes de uno., to make any business for another.

Hacer lugar, to make room.

Hacer merced Ot mercedes, to grant a favour.

Hacer milagros, to make wonders. Hacer noche, to stay all the night. Hacer orejas de mercader, to play the

Hacer pie, to find the bottom of a river, to ford a river; also to fettle.

Hacer plaza, to make way; also to publish fomething fecret.

Hacer quarefina, to fast all the

Hacerse; to accustom one's felf. Hacérse a la vela, a sea-term, to ſail.

Hacérse capáz, to enable one's felf.

Hacerse de manga, to agree with another in order deceive one.

Hacérse de miel, to behave genteel-

Hacerse de pencas, to refuse what one desires to grant.

Hacerfela, to try how to deceive another.

Hacerse lenguas, to praise, to extol azy thing with fingular exprefions.

Hacer sombra, to protect, to de-Fend.

Hacer piernas , to firut; also to fland to what one favs.

Hacer pinitos, to endeavour to wa'k after sickness, walk as children do.

Hacer sus necessidades, to ease ore's felf, to go to flool.

Hacer ventaja, to exceed, to fur-

Hacer una bestia, w. fatten a beaft HA'CHA, f. f. axe, harchet; 2 torch, a flambeau.

Hàcha de ármas, a battle-axe.

Hácha de 'téra , a flambeau , & torch.

HACHA'ZO, f. m. a stroke with an axe or with a flambeau.

HACHEA'R, v. n. to cut any wood with the hatchet.

HACHL'RO, f. m. one that works with an axe; also a great candleftick to hold a torch or flambeau.

HACHE'TA, f. f. a little hab-

HA'CHO, f. m. a brush to light a fire with, a bundle o fsmall wood.

HACHO'N, f. m. a link to light

HACHUE'IA, f. f. a little axe, or hatchet; also a small torch, or flambeau.

HA'CIA, adv. towards; in a direction 10.

HACIE'NDA, f. f. an estate in the country; wealth, riches, fortune; also the work of a servant-maid, business.

HACIMIE'NTO, f. m. thanks giving.

HACI'NA, f. f. a stack of wood or corn, a rick of hay, or the

HACINADO'R, f. m. one who makes the faggots.

HACINA'R, v. a to pile, to heap, to put up things confusedly; to grow wealthy.

HACI'NO, f. m. a niggard, a scraping fellow.

H A D

HADA, f. f. vide HADAS. HADA'DO, adj. fated, doomed, decreed by fate.

HADADO'R, f. m. a fortune-tel-

HADA'LLA, f. f. a fort of fick-

HADA'R, v. a. to tell fortu-

HA'DAS, f. f. pl. inchanted nymphs or ladies, so called in romances.

HA'DO, f. m. fate, deffiny.

HADRO'LLA, f. f. cheat in felling upon tick.

HADROLLE'RO, f. m. a tallyman.

H A I

HAIZ, f. m. the state or siruation of any planet.

HAL

HA'LA, interj. vide HO'LA. HALACUE'RDAS, f. m. a drugge in a ship, a galley-slave that does all vile and abject fer-

HAL

HALAGADO'R, f. m. a fawning perfor.

HALAGA'R, v. a. to make much of, to cherish, to fawn upon, to firoak, to appea se.

HALA'GO, f. m. making much of, stroaking, fawning on, cherishing.

HALAGüEñAME'NTE, adv. kindly . tenderly , lovingly , fawn-

HALAGUE'nO, adj. kind, loving, fawning, cherishing.

HALAGüE'RO, adj. kind, tender, loving; flattering, or fawning, that makes much of others. HALA'R, v. a. to push, to pluck, to hale; properly a sea-term.

HALCO'N, f. m. a faulcon. HALCONCI'LLO, f. m. a fmall

HALCONEA'R, v. n. to look up

as it where in contempt.

HALCONE'RA, f. f. a place to keep hawks in , a mew.

HALCONE'RO, f. m. a faulco-

HALCONE'TE, f. m. vide FAL-CONE'TE.

HALCYO'N, f. m. the bird called the king-fisher.

HA'LDA, f. f. a skirt of a garment, that hangs down; also the skirt of a moutain.

HALDA'DA, f. f. a skirt full of any thing.

HALDEA'R, v. a to shake the gown in going along, to drag. on the ground.

HALDU'DO, adj. that has long skirts hanging.

HALE'CHE, f. m. a kind of herring or anchovy.

HALIE'TO, f. m. a kind of eagle or faulcon.

HALI'FA, f. m. the fuccessor in the office, dignity, or govern-

HALIFA'DO, f. m. the dignity, office, or employment.

HA'LITO, f. m. breathing. HALLADG'R, C. m. who finds or invents. .

HALLA'R, v. a. to find; to invent; to meet, to light upon.

Hallarse en una parte , v. r. to be present in a place.

No hallarse en una tierra, not to like, not to be well at ease in a country.

Hallarse con dinéros, to have money.

HALLA'ZGO, f. m. the reward given for finding a thing loft; alfo the thing itfelf.

HALLU'LLO, f. m. bread baked under the ashes.

HALO'N, f. m. a circle round the fun or moon of a pale red; a meteor fo called.

HALUCINA'R, v. n. to dazzle, to overpower with light, to overpower the mind.

H, A M

HAMA'CA, f. f. a hammock, hung up to lie in.

HAMADRI'ADES, f. f. pl. the nymphs of the woods.

HA'MBRE, f. f. hunger, famine, scarcity; a greedy desire of any thing.

Morir de hambre, to starve with hunger.

Matar la hambre, to fatisfy one's hunger.

Tomar por hambre, to take a town. by starving it; methaph, to make an advantage of a man's

Hambre canina, an insatiable greediness or desire of eating.

Prov. A la hambre no hay pan malo, there is no bread bad to hunger. Hungry dogs will eat dirty puddings.

HAMBREA'R, v. n. to hun-

HAMBRIE'NTO , adj. hun-

HAMBRO'N, f. m. one that is always hungry.

HAME'CES, f. f. pl. a discase in. hawks for want of regular feed-

HA'MPA, f. f. a quarrel, a scolding bout among whores.

Génie de la hampa, base people. rogues and whores.

HAMPO'N, adj. pusted up withdy; proud, elare,

HAN

HANE'GA, f. f. a bushel. Hanega de tierra de sembradira, as much as a bushel of wheat will

HANEGA'DA, f. f. idem. HA'NZO, f. m. obf. mirth, plea-

H A O

HA'O, a voice of calling, as ho hey.

HAQ.

EIAQUIILA, f. f. a little-

HAR

HARAGA'N, f. m. a lazy fellow, a fluggard, a drone.

HARAGANEA'R, v. n. to be

HARAGANERIA, f. f. floth, la-

HARAGANI'A, f. f. Roth, lazi-

HARA'LDO, f. m. a herald at arms, to denounce war or pea-

HARAPIE'ZO, f. m. properly the skirt or hanging part of any garment; vulgarly, rag,

Llevár de los harapiezos, to drag one another by the coat.

HARA'PO; f. m. vide HARA-PIE'ZO.

HARBA'R, v. a. to do any thing in hafte, to write unintelligiblv.

HA'RDA, f. f. a squirrel. HARDILLA, f. f. idem. HARI'JA, f. f. dust of meal. HARINA, f. f. meal.

Prov. Cernir noche y dia, y no echár harina, to sift night and day, and shake out no flour; that is, to be very bufy and do nothing.

Prov. Derramár herrina y allegår ceniza, to scatter meal, and gather ashes; that is, to fave at the tap, and let it run out at the bung.

HAR

HARINA'L, f. m. a bin to keep meal in, a meal-trough.

HARINE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells meal.

HARINI'LLAS, of. f. a fort of game at dice.

HARINO'SO, adj. mealy. HARMA'DA, f. f. wild rue, a plant fo called.

HARMONIA, f. f. harmony, concord; correspondent senti-

HARMONICAME'NTE, adv. harmonically, mufically.

HARMO NICO, adj. of, or belonging to an harmony.

HARMONIOSAME'NTE, adv. harmoniously, musically.

HARMONIO'SO, adj. freet, harmonious.

HARNE'RO, f. m. a fieve with fmall holes, used to shake chopped firaw, or to fift horses oats; also a sieve for meal.

HA'RO, f. m. a hoop, any thing circular, by which fomething elfe is bound, such as casks and bar-

HARO'N, f. m. a lazy, idle fellow, a drone, also the herb cukoopit.

Haron, adj. refty, dull, that foon tires.

HARONEA'R, v. n. to be refly, to be lazy or flothfull.

HARONIA, f. f. restines, laziness, floth.

MARPA, f. f. a harp, an inftrument strung with whire and struck with the finger.

Hàrpa, any triangular point; also the sharp nails.

Hàrpa, f. f. a ravenous bird of the vulture kind.

HARPA'DO, adj. torn or rent with hooks.

Cára harpáda, a face that is flashed and full of fcars.

HARPADO'R , f. m. a harper . one that plays upon the harp.

HARPADURA, f. f. the norching of any thing.

HARPA'R, v. a. to cut, to tear in shivers; to cut the face and flash it.

HARPE'O, f. m. a drag or hook to take up things out of a well.

HARPI'A, f. f. harp, a bird feigned by the poets. A catchpole, a greedy whore.

HARPIE'DO, f. m. in cant, a fool.

HARPILLA'R, v. a. to touch the harp, to play upon it.

HARPILLE'RA, f. f. the coarfe cloth, or canvas in which goods are packed.

HARPI'STA, f. m. the person who plays on the harp.

HARPO'N, f. m. a trout-spear with three or four teeth; a grapple of a ship or any iron hook; fometimes it is taken for an .an-

HARPONA'R, v. a. to firike with a trout-spear, to hook, to grapple.

HARPYA, f. f. vide HARPIA. HARRAPIE'ZO , f. m. a rag which hangs on the cloaths.

HARRA'PO, f. m. vide HARRA-PIE'ZO.

HA'RRE, interj. a word carriers and fuch people use to their beaft to make them go.

HARREA'R, v. s. to drive beafts as carriers do.

HARRIA, f. f. a drove of mules or affes.

HARRIE'RO, f. m. a carrier.

HARRITRA'NCO, f. m. a certain bit of rope or cable used on board ships,

HARRUQUE'RO, f. m. vide HARRIE'RO.

HARTA'R, v. a. to fill, to fatisfy with meat.

HARTA'ZGO, f. m. fatiety, fulness of meat or drink.

HA'RTO, adv. enough.

HARTO'N, f, m. in cant, bread. HARTURA, f. f. fatiety, fulnels.

H A S

HASTA, adv. till, even, up to. Hafta quando ! till when ! Hafta palacio, as far as the court Hista que, until.

Hafts quanto 1 how much 1 Háfta tánto, so much.

Hasta el borde, up to the brink.

Hásta, s. f. the staff of a spear, fork, &c.

Hásias, s. f. pl. the horns of beafts.

Hástas hómes, in old Spanish fignified, to arms, to arms; that is, men take up your spears,

HASTA'DO, f. m. a pike-

HASTA'R, v. a. to prolong , to augment, to grow.

HASTIA'L, f. m. the infide wall of a vault.

MASTIA'R, v. a. to loath, to disclain, to scorn, to set light by, to take no account of.

HASTI'L, f. m. the wood of a spear, pike, lance, or any such thing.

HASTILLA, f. f. a chip, a fplinter; also a quarter of timber; also a particle of any thing.

HASTILLA'ZO, f. m. the blow with a splinter or chip.

HASTIO, f. m. losthing, want of appetite.

HASTIO'SO, adj. that has a loathing to meat, that has loft appetite.

HAT

HATA'CA, f. T. a great ladie, a melting ladle; also a spatula.

HATACADE RA, f. f. the rammer of a gun.

HATARAYA, f. f. a small fishing-net, a casting-net.

HATERI'A, f. f. the provision giyen to the shepherds, for the whole week.

MATE'RO, f. m. the fervant of the shepherds who brings provi-

HATILIO, f. m. a finali flock or herd; also a bundle or parcel of cloaths.

HATO, f. m. Lock, herd; also apparel on goods; by country folks it is lomerimes taken for a company of people; as, siguno hey en el hato, there is some one in the company,

HAU

HAZ

HAUTE, f. m. in heraldry, a coat of arms, or that part of it where the arms of a family are painted.

HAV

HAVE'R, v. a. vide HA'BER.

HAY

HAY, f. m. the name of a beaft in Brasil.

HAYA, f. f. a beechgtree; also a

HAYA'L, f. m. a grove of beechtrees.

HAZ.

HA'Z, f. f. the face, the fuperficies of any thing, the outlide of any thing, or the right side, the front; a band of man; a faggot, or brush; fmall wood,

Haz de la tiérra, the face of the earth.

Hàz de ána cófa, the outlide of a thing, the right fide of a garment, or the like.

Hàz del hómbre, a man's face. Hàz de leña, a faggot, a bavin.

En haz y en paz de todos, with the knowledge and good liking of all men.

Cara con dos haces, a deceitful false countenance.

Haz, the imperative of hacer, do

HAZA, f. f. properly the field where the corn is new reaped, and lies to harden; but it is alfo. taken for a field that is fowed.

HAZA'DA, f. f. a spade, an instrument or digging.

HAZADITA, f. f. a spaddle, a small spade.

HAZADO'N, f. m. a large and heavy kind of spade.

HAZADONA'DA, f. f. a blow given to the earth the nazadón. HAZADONA'ZO , f. m. a blow given with the hazadon,

HAZADONE'RO, f. m. the labourer that digs or opens the ground; also a pioneer.

HAZALE'JA, f. f. a towel.

HAZA'nA, f. f. an exploit, a great action, a feat.

HAZARERI'A, f. f. a vain oftenration.

HAZAñE'RO, adj. one that makes a great noise of a little mat-

HAZAROSAME'NTE, adv. hravely, boldly, sourageously, floutly.

HAZAñO'SO, adj. one that performs great exploits.

HAZCO'NA, f. f. a little spear. HAZE, f. f. obs. a faggot or bundle.

HAZINO, f. m. a mifer, a poor wretch, also a filly fellow.

HE

HE', f. f. faith; rustic. He; as, he aqui, see here. He lo aqui, here it is.

HEB

HEBDO'MADA, f. f. a week. HEBDOMADA'RIAMENTE adv. weekly, done once a weeck.

HEBDOMADA'RIO, f. m. he who by course attends his week. Hebdomadário, adj. done or recurring every week.

HEBE'N, adj. belonging to a kind. of white grapes; also, useless, good for nothing.

HEBILLA, f. f. a backle of a shoe, a clasp.

HEBILLA'GE, f. m. z fet of buckles.

HEBILLAR, v. a. to buckle or button any thing.

HEBRA, f. f. a needlefull of thread, filk; of the like; the firing of a root, or any fmall firing of a herb, flower, or such like; a fibre.

Hébra de exoficia, one single thread of faffron.

Hébra de hile, à seda, a needlesull of thread or filk.

Cortar la hibra, to cut the thread z

, . . .

to put a flop to one's discourse or proceedings.

Cortar la hébra de la vida, to cut the thread of life.

Hébras, pl. memph. the fun-beams. HEBRA'ICO, adj. of, or belonging to Hébrew.

HEBRAISMO, f. m. an expression according to the Hebrew. HEBRE'O, f. m. a Jew.

HEBRE'RO, the month of February, commonly February.

HEBRI'TA, f. f. a fmall needlefull of thread, a fmall fibre. HEBRO'SO, adj full of fibres.

HEC

HE'CATE, f. f. Hecate, a poetical name of the moon.

HECATO'MBE, f. m. a hecatomb, or facrifice of an hundred beafts of the fame species.

HE'CES, pl. of hez.

HE'CHA, f. f. time, vide ECHA.

HECHIZA'R, v. a. to bewitch. HECHIZE'RA, f. f. a witch.

HECHIZERI'A, f. f. witchcraft.

HECHIZE'RO, f. m. a wizard, HECHI'ZO, f. m. witchcraft; also any thing that is or may be done.

Ruydo hechico, a false alarm.

HE'CHO, adj. done, performed, made.

Hécho, f. m. action, deed, fact, exploit.

Hécho y derécho, completely.

Hombre de hecho, a man of metal, or of his word, that will do what he fays.

El hécho de una caufa, the matter of fast,

Hécho un león, enraged like a lion.

Dicho y hecho, no fooner faid than

En hicho de verdad, in truth. De shicho, out of hand, without

Llevár lo tódo a hécho, to make no distinction in what one does or favs.

Dádlo por héche, look upon it as done.

Hombre mal hécho, an ill-shaped man.

HECHU'RA, f. f. the making, the fashion, the form given to any thing.

Pagár la hecbúra de úna cófa, to pay for the making or fashion of a thing.

Ser hechúra de otro, to be another man's creature.

HECIE'NTO, adj. obf. of, or belonging to dregs or lees.

H E D

HEDENTI'NA, f. f. a confusion of sereral stinks.

HEDE'R, v. n. to stinck, to emit an offensive smell commonly a smell of putrefaction.

Heder grajos, to stink of jackdaws; this they say of the negroes.

Heder & perros muertos, to stink like a dead dog, like carrion.

Ya hiéde, it is troublesome, it is offensive.

Dexelo que no le histe la bóca, leave it for it does not slink in the mouth; a saying of women that keep chandlers shops or such like, when any body will not give them their price for a thing.

No hagais cofa que hiéda, do nothing that may flink; that is, do no scandalous action.

HEDIE'NTE, adj. stinking.
HEDIONDE'Z, f. f. stink,

HEDIO'NDO, adj. stinking. HEDO'R, f. m. a stink, a

HE'DOS, f. m. pl. a poetical name for the confiellation, called the feven flars:

HEDRA'R, v. a. to dig. the vineyards a second time.

H E G

HEGIRA, f. f. hegira, a term in chronology; the epocha or account of time, used by the Mahometans.

HEL.

HE'LA, an interj. behold her.

HELA'DA, f. f. hoar-frost. HELA'DO, f. m. fugar fo made

that it looks like ice.

HELAGR, v. n. to freeze.

Hetarfe, v. r. to be affected with great cold; also to be congealed and dried with frost, as plants

HE'LE, an interj. behold him. HELE'CHO, f. m. the plant called

Helécho de róble, polypody of the

HELE'NA, f. f. those lights that appear like flames round the mass in a ship on the going off of a storm, called by the ancient Romans Castor and Pollux.

HEL'GA, f. f. a staple, such as the bolt of a lock shoots into,

or the like.

HELGA'DO. f. m. the space betwint teeth that do not join close; an open interval, as is between the two points of a staple.

HELGADU'RA, f. f. idem.

HELI'ACO, adj. heliack, emerging from the luftre of the fun, or falling into it.

HE'LICE., f. f. a conficulation called the great bear; also a spiral line.

HELIOSCO'PIO, f. m. the herb called fea-lettuce, wolfs-milk or milk - thiftle. It is also a fort of telescope fitted so as to look on the body of the sun withoutt offence to the eyes.

HELIOTRO'PIO, f. m. heliotrope, turn-fol, fun-flower. It is also a precious stone of a green colour, streaked with red veins. HE'LO, interj. behold it.

HELXI'NE, f. f. a kind of ivy bearing no begries, barren or creeping ivy; also the tendril of vine.

H EM

HEMA'TITES, f. m. a stone of a dark red colour.

HEMATOSO

HEMATO'SO, adj. turning chyle into blood.

HE'MBRA, f. f. a female, a woman, the female of any kind-A horse's tail is also so called, when very flender and thin.

Hémbra de corchéte, the eye of the hooks and eyes, &c.

Linda hémbra, a fine woman.

Mála hémbra, a wicked woman.

HEMBRICO, f. m. in architecture, is a rounded fillet, or narrow edge of stone on the top of a columa.

HEMBRILLA, f. m. a kind of corn, whose grain is very small. HEMBRUNO, adj. belonging to a female.

HEME'NCIA, f. f. vehemence. earnestness.

HEMENCIO'SO, adj. venemeng. HEMINA, f. f. a measure of liquids so called.

HEMIONITE, f. f. a plant called spleenwort or miltwort,

HEMISPHE'RICO, adj. hemifpherical, half round, containing half the globe.

HEMISPHE'RIO, f. m. the hemisphere, half the sphere or globe, as much as we can dif-COVET.

HEMISTICHIO, f. m. a half

HEMORRHAGIA, f. f. hemorrhage, a violent flux of blood.

HEMORRHOIDA'L, adj. belonging to the veins in the fundament.

HEMORRHOFDAS, f. f. the hemorrhoids or piles.

EMORRHO'O, f. f. a kind of small snake.

HEN

HENCHIMIE'NTO, f. m. a fil-

HENCHIR, v. a. to fill.

Henchirle a uno la cabéza de viento, to fill a man's head full of .wind; that is, chimeras and folly.

Henchir las medidas, to fatisfy a man fully, to content him, to pay him to his satisfaction.

Henchir el 6jo, to please, to give Content, to be to liked. Tom. I.

Henchir la pança, to fill the belly, to eat heartily.

Henchie lo vaclo, to perform what is wanting.

Henchir la silla, ò el puesto, to deferve, to be worthy of a post.

Hencher el entendimiento, to please the understanding.

HENDEDO'R, f. m. the person who cleaves any thing.

HENDEDU'RA, f. f. crak, flit. HENDE'R, v. a. to cleave afunder, to fplit.

Henderos he la cabeza, I will break your head.

Henderfe la cabeza de dolor, the head to be ready to split with pain.

Hendér un cabello, to split a hair, to be very sharp.

Hender per la génte, to make one's way through a throng of people Henderse, v. r. to cleave asunder, to split.

HENDIBLE, adj. that may be cracked, split, and clove asun-

HENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. cleaving afunder, splitting, cra-

HENDRI'JA, f f. a cranny, a little chink.

HENIL, f. m. a hay-loft to keep hay in.

HE'NO, f. m. hay. HENO'GIL, f. m. a garter.

HEnIR, v. a. to knead dough.

HEP

HEPATICA, f. f. the herb liver-

HEPATI'CO, adj. hepatick, belonging to the liver.

HEPTA'GONO, f. m. a figure with seven angles.

HEPTAMERO'N, f. m. a work of feven days, or feven parts.

HER

HE'R , v. a. rustick , for Hacer. HERA'LDICO, adj. belonging to an herald. HERA'LDO, f. m. an herald at

HERBA'GE, f. m. grafs, pasture,

HERBAGE'RO, f. m. the person who rents the pasture.

HERBA'JAR, v.n. to put the sheep to grafs.

HERBA'X, f. m. a kind of cloth

HERBAZA'L, f. m. the place where the grass is to feed the cartle.

HERBE'RA, f. f. an herb - wo-

HERBE'RO, f m. a man that fells herbs; also the guilet or throat.

HERBOLA'RIO, f. m. an herbal; also an herbalist or botanist.

HERBO'SO, adj. full of grass. HERCU'LEO, adj. Herculean, fo arduous as not to be done, fubdued, or overcome, but with fuch strength of body or mind as Hercules had.

HERCU'LES, f. m. epilepfy, a disease so called.

HEREDA'BLE, adj. hereditable, inheritable.

HEREDA'D, f. f. inheritance. estate, farm,

Prov. Quien pequeña heredad tiéne. a passes la mide, he who has a small estate, measures it by paces; thas is, a short horse is foon curried.

HEREDA'BO, f. m. he who has inherited; he who has an ef-

HEREDAMIE'NTO, f. m. inheritance.

HEREDA'R, v. a. to inherit.

Prov. Quien no hereda no médra, he who does not inherit, does not thrive; it is good to be akin to an estate.

Prov. Quien heréda no hurta. he who inherits, does not steal. This they say of one that has inherited fome ill quality from ha parents.

HEREDE'RO, f. m. an heir.

Heredéros, f. m. pl. they call those fo that fell wine of their own growth.

HEREDITA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to an inheritance.

HEREDITARIAME'NTE, adv. hereditarily, by inheritance.

HERE'GE, f. m. an heretick, one that obfinately holds erro-

neous opinious in matters of faith.

HER

HEREGIA, f. f. herefy, obstinate error in matters of faith.

HEREJO'IE, f. m. sugm. of herége.

HERE'NCI'A, f. f. inheritance. HERESIA'RCA, f. m. an herefiarch, an arch-heretick, one that starts and propagates a new he-

HERETICA'L, adj. belonging to an herefy.

WERETICA'R, v. n. to be erroneous or obfinate in manees of faith.

MERE'TICO, adj. of, or belonging to an heretick.

HE'RIA, f. f. wandering or firelling.

HERI'DA, f. f. a wound.

Herida de las álas, the clapping of the wings.

Herida, in falcoury, it is when the hawk brings down the partridgé at the first flight, which they call cogér de herida.

EERI'DO, adj. bloody, cruel. HERIDO'R, f. m. one that wounds or firikes.

HERIMIE'NTO, f. m. a wougding or Striking,

HERIR, v. 2, to wound, to

Heilr de panta, to thrust with a weapon; to touch one to the quick; to murder one's repu-

Berir la suérda, in music, to touch or strike the string, and make it found.

HERMA'NA, f. f. a fifter: Incant, a sbirt.

Prima hermano, a coufin-germani Herminas , in cans , the cars.

#ERMANA'BLE, adj. brotherly: HERMANABLEME'NTE, adv. brotherly.

HERMANAL, adj. belonging to

HERMANA'R, v, a. to match, to

Hermanarfe, v. r. to join in friendship, or league, like fworm broshers and fifters.

HERMAN. LGO, C. m. brotherbood.

HERMANDA'D, f. f. brother- ! hood.

La santa hermanded, a brotherhood, formerly instituted in times of great confusions to suppress robbers, and continued to this day.

HERMANEA'R, v. a. to use one like a brother.

HERMANILO, If. m. a little brother.

HERMA'NO. f. m. a brother.

Hermano del trabajo, a loving name to call a porter by.

HERMAPHRODITA, f. m. an hermaphrodire.

HERMOSAME'NTE, adv. beautifully.

HERMOSE'AR, v. a. to beauti-

HERMOSI'TO adv. pretty, little and beautiful, indifferent beauti-

HERMO'SO, adj. beantiful. HERMOSU'RA, f. f. beauty.

HE'RNIA, f. f. burfting, ruptu-

MERNISTA, f. m. the furgeon that chiefly professes to cure rup-

HERO'E, f. m. a hero, a demi-

HEROICAME'NTE, adv. heroically.

HEROICIDA'D, f. f. the heroical virtue, or beavery.

HERO'ICO, adj. heroical, brave, worthy, renowned, notable.

Heróico verso, heroick verse. HEROI'NA, C. f. becoine.

HEROI'SMO, f. m. heroism., the quality, or qualities, which conftitute, a hero.

HE RPES, f. m. a kind of inflammation.

HERRA'DA , f. f. pail , bucker. MERRADE'RO, f. m. the place where the cattle are marked with

HERRA'DO, adj. shod., bound with iron.

HERRADO'R, f. m. a finkh that shoes horfes.

Hereador de pipas, he that puts iron hoops about casks.

HERRADURA, f. f. a horsespoc^r

HERRA GE , f. m. iron-work. HERRAMENTAL, f. m. the fireer where the facriers live, or the farrier.

HERRAMIE'NTA, f. f. en iron-

HERRA'R, v. a. to put iron.on any work; also to shoe the beaffs.

Herrar los zapatos, to drive the shoes full of hob-nails.

Herrar efclavos, to mark flaves with a hot iron.

HERRE'N, f. m. mastin, a mixture of grain, which they commonly give to cattle.

HERREALL, f. m. a field fowed with mastin, or a mixture of Everal forts of grain.

HERRERIA, f. f. a smith's shop; also smith's work; also a great noise and confusion.

Herrerlas, f. f. pl. iron-works, where they melt and east the iron into bars.

HERRE'RO, f. m. a blackf-

HERRERUE'LO, f. m. vide FER-RERUE'LO.

Herreruélos cabállos, horse that served with firelocks, piffols, and battle-axes; a fort of heavy horfe.

HERRE'TE, f. m. a tag of a point, lase, or the like.

HERRO'JO, f. m. an iron belt. HERRO'N, f. m. a feet of sport; quoits.

HERRONA'DA, f. f. a ffroke of a cock's spur, or the talons of any bird; a hawk's pouncing. HERRUMBRE, f. f. the drofs, scales, or rust of iron.

HERRUMBRO'SO, adj. of, oa belonging to scales or drofs.

HERVATU, f. m. the herb called heg's - feanel, fulphurwort, or hair-frong.

HERVE'RO, C. m. the throat, the guller.

HERVIDE'RO, f. m. the fwarming of lice, maggots, or the

Hervideto , f. m. the noise which the water makes when it boils. HERVIE'NTE, adj. fervent hor boiling.

ACEPA, & a. 10 WA ; 10 .

Mirror on picture, to forme with liene.

How is finge, to be her, eager, sufficie.

EIIFUR, f. m. beiling , heat,

HERFOROSO, all ferroson, her, antone, eager.

H E S

HESITACION, C.f. doele, heficzion.

HESITAR, v. a. to before.

HET

HETEROCLITO, adj. declined irregularly, or our of the common rule,

HETERODO'XO, adj. that is contrary to the received opinion, heterodox.

HETEROGENE'O, adj. of another kind.

METEROSCIOS, f. m. pl. the heteroscians; those whose shadows fall only one way, as the shadows of us who live north of the tropick fall at noon always to the north.

HETICA, f. f. a confumption,
HETICO, adj. hetick, hedical.
Caballo hético, a raw-bone horse.
HETISTA, f. f. vide HETICA.
HETRIA, f. f. obf. fignifies a
medley, confusion, diforder.

HEX

HEXACORDO, f. m. an hexachord, or fixth in mulic.
HEXAGONO, f. m. a figure in geometry with fix angles.

HEXAMETRO, f. sn. a bexameter, a verse of fix seet.

HEXA'PEDA, f. f. a measure consisting of fix feet.

HEXA'PODO, f. m. an animal of fix feet.

HEXASTICO, f. m. a pocm of fix hace.

HEZ

HEZ, C.f. the deeps of oil, the

bee of wise, the primary, so, furthered of our solve season ; Le der angular, the state of the people, the work of the make,

HID

RI

MI, for MUO, f. on at, h. de pass, fon of a whose. M. de pass, an ineccipation of approbution.

RIB

HIBURA , C. E. a flort of modicinal back.

HIC

HICOCE'RPO, f. m. a flag beerded like a goar; a chimera, a vala flagy.

HID

HIDALGAME'NTE, edv. genteelly, gentleman-like.

HIDALGARSE, v. r. to play the gentleman, to affect gentleman, to affect gentleman.

HIDALGO, f. m. a gentleman, a perfon wellborn.

Hiddigo de folde, a gentleman of an ancient house.

Hiddigo de executória, a gentleman that has proved his gentility in open court, and has authentick deeds and decrees of court to show for it.

Hidalgo de privilégio, he 'that has been ennobled by the king for his good fervices, or that has bought his gentility.

Hiddigo de devengår quintintes fulidies, this is understund three several ways; first, that if a gentlumun had wrong done thim by another, he might have a fine of 40% fulldus laid upon his adversary, to make him fatiosation; whereas he who was not an hiddige, could have but 300 allowed him; secondly, some will have it to be a tirle given to those gentlemen who were at the baste of Claviso, when the Spaniards routed a vast army of Mores and delivered chemistres from the scibute they before paid

Shink the this time is a hour with a single built of the contract of the contr

Simmer of a control of the city of the control of t

Marier view on printer, as Milit a general of that I that Is a no posterior, as make, as build, and derroy

Middle do he castle advance a gentleman within the found mild prothe they call one who can only proof gentlity the twenty years pail is who therefore enjoys the fail priwho cally within his town, butnot our of it.

MIDALGON, S. m. and of he

HID-41 GO'TK, f.m. a gentleman of low degree.

HIDALGUR'IO, & f. m. a pass, in the high alguments, and the supplies of the su

HIDALGUIA, C. S. gentry | gen-

HIDEPUTA, C. m. fon of a

III'DRA, f f. a minfler with fiven heads, defining by Herri-

III'I)RIA, C. C. a phohas to hold

III))ICOGRAPHI'A, f. f. hydrygruphy, the delenymen of wetero.

pere.

IIIIMOMANCIA, f f hydromancy, sermacian by water.

IIIIIMOPESIA, f. t. the soluble collect the droppy.

HIDROPICO, atj. toophed.

MIR

HIE'DRA, S S. WY.

L Z 1

Hil'L, f. f. the gall; adverfity.

Hiel de la tiérra, the leffer centaury,
an herb so called.

No tenér hiél, to have no gall, to be all meekness.

Dar a beber hiel, to give a man gall to drink, to afflict, to trouble, to thwart him.

HIL'LO, f. m. freft.

HIE'LTRO, f. m. obf. vide FIE'L-TRO.

HIE'MA, f. m. the yolk of an egg; the bud of a tree; the first wine that comes from the grape; the end or top of the finger; the dead of winter.

HIERARCHA, f. m. a hierarch, the chief of a facred order.

HIERARCHI'A, f. f. hierarchy, the ecclefiaftical flate, order, or government.

HIERA'RCHICO, adj. hierarchical, belonging to facred or ecclefiaftical government.

HIERBA, f. f. herb, one of those plants whose stalks are soft and have nothing woody in them, herbage, grass, herbs comedively, passure, the common herbage of fields in which cattle feed.

HIERNALME'NTE, adv. after the mander of a fon-in-law.

HIERNA'R, v. n. to force one to be a fon-in-law.

HIERNO, G. m. a fon-in-law.

HIEROGLIPHICAMENTE, adv. hierogriphically, emblematically. HIEROGLI'PHICO, f. m. an hie-

roglyphick, representation of things.

HIE'RRO, f. m. iron: an iron tool, a fword.

Lo harê de mi hiêrro , I will fee my mark on it.

Hierro de fuego, a marking-iron for cattle, or the like.

Mierros de pôto, an iron with three hooks to put down into a well to fetch up anything that is drope in.

Tenér a uno en hiérros, to keep a man in igons or fetters.

Quien a hierro mana, a hierro muere, he who kills by the fword, dies by the fword.

Prov. Ilevár hiérro a Bifedya, to earry iron to Bifeay; that is, to earry coals to Newcasse.

Cargádo de hiérro, cargádo de miédo, loaded with iron, loaded with fear : that is, he who loads him-felf with armound and weapons against danger; discovers he is much afraid.

Prov. Quando el hierro esta encendido, enténces ha de ser batido, you must strike whilst the iron is bot.

HIE'RTO, adj. vide YE'RTO. HIESSAL, f. m. vide HYES-SAL.

HIESSO, f. vide HYESSO.

HIG

HI'GA, f. f. a little hand made of jet, which they hang about children to keep them from evil eyes; a superfittious custom.

Higa, f. f. a manner of scoffing at people, which confists in showing the thumb between the first and second finger, closing the fist, and pointing at the person whom we want to give this hateful mark of contempt.

Dar una higa, to put one's hand forth in contempt of another.

HIGADE'LA, f. f. the herb liver-

HIGADILLA, f. m. a little fiver-HIGADI'LLO, f. m the liver of birds in general.

H1'GADO, f. m. the liver.

Tener higado, to have courage or resolution.

Echár los higados, to labour unreafonably to compaís any thing; alfo to spew one's heart up.

Tenér málos higados, to be ill inclined.

Prov. Lo que es buéno para el higado, es malo para el baço, what is good for the liver is bad for the melt. That which does good to one, hurts another.,

HI'GO, f. m. a fig. It is also taken for the piles or hemorrhoids.

HIGUE'RA, f. f. a fig-tree: they also give this name to the plant called palma Christi.

Higuera loca, the sycamore-tree; the wild fig-tree.

Higuéra del infiérno, the herb called fourge,

HIGUERA'L, f. m. an orchard of figtrees.

HIGUE'RO, f. m. a large tree in New Spain.

HIJ

HIJA, f. f. a daughter. Hija dálgo, a gentlewofnan. HIJA'DA, f. f. the flank.

Mal de hijada, a pleurisy.

HIJADEA'R, v. a. to pant, to blow hard in the flank, as a horse does.

HIJA'R, f. m. the hollow that is in the animal's fide.

HIJA'STRA, f. f. a step-daughter.

HIJA'STRO, f. m. a step-son. HIJE'ZNO, f. m. the young of any bird.

HUFTO, f. m. diminutive of hijo.

HI'JO, f. m. a for.

Hijo de la gaillud blanca, a whiteboy, a favourite, a darling; also a fortunate man.

Hijo legitimo, a fon lawfully begotten.

Hijo natural, cfpurio, or baftardo, a baftard fos.

Hljo primogénito, the first begatten fon.

Hijo adopilvo, an adoptive son. Hijo espiritual, a spiritual son.

Hijo postumo, a posthumous son; one born after his father's death.

Hijos, are also the young shoots.

that sprout out of trees.

HIJODA'LGO, f. m. vide HIDALGO.

HUUL'LA, f. f. a little daughter; also a kind of mattrass or mattress; it is also a small linen cloth used by the priest at the altar to wipe the chalice.

Hijuetas, small trenches cut in the fields for water to run out.

HIJUE'LO, s. m. a little fon.

HIL.

HI'LA, f. f. lint made of linen puch as furgeons use; also a row, a rank.

HILACHA, f. f. a ravelling thread,

HILA'DA, f. f. a row, a rank; also a spinning.

HILADILLO, f. m. coarse silk spun.

HILADO, f. m. what has been found confidered in the lump or altogether.

HILADO'R, f. m. a man that fpins.

HILANDE'RA, f. f. a spinster. HILA'NDRIAS, f. f. pl. vide FI-LA'NDRIAS.

HILA'R, v. a. to spin.

HILARA'CHA, f. f. a ravelling thread.

HILAZA, f. f. the thread in any thing that is wove; any threads; fmall firings; also the lees of wine or the like.

HILE'RA, f. f. a rank.

HILICO, (f. m. a little thre-HILILLO, ad.

HILLA'DA, f. f. vide HILA-DA.

HPLO, f. m. thread; also a line, row, or rank. -

Hilo de acarréto, pack-thread.

Hilo bramante, pack-thread.

Hills de cánamo, a hempen thread. Hills de génte, a row or parcel of people going one after another.

Hilo de pérlas, a string of pearls. Hilo de pláta, silver thread.

And at hilo de la génte, to go after the multitude, to follow the people, to do as others do.

Colgár de un hilo, to hang by a thread; that is, to have small, hopes.

Prov. Por et hilo fe faca et ovillo, the thread leads to the bottom. We may guess at a great deal by a little.

Prov. El hilo por lo mas delgido quiebra, the thread breaks in the thinness place. All misfortunes fall upon the weakest; the weakest goes to the wall.

HILVAN, f. m. the baffing of cloth together before it is sewed.

BILVANA'R, v. a. to baste down before sewing.

HIM

MANOYO, E. m. a fong of piety.

HIN

HINCAPIE of, m. a thing to reft or fland faft against; to fix the foot against; also the action of setting the foot faft against any thing. HINCA'R. v. a. to thrust in.

HINCA'R, v. a. to thrust in, to stick fast in, to drive in, to fasten.

Hincárfe de rodillas, v. r. to kneel down.

HINCAROME'RO, f. m. a flick with a sharp point to thrust into the ground for planting of rosemary, or any other thing.

HPNCHA, f. f. hatred, envy, enmity.

HINCHADAME'NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily, puffed up with pride.

HINCHA'DO, adj. metaph. proud, haughty.

HINCHADURA, f. f. a fwelling.

HINCHAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem.
HINCHA'R, v. n. to fwell, to
puff up.

Hincharfe, v. r. to be swelled or inflated.

HINCHAZO'N, f. m. fwelling;

HINCHAZONCI'LLA, f. f. a little fwelling.
HINCHI'R, v. a to fill.

HINIE'STRA, f. f. a window.
HINO'JO, f. m. the plant feanel;
also a knee.

Hinojo marinoi, f. m. famphire. HINTE'RO, f. m. a trough to knead dough in.

HIB

HIMIE'STA, f. f. a broom.

HLPA'N, v. n. to hickup.

HIP

HIPO, f. m. the hickup.

Hipo, f. m. anger, enmiry, rage.

Tiène un hipo con futano, he is angry with fuch a one.

HIPOCENTAU'RO, f. m. a monfter imagined by poets to be half

a, man and half.a. horfe.

HIPOCRYPHO, f. m. a fabulous monfter feigned by poets to be half an horse and half a griffin.

HIPOMA'NES, f. m. an amatory poison mentioned by Roman writers.

HIPOPO TAMO, f. m. hippopotamus, the river-horse, an animal found in the Nile.

HIR

HIRA'RA, f. f. a beaft in Brafil like a civet-cat.

HIRCO, f. m. an he-goat.

HIRSUTO, adj. hairy.

HIRVIE'NTE, adj. boiling hot, fervent.

HIS

HFSCA, f. f. bird-lime.
HISCAL, f. f. a three-firand
rope.

HISPANISMO, f. m. a Spanicifm, a Spanish idiom.

HISPA'NO, f. m. a Spaniard.

HISTO'RIA, f. f. a history; also a history-piece; a picture representing any memorable event.

Meterfe en historias, to meddle with any thing we understand nor, or that does not belong to us.

HISTORIADO'R, f. m. historian, historian,

HISTORIA'L, f. m. obf. an historian.

Historial, adj. of, or belonging to history.

HISTORIA'R, v. a. to compose or write histories; to paint history-pieces.

HISTORICAME'NTE, adv. hiftorically, in the manner of hiftory.

HISTO'RICO, f. m. an histo-

Historice, adj. of, or belonging, to an history.

HISTORIO'GRAPHO, C m. anhistoriographer, one that writes. histories.

Historiographo, adj. belonging to writing of histories.

HISTRIO'N, f. m. an actor, an player.

HISTRIONICO, adj, belonging to see actor.

HISTRIONI'SA, f. f. an actrefs.

HIT

HITA, f. f. a nail without a head. HITO, adj. black; speaking of

Hito, f. m. a mark, the white to shoot at; the pin to quoit at.

Jugár al hito, to play at quoits. Mudar hito, to change once mind.

Dar en el hico, so bit the mark in shooting, or to pitch upon the pin at quoits.

Mirar de hito en hito, to look ear-

neftly upon.

Tirár en des hitos, to aim at two things, that if one fails the other may hit; to have two firings to one's bow.

HIZ

-HIZAR, v. a. to hoife.

HOB

HOBACHON, & f. m. a great ja-HOBACHON, & de of a hand unfit for fervice; a great lazy fel-

HOC

HOCE, f. f. vide HOZ. HOCECPLLA, f. f. a fickle. HOCICADA, f. f. a blow with the fnout.

HOCICA'R, v. a. to muzzle, to turn up with the snout," to strike or rub with the snout; ironically, to kifs.

HOCFCO, f. m. the shout of any beaft, or great sticking-out lips in man or woman.

HOCICUDO, adj. that has a fnout.

MOCINA, f. f. (a hook or bill to HOCI'NO, f. m. / lop trees; it is alfo on orchard on the fide of a final narrow bottom between two

HOCIQUELLO, f. m. a little Inout.

HOG

HOGA'nO, adv. this year.

Prov. Enlos nidos de antáno no hay paxaros hogiño, in the nest of last year there is no bird this year; applied to those who are in pursuit of any thing at an unseasonable time; not much unlike our faying, you are come a day after the fair.

HOGAR, f. m. the hearth, the chimney, or any place to make

HOGA'ZA, f. f. a loaf, a cake. HOGUE'RA, f. f. a bonfire.

нол

HO'JA, f. f. a leaf of a tree or herh; a thin plate of metal; a fword-blade; a sheet of paper; a leaf of a book.

Hója de láta, tin, fuch as we make lanthorns, pots, and other things ρf.

Hója de milán, idem.

Hója de óro, leaf-gold to gild with. Hója rayada, a leaf full of fibres. Ser todo hoja fin fruto, all leaf and no fruit; all shew and no fubfiance; all talk and no doing.

Al caér de la hója, at the fall of the leaf; in autumn.

Temblár como hojá en arbol, tomuske like a leaf on the tree.

Vine de tres 6 quatre hojas, wine three or four years old.

Volvér la hója, to turn over a new leaf, to take another course.

Prov. Tras esta hója buelve ótra. after this leaf another comes up; that is, after ill luck comes up good.

HOJALDRA'R, v. a. to make puff-pafte.

HOJA'LDRE, f. m. puff-pafte.

HOJARA'SCA, f. f. the withered leaves fallen from the trees; also any thing ufelefs; and among bullies, the fword.

HOJEA'R, v. a. to turn over the leaves of a book.

HOJECE'R; v. n. to bear leaves. HOJICA, f. f. a little leaf, or fwordblade,

HOJO'SO, adj. full of leaves, leafy.

HOJUE'LA, f. f. a pancake or a fine puff-palte cake; also a little leaf.

Hojulia de plása, leaf-filver; alfa tinsel,

HOL

HO'LA, interj. a voice of call, as ho, hey.

HOLA'N, f. m. cambrick, Holland.

HOLANDA, f. f. Holland cloth or linen.

HOLANDILLA, f. f. a fligt fort

of Holland. HOLGADAME'NTE , adv. quietly, merrily; also spaciously, lar-

gely. HOLGA'NZA, f. f. reft, case,

pleafure.

HOLGA'R, v. a. to reft, to be idle, to take one's pleasure to make merry, to rejoice, to be glad.

Holgar de fiefta, to keep holiday, not to work.

Irfe a holgár, to go abroad to divert one's felf.

Holgdrie de una cofa, to be glad, to rejoice at any thing.

Andár holgádo en la haciénda, to be well to pais, to have plenty.

Trahér holgado el vestido ó el zapáto, to wear one's cloaths or shoes big enough not to be pinched in them.

HOLGAZA'N, f. m. an idle fel-

HOLGAZANEAR, v. n. to be idle, flothful, to be a vagabond.

HOLGAZAMAME'NTE, adv. idly.

HOLGAZANERIA, f. f. idle-

HOIGAZA'R, v. a. vide HOL-GAZANEA'R.

HOLGIN, adj. belonging, 10 2 witch.

HOLGO'N; f. m. a merry fellow.

HOLGO'RIO, f. m. mirth, merry. making, reft, ease, joy, pleasure, diversion.

HOLGUE'TA, (f. f. reft, eafe, HOLGU'RA, merry-making, joy, pleafure, diversion.

HOLLADU'RA, f. f. a treading. or trampling.

HOLLA'R, v. a. to tread, to trample.

Mollár à stre, to use a man ill, to trample on him.

Mollarse bien ana persona, to make much of one's self.

Camino hollado, the beaten road. HOLLE'JA, f. f. the skin a snake cafts.

HOLLE'JO, f. m. the skin, husk, or cod of fruit that is not pased; as grapes, currants, goosberries, or the like.

HOLLI'N, f. m. foot HOLLINIE'NTO, adj. foory. HOLOCAUSTO, f. m. a busntoffering or facrifice.

H O M

HOMARRA'CHE, f. m., one that is difguised in ridiculous or hideous habit, and goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

HOMBRACHO, C. m. a great lufty man.

HO'MBRE, f. m. a man.

Hómbre buéno, a yeoman, one below a gentleman.

Hombre de monte y ribera, a man for the mountain and the shore; that is, a man fit for any busi-

Mi hombre, so some women among the meaner fore call their husbands.

Ser muy hombre, to be much a men. to be brave.

Es ya hómbre, he is now a man. be is grown a man. .

Na serbis hómbre pára hacts tal cósa. you are not a man enough to do fuch a thing, you have not the courage. It is calling a man coward.

No iingo hómbre, I have no man, I have no body to take my part, to affift or defend the.

Me hay hambre con hombre, there are not two men left together, they are all dispersed and scattesed; also there are not two of she fame mind, they are all at wariance, they all differ, or difagpec.

Bisos. himbres , were formerly men

of the first rank and quality, before is was grown so frequent to distinguish them by the titles now wied of dukes, earls, &c. Hómbre de cápa y espáda, a man

that wears a clock and fword; that is; one of the better fort. Hombre de pelo en pecho, a man of

worth, a flaid, fober man.

Hómbre apercebido vále por dos, a man prepared is worth two.

Hombre apercebido médi combando, a man that is prepared, has half the battle over.

HOMBREA'R, v. q. to push with the shoulders; also to make one's Telf equal to another.

Hombredr, v. n. (Speaking of youth) to behave like a man.

HOMBRECILLO, f. m. pl. the plant called hop, afed to brew beer.

Hombredllo , f. m. a little dwarf ; a pitiful fellow.

HOMBRI'LLO, f. m. a shoulderstrap in a shirt.

HO'MBRO, f. m. a shoulder. Hómbro con hómbro, shoulder by

shoulder; check by jowl. Llevár en hómbros, to carry on the shoulders.

Arrimár el hómbro, to suppost. Levaniado de hómbres, high-shouldered; looked upon to betoken haughtiness and courage.

Derrocado de hómbros, low in the shoulders, which they count a fign of a flowenly and faint-hearred fellow.

HOMBRO'N, f. m. a great big man.

HOMBRU'NO, adj. manish. Muyer hombrina, a great manly wo-

HO'ME, f. m. obf. vide HO'M-

HOMECILLO, f. m. obf. murder ; from the Latin homividium ; but in the ancient laws called de la parilda; it is also taken for a quarrel, fray, or contention. HOMENA'GE, , f. m. home-HOMENA'IE ,

Torre del homenoge, the chief, or highest sower.

HOMICIANO, f. . obf. a murderer.

HOMICIDA, f. m. a murderet. HOMICI'DIO, f. m. murder, killing of a man.

HOMILIA, f. f. an homily, a more familiar speech to the people than a sermon.

HOMILIA'RIO, f. m. the book of homilies.

HOMILI'STA, f. m. a composer of homilies.

HOMINICA'CO, f. m. a little mean coward.

HOMOGENEIDAD, f. f. uniformity, fimilitude, homogeneity, participation of the same principle or nature; similitude of kind. HOMOGE'NEO, adj, of one kind. homogeneal or homogeneous, of the same nature or principles.

HOMO'LOGO, adj. like one angther in reason or name; homologons, having the same manner or proportion_

HOR

HONCIGUE'RA, & f. f. a gin to HONCHE'RA, (casch birds. HO'NDA, f. f. a fling to caft Ropes,

HONDAME'NTE , adv. deeply. Hondomente, Sagaciously, accurately. dexteroudy.

HONDA'RRAS, f. f. pl the dregs. or less of any thing,

HONDA'ZO, f. m. a cast of a

HONDBADO'R , f. m. a stinger. HONDEA'R, v. a. to Hing. HONDE'RO, f. m. a flinger.

HONDALLOS, f. m. the feating of breeches.

HO'NDO, adi. deep.

HONDO'N, f. m. the bottom; alfor the lees of any thing; also a very desp place; any hole or cavity.

Prov. Adó facán y no pon , préfice llegan al hondon, where they take: out, and do not put in, they: foon come to the bottom.

HONDONA'DA, L'E depth, profuadity.

HONDONE'RO, adj. that is deep. HONDURA, f. f. depth. HONESTA'D, f. f. honesty.

HONESTAME'NTE, adv., mo-

deftly, decently.

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HONESTA'R, v. a. to honour, to give reputation to; also to excuse any action.

HONESTIDA'D, f. f. modefly. decency, probity of life.

HONE'STO, adj. modeft, courteous, well-behaved, virtuous; speaking of the price in buying and felling, reasonable, moderate, middling.

HONGA'R, f. m. a spot of ground where mushrooms grow.

HO'NGO, f. m. mushroom.

Hongo de árbol que sirve de yesca, founk that grows in trees, used instead of tinder.

Hongo pece, a sea-fish so called. HONGO'SO, adj. full of mushrooms.

HONO'R, f. m. honour.

Prov. El dar es honor, y el pedir dolor, to give is an honour, to ask is a forrow.

Prov. Entonces perdi mi honor, quando dixe mal y ol peor, I then loft my honour, when I spoke ill, and heard worse. This is common among women, who giving ill language, provoke others to fay what is to their dishonour.

HONORA'BLE, adj. honourable. HONORABLEME'NTE, adv. honourably.

HONORARI'O, adj. honorary, that may be honoured, pertaining to honour.

Empleo honorário, an honorary employment, conferring honour without gain.

HONORIFICAME'NTE . adv. honourably, with honour.

HONORIFICE'NCIA, f. f. worship, honour.

HONORIFICO, adj. honourable. HO'NRA, f. f. honour, respect, - reverence, due veneration; also dignity, reputation, fame; chaftity among women; any favour granted.

Hónras, pl. the payement or the last honours to the dead; funerals.

HONRADAME'NTE, adv. ho-

HONRADE'Z, f. f. integrity, probity, honesty.

HONRA'DO, adj. honourable, honest, good, and just.

HONRADOR, f. m. one that honours others.

HONRA'R, v. a. to honour, to respect; to favour, to protect, to raile to greatnels; to praise.

HONRILLA, f. f. impertinent niceties in point of honour.

HONROSAME'NTE, adv. honourably.

HONRO'SO, adj. honourable. HONRU'DO, adj. tenacious of honour.

HONSA'RIO, f. m. obs. one who digs.

HONTANA'LES, f. m. pl. feafts dedicated to the fountains or wells.

H O P

HO'PA, f. f. a tunick or close coat, wore down to the ankles by the Romans.

HOPALA'NDA, f. f. a tunick or close coat with a long train

HOPEAR, v. n. to wag the tail.

HO'PO, f. m. a tuft, or fuch like thing; as a fox-tail, or fuch other. In cant, the welt of the

Sudár el hópo, to sweat at the tail; that is; to labour under fome great difficulty.

Seguir el hópo to pursue one. Vólver el hópo, to escape, to fly.

H O Q

HO'QUE, f. m. a bribe.

H O R

HO'RA, f. f. an hour; also a particular time.

Hóra, adv. now.

Hóras canónicas, the set time for the clergy to fay their office.

Hóras, pl. any little prayer-book, but particularly that in which is the office of the bleffed Virgin. A la hóra, now, directly. Llegàr la hósa, to die.

HORADA'R, v. a. to pierce, to

Mugér horadoda, a woman that has been debauched.

HORA'DO, f. m. a hole in a wall.

HORA'RIO, adj. horary, costinuing for an hour.

HO'RCA, f. f. a gallows, a prong, a fork, a forked flick; a crafty, doublehearted knave.

Señor de hórca y cuchilla, an absolute lord in a country.

Hópea de ájos, a rope of garlick.

Prov. Mostrár priméro la hórca que el lugár, to show the gallows before the town; that is, to thwart and vex a man before doing him a kindness.

HORCAJADILLAS, 2s, I & horcajadillas, to ride astride.

HORCAJADU'RA, f. f. the forked part of a man, the part where he begins to be forked,

HORCA'JO, f. m. a fork, a prong. HORCA'R, v. a. wide AHOR-CA'R.

HORCA'TE, f. m. a fork with two prongs.

HORCHA'TA, f. f. a dish made of the feeds of musk-melons and pompkins with almonds mashed, the juice of which being extraded and sweetened with sugar, is very agreeable.

HO'RCO, f. m. a rope of onions. HORCO'N, f. m. a great fork. HORDIA'TE, f. m. barley unhusked, and fodden in water; barley-broth.

HORIZONTA'L, adj. horizontal. HORIZO'NTE, f. m. horizon, the line that terminates the view.

HO'RMA, f. f. a shoe - maker's

Hallado ha horma de su zapato, he has found a last to his shoe; that is, he has met with his match. HORMENTO, f. m. leaven.

HORME'RO, f. m. one who makes lasts for shoes.

HORMI'GA, f. f. an ant, a pismire. In cant, a die.

HORMI'GO, f. m. a fort of mels they make to eat on fasting days. HORMIGO'N, f. m. a fort of plaster.

HORMIGUBAR

HORMIGUEAR, v. n. to smart as the blood does in one's body like the flinging of ant's.

HORMIGUE'RO, f. m. in cant, the thief who steals a thing of little value.

Hormiguero, f. m. an ant-hill; a concourse of people.

HORMIGUI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of hormiga, a finall ant.

HORMIGUI'LLO, f. m. a distemper in beafts, which destroys and wastes their hoof.

HORMILLA, f. f. a little last. HORNABE'QUE, f. m. a hornwork, a kind of angular fortification.

HORNA'CHO, f. m. a cave. HORNACHUE'LA, f. f. a bole in a wall.

HORNADA, f. f. an oven full. HORNAGE, f. m. the value or price given for baking meat, bread, &c.

HORNAGUEA'R, v. a. to dig the ground in order to make turf, or fossile coals.

HORNAGUE'RA, f. f. turf or fossile coals.

HORNA'ZA, f. f. a furnace to melt metal in.

HORNA'ZO, f. m. a fort of rich

HORNEA'R, v. a. to fet bread in the oven.

HORNECI'NO, f. m. a bastard

HORNE'RA, f. f. a woman baker. Prov. No seais hornéra, si tenéis. la cabéza de mantéca, do not undertake to be a baker, if your head is made of butter; do not take upon you any business you are unfit for.

HORNERIA, f. f. the trade or art of a baker.

HORNE'RO, f. m. a baker.

HORNIJA, s. f. a bavin to heat the oven.

HORNILLA, f. f. a kind of chafing-dish.

HORNI'LLO, f. m. a little oven; in fortification, a furneau, the chamber of a mine.

HO'RNO, f. m. an oven; in cant, a dungeon.

Borno de cal, a lime-kiln. Tom. I.

Hórno de vidrio, a glass-house. where glass is made.

HOR

HOROSCO'PO, f. m. horoscope. HORQUI'LLA, f. f. a little fork or prong; a rest for a musker; also the cleaving of the ends of hair when it is too long.

HORRE'NDO, 2dj. horrid, dreadful, ugly, hideous, frightful.

HO'RREO, f. m. a granary. HORRE'RO, f. m. a granarykeeper.

HORRIBLE, adj. horrible, frightful, dreadful, ugly.

HORRIBLEME'NTE, adv. horribly, dreadfully.

HO'RRIDO, adj. horrid, dreadful, hideous.

HORRIFICO, adj. dreadful, ter-

HORRISONO, adj. that has a dreadful found.

HORRO, adj. free, that has been a slave and is made free.

Ir horros en el juego, to save one's flakes in play.

HORRO'R, f. m. horror, terror, fright, dread.

HORRORO'SO, adj. dreadful, horrible, frightful.

HORRURA, S. f. filth, naftiness; also the dross of metal.

HORTA'L, f. m. a kitchen-garden. HORTALIZA, f. f. all gardenware, wholesome herbs to be eaten, or for the pot.

HORTELA'NO, f. m. a gardener HORTE'RA, f. f. a wooden dish; also a round piece of wood spinners clap on the spindle to make it weigh, that it may turn the better. HORTI'GA, s. f. a nettle.

Hortiga muérta, a nettle that cannot fling; the herb archangel.

HORTIGA'R, v. a. to nettle, to fling with a nettle.

HORTIGUILLA, f. f. an herb called dogs mercury . French mercury.

HOS

HOS'CO, adj. brown, dark coloured, dun coloured; also lousing of countenance, stern aspect. Thro hofeo, a fierce looking bull. HOSPEDA'BLE, adj. hospitable.

HOSPEDABLEME'NTE, f. m. hospitably.

HOSPEDADO'R, f. m. one who receives or entertains guests in an. hospitable manner.

HOSPEDA'GE, f. m. the act of hospitality, of lodging or entertaining of guests.

Buén or mal hospedáge, good, or bad entertainment.

HOSPEDA'L, f. m. vide HOS-PITA'L.

HOSPEDAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of hospitality, of lodging, or entertaining of guels.

HOSPEDA'R, v. a. to entertain, to lodge as a guest.

HOSPEDERI'A, f. f. a place to entertain strangers.

HOSPEDE'RO, f. m. one who receives or entertains guests in an hospitable manner.

HOSPI'CIO, f. m. a lodging for friends only in travelling; a little house of any religious order to entertain their brethren that travel HOSPITA'L, f. m. an hospital.

Hospitál, adj. hospitable.

HOSPITALE'RO, f. m. f. one who has the care of the hospital and the poor in it.

HOSPITALIDA'D, f. f. hofpitality.

HOSPITALME'NTE, adv. kindly, hospitably.

HO'SPI'TE infalutato, an adverbial phrase; without taking leave, with a French leave.

HOSQUI'LLO, adj. diminutive of hó∫co.

HOSTA'L, f. m. obf. an inn. HOSTALE'RO, f. m. an innkeeper.

HO'STE, f. m. obf. an army. HOSTERI'A, f. f. an inn.

HO'STIA, f. f. the facrifice offered, the wafer confectated at mais. HOSTIA'RIO, f. m. the box

to keep the wafers that are to be confectated.

HOSTIGAMIE'NTO, f. m. driving or forcing away, egging, beating on, chastifing.

HOSTIGAR, v. a. to drive or force away, to egg, bear, or fpur on; to chastise.

HOSTI'GO, f. m. a driving or

forcing away, beating, fourring on, chaftifing; also as much of a wall as the rain and wind beats on.

HOSTI'L, adj. hoshile, like an enemy.

HOSTILIDA'D, f. f. hoftliry, HOSTILIZA'R, v. n. to commit hoftliries.

HOSTILME'NTE, adv. hoffilely, like an enemy.

HOT

HO'TO, f. m. confidence on, reliance on.

Prov. En hôto del cônde, no mâtes el hômbre; que se morirá el cônde, y te pediran el hômbre; do not kill the man, confiding on the earl, for the earl will die, and you will be called to account for the man; that is, do no ill action confiding in the savour of a great man, for the great man may die and you will pay for all.

BOY

HOY, adv. to day. Write ox.

HO'YA, f. f. a grave to bury the dead; also any pit or deep place.

BOYA'DA, f. f. profundity, carvity, hollowness.*

HO'YO, f. m. pit, hole, den.

Prov. Hacer un hoyo para tapar

otro, to make a pit to fill up

another; to rob Peter to pay

Paul.

HOYO'SO, adj. pined, full of holes.

HOYEE'LO, f. m. a little pit, hole, or dent.

Jugar al hoyuelo, to play, at chuck-farting.

HOZ

HO'Z, f. m. a fickle to reap corn, also a narrow bottom hemmed in betwint two hills.

Entrárse de hóz y de coz, to come into a place abruptly, without saying by your leave.

HOZADURA, f. f. a grubbing or rutting the ground, as hogs do.

HOZA'R, v. n. to grub, to gut in the ground with the front, as hogs de.

HUC

HUCHA, f. f. a box with a flit to put money in; fuch as fervants put up in public houfes at Christmas, or are carried about to beg for the prifoners.

HUCHOHO^a, f. m. the word used by falconers to call down the hawk to the lure, when she rakes.

HU'CLA, f. f. obs. confidence, or truft reposed in another:

HUE

HUE'BRA, f. f. an acre of land, or as much as can be ploughed in a day by two oxen.

Huébra, f. f. a couple of mules; in cant, a pack of cards.

HUEBRA'R, v. a. obf. to plough the land.

HUEBRE'RO, f. m. the fervant who ploughs the land.

HUE'CA, f. f. the hollow of the

bone where the joint is.

HUE'CO, adj. hollow; also haugh-

ty, full of pride.

Hablar huseo, to talk loud, to make much noise, as hollow things do; to talk as old people do that have lost their reeth.

Pontrie huéco, to grow wain of proud.

HÜELFA'GO, f. m. the fickness among beafts and birds, which makes them breathe with much difficulty.

HUE'LGA, f. f. a merry-making, a merry-bout, a play day.

HUE'LGO, f. m. the breath, a man's wind,

Tomar huelgo, to take breath, to rest.

HUL'LLA, f. f. the print of a man's foot or of a beaft, track, footfep.

Sacar per la huella, to find out by the track.

HUE'LLO, f. m. the place where the foot treads.

Effelugar eiene mat huello porque es mui defigual, this place is very bad for walking, because the ground is uneven. HUEQUESITO, adj. diminutive. of hulco.

HUE'RCO, f. m. a bier on which they carry the dead to the grave. Obf. It is also taken for one that is always-lamenting.

HUE'RFANA, f. f. a female: osphan.

HUE'RFA'NO, f. m. an or-

HUE'RO, adj. addle, faid of an.

HUE'RTA, f. f. a kitchen - garden.

Prov. Huéres con palomár, paráyso terrendi, an orchard with a pigeon-house, is an earthly paradife.

HUE'RTO, f. m. an orchard, be kirchen-garden.

Hubitos penfiles, gardens on the tops of houses, high tetrals-walks.

Prov. Huerto fin água, cófa fin texádo mugér fin emór, y marido descuydádo, a garden without water, a house untiled, a wife without love, and a careless husband, are four things starkaought.

Prov. Hubto, y tubro, y mbzo, y pôtro, y mugér que mira mal, quierinfe father triuer, an orchard, a man that has but one eye, a fervant, a colt, and a fquinting woman, require art tomanage them.

HUE'SPED , f. m. hoft , land-lord; guest.

HUE'SPEDA, f. f. hoftels, landlady; a female gueft.

Prov. Hulipeds hirmijs, mal para la bilis, a beautiful landlady is bad for the puris. HUE'SSA, f. f. grave, ditch.

ρÌt.

Prov. El muerto en la huessa, el vivo a la messa, the dead mensa in the grave, and the living at the table. Though we be never so much concerned for the death of friends, they must go to the grave, and we must ear and drink. We must live by the living, and not by the dead.

HUESSFLO, f. m. a linde bo-

HUE'SSO gf. m. a.bone.

Huéffo de frata, the stone of any. fruit, as peaches, &c.

Huiss de espinaço, the back-bone. Huisso de la garginus, the knot of the throat.

Huesso yugai, the end of the cheekbone towards the eye.

Roete effe hueffo, pick that bone.

Eftar pudride hasta los huessos, to be romen to the bone.

Coffiel de hueffor, a bag full of bones; one that is nothing but skin and bones.

Molér los buéffos, to tire a man our with importunity.

Hulfos, f. m. pl. in architecture, pillars or other supports fet up at distances to bear up the timberwork or otherwise strengthen a structure; also the rasters or timbers in a goof.

HUE'STE, f. m. an hoft, an army.

HUEVAR, v. a. to lay.eggs. HUEVECTCO, f. m. a fmall egg.

HUEVE'RO, f. m. one who fells

HUE'VO, f. m. an egg.

Huevo huero, an addle egg.

Huéro espollédo, an egg with chicken.

Elucros de pescado, the spewn of fish, the roe.

Mutros mexidos, the yolks of eggs without any of the white, beaten or mixed with white wine, orange-flower water, and fugar, and then kept over the fire only till rhe raw tafte of the egg be gone.

Huevos y torreznos, collops and eggs.

Huevos rebueltos, buttered eggs.

Huévos de falviquéra, yolks of eggs preserved in a shell of sugar, like their own shell, so carry in their pocket.

Ponér huévos; to lay eggs. Yazér sóbre huévos, to sit u

Yazér főbre huéves, to fit upon eggs.

Empollar los huévos, to fit to hatch eggs.

Paresérse cômo un huéro a ôtro, to be as like as two eggs.

Un kuéro, y esse huéro, but one egg, and that addle. Of those

who have but one child, and that fickly or good for nought.

H U I

HUIDA, f. f. flight, running away.
HUIDE'RO, \ adj. that flies, or
HUIDIZO, \ runs away.
HUIDQR, f. m. one who runs
away.

HUFR, v. n. to fly, to run away. Huirfe, so escape, to fly. Huir el róstro à la cara de alguno, to hide one's self from one.

HUL

HULA'NO, vide FULA'NO.
HULE, f. m. a fort of linen burnished with many colours.

HUM

HUMANA'DO, adj. civilized, and humbled.

HUMANA'L, adj. humane, that has humanity.

HUMANAME'NTB, adv. humanely, civily, courreously.

HUMANA'R, v. 2. to tame, to make humane, to make courteous, to civilize,

Hummarfe, v. r. to humble one's felf, to be courteous and affa-

HUMANIDA'D, f. f. human nafure; civility, courtefy; human frailty; humanity; the schools under philosophy.

HUMANISTA, f. m. one who professes, learning and humani-

HUMA'NO, adj. humane, human; civil, courteous, friendly, affa-

HUMARE'DA, f. f. fmoke.

HUMA'ZO, f. m. smoke; the whist boys give one another when they fall asleep, snatching a sirebrand out of the fire, and holding it under the nose of him that sleeps.

HUMEA'R, v. n. to smoke. HUMEDA'D, s. f. dampnes,

moisture.

HUMEDECE'R, v. a. to moisten, to dampen.

HUME'DO, adj. moist, damp,

HUME'RO, f. m. the funnel of a chimney; the place where they fmoke bacon or the like.

HUMILDA'D, f. f. humility; also lowness, meanness of condition.

Humildad de garabato, a false submission.

HUMI'LDE, adj. humble, modeft, fubmiffive; also low, mean. HUMILDEME'NTE, adv. humbly.

HUMILDOSAME'NTE, adv. obf. humbly, fubmiffively.

HUMILDO'SO, adj. obf. humble, fubraissive.

HUMILIACION, f. f. humiliation, the act of humbling one's felf.

HUMILLADE'RO, f. m. a little chapel or altar fet up on the highways or other places, where the people frop to pray, or at least kneel or bow.

HUMILLADO'R, f. m. one who humbles, bows, or kneels down to.

HUMILLA'R, v. a. to humble.
HUMI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of
humo.

HUMO, f. m. fmoke. It is formetimes taken for the hearth, and the hearth for the house; so that to say, choos humos, so many smokes, signifies so many houses.

Vender hime, to impose upon a man, and get his money under pretence of doing him a kindness with one's interest, when either we cannot, or will not do it.

Tener maches himos, to be very haughty, proud, or conceited. Is fe en himo, to vanish away in smoke, when we expect great matters and nothing comes.

Subir el humo a las narizes, to take fauff, to be offended, to be in a buff.

No lo hágo a húmo de pájas, 1 do if not lightly, or inconsiderate-

Prov. Himo y gotira, y mugir gritadira, echan el hombre de su A22 2 cifa. fitera, fmoke and the rain coming in at the tiles, and a scolding wife, turn a man out of his house.

Prov. Cérca le ánda el húmo tras las llama, the smoke is near the same. There is no smoke without some fire.

Prov. De no hay himo, no hay bien ningúno, where there is no smoke, there is no good. The smoke fignifies the fire, without which there is no good living.

HUMO'R, f. m. humour; that is, the humours of the body; also humour, temper, and moisture. Hombre de humour, a merry man, a pleasant and jocular person. HUMORADO, adj. that has hu-

mours.

HUMORA'L, adj. belonging to
an humour.

HUMORA'ZO, f. m. augm. of humor.

HUMO'SO, adj. smoky.

HUN

HUNA, f. f. the round-top of a ship.

HUNDI'DO, adj. funk, drowned.

HUNDIMIE'NTO, f. m. cafting, melting; also finking drown-

hUNDIR, v. s. to run, melt, or cast metal; to fink, to drown.

Hundife una cofa, is not only to fink, but to vanish, to be lost without knowing how.

Hundir la cása a vóces, to make fuch a noise, as if they would bring the house down.

HUR

HU'RA, f. f. a fort of fcurf on children's heads.

HURACA'N, f. m. a hurricane, a violent whirlwind.

HURA'nO, adj. one that lives obfcure ly flying all company, and is afraid of every man; coy, disdainful.

HURGAMANDE'RA, f. f. in cant, a wench, a whore.

HURGA'R, v. a. to take, to grabble, to poke, to flir about,

to flip or remove with a fork or fuch like inframent.

Peór es hurgárlo, it is worse to fiir it; the mote you stir it; the more it will stink.

HURGO'N, f. m. a fire-fork or poker; also a wound with a fword.

HURGONA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a poker.

HURGONEA'R, v. a. vide HUR-GA'R.

HURGONE'RO, f. m. vide HUR-GO'N.

HURO'N, f. m. a ferret to catch rabbins; also an enquirer, searcher, or examiner.

Prov. Andár a cáza con hurón muério, to go a coney-catching with a dead ferret; to undertake business with improper methods; to follow women in old age.

HURONEA'R, v. n. to ferret, to carch rabbits with a ferret.

HURONE'RA, f. .f the place where the ferret lives.

HURRA'CA, f. f. a magpie.
HURTA, f. f. a water - pot to
water the gardens.

HURTADAME'NTE, adv. by flealth, privily.

A hurtadillas, adv. by stealth, privily.

HURTADO'R, f. m. stealer, thief, robber.

HURTA'R, v. a. to Real.

Hurtár el cuérpo, to slip aside, to shun danger.

Prov. Quien una vez hurta fiel nunca, he who once steals, is never trusty. Once a thief, always a thief.

HURTILLO, f. m. a little theft, a petty larceny.

HURTO, f. m. a theft, a robbery.

A hurto, adv. slily, clandestinely. Se fue a hurto de la campañia, he stole away from the company like a thief.

HUS

HUSA'DA, f. f. a diftaff full of flax.

HUSI'LLO, f. m. a little spindle,

HUSPLLO, f. m. a little spindle, a little screw; also a wine-press. HUSMEADO'R, f. m. one who smells about.

HUSMEADORCTLLO, f. m. diminutive of husmeador.

as dogs do, or epicures when they get the fcent of a dainty; to guess, to imagine, to suffect.

HUSMO, f. m. fmell, fcent, HUSO. f. m. a spindle.

Derécho como un huso, as straight as a spindle; we say, as an arrow.

Prov. Guáy del huso, quándo no anda la bárba de fússo, alas for the spindle, when the beard is not over it. By the spindle, is meant the woman, and by the beard the man.

A Y H

HYA'DAS, f. f. the confiellations called the seven stars or hyades,

H Y B

HYBIE'RNO, f. m. obf. winter, Vide INVIE'RNO. HYBLE'O, adj. fertile, abundant, odoriferous, full of fio: wers,

HYD

HYDRA, f. f. a ferpent with manny heads.

Hydra, f. f. a fnake that lives in the waters.

HYDRAULICO, adj. belonging to hidraulical machines that play by water-works.

HY'DRIA, f. f. a sma!l earthen pan.

HYDROCE'PHALO, f. m. a dropfy in the head.

HYDROGOGFA, f. f. the art of levelling the waters.

HYDROGRAPHFA, f. f. the description of the waters, mavigation.

HYDROGRA'PHICO, adj. of a description of the waters.

HYDROMANCIA, f. f. devining by water.

HYDROMA'NTICO, adj. belonging to, a diviningbi water. HYDROMETRIA, f. f. the art of measuring the waters.

HYDROPE'SIA, f. f. the dropfy.

HYDROPHILA'CIO, f. m. a cavity in the earth full of water.

HYDRO'PHOBO, f. m. he who is afraid of water.

HYDRO'PICO, adj. dropfical, troubled with the dropfy.

HYDROSTA'TICA, f. f. the fcience or knowledge of the gravity of hodies in water.

HYDROTECHNI'A, f. f. the art of raising the water.

HYE

HYEMA'L, adj. wintery, belonging to winter.

HYE'NA, f. f. vide HIE'NA.

HYESSA'L, f. m. the place from
whence the chalk is taken.

HYESSE'RA, f. f. the place where chalk is made.

HYESSERI'A, f. f. a binding or thing made of plaster.

HYESSE'RO, f. m. who makes chalk.

HYE'SSO, f. m. chalk.

HYG

'HYGRO'METRO, f. m. hygrometer; an infrument to measure the degree of moisture.

H Y M

HYMENE'O, f. m. marriage.

HYMNO, f. m. an hymn, a spiritual fong,

HYP

HYPECO'O, f. m. a plant fo called.

HYPE'RBATO'N, f. m. a figure, when the words are transposed from grammatical order.

HYPE'RBOLA, f. m. an hyperbola, a fection of a cone made by a plane.

HYPE'RBOLB, f. m. an hyperbole; a figure in rhetorick, by which any thing is increased or diminished beyond the exact truth. HYPERBO'LICO, adj. hyperbolick, hyperbolical.

HYPERBOLIZA'R, v. n. to make use of hyperboles.

HYPE'RICO, f. m. St. John's

HYPERMETRIA, f. f. a figure when a verse has one syllable above measure.

HYPOCONDRI'A, f. f. melancholv.

HYPOCO'NDRICO, adj. belonging to hypocondria.

HYPOCO'NDRIOS, f. m. pl. the part of the belly and ribs under the short ribs.

HYPOCRA'S, f. m. a kind of drink so called.

HYPOCRESIA, f. f. hypocrify. HYPO'CRITA, f. m. an hypoerite.

HYPOCRITO'N, f. m. a great hypocrite.

HYPO'STASIS, f. f. a theologi-

cal term which means a person or supposition.

HYPOSTATICAME'NTE, adv. hypoftatically.

HYPOSTA'TICO, adj. hypofta-

HYPOTENUSA, f. f. the hypothenuse; the line that subtends the right angle of a right-angled triangle; the subtense.

HYPOTHE'CA, f. f. a pledge fecurity given in contracts or bargains, generally confifting in a real efface; a mortgage.

HYPOTHECA'R, v. a. to make a mortgage.

HYPOTHECA'RIO, adj. belonging to a mortgage or pledge.

HYPO'THESIS, f. f. a supposition, a system formed upon some principles not proved; an argument to dispute on.

HYPOTHE'TICO, adj. conditional, suppository.

HYPOTIPOSIS, f. f. a rethorical figure fo called.

H Y S

HYSSOPA'DA, f. f. the act of fprinkling with the hyffopo.

HYSSOPEA'R, v. a. to fprinkle

with the hysfopa.

HYSSOPILIO, f. m. diminutive of hyssopo.

HYSSO'PO, f. m. hysfop, a plant fo called.

Hyffopo, f. m. a machine used in Roman Catholick churches to sprinkle about the holy water.

I

1. the ninth letter in the alphabet, and the third vowel.

I, alone by way of abbreviation, figuifies it uftrissimo, most illus-

I, vowel, in Spanish, is pronounced as we pronounce it in the words hill, hiftory, &c. not as in hide, eide, or the like.

I B E

EBERIA, f. f. one of the antient marnes of Spain.

I B I

"IBIS, f. f. a bird fo called.

E CA

ICA'CO, f. m. a kind of floe, or wild plum-crec.

ICH

ICHNEUMO'N , f. m. a rat of Egypt.

ICHNOGRAPHIA, f.f. igaography; the plan of any structure; the draught of it on the ground.

ICHNOGRA'PHICO, adj. belonging to a ground-plot.

FCHOR, f. m. the smallest and thinnest fort of humour flowing from fores, &c.

ICO

ECONOLOGIA, f. f. the art of representing any appearance of life by engraving.

ICT

ICTERICIA, f. f. the yellow jaun-

ICTERICIADO, adj. that has the gellew jaundice.

ICTERICO, adj. belonging to l'Adiotifmo, f. m. in grammar, a the yellow jaundice.

IDA

IDA, f. f. a going or departure. Prov. La ida del cuérvo, the going of the crow; that is, going never the return again, Idas en cafa de uno, frequent visits.

JDE

IDE'A, f. f. idea, notion, conception of any thing; a:plan of any thing.

Idéa, project, scheme, design.

Ideas Platénicas, Platonic ideas: notions or conceptions too refi-- med.

IDEA'L, edj. of, or belonging to

Ideal, mental, intellectual.

IDEALME'NTE, adv. in idea or conception , ideally, mentally, intellectually.

IDBAR, v. a. to form ideas or notions, to conceive any thing in the mind.

Andar ideándo, to talk vainly. I'DEM, adv. the fame

IDE'NTICO, adj. identical, that has the fame substance implying the fame thing.

IDENTIDA'D, f. f. identity, the very came being

IDENTIFICA'R, v. a. to make things of the same substance.

I D I

IDIOMA, f. m. an idiom, the proper or peculiar manner of speech or language of any na-

IDIOPATHIA, f. f. idiopathy, a primary disease, that neither depends on, nor proceeds from another.

IDIOTA, f. m. an idiot, an unlearned person, a fool.

IDIOTEO, adj. of, or belonging to the propriety of any thing.

IDIOTE'Z, f. f. ignorance, idio-

IDIOTI'SMO, f. m. ignorance, idiotifm.

propriety of speech out of the common sules.

IGL

IDO,

IDO'LATRA, f. m. an idolater; also one who loves to adoration.

IDOLATRAR, v. a to commit idolatry, to idolatrize; also to . love to adoration.

IDOLATRI'A, S. f. idolatry.

IDOLI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of

IDOLI'SMO, f. m. idolatry.

IDOLO, f. m. an idol.

IDONEIDA'D, f. f. aptitude oe fitness of any thing.

IDO'NEO, adj. fit, apt, capa-

JDU

IDVS, f. m. the ides of every month; a term anciently used among the Romans.

IDY

IDYLIO, f. m. a little poem or copy of weries on a pattoral fubjea.

IGL

IGLE'SIA, f. f. a church, a congregation of Christians.

Igléfia catédral, a cathedral church or bishop's see.

Igléfia colegiál, a collegiate church. which has a dean and prebends. Igifia parroquiál, a parish church Iglésia rural, a church that Rands alone in the country.

Ser de la igléfia, to be a clergy-

No la vale la igléfia, the privilege of the church will not avail him.

Iglifia me llamo, my name is Church This is the answer those who have taken fanduary in the church give, when they ask them any queftions,

Prov. Quien quiére medrár, igiéfia, ó már, ó cáfa reál, he that will thrive . must follow that

church, the fes, or the king's fervice.

I G N

IGNA'RO, adj. ignorant. IGNAVIA, s. f. idleness, sloth. IGNEO, adj. belonging to fire. IGNICIO'N, f. f. a term of chemiltry; the application of fire to the materials and its operation. IGNIFERO, adj. that has fire, emitting fire. IGNIPOTE'NTE, adj. hot, or powerful in tire. IGNITO, adj. that has fire. IGNIVOMO, adj. that vomits out fire. IGNOMI'NIA, f. f. reproach, shame, difgrace, ignominy. IGNOMINIOSAME'NTE, adv. infamously, ignominiously. IGNOMINIO'SO adj. ignominious, reproachful, shameful. IGNORACIO'N, f. f. ignorance. Aupidity. IGNORA'NCIA, f. f. ignorance. Ignoráncia, s. f. unconsciousness of any fad. IGNORANTE, adj. ignorant. IGNORANTEME'NTE, adv. igsorantly. IGNORA'R, v. 2. to be ignorant, not to know.

I G R

IGRE'JA, f. f. obf. a church.

alfo conftant.

IGNOTO, adj. unkņown.

I G U

IGUA'L, adj. equal, even, level;

IGUALA, f. f. a contract or agreement made in huying or felling.

IGUALACION, f. f. the making any thing equal.

IGUALADO'R, f. m. one that makes things even.

IGUALA'R, v. a. to make equal.

Iqualarse con otro, v. r. to stand in competition and make one's self equal to another.

Igualar mercadurla, to bargain and agree for a commodity.

IGUALDA'D, f. f. equality.
IGUALME'NTE, adv. equally.
IGUA'NA, f. f. fo they call the alligators in fome parts of the West Indies.

I J. A

IJA'DA, f. f. the flank.

Mal de ijáda, the cholick, a pain in the flank.

Tenér fu ijáda, to have a blind fide.

Ijáda de pefcádo, the belly-piece of a fish.

IJADEA'R, v. n. to pant as a horfe does after running.

IJA'RES, f. m. the flanks of any beaft.

ILA

ILACIO'N, f. f. inference. ILA'PSO, f. m. obf. a fall.

LE

ILE'CEBRA, f. f. enticement, alhirement.

ILEGA'L, adj. illegal, unlayful.

ILEGALIDA'D, f. f. unlayfulnefs.

ILEGALMB'NTE, adv. unlayfully, illegally.

ILEGITIMA'MENTE, adv. unlayfully.

ILEGITIMIDA'D, f. f. illegitimacy.

ILEGITIMO, adj. illegal, unlayful; unlayfully begoven, not
begoven in wedlock.

ILE'SO, adj. unburt.

I L I

ILIACO, adj. cholick.

ILICITAME'NTE, adv. illegally, unlawfully.

ILICITO, adj. unlawfully.

ILIMITA'DO, adj. unlimited, without bounds.

I'LION, f. m. one of the intestines for called.

LLU

ILUMINACIO'N, f. f. illuminating, lighting, Alfo colouring of

prints, adorning with leaf or shell-gold, or filves.

ILUMINADO'R, f. m. one that colours prints, or adorns them with leaf or shell gold or filver; also one who gives light; an illuminator.

ILUMINA'R, v. a. to colour prints, to adorn them with leaf or shell gold or filver; to illuminate, to lighten.

ILUMINATEVO , adj. illuminative , having the power of giving: light.

ILUSION, f. f. faile apparitions: or representation; a deceit.

ILUSIVO, adj. illusive, faile, deceitful.

ILUSO'R, f. m. one who deceives.

IIUSO'RIO, adj. that can cheat. ILUSTRACI'ON, f. f. illustration, explanation exposition, elucidation; also light.

ILUSTRADO , adj. made famous , remarkable.

ILUSTRADO'R, i. m. he that extols or magnifies.

ILUSTRA'R, v. a. to illustrate, tomake famous, remarkable, orconspicuous.

ILU'STRE, adj. illustrious, famous, honourable, noble.
ILUSTREME'NTE, adv. illus-

triously.

ILUSTREZA, f. f. obf. the quality that makes illustrous.

ILUSTRISSIMA, f. f. a. title: given in Spain to the bishops, &c.

A M I

IMA'GEN, f. f. an image.

. imagination...

Imagen.cel.fie, a confiellation:
IMAGINA'BLE, adj. imagination:
ble.
IMAGINACIO'N, f. f. the imagination:
No me passa por la imaginación, L.
have no such thought.
IMAGINA'R, v. n. to imagine,,
to conceive, to fancy, to paint interind; also to scheme, to contrive.
IMAGINABIAME'NTE, adv. im

IMAGINA'RIO adj. that may be imagined.

Imaginário, f. m. a flatuary, one that makes images or flatues.

IMAGINATIVA, f. f. the power or faculty of thinking, or of forming ideal pictures; the fancy.

'IMAGINATIVO, adj. thoughtful, pensive.

IMAGINERI'A, f. f. imagery, work of images.

IMAGINE'RO, f. m. a carver, an image-maker.

IMAGINE'TA, f. f. a little picture or image.

IMAN, f. m. the load-stone, the one that attracts iron.

IMB

YMBECIL, adj. weak, frail.

IMBECILIDA'D, f. f. weakness
of either mind or body.

IMBECILME'NTE, adv. weakly.

IMBE'LE, adj. not warlike, not

fit for war, weak.

'IMBIE'RNO, f. m. vide INVIE'R-

NO.

'IMBORNA'LES, C. m. pl. vide EMBORNALES.

'IMBUI'R, v. a. to instruct, to furnish, to season, to handlel.

IMI

'IMITA'BLE, adj. that can be imitated.

IMITACIO'N, f. f. imitation.

IMITADO'R, f. m. one that imi-

IMITA'R, v. a. to imitate, to endeavour to resemble.

I M M

'IMMACULA'DO, adj. immaculated, unspotted.
'IMMADU'RO, adj. unripe, immature.
'IMMANBJA'BLE, adj. intraftable, that cannot be managed.
'IMMANE'NTE, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.
'IMMARCESSI'BLE, adj. unpe-

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rishable, that will not fade, perish, or decay.

IMMATERIA'L, adj. immaterial.

IMMATU'RO, adj. unripe, imma-

IMMEDIACIO'N, f. f. mediation.

IMMEDIATAME'NTE, adv. immediately, directly, prefently.

IMMEDIATE, adv. prefently.

IMMEDIA TE, adv. presently, immediately.

IMMEDIA'TO, adj. near, immediate.

IMMEMORA'BLE, adj. that cannot be remembered.

IMMEMORABLEME'NTE, adv. out of mind.

IMMEMORIA'L, beyond memory, immemorial.

IMMENSAME'NTE, adv. immenfely, largely.

IMMENSJDA'D; f. f. immensity, unmeasurableness.

IMME'NSO, adj. immense, vast, unmeasurable.

IMMENSURA'BLE, adj. that cannot be measured.

IMME'RITO, adj. undeferved.*

IMMERSIO'N, f. f. a finking in

IMMINE'NTE, adj. at hand, imminent, approaching.

IMMOBI'BLE, adj. immoveable.
IMMO'BIL, adj. immoveable, not
to be moved.

IMMOBILIDA'D, f. f. immoveableness.

IMMOBILME'NTE, adv. immoveably.

IMMO'BLE, adj. that cannot be moved.

IMMODERACION, f. f. immoderation, out of measure, excefs.
IMMODERAME'NTE, f. f. immoderately.

IMMODERA'DO, adj. immoderate, excessive, exceeding the due mean.

IMMODESTAME'NTE, adv. immodefity.

IMMODE'STIA, f. f. immodesty.

IMMODE'STO, adj. immodest,

unchaste, impure, obscene.

IMMO'DICO, adj. superfluous.

IMMOLACIO'N, f. f. immolation,
facrifice.

IMMOLADO'R, f. m. a facrifi-

IMMOLA'R, v. a. to facrifice. IMMORTA'L, adj. immortal. IMMORTALIDA'D, f. f. immor-

tality.

IMMORTALIZA'R, v. a. to interpretate, to make immortal, to perpetuate, to exempt from death.

IMMORTALME'NTB, adv. im-

IMMORTIFICACIO'N, f. f. want of moderacion, unreasonableness, excess.

mortally.

IMMORTIFICA'DO, adj. not mortified, not fubdued.

IMMO'TO, adj. that cannot be moved, immoveable.

IMMOVI'BLE, adj. immovesble.
IMMOVIBLEME'NTE, adv. immoveably.

IMMUDA'BLE, adj. immutable, unchangeable.

IMMUNDI'CIA, f. f. filth, dirt, uncleanliness.

IMMU'NDO, adj. u nclean, filthy.

IMMU'NE, adj. exempt, free.

IMMUNI'DAD, f. f. immunity,

exemption, freedora, liberty.

IMMUTABILIDA'D, f. f. immurability.

IMMUTA'BLE, adj. unchangeable.

IMMUTACIO'N, f. f. a change.
IMMUTA'R, v. a. to change, to alter.

I M P

IMPACIE'NCIA, f. f. imparience, vehemence of temper, heat of paffion; eagerness.

IMPACIENTA'R, v. n. to lose one's patience.

IMPACIE'NTE, adj. impatient, furious with pain, eager, ardently defirous, incapable to bear. IMPACIENTEME'NTE, adv. impatiently.

IMPA'CTO, adj. dashed, beaten against, driven, thrust, put into.
IMPALPA'BLE, adj. impalpable, not to be felt.

IMPA'R, adj. odd, uneven, une-

IMPARCIA'I, adj. impartial, equitable, free from regard or party

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party, indifferent, defintereffed, equal in distribution of justice, just; also retired from society, not fociable.

IMPARCIALME'NTE, adv. impartially.

IMPARCIALIDA'D, f.f. impartiality.

IMPARTIBLE, adj. that cannot be divided, inseparable.

IMPARTIR, v. a. to impart, to give part to others, to make partaker of, communicate, employ, bestow.

IMPASSIBILIDA'D, f. f. impaffibility, the quality of not being able or subject to suffer.

IMPASSIBLE, adj. impassible, that cannot fuffer.

IMPASSIBLEME'NTE, adv. impaffibly.

IMPAVIDAME'NTE, adv. undauntedly.

IMPA'VIDO, adj. undaunted. IMPECABILIDA'D, f. f. impec-

IMPECA'BLE, adj. that cannot

IMPEDIME'NTO, f. m. impediment, hindrance, impeachment, obstruction, opposition.

IMPEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. hinderance, obstruction, impediment.

IMPEDIR, v. a. to hinder, to

IMPEDITI'VO, adj. that can hinder, obstruct, embarrass.

IMPELE'R, v. a. to force, to thrust on, to urge, to compel.

IMPENETRABILIDA'D, f. f. impenetrability, the quality of not being to be pierced.

IMPENETRA'BLE, adj. impenetrable, not to be pierced.

IMPENETRABLEME'NTE adv. impenetrably.

IMPENITE'NCIA, f. f. impenitency, obduracy, want of remorfe for crimes, final difregard of God's threatenings or mercy.

IMPENITE'NTE, adj. impeni-12433

IMPENSADAME'NTE, ad♥. unexpectedly.

IMPENSA'DO, adj. unexpected, unthought for.

Tom.

IMPERA'NTE, adj. ruling, reigning, commanding.

I M P

IMPERA'R, v. n. to reign, to Iway, to command.

IMPERATIVO, adj. commanding; also the imperative mood. IMPERATO'RIA, S. f. a plant called master-wort.

IMPERATO'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to an emperor.

IMPERCEPTIBILIDA'D, f. f. imperceptibility, the quality of not being perceiveable.

IMPERCEPTI'BLE, adj. imperceptible, not to be perceived.

IMPERCEPTIBLEME'NTE adv. imperceptibly.

IMPERFECCIO'N, f. f. imperfection.

IMPERFE'CTO, adj. imperfect. IMPERIAL, adj. imperial.

Imperiales, f. f. pl. gamasses or buskins of coarse cloth.

IMPERICIA, f. f. unskilfulness. IMPE'RIO, f. m. empire, sovereigary,

IMPERIOSAME'NTE, adv. imperiously, haughtily.

IMPERIO'SO, adj. imperious,

IMPERITAME'NTE, adv. unskilfully.

IMPERI'TO, adj. unskilful. IMPERSCRUTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be penetrated.

IMPERSONA'L, adj. imperso-

nal, that has no person. IMPERSONALME'NIE,

impersonally. IMPERSUASIBLE, adj. that cannot be persuaded.

IMPERTE'RRITO), adj. undaunted, fearless.

IMPERTINE'NCIA, f. f. impertinency, that which has not relation to the matter in hand; also folly, rambling thought; also plaguing and molesting with incessant solicitation.

IMPERTINE'NTE, adj. impertinent; also importunate, meddling, trifling.

IMPERTINENTEME'NTE adv. impertinently.

IMPERTURBABLE, 2dj. that can be disturbed.

IMPE'RVIO, adj. inaccessible.

IMPE'TRA, f. f. fome concession obtained in law, fo called.

IMPETRA'BLE, adj. that may be obtained.

IMPETRACIO'N, f. f. obtaining, getting by intreaty.

IMPETRA'R, v.n. to obtain, to get by intreaty.

I'MPETU, f. m. force, violence, vehemence.

IMPETUOSAME'NTE, adv. imperuously, violently.

IMPETUOSIDA'D, f. f. impemosity, forcibleness.

IMPETUO'SO, adj. impetuous, forcible, violent, vehement.

IMPIAME'NTE, adv. wickedly impiously, ungodly.

IMPIEDA'D, f. f. impiety, ungodlines, wickedness.

IMPIO, adj. impious, ungodly, wicked.

IMPI'REO, adj. vide EMPI'-REO.

IMPLACABILIDA'D, f. f. implacableness.

IMPLACABLE, adj. implacable, not to be appealed.

IMPLACABLEME'NTE, adv. implacably.

IMPLATICA'BLE, adj. impracticable.

IMPLICACIO'N, f. f. implying; alfo intangling, perplexing.

IMPLICA'NCIA, S. f. entangling, perplexing.

IMPLICA'R, v. a. to imply; also to intangle, to perplex.

IMPLICIDAD, f. f. implicitness, implication; also intangling or perplexing.

IMPLICITAME'NTE, adv. implicitly.

IMPLI'CITO, adj. implicit, intangled, intricate.

IMPLORACIO'N, f. f. an imploring, or entreating.

IMPLORADO'R, f. m. one who implores or entreats.

IMPLORA'R, v. a. to implore. to intreat.

IMPLU'ME, adj. unfeathered.

IMPOLU'TO, adj. free of any stain, not polluted.

IMPONDERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be enlarged, amplified, augmented,

Bbb

IMPONE'R, w. a. to impose, to lay upon, to put on; to accuse; to teach, or instruct.

IMPORTABLE, adj. obf. one term; that cannot be borne or tolerated.

IMPORTA'NCIA, f. f. importance, moment, weight.

IMPORTA'NTE, adj. important, of moment, of weight.

IMPORTANTEME'NTE, adv. importantly.

IMPORTAR, v. imp. to be of importance, moment, or weight, also to amount in cashing accounts.

IMPORTUNACION, f. f. importuning.

IMPORTUNADAME'NTE, adv out of feafon, importunely.

IMPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. im-

IMPORTUNA'R, v. a. to importune, to fue earnestly, to press

IMPORTUNIDAD, f. f. importunity.

IMPORTUNO, adj. importune, troublesome, vexatious; also unfeasonable.

IMPOSICIO'N, f. f. am impolition, a tax.

IMPOSSIBILIDAD, f. f. impof

IMPOSSIBILITA'R, v. 2. to di-

fable, to make impossible.

IMPOSSIBLE, adj. impossible.

IMPOSSIBLEME'NTE, adv. impossibly.

IMPO'STA'S, f. f. pt. figures thanding upon bannifters at certain distances, for ornamens.

IMPOSTO'R, f. m. an importor.

IMPOSTURA, f. f. deceit, fraud, juggle, or imposition, impositure. IMPOTE'NCIA, f. f. imposence, weakness, want of ability.

IMPOTE'NTE, adj. impotent, weak.

IMPOTENTEME'NTE, adv. impotently, weakly.

IMPRACTICA'BLE, adj. impracticable.

IMPRECACIO'N, f. f. imprecation, curfe.

IMPREGNACIO'N, f. f. impre-

gnation, the act of admitting corpuscles in itself.

IMPREGNA'R, v. a. to impregnate, or get with child.

Impregnásse, v, r. to remain impregnated.

IMPRE'NTA, f. f. a printinghouse; the art of printing.

IMPRESCINDIBLE, adj. that cannot be separated or divided. IMPRESCRIPTIBLE, adj. that

is without prescription.

IMPRESSIO'N, f. f. an impreffion, the mark made by preffing
one thing upon another; the impreffion of a book; an edition,
IMPRESSIONA'R, v. a. to make
an impreffion, to perfunde one.
IMPRE'SSO, p. p. of imprimir.
IMPRESSO'R, f. m. a printer.
IMPRESTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be leat.

IMPRIMACIO'N, the first drawing or sketch of painters.

IMPRIMADE'RA, f. f. a tool used in printing canvas for the use of painters.

IMPRIMA'R, v. a. to put in order the cloth for painting on it. IMPRIMI'R, v. a. to print, to

imprint, to press on.

IMPROBABILIDA'D, f. f. improbability.

IMPROBA'BLE, adj. improbable.
IMPROBABLEME'NTE, adj. improbably.

IMPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove.
IMPROBIDA'D, f. f. improbity, dishonefly.

PMPROBO, adj. naught, wicked.
IMPROPERA'R, v. a. to reproach, to upbraid.

IMPROPE'RIO, f. m. a reproach. IMPROPRIAME'NTE, adv. improperly.

IMPROPRIEDA'D, f. f. impro-

IMPRO'PRIO, adj. improper.
IMPRO'SPERO, adj. unprofperous, unhappy, unfortunate.

IMPROVIDAME'NTB, adv. improvidently.

IMPRG'VIDO, adj. unprovided.
IMPROVISAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly, fuddenly, unawares.
IMPROVI'SO, adj. unforeseen,
ungxpected.

IMPRUDE'NCIA, f. f. imprudesce, indifcretion.

IMPRUDE'NTB, adj. imprudent, indifereet.

imprudently, indifcreetly.

IMPUDE'NCIA, f. f. impudence. IMPUDE'NTE, adj. impudent. IMPUDENTEME'NTE, adv. im-

pudently.

IMPUDICAME'NTE, adv. 'Immodefly, lewdly.

IMPUDICICIA, f. f. immodefly, lewdnefs.

IMPU'DICO, adj. immodeft, lewd.
IMPUE'SIO, adj. impofed, laid on, laid to a man's charge.

IMPUGNACIO'N, f. f. opposi-

IMPUGNADOR, C.m. impugner, opposer.

IMPUGNA'R, v. a. to impuga, to oppose.

IMPUGNATI'VO, adj. that can oppose, that may be impugned. IMPULSA'R, v. a. to excite, to force, or push on.

or pushing on, exciting.

IMPULSI'VO, adj. that can be forced.

IMPU'LSO, f. m. impulse, natural inclination, propension.
IMPULSO'R, adj. that excites or

pushes on.

IMPUNE, adj, unpunished.

IMPUNEME'NTE, adv. freely, without punishment.
IMPUNIDA'D, C. f. impunity.

IMPUNIDO, adj. unpunished.
IMPURAME'NTE, adv. impunely, uncleanly, foully, unchafely.

IMPURE'ZA, f. f. impurity, foulness.

LMPURIDAD, f. f. imparity, uncleanness, unchasteness.

IMPU'RO, adj. impure, unclean, unchafte.

IMPUTA'BLE, adj. that can be imputed.

imputed.

IMPUTACIO'N, f. f. imputation.

IMPUTADO'R, f. m. he that

IMPUTADOR, f. m. he that imputes or lays to another's charge.

IMPUTA'R, v. a. to impute, the lay to one's charge.

IN.

IN, a particle used in compounding of words which generally gives a contrary sense to the compounded words; as, capáz, Capable; incapat, incapable.

INA

INACABA'BLE, adj. that cannot be finished.

INACCESSIBILIDA'D, f.f. want of access.

ENACCESSIBLE, adj. inacceffi-

ENACCESSIBLEME'NTE, adv. inaccessibly.

INACCE'SSO, adj. that cannot, be approached.

INACCION, f. f. ceffation of doing any thing, inaction.

INADVERTE'NCIA, f. f. inadvertency, heedlessness, inconsiderateness.

ENADVERTIDAME'NTE, adv. inconsiderately.

INADVERTIDO, adj. inconfi-

derate, rash, heedless. INAFFECTA'DO, adj. that is not

INAGOTABLE, adj. that cannot be exhaufted; incomprehen-

INAGUANTA'BLE, adj. infufferable, not to be borne.

INAJENA'BLE, adj. that cannot be alienated.

INALIENA'BLE, adj. not to be alienated.

INALTERABLE, adj. unchangeable, unalterable.

INAMISSIBLE, adj. not to be

INANE, adj. empty, void, vain. INANICIO'N, f. f. inanition. languor caused by want of food. INANIMA'DO, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor foul,

INA'NIME, adj. inanimate, that has no life nor foul.

INAPAGA'BLE, adj. that cannot be quenched.

ENAPEABLE, adj. inconceivable, incomprehensible; that cannot dismount from the horse.

INAPELABLE, adj. that cannot be appealed,

INAPETE'NCIA, f. f. want of appetite.

INAPETE'NTE, adj. that has no appetite.

INAPLICACION, f. f. misapplication.

INAPLICA'DO, adj. misapplied. INAPRECIABLE, inestimable, invaluable.

INARTICULA'DO, adj. inarricu-

INA'UDITO, adj. unheard of, strange.

INAUGURACION, f. f. divining by the flight of birds; also inauguration , or investigure by folemn rites.

INAUGURA'R, v. a. to conjecture, to divine, to foretel. INAVERIGUA'BLE, adj. that

cannot be averred or proved.

INC

INCANSA'BLE, adj. to cannot be tired, indefatigable.

INCANSABLEME'NTE . adv. indefatigably.

INCAPACIDA'D ; f. f. incapacity.

INCAPA'Z, adj. incapable.

INCARDINACIO'N, f. f. profit obtained by the government of any church,

INCARNA'DO, adj. incarnate, made flesh.

INCASA'BLE, adj. incapable of marrying.

INCASTO, adj. dishonest, unchafte,

INCAUTAME'NTE, adv. carelessly, uncircumspeally, incautiously, unwarily, heedlessly.

INCAUTO, adj. not wary, careless, not circumspect.

INCENDIA'RIO, f. m. an incendiary, one that fires houses; metaph. one that railes tumults or broiles or fets folks together by the

INCE'NDIO, f. m. a conflagration, a great fire.

INCENDIO'SO, adj. fiery, fet on fire, full of fire.

INCENSACIO'N, f. f. the action

of perfaming, as offering incense.

INCENSA'R, v. a. to perfume, as priests do the altars when they offer incense.

INCENSURABLE, adj. that cannot be censured.

INCENSA'RIO, f. m. a cenfor, a thurible.

INCENTIVO, f. m. an incentive, that which excites or flies up; also exciting, or flirring up.

INCEPTO'R, f. m. a beginner. INCERTIDUMBRE, (f. f. un-INCERTITUD, (certainty.

INCESSA'BLE, adj. inceffant, unceasing, unintermitted, con-

INCESSABLEME'NTE, INCESSA'NTE, INCESSANTEME'NTE, 5 fantly. INCE'STO, f. m. incest, carnal

copulation between kindred. INCESTUOSAME'NTE , adv. incestaonsy.

INCESTUO'SO, adj. incestuous. INCHOA'R, v. a. obf. to commence, to begin,

INCHOATIVO, adj. begun, os perfeded.

INCIDENCIA, f. f. chance, cafualty.

INCIDE'NTE, adj. incident. INCIDENTEME'NTE, adv. ac.

cidentally.

INCIDIR, v. a. to happen, to

INCIE'NSO, f. m. incense, perfumes exhaled by fire in honour of God; also, a reverence to adoration; flattery.

INCIERTAME'NTE, adv. un. certainly.

INCIER'TO, adj. uncertain.

INCINERACION, f. f. the action of reducing any thing to ashes. INCINERAR, v. a. to reduce to ashes.

INCIPIE'NTE, adj. beginning. INCIRCUMCISO, adj. uncircumcifed.

INCIRCUMSCRIPTO, adj. uncircumscribed, boundless, unli-

INCISIO'N, f. f. an incision. INCIST VO, adj. that can cut of divide,

Bbb 2

INCISO, adj. cut, carved, engraved; also cut or chopped off. INCISO'RIO, adj. that can cut. INCITADO'R, f.m. inciter, ftirrer up.

INCITAMIE'NTO, f. m. inciting, stirring up.

INCITA'NTE, adj. inciting, ftir-

INCITA'R, v. a. to incite, to ftir up.

INCITATIVO, adj. inciting, ftirring up.

INCLEME'NCIA, f. f. inclemency, unmercifulness.

Expuésto a las inciemencias del cielo, exposed to the inclemency of the

INCLEME'NTE, adj. inclement, unmerciful.

INCLINACION, f. f. inclination; also bowing or inclining out of respect.

INCLINA'R, v. a. to incline, to addict; also to bow, to bend.

Inclinar la cabéza, to bow the head in token of respect, or let it fink through weakness.

Inclinarse la paréd, to incline and threaten ruin.

Inclinárse a una parcialidad, to inc'ine or be affected to a party. INCLUI'R, v. a. to include.

INCLU'SA, f. f. an hospital for foundlings.

INCLUSIO'N, f. f. shutting, enclosing.

INCLUSIVAME'NTE, adv. inclusively.

INCLUSI'VE, adv. idem.

INCLUSO, p. p. included.

I'NCLYTO, adj. illustrious, famous, renowned.

INCOBRA'BLE, adj. irrecoverable, irretrievable.

INCO'GNITO, adj. unknown, INCOGNOSCIBLE, adj. that cannot be known.

INCOMBUSTIBLE, adj. that cannot be burnt.

INCOMBUSTO, adj. unburnt. INCOMMERCIA'BLE, adj. that cannot traffick, or be in commerce.

INCOMMENSURA'BLE . adi. that cannot be reckoned or meafured.

INCOMMUTA'FLB, adj. that | INCONGRUE'NCIA, f. f. inconcannot be altered.

INCOMODAME'NTE, adv. inconveniently.

INCOMODA'R, v. a. to incommode, to disturb.

INCOMODIDA'D, f. f. inconveniency, or diffurbance.

INCO'MODO, adj. inconvenient, troublesome; subst. used, inconvenience, disturbance.

INCOMPARA'BLE, adj. incomparable.

INCOMPARABLEME'NTE.adv. incomparably.

INCOMPARA'DO, adj. uncompared, unparalleled.

INCOMPARTIBLE., adj. indivisible.

INCOMPASSIVO, adj. wanting of compassion.

INCOMPATIBILIDA'D, f. f. opposition, contrariety.

INCOMPATIBLE, adj. incompatible.

INCOMPATIBLEME'NTE, adv. incompetibly.
INCOMPETE'NCIA, f. f. incom-

petency, untitness.

INCOMPETE'NTE, adj. incompetent, unfit, improper.

INCOMPETENTEME'NTE adw. incompetently, unfitly.

INCOMPONI'BLE, adj. that cannot be compounded.

INCOMPORTA'BLE, adj. unfufferable.

INCOMPOSSIBILIDA'D, f. f. the difficulty of compounding one thing with another.

INCOMPREHENSIBILIDA'D, f. incomprehensibility.

INCOMPREHENSIBLE, adj. incomprehensible.

INCOMPUE'STO, adj. not compounded; disordered, undressed. INCOMUNICA'BLE, adj. incom. municable.

INCONCERNIE'NTE, adj. difagreeing.

INCONCUSSAME'NTE, adv. perpetually, unalter INCONCUSSO, adj. without dif-

pute, doubt, or apposition. INCONFIDE'NCIA, f. f. miftruft.

INCONFIDE'NTE, adj. mistrust-

gruity.

INCONGRUE'NTE, adj. difagreeing.

INCONGRUENTEME'NTE adv. difagreeably.

INCONGRUIDAD, f. f. incongruity.

INCO'NGRUO, adj. disagreeing, incongruous.

INCONNEXIO'N, f. f. want of conformity.

INCONNE'XO, adj. wanting conformity.

INCONOCI'DO, adj. unknown. INCONOUISTA'BLE, adj. uncon-

INCONSEQUE'NCIA, f. f. inconsequence.

INCONSEQUENTE, adj. inconfequent, not following from the premifes.

INCONSIDERACION, f. f. inconsiderateness, rashness.

INCONSIDERADAME'NTE adv. inconfiderately , rashly.

INCONSIDERA'DO, adj. inconsiderate, rash.

INCONSIDERA'NCIA, f. f. vide INCONSIDER ACTON.

INCONSIGUE'NTE , adj. vide INCONSEQUENTE.

INCONSOLA'BLE, adj. inconfolable.

INCONSOLABLEME'NTE, adv. inconsolably.

INCONSTA'NCIA, f. f. inconftancy.

INCONSTA'NTE, adj. inconfiant. INCONSTANTEME'NTE, adv. inconstantly.

INCONSULTO, adj. foolish, rash, indifcreet, unadvised.

INCONSU'TIL, adj. that is done without feams.
INCONDAMINA'DO, adj. unpol-

luted, undefiled.

INCONTEXTA'BLE, adj. that cannot be denied, incontestable. INCONTINE'NCIA, f. f. incontinency, unchastity.

INCONTINE'NTE, adj. incontinent, unchaste.

Incontinente, adv. immediately.

INCONTINENTEME'NTE. adv. incontinently, unchaftly. INCONTRASTA'BLE, adj. firms. stable, not to be opposed or over-

INCONTROVERTIBLE, adi.
not to be controverted, indisputable, undeniable.

INCONVENCIBLE, adj. that cannot be perfused.

INCONVENIE'NCIA, f. f. inconvenience.

INCONVENIE'NTE, adj. inconvenient.

INCONVENIENTEME'NTE adv. inconveniently.

INCONVERSA'BLE, adj. intractable, unsociable.

INCONVERTIBLE, adj. that cannot be controverted, out of all doubt, manifest.

INCO'RDIO, f. m. a venereal tumour.

INCORPORACION, f. f. the act of incorporating.

INCORPORA'L, adj. incorporeal.

INCORPORA'R, v. 2. to incorporate, to make or to receive into one body.

Incorporate, v. n. to incorporate.
INCORPOREIDA'D, f. f. having
no body.

INCORPO'REO, adj. incorporeal, that has no body.

INCORRECTAME'NTE, adv. uncorrectly.

INCORRECTQ, adj. uncerred.
INCORREGIBILIDA'D, f. f.
obstinacy, incorrigibleness.

ENCORREGIBLE, adj. incorrigible.

INCORREGIBLEME'NTE, adv. incorrigibly.

INCORRUPCION, f. f. incorruption, exemptness from corruption.

INCORRUPTIBILIDA'D, f. f. incorruptibity.

INCORRUPTIBLE, adj. incorruptible.

INCORRU'TO, adj. incorrupt, not corrupted.

INCRASSA'R , v. n. a physical term : to ripen , to draw to a head.

INCREA'DO, adj. uncreated.
INCREDIBILIDA'D, f. f. incredibility.

INCREDULIDA'D, f. f.incredulity.

INCRE'DULO, adj. incredulous.
INCRETBLE, adj. incredible', not to be believed.

INCREIBLEME'NTE , adv. incredibly.

INCREME'NTO f. m. increase, augmentation.

INCREPACIO'N, f. f. rebuke, chiding, reproving.

INCREPA'R, v. a. to rebuke, to reprove.

INCRUE'NTO, adj. without blood.

INCRUSTACION, f. f. pargetting, rough casting.

INCRUSTA'R, v. n. to make a rough casting or pargetting.

I'NCUBO, f. m. a devil or evil fpirit, which is faid to take human form, and have to do with women; also the nightmare.

INCULCA'R, v. a. to inculcate.
INCULPA'BLE, adj. blamelefs.
INCULPABLEME'NTE, adv. blamelefsly.

INCULPA'DO, adj. blamelefs.
INCULTAME'NTE, adv. without ornament or drefs.

INCULTIVA'BLE, adj. not to be cultivated, not fusceptible of cultivation.

INCULTO, adj. unpolished, undreffed, not adorned.

INCULTURA, f. f. negligence, want of care; also ground uncultivated.

INCUMBE'NCIA, f. f. reliance upon.

IMCUMBI'R, v. n. to belong, to be one's dury to do fomething.
INCURA'BLE, adj. incurable.
INCURIA. f. f. negligence.
INCURIO'SO, adj. not curious.
INCURRI'R, v. a. to incur; also to become liable to punishment or

reprehension.

INCURSIO'N, f. f. an incursion.

INCURSO, p. p. of incurrir.

Incurso, f. m. the charge or falling on of an enemy.

INCUSA'R, v. a. obf. to accuse, to blame.

IND

INDA'BLE, adj. that cannon be given.

INDAGACIO'N, f. f. a fearching, or feeking out.

INDAGA'R, v. a. to fearch out, to inquire into.

INDEBIDAME'NTE, adv. unlawfully.

INDEBIDO, adj. not due.

INDECE'NCIA, f. f. indecency. INDECE'NTE, adj. indecent.

INDECENTEME'NTE, adv. indecently.

INDECIBLE, adj. that cannot be faid, not explained.

it cannot be expressed.

INDECISAME'NTE, adv. irreforlutely.

INDECISIO'N, f. f. want of refolution, determination, or decision.

INDECTSO, adj. not decided, not refolved.

INDECLINA'BLE, adj. not to be declined.

INDECO'RO, f. m. irreverence,

INDECOROSAME'NTE, adv. indecently, irreverently.

INDECORO'SO, adj. that is itreverent, indecent.

INDEFE'NSO, adj. undefended.
INDEFE'SSO, adj. indefatigable, not to be tired.

INDEFICIE'NTE, adj. that cannot fail.

INDEFINI'BLE, adj. that cannot be defined.

INDEFINI'DO, adj. undefined.
INDELE'BLE, adj. not to be effaced, not to be blotted.

INDELEBLEME'NTE, adv. fo
as it cannot be blotted out.

INDELIBERACIO'N, f. f. inadvercency.

INDELIBERADAME'NTE, adv. inadvercently.

INDELIBERA'DO, adj. carelefs, rash, precipitate, without deliberation.

INDE'MNE, adj. not demnified,
INDEMNIDA'D, f. f. indemnity,
INDEMNIZA'R, v. 2! to fave
from damage or lofs.

INDEPENDE'NCIA, f. f. independency.

INDLPENDE'NTE, adj. inde-

INDEPENDENTEME'NTE, adv independently.

INDETERMINA'BLE, adj. not to be determined, or decided.

INDETERMINACIO'N, C. f. want of decition, or determina-

INDETERMINADAME'NTE, adv. without resolution, or determination.

INDETERMINA'DO. adj. undecided, not refolved.

INDEVOCION, f.f. want of devotion.

INDEVOTO, adj. undevout.

INDEX, f. m. a difeoverer, a shewer; an index; also the forefinger.

INDICACION, f. f. declaration, pointing out, shewing.

INDICA'R, v. a. to show, point at, or declare.

INDICATIVO, adj. that shews. INDICCIO'N, f. f. vide INDI-CIO'N.

I'NDICE; f. m. discovery, token, .. mark; also the needle of a

INDICIADO'R, f. m. one who gives a proof.

INDICIA'R, v. 2. to give a token, proof, or fign.

INDICIO, f. m. a cohen, a cir-cumftantiël proof.

INDICIO'N, f. f. an indiction, a term of fifteen years. It is also a tax, and the imposing or authorizing that tax.

FNDICO, f. m. indigo.

INDIE'STRO, adj. that is not dextrous,

INDIFERE'NCLA, f. f. indifferency.

INDIFERE'NTE, adj. indiffe-

INDIFERENTEME'NTB . adv. indifferently.

INDIGE'NCLA, f. f. indigence,

ENDIGENTE, indigent, poor. INDIGESTIBLE, adj. not to be digested.

INDIGESTIO'N, f. f. indigestion, want of digesting well in the sto-

INDIGE'STO, adj. undigefied; also hard of digestion.

INDIGNACIO'N, f. f. indignation, wrath.

IND

INDIGNAME 'NTE , adv. unworthily.

INDIGNA'R, v. a. to offend, to provoke, to make one angry. Indignarse, v. r. to be provoked, to be offended.

INDIGNIDA'D, f. f. unworthiness, indignity.

INDI'GNO, adj. unworthy.

INDILIGE'NCIA, f. f. want of diligence, negligence, carelessnefs.

INDIRE'CTA, f. f. an indirect manner of speaking.

INDIRECTAME'NTE, adv. indirectly.

INDIRECTO, adj. indirect, out of course, dishonest. INDISCIPLINA'BLE, adj. that

cannot be disciplined.

INDISCIPLINA'DO, adj. undifciplined.

INDISCRECIO'N, f. f. indifcretion, went of judgment, foolish ad. INDISCRETAME'NTE, adv. inf-

INDISCRE'TO, adj. indiscreet. INDISCULPABLE , sci. culpable, void, of an excuse.

INDISPRINSABLE, adj. indispenfable, not to be dispensed with. INDISPENSABLEME'NTE.adv

indispensably.

INDISPONE'R, v. a. to indifpofe, to put out of order.

INDISPOSICION, f. f. indifposkion, sickness.

INDISPUE'S.TO, adj. indispofed, not well.

INDISPUTABLE, adj. indisputable.

INDISPUTABLEME'NTE, adv. indisputably.

INDISSOLUBIE, adj. indiffoluble, not to be dissolved.

INDISSOLUBLE ME'NTE, adv. indiffolubly.

INDISTINTAME'NTE, adv. undistinaty.

INDISTINTO, adj. undistinct. INDISTRIBUIDO, adj. undiftri-

INDIVIDUACION, f. f. the exsplanation of any thing with all its circumftances.

INDIVIDUA'L, adj. individual. INDIVIDUALIDA'D, f. f. vide INDIVIDUACION.

INDIVIDUALME'NTE, adv. individually.

INDIVIDUA'R, v. 2. to treat of any thing in particular.

INDIVIDUO, f. m. an indivi-

Individuo, adj. individual, that casnot be divided.

INDIVISIBLE, adj. that cannot be divided.

INDIFFSO, adj. undivided.

INDO'CIL, adj. dull, hard to

INDOCILIDAD, f. f. unwillingness to learn.

INDOCTAME'NTE , adv. -ualearnedly.

INDO'CTO, adj. unlearned. I'NDOLE, f. f. disposition, gentus,

natural propensity.

INDOLE'NCIA, f. f. indolence carcleffness, flork, feeling no pain.

INDOLE'NTE, adj. infensible of pain or affliction.

INDOMA'BLE., adj. untermezble. INDOMABLEME'NTE, adv. untanteably.

INDOMITAME NTE, adv. untamedly, fiercely.

INDO'MITO, adj. untamed, fierce, wild.

INDOMESTICABLE, adj. that cannet be tamed.

INDOME'STICO, adj. fierce, intractable, untamed.

INDOTACIO'N, f. f. want of dowry or portion.

INDO TO, adj. vide INDO'CTO. INDUBITA'BLE, adj. not to be doubted of, undoubted.

INDUBITABLEME'NTE, adv. undoubtedly.

INDUBITADAME'NTB , adv.

INDUBITA'DO, adj. manifest, clear, undoubted, evident.

INDUCCION, f. L. induction, per-

INDU'CLA, f. f. obf. a truce. INDUCIDO'R, f. m. f. he that in-

duces, or perfuades. INDUCIMIE'NTO , f. m. indp-

oement, perfusiion,

INDUCIR, v. n. to induce, to persuade, to prevail upon.

INDUCTIVO, adj. that has the power to persuade, or induce. INDULGE'NCLA, f. f. indulgen-

ce, pardon. INDULGE'NTE, adj. indulgent, favourable.

INDULGENTEME'NTE, adv. indulgently.

INDULTA'R, v. a. to parden. INDULTO, p. p. fuffered, par-

Indulto, f. m. pardon granted by a superior a grant; a duty or im-

INDUME'NTO, f. m. garment, vefture, apparel, attire.

INDUSTRIA, f. f. industry. Hacir una cosa de industria, to do a thing on purpose or delignedly.

INDUSTRIA'L , adj. belonging to in dufter.

INDUSTRIA'R, v. 2. to inftruck

INDUSTRIOSAMENTE . 401. industriously.

INDUSTRIOSO, adi. induftrious, diligent, laborious; allo ingenibus.

INE

INEBRIA'R, v. a. to insocicate, to make drunk.

hebriárfe, v. r. to grow drunk, to . be intoxicated; also to be affected by any violent commotion of the mind.

INB'DIA: f. f. hunger, lack of

INEFABILIBAD, f. f. what cannot be expressed, inestability, unfpeakableness.

INEFABLE, adj. ineffable, unfpeakable.

INEFABLBME'NTB, adv. ineffably, unspeakably.

INEFICACIA, f. f. inefficacy, want of power.

INEFICA'Z, adj. wanting efficacy, of no force, or frength.

INEGUALDA'D, f. f. inequality. INENARRA'BLE, adj. not to be · related.

INE'PCIA, f. f. unapenels, folly, impeniacoce.

INEPTAME'NTE, adv. unaptly, foolishly, impertinently.

INE

INEPTITUD, f. f. unaptness. INE'PTO, adj. unapt, foolish, impertident.

INE'RCIA, f. f. floth, idlenefs. INE'RME, adj. unarmed.

INERRA'NTE, adj. fixed, immoveable.

INE'RTE, adj. ignorant, wanting art, or skill; also flothful, dull, spiritless.

INESCRUTA'BLE.) adj. unfear-INESCUDRIAA'BLE, chable, past anding out.

INESPERADAML'NTE . Av. unexpededly.

INESPERADO, adj. unexpec-

INESTIMABILIDA'D f. f. any thing that cannot be effecmed.

INESTIMA'BLE, adj. inestimahie, too valuable to be rated, transcending all price.

INEVITABLE, adj. inevitable; not to be shunmed.

INBVITABLEME'NTB . adv. inevicably.

INEXCUSABLE, adj. inexcufaste, not in be excused; also neceffary, needful.

INEXCUSABLEME'NTE, adv. inexcusably; also necessarily, indifpentably.

INEXHA'USTO, adj. not exhaufted, or not to be exhausted. INEXISTENCIA, f. f. the endfsence of eas thing which is united with another thing.

INEXISTE'NTE, adj. that exist united with another.

INEXORABLE,, adj. inexorable, not to be won by prayer or intreaty.

INEXPE'RTO, adj. unexperien-

INEXPIABLE, adj. that cannot be expiated, fatisfied or pardo-

PNEXPLICABLE, adj. not to be explicated, or explained.

INEXPUGNA'BLE, adj. limpregnable:

INEXTINGUPBLE, adj. unquen-

INEXTRICABLE, 26j. that can-

not be extricated, cleared, of disengaged.

INF

INFACU'NDO, adj. not eloquent. rude of speech.

INFALIBILIDAD, S. f. infallibility.

INFALIBLE, adj. infallible, certain, incapable of mistake.

INFALIBLEME'NTE, adv. infallibly; certainly.

IMFAMACIO'N, f. E. defamation. abuse of any one's character.

INFAMADO'R, f. m. a dela-

INFAMAR, v. a. to defame, to censure publicly.

INFAMATIVO, adj. that can dofame or detract.

INFAMATO'RIO, adj. defaming. INFA'ME, adj. infamous.

INFAMEME'NTE, adv. infamoufly.

INEAMIA, C.E. infany. INFA'NCIA, f. f. infancy.

INFANCINO, f. m. oil of green olives.

INFANDO, adj. so wicked, viffainous, or profane, as not fit tobe spoken,

INFANTA, f. f. a king's daughter; they are called infamas, except the eldeft, if she be heirefs, who is called princifa, princess.

INFANTA'DO, of, m. the title INFANTA'ZGO, and dignity el an infánte or infánta.

INFA'NTE, f. m. the title by which all the king's fons are called, except the eldeft, who is called principe, prince. It also signifies a foot - foldier, and formerly a child.

INFANTERI'A, f. f. the infantry. the foor an army.

INFANTICIDA, f. m. one who kilh infants.

INFANTICIDIO , f. m. the murder of infants.

INFANZO'N, f. m. obf. a man of a great effare, a good family, and lord of manors.

INFANZONADO . adj. belouging to infan; on,

INFATIGABLE, adv. indefati- j gable, not to be tired.

INFATIGABLEME'NTE . adv. indefatigably.

INFATUA'R, v. n. to grow foolish, simple.

INFAUSTAME'NTE . adv. unhappily.

INFA'USTO, unfortunate, unhappy.

INFECCIO'N . f. f. infection , contagion, mischief by communication.

INFECTA'R, v. a. to infect. INFE'CTO, adj. infected.

INFECUNDIDA'D, f. f. unfruitfulnefs.

INFECU'NDO, adj. unfruitful. INFELICE, adj. unhappy.

INFELICIDA'D, f. f. unhappi-

INFELIZ, adj. unhappy, infor-

INFELIZME'NTE, adv. unhap-

INFERE'NCIA, f. f. inference, confequence.

INFERIOR, adj. inferior, lower,

INFERIORIDAD, f. f. inferio-

INFERIORME'NTE, adv. inferiotly.

INFERIR, v. a. to infer, to reduce a confequence.

INFERNACULO, f. m. a play among children, fo called,

INFERNA'DO, adj. made hel-

INFERNA'L, adj. infernal, hel-

INFERNA'R, v. s. to cast in

INFESTACIO'N, f. f. infesting, annoying.

INFESTA'R, v. s. to infeft, to annoy.

INFE'STO, adj. offensive, troublesome, annoying, nostile.

INFIBULACIO'N, f. f. a fewing or binding up a wound. Used by furgeons.

INFICIO'N, f. f. infection. INFICIONA'R, v. a. to infect. INFIDELIDA'D, f. f. infidelity.

INFIE'L, adj. unfaithful, infidel,

INFIELME'NTE, adv. unfaith-

INF

INFIE'RNO, f. m. hell. In religious houses, where they do not eat flesh they call the chamber where fervants or firangers eat it infierno.

Infiérno, f. m. grave, fepulchre. INFIMO, adj. lowest, meanest, basest.

INFINIDA'D, f. f. infinity, vaft number or quantity.

INFINITAME'NTE, adv. infinitely.

INFINITIVO, f. m. the infinitive mood among grammarians. INFINI'TO, adv. infinitely.

Infinkto, adj. infinite, without bounds, unmeasurable, number-

INFI'NTA, s. f. obs. a feint. INFINTOSAME'NTE . adv. obf. with diffimulation.

INFINTO'SO, adj. obf. feigning, not ading truly.

INFIRMA'R, y. a. to weaken, to enfeeble, to lessen an opinion, of.

INFLACION, f. f. fwelling, puffing up.

INFLAMABLE, adj. that may be inflamed.

INFLAMACIO'N, f. f. inflammation.

INFLAMA'R, v. a. to inflame, to fet on fire; to kindle desire, to fire with passion.

INFLA'R, v. a. to blow up, to fill with wind; to puff up with pride.

INFLEXIBILIDA'D, f. f. inflexibility, fliffness, obstinacy.

INFLEXI'BLE, adj. inflexible, that will not bow.

INFLEXIO'N, f. f. the act of bending or turning; also the mudulation of the voice; in grammar, the váriation of a neun or

INFLUE'NCIA, f. f. influence, persuasion, power of directing. . INFLUI'R, v. a. to have an influence.

INFLU'XO, f. m. influence. INFORMACIO'N, f. f. information, intelligence given, inftruction; also strict examination.

INFORMA'NTE, f. m. the informant, the deponent, he that gives an information,

INFORMA'R, v. a. to to inform; also to infiruct, to acquaint.

INFORME, f. m. deformed, monftrous, mishapen.

INFORMIDA'D, f. f. deformi-

INFORTU'NA, f. f. misfortu-

INFORTUNADAME'NTE, adv. unfortunately.

INFORTUNA'DO, adj. unfortunate.

INFORTU'NIO, f. m. misfortu-

INFOSURA, f. f. repletion, furtit, speaking of beasts.

INFRACCIO'N, f. f. a breaking any thing, breach, violation. INFRACTO'R , f. m. infringer. INFRASCRIPTO, adj. that is written beneath.

INFRUCCIO'N, f. f. the rent which is paid to the lord of the

INFRUCTIFERO, adj. unfruit-

INFRUCTUOSAME'NTE, adv. unfruitfully.

INFRUCTUO'SO, adj. unfruit-

INFULAS, f. f. pl. an episcopal mirre, or a kind of covering for for the head, which bishops and abbots of the Roman church wear on solemn occasions.

INFUNDIR, v. s. to infuse, to pour in; also to inspire into or. with,

INFUSIO'N, f. f. infusion. INFU'SO, adj. infused.

ING

INGENERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be generated.

INGENIA'R, v. z. to contrive; to defign, to invent, to play the engineer.

Ingeniarse, v. a. to endeavour. INGENIE'RA, f. f. a trap to catch birds.

INGENIE'RO, f. m. an engineer.

INGE'NIO, f. m. vit, inge-

nuity; any manner of engine or invention, to perform that with eafe, which before was dificult.

Ingenio de aquicar, a fugar-work; the mill and other necessaries to get it from the cane.

INCENTION AMENITY and the care.

INGENIOSAME'NTE, adv. ingeniously, wittily;

INGENIOSIDA'D, f. f. ingenicy.

INGENIO'SO, adj. ingenious, witty.

INGE'NITO, adj. unbegotten.
INGE'NTE, adj. vast, large,
big.

INGENUAME'NTE, adv. ingenuously.

INGENUIDA'D, f. f. ingenuity; in law, natural liberty.

INGE'NUO, adj. real, fincere, ingenuous; in law, naturally free.

INGERI'R, v. a. vide INXE-RI'R.

INGERI'RSE, v. r. to intrude, to thruk one's felf in.

INGLE, f. f. the groin.

INGLE TE, f. m. a diagonal line.
INGLOSSABLE, adj. that cannot be gloffed or commented on.
INGOBERNABLE, adj. ungovernable.

INGRATAME'NTE, adv. ungratefully.

INGRATITUD, f. f. ingratitude.

INGRA'TO, adj. ungrateful.
INGREDIE'NTE, f. m. an ingredient.

INGRE'SSO, f. m. entering or going in, entrance.

INGUINA'RIO, adj. of, or belonging to the groin.

INGUSTABLE, adj. that has no tafte.

INH

INHA'BIL, adj. unapt, unfit, uncapable, unhandy.

INHABILIDA'D, f. f. inability, unhandiness, incapacity, unhandiness.

INHABILITACION, f. f. rendering unfit or incapable.

WHABILITAR, v. a. to difable, to render unfix or pacapable. Tom, I. INHABITA'BLB, adv. not to be inhabited.

INHABITA'DO; adj. not inhabited.

INHERE'NCIA, f. f. the intimate reception of the accident into the substance.

INHE'RENTE, adj. inherent.
INHIBICIO'N, f. f. inhibition,
prohibition.

INHIBI'R, v. a. to forbid, to prohibit; to inhibit.

INHIBITO'RIO, adj. forbidden, with-held, stopped, stayed.

INHIE'STO, adj. raifed, reared up, flanding upright, fet up an end.

INHONES TAME'NTE, adv. bafely, vilely, dishoneftly, immodeftly, indecently.

INHONE'STO, adj. base, vile, dishonest, immodest, indecent.

INHOSPITABLE, adj. inhospitable, harbourless, desert.

INHOSPITA'L, adj. inhospitable.

INHOSPITALIDAD, f. f. inhospitality, rudeness to firangers, giving no entertainment.

INBUMANAME'NTE, adv. in-

INHUMANIDA'D, f. f. inhumenty, barbarity.

INHUMA'NO, adj. inhuman patbarous, cruel.

INI

INICIA'L, adj. inkial, beginning.
INICIA'R, v. s. to initiate.
INIMICICIA, f. f. enmity.
INIMITABLE, adj. that cannot be imitated.

ININTELLIGIBLE, adj. unintelligible.

INIQUAME'NTE, adv. wickedly.

INIQUIDAD, f. f. iniquity wickedness.

INIQUO, adj. wicked, unrigh-

teous,

INI

INJURIA, f. f. injury, wrong; repreach, ill language.

INJURIADO'R, f. m. one that injures, wrongs, or reproaches.
INJURIA'R, v. a. to injure, to wrong, to reproach.

INI

INJURIOSAME'NTE, adv. injuriously, wrongfully, reproachfully.

INJURIO'SO, adj. injurious, wrongful, reproachful.
INJUSTAME'NTE, adv. unjufily
INJUSTICIA, f. f. injuftice.

INJUSTO, saj. unjust.

INL

INLEGIBLE, adj. that cannot be read.

INN

INNACIBLE, adj. that cannot be borne.

INNA'TO, adj. innate, unborn.
INNAVEGA'BLE, adj. that cannot be failed on, innavigable.
INNE'GABLE, adj. that cannot

INNE'GABLE, adj. that cannot be denied.

INNO'BLE, adj. not noble.

INNOCE'NCIA, f. f. innocence.

INNOCE'NTE, adj. innocent.

INNOCENTEME'NTE.

INNOCENTEME'NTE, adv. innocently.

INNOMINA'DO, adj. that is not to be named.

INNO'TO, adj. not known.

INNOVACION, f. f. innova-

INNOVADO'R, f. m. innova-

INNOPA'R, v. a. to innovate.
INNUMERA'BLE, adj. that cannot be numbered, innumerable,
INNUPTO, adj. unmarried.

"T . M O

INOBEDIE'NCIA, f. f. disobediènce:

INOBEDIE'NTE, adj. difobe-dient.

INOBSERVA'NCIA, f. f. the want of observation, inadvertency.

INOBSERVA'NTE, adj. not obfervant.

INOCE'NCIA, f. f. innocence.
INOCE'NTE, adj. innocent, guilt-

leis, harmleis; also an infant, a fool.

INOCENTEME'NTE, adv. innocently.

INOFFICIO'SO, adj. bequeathing more than the effects amount to; faid of a will.

I'NOPE, adj. poor.

INO'PIA, f. f. scarcity, want,

'INOPINA'BIE, adj. unexpected, unawares, sudden; also that is not admitted as an opinion.

INOPINADAME'NTE, adv. unexpectedly.

INOPINA'DO, adj. unexpected, not thought of.

INORDENA'DO, adj. without order.

INO'RME, adj. vide ENO'RME.
INORMEME'NTE, adv. hein-outly.

INQ.

INQUIETACION, f. f. uneafines, inquietude.

INQUIETADO'R, f. m. diffurber.

INQUIETAME'NTE, adv. no., quietly, turbulently.

INQUIETA'R, v. 2. to disquiet, to disturb.

inquier, adj. unquier, rest-

iels, eurbulene. INQUIETU'D, f. f. unquismels,

restessues.

inquilino, f. m. s tranvof, a house; one who is in possession of any thing in the name of another.

INQUI'NA, f. f. corruption.
INQUIRIDO'R, f. m. an inquirer.

INQUIRIR, v. a to enquire.
INQUISICIO'N, f. f. inquisition,

papers or any other thing.

INQUISIDUR, f. m. an inqui-

ficer, one that has an employment in the inquisition.

Inquisider general, f. m. the inquisitor-general.

INQUISITIVO, adj. inquisitive, searching, enquiring, aftive to pry into any thing.

I N S

INSACIABILIDA'D, s. f. unfatiableness.

INSACIA'BLE, adj. infatlable.
INSACIABLEME'NTE, adv. infatlably.

INSANABLE, adj. that cannot he cured, incurable, irremedia-

INSA'NIA, f. f. madnefs. INSA'NO, adj. mad.

INSCRIBI'R, v. 2. to inscribe, to write upon; also to enroll, to register.

INSCRIPTIO'N, f. f. infeription, tittle written upon any thing, register.

INSCRIPTO, adj. infcribed writ upon; registered, enrolled. INSCULPIB, v.a. 40 engrave.

INSCULPTE, 4. a. 49 engrave.
INSECA'BLE, adj. that rannot be dried or drained.

INSECCIO'N, f. f. incison.
INSECTO, f. m. an infect.
INSENSA'TO, adj. Cenfeleft.

INSENSIBILIDA'D, f. f. infenfibility.

INSENSIBLE, adj. infontible.
INSENSIBLEME'NTE, adv.in-

INSEPARABLE, adj. insepara-

INSEPARABLEME'NTE, adv. infeparably.

INSEPU'LTQ, adj. unburied. INSERCIO'N, f. f. infertion. INSERIR; x. a. to infert, to in-

graft.

INSERTAR, w., a, to infect, to ingraft.

INSERTO, adj. inferred. INSEDIA, f. f. fnare.

INSIDIA'R, v. n. to lay manes
INSIDIOSAME'NTE ... tsrelevantly conflict descriptive

i scherpulle;; craftile, deceitfully.
INSIDIO'SO, adj. full of wiles,
deneir, reality 2 fubric.

INSI GNE, adj. notable, famous, genomed.

INSIGNEME'NTE, adv. famous-

INSIGNIA [f.f. fign , token , mark of honour ; colours among foldiers ; costs; of arms ; among gentry ; the token or other dif-

tinctions of honour among magiftrares.

INS

INSIMULA'R, v. a. to accuse of a crime.

INSINUACIO'N, f. f. infinua-

INSINUA'R, v. 2. to infinuate. Infinuarfe, v. r. to infinuate one's felf into.

INSIPIDE'Z, f. f. want of relish.

INSI'PIDO, adj. infipid, unfavoury, without relish, foolish, void of fenfe.

INSIPIE'NCIA, f. f. ignorance,
folly.

INSIPIE'NTE, adj. foolish.
INSISTE'NCIA, f. f. carpefines

INSISTE'NCIA, f. f. earnefines, urgency, importantly.

INSISTI'R, v. n. to infift, to urge a matter, to flick to a thing, to press it home, to fland upon it.

INSOCIA'BLE, adj. unfociable.
INSOLA'R, v. a. to infelers, to
dry in the fun, to expose to
the action of the fun.

INSOLDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be comented, not to be folder

INSOLE NCLA, f. f. infolence, impudence, petulancy, contempt.

INSOLE'NTE, adj. infolenc.
INSOLENTEME'NTE, adv. infolently.

INSO'LIDUM, adv. wholly, ea-

INSOLUBLE, adj. ther cannot

pay, infolvent, also infoluble, not to be refolved or frequence, INSOLVE'NTE, adj. infolvent.
INSO'MNE, adj. that cannot fleep.

INSONDA'BLE, adj. that cannot be fathomed you plouded.

INSONO'RO, adj. untuneable.
INSOPORTABLE, adj. insupaportable, nor so be borne.

INSPECTION of this impedion , desking our .

INSPECTO'R, f. m. inspector.

INPIRACION, C. C. inspiracion-INSPIRADOR, Con. von inc.

INSPIRAL TO SEE SEE SEE

INSTABILIDAD, f. f. instability, unsteadiness.

INSTA'BLB, adj. unstable, unfleady.

INSTALACION, f. f. inflatment, inflalation.

INSTALAR, v. a. to inftal.
INSTANCIA, f. f. inftance,
earneftness, prefling, urging;
also prosecution, process of a
fuit; also a pressing argument.

Primers inflancis, the first hearing of a cause.

INSTANTANEAME'NTE, adv. inftantaneously, momentally.

INSTANTA'NEO, adj. inftantaneous, momentary.

INSTANTE, f. adj. inftant, preffing, urging; also an inftant, a moment.

INSTANTEME'NTE, adv. preffingly.

INSTA'R, v. a. to insist, to

prefs, to urge.

INSTAURACION, f. f. inflauration, resewing, repairing.

INSTAURAR, v. a. to renew, to repair.

INSTAURATIVO, adj. that may be established or renewed.

INSTIGACION, f. f. infligation.
INSTIGADO'R, f. m. one who
infligates or prompts on.

INSTIGA'R, v. a. to instigate, to set on.

INSTILACIO'N, f. f. infiilling.
INSTILA'R, v. a. to put or pour in by little and little, to infiil drop by drop; also to infinuate any thing imperceptibly into the mind.

INSTINTO, f. m. natural inftind, defire or aversion; also impulsion, instigation, incitement.

INSTITO'R, f. m. a merchant's factor, the foreman of a ship.

INSTITUCIO'N, f. f. infliration, infraction; also a decree, an ordinance.

INSTITUIDO'R, f. m. one who inflicted or establishes.

INSTITUTE, v. a. to inflitte, to inflitte, to decree, to ordain.

INSTITUTO, f. m. institute, decree, prelimance.

Inflicatio, adj. instituted, decreed, ordained.

INSTRIDE'NTE, adj. preffing together.

INSTRUCCIO'N, f. f. infruction.
In architecture, the middle part
of the work.

INSTRUCTO, adj. infructed.
INSTRUCTO'R, f. m. infructor.
INSTRUIDO'R, f. m. infructor, teacher.

INSTRUFR, v. a. to inftruct.⁶
INSTRUMENTAL, adj. inftru-

INSTRUMENTALME'NTE adv. inftrumentally.

INSTRUME'NTO, f. m. infirument, tool; authentic writing. INSUA'VE, adj. uspleafant. INSUBSISTE'NTE, adj. that cannot fublift or endure.

INSUDA'R, v. n. to sweat at a thing.

INSUFICIE'NCIA, f. f. infufficiency defect.

INSUFICIE'NTE, adj. infufficient.

INSUFRIBLE, adj. infufferable.
INSUFRIDE'RO, adj. idem.
INSUFRIDO, adj. impatient,
that will not fuffer any thing.

I'NSULA, f. f. an island.

INSULANO, f. m. an islander.

INSULA'R, adj. belonging to an

INSULFILA, f. f. a little island.
INSULSAME'NTB, adv. fooli-

shiy, dully, flupidly. •
INSULSO, adj. infipid, dull, void
of wit.

INSULTAR, v. a. to infult,
INSULTO, f. m. infult, villainous act, offence, wrong.
INSUME, adj. dear, costly.
INSUPERABLE, adj. invincible.

INT

INTA'CTO, adj. untouched.
INTEGE'RRIMO, adj. fuperl.
very fincers, very true.
INTEGRA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the whole.
INTEGRAME'NTE, adv. intilery, wholly.
INTEGRIDA'D, f. f. integrity,

uprightness; honesty; also purity o entireness.

I'NTEGRO, adj. entire, whole; also righteous, upright.

INTELECCIO'N, f. f. the underflanding.

INTELECTIVO, intellective, having no power to understand.

INTELE'CTO, f. m. intellect, understanding.

INTELECTUAL, adj. intellectual.

INTELECTUALIDA'D, f. f. the power or faculty of underflanding.

INTELECTUALME'NTE, adv. with understanding.

INTELIGE'NCIA, f. f. intelligence, knowledge, understanding, skill; also a secret correspondence or friend-ship; also a spirit, an unbodied mind.

INTELIGE'NTE, adj. intelligent, understanding, knowing.

INTELIGIBLE, adj. intelligible, that may be understood.

INTEMPERA'NCIA, f. f. intemperance.

INTEMPE'RIE, f. f. intemperature, excess of some quality either in men or weather.

INTEMPE'STA, adj. unfeafonable; applied by the poets to the night.

INTEMPESTIVAME'NTE, adva unfeafonably.

INTEMPESTIVO, adj. [that is unfeafonable.

INTENCION, f. f. intention s. design, purpose.

Hombre de intención, a fly man.
INTENCIONADAME'NTE
adv. defignedly, on purpose,
with a good or bad intent.

'INTENCIONA'DO, adj. that has a design or intention.

Bien à mal intencionado, that has a good or ill intention.

INTENCIONA'L, adj: that belongs to the intention or design. INTENCIONALME'NTE, adv.: with design, on purpose.

INTENDE'NCIA, f. f. care, administration; also the charge of an intendant.

INTENDE'NTE, f. m. fleward, fuperintendant; an intendant, an

Ccc 2

officer of the highest class, who oversees any particular branch of the public business.

INTENSAME'NTE, adv. intenfely, efficaciously.

INTENSIC'N, f. f. a ftraining, or ftretching; also activity, ardour, efficacy.

INTENSIVO, adj. intensive, that may be intended or stretched out. INTE'NSO, adj. intense, firained, firetched; set out to the full, vehement.

INTENTA'R, v. a. to attempt, to intend, to design.

INTE'NTO, f. m. defign, inten-

INTENTO'NA, f. f. a great purpose, scheme, or design.

INTERCADE'NCIA, f. f. the intermission or unequal beating of the pulse.

INTERCADE'NTE, adj. changeable, various, intermitting. INTERCALACIO'N, f. f. clap-

ping between.

INTERCALA'R, v. 2. to infert,

to clap between.

Intercalár, adj. that is added, put be tween.

INTERCEDE'R, v. n. to intercede, to pray for another.

INTERCEPTAR, v. a. to intercept.

INTERCESSIO'N, f. f. intercession.

INTERCESSO'R, f. m. interceffor.

INTERCESSO'RLAMENTE adv. with interceffion.

INTERCESSO'RIO, adj. that intercedes or prays for another.

INTERCOLU'MNIO, f. m. the space between columns or pil-; bars,

INTERCOSTAL, adj. that belongs to the part between the ribs.

INTERCUTA'NEO, adj. that is between the skin and flesh.

INTERDECI'R, v. a. to forbid, to interdid.

INTERDICCIO'N, f. f. prohibition, ferbiddance.

INTERE'S, f. m. interest, profit, advantage; also the value of any thing.

INTERESSABLE, adj. profitable; that feeks his interest.

.INTERESSA'DO, adj. that has an interest or share in a thing; that seeks his interest.

INTERESSA'L adj. that yields an interest or profit; that does all for his interest.

INTERESSA'R, v. n. to interest, to gain a part or interest in a thing.

Interestarse en una cosa, to concern or interest one's felf in a thing. INTERE'SSE, f. m. vide INTE-

RE'S.
I'NTERIN, adv. mean while.
INTERINARIO, adj. that has a charge in commendam.

INTERINO, adj. idem. INTERIO'R, adj. inward.

INTERIORIDA'D, f. f. inwardness.

INTERIORME'NTE, adv. inwardly.

INTERLINEAL, adj. interlineal.

INTERLOCUCION, f. f. Interlocution, interposition of speech.

INTERLOCUTO'R, f. m. interlocutor.

INTERLOCUTO'RIO, adj. that is inferred or clapped between.

Interlocutoria fententia, a judge's opinion by the bye, not pronounced as judgment upon the bench.

Interlocutório auto, an appeal.
INTERLU'NIO, f. m. the time

when the moon is invisible.

INTERME'DIO, f. m. the space

between.

INTERMINA'BLE, adj. that cannot be done or finished.

INTERMISSION, f. f. intermiffion, intervenient time.

INTERMITE'NCIA, f. f. discontinuation of the fever for a while. INTERMITE'NTE., adj. intermittent, discontinuing for a

INTERMITI'R, v. a. to intermit, to differentiate, to cease at times, to interrupt.

while.

INTERNA'L, adj. internal, in-

INTERNAME'NTE, adv. inwar-

INTERNA'R, v. n. to penetrate inwardly.

INTERNECION, f. f. obf. a great flaughter, a carnage.

INTE'RNO, adj. inward.
INTERNO'DIO, f. m. the space
between two joints.

INTERNU'NCIO, f. m. a messenger between parties.

INTERPELACION, f. f. fummoning, calling upon.

INTERPELA'R, v. a. to fummon, to call upon.

INTERPRE'SA, f. f. furprize; act of taking any thing unawares.

INTERPOLACION, f. f. new dreffing.

INTERPOLA'R, v. a. to intermix.

INTERPONE'R, v. a. to interpole, to fer between.

INTERPOSICION, f. f. incerposition, placing between.

INTERPRENDE'R, v. a. to furprife, to take unawares.

INTERPRETACION, f.f. interpretation, expolution.

INTERPRETA'R, v. a. to interpret, to explain, to translate, to decypher, to give a folution.

INTERPRETATI'VO, adj. that can be interpreted.

INTE'RPRETE, f. m. interpreter, expounder, one that explains difficult matters, or puts them out of one language into another; a translator.

INTERPUE'STO, p. p. interpofed, placed between.

INTERRE'GNO, f. m. an interregnum, the space between two reigns, when kings do not immediately succeed one another, but the throne is some time vacant.

INTERROGACIO'N, f. f. interrogatory, queftion; the note of interrogation.

INTERROGANTE, f. m. he who puts the questions or interrogates; also the mark in writing that shows the asking of a question.

INTERROGA'R, v. a. to intercogate, to question.

INTERROGATIVO, adj. interrogative, denoting a question. INTERROGATO'RIO, f. m. an interrogatory or question.

Interrogatório, adj. of, or belonging to interrogation.

INTERROMPE'R, v. a. to interrupt.

INTERRUMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. interruption.

INTERRUMPIR, v. a. to interrupt.

Interrumph to possession, to put by the possession.

INTERRUPCION, f. f. interrup-

INTERRU'PTO, p. p. interrup-

INTERSECCIO'N, s. intersection of two lines in a point.

INTERSTICIO, f. m. diffance or fpace between; time between one ac and another.

INTERVA'LO, f. m. interval, distance, space, pause in music.

INTERVENCION, f. f. intervention, coming between.

INTERVENI'R, v. n. to intervene, to come between, to mediate between two persons.

INTERVENIE'NTE, adj. intervening, that comes between.

INTESTA'DO, adj. intestate, without leaving a will,

INTESTINA'L, adj. intestine, belonging to the inward parts.

INTESTINO, adj. intestine, inward; subst. used, entrail, bowel.

Guéres intestina, an intestine or civil

Intestinos, f. m. pl. the bowels. INTI'MA, f. f. intimation.

INTIMACIO'N, f. f. intimation, notification.

INTIMAME'NTE, adv. inwardly, affectionately, from the heart.

INTIMA'R, v. a. to intimate, to notify.

Intumbrie, v. r. to infinuate one's felf into the affection of another.

INTIMIDA'D, f. f. intimacy.
INTIMIDA'R, v. a. to make afraid.

FNTIMO, adj. intimate, inward, affectionate, fixed in the heart;

alfo an intimate, a particular friend.

INTITULA'R, v. a. to intitle.
INTITULA'TA, f. f. title, infcription.

INTOLERA'BLE, adj. intolerable, infufferable.

INTOLERA'NCIA, f. f. imparience.

INTO'NSO, adj. unshaved; alfo ignorant, foolish, unpolished. INTRANSITA'BLE, adj. impaffa-

INTRATABLE, adj. intracta-

INTREPIDAME'NTE, adv. undawntedly.

INTREPIDE'Z, f. f. intrepidity, fortitude, magnanimity, bravers'

INTRE'PIDO, adj. undaunted.
INTRINCADAME'NTE, adv. intricately.

INTRINCA'R, v. a. to intangle, to perplex, to fill full of difficulties.

INTRINSECAME'NTE , adv. inwardly.

INTRI'NSECO, adj. inward; also familiar; also a reserved person.

INTRODUCCION, f. f. an introduction; also an innovation.

INTRODUCIDO'R, f. m. who introduces.

INTRODUCI'R, v. a. to introduce.

INTRODUCTOR, f. m, he who introduces.

INTROITO, f. m. the introit or beginning of the mass; also the introduction or prologue.

INTRUSIO'N, f. f. intrusion. INTRUSO, adj. intruded.

INTRUICIO'N, f. f. a beholding or looking upon; a view; the clear knowledge of any thing.

INTUITIVAME'NTE, adv. clearly, manifestly.

INTUITIVO, adj. that belongs to the clear knowledge of a thing.

INU

INU'LTO, adj. unrevenged,

INUNDACION, f. f. inundation, overflow.

INUNDA'NCIA, f. f. obf. overflow.

INUNDA'R. v. 2. to overflow.
INURBANIDA'D, f. f. uncivility, clownishness, rusticity.

INURBA'NO, adj. uncourteous, uncivil, rustick, clownish.

INUSITADAME'NTE, adv. against custom.

INUSITA'DO, adj. not used.
INU'TIL, adj. unprofitable, uselest.

INUTILIDA'D, f. f. unprofitable-nefs.

INUTILIZA'R, v. a. to render useles and unprofitable.

INUTILME'NTE, adv. unprofitably.

INV

INVADEA'BLE, adj. that cannot be waded or forded over.

INVADIR, v. a. to invade.
INVALIDACIO'N, f. f. invalidity, want of firength or force.

INVALIDAME'NTE, adv. of no force.

INVALIDAR, v. a. to invalidate, or weaken the force or power.

INVA'LLDO, adj. invalid, of no force.

INVARIABLE, adj. invariable; unalterable, unchangeable.

INVARIABLEME'NTE, adv. unalterably.

INVARIACION, f. f. firmnels, unchangeablenels.

INVARIADAME'NTE, adv. without any change.

INVARIADO, adj. unchangeable.

INVASIO'N, f. f. an invasion.

INVASOR; f. m. an invader.
INVECTIVA, f. f. an invective.

INVENCIBLE, adj. invincible.
INVENCIBLEME'NTE, adv. invincibly.

INVENCION, f. f. invention, device, contrivance; also a lie,

Invención de la cruz, the feast of the Invention or finding of the Holy

INVENCIONE'RO, f. m. aa inventor; also a liar.

INVENDIBLE, adj. that cannot be fold.

INVENTAR. v. a. to invent, to devise, to find out.

INVENTARIA'R, v. a. to make an inventory of goods.

INVENTA'RIO, f. m. an invencory of goods.

INVENTIVO, adj. that may be invented.

INVE'NTO, f. m. invention, the finding out of any thing new.

INVENTOR, f. m. inventor, contriver, framer.

INVERECUNDO, adj. immodeft shamelefs.

INVERISIMIL, that has not the appearance of truth.

INVERISIMILITUD, f. f. the

want appearance of truth. INVERNA'DA, f. f. the winter-

INVERNADE'RO, f. m. a win-

tering-place.

INVERNAR, v. n. to winter. INVERNIE'GO, (adj. thát has INVERNIZO, the qualities of winter.

INVEROSIMIL, adi, vide IN-VERISI'MIL.

INVERSION, f. f. an inverfion.

INVE'RSO, p. p. of invertir.

INVERTIR, v.a. to invert. INVESTIDO, adj. invefted, as

a town that is to be belieged, for invested of a dignity; also attacked. fet or fallen upon:

INVESTIDURA, f. f. the investiture of a dignity.

INVESTIGABLE, ad, unfear-

INVESTIGACION, f, f. a fe-

INVESTIGADO'R, f. m. a fear-

INVESTIGA'R, v. a. to fearch, to look out, to feek into.

INVESTIGATIVA, f. f. the power of investigation.

INVESTIR, v. a. to invest a Inzerio, s. m. a graft. town, to fall upon. INVETERADAME'NTE , adv. inveterately. INVETERA'DO, adj. inveterate, grown old in wickedness. INVETERA'RSE, v. n. to grow old in wickedness. INVIA'R, v. a. to fend. INVI'CTO, adj. unconquered. INVIDIA, f. f. envy. INVIDIA'R, v. a. to envy.

INVIDIO'SO, adj. envious. INVIE'RNO, f. m. winter. INVIGILA'R, v. a. to wach dili-

gently. INVINCIBLE, adj. invincible. INVINCIBLEME'NTE . adv. in-

vincibly.

INVIOLA'BLE, adj. inviolable. INVIOLABLEME'NTE , adv. inviolably.

INVIOLA'DO, adj. unviolated. INVIRTUO'SO, adj. obf. that wants virtue.

INVISIBILIDAD, f. f. invisibi-

En un invifible; adv. in a mo-

INVISIBLE, adj. invisible. INVISIBLE ME'NTE, adv. invi-

INVITATO'RIO, f. m. the entrance or beginning of a plalm. INVOCACIO'N, f. f. invocation, cailing apon:

INVOCA'R, v. a. to invoke, to call upon.

INVOCATO'RIO, adj. that calls upon or invokes.

INVOLUNTARIAME'NTE.adv. involuntarily, without the concurrence of the will.

LNVOLUNTARIEDA'D, f. f. e doing things contrary to the ₩ill.

INYOLUNTA'RIO, adj. not vo-

INVULNERABLE, adj. invulnerable.

INX

INXERIR, v. a. to graft. INXERTA'R, v. a. idem. LNXE'RTO, p. p. of inzerter.

INY

INYECCIO'N, f. f. an injection.

I P S

IPSO FACTO, adv. directly. IPSO JU'RE, adv. with or by right, or justice itself.

I R

IR, v. n. to go. Ir a la párte, to go a part, to be shares in a thing. Irle a ana persona alguna cosa, to con-Ir a la máno, to hinder, to obstruct, to with-hold. Irfe de boes, to be lavish of one's tongue. Irfe en la lémbre, to boil over. Irfe, to die. Irfe, so leak.

IRA

IRA , f. f. anger , wrath. IRACUNDIA, f. f. wrath, indignation. IRACU'NDO, adj. paffionate. bafty, wrathful, angry, raging, IRASCE'NCIA, f. f. anger, IRASCIBLE, adj. that can be provoked to anger, irascible.

IRE

IRENA'RCHA, f. m. a judge among the ancient Romans,

IRI

IRINO, f. m. the ointment of the flower-de-lis.

I'RIS, f. m. the rainbow; metaph. any thing of various colours, the iris of the eye, the circle round the pupil of the eye; also a plant fo called.

IRO

IRONIA, f. f. irony, a figure in speaking, when one means a contrary thing to what he says.

IRONICAME'NTE; adv. ironically.

IRONICO, adj. of, or belonging to irony, ironical, expressing one thing and meaning another.

IRR

IRRACIONA'BLE, adj. irrational, woid of reason.

IRRACIONA'L, adj. irrational, void of reason.

IRRACIONALME'NTE, adv. irrationally.

IRRADIACION, f. f. illumina-

IRRADIAR, v. m. to shine bright.

IRRECONCILIA'BLE, adj. irreconcilable.

IRRECUPERA'BLE, adj. irrecocoverable.

IRRECUSA'BLE, adj. inexcufable.

IRREDUCI'BLE, adj. that cannot be tamed, not to be reduced.

IRREFRAGABLE, adj. irrefiftible, not to be withflood, irrefragable, not to be confuted.

IRREFRAGABLEME'NTE, adv. irrelifibly, unquestionably.

irrelistibly, unquestionably.

IRREGULA'R, adj. irregular.

IRREGULARIDA'D, f. f. irregularity.

IRREGULARME'NTE, adv. irregularly.

IRRELIGIO'N, f. f. irreligion, want of religion, contempt of religion, impiety.

IRRELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. irreligiously.

IRRELIGIOSIDA'D, f. f. want of religion.

IRRELIGIC'S O, adj. irreligious.

IRREMEDIA'BLE, adj. not to be remedied.

IRREMEDIABLEME'NTE, adv. irremediably, without cure.

IRREMISSIBLE, adj. unpardonable.

IRREMISSIBLEME'NTE, adv. unpardonably.

IRREPARABLE, adj. irreparable.

IRREPARABLEME'NTE, adv. irreparably.

IRREPREHENSIBLE, adj. un-

blameable.

IRRESISTI'BLE, adj. irrelifti-

ble.

IRRESOLU'BLE, adj. that cannot be refolved.

IRRESOLUCIO'N, f. f. want of resolution.

IRRESOLUTO, adj. irrefolute, not determined, that wants refolution.

IRREVERE'NCLA, . f. irreverence.

IRREVERE'NTE, adj. irreverent.

IRREVOCABILIDA'D, f. f. any thing that cannot be recalled.

IRREVOCA'BLE, adj. irrevocable, not to be recalled.

IRREVOCABLEME'N TE, adv. irrevocable.

IRRISI'BLE, adj. ridiculous.
IRRISIO'N, f. f. derifion, fcoffing.

IRRISO'RIO, adj. fcoffing, deriding.

IRRITA'BLE, adj. that may be irritated, or provoked.

IRRITACIO'N, f. f. provocation, exasperation.

IRRITADO'R, f. m. provoker.
IRRITAME'NTE, adv. in vain,
to no purpose, fruitless.

IRRITA'R, v. a. to irritate, to provoke; also to render fruitless, vain, or unsuccessful, IRRI'TO, adj. vain, fruitless.

IRRITO, adj. vain, fruitless.

IRRUPCION, s. f. eruption,

breaking out.

ISA

ISA, f. f. a cant word for a harlot kept by ruffians.

ISAGO'GE, f. f. introduction.

I S C

ISCHIO'N, f. m. the huckle-bone, the hip.

I S L

ISLA, f. f. an island.
ISLA'DO, adj. made an island or in the form of an island.
ISLA'N, f. m. a fort of veil laced round, used by women.
ISLE'NO, f. m. an islander.
ISLE'O, f. m. a small island.
ISLE'TA, f. f. a little island.
ISLO'TE, f. m. a great rock, or small island in the sea.

ISO

ISO, adv. in cant, yea, yes.
ISOGO'NO, adj. of equal and
gles.
ISOPRIMETRO adj. arctical ac

ISOPREMETRO, adj. applied to figures that have the fame circumference with those they are compared.

ISOPLE'URO, f. m. a rectangle triangle.

ISO'SCELES, adj. in geometry, the appellative of a particular triangle. I

ISPIDA, f. f. a bird fo called.

IST

FSTHMO, f. m. neck of land, narrow part of a country between two seas.

ISTRIA'R, v. a. to flute, as columns or other works in struc-

columns or other works in fructure are; that is, hollowed with half rounds from to bottom.

I T E

I'TEM, adv. also, item; a worp used when any article is added to the former.

ITERA'BLE, adj. that may be res-

peated or reiterated.

ITERACION, f. f. repeti-ITERA'R, v. n. to repeat, to rel-

terate.

ITI

ITINERA'RIO, f. m. a journal kept in travelling; an account of instruction to travel by, with the distances of places and directions how to go to them; also prayers for travellers.

IVA

PVA, f. f. ground-pine, herb-ivy, or field-cypress.

IXI

I'XIA, f. f. an herb fo called.

IZA

I'ZA, interj. a term used by sea-

a rope; in cant, a common whore.

IZA'GA, f. m. a place full of rushes.

IZA'R, v. a. to heife; that is, to hale up any thing aboard aship.

I Z Q

IZQUIE'RDA, f. f. the lefthand. IZQUIERDE'AR, v. n. to degenerate. men when they are haling at IZQUIE'RDO, adj. left-handed,

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J, the tenth letter of the Spanish alphabet; it is a confonant, and gutturally aspirated before all the Yowels.

JAB

JABALI, f. m. a. wild boar. JABALINA, f. f. obf. a javelin; also the female of a wild boar. JABARDEA'R, v. n. to keep many bee-hives. JABA'RDO, f. m. a small cluster

JABO'N, f. m. vide XABON. JAC.

JACA, f. f. obs. vide HA. JACERI'NA, f. f. a coat of mail. JACI'NTO, f. m. a precious stone called a hyacinth; also a flower of the same name. JA'CO, f. m. a coat of male. JACTA'NCIA, f. f. boaffing, pride; vanity; haughtiness. JACTANCIO'SO, adj. boafting JACTA'RSE, v. r. to boast of. JACULATO'RIA, f. f. a short and ardent prayer.

JAD

JADE, f. m. a fort of precious stone brought from America. JADEA'R, v. n. to pant, to be out of breath. JADE'O, f. m. panting.

JAE

JAECE'RO, f. m. a maker of

furnitures for horses, or of equipages. JAE'N, adj. a fort of grape. JAE'Z, f. m. a furniture of a horse, an equipage; also likeness; and in cant, cloaths. Jest de câma, furniture for a bed. Cofas defte jatz, things of this fort. Tom, I.

JAH

JAQ

JAHARRA'R, v. a. to plaster a JAHA'RRO, f. m. plaster.

JAL

JALBEGA'R.v. a. to whitewash with plaster. JALBE'GUE, f. f. whitewashing; the paint used by women. JALDA'DO; adj. of a bright yellow colour. JA'LDE, adj. yellow. JALDO, adj. vide JALDADO. JALDRE, f. m. the general colour of birds. JALE'A, f. f. jelly.

JAM

JAMA'S, adv. never. JA'MBAS, f. f. pl. the jambs of a door, the two posts on the sides of it; so called by artists. JAMERDA'NA, f. f. the place where they throw the ordure of JAMERDA'R, v.n. to throw the ordere of sheep in a place deftined to it. JAMO'N, f. m. a gammon of bacon, a ham.

JAN

JANGA'DA, f. f. pieces of timber in a ship fo called, joined together to fave the people in case of ship-wreck. JANGOMA, f. f., a fruit in the East Indies. JANIPABA . f. m. a beautiful tree in Brasil.

JAQ

JAOUE, f. m. check, at the game of chess; in cant, a ruffian, a bully. Jaques, adj. an appellation given to fome coins. JAQUE'CA, f. f. vido AXA-QUE'CA.

JAQUE'L, f. m. a checker or chess-board.

JAQUE'TA, f. f. a fort of jacket made close before, and open on the fides.

JAQUETILLA, f. f. a linle jacket.

JAQUIMA'LLA, f. f. a coat of mail.

JAR

JA'R, v. n. in cant, to make water.

JARA, f. f. vide XARA, an arrow, a shaft to shoot out of a cross-bow.

JARAMA'GO, f. m. vide XARA-MA'GO.

JARANDI'LLA, S. E. vide XA-RANDI'LLA.

JARARA'NDA, f. m. an odoriferous tree in Brasil.

JARA'VE , f. f. vide XARA'VB. JA'RDIN, f. m. a garden; in cant, a shop or fair.

JARDINERI'A, f. f. gardening. JARDINE'RO, f. m. a gardener. JA'RES, f. m. pl. the small guts. JARE'TA, f. f. pl. vide XA-RE'TA.

JARE'TE, f. m. vide XARE'TE. JA'RO, adj. an appellation of a boar when it resembles a wild hoar.

JARO'CHO, f. m. vide XARO'-CHO.

JARO'PE , f. (m. vide XARO'-

JA'RRA, f. f. a pitcher, a pot with a great belly and two hand-

JARRAZO, f. m. a blow with a pot.

JARREA'R, v. n. to drink often. JARRETA'R, v. a. to hough , or hamstring.

JARRE'TE, f. m. the hough, or bending of the leg under the knees; or any defect, or blemish.

JARRETE'RA, f. f. a garter, the order of the Garter.

JARRILLO, f. m. a little pot. JA'RRO, f. m. a pot or pitcher, Dar besitos al járro, to kiss the poe often . to drink.

Ddd

Echarfe el jarro a péchos, to lay the pitcher to one's mouth, and drink without measure.

Dar pára tripas àl járro, to give money to fetch wine.

No dar un juro de agua, not to give a pitcher of water; to be so coverous as not to give another water.

JARRO'N, f. m. a great pot, or jar.

JARRONCI'LLO, f. m. a small pot, or an urn.

LARRU'MA, f. f. an herb in the West Indies.

JA'RZIAS, f, f, pl. vide XA'R-ZIAS.

JAS

JASADO'R, f. m. a facrificer, one that shashes meat.

JASADU'RA, f. f. facrificing, flashing of meat.

MSA'R, v. a. to sacrifice, to slash

JASMI'N, f. m. vide JAZMI'N. JA'SPE, f. m. the jasper-stone.

[ASPL'ADO, adj. speckled, or coloured like jasper, or adorned with jasper-stone.

J A T

IATANCI'A, f. f. boafting,
IATANCIC'SO, adj. given to boafting.
IATA'R, v. z. to boaft, to brag.

JAU

JA'UIA, f. f. a cage, or goal.
JAULE'RO, f. m. a cage-maker.
JAULFLIA, adj. diminutive of jaula, a fmall cage: also a kind of net-cap so called.
JAULO'N, f. m. a great cage; a goal.

J A V

JAVALE'NA, f. f. a boar-spear.
Obf.
IAVA'LI, f. m. a wild boar.
IAVE'GA, f. f. vide XAVE'(A.
JAVELIN, f. m. a wild boar.

JAVI'ES; as, uvas javles, a small fort of grapes like currants.

JAY

JAYA'N, f. m. a giant, a great rawboned fellow; in cant, a pimp of quality.
JAYANA'ZO, f. m. a great glant.

JAZ

JAZMIN, f. m. jasmin.

J E M

JE'ME, f. m. vide XE'ME.

JER

JEREPEMO'NGA, f. f. a fort of feafnake in Brafil.

JE'RGA, f. f. vide XE'RGA.

JERGG'N, f. m. vide XERGO'N.

JERGUERPTO, f. m. vide XERGUERITO.

JERIGO'NZA, f. f. vide GERIGO'NZA.

JERI'NGA, f. f. vide XERI'NGA.

JERINGA'R, v. a. vide XERINGA'R.

J E S

JESUSCA'R, v. n. to repeat many times the name of Jesus, as bigots do by way of interjection.

JIG

JIGO'TE, f. m. vide GIGO'TE.

JIM

JIME'LGA, f. f. vide XIME'LGA.

JO

JO, the word carters, and fuch people, use in Spain to their horses to make them stop.

J O A

JO'A, f. f. a failors word; JO'BA, an addition made to certain timbers,

3 O C

FOCOSAME'NTE, adv. jocofely, waggishly, in jeft, in game.
FOCOSE'RIO, adj. belonging to a merry and ferious flyle mixed together.
FOCO'SO, adj. jocofe, merry

waggish, given to jeft.

IOCUNDIDA'D, f. f. waggery,
merriment.

FOCU'NDO, fadj. jocund, pleafant, airy, gay.

JOF

HOFA'INA, S. f. vide ALHO-FA'INA.

3

JOGLA'R; f. m. obf. vide JU-GLA'R. JOGLERI'A, f. f. obf. vide JU-GLERI'A.

10

JOLIE'Z, f. f. feftivity, merri, ment, gaiety, JOLITO, f. m. reft, lying fill without motion; a dead calm; a featerm.

J 0

JONJOLI', . m. a feed so called.

JORDA'N, f. m. any thing that

grows young,

R

JO'RFE, f. m. a walt of flone without mortar.

JORGI'NA, f. f. a witch.

JORGOLI'NO, f. m. in cant, an affiftant, or fervant to a bawd or pimp.

IORNA'DA, f. f. a journey, a day's work, a barde; an act in a play.

JORNA'L , f. m. day-wages ; 2 day book.

Prov. Jornal de obréro éntre per la puerte, y sale por el humera,

work-man's day wages comes in at the door, and goes out at the chimney; it is fo finall, that it is all fpent in eating.

Prov. Jornal de escardadira, si del cóme, no cena, a voeder's day's wages, if it affords her a dinner, it will not afford a supper, it is so small.

JORNALE'RO, f. m. a day-laz

JORO'BA, f. f. a bump, a hump; alfo a vexations follicitation.

JOROBA'R, v. a. to vex s to plague,. to moleft.

JO'RRO, as, Llevár la náve a jórro, to tow a ship along.

JOS

JOSTRADO, adj. as, Virose jofvrádo, a shaft that has a round head or plate at the end, like a foil.

JO

JO'VEN, IOVENE'TO, I. m. a youth. JOVENCILLO, f. m. a boy. JOVENIL. adj. vide JUVENIL. JOVENTUD, f. f. vide JU-VENTUD. JOVIAL, adj. jovial, merry, plea-

JOVIALIDA'D, f. f. jovialnes, gaiety, merriment.

JOY

JOYA, f. f. a jewel; any precious thing; the aftragal of a column; a reward, a present. Joyas, f. f. pl. all the clothes and apparel belonging to a woman.

JOYA'NTE, adj. as, Séda joyánte, very fine gloffy filk. Polyora joyante, the finest shining gunpowder.

JOYEL; f. m. a jewel.

JOYE'RA, f. f. a milliner, or a woman that keeps a shop and fells gloves, ribbons, laces, and all women's attire.

JOYERFA, f. f. the jevellers fireet, or shop, or a toy shop. JOYE'RO, f. m. a jeweller.

JOYO, f. m. cockie, darnel.

Jóyo sylvéstre, wild darnel. JOYUE'LA, f. f. a small jewel.

JUA

JUA'N, f. m. in cant, a box in à church to put in alms. Juan platerón, in cant, money, or filver. Juán marchiz, in cant, a large

knife.

Juin dorádo; in cant, gold coin. Juán dia; in cant, a padlock. Juán turáfe'; in cant, a dye.

Juán pérez, cold beef cut in bits, and heated with a little water, onion, fak, pepper, clove and coriander feed.

Judn Bobo, John Fool, as we say Tom Fool.

JUANE'RO, f. m. in cant, a thief that robs the boxes that are in churches to put in sims.

JUANE'TE, f. m. the top-gallantmast of a ship.

Juanéte, is also the knuckle - bone of the thumbs and great toes when it flicks out more than ordinary, as it does in fome illshaped hands and feet. Thence applied to fignify any flickingout bone, or other excrescence. JUANETUDO, adj. that has corns in the toes; that is full of procuberances.

JUB

JUARDA, S. f. a flain.

JUBERTAR, v. 2. a fea term, to hoife the boat into the ship or galley.

JUBETERIA, S. f. the Street where the doublet-makers live; a shop where they fell doublets and other cloaths.

JUBETE'RO, f. m. a doubletmaker or seller.

JUBILACIO'N , f. f. festivity,

JUBILA'DO, f. m. one that for his long service is exempted from the duties of his profession.

JUBILA'R , v. a. to exempt a man from the duty of his profesfion on account of his longfarvice. JUBILE'O, f. m. jubilee.

JUBILO, f. m. joy, content, fatisfadion.

JUBO'N, f. m. a deublet.

Jubon de azotes, a whipping at the cart's tail.

Prov. Buén jubón me téngo en Fráncia. I have a good doublet in France; this they fay when a man boafts of having what he has not.

JUBONCFLLQ, f. m. a liule dou-

JUD

JUDAICO, adj. Jewish.

JUDAISMO, f. m. the jewish nation, or religion.

JUDAFZAR, v. n. to play the Jew, to judaize, to conform to the Jews.

JUDAS, f. m. a traitor.

JUDERIA, f. f. the quarter where the Jews anciently lived in Spain,

JUDPA, f. f. kidney-beam, or Frenchbean.

JUDICACION, f. f. the act of judging.

JUDICA'NTE, f. m. a judge. JUDICA'R, v. a. obs. to judge. JUDACATI'VO , adj. belonging

to a judge.

JUDICATU'RA , f. f. judicature , judgement, the power of the judge; also the court of justice. JUDICIA'L, adj. belonging to judgment, or to a court of justice.

JUDICIALMB'NTB . adv. judicially.

JUDICIA'RIO, f. m. an aftrolo-

JUDICIOSAME'NTE, adv. judiciously, skilfully, wifely.

JUDICIO'SO, adj. judicious, wife, prudent.

JUDIE'GO, adj. belonging to a Jew, or to the Jews.

JUDIHUE'LO. f. m. a little, or a pitiful Jew; metaph, sneaking fellow; also a small fort of kidncybean.

JUDIO, f. m. a Jew; also an injurious and contemptous name. Judio, adj. relating to Jews.

Ddd 2

JUE

JUE'GO, f, m. play, fport, paftime, game.

Juégo de axedréz, the game of chefs.

Juégo del abejón, vide ABEJO'N. Juigo de cañas, a sport used by gentlemen in the nature of a skirmish, casting canes or reeds at one another instead of darts.

Juégo de palábras, jesting.

Juego de fortija, the sport of riding at the ring.

Juégo de táblas, the games at tables. Juego de pelóta, tennis.

Juégo de los ciéntos, the game of picquet at cards.

Juégo de mános, juggling, slight of hand.

Juégo de mános, es juégo de villános, playing with the hands, is sport for clowns; all rude handling, though in jest, unfit for gentlemen.

Hater del juégo máña: to make the best of one's game; that is, to protract time, when a man knows he shall have the work, or be cast in a suit.

JUEGUECI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of

JUE'VES, f. m. Thurfday.

Juéves de compádres, the Thursday three weeks before Lent, when gossips meet to be merry.

Juéves de comádres, the Thursday fort-night before Lent, when goffips meet to be merry.

Juéves para tódos, the Thursday immediately before Lent, when men and women meet together to be merry.

JUE'Z, f. m. a judge.

Juéz de alzádas, a judge of appeal. July del crimen, or juez criminal, a judge in criminal causes.

Juét de registro, a judge, or officer appointed to examine the entries ships make to and from the West-Indies.

July ordinario, a judge that has the trying of common causes.

Juéz delegado, a judge delegate.

Juez metropolitáno, a fupreme judge. Juez arbitro, an arbitrator,

Juéz de biénes confiscados, a peculiar judge appointed for goods forfeited to the king.

JUG

Juéz de puérios, a judge to try causes in a fea-port town relating to sea affairs.

Juéz de méstos, y canidas, a country judge among shepherds and peafants to decide their quarrels about their sheep and enclosures.

Juéz de náypes, he that is chosen to give judgment when a dispute arises at cards.

Prov. Juéz cadañero, estrécho cómo sendero, a judge for a year is very nice, because he must be accountable at the year's end.

JUG

JUGA'DA, f. f. the action of playing a card.

JUGADE'RA, s. f. a weaver's shuttle.

JUGA'DO, adj. played away. Trahér la vida jugáda, to go in danger of one's life.

JUGADO'R, s. m. a gamester. Jugador de mános, a juggler.

JUGA'R, v. n. to play.

Jugár al bodóque, to play at a certain game with bowls on the ground, which, with little boards fitted for that purpose with handles, they shove forward through a ring.

Jugár la camisa, to play away all, even to one's shirt.

Jugar de antubión, to prevent one that defigns to do a mischief.

Jugár las ármas, to exercise one's weapon.

Jugár de mános, to juggle, alfo to have much action with the hands in talking.

Jugár náypes, pelóta, &c. to play at cards, at tennis, &c.

Jugár los kiries, faid of a clergyman, to play away the alms that is given him for praying.

Jugar de oreja, to whisper into one's

Jugár de pica, to tos a pike. Jugár el sol ántes que sálga, to play away the sun before it rises; lofing a day's wages before it is earned,

JUGARRE'TA, f. f. the act of playing without knowing any thing of the game.

JUGLA'R, f. m. a jester, a buf-

JUGLARE'SA, f. f. a jesting merry woman.

JUGLERI'A, f. f. buffoonry.

JUGO, f. m. the juice of any

JUGO'SO, adj. juicy, full of

JUGUE'TE, f. m. a child's plaything a toy.

JUGUETEA'R, v. n. to play, to

JUGUETO'N, f. m. one that is always jesting or playing.

J U I .

JUICIO, f. m. judgement; alfo prudence, wisdom.

Julcio, the sentence against a criminal.

Estar en su julcio, to be full of reason.

Estar suera de julcio, to be mad. Pedir en julcio, to go in law. Perder el julcio, to grow mad.

Quitar en julcio, to enrage one. JUICIOSAME'NTE, adv. judi-

JUICIO'SO, adj. prudent, wife, auiet.

ז ע'ז

JU'JUBA, f. f. vide AZOFE'Y. FA.

JUL

JULE'PE, f. m. a julep; an extemporaneous form of medicine made of fimple and compound water sweetened.

JU'LIO, f. m. the mouth of July; and a Roman coin worth about fix pence.

JU'LO, f. m. a word used by carriers to quiet their beafts when they are unruly.

JUM

JUME'LAS , f. f. pl. 1800 .

3**97**.

pieces of wood or metal exactly alike.

JUMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a beaft of burthen.

JUMENTILLO, f. m. diminutive of jumento.

JUME'NTO, f. m. any beaft of burden; more particularly an afs.

JUN

JUNCADA, f. f. a medecine for horfes that have a cold, made with the pith of rushes.

JUNCA'L, f. m. a place where rushes grow.

JUNCIA, f. f. the plant called galingal; all forts of rushes; the herb gentian.

JUNCIA'NA, f. f. boaft, the act of beafting.

JUNCIE'RA, f. f. a kind of eartthen pot fo called.

JUNCO, f. m. a rush, junk, a fort of boat in the East In-

Júnco marino, falt marsh-rush.

Júnco olorófo, galingal.

Júnco amarzocádo, the plant called water-torch, or cat's tail.

JUNCO'SO, adj. rushy, full of

JU'NIO, f. m. the month of June.

JUNQUI'LLO, f. m. a little rush; also the sweet rush called camelsmeat.

JUNTA, f. f. a meeting, an affembly. It is also the joining or putting together of any two things.

Júnta de médicos, a consultation of physicians.

Júnta de tiérra, as muck land as a yoke of oxen can plough in a day.

JUNTA'DO, adj. joined, affem-

JUNTADURA, f. f. vide JUN-TURA.

JUNTAME'NTE, adv. jointly, together.

JUNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. vide JUNTA.

JUNTA'R, v. a. to join, to af-

femble, to meet, to put together.

JUN

Juntarfe, v. r. to meet together, to affemble; also to come near. Juntarse, to copulate, to come together, as different sexes do.

Junuar meriendas, to put money together for any purpose, speaking of several persons.

JUNTE'RA, f. f. the plane joiners use to shoot joints; that is, to shoot the edges of two boards true that are to be glued together, called a jointer.

JUNTILLAS; as a pies juntillas, with the feet close together. It generally fignifies positively, obstinately, unmoveably.

JUNTO, p. p. of juntar, close to, joined, put together, near, hard by.

JUNTU'RA, f. f. a joint, joining, purting together; also a carpenter's tool.

JUR

JU'RA, f. f. an oath.

JURADERI'A, f. f. the office of
a jurado.

JURA'DO, f. m. a magistrate not unlike an alderman.

Jurádo, adj. fworn.

JURADO'R, f. m. a swearer.
JURAMENTA'DO, adj. sworn,

that has taken an oath.

JURAMENTA'RSB, v. r. to ta-

ke an oath.

JURAME'NTO, f. m. an oath.

JURA'R, v. n. to fwear.

JURGI'NA, f. f. a witch.

JURIDICAME'NTE, adv. in course of law, legally, juridically.

JURI'DICO, adj. juridick, according to courfe of law, legal; also a courtday.

JURIS CONSULTO, f. m. a counfellor at law.

JURISDICIO'N, f. f. jurisdiction, also a territory, a liberty.

JURISPERICIA, f. f. knowledge in the law, fludy of the

JURISPERITO, f. m. one that is skilful in the law.

JURISPRUDE'NCIA, f. f. jurifiprudence, knowledge of the laws.

JURI'STA, f. m. a lawyer by profession.

JU'RO, f. m. revenue; right.

Juro de heredad, a revenue of inheritance, or any annuity fettled upon an estate.

Ser de júro, to be according to right and custom.

J'U S

JUSA'NO, adj. obs. inferior a lower or below.

JUSBA'RBA, f. f. kneeholm, butchers broom.

JUSE'LLO, f. m. a kind of broth or mess so called.

JUSSIO'N, f. f. a command. JUSTA, f. f. a just, a tilt; in

JUSTA, f. f. a just, a tilt; in cant, justice.

JUSTAD(FR, f. m. a tilter.

JUSTAME'NTE, adv. juftly a righteoufly.

JUSTA'R, v. n. to tilt.
JUSTEDA'D, f. f. justice.

JUSTICIA, f. f. justice, right; also the officers of justice, and for the execution of ir.

El justicia, a supreme magistrate.

Encontrás con la justicia, to meet
with the officers of justice.

Hacer justicia de un ladrón, to execute a thief.

Tenéos a la justitia, stand.

JUSTICIAR, v. a to execute according to fentence of law.

JUSTICIA'ZGO, f. m. the office or dignity of a judge or justice.

JUSTICIE'RO, adj. a fevere judge, one that executes justice strictly.

JUSTIFICACIO'N , f. f. justifi-

JUSTIFICADAME'NTE, adv. justifiably.

JUSTIFICADO'R, f. m. a justifier.

JUSTIFICA'R, v. a. to justify.
JUSTIFICATI'VO, adj. justifiable, defensible by law or reafon.

Passar en cosa juzgada, to be de-

yUSTFLLO, f. m. a finalls short waistcoar without sleeves.

JUSTO, adj. just, righteous, upright; also exact, fit.

Véstido jústo, a sit garment, or a streight one.

Cuents justa, a just account.

Pagar jústos por pecadóres, the righteous to suffer for the ungodly.

En justo y en creente, immediately, with haste.

En justos d en verenjustos, with reafon or without it.

JUV

JUVENIL, adj. youthful. JUVENIUD, f. f. youth.

JUZ

JUZGA'DO, f. m. the court or judgment-feat. Jugado, adj. adjudged. nied the privilege of appeal.

JUZGADO'R, f. m. obf. a judge.

JUZGAMUNDOS, f. m. a backbiter, a censurer.

JUZGA'R, v. a. to judge; also to be of opinion.

Juzgar mal de una cofa, to have an ill opinion of a thing.

Juzgar én dericho de fu dédo, to gi-

ve judgment partially.

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K

KALE'NDA, f. f. the calends of every month, which were wont to be on the first day; also the time of paying use-money, whense Horace calls them trifles and celeres calinda.

KALENDA'R, v. a. to mark out the calendar, or rather to make an almanack.

KALENDA'RIO, f. m. a calendar, or almanack. KALI, f. m. vide ALKALI.

KYN

KAR

KA'RMES, f. m. kermes, a small worm fo called.

KYN

KYNORRHO'DON, f. m. the wild rose, or sweet briar rose; also the flower of the red lily.

KYR

KYRIA'R, v.n. to fing the respons fes in the church-fervice.

KYRIELEISA'R, v. n. to fing the kyricleifon, or Lord have mercy on us.

KYRIELE'ISON, f. m. Lord have mercy upon us; a form of prayer used in the liturgy, and taken out of the pfalms.

KYRIES, f. m. that part of the liturgy which contains the kyrieleifon; also repetition or abundance. of any thing.

${f L}$

It, the twelfth letter of the Spanish alphabet. When double it is pronounced as the French l mouitlée, as the in words Uáma, Uéga.

LA

LA, the article of the feminine gender.

LAB

LABA'RO, f. m. the labarum or Roman standard, on which the emperor Constantine embroidered the cross and name of Christ.

'LA'BE, f. m. a fpot or blemish.

LABERL'NTHO, f. m. a labyrinth, a place fo intricate, that
there is no finding the way out
without a clue.

"LA'BIA, f. f. prating, talkativeness; also a smooth, deceitful way of talking, tongue-padding.

'LABIA'L, adj. belonging to the lips.

LA'BIO, f. m. a lip.

LABO'R, f. f. work, women's work; as, fewing, embroidering, or the like.

Hacer labor, to sew as women do.

Ir a la labor, to go to school; as girls
do, to sew, embroider, &c.

Labór de cámpo, tillage, husbandry.

Prov. Hacer la labor de la Judia, que trasnochába la noche, y holgába, de dia, work like the Jewish woman, who sate up all night, and was idle all the day. To invert the right order.

LABORA'NTE, f. m. a journey-

IABORA'R, v. n. to labour.

IABORATO'RIO, f. m. laboratory, a chemist's work-room.

LABORCI'CA, f. f. a fmall work. LABOREA'R, v. n. to work in the fields. LABORE'RA, f. f. the woman who works.

LABORI'O, f. m. the work which is done in the fields, gardens, &c.

LABORIO'SO, adj. laborious. LABRA'DOR, f. m. a husband-

man, a farmer.

Prov. At labrador descuidado ratônes le cómen lo sembrado, the mice eat up what the careless husbandman sows. The vermin destroy his seed when he does not plough and harrow as he ought.

LABRADO'RA, f. f. a country

woman.

Labradora, in cant, the hand.

LABRADORE'SCO, adj. belonging to a labourer.

LABRANDE'RA, f. f. a woman that works at her needle.

LABRA'NTE, f. m. a hewer of frone.

LABRANTI'N, f. m. a finall spot of ground cultivated by the owner of it.

LABRANTIO, adj. fit only for _corn.

EABRA'NZA, f. f. tillage, husbandry; also a farm or some tilled land.

LABRA'R, v. a. to work at any trade or employment; to till, to few, to build.

Labrár féda, to-keep filk-worms to make filk.

Labrár la béstia, to mark a beast with an hot iron.

Labrar cafa, to build a house.

LABRIE'GO, f. m. a husbandman, a labourer.

LABRUSCA, f. f. a wild vine.

LAC

LACA, S. f. lac.

LACARGA'MA, f. f. the herb wildbuglofs.

LACA'YO, f. m. footman, lac-

LACAYUE'LO, f. m. diminutive of lackyo.

LACEA'R, v. a. to adorn with knots.

LACERA'DO, adj. ragged, poor, wretched: also a miser that will not allow himself necessaries.

LACERA'R, v. a. to rend, to tear in pieces, to mangle, to difmember.

Lacerár, v. n. obf. to live wretchedly.

LACE'RIA, f. f. poverty, mifery, want, also avarice, niggardliness.

LA'CIO, adj. lank, not stiff, fa-

LACONICA MENTE, adv. con-

cifely, shortly.

LACO'NICO, adj. concise, short, compendious.

LACONISMO, f. m. a short way of speaking.

LA'CRA, f. obf. a deplorable

thing, or case; also a scar. LACRA'R, v. a. to be full of

wounds or stripes.

LA'CRE, f. m. sealing-wax.

LACRYMO'SO, adj. deplorable; full of tears.

IACTA'NCIA, f. f. the time that a child fucks.

LA'CTEO, adj. milky, fike

LACTICINIO, f. m. any thing made of milk.

LACTIFERO, adj. milky, like milk, full of milk.

LACTUMEN, f. m. scabs that break out on children who surfeit themselves by sucking too much,

LAD

LA'DANO, f. m. a gurn made of the fat dew that is gathered from the leaves of alada.

LADE'AR, v. n. to wave or move from fide to fide.

LADE'RA, f. f. the fide of a hill.

LADI'LLA, f. f. a crab-louse. LADI'LLO, f. m. a little side.

LADINAME'NTE, adv. knowingly in the language, fluently.

LADINO, adj. that speaks Spanish or any other tongue perfectly well; also sly, cunning, fagacious.

LA'DO, f. m. fide.

Ir ládo a ládo con ótro, to walk cheek by jowl with another.

No apartarfe del 14do de 6tro, to be always

always in the company of ano-

Hacerse a un lado, to stand aside. Andår de låde, to go sideling.

LADRA, f. f. the barking of a dog.

LADRADOR, f. m. a dog that barks much.

Prov. Pérro ladrador poco mordeder, a dog that barks much feldom, bites.

LADRA'R, v. a. to bark; to threaten.

Ladrar el eftomago, is to be hungry, to crave meat.

LADRI'DO, f. m. the backing of a dog.

LADRILLAL, f. m. a brick-kiln, a place where bricks are made. .

LADRILLA'R, v. a. to lay a floor With bricks or tiles, to tile the fide of a wall,

LADRILLAZO, f. m. a ftroke with a brick or tile.

LADRILLE'JO, f. m. a little brick, or tile of fuch as are used for floors or walls; trick of youth, which is to hang a piece of brick Or tile to a door with a line to it, which reaches to a place where one is hid, who pulling, knocks at the door in the night; and Then the people look out, they can see no body; by which means they disturb them without being discovered.

LADRILLE'RO, f. m. a brickmaker.

LADRILLO, f. m. a brick or tile, such as is laid in chimneys. In cant, a thief.

LADRILLO'SO, adj. covered with

LADRON, f. m. a thief, a housebreaker.

Ladron, a canal of water for mills; a thief in a candle.

Prov. Piénsa el ladron quo tódos fon de su condición, the thief thinks that all men are like him; knaves ere most apt to suspect others.

LADRONCILLO, f. m. a little

LADRONE'RA, f. f. a place where thieves are concealed or entertained; also a trench to turn away the water from a mill.

> Tom. I.

LADRONERI'A (f. f. thieve-LADRONIA. IY. LADRONICIO, f. m. a theft.

LAG

LAG

LAGA'AA . 'C. f. a bleer in the eye.

LAGAñO'SO, adj. bleer-eyed.

LAGA'R, f. m. the wine-press, the place grapes are preffed

LAGARE'JO, s. m. as , hacisfe lagarejo la úra, it is for the grape to be bruised in carrying, or the like; and because that makes wet and dirt, therefore the same word is used to signify any stopping of water, or any dirty wet place.

LAGARE'TA, f. f. a veffel the wine runs into out of te prefs.

LAGARTA'DO, adj. like a lizard.

LAGARTE'RA, f. f. the hole where the lizards hide themselves; also among foldiers, a very old and weak caftle or tower.

LAGARTE'BO, adj. applied to the birds that catch the lizards. LAGARTEZNA, (f. f. a li-LAGARTIJA, zerd.

LAGARTIJE'RO, adj. vide LA-GARTE'RO.

LAGA'RTO, f. m. an alligator; sometimes taken for a lizard. In cant, a robber who often changes his disguise.

It is also used for the cross which is the badge of the order of the knight-hood of Santiago.

LA'GO, f. m. a lake.

LAGOTBA'R, v. n. to fawn, to flatter, to coax, to wheedle in order to deceive.

LAGOTERIA, C. f. flattery, fawaiag.

LAGOTE'RO, f. m. a flatterer, one who fawas or wheedles; a fycophant.

LA'GRYMA, f. f. a tear. Thence the bleeding or dropping of a vine when cut.

Lágrymas de moysen, a cant word for good round stones.

Lágrymas de david, a plant whose seed is as hard as a stone,

LAGRYMA'L, f. m. the corner of the eye.

LAGRYMA'R, v. n. to weep, to shed tears; it is also for the vine to bleed after cutting.

LAGRYMILLA, f. f. a little tear.

LAGRYMO'SO, adj. full of tears; alfo lamentable.

LAGU'NA, f. f. a lake; a morafs. In a book it fignifies a chafm, or the interruption of the fense by leaving out fome words: a blank.

LAGUNAJOS, f. m. pl. deep floughs or pits in a piece of ground full of water.

LAGUNA'R, f. m. a timber-roof. LAGUNO'SO, adj. full of dithes or holes, uneven, rugged, pitted.

LAI

LAICA'L, adj. belonging to the LAICO, f. m. a layman.

LAM

LAMA, f. f. dirt, mire, ouze, or mud in rivers, or fuch places; also brocade or cloth of gold.

LAMBICA'R, v.a. to distil from a limbeck or still; to strain.

Lambicar el celebro, to strain one's

LAMBRIJA, f. f. 2 worm; generally meaning that fort that infest children.

LAMEDA'L, f. m. a puddle, a flough, a dirty place.

LAMEDO'R, f. m. fyrap; alfe one that licks.

LAMEDURA, s. f. f. a licking. LAMENTA'BLE, adj. lamentable, deplorable.

EAMENTACION, f. f. lamenta-

LAMENTADO'R, f. m. one that bewails or laments.

LAMENTA'R, v. n. to lament, to bewail.

Lamentarfe, v. r. to complain.

LAME'NTO, f. m. lamenting mourning, bewailing.

LAMENTO'SO, adj. lamequable, mournful,

LAME'R, v. a to lick.

LA'MIA, f. f. a common whore.

Lâmia, f. f. a fish called a breaknet, being the biggest fort of dogfish; used also by poets for a witch
or hag.

LAMI'N, f. m. obf. a dainty liquorish fellow.

LA'MINA, f. f. a plate of any metal. It is also taken for any picture painted on copper.

LAMINE'RO, f. m. the person who makes plates of any fort of metal.

LAMINFCA, f. f. a little plate.
LAMINO'SO, adj. obf. dainty, liquorish.

LAMPACEA'R, v. a. to caulk ships, that is, to drive oakum into the seams to stop the water.

LAMPARA, f. f. a lamp; a spot of oil.

LAMPARA'DA, f. f. the quantity of oil that fills a lamp.

LAMPARE'RO, f. m. one that looks after the lamps.

IAMPARI'LLA, f. f. a little lamp; also a very coarse woollen stuff they make summer-cloaks of.

LAMPARI'N, f. m. the case in which the glass-lamp is fixed.

LAMPARO'NES, f. m. pl. the different called the king's evil; also the farcy in a horse.

LAMPA'ZO, f. m. any fort of dock', also the spots that come out in any part of the body.

Paños de lampaço, hangings that are wrought with herbage.

LAMPI'nO, adj. beardless, smooth.

LAMPIO'N, f. m. a great lamp to hang in a great hall, porch, or the like place.

LAMPRE'A, f. f. a lamprey. LAMPREA'R, v. a. to drefs a certain dish.

LAMPREGUE'LA, f. f. a lintle lamprey.

LAMPSA'NA, f. f. corn-fallad. LAMPU'GA, f. f. a fort of fish.

LAN

LANA, f. f. wool.

Lâna birda, coarfe wool.

Lâna carmonâda, carded wool.

Lana peynada, combed wool.

Llevar a uno con cuerda de lána, to draw a man with a twine-threard. Vos lavareis la lána, you shall wash the wool; that is, you shall do the hardest labour.

A costa de lánas, to spend of another man's purse.

Lána de fu mônte, wool in its natural colour.

Prov. Poca lána y esse en zárzas, little wool, and that on the briers; that is, little good, and that so divided, that nothing can be made of it; a small stock, and that squandered.

Prov. Quien trais en lana oro mans, they that deal in wool, flow in gold. The wool-trade is rich and profitable.

Prov. Ir por lána, y bolvér trafquiládo, to go for wool, and return shorn: to go about to get great matters, and lose what one has.

LANA'DA, f. f. the spunge for scowering the cannon after firing. LANA'R, adj. belonging to wool. LA'NCE, f. m. a cast of a net in fishing, or a draught of fish; a cast at dice, an accident.

Comprar de lance, to buy a cheap penny-worth by accident.

Lânce forgófo, an accident that is unavoidable.

Prov. El major lánces de los dádo es no jugarlos, the best cast at dice is not to play.

LANCE'OLA, f. f. an herb called plantane.

LANCE'RA, f. f. a rack to lay spears on.

LANCE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells spears or lances, or a foldier that fights with a lance.

LANCE'TA, f. f. a furgeon's lancet.

LANCETA'DA, f. f. a prick, or gash with a lancet.

LANCETA'ZO, f. m. a prick with a lancet.

LA'NCHA, f. f. the pinnace of a ship; also a broad flat stone. LANCHA'DA, f. f. a hoat's full

LANCHAZO, f. m. a firoke with a great flat flone.

lading.

LANCILLA, f. f. a little lance.

LANDRE, f. f. a peftilential fort of fwelling, or glandules, rifing fometimes in the groin, fometimes under the arm-pits, and fometimes in the throat, where they foon choak the patient. In cast, it is money tied in the corner of a handkerchief, or fuch like place.

Prov. De hombre flaco y fin hambre, guardate del como de landre, from a lean man without hunger, guard yourself as against a plague. That is, a rich man with a meagre countenance, in a great sign of a covetous disposition.

LANDRECI'LLA, f. f. that part of the thigh called the pope's eye; any finall boily swelling, fourfixes, scab, or leprofy.

LANERIA, f. f. the shop where wool is fold.

LANE'RO, f. m. one that deals in wool.

Lanéro, s. m. the house where the wool is kept.

LANGARU'TO, f. m. a long flim fellow.

LANGUSTA, f. f. a great grashopper, a locust; also a lobster.

LANGOSTI'N, f. m. a craw-fish, a little fea-lobster.

LANGOSTO'N, f. m. a great lobster.

LANGUIDE'Z, f. f. faintnefs. LA'NGUIDO, adj faint, languishing, veak, drooping.

LANIFICIO, f. m. working of wool, spinning or carding.

LANILLA, S. f. a fort of ftuff.

LANTE'JA, f. f. a lentil.

LANTEJUE'LAS, f. f. gold or filver spangles.

LANTE'RNA, f. f. a lanthorn. Lantérnas, pl. in cant, the eyes. LANTERNE'RO, f. m. one that

makes or fells lanthorns.

LANUDO, adj. woolly.

LANZA, f. f. a lance, a long spear.

Lanza de coche ò caro, the pole of a coach or cart.

Langa, a foldier anciently armed with a fpear; also a meteor, so

called, because it has the figure of a lance.

Lança gineta, a light horseman's spear.

Lanza en ristre, the lance in the rest.

Echar la lança, to wound with a fpear; also to oppose one; also to challenge one.

Medir langus, to be equal to another.

Meter la lança hafta el regaton, to press a man very hard.

Quebrar langus, to begin to speak about any business, to nego-

LANZA'DA, f. f. a wound of a fpear or lance.

Lenzá da de moro zurdo, a great wound of a spear.

LANZADE'RA, f. f. a Weaver's shuttle.

LANZAMIE'NTO, f. m. a launching or darting.

Langamiéntos de un navio, that part of the ship that hangs over, either at head or stern, beyond the length of the keel.

LANZA'R, v. a. to launch, to dart, to cast as a lance; also to turn out, and to vomit.

LANZO'N, f. m. a short thick lance, used by those that guard the wineyards or fields.

LANZUE'LA, f. f. a little lance.

LAÄ

IA'āA, f. f. cramping iron to bind ftones together in building. IAāA'R, v. a. to bind ftones with cramping irons, to open fish to falt them.

LAP

LAPA, f. f. a shell-fish; also a hollow under a bank's fide; also the purping-wine.

Lips, f. f. the foum of any thing. LAPACHAR, f. m. a place where much shell-fish is found; alfo a muddy place.

LAPICE'RO, f. m. a pencil used to draw with or paint with.

LA'PIDA, f. f. a flat square stone on which inscriptions are written.

LAPIDA'RIA, f. f. the art of a lapidary.

LAPIDA'RIO, f. m. a lapidary, a cutter and polisher of precious stones.

LAPIDEO, adj. belonging to a flone.

LAPIDO'SO, adj. stony, full of stones.

LAPIS LAZULI, f. f. a stone fo called,

LAPIZ, f. f. a black from used for drawing.

LAPIZA'R, f. m. a flony place, Lapitar, v. a. to draw or delineate with a black flone.

LA'PSO, f. m. a fall.

LAQ

LAQUE', f. m. a running-foot-

LAR

LARDA'R, v. a. to bafte meat in roafting.

LARDE'RO, adj. as, Martes lardéro, Shrove - Tuesday, because the kitchens are then fat, taking leave of flesh before Lent.

LA'RDO, f. m. lard, the far of bacon.

LARDO'N, f. m. an explanation or annotation in the margin.

LARDOSFLLO, adj. fat, greafy.

LA'RES, f. m. pl. the houshold gods of the heathers.

LARGA, f. f. delay. '.

Is a la larga, to go flowly on.

LARGAME'NTE, adv. flowly.

in length.

LARGAR, v. a. to let go, to loofe, to let slip. In the sea-phrafe, to ease a rope, or to veer out.

LARGARIA, f. f. length, longitude.

LARGO, adj. long, large; also liberal.

Hactrie a lo lárgo, to keep aloof

off, to put out to sea.

Hombre tárgo como pelo de huero, a
covetous man, a miser.

Large de lengua, foolish, imprudent.

Lárgo de manos, a bully, a bravo.

Lárgo de uñas, a thief, a robber.

Gaffar largo y tendido, to spend a great deal of money.

Lárgo en razonár, tedious in talk. Este es cuénto lárgo, that is a long tale.

Darfe tanto en ancho cómo en largo, to give one another as good as they bring.

LARGOMPRA, f. m. a telescope, any fort of spying-glass. LARGO'N, adj. very long.

LARGO'R, f. m. length.

LARGUEA DO, adj. that has passed by at nine-pins without carrying; also striped as silk, or stuff.

LARGUEA'R, v. n. to pass by at ninepins without carrying.

LARGUE'ROS, f. m. pl. the two poles or bnards that form the fides of a loam or any other like thing.

LARGUE'ZA, f. f. liberality. LARGUI'LLO, adj. longish. LARGU'RA, f. f. length.

LARINGE, f. f. the throat, the top of the wind-pipe, by which we fetch breath and form the voice.

LARO, f. m. a fea-mew, cob, or gull.

LAS

LASA'NA, f. f. a kind of pancake or fritter.

LASCIVAME'NTE, adv. lasciviously, incontinently.

LASCIVIA, f. f. lasciviousness, wantoness, lewdness, lust.

LASCIVO, adj. lascivious, wanton, lewd, lussfull.

LASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. weariness, fatigue.

LASSITU'D, f. f. fatigue, wearinefs,

LA'SSO, adj. weary.

LASTAR, v. a. to fuffer, or endure for another, or for what is past.

LASTIMA, f. f. compassion, pity; also grief, missortune.

Llorar lástimas, to complain of misfortunes.

LASTIMADO'R, f. m. one that Ecc 2 moves to compassion, or that offends, or hurts.

LASTIMA'R, v. a. to hurt, to grieve, to wound, to affront.

Lastimarse, v. r. to hurt one's self, to take pity on.

Me he lastimado el brázo, I have hurt myself in the arm.

LASTIME'RO, adj. vide LASTI-MO'SO.

LASTIMOSAME'NTE, ad compassionately, pitifully.

LASTIMO'SO, adj. difinal, to be pitied, moving to compaffion.

LASTO f m. the charge one is

LASTO, f. m. the charge one is at in recovering the money paid for another.

LASTRA'R, v. a. to ballaft a ship.

LA'STRE, f. m. ballast for a ship.

LASTRO'NES, f. m. pl. that flat flones that come off the top of the quarry which are not of much use for building.

E A T

BA'TA, f. f. the flick or lareh, which is laid across the other two forked ones fluck upright in the ground in vineyards to support the vines.

Baia, f. f. tin, fuch as candlefficks and other things are made of. Oro de láta, gold beaten into thin-

plates.

LATAME'NTE, adv. broadly, widely, emensively.

LATERA'L, adj. belonging to the fide.

LATIDO, f. m. the bearing of the heart, the pangs of any violent pain.

LATIGA'ZO, f. m., a lash with a whip.

LA'TIGO, f. m. a lash of a whip.

LATIGUEA'R, v. n. to fmack a whip.

LATIN, f. m. latinity.

Prov. Con Latin, rockn, y. florin, andarás el múndo, Latin, a horse, and money, will carry, you through the world.

BATINA'IO, fi m. dog Latin, og lavyer's Latin,

LATINAME'NTE, adv. in Latin.

LATINEA'R, v. a. to make Latin.

LATINIDA'D, f. f. the Latin tongue, the idiom of Latin.

LATINI'SMO, f. m. Latinism. LATINIZA'R, v. a. to translate

from Latin to any other langua-

LATINO, adj. Latin.

Vela latina, a triangular fail.

LATINO'SO, adj. belonging to the Latin tongue.

LATER, v. n. to beat as the heart does, to ach violently, to throb as in great pain.

LATITA'R, v. n. to lie hid.

LATITU'D, f. f. breadth, lati-

LA'TO, adj. large, wide, broad, extensive, ample.

LATON, f. m. fine brass, latten. LATONE'RO, f. m. that works brass, a brazier.

IATRIA, f. f. the adoration, worship, honour, and servicede due to God alone.

LATRI'NA, f. f. a necessary house.

LATROCINIO, f. m. a theft.

E A U

LAUD, f. m. a lute; ironically, a hunch-backed man.

LAUDA'BLE, adj. laudable, worthy of praise.

LAUDANO, f. m. the gum haudanum.

LAUDA'R . v. a. to praise, to commend.

LAUDATO'RIA, f. f. encomium, or commendation of any brave: and noble exploit.

LAUDATO'RIO, adj. praiseworthy, commendable, laudable.

LA'UDE, f. f. a tombstone with an inscription on it.

Laudes, pl. praifes, or the lauds; that part of the divine fervice which priefts fay in the morning next to the mattins.

LAUDE'MIO, f. m. in law; a tax or money paid fo called.

LAUNA, f. f. a lamina of metal.

IA'UREA, f. f. a garland of laurel.

LAUREA'DO, f. m. who takes ad egree in the university.

Laureado, f. m. a poet laureat.

LAUREA'R, v. a. to crown with laurel.

Laureds, v. a. to give a degree in the university, or receive one. LAUREDA'L, f. m. a grove of laurel or bay-trees.

IAURE'I, f. m. laurel, bay-tree. LAURE'OLA, f. f. the herb lau-

LAURINO, adj. belonging to laurel.

LA'URO, f. m. a laurel-tree a reward or prize.

LAV

LAVA'CIAS, f. f. pl. fuds, or water for washing of lines, or the like.

LAVA'CRO, f. m. a bath, a washing place, a font or bap-tiflery.

LAVADE'RO, f. m. a washingplace.

LAVADO'R, f. m. a washer: LAVADU'RA, f. f. washing.

LAVA'IA'L, f. m. a puddle, a flough a place full or mire.
LAVA'JO, f. m. idem.

EAVAMA'NOS, f. m. a little ciftern of water to wash the hands.

LAVA'NCO, f. m. a kind of wild duck.

LAVANDE'RA, f. f. faundress.

Prov. La buéna lavandéra fu
camisa la priméra, the good laundress washes her own smock
first.

LAVANDERIA, f. f. the laundry.

LAVANDE'RO, f. m. a manwasher, or the laundress's hufband.

LAVA'NDULA, f. f. lavender. LAVA'R, v. 2. to wash.

Lavár fus mános de úna cófa, towash one's hands; that is, norto be confenting to a thing.

No fa Levarà con quanta agua lliva el rio, all the water in the river will not wash him clean; faid

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when a man has committed a foul

LAVATIVA, f. f. a kind of clyster.

LAVATO'RIO, f. m. a laver to wash at a bath a ciftern; also the action of washing.

LAVA'ZAS, f. f. pl. fude, or water of washing of linen.

LAX

LA'XA, f. f. a broad from for pavements; also a leash for dogs. At sea, a shoal.

LAXA'R, v. a. to loosen, slacken , untie.

 $oldsymbol{LAXA'TIVO}$, adj. that can loofen , slacken , or untie ; also la-Marive.

LAY

LAYA, f. f. the genius, quality, or species of any thing.

LAZ

LAZA'DA, f. f. a flip-knot; also a fnare; sometimes taken for a

LAZARE'TO, f. m. the house or hospital where persons persorm quaramaine.

LAZARI'LLO, f. m. the person who leads the blind man.

LA'ZARO, f. m. a poor beggar.

LAZDRA'DO, adj. obf. torn, tattered.

LAZO, f. m. a knot, a fnare; flourish in writing.

Armar lazo, to lay a suare.

Cair en el laze, to be carched, to fall into the snare.

Tenér el lázo a la gargánta, to have the rope about the neck; to be in imminent danger.

E E

LE, an oblique case of the pronoun which corresponds to the third person in the masculine gender in the fingular, and in. the plural les and les.

LEA

LEA'L, adj. loyal, faithful.

Prov. No vise mas el leál de quànto quiére el traidór , 2 fait honest man lives no longer than a treacherous villain pleases; because a treacherous person may at any time take an honest man who suspects nothing at a disadvantage.

LEALME'NTB, adv. loyally, faithfully, honeftly. LEALTA'D, f. f. loyaky, fidelity, truftines.

LEB

LEBE'CHE, s. m. the sout-west wind. LEBRA'DA, f. f. a particular way of drefting a hare. LEBRASTO'N, f. m. an old hare; a cunning subtle man. LEBRATILLO, f. m. a leveset, a young hare. LEBRE'L, f. m. a greyhound. LEBRILLO, f. m. an earthen LEBRILLE'JO , f. m. a little earthen pan. LEBRO'N, f. m. a great coward, a great hare. LEBRONA'ZO, f. m. idem.

L. E. C.

LEBRU'NO, adj. belonging to a

haro,

LECCION ,. f. f. reading, lecture, lesson, instructions IECHA'DA, f. f. the vetting or moistening of lime. Lechada de trapos, the matter of which paper is made ; that it, the rags beaten in a mill till they are like a milky pafte. LECHA'L, adj. fucking; made of, or belonging to milk. LE'CHE, f. f. milk. Léche de gallina, a white field onlon. Léche de mantéca, buttermilk, Leche de pez, the milt or soft row of a fish. LECHECILLAS, f. f. pl. the freet-bread of any beaft.

LECHE'RA, f. f. a milk-woman, or milk-maid.

LECHE'RO, f. m. a milk-man. Lechéro, adj. milky, belonging to

LECHETRE'ZNA, f. f. the herb fpurge.

IECHIGA, f. f. a bier to carry dead bodies of.

IECHIGA'DA, f. f. a litter of pigs; also a herd of ruffians.

LECHI'NO, f. m. a match of line used by surgeons.

LECHO, s. m. a bed.

Un lecho de una cosa, y un lecho de óna, a layer of one thing, and a layer of another.

Estár la már en licho, the sea tobe very calm and fmooth.

IECHO'N, f. m. properly a fucking pig; any hog.

Lechon de viúda, a widow's hog; that is a pampered fellow.

LECHONGIELO, f. m. a fucking pig.

LECHUGA, f. f. a lettice:

Lechága créspa, curled , or ragged-leafed, or endive-leafed lettuce.

Lechuga merciana, the cabbage-let-

Lechuga parrada, broad - leafed les-

Lechiga Romana, the Roman letruce.

IECHUGUE'RO, f. m. who fells lettuces.

EECHUGUI'LLA, f. f. a little lettuce; also the scolloping of a

Mangas de lechuguilla, fine ruffled linen sleeves, worn by women. Cuéllo de techuguilla, a tuff-band. LECHUGUINO, f. m. a. young lettuce.

LECHUZA, f. f. an owl.

LECHUZO, adj. that fucks; faid: of the mule before it is, takenfrom the dam.

LECTO'R, f. m. a reader; also one of the leffer orders in the church.

Ledár en teologia, a professor of

IECTORA'L, adj. applied to the canon whose office is to explain the holy fcriptures.

LECTORFA, f. f. the office or dignity of a reader in the church, LECTU'RA, f. f. a lecture.

LED

LEDAME'NTE , adv. obf. merrily , joyfully ...
LE'DO , adj. off. pleafant , mer-

ry.
LE'DRO, adj. in eant, mean, of

fmall value, low.

Bracio ledro, in cant, the left hand.

LEE

LEEDO'R, f. m. a reader.

LEE'R, v. a. to read; also to teach a science.

Let philosophia, to teach philosophy.

Lair a sno la carilla, to read a man his primer; that is, to tell him what he must trust to,

LEG

**LEGACI'A, f. f. an embaffy.

**LEGA'DO, f. m. an ambaffador;

**now ufed only for the pope's legate.

ZEGA'10, f. m. a bundle of papers.

LEGA'L, adj. legal, belonging to the law.

LEGALIDA'D, f. f. lawfulnefs. LEGALIZACIO'N, f. f. a certificate.

IEGALIZA'R, v. z. to declare in form that the infirument is true, to certify.

LEGALME'NTE, adv. lawfully, legally.

LEGAME'NTE, adv. laymanlike.

LEGA'MO, f. m. thick flime or mud.

IEGAÑA, f. f. vide LAGAÑA. LEGAÑOSO, adj. vide LAGAÑOSO.

ZEGA'R, v. a. to will, to bequeath by will, to fend.

TEGATA'RIO, f. m. one that has legacles left him.

LEGATO, f. m. a legacy.

LEGE'NDA, f. f. a legend. LEGENDA'RIO, T. m. the book of legends.

LEGIBLE, adj. legible, that may be read.

LEGIO'N, f. f. a legion; any great number.

LEGIONA'RIO, f. m. a foldier belonging to a legion.

LEGISLADO'R, f. m. legislator, law-giver.

LEGISLA'R, v. n. to make or establish laws.

LEGISPERITO, f. m. a person skilful in the law.

LEGISTA, f. m. a lawyer.

LEGI'TIMA, f. f. the fon's share of the inheritance of his father's goods.

LEGITIMACION, f. f. legitimation.

LEGITIMAME'NTE, adv. legally, lawfully.

LEGITIMA'R, v. a. to legitimate, to make legal or lawful. LEGITIMIDA'D, f. f. a legitim

macy.

LEGITIMO, adj. lawful, legitimate.

LE'GO, f. m. a lay-brother. LEGO'N, f. m. a spade.

LEGONCILLO, f. m. a hoe to hoe gardens.

LE'GRA, f. f. a furgeon's, inftrument with which he lays open the feull to fearch whether it be found.

LEGRA'R, v. a. in furgery; to lay open the scull, to scarch whether it be found.

LE'GUA, f. f. a league, commonly three miles.

Triga Uguas, swallow - leagues; fo they call a horse that rides much.

Prov. Por do quiérs hay su ligua de mal camino, whatsoever way you go, there is a league of bad way; a business is cross and difficult every way.

LEGUMBRE, f. f. pulse of all forts; as peafs, beans, verches, &c.

LEI

LEPELE; adj. that can be read.

LEJ

LEJA'NO, adj. far off. LE'JOS, adv. far.

LEL

LELILE'S, f. m. pl. the cries of the Moors when they join battle.

LELO, adj. foolish, stupid.

LEM

LE'MMA, f. f. an argument or fubjed.

LEN.

LENCERFA, f. f. the linen-drapers fireet; also linen-cloth made of flax.

ENCE'RO, f. m. a linen-draper,

LENDRE'RA, f. f. a fmal toothed comb to take the zits out of the hair.

LENDRE'RO, f. m. a place full of nits.

LENDRO'SO, adj. full of nits.

LE'NGUA, f. f. tongue; language; also an interpreter; the little wire or tongue of the balance, which shows what way it inclines; also the clapper of a bell.

Lengúa del água, the edge of the water.

Léngua de buéy, the herb bugloss. Léngua de cierro, hart-tongue, an herb.

Léngus de cordero, the herb lambstongue.

Léngua de cabálio, the herb-horfestongue, or laurel of Alexandria. Léngua de perro, the herb houndstongue.

Léngua serpentias, the herb adders-

Poner léngus en alguno, to talk ill of one.

Irfe de léngua, to be lavish of one's tougue.

Hactefe tenguas en un negócio, to ralk eagerly or zealously in an affair.

Venir con la léngua de un pilmo, to

come with the tongue hanging out a span; that is, in haste, panting, and the tongue hanging, as a dog when he runs.

Prov. Quien léngua ha, a Rôma va, he that has language, may go to Rome.

Prov. La léngua del mal amigo mas côrta que el cuchillo, a faile friend's tongue; is sharper than a knife.

LENGUA'DO, f. m. the fish called a foal.

LENGUA'GE, f. m. language. LENGUARA'Z, adj. one who fpeaks many languages; also an ill tongue, a malicious, veno-

mous tongue.

LENGUAZ, adj. full of tongue, talkative.

LENGUEA'R, v. a. to fpy out, to be inquisitive.

LENGUECILLA, f. f. a little ton-

LENGUE'TA, f. f. a little tongue, the uvula in the throat; the iron point of an arrow; the beard of a fishing-hook; the little iron at the end of goads; the little brass plates that fall upon some of the holes of an hautboy, and some other forts of wind-music.

IENGUETA'DA, f. f. the action of licking with the tongue.

LENGUE'ZUE'LA, f. f. a littletongue.

LENIDA'D, f. f. lenity, mildness of temper.

IENIE'NTE, adj. that foftens, affwages or appeales.

LENITIVO, adj. that can foften, appeale, or mitigate.

LENIZA'R, v. a. to fosten, to asswage, mitigate, or appease.

IENOCI'NIO, f. m. pimping, pandering, practice of bawdry.

IENTAME'NTE, adv. flowly.

LENTE, f. f. a lens, a galfs spherically convex on both fides. LENTE'JA, f. f the pulse called

Lent ja de água, the herb duckmeat, LENTICULA'R, adj. that has the likeness of the lentils; doubly con-

LENTI'SCO, f. m. the lentisk or maftick-tree.

LENTITUD, f. f. flowness.

LE'NTO, adj. flow, negligent.

LENTO'R, f. m. flowness.

LENZUE'LO, f. m. a little cloth,
a handkerchief.

LEñ

LE'āA, f. f. wood.

Cargár de léña, to cudgel one.

Léña enligáda, twigs daubed with birdlime.

Prov. Lever line al monte, to carry wood to the mountain; that is, to carry coals to Newcassie.

LEñADO'R, f. m. a carrier or cleaver of wood.

LERE'RO, f. m. a dealer in wood, and the place where wood is felled.

LEñO, f. m. a block, any large timber, a trunk of a tree; a blockbead; a ship, a boat.

LERO'SO, adj. woody, having properties of wood.

LEO

LEO'N, f. m. a lion.

Prov. No es tan bravo el Mon como le pintan, the lion is not so fierce as he is painted.

LEO'NA, f. f. a lionefs.

Leónas, pl. in cant, hofe, flock-ings.

LEONA'DO; adj. the colour we call murrey.

LEONCI'LLO, f. m. a little lion, a lion's whelp.

LEONE'RA, f. f. a cage or place to keep lions in.

LEONE'RO; f. m. a keeper of lions; one that keeps a gaming-

LEONI'NO, adj. that belongs to a lion.

LEOPA'RDO, f. m. a leopard.

L E P

LEPO'R, f., m. a grace, mirth, wir, drollery, pretty conceir, complainance.

LEPRA, f. f. the leprofy.

LEPRO'SO, adj. a lamar, one that has the leprofy.

LER

LET'

LE'RDO, adj. flow, lazy, dull; in cant, cowardly.

LES

LESIO'N, f. f. damage, hurt. LE'SNA, f. f. an awl. LE'SO, adj. hurt, wounded. LE'STE, f. m. eaft, eaft-wind.

LET

LETANI'A, f. f. litany.

LETHA'I, adj. deadly, mortal.

LETHA'RGO, f. m. a lethargy.

LETICIA, f. f. joy, mirth, gladnefs.

LETIRICA'R. . a to make increase.

LETIFICA'R, v. a. to make joyful or glad.

LETO'R, f. m. vide LECTOR. -LE'TRA, f. f. a letter; also the hand in writing; also a stanza.

Lens, a type with which books are printed; also the motto of a device.

Letrs por letrs, punctually, exactly, without leaving a letter.

Létra de câmbio, a bill of exchange.

La létra con fangre éntra, the letter is imprinted with blood; that is, with labour and pains; he that will learn must labour.

Hômbre de létras, a learned man.

Prov. Letras no embotan lánça, learning does not make a man the worse foldier.

LETRADO, f. m. a learned man, or a lawyer.

LETRE'RO, f. m. an infeription. LETRI'LLA, f. f. diminutive of letra. A poetical composition so called.

LETRINA, f. f. a privy.

LETRO'NES, f. m. pl. great letters; also the papers in great letters set up at the gates of churches, to declare any person excommunicated.

LETURAIO, f. m. an electary. LETURA, f. f. reading.

LEV.

IL'VA, C, f. raising of soldiers;

alfo, weighing anchor; fometimes quarrel, dispute.

Tocar a teva, to found or beat the general to march.

LEVA'DA, f. f. a bout, or turn at fencing; also the flourish made with the foil before fencing.

'LEVADI'ZO, to be lifted.

Puénse levadiça, a draw-bridge.

LEVA'DOR, f. m. a crafty thief. LEVADURA, f. f. leven for bread.

LEVANTADO'R, f. m. who raifes or elevates.

LEVANTADURA, f. f. raising, lifting.

ZEVANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. in-

furrection, rebellion. LEVANTA'R, v. a. to raise, to

lift; also to build, to construct. Leventer, to make infurrections; alfo to impute, to accuse.

Tevantár, to defend, to protect; also to give elevation of rank or fortune.

Levantar una cosa en aito, to existe a thing high.

Levantás un péso, to lift a weight. Levantar un edificie, to raise a ftruc-

Levantar la caza, to rouse, flart, or spring game.

Levantar fulfo testimónio, to accuse falfly.

Levantar gente de guérra, to raife soldiers.

Levantar al cerco, to raise the siege. Levantur la tabla, to take away after dinner.

Levantarse, v. r. to rise up; also to recover; also to grow more or greater in any respect.

Levantar à uno hacia arriba, to put a man iu a great passion.

Levantar de cascos, to inspire pride or vanity.

Levantdr el campo, to raise the camp.

Levantar el espiritu, to encourage, to raife up the spirit.

Levantar la voz , el grito', ò el bramo , to make a great noise, to be in a passion, or furious.

Levantar les talones, to fly, to escape, running away.;

Levantarfe a las estrellas, to grow yery haughty.

Levantarse con algo, to take possession of any thing.

Levantarse de la cama, to raise out of

Levantarse a mayores, to take upon one, to grow haughty.

Levantárse el puéblo, to mutiny, to rebel.

Levantarse del juége, to give over play.

LEVA'NTE, f. m. the Levant, the East.

Estar de levante, to be unsented. Levantifco, adj. of or belonging to the Levant.

LEVA'R, v. a. to raise, to lift. Levár ferre, to weigh anchor.

Levárse, v. r. in cant, to remove, to be gone.

LE'VE, adj. light; of no mo-

LEVEDA'D, f. f. lightness. LEVEME'NTE, adv. lightly.

LEVI'TA, f. m. a levite or prieft according to the Mosaical or Levi tical law.

LEVITICO, f. m. the book of Leviticus.

LEX

LEXA'NO, adj. diffant, that is far off,

LEXEDUMBRE, If. m. obf. excrement, dung, filth, nastiness. LEXIA, f. f. lye to wash in.

Prov. Perdida es la lexia en la cabeza del ásno, it is losing the lye to wash an ass's head with it. There is no washing the blackmoor white. Infirmations are loft upon a dunce.

LEXICON, f. m. a lexicon, a dictionary.

LE'XOS, adv. far off.

Léxos, adj. pl. in painting, are the figures that appear small, representing a distance.

Tenér buénos léxos, to look better at a diffance than near at hand, LEXURA, f. f. distance.

LEY

LEY, f. f. a law; also fidelity, ho-Léy del encage, a discretional law.

Oro à plata de léy, gold or filver that is standard.

Mercaderia de léy , a good legal commodity, in which there is no cheat.

Tener ley con su señor, to be faithful to his mafter.

A léy de buéno juro, by the faith of an honest man; a kind of oath.

Prov. A la van lèges donde quièren réyes, the laws go which way kings please; that is, monarchs make the laws speak what they pleafe.

Prov. Por tu léy, y por tu réy, y y por tu grey, you shall venture your life for your religion, for your king, and for your country.

LEYE'NDA, f. f. the action of reading; also what is read.

LIA

LIA, f. f. a withe of olier-twigs to bind with.

LI'AS, f. f. pl. the dregs of wine, the lees.

LIA'ZA, f, f. a bundle of ofiers. LIADU'RA, f. f. a binding.

LI'AR, v. a. to bind any thing with cords.

LIB

LIBACIO'N, f. f. a facrifice offered, or the tafting of what is offe-

LIBA'R, v. a. to offer in facrifice; alfo to tafte, to affay.

LIBELA'R, v. a. to draw petitions, declarations; also to libel or scandalize.

LIBELA'TICO, adj. that denies his religion for fear of tortures.

LIBE'LO, f. m. petition, memorial, declaration.

Libélo, f. m. a scandalous invective.

LIBERA'L, adj. liberal, bountiful, free, generous; also quick, active, diligent.

Artes liberáles, the liberal arts, or sciences.

LIBERALIDA'D, f. f. liberality, bounty, generolity. LIBERALMENTE

LIBERALME'NTE, adv. liberally, bountifully, generoully. IIBE'RRIMO, adj. superl. very

LIBERTA'D, f. f. liberty, freedom.

LIBERTA'DO, adj. impudent. LIBERTADO'R, f. m. who makes or fets free.

LIBERTA'R, v. z. to fet free, to enfranchise.

LIBERTINO, f. m. the fon of one that has been a flave and made free.

IIBE'RIO, f. m. one that has been a flave, and made free.

LIBIDINE, f. f. luft, defire. LIBIDINO'SO, adj. luftful, lu-

xurious, unchaste.

LIBRA, f. f. a pound weight; also the constellation called Libra. Libra carnicéres, the butchers pound, which is double the common pound.

LIBRACIO'N, f. m. the motion of a body in its center, to put isself in equilibrium.

LIBRA'DO, adj. delivered, freed; also assigned or ordered, speaking of monney.

El mejor librado, he that has escaped or fared beft.

ZIBRADO'R, f. m. a deliverer, a discharger; also he that gives bills or warrants to receive mo-

IIBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. freeing,

discharging.

LIBRANCI'STA, f. m. the person who has bills, notes, or order to receive money.

LIBRA'NZA, f. f. a bill, note, warrant, or order to receive mo-Dey.

LIBRAR, v. a. to deliver, to fet free, to give a bill, note, warrant, or order for monney. In nunneries, to give a nun leave to talk at the grate.

"IIBRAZO, f. m. a great book. LIBRE, adj. free, clear, bold. LIBRE'A, f. f. a livery.

LIBRE'AR, v. a. to fell any thing by pounds.

LIBREME'NTE, adv. freely.

LIBRERI'A, f. f. a library. LIBRE'RO, f. m. a bookfeller. Tom. I.

LIBRE'TA, f. f. a linde pound weight; also a loaf one pound weight.

LIBRE'TE, f. m. a little book. LIBRI'LLA, f. f. a little pound. LIBRI'LLO, f. m. a little book; alfo a little earthen pan.

LI'BRO, f. m. a book.

Libro de cáxa, a shop-book, a merchant's book.

Libro de memória, a pocket-book, a notebook.

Libro agujerado, a file on which loofe papers are kept.

Libre de máno, a manuscript book.

Hacer libro nuevo, to turn over a new leaf, take new measures, to begin a new course of life.

No haver estudiado mas que en el Ubro de su aldéa, not to know how to read in any book but his own.

Prov. Libro cerrádo no fáce letrádo, a book that is shut makes no scholar.

LIC

LICE'NCIA, f. f. licence, leave. LICENCIA'DO, f. m. a licentiate. LICENCIA'R, v. a. to licence, to discharge, to give leave. LICENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. licentiously, leadly.

LICENCIO'SO, adj. licentious,

LICIO'N, f. f. a leffon, rea-LI'CITAME'NTE , adv. lawfully.

LICITO, adj. lawful, LICO'R, f. m. liquor.

LID

LID, f. f. contention, firife, debate, combat. LIDIADO'R, f. m. contender, debater, combatant. LIDIA'R, v. a. to contend, to debate, to firive, to combat.

LIE

LIEBRASTO'N, f. m. a leveret, a young hare. LIE'BRE, f. f. a hare; a coward.

Liébre de már, a fish called a sea-

Tomár una liebre, to take a hare; to fall down in the dirt.

Prov. Levan: àr la liébre para que otro médre, to fart the hare that another may thrive; as we fay one man beats the bush, another runs away with the hare.

Prov. Por múcho que córra la liebre, mas corre el gálgo pués la prénde, though the hare runs never fo well, the greyhound runs better, fince he takes her. None ought to boast of what they can do, where others outdo them.

LIE'NDRE, f. f. a nit.

LIE'NTO, adj. moift, damp, lank, pliant, flow.

LIE'NZO, f. m. linea cloth; alfo a picture.

Liênzo tifládo, striped linen.

Liénzo de nárizes, a handkerchief. Liénzo de murálla, a side of a wall, or a curtain of a wall.

LIG

LIGA, f. f. garter; also bird-lime; alfo an alliance; alfo allaying of metals.

LIGUDU'RA, f. f. a binding. LIGAGA'MBA, f. f. obf. 2 gar-

LIGA'LLO, f. m. a company of shepherds.

LIGAME'NTO, f. m. a band, or · biading.

LIGA'R, v. a to bind; to bewitch; to allay metals.

ligarfe, v. r. to be united, to be in league with others.

LIGAZO'N, f. m. binding, tying union.

Ligazónes de un navio, the ribs of a ship.

LIGERAME'NTE, adv. lightly nimbly, actively.

LIGEREZA, f. f. lightness, nimbleness, activity.

LIGE'RO, adj. light, nimble, active.

Cabállos ligéros, the light-horfe. Creér de ligéro, to be credulous, to believe on light grounds. LIGERUE'LO, adj. lightish.

Fff

Uvas ligeruélas, a sort of early grapes that are first ripe.

LI'GULA, f. f. a little tongue; also a latchet of a shoe, a shoe-tie, a tenon, the tongue of a pipe, a fpoon, scummer, or ladle.

LIGUSTRI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to a tree called privet or primeprint.

LIGU'STRO, f. m. a flover fo called.

LIL

IIIA, f. f. a thin woollen fluff of divers colours.

LILA'C, f. m. an African shrub fo called.

LILA'ILA, S. f. a thin woollen-

LILA'O, f. m. a vain oftentation in words and actions.

LIM

IPMA, f. f. in cant, the shirt. Ilma, f. f. a citron, or citron-tree; also a file as smiths use; thence the correcting of any writing, as it were filing of it.

IIMA'DA, f. f. a fort of dog-

LIMADAME'NTE, adv. curioufly.

exquifitely. LIMA'DO, adj. filed, curious.

LIMADU'RA, f. f. filing-pin-

LIMA'R, v. a. to file; to correct. to refine.

LIMA'ZA, f. f. a fnail.

LIMBO, f. m. the place where the fouls of the patriarchs were till the coming of Chrish

LIME'RA, f. f. citron, sweet lemontree.

Liméra, s. f. a woman who sells le-

LIME'RO, f. m. the man who fells lemons; also the lemontree.

I.ME'TA, f. f. a bellied glass

LIMETI'LLA, C.f. a small glass

IIMI'STE, f. m. superfine cloth. LIMITACIO'N, f. f. limitation, confinement.

LIMITADAME'NTE, adv. circumscribedly, scantily.

LIMITA'DO, adj. scanty. Hómbre limitado, a narrow-souled

man.

LIMITA'NEO, adj, bounding, circumscribing.

LLMITAR, v. a. to limit, to circumscribe, to bound.

LI'MITE, f. m. limit, bound.

LI'MO, f. m. mud, dirt. LIMON, f. m. a lemon.

Limon de carro, the pole that gees between the oxen in the

wain. LIMONA'DA, f. f. limonade.

LIMONA'DO adj. lemon co-

LIMONA'R, f. m. a lemon orchard.

LIMONCILLO, f. m. a little lemon.

LIMO'SNA, f. f. alms.

Prov. El dar limófna núnca mengua la bólfa, giving alms never empties the purse.

LIMOSNADO'R, f. m. one that gives alms.

LIMOSNE'RO, f. m. an almoner, one that gives much alms.

LIMO'SO, adj. dirty, miry. LFMPIA, .C. f. the act of cleaning any thing.

LIMPLADE'RA, f. f. a brush. LIMPIADIE'NTES, f. m. a tooth-

picker. LIMPIADE'RO, adj. any thing to make clean with.

LIMPIADO'R, f. m. who cleans or purifies any thing.

LIMPIADU'RA, f. f. whatever is taken of in cheaming a thing,

LIMPIAME'NTE, adv. cleanlily, neatly.

LIMPIA'R, v. a. to clean, to cleanfe.

Limpiarse, v. r. to clear one's self of any accusation.

LIMPIE'DUMBRE, of f. clean-LIMPIE'ZA, S lines,

neatness, purity.

Prov. Limpieza no en la bolfa cleanliness not in the purse. A pur e very clean is a fign of no money in it.

LI'MPIO, adj. clean, neat, pure, bright.

Persona Umpia, one that has no taint in his blood, as not descended from Moors or Jews.

No ser água timpia, to have some blemish,

Llmpio de pólvo y de paja, no way defiled, without any incumbrance. LIMPIO'N, f. m. one that cleanses privies, a goldfinder.

LIN

LINA'GE, f. m. a lineage, flock, or family.

Papv. No digas ax! que deshonrarás su lináx, do not say oh! for you will difgrace your famly; that is, do not cry out when in pain, because it is scandalous in a man.

LINAGISTA, f. m. who writes lineages or descents of families. LINAJU'DO, f. m. one that boals much of his family.

LINALOE, f. m. lignum aloes, LINA'R, f. m. a field of flax. LINARIA, f. f. an h erb fo called.

LINAZA, f. f. the feeds of flax. LINDAME'NTE, adv. finely, curioufly.

LINDA'R , v. n. to limit, to bound.

LINDAZO, f. m. a great beau. 2 f. m. limit , boun-LI'NDE, LINDE'RO, dary.

LINDE'ZA, f. f. fineness, curiousness, beauty.

LI'NDO, adj. fine, urious, dainty, beautiful. Spoken of a man witshout any addition, it figuifies

a beau, a fop. Lindo hombre, a fine man.

LINEA, f. f. line, extension, limir.

Linea, rank, birth; also kind, Tirar lineas, to intend, to presend fomething.

Ibres réds, a straight line.

LINEA'L, adj. of or belonging to a line.

LINEAMIE'NTO, f. m. lineament.

LINEA'R, v. n. to draw lines. LINE'RO, f. m. one that deals

ia flax. LINGUE'TE . f. m. an iron bar fo

·called, used: on board a ship.

LINIME'NTO, f. m. an ointment ! or liniment.

LINO, f. m. flax, or linen. LINTE'L, f. m. the piece that lies across the two jambs of the door.

LINTE'RNA, f. f. a lanthorn. LINTERNE'RO, f. m. a maker of lanthorns,

LIA

II'nOS, f. m. (Cabéros de la viña) the rows or ranks in which vines are planted.

LIO

LIO, f. m. a bindle, a fardle, a pack,

LIQ

LIQUA'BLE, adj. that may be liquefied.

LIQUACIO'N, f. f. the melting or liquefying of any thing.

LIQUA'R, ∇ , a. to melt or make liquid, to liquefy.

LIQUECE'R, v. a. to melt.

LIQUIDACION, f. f. melting, or making liquid; also clearing. LIQUIDA'MBAR, f. m. an odoriferous medicinal liquor so cal-

LIQUIDAME'NTE, adv. clearly, plainly; like a fluid.

LIQUIDA'R, v. a. to make liquid, to melt, to diffolve; also to clear any thing that is dubious or difficult.

LIQUI'DO, adj. liquid.

LIQUO'R, f. m. liquor.

LIRA, f. f. a lyre, a harp; alfor the conficuation of that name; it is also a poetical composition of five verses in a stanza, two long and three short, or broken.

LIR

ZIRICO, adj. lyrick. Poéta Urico, a lyrick poet. Vérsos liricos, lyrick verses. LIRIO, f. m. a lily. Line cardene, the flower-de-luce. LIRO'N, f. m. a dormoufe.

LIRONCILLO, f. m. a little dor-

LIRO'NDO, adj. that has no mixture or addition,

LIS

LIS, f. f. (flor de Us) a floverde-luce.

LISAME'NTE, adv. smoothly, plainly.

LISIA'R, v. a. to hurt, to wound. LISO, adj. fmooth, plain. In cant,

Hómbre Uso, a plain dealer, a man without fraud.

LISO'NJA, f. f. flattery. There is alfo: a fort of flower of this name.

Lisónjas de oro, a set of gold embroidery.

LISONJEADO'R, f. m. a flatte-

rer. LISONJEA'R, v. 2. to flatter. LISONJE'RO, f. m. a flatterer.

LISTA, f. f. a lift of names, or of cloth; a ribband.

LISTA'R, v. a. to ftrip.

LISTO, adj. ready, quick, dili-

LISTO'N, f, m, a broad ribband. LISTONCFILO, f. m. a little ribband.

LISTONERI'A, f., f. a' bundle or knot of ribbands.

LISURA, f. f. smoothness, also ingenuity, fincerity.

LIT

LPTE, f. f. firife, contention, a fuit of law.

LITE'RA, f. f. a horse-litter, a kind of vehiculary bed carried by horfes.

LITERA'L, adj. literal.

LITERALI'STA, f. m. who usderstands the literal sense.

LITERALME'NTE, adv. lite-

LITERA'RIO, adj. belonging to

LITERA'TO, adj. learned.

LITERATURA, f. f. learning, knowledge.

LITHARGY'RIO, f. m. lithar-

LITHOCO'LA, f. f. cement wherewith stones are joined together. stonesglue.

LITIGA'R, v. a. to go law , to contend.

LITIGADO'R, f. m. a wrangler.

LITIGA'NTE, f. m. one that is at law.

LITI'GIO, f. m. strife, conten-

LITIGIO'SO, adj. contentious. litigious.

LITISPENDE'NCIA, f. f. a demur in law.

LITURGEA, f. f. the liturgy. the publick form of divine fer-

LIV

LIVIANAME'NTE , adv. ligh-

LIVIANDA'D, f. f. lightness, a foolish action, impudence; also lewdness.

LIUIANE'ZA, f. f. the fame as liviandad.

LIVIA'NO, adj. light, inconfiant; also lewd, diffolute.

Liviános, f. m. pl., the lights of any creature.

LIVORA'DO, adj. obs. marked black and blue by bruifes.

LIX

LIXA, f. f. a seal fish, the skin of which is used in polishing mood.

LIXA'R, v. a. to polish, to smooth. LEXO, f. m. obf. mud.

LIXO'SO, obs. adj. muddy, dirty.

LLA

LLA'GA, f. f. 2 wound, a fore. Prov. Sánan Uagas, y no málas. palabras, wounds heal, but not ill words.

LLAGA'R, v. a. to wound. LLAGO'SO, adj. full of wounds.

or fores.

LLA'MA, f. f. a flame. LLAMADA, f. f. a call; also the chamade or beat of a drum, which declares a furrender. . 🚣

Fff 2

Ilimas, f. f. a fort of cattle peculiar to the kingdom of Peru. LLAMADOR, f. m. one that calls; alfo the knocker or the hammer which hangs at the door for ftrangers to firike.

ILAMAMIE'NTO, f. m. a call or calling; in physick, the drawing the humour to a place.

'LIAMA'R, v. n. to call; to knock at the door.

· Llamarfe por tal nombre, to bear fuch a name.

· ILAMARA'DA, f. f. a blaze of fire.

· ILAMATIVO, adj. that calls; applied only when speaking of falt things, because they are apt to provoke, excite, or as it were, call persons to drink.

LLA'NA, f. f. a mason's or plaifzerei's 'trowel; alfo a page of a book's leaf.

: IIANA DA, f. £ an even piece of ground.

LLANAME'NTE, adv. plainly. LLANE'ZA, f. f. plainness, sincerity, plain dealing, familiarity.

LLA'NO, adj. plain, fimple, fincere, honest without difficulty. Hómbre Uáno, a downright honest

man.

: Caméro Iláno, a wether mutton.

LLA'NTA, f. f. a colewort; alfo the binding irons about the wheels of carts or coaches called the ftreeks.

.LLANTEAR, v. n. to. bewail, to bemoan.

LLANTE'N, f. m. the herb plan-

LLA'NTO, f. m. mourning, wee-

LLANU'RA, f. f. plainnes, a plain.

LLA'RES, f. m. pl. (ollares) pothangers.

LLAVE, f. f. a key.

Prov. Llave en cinta hoch buena a mi y a mi veclna, the key; inthe girdle makes me and my , meighbour good; that is, when things are locked up, the opportunity of fealing-is taken away.

LLAVE'RO, f. m. the key-hole: alfo a chain or firing to hang BEYS BE

Llavéro, f. m. he who keeps the keys of a town, prison; or any other place.

LLB

LLE'CO, f. m. land that is not broke up.

LLEGADA, f. f. the arrival, or coming to a place; also a gathe-

LLEGAR, v. a. to arrive, to come to a place; to gather; also to touch.

Acábo de Uegár, I am just come. No Uégues a ésto, do not touch this. LLE'NA , f. f. a filling.

Prov. A grea Uéna gran vacia, great filling must have great emptying.

LLENAME'NTE, adv. copiously. abundantly.

LLENA'R, v. a. to fill. Lienárse to eat and drinck well; also to be angry.

LLE'NO, adj. full. Lléno, f. m. plenty, abundance.

Hombre Uéno, a very learned per-

De Uéno , entirely.

Dar de Uéno, to hit a thing full. LLENU'RA, f. f. plenty, copiousness, abundance.

LLEKA'DA, f. f. the action of carrying.

ILEVADE'RO, adj. supportable, to be borne.

LLEVADO'R, f. m. one that carries.

LLEVA'R, v. a. to carry; also to produce, and to bear or fuffer. Llevár, to exceed; also to draw to. one's opinion.

Llevár, to guide, and to manage. Llevar a cuestas, to carry on the back; also to suffer, to bear.

Lievárse de la coléra, to fall in a paffion.

Llavár adelance, to go on constantly. Llevár con figo, to be in company, to go somewhere:

Llevárse los ojos, to draw the amention of all the people present.

Llevár en huélo, to carry away inpassing by, or to carry hanging, or as a bird that feizes his prey and flies away with it.

Llevár de la rienda, to lead by the bridle.

Llevár a jórro, to tow, as vesicis do one another on the watter.

Llevár (la tiérra) trigo , to beat wheat.

No llevár (el eflómago) alguna comida, not to bear forme fort of meat.

No llevárse bien con una persona, not to agree well with some perfon.

No levár camino, to be unlikely. Llevár ventája " to have an advantage.

Llevár à otro tantos años, to be so many years older than another. Llevár tánto de pena, to be fined fo much.

LLEUDA'R. v. a. to put yest in dough that it may ferment.

LLO

LLORADE'RA, f. f. a woman hired to cry at a funeral, a mourner.

LLORADE'RO, adj. lamentable. LLORADO'R, f. m. a weeping fellow.

LLORADUE'LOS, f. m. a faivelling person that cries at every

LLORA'R, v. n. to cry, to weep. LLO'RO, f. m. crying, weeping. LLO'RON, f. m. a child that cries much, or a great cry at lubber.

LLORO'SO, adj. mouraful, ful of tears.

LLOVEDIZO, adj. that falls in raio.

LLO'VER, v. imp. to rain.

Prov. Llovér fobre mojado, to rain upon the wet; to add fin to fin, affliction to affliction, pleafure to pleasure.

LLOVYDO, f. m. fo they call those that go over to the West-Indies without leave, as if they dropt out of the clouds.

LLOVIO'SQ, adj. vide LLU-VIO'SO.

LLOVIZNA, f. f. a small mizzling rain.

LIOVIZNA'R v. n. to mizzic, to rain very small.

LLU

ILUE'CO, adj. broody, one that flands hollow, as if he was afraid of falling.

LLUVECITA, f. f. a small mizzling rain.

LLUVI'A, f. f. rain. LLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

LOA

LO', the article of the neuter gender.

LO'A, f. f. praife, commendation.

LOA'BLE, adj. commendation,
praife-worthy.

LOABLEME'NTE, adv. commendably, praise-worthily.

LOADO'R, f. m. who praifes or commends.

LOA'R, r. a. to praise.

LOB

IO'BA, f. f. a she wolf; a wide cassock without sleeves; a ridge between two furrows; a slocklock for a door.

Prov. Quières ver lôbs parlas essa tu hijs, would you see a shewolf that has whelped, then marry your daughter. The she wolf that has whelped is said to carry all she can get to her den for her whelps; when a woman has a child, she is like a she-wolf to her father, getting from him all that ever she can.

LOBADO, f. m. a fwelling about the jaws, or in other parts; in a horse the fashions.

LOBAGA'NTE, f. m. in fome parts they give this name to a hobster.

IOBANI'LLO, f. m. a fwelling called a carbuncle, a bile, a push. IOBATO'N, f. m. in canr, a sheep-flealer.

LOBE'RA, f. f. a welf's den; also a furred cassock.

LOBILLO, a whelp.

LOBI'SMO, f. m. great hunger or greediness like a wolf's.

LOBITO, f. m. a little wolf.

LO'BO, f. m. a wolf, in cant, a thief.

Lóbo marino, a sea calf.

Lóbo cervál, the beaft called an ounce.

Prov. El lóbo, y la vulpeja ámbos fon de úna confeja, the wolf and the fox are both of a gang: that is, both contrivers of mischief, and not to be trusted. To express any two persons are equally wicked.

Prov. Dar voces al lobo, to call out to the wolf; that is, to labour in vain, because the louder you call the wolf, the faster he runs away.

Prov. Con un lóbo no se máta óno, one wolf is not to be killed with another; that is, you must not employ a knave against another knave.

Prov. Comprár del lóbo cárne, to buy flesh of a wolf; to buy dear,

Prov. De to contido côme el lóbo, the wolf eats of what is counted. Shepherds know how many sheep they have, and yet the wolf steals them; that is, thieves will steal, though they know it will be missed; much more if they think it will not.

Prov. El lóbo piérde los diêntes, mas no las miéntes, the wolf lofes his teeth, but not his inclination. Whicked men in age lofe the ability or power of doing ill, but not the will.

Prov. Bl 16bo harto de earne se mête fráyle, the wolf when sull of meat, turns friar. When a wicked man can sin lo longer, he pretends to be good.

Prov. Lobo hambriénto no tiéne affiento, a hungry volf cannot be still in a place. Hunger or vant make all craatures restless.

Prov. Quándo un lóbo come a ótro, no hay que comér en el fóto, when one wolf eats another, there is nothing else to eat in the wood. When sharpers prey upon one another, there is no game abroad.

Prov. Un tobo no muérde a otro, one wolf does not bue another. Knaves do not hurt one another.

LOBRE'GO, adj. dark, difmal-LOBREGUL'Z, f. f. darkness, difmalness.

LOBU'NO, adj. wolfish.

LOC

LOCA'L, adj. local, of place; as, movimiento local, local motion.

LOCALIDA'D, f. f. locality.

LOCAME'NTE; adv. madly; immoderately.

LOCA'RIAS, f. m. a foot.

LOCO, adj. mad, fubst. used,
a madman.

Loco atreguado, one that is mad by

Lôce perenál, one that is always mad.

Cafa de tocos, a mad-house.

Prov. Mas sabe el loco en su casa, que el cuérdo en la agéna, the madman knows more in his own house, than a wiseman in another body's; that is, every man knows his own business best.

Prov. Los únos y los otrós, tódos fómos lócos, one or other of us, we are all mad; thas is, we have all our failings and our follies.

LOCUCIO'N, f. f. elecution; speech.

LOCURA; f. f. madness.

Prov. Conocerás la locára em cantár, y jugăr, y correr mila, you'll perceive a man's maduel's by his finging, playing, and riding. These things illtimed are sufficient proofs of an empty skull.

Prov. Quién enfirma de locura, ò fâna târde ò núnca, he that runs mad is cured late or never.

Prov. Si la locura fuésse dolóres, en cáda cása darián voces, if madness were pain, they would cry out in every house.

IOCUTO'RIO, f. m. the speaking room where nuns come to the grate to talk to their friends.

LOP

IODAZA'I, f. m. a place full of dirr and mire.

LO'DO, f. m. mud', mire, dire...

a business in the mire; to spoil it. Prov. Mas vále ganár lódo que preder en óro, it is better to get dire than to lose gold; better be dirty than neglect one's business which brings in money.

LODO'SO, adj. muddy, miry,

LOG

LOGARITHMICO, adj. belong.

ing to logarithms.

LOGARI'THMOS, f. m. pl. logarithms, or artificial numbers, which perform multiplication by addition, and division by subtraction.

LOGICA, f. f. logick, the art of reasoning.

LOGICO, f. m. a logician.

LOGRA'R, v. 2. to get, to gain, to purchase, to get good of a thing, to attain its end.

Lograrse, v. r. to obtain one's defire.

LUGREA'R, v. a. to lend money to use.

LOGRERIA, f. f. ufary.

LOGRE'RO, f. m. an usurer. LO'GRO, f. m. usury, interest gain; also the good success, or greatning the end of a thing.

LOM

ZO'MA, f. f. a ridge or top of

LOMA'R, v. a in cant, to give. LOMBA'RDA, f. f. a cannon.

LOMBARDA'DA, f. f. a shot of a cannon.

V. a. to can-IOMBARDA'R. LOMBARDEA'R. nonade.

. LOMBARDE'RO, f. m. a gunner.

LOMBRIGUE'RA, f. f. a plant so called.

LOMBRIZ, f. f. a worm.

, LOMI'LLO, f. m. dim. of 1/000. LOMINHIE'STO, adj. obf. long-

backed and upright.

LO'MO, f. m. the loins, the ridge of the back; a ridge between wo furrows; a loin of any meat.

Béstia de buénos lómos, a strongbacked beaft.

Jugár de tomo, to be in good case.

Traginár al lómo, to carry burdens | on beafts backs.

LON

LON

LO'NA, f. f. fail cloth.

LONGA, f. f. a note in musick fo called.

LONGANIMIDA'D, f. f. long sufferance or forbearance.

LONGANIMO, adj. that fuffers long, forbearing; also generous, liberal.

LONGANIZA, f. f. a great faufage.

Prov. Mas dias hay que longan'z's, there are more days than fausages; that is, we must live within compass, that we may not spend all too soon.

LONGANIZE'RO, f. m. a faufage-maker or feller.

LONGARES, f. m. in cant, a coward.

LONGIMETREA, f. f. a part of geometry which treats of the mensuration of distances.

LONGINQUO. adj. far off, at a great diffance; strange, long. LONGITUD, f. f. length; the longitude.

LONGITUDINA'L, adj. that belongs or pertains to the longi-

LONGITUDINALME'NTE, adv. according to longitude.

LONGUISO, f. m. in cant, a

coward. LONGU'RA, f. f. length.

LO'NJA, f. f. a long piece, a flice, a fliver, a good cut; alfo an exchange where merchants meet; any walk like a cloister. In falconry, the leafe or leach, being the slender long leather thong fastened to the jesses, by which the hawk is held fast on the fift, being wound about the fingers.

LONJE'RO, f. m. one who keeps a grocery shop, a grocer.

LONJI'STA, f. m. a merchant.

LOO

LOOCH, f. m. a lohock, an electary,

LOO'R, f. m. praise, commendation.

LOQ

LOQUACIDA'D, s. f. talkativeness.

LOQUAZ, adj. talkative.

LOQUEA'R, v. n. to play the madman.

LOQUE'RO, f. m. he who takes care of, or keeps the mad people. LOQUE'SCA, f. f. the behaviour

of madmen or mad people. LOQUE'SCO, adj. maddish.

LOQUI'LLO, 📞 f. m. a lide LOQUITO, madman.

LOR

LORIGA, f. f. a coat of mail,

LORIGA'DO, adj. armed with a coat of mail or guirafs.

LORIGO'N, f. m. a firong coat

LORIGUILLA, f. f. a little coas of mail.

LO'RO, adj. couloured.

Léro, s. m. a kind of parrot.

LOS

LO'S, the masculine article of the plural number.

LO'SA, f. f. a flat stone, such as is used in pavements.

LOSANGE, f. m. flattery.

LOSA'R, v. a. to pave with broad stones.

LOSILLA, f. f. idem.

Cogér d uno en losilla, to enfnare, to put a trick upon a man, te cheat him.

LOT

LOTERIA, f. f. a lotery. LOTO, f. m. the lote or mettletree.

LOZ

LOZA, f. f. carthen ware. Ande la losa, let us be merry, let us make good cheer. LOZANEA'R, v. n. to be elegent well bred,

IOZANFA, f. f. the green and beauty of the plants; also elegance.

LOZA'NO, adj. wanton lufly, brisk, gay; also green, beautiful, handsome, (speaking of plants.)

LUA

IUA, f. f. obf. a glove.

LUB

IUBRICA'N, f. m. the dawning of the day, the twilight.

IUBRICAME'NTE, adv. sipperity.

IUBRICIDA'D, f. f. slipperiness.

IUBRICO, adj. slippery.

LUC

LUCAS, f. f. pl. in cant, cards LUCL'RNA, f. f. a candle, a lamp, any fort of light.

Lucérnas, f. f. pl. in cant, the eyes.

LUCE'RNO, f. m. in cant, a candleftick.

LUCE'RNULA, f. f. a kitchengarden plant fo called.

LUCE'RO, f. m. the flar called Venus, or any shining large stars. Luceros, pl. in cant, the eyes.

LU'CHA, f. f. a wreftling. LUCHADO'R, f. m. a wreftler. LUCHA'R, v. a. to wreftle.

LUCIDAME'NTE, adv. brightly, glorioully, gayly.

IUCI'DO, adj. bright, gay, glorious bandfome, fine.

LUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, shining. LUCIE'RNAGA, f. f. a glowworm.

LUCIFE RO, adj. that brings light.

LUCIFUGO, adj. that flies from the light.

LUCI'LLO, f. m. a tomb.

LUCIMIL'NTO, f. m. fplendour, gallantry.

Lu'CIO, adj. the fish called a pike Lucio, adj. bright, shining, or transparent.

Cáscos lucios, an empty skull, as if it where transparent.

LUCIR, v. n. to shine, to be gay, to appear handfomely or creditably.

LUCCO, f. m. a grove of trees. LUCRATIVO, adj. that gains or profits.

LUCTUO'SA, f. m. gain, profit.

LUCTUO'SA, f. f. the fees paid
to the church at a funeral.

LUCTUO'SA, adj. mournful.

LUCUBRACTON, f. f. fludying or working by candle-light.
'LUCUBRA'R, v. n. to fludy, or

do, or make any thing by candle-light.

LUD

LUDA, f. f. in cant, a woman.

LUDIBRIO, f. m. a mock, a mocking flock or make-game; fcorn, fport.
LUDIO, f. m. in cant, a wicked man.
Lidius, pl. in cant, doits or farthings.
LUDIR, v. n. to rub one thing against another.

LUE

LUE'GO, adv. presently, immediately, by and by; also then.
LUENGAME'NTE, adv. longly, tediously.
LUE'NGO, adj. long distant,
LUEEE, adv. obs. distant, far

L U G

IUGANO, f. m. a fort of little sparrow.

LUGAR, f. m. a place; a town, a village; an employment, a citation or quotation.

Lugár, opportunity, time; also the place where one sits.

Lugár común, the little-house where people ease themselves.

En lugăr, instead; in the room of.

Hacer lugăr, to make way.

En lugăr de arm instead of ano.

En lugar de orro, instead of another.

Dar lugár a una cofa, to give way to, to permit or suffer a thing. No ha lugár effo, has cannot be done.

Hacir lugár, to make room.

LUGARCILLO, f. m. a little

LUGAREJO, town or vil
LUGARILLO, lage.

LUGARO'N, f. m. a great place,

a great village.

LUGARTENIE'NTE, f. m. a

lieutenant, a deputy.

LUGU'BRE, adj. mouraful, lamentable.

LUI

LUI'R, v. n. to rub two thingstogether so as to spoil them,

LUM

LUMADE'ROS, f. m. in cant the LUMBARA'DA, of f. f. excess of LUMBRADA, LUMBRA'L , f. m. vid. UM-BRA'L. LUMBRA'RIA, f. f. a lamp id country chapels. LUMBRE, f. f. fire, light. Moverse a lumbre de pajas, to de things without confideration, to turn with every wind. LUMBRECILLA, f. f. a little fire. LUMBRE'RA, f. f. a fmall window, a sky-light. LUMBRO'SO, adj. lightfome. LUMINACION, f. f. colouring and gilding of prints, or making gold letters in books; also illumination. LUMINADO'R, f. m. one who illuminates, or gives light. LUMINA'R, f. m. sny star. LUMINA'R , v. a. to to colour prints, or to make gold letters in books; also to illuminate. LUMINA'RIA, f. f. an illumination, as is used upon occasion

LUN

LUMING'SO, adj. lightfome,

of publick joy, a bonfire. In

cant, a window.

LUNA, f. f. the moon; filver in chemistry.

Lúna Uéna, the full moon.

Lúna creciénte, the inercase of the

moon

Luna menguante, the decrease of the moon.

Lúna con cuérnos, the new moon when its horns are sharp.

Lúna, de espejo, a looking - glas. Está lúna sóbre el horno, a man is at the height of his madness.

Prov. A la lúna el lóbo al afno espúlga, the wolf picks the ass's sleas by moon - light; that is, preys upon him. At night sharpers prey upon their cullies.

EUNACION, f. f. a crooking or bending like the moon; also the revolution of the moon.

ZUNA'DA, f. f. a gammon of bacon.

EUNA'R, f. m. a mole on the skin; also the moonlight; also the flone called felenites.

Zinar, adj. belonging to the moon.
ZUNA'RIA, f. f. the herb moonwort.

LUNA'RIO, f. m. as almanack that shews the moons.

LUNA'TICO, adj. lunatick, mad at the full meon.

TUNES, f. m. Monday.

ZUNE'TA, f. f. a small round or halfround windew.

Lunctás de páro, the spots in a peacock's tail which look like eyes.

ZUNULA, f.f. a little moon, a half moon, that the Roman fenators were on their shoes a C, to diffinguish them from others.

L U

ZUPANAR, f. m. a brothel, a bawdyhouse.

"LUPIA, f. f. a distemper in beasts with fore kernels.

"LUPI'NO, adj. of or belonging so a wolf.

Lupino, f. m. the bean called lu-

LUQ

LUQUETE, f. m. vid. ALU-QUETE.

L U S

LUSTRACION, f. f. lustration, purification by water.

LUSTRA'L, adj. that hath power to purify or make holy.

LUSTRA'R, v. a. to explate or purify by facrifice.

LUSTRE, f. m. lustre, brightness, the glittering or gloss of any thing; pomp, honour, splendor.

LUSTRO, f. m. the space of five years, as used among the Romans.

LUSTROSAME'NTE, adv. bright-

LUSTRO'SO, adj. gloffy, bright, shining.

LUT

LUTA'DO, adj. vid. ENLU-TA'DO.

LU'TEO, adj. made of clay or dirt.

LUTTCO, f. m. diminut, a little mourning.

LUTO, C. m. mourning.

LUX

LUXO, f. m. riot, excess, profuseness, wastefulness.
LUXU'RIA, f. f. riot, lewdness.

LUXU'RIA, f. f. riot, lewdness. LUXURIAR, v. n. to be riotous or lewd. IUXURIOSAME'NTE, adv. riotoufly, lewdly. IUXURIO'SO, adj. riotous, lewd

LUZ

LUZ; f. f. light.

Luces, (pl. of luz) often used for candles.

Entre dos lúces, in the twilight.

Dar luz en un negócio, to give au insight into an affair.

LU'ZO, f. m. the fish called a pike.

L Y C

LYCE'O, f. m. the public school or university where sciences are taughs.

LYM

LYMPHA, f. f. water.
LYMPHA'TICO, adj. belonging
to water.

LYN

IYNCE, f. m. the lynk, a kind of wolf, very quick-fighted; one who fees readily; in cam, the thief who is fet upon the watch while the others act their villanies.

LYNCU'RIO, f. m. a precious fiene fo called.

LYR

LYRA, f. a harp.

LYRICO, adj. lyrick; as verfa
lyrico, poefia lyrica, lyrick verfe,
lyrick poetry.

Μ

the thirteenth letter of the Spanish alphabet, fometimes it flands for merced, and fometimes for mageflad and maestro.

MAC

MA'CA, f. f. the damage done the fruit by a blow; any spot; any cheat or fraud.

MACA'NA, f. f. a kind of wooden weapon fo called.

MACARE'NO, f. m. a bravado, a braging boaking fellow.

MACARRONE'A, f. f. a fort of arbitrary language.

MACARRO'NES , f. m. a fine paste so called.

MACARRO'NICOS versos, a sort of veries fo called.

MACARSE, v. r. to be corrupted or rotten by a bruife, as fruits,

MACE'AR, v. a. to beat with a club or beedle.

Macéar en una cofa, to hammer at a thing.

MACE'R, f. m. a plant so called. MACERACIO'N, f. f. fteeping or foaking in liquor to foften.

MACERA'R, v. a. to foften or mollify by steeping or soaking in liquor; also to mortify, to harass with corporal hardships.

MACERI'NA, f. f. a fancer for a chocolate dish.

MACE'RO, f. m. mace-bearer. MACE'TA, f. f. a flower-pot to fet flowers or young trees in ; also the handle of any tool.

'MACHA!CA, f. m. a troublefome, reftless, absurd, talkative, importunate fellow.

MACHACA'R, v. a. to pound in a mortar, to bruise; to molest, to plague by follicitation MACHACO'N, augment. of machaca.

Tom.I.

MACHA'DO, s. m. a harchet. MACHAR . v. a. to pound or bruise in a mortar.

MACHAMARTI'LLO, adv. as, hecho a machamartillo, hammered

MACHETA'ZO, f. m. a blow or wound given with the machete,

MACHE'TE, f. m. a great knife peasants wore at their girdle, alfo a short fword.

MACHIN, f. m. clown, one working in the iron-mines.

MA'CHINA, f. f. an engine; also a great quantity of any thing, as we say, a world of such a thing; also a coatrivance.

MACHINACIO'N, f. f. a machimation, artifice, contrivance, malicious scheme.

MACHINADO'R, f. m. he who contrives or deviles, taken in an ill fenfe.

MACHINA'R, v. a. to devise, contrive, or imagine.

MACHINA'RIA, f. f. mechanics. MACHINE'TE, f. m. an axe or harchet.

MACHINICA; f. f. mechanics. MACHINI'STA, f. m. an engi-

MACHO, f. m. the male of any creature; particularly used for a he goat and the male of mules. Mácho de herréro, a smith's slegde or great hammer; also the log on which a fmith's anvil is fixed. Mácho de filla, a he mule to ride on.

Vino mácho, firong wine. Encienso mácho, the best sort of frankincense.

Máchos y hémbras, hooks and eyes; mortifies and tenants; spiggots and faussets, or any such thing as go within one another.

MACHON, f. m. a kind of pillar so called.

MACHO'RRA, f. f. a barren ewe; and by extension a barren woman or any other creature.

MACHOTA, f. f. \ a kind of MACHO'TE, f. m. | beetle or maller used to castrate bulls. MACHUCADOR, f. m. one that

bruises or batters,

MACHUCADU'RA, f. m. abruifing or battering.

MACHUCA'R, v. a. to bruife, to batter.

MACHU'CHO, adj. ripe, judicious, seasonabie, fit.

MACHUE'LO, f. m. a little he

MACFAS, f. th. a nick-name given to any paffionate lover. MACILE'NTO, adj. lean, lank. MA'CIS, f. f. the spice mace. MACIZAME'NTE, adv. firmly,

folidly. MACIZAR, v. s. to make folid or maffy.

MACIZO, adj. massy, solid, heavy, weighty.

MA'CO, adj. in cant, mischievous. MACQCAS, f. f. pl. a fort of

great figs. MACO'LLA, f. f. a bundle made of spikes of corn.

MA'CULA, f. f. flain, spot, ble-

MACULAR, v. a. to ftain, spot, or blemish.

MACULO'SO, adj. full of flains , fpots, or blemishes.

MAD

MADA'MA, f. f. madam.

MADAMISE'LA, L. f. a woman affected and fludied with overmuch care in her dress or manners.

MADE'JA . f. f. vide MADE'-XA.

MADE'RA, f. f. wood, timber; alfo the parings of a horse's hoof; also fruit before it comes to any perfection.

Madéra del aire, a horn of any beaft. MADERA'DA, f. f. a great parcel of timber.

MADERA'GE f. m. the wo-MADERAME'N, C od and the wood-work of a building.

MADERAMIE'NTO , f. m. covering with timber, planking; the timber-work of a house.

MADERA'R, \forall . a. to timber, to

MADERERFA, f. f. the place where the wood is gathered or fold.

Ggg

MADERE'RO, f. m. a wood-

MADERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of madero.

MADERI'STA, f. m. who guides the float of timber.

MADE'RO, f. m. a piece of timber, a beam, a rafter, a quarter, a gibbet.

MADE'XA, f. f. a skein of thread, filk, worked, or the like.

Madéza de cabellos, a lock of hairs.

Madixa sin cuénta, a lary slatternly person.

Sabir vender fus maderas, to be sharp, to understand one's business.

MADEXI'TA, f. f. a little skein of thread, &c.

MADEXUE'LA, f. f. diminutive of madéxa.

MADO NA, f. f. madam.

MADRA'STRA, f. f. a flepmother. In cant, a chain, a gaol. In madrifira y entenda, fiémpre son en barája, the flepmother and flepdaughters are always at variance.

MA'DRE, f. m. a mother.

Madre de rio, the channel of a river.

Madre, the matrix, the womb.

Madre, the common fewer in a
firect; the great drain or trench
in the fields, into which all the
finall ones run, which are therefore called hijuelas, or little
daughters.

Midres, for the founders call the moulds in which they cast any thing.

Middre de périas, mother of pearl.

Mal de middre, among women the
fits of the mother, the hysterical
passion.

Madre, the lees and fourn concreted upon liquors.

Salir de madre, to overstow.

MADRECILLA, f. f. the womb of birds.

MADREPE'RLA, f. f. mother of pearl.

MADRESE'LVA, f. f. the plant woodbine or honey-fuckle.

VADRIGA'DO TO'RO, stown hall, that bulls all the cors.

Medrigados, fo they call men that are expert and secret in their affairs.

MADRIGA'L, f. m. a madrigal, a fort of very irregular verses.

MADRIGUE'RA, f. f. a coneyborough; a cellar or other fuch place, where many ordinary people are.

MADRI'NA, f. f. a godmoher; also the woman who protects any

Madrina de la bóda, one of the witneffes at a wedding that attends the bride.

MADRIZ, f. f. the matrix, the womb; also a metropolis.

MADRO'NA, f. f. the mother who shews too much indulgence and fonduces to her children.

MADROñA'L, f. m. (a place MADROñE'RA, f. f. (where madróños grow.

MADROñE'RO, f. m. vide MA-DROñO.

MADRO'nO, f. m. a fort of fruit like a straw-berry.

MADRUGA'DA, f. f. early in the morning.

MADRUGADOR, f. m. an early rifer.

MADRUGA'R, v. n. to rife early in the morning.

Prov. Madriga y veras; trabăja, y habras, rife early and you will fee; take pains and you will have wealth.

Prov. No por mucho madragár amanéce mas aina', early rifing makes it not day the fooner; when a man is never the better for taking much pains.

MADRUGO'N, f. m. an early rifing.

MADRUGUE'RO, adj. that rifes early in the morning.

MADURACIO'N, f. f. a making ripe, or bringing to perfection; also the suppuration of excrementious or extravasated juices into matters.

MADURAME'NTE, adv. ripely, in due time, discreetly.

MADURA'R, v. a. to ripea.

MADURATI'VO, f. m. a poultice or plaister to bring a fore to a head.

MADURE'Z, f. f. ripeness, discretion.

MADURO, adj. ripe, discreet.

Prov. Quien come las madúras,
coma las dúras, let him that eaus
the ripe, eat the hard; that is, let
him that has the profit, take the
pains.

MAE

MAE'SSE, f. m. vide MAE'S-TRO.

MAE'STRA, f. f. a milirefs that teaches.

No hay mejor mathra que necessidad, y pobréta, there is no better mistress than want of poverty.

MAESTRA'L, f. m. the northwest wind.

Maestral, adj. of or pertaining to

MAESTRALIZA'R, v. n. a featerm, to incline the needle of the compais to the west.

MAESTRAME NTE, adv. dextroughy mafterly.

MAESTRA'NTE, f. m. a breaker of horses.

MAESTR'ANZA, f. f. all the feveral trades or handicrafts that belong to the building of ships, as carpenters, caulkers, &c.

Capitan de maestránças, an officer that has the command of those workmen.

Superintendênte de maestrânças, 20 overseer of them.

MAESTRA'ZGO, f. m. maftership commonly used for the mafter ship of one of the military orders of knighthood.

MAE'STRE, f. m. the great mafter of a military order.

Mathie de cámpo, a colonel of foot.

Mathre esculla, f. m. a schoolmatter, a dignity in the church.

Mathre corál, f. m. a juggler.

Maistre sala, s. m. a gentleman sewet.

MAESTREA'R, w. n. to play the maffer, the teacher; to prune trees; to adulterate any thing. MAESTREDA'TA, f. m. a notary, a recorder.

MAESTRIA, f. f. mastership... MAE'STRO, f. m. a master. Maifro de capilla, the master of the music, who beats time, and gives the musicians their parts in the church.

Malfro de ceremónias, a master of the ceremonies, either to the king, or in the church.

Maiftro de altas obras, a master builder.

Maiftro de altas obras, a master of
high works, a nick-name for
an executioner or hangman.

Matstro de sutges artificiales, an en-

Massiro de guárdia, obs. a major.

MAG

MA'GA, f. f. an enchastreft.

MAGACE'N, f. m. a magazine,
a flore-house, a warehouse.

MAGARA, f. f. the defect in the infide of the large guns when they are not well cast.

MAGA'NTO, adj. lean, poor in flesh; a lean, pale-faced, illlooked fellow.

MAGA'RZA, f. f. the herb motherwort, feverfew.

MAGE'NCA, f. f. a digging or cut that is made in the vine-

MAGENCA'R, v. a. to dig the vinewards.

MAGESTA'D, f. f. majesty; alfo superiority, authority, dignity, grandeur, power.

MAGESTUOSAME'NTE, adv. majestically, stately.

MAGESTUOSIDAD, f. f. magnificence, grandeur, majesty.

MAGESTUO'SO, adj. majestick, stately.

MAGIA, f. f. the magick art. MAGICA, f. f. art magick.

MA'GICO, s. m. a magician. Mágico, adj. magical.

MAGISTE'RIO, f. m. mastership, the dignity or post of a master; also gravity, seriousness. Magisterio, magistery; it is a term

mafter; also gravity, seriousness.

Magistero, magistery; it is a term made use of by chymists to signify sometimes a very sine powder, and sometimes resins and resinous substances; or that preparation of body, wherein the whole or most part is by addi-

tion changed into a body of another kind.

MAGISTRA'DO, f. m. a magiftrate.

MAGISTRA'L, adj. belonging to the master.

MAGISTRALME'NTE, adv. deftroufly, artfully.

magnanimously.

MAGNA'NIMO, adj. magnanimous.

MAGNAMINIDAD, f. f. magnanimity.

MAGNATES, f. m. pl. great men, chief nobility, or persons in great employment.

MAGNE'TICO, adj. belonging to the load-stone.

MAGNETI'SMO, f. m. the virtue or power of attraction, magnetism.

MAGNIFICAME'NTE, adv. magnificently, nobly, bountifully, MAGNIFICA'R, v. a. to magnify, MAGNIFICE'NCIA, f. f. generofity, bounty, magnificence. MAGNIFICO, adj. magnificent,

generous bountiful.

MAGNITUD, f. f. magnitude. MAGNO; adj. great. Only used in speaking of great princes.

MA'GO, f. m. a magician, a conjurer; a wife man, a philofopher.

MAGRECE'R , v. n. to grow lean.

MAGRO, adj. lean. MAGRUJO, adj. lean.

MAGUE'R, adv. obf. although.

MAGUJO, f. m. a tool ufed on
shipboard to drive the old caulking in the beams of the ship.

MAGULLADU'RA, f. f. bruife.

MAGULLAMIE'NTO, f. m. bruife, contufion.

MAGULLAR, v. a. to bruise, to batter.

MAH

MAHERIMIE'NTO, f. m. preffing, taking, up or chufing of foldiers.

MAHE'RIR, v. a. to prefs, to take up, to make choice of men for foldiers,

MAHOMETI'SMO, f. m. Mahor metanism.

MAI

MAPDO, f. m. a mewing as of cars.

MAIMO'N, f. m. a kind of cake.

fmall piece of timber nailed to
the infide of a ship, to which
they belay the sheets and tacks.

MAIMONL'TES, f. m. pl. timbers fo called on board ships.

MAINE'L. f. m. a banifer of a

MAINE'L, f. m. a banister of a staircase.

MAITINA'NTE, f. m. one who rifes to fay the morning-prayers after twelve at night.

MAITINES, f. m. pl. the mattins or morning-prayers.

MATZ, f. m. Indian wheat to make bread of.

MAIZA'L, f. m. the place where the Indian wheat grows.

MAJ

MAJA'DA, f. f. a sheep-fold, a place for the sheep and shepherds to retire to at night,

MAJADEA'R, v. n. to lie out all night.

MAJADERIA, f. f. folly, a for olish faying or action.

MAJADE'RO, f. m. a wooden peftle to pound with; also a coxcomb, a blockhead.

MAJADERUE'LO, f. m. a little
wooden veffel to pound with;
also a little coxcomb or blockhead.

MAJADO'R, f. m. one that pounds, bruifes or beats in a mortar; also the peffle to do it with, MAJADU'RA, f. f. a pounding, bruifing, or beating in a mortar.

MAJAGRA'NZAS, f. m. one that beats the drofs of any thing, or the husk of corn; also a filly foollish fellow.

MAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. bruising, pounding; also weariness.

MAJA'NO, f. m. a, heap of fto-

MAJA'R, v. a. to pound, to bruife,

Ggg 2

to beat in a mortar; also to vex, to plague, to importune.

MAJARRA'NA, f. f. fresh pork. MA'JO, f. m. a boafter, a brag-

MAJOLA'R, v. a. to put thongs to the shoes to tie them with,

MAJUE'LA, f. f. hawthorn-ber-

MAJUE'LO, f. f. a leather point, or throng, or strap.

Majuelo; f. m. a vineyard new painted.

MAL

MA'L, adv. ill : as , mal hecho , ill done.

Mál, f. m. fickness, harm, hurt. Mál de costado, pleurify.

Mil cadúco, the falling fickness. Mál de hijáda, a pain in the fide.

Mál criáde, ill-bred.

Hacer mal a un caballo, to manage a horse.

Prov. Del mal el ménos, of two evils chuse the least.

Prov. Quién canta fus males efpanta, he that fings frights his misfortunes; that is, eafes and diverts them.

MAIA, f. f. the postman's bundle, a mail.

La mala de Francia, the French

Malas, adv. as andar a malás, to: be falten out.

MAIAGORALR, v. n. to foretell or forebode fome evil.

MALAME'NTE, adv. evilly.

MALANDRI'N, f. m. a knave, a robber, a bafe fellow.

MALATI'A, f. f. fickness.

MALA'TO, adj. fick, unheal-

MALAVENI'DO, adj. contentious, full of strife.

MALAVENTURA'DO, adji unfortunato; ualucky; alfo a mi-

MALBARATADO'R, f. m. who fells or buys ill, who makes a bad marker.

MALBARATA'R, v. a. to fell er buy ill, to make an ill market; to spoil, to discompose, to disorder.

MAL

MALCASA'DO, adj. discontented with matrimony,

MALCA'SO, f. m. ill flep, bad proceding; treafon.

MALCOCINA'DO, p. p. ill drefto fignify a place where they fell boiled puddings and offal of meat

MALCOCINA'R, v. a. to dress meat fcurvily.

MALCOMPDO, adj. hungry.

MALCONTE'NTO, f. m. a malecontent, a disaffected person who is always complaining without cause.

MAICRIA'DO, adj.ill-bred, unmannerly.

MALDAD, f. f. vickedness, lewdness, mischief.

MALDADOSAME'NTB, adv. wickedly, lewdly, mischievously. *MALDADO'SO* , adj. wicked , lewd, mischievous.

MALDECIMIE'NTO, f. m. flanderous speech, derraction, ill report, flander.

MALDECIR, v. a. to curfe. MALDICIE'NTE, f. m. a curfer, one that has an ill tongue. MALDICIO'N . f. f. a curse.

MALDI'TO, adj, accurfed. MALEA'NTE, f., m., a mocker,

a scorner. MALEA'R, v. a. to bring forth

before time; also, to do ill, to spoil, to bear ill-will.

MALECO'N, f. m. a kind of dyke against water.

MALEDICE'NCIA . f. f. flander detraction, ill report.

MALEFICIA'R, v. a. to corrupt. to vitiate, to adulterate; also to bewitch, to injure by witchcraft.

MALEFICIO, f. m. an ill action, a crime; also witchcraft.

MALE'FICO, f. m. an. evil doer, an offender, a criminal; also a wizard.

MALE'TA, f. f. a mail, a cloakbag, a portmanteau. In cant, a

MALETERO, f. m. one that makes cloak-bags or sells them,

MALETON, f. m. a great mail, a cloak-bag or portmanteau.

MALEVOLE'NCIA, f. f. ill-vill. MALE'VOLO, adj. ill-affected, that bears ill-will.

MALE'ZA, f. f. a thicket, a place full of briars.

ill-usage of a landlord to his tenants. Obs.

MALGASTAR, v. 2 to levish, to mispend.

MALHADA'DO, adj. unlucky, unfortunate.

MALHE'CHO, f. m. an in action; adject. used, ill done.

MALHECHO'R, f. m. a malefac-

MALHERI'DO, adj. dangerously, wounded.

MALHO'JO, f. m. chats, small sticks, leaves or sprigs that fall from trees, all things that beof no value or estimation, riffraff.

MALI'CIA, f. f. malice.

Aunque malicia escurésca verdad, no la puede apagar, though malice darkens truth, it cannot put it

MALICIAR, v. a. to corrupt, to vitiate, to adulterate.

Malielar, v. n. to suspect.

MALICIOSAME'NTE, adv. ma-Heioufly.

MALICIO'SO, adj. malicious. MALIGNAME'NTE, adv. spitefully, maliciously, enviously.

MALIGNA'NTE, adj. envious, spireful, malicious.

MALIGNIDA'D, f. f. malignity, ill disposition or inclination, perverseness.

MALIGNO, adj. ill inclined, perverfe.

MALI'LLA, f. f. at the game of hombre is the second best card; and is the duce of the black futes when trumps, and the feven of the red.

MA'ILA, f. f. armour of mail. Málla de red', the meash of the net.

v. a. to dress in MALLA'R, armour.

MALLE'RO, f. m. an armounts or linkh that forges armour

MA'ILO', f. m. a great hammer.

MAINARIDA'DA', f. f. a woman that is ill-married, that has a bad husband.

MALMETE'R, v. a. to cause enmity between people; to spoil, to waste.

MALMIRA'DO, adj. unadvised, inconsiderate, rash.

MA'IO, adj. naught, wicked, bad; alfo fick.

Ser málo, to be wicked.

Estár málo, to be sick.

MALOGRA'R, v. a. to spoil, to consume, to waste.

Malográrse, v. r. to come to an ill end, or to no good, not to attain to the intended end, to miscarry to fall out crossy.

MALO'GRO, f. m. disappointment, coming to an ill end, or tono good, miscarrying, failing of the designed end.

MAIPARA'DO, adj. in a bad case, ill-conditioned, misused.

MAIPARA'R, v. a. to misuse.

MALPARI'R, v. n. to miscarry as women do.

MALPA'RTO, f. m. miscarriage, MALQUERE'R, v. a. co. bear

an ill will.

MALQUERE'NCIA, f. f. ill

MALQUERIE'NTE, f. m. one that bears an ill will.

MALQUISTA'R, v. a. to perfuade one to bear an ill will with another.

Malquislarse, v. r. to be troublesome or insupportable.

MALQUI'STO, adj. ill beloved.

MALROTA'R, v. a. to deftroy,
demolish, lay waste, ruin, or overthrow.

MALSI'N, f. m. an informer, a talecarrier, a pick thank.

MALSINA'R, v. a. to infor m, to carry tales, to play the informer.

MALSINDA'D, f. f. an in-MALSINERI'A, formation, a rate, or lie.

MALTALLA'DO, adj. mishapen, ill proportioned.

MALTRAHE'R, v. a. to ill use, to abuse, to misuse,

MALTRATA'DO, adj. ill apparelled.

MALTRATAMIE'NTO, f. m. an abuse, ill usage.

MALTRATA'R, v. a. to misuse.

MALTRATO f m. ill usage,
abuse.

MA'LVA, f. f. the herb mallows.

MALVADAME'NTE, adv. wickedly.

MALVA'DO, adj. wicked.

MALVA'R, f. m. a place where mallows grow.

MALVASI'A, f. f. the wine called malmfey.

MALVAVI'SCO, f. m. marsh-mallows.

Malvavisco salvage, jagged marshmallows.

MAM

MA'MA, f. f. a dug, a pap, a teat; or, as children fay, mammy to their mother.

MAMA'DA, f. f. the time which a child fucks.

MAMADE'RA, f. f. a nipple-glassused to women's breasts.

MAMADO'R, f. m. one who fucks.

MAMAIU'CO, f. m. a fool, a
blockhead, a ninny, a booby.

MAMA'NTE, f. m. obf. a fuc-

MAMA'NTE, f. m. obf. a fucking babe:

No quedará mamante ni piante, there, shall not be left so much as a chicken, or a sucking babe; to signify that all living creatures shall be destroyed.

MAMANTO'N, adj. applied to all beafts that fuck.

Mamantónes, f. m. pl. young fucking lambs or kids that have never grazed.

MAMA'R, v. a. to fuck..

MAMA'RIO, adj. that belongs to the breaft.

MAMARRA'CHO, f. m. a fewryfigure., a base piece of painting, an ill image, a maulkin; also a Jack-pudding.

MAMBLUCOS, f. m. pk a kind of foldiers formerly in Egypt.

MAMI'LA, f. f. a. little: breaft or teat...

MAMILA'R, adj. belonging to the breaft.

MAMO'LA, f. f. a chuck under the chin.

Hacer la mambla, to cheat, to de-. ceive.

MAMO'N, f. m. a milk-fop, an over-grown fucking leeby; affor a young fucking beaft, as a kid, lamb, &cc.

MAMO'NA, f. f. a pinch given on the face with all our fingers and the thumb.

MAMO'SO, adj. that fucks much.

MAMOTRE'TO, f. m. a great

volume of frivolous matters.

MAMPA'RA, f. f. a forcen erfence of boards, &c. to keep out the wind; a rail before a door.

MAMPARAR, v. a to fence off, to parry with the hand; to protect, to defend.

MAMPA'RO, f. m. a parrying with the hand.

Mampáros, f. m. pl. the divisions of the cabbins in a ship.

MAMPESA'DA, C. f. the
MAMPESADILLA, C nightmare; also weighing by the
hand.

MAMPIRLA'N, f. m. a woodens flep or flair.

MAMPO'RRO, f. m. a blow given with the hand or a flick, but without hurting.

MAMPOSTERI'A, f. f. work made with stones and mortar.

MAMPOSTE'RO, f. m. 2 workman in from and mortar.

MAMPUE'STO, f. m. stone and morear.

MAMUJA'R, v. a. to fuck.

MAMUJLA'R, without inclination; also to speak hastily,
so as not to be understood.

M. A. N.

MAN, f. m (for mano) a hand, Butna: man direcha, good luck, fucces.

MANA", f. f. manna, which the Ifraelites fed on in the defast.

MANA'DA, f. f. flock, herd., drave. of cante.

MANADE'RO, f. m. a stream, at place where water flows; allu: as shepherd.

MANANTIA'L, f. m. 2 fpring, 2 fountain.

MAN

Agua manantial, running water.

MANA'R, v. a. to flow, to run as water does.

MANATI, f. m. a fish in the MANA'TO, West Indies.

MANCA'R, v. a. to maim.

MANCE'BA, f. f. a young girl; a wench; also taken in an ill fense for a kept wench.

MANCEBIA, f. f. youth; but now always taken in a bad fense for a bawdy-house.

MANCEBITO, f. m. youth or lad.

MANCE'BO, f. m. a youth, a young man; also a bachelor.

MANCE'RA, f. f. the plough-tail that is held in the hand.

MANCERI'NA, f. f. vide MA-CERINA.

MA'NOHA, f. f. a spot, a stain, a blot, a blemish.

MANCHA'R, v. a. to spot, to flain, to blemish.

MANCHE'GA, f. f. a garter made of worsted of various colours.

MANCILLA, f. f. a spot or blemish; also pity, compassion.

MANCILLADE'RO, adj. that flains or spots, or casts a ble-

MANCILLAMIE'NTO, f. m. the fpot or blemish on the reputation.

MANCILLAR, v. a. to fpot, to

stain, to blemish.

MANCIPARSE. v. r. to give up his right and title to a thing.

MA'NCO, adj. lame of an hand or arm; also deficient.

MANCOMU'N . adv. jointly.

MANCOMUNARSE, v. r. to be united, to be joined, to execute any thing with others.

MANCOMUNIDA'D, f. f. union communion, conjunction.

MA'NDA, f. f. a legacy.

MANDADE'RA, f. f. vide DE-MANDADE'RA.

MANDADERI'A, f. f. obc. an embally, a mellage.

MANDADE'RO, f. m. obf. an embassador, a messenger; used now for a porter.

MANDA'DO, f. m. a command; glip an grrand, a mellage. Hacer los mandádos, to go on errands or messages; to subject to one.

MANDADO'R, f. m. 2 commander.

MANDAMIE'NTO, f. m. commandment.

Los diez mandamientos, the ten comunandments.

MANDA'R, v. a. to command, also to bequeath.

Mandár al timonéro, to cond; that is, to stand upon deck a shipboard and direct the men at the helm how to steer.

Prov. Mandad y haced, y feels bién fervido, command, and do, and you'll be well ferved.

Mandarfe, v. r. to execute with expedition, to perform quickly.

MANDA'RRIA, f. f. a heavy iron hammer used by ship carpenters to drive iron pigs.

MANDATA'RIO, f. m. the perfon to whom any thing is bequeathed.

MANDA'TO, f. m. a command; this name is given to the maundy, or washing of the feet on Maunday Thurfday.

MANDERE'CHA, f. f. the right hand.

MANDIL, f. m., an apron; also a hair-cloth to rub down horfes; also a pimp or pander, in cant.

MANDILA'DA, f. f. a company of mean people that wear aprons. In cant, a company of ruffiansor bullies.

MANDILANDI'N, f. m. in cant, vide MANDI'L.

MANDILE'JO, f. m. a ragged apron.

MANDILE'TE, f. m. a pimp, a pander.

MANDILO'N, f. m. idem; also a coward.

MA'NDO, f. m. command, authority, power; in cant, banishment, exportation.

MANDOBLE, f. m. a two-handed blow; also a severe reprehension.

MANDO'N, f. m. a person that is. always commanding.

MA'NDRA; f. f. a sheep fold; any

place for sheep and shepherds to take shelter in.

MANDRACHE'RO, f. m. one that keeps a gaming house.

MANDRA'CHO, f. m. a gaminghouse.

MANDRA'GORA, f. f. the herb and root mandrake.

MANDRA'GULA, f. f. idem; also any thing that hangs dangling

MA'NDRIA, f. m. a pitiful fellow, a coward, an unpolished person, in cant, a sool, a block, head.

MANDRO'N, f. m. the firoke a flone or bell gives thrown out of the hand; also an underhand cast.

MANDUCA'R, v. a. to eat.
MANE'A, f. f. the fetlock of a
horfe,

MANEAR, v. a. to fetter a beaft.

MANECI'LLAS, f. f. pl. clasps of a book.

Manecillas de caprito, kid's feet. MANEJA'BLE, adj. that can be

managed.

MANEJAMIE'NTO . f. m. hand-

MANEJAMLENIU, 1. m. nameling, managing.

MANEJA'R, v. a. to handle, to manage.

Manejárse, v. r. to move one self, to bestir.

MANE'JO, f. m. handling, managing.

MANEO'TAS, f. f. pl. fetters for a horse.

MANE'RA, f. f. manner, way, form; also a fleeve or cut in a garment to put the hand hrough t MANE'RO, adj. that is fit or proper to be carried in hand.

MANERUE'LO, adj. diminut. of

MANEZUE'LA, f. f. a little hand.

MA'NFLA, f. f. in cant, a bawdyhouse, or the whore.

MA'NFLOTA, f. f. idem.

MANFLOTE'SCO, f. m. in cant, a rogue that frequents bawdyhouses.

MA'NGA, f. f. a fleeve; also a portmanteau; also a deep net wide at top and narrow at bos-

tom; a bag of the fame shapn to firain any thing through.

Minga de cruz, a case of filk that hangs under a crucifix, which can be pulled over to keep it clean.

Minga de pica, the spear of a pike.

Manga de broquél, the handle of a buckler.

Mánga perdida, a hanging sleeve.

Mánga de arcabucéros, a small body
of musqueteers, a division, a

Altoon.

Manga de navlo, the breadth of the ship taken in the widest part upon the first deck in the clear, from flarboard to larboard.

Ir de manga, ot hacer un negocio de manga, to také bribes.

Aunque me cortáron las fáldas me dezáron las mangas; though they have cut off my skirts, they left me the fleeves; usedjupon occasion of tosses.

Mings 6 bombs marins, the feapump; meteor appearing like a column, very high and dangerous for thips.

MANGAJA'RRO, f. m. a fleeve without shape, fo long that it covers the hands.

MANGANFLLA, f. f. a juggling trick.

MANGO, f. m. an haft, helve, or handle.

Mango, f. m. the mango, a kind of cucumber used in pickle.

MANGONA'DA, f. f. a bob, a thrust with the arm, a flap with a sleeve.

MANGONEAR, v. n. to wander, to firoll idly about.

MANGORRE'RO, adj. common in every hand.

Cuchillo mangorréro, a knife that has a bad haft.

MANGO'TE, f. m. a great haft or handle,

MANGUE'RA do la bómba, the pumpdale, aboard a ship, being as it were a trough, in which the water runs along the deck, and out at the skupper-holes.

MANGUE'RO, f. m. the chief commander of any detachment. MANGUE'TA, f. f. a little fleeve; a clyfler, MANGUI'LLA, f. f. a little fleeve.

MANGUI'LLO, f. m. a muff.

MANGUITE'RO f. m. one who

MANGUITE'RO, f. m. one who makes muffs.

MANGUITO, f. m. a muff.

MANIA, f. f. madness, fury,
rage.

MANIACO, adj. mad, furious, outrageous; also unhandy, auk-

MANIATICO, adj. that is mad or raging or furious.

MANJA'R, f. m. food, any meat.

Manjár blánco, bramanger ol blancmanger.

Manjar de los naypes, a fute of cards, as clubs, spades, &c. So, los quairo manjares, the four sues.

MANIATA'R, v. a. to handbind.

MANIBLA'X, f. m. in cant, a fervant to a whore or bully.

MANICO'RDIO, f. m. vide MO-NACHURDIO.

MANI'DA, f. f. lodgings, dwelling-house, place of residence, shode.

MANIFACE'RO, adj. turbulent, quarrelfome, that meddles with other people's matters.

MANIFACTURA, f. f. maunfacture.

MANIFESTACIO'N, f. f. manifestation, making known.

MANIFESTADO'R, f. m. who makes plain or manifest.

MANIFESTAMIE'NTO, f. m. manifestation, declaration.

MANIFESTA'R, v. a. to manifeft, to make known.

MANIFIESTAME'NTE, adv. manifeltly.

MANIFIE'STO, adj. manifest, known, evident.

MANIFIE'STO, f. m. a manifecto, a public protestation before publishing the war against any craws.

MANIJA, f. f. the place where the hand is fixed to any infrument in working it; also the fetlocks of a horse.

Manija, f. f. a great iron ring to fasten any thing to.

MANILLA, f. f. a bracelet.

MANIO'BRA, f. f. any work done
with the hands particulary.

MANIO'TA, f. f. the rope with which the fore legs of the beafts are tied.

MANI'PULO f. m. a band or fmall company of men; a handful, a fmall parcel; also the maniple which the priest puts on his left arm when he goes to say mass; also a wheat-sheaf.

MANIQUI, f. m. a layman, a moveable artificial figure turned into feveral postures at the will of the artificer; made use of by painters, &c.

MANI'R, v. a. to keep meat till it grows tender.

MANIRO'TO, adj. liberal, bountiful; also provingal.

MANIROTU'RA, f. f. prodigality, liberality.

MANIVACIO, adj. empty-handed.

MANIZQUIE'RDA, f. f. the left hand.

MANJOLA'R, v. a. to carry birds of prey in a cage or in the hand without fluxuring.

MANLIE'VE, f. m. a law word, the fraud or cheat put upon perfors, leaving them fome cheft or box locked up, as if there were fomething of great value in it, whereas there is nothing but rubbish.

MA'NO, f. f. a hand. Also a hand in wrking.

Mano de béstia, the fore foot of a beaft.

Mano de relox, the hand of a clock or watch that shews the hours.

Máno de mortéro, a wooden pessie.

Máno de almiréz, an iron pessie sor
a mortae.

Mino de papel, a quire of paper.

Mino de certéra, a fure hand at
throwing.

Mános de caméros, sheeps trotters. Libro de mano, a manuscript book. Ir a la mano, to hinder.

Tomár la máno, to be beforehand with another.

Venir a las manes, to come to handy blows.

Estár máno sóbre mano, 10 be idle.

Trahêr la mêno blênda, to carry a: gentle hand.

Tener mano, to have an interest in, or influence over one.

Está en mi mano, it is in my po-

Ser à uno manos y pies, to be as necessary to one as hands and feet.

Levir fus manos, to wash one's hands; to have no share in a bufinels.

'Aizir la mano de una cofa, to defift.

Der de mano, to put by, to scave

Tener la cofa a meno, to have a thing at hand.

No fabér qual es fu mano derecha, not to know which is one's right hand.

Affentar a uno la mano, to firike one.

Dar la mano, to affift; also to give precedence.

Darfe las manos, to shake hands.

Eftarfe con las manas en el feno, to be idle.

Comtife las manos tras una côfa, go like a thing fo well as to be geady to eat one's fingers after it; to be very eager after a thing.

Ganar por la mano, to be beforehand.

Traher entre manos, to be about a thing.

Ponér la mano en algúno, to firike

Echar mano, to draw one's sword.

Echar mano de un hómbre, to lay
hold of a man.

Dar una mano de coces, to kick

Meteri is mano en el fuigo, I would venture to put my hand into the fire upon the truth of what I affert.

Venir con mano armida, to come .
with an armed force.

Volvér con las manos en la cabéra, to go away with a broken head.

Darfe manos a trabajár, to work with great application.

Quederse soplando los manos, to be left empty handed

If mano a mano, to go hand in hand.

Dárle una buena mano, to give a good lecture-

De mano a boca, from hand to mouth.

Manos a la labór, fail to work.

Rebolvér a una mano, to turn one
way.

Venir a la mane, to come to the lure.

Irfe de entre las manos, to slip away from betwikt one's hands, to efcape.

Dar a manos llenas, to give bountifully.

Attar las manos a Dios, to lift up one's hands to God, to beg something.

Habiar por la mane, to talk by the hand, forming letters with the fingers, by which they underfland one another.

Prov. Quién a mano agéna aspéra, mai yánta y peér cena, he who expects it from another hand, diaces ill, and sups worse.

MANO'BRE, f. m. the person who works the chalk with his hands.

MANOJO, f. m. a bunch, a little bundle, a handful.

MANOPLA, f. f. a gauntlet.

MANOSEA'R, v. a. to handle.

MANOSE'O, f. m. the act of handling any thing.

MANOTADA, f. f. a blow with the hand, a firely with the fore-foot of a beaff.

MANOTEAR, v. a. to firite with the hand,

MANOTE'O, f. m. a blow wish the hand,

MANQUEA'R, v. n. to feign being maimed, to act the cripple.

MANQUEDA'D, f. f. lamenefs.

MANQUE'RA, f. f. lamenefs.

MANQUI'LLO, f. f. a little lame person.

MANSAME'NTE, adv. tamely, gently, meekly.

MANSEDA'D, f. f. meekness, lenity.

MANSEDU'MBRE, f. f. meekness, gentleness, tameness.

MANSION, f. f. a mension a resting place, a place of abode; the place that any thing stands or rests upon.

MAN'SO, adj. tame, gentle, meek, mild.

Manfo, f. m. the bell-wether that leads the flock.

MANSUE'TO, adj. mild, tame', of a peaceable disposition.

MA'NTA, f. f. a blanker, a horfe-cloth. In a military 'fense, a gallery, or passage made across the ditch of a town, to secure the mines from the enemies fire, or any such covering against an enemy.

Mintas, pi. in falconry, are the principal feathers in the hawk's wing called farcel feathers.

MANTEADOR, f. m. he that toffes in a blanket.

MANTEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a toffing in a blanket.

MANTEAR, v. a. to tols in a blanket.

MANTE'CA, f. f. butter.

Mantica de puérco, hog's lard.

MANTECA'DA, f. f. a flice of bread and butter.

MANTECADO, f. m. a cake made of honey, meal, and oil; a water.

MANTECO'N, f. m. a nice dainity fellow, a milk-fop.

MANTECO'SO, adj. fat, greafy, buttery.

MANTEISTA, f. m. one clothed as a scholar.

MANTE'LES, f. m. pl. a tablecloth. In old Spanish is was also a robe of flate.

MANTELERIA, f. f. a parcel of rablecloths and napkins.

MANTELE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells table-cloths.

MANTELE'TE, f. m. a short rochet worn by cardinals.

MANTELILLO, f. m. a little table-cloth.

MANTELLINA, f. f. a manteel.

MANTENEDO'R, f. m. maintainer, supporter; in tilting and such exercises, the principal actor or challenger who is to run against all others.

MANTENE'NCIA, f. f. defeace, support.

MANTENE'R, v. a. to maintain, to support, to feed, to suffain. Mantener Mantenér su palábra, to keep one's word.

Manténer jústa à ternée, to be the chief man or the challenger at a tilting.

Manueler tella, to take upon one to answer all doubts that shall be proposed in company.

MANTENIE'NTE, f. m. a downright ftroke with both hands. MANTENIMIE'NTO, f. m. nou-

rishment, all necessary food.

MANTE'O, f. m. a woman's under petticoat.

Mante, f. m. a garment worn upon a gown, the habit or hood that graduates wear in the universities. Mante de ármas, the painted coat which heralds wear.

MANTEQUE'RA, f. f. a churn to make butter in.

MANTEQUE'RO, f. m. the perfon who fells butter.

MANTEQUILLA, f. f. a little cake of butter.

MANTE'RA, f. f. one that makes or fells women's veils, &c. MANTILLA, f. f. a mantle.

Manilla, f. f. a little cloak women wear on their heads.

Mangillas, f. f. pl. a child's blankets for dreffing an infant.

Conocie a uno diffic las manillas, to know a man from his blanken; that is, from his cradle.

MANTIILO, f. f. a little veil.

Mantillo de niño, a child's mantle.

MANTO, f. m. a veil women

wear covering their head and upper part of their body, and hanging down; it way acciently a man's

cloak, whence the name has remained to those worn by knights

of all military orders in Spain upon
folemn occasions, which we call

mantles.

Mantones, f. m. pl. the final, feathers in a hawk's wing; after the fix great ones great the farcel feathers, and the four next to them, called the flags.

MANUAL, adj. handy, that can eatily be carried in the hand or is fit to be used with the hand.

Hombre manual, a man that is easi-

Tom. L

Libro manual, a manual, a book fit to carry in the hand.

MANUBRIO, f. m. the handling of any infirement; also the place for the hand.

MANUCODIATA, f. f. a bird fo called.

MANUE'LA, f. f. craftiness, subtilty; also a wooden lever.

MANUE'LLA, f. f. a timber fo called on board a ship.

MANUMISSIO'N, f. f. manumiffion, giving liberty to a flave. MANUMISSO, p. 19. of manu-

MANUMISSO'R, f. m. one who gives liberty to the flave.

MANUMITI'R, v. a. to manumit, to give a flave his liberty; to difcharge, to difmifs.

MANUSCHRISTI, f. m. an electary and a plassen so named.

MANUSCRI'TO, adj. that is written, fubft, used, a manufcript.

MANUTENCION, f. f. protection, support.

MANUTENE'R, y. to maintain, to protect, to support.

MANUTI'SA, E. f. a finall flower like a pink.

MANZA'NA, f. f., as apple.
Manzána de yaca, a cow's udder.
MANZANA'L, f. m. an apple
MANZA'NAR, orchard.

MANZANE'RO. . f., m. a, fruiterer,

MANZANILLA, c. m. a little apple; also a keep, such as are on chairs, beds, or such things; it is also the herb chamomile.

Maxanilla bastarda, the herb mand-

lin.
Maxzanilla loca, the herb on eye,
or Mayweed.

MANZA'NO , f. m. an apple-

MANZER, f. m, the shild of a whore that no man has fathered.

маа

MA'A, f. f. handines, dexterito; also a habit, or custom juiso cuaning, cheas, stratagem.

A todo hay mana snotally muche. there is a remedy for all things but death,

Prov. Quién malas mañas tiéne en cuna, ò las pièrde tasde à nunca, he who gets ill habits in the cradle, loses them late or never.

MARA'NA, f. f. the morning; also comprow.

MARANEA'R , v. n. obf. vide MADRUGA'R.

MAÑANI'CA, f. f. the morn-MAÑANI'TA, ing early. MAÑEA'R. v. n. to be handy or

Crafty.

MAñE'GO, f. m. a fort of little

basket

MAñE'RA, f. f. a barren vo-

MAñE'RO, adj. dextrous, tracta-

MAñOSAME'NTE, adv. handily; also cunningly, craftily.

MAnO'SO, adj. handy; aso cunning, crafty.

MARERUE'LO, fi.m. a little horfe, a finall mag or pad.

MARUE'LA, f. f. a crafty trick.

Manuellas, f. m. a fly cunning fellow.

OAK

ام توي.

MAO'NA, f.f. a fort of large beavy ship.

M A P

MAPA, f. £ a map, non-which the world or any part thereof, is deferibed.

MAPALLA, £ £ a cortage; also a sheep-pex.

M.A.Q

MAQUILA, f. f. the portion of corn or meal that a miller taked for grinding.

Hacifulla & maquillas, an effate gard thered out of fmall matters.

MAQUILANDERO f. m. the

MAQUILANDE'RO, f. m;, the yellel with which the miller meafures his portion of the corn or meal that, is due for grinding.

MAQUILAR, v.a. to meafure the portion of corn or meal Auc.

to the miller for grinding.

Hhh

MAQUILE'RO, f. m. the person who measures at the mills. MAQUILO'N, f. m. he that meafures at the mill.

MAR

MA'R, f. m. and f. the fea. Ir de már a már, to go in great state be very fine.

MARAGUTO, f. m. a small trian-

gular fail in a galley.

MARA'AA, 'f. f. a skein of filk fo entangled, that it cannot be wound off. The plot in a play, or any confused knavish contrivahce; any intricacy.

Maraña, s. f. in cant, a whore: MARANADO'N, f. an. an en-

MARARA'R, v. a. to entangle, to perperplek....

MARAVEIDI, f. m. a finali coin. fo called.

MARAVILIA, f. f. a wonder; also an nerb so called.

Hacer una cofa a las mit maravillus, to perform any thing prodigiously well,

Por maravilla se vie esso, that is rarely feen.

MARAVILLA'R, v. n. to aftomish, to taufe admiration:

MARAVILLOSAME'NTB, adv. wonderfully, marvelously.

MARAVIILO'SO, 201. wonderful. MARBE'TB, f. m. a piece of paper or deken to mark cloth e with, at the participation of an extension

MARCA, f. f. in cant; awhore. Marcar, f. f. a mark, à note; also a territory; also the measure, or fize of fome things.

Espada de maroa . a sword of due fize, meafured and marked by authority:

Páño de márca 🛴 🛦 clerh that has its due length and bresch,

Rapel de marca mayor , the larger fort of paper.

MARCADO'N., f. m. in cane; a thief, that changes good things for-bad.

MARCADO'R, fim. a marker. _L 東ARCA'R, v. a. to mark; alfo staking natice of a suspected per-See.

MARCEA'R, v. a. to shear sheep.

MA'RCHA, f. f. a march, a journey of foldiers; also the figual with the drum to march.

Sobre to marcho, hastily, sudden-

MARCHA'L, f. m. any plain or meadow overflown.

MARCHAMA'R, v. 2. to mark any thing, especially goods in in the cuftom-house.

MARCHAME'RO, f. m. one who mark the things in the Cultomhouse.

MARCHAMO , f. f. the mark put upon goods or any merchandife in the custom-house.

MARCHA'R, v. n. to march. MARCHA'ZO, C m. a bully, a bragadocio.

MARCHITA'BLE, adj. fading., that will fade or wither.

MARCHITA'R, v. n. to fade, to

MARCHITO, adj. withered, fa-

MARCHITU'RA, f. f. withering,

MARCIAII , adj. martial , war-

MA'RCO, T.m. a frame.

Márca de pláta; ò de bro . a mark of gold or filver:

Marca de capatéro , the inflrument shoe makers make use of, to take the measure of one's foot.

MARE'A; 1. f. the tide; also a gentle breeze blowing from the مراي فدالات Ωea.

MAREN'DO adj. fea-fick damaged by "fea-water"; "puzzleh; wearied with impertinence.

Navio mai marcido, a fout ship; a ship that, is ill flowed, which makes her not fail Iteady/

MAREADO'R., f. m. a troublesome fellow!! effat troubles one's head with inverthences; in cant, a cheat that cogs the dice. " !

MAREAMIE'NTO, s. m. sea-sick-Bels.

MAREA'NTES of maple in cant, futori:

MAREN'R (v) 2 to turmoil and trouble one with impertiblence; alfo to guide a ship:

Mare arfe, v. r. to be sea-sick. MARE'Q, f. m. fea-fickness.

MARE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to the fea.

MARE'TA, f. f. a violent firong tide; also a wind that rifes by degrees and blows violently; alfo fwimming or dizziness in the head.

MARFI'L, f. m. ivory.

MARFUZ, f. m. a false deceitful person.

MA'RGA, f. f. mourning; coarle hempen-cloth, coarse canvals.

MARGARITA, f. f. a pearl, a jewel.

MA'RGEN, f. m. the margin in a book; the extreme part of any thing:

Margen , brink or border.

MARGENA'R, v. a. to note in MARGINA'R, the margin: MARGINA'L, adj. belonging to the margin.

MARGOMAR, v. 2. to embroider', to weave with divers colours. MARHOJA'DO , adj. that has moss on it.

MARHOJADO'R , f. m. a gatherer of moss.

MARHO'JO, f. m. vide MALHO'-JOi.

MARIA'L, adj. belonging to the: bleffed virgin mary.

MARJA'L, f. m. vide MAR-CHA'L.

MARIA'NO, adj. belonging to: the bleffed virgin Mary.

MARICA, f. f. a magpye. MARICO'N , f. m. an effeminate:

fellow., a comard. MARIDA'BLE, adj. merriagea-

MARIDA'GE , f. m. marriage ... matrimony; also the union of any

thing.. MARIDA'R , v. b. to marry.

MARIDIALO, Il m. a little hufband, or a pitiful fellow of a husband; alfo a little pan to keep fire-in, well by women to keep their hands warm.

MARI'DO, f. m. an husband. MARIMA'CHO, f. m. a maseuline weman, 'a Tomboy. MARIMANTA, f. m. a hobgole-

lin.

MARIMARFCA, f. m. an effeminate fellow, a coward.

MARIMORE'NA, f. f. querrel, contention, broil,

MARINA, f. f. the fee-shore.

MARINAGE, f. m. the art of a mariner or of fea affairs.

MARINERIA, f. f. marinership, fea affairs.

MARINE'RO, f. m. a failor, a mariner, a feaman.

MARINE'SCO, adj. belonging to mariners.

MARI'NO, adj. belonging to the sea.

MARIO'N, f. m. a fish fo called, MARIPO'SA, f. f. a butterfly.

MARIPOSILIA, f. f. a little butterfly.

MARISCA'L, f. m. a marshal; also a farrier, a shoer of horses. Mariscal de campo, a field-marshal. MARISCALI'A, f. f. the dignity

or authority of a marshal.

MARISCA'R, v.a. to gather shell-fish, as poor people do on the fea-shore; to scrape, to pick up a poor living. In cant, to beg, to steal, or to play the knave.

MARISCO, s. m. all fort of shell-fish. In cant, any thing that is should be a second or shell-fish.

MARI'SMA, f. f. a lake made by the water of the fea.

Marifma, f. f. fometimes, but feldom used for the sea-shore; but rather a fort of weed that grows on the shore.

MARITA'L, adj. belonging to an husband.

MARITIMO, adj. maritime, of the sea, or near the sea.

MARLO'TA, f. f. a fort of loofe coat.

MARLOTA'R, v. s. vide MAL-ROTA'R.

MARMITA, f. f. a kettle or pot. MARMITO'N, f. m. a fc. m. MA'RMOL, f. m. marble.

MARMOLE'JO, f. m. a fmall marble pillar.

MARMOLE'ñO, adj. of marble.
MARMOLERI'A, f. f. work,
ftructure, or building of marble.
MARMO'REO, adj. of marble.
MARMO'TA, f. f. the marmot or

marmotto.

MARO!MA, f. m. a cable: Andér fobre la maroma, to walk os dance upon the rope.

MARQUE'S, f. m. a marquis.

MARQUE'SA, f. f. a marchiones.

MARQUESADO, f. ma a marquifice.

MARQUESITA, f. f. a stone found in the copper-mines, called marcaster.

Marquesita de piômo, the herb leadwort, good to cure horfes backs that have been wrang by the faddle.

MARQUESO'N, f. m. a huffing fellow that looks big.

MARQUESO'FA, f. f. lead ore; also a large high feather, such as formely they wore sticking in their caps.

MARQUIARTIFE, f. f. in cant, bresd.

MARQUIDA, f. f. in carr, a
MARQUI'SA, wench a whore.

MA'RRA, f. f. obf. want; also a hoe to hoe the ground with.

MARRA'GA, f. f. a kind of cloth woven with flax, and goat's hair to make rugs.

MARRA'JO, f. m. a fly fellow; also a fort of sea-fish.

MARRA'NA, f. f. a fow or fresh pork.

MARRA'NO, f. m. a porker, a hog of a year old. By this name they also called the Jews, or those of them that pretend to be converted, and are only conterfeits.

MARRA'R, v. a. obf. to want, to mifs, to err; to geld fwine.
MA'RRAS, adv. is time past, lately, fome time fince.

MARREGO'N, f. m. a firavbed.

MA'RRO, f. m. obf. want, a coit, or a game like coits.

MARRO'N, f. m. a coit.
MARROQUI', f. m. Turky lea-

MARROTA'R, v. 2. vide MAL-ROTAR

MARRU'BIO, the herb horehound.

Marribio négro, black horehound.

MARRULLERI'A, f. f. craft, fubtilty, cunning; guile, fraud deceit.

MARRULLE'RO, adj. crafty, knavish, cunning, deceitful, fraudulent, fubile.

MARSQ'PA, f. f. a fish fo called.

MA'RTA, f.f. the beaft that bears the rich fable fur; and thence the fur itself.

MARTAGO'N, f. m. a kind of lily; also a fly cunning man.

MARTE, f. m. Mars, the God of war, and the planet, also the bird called a marren.

MARTELA'DO; adj. vide AMAR-TELA'DO.

MARTE'L, f. m. a horfeman'à mace.

MARTELO, f. m. love, affec-

MA'RTE, & m. Tuefday.

MARTILLA'DA, f. f. a blow with a hammer.

Prov. Domir a les martillàdas, y despertar a las dentilladas, to sleep with the noise of hammering, and awake at the noise of the teeth; taken from the smith's dog, who sleeps while they hammer in the shop, and wakes when there is eating; thence applied to one that shuns labour, and is diligent at eating.

MARTILLADO, f. m. in cant the highway.

MARTILLADO'R, f. m. one that works with a hammer.

MARTILLA'R, v. a. to hammer; in cant, to go, to walk.

MARTILLE'JO, f. m. a fmall hammer.

MARTILLO, f. m. a hammer; in cant, the way.

Marillo de orijas, the hammer with two fangs to draw nails.

MARTINA, f. f. a fish in the fea of Valencia, pleafant to eat, but not wholesome.

MARTINE TE, f. m. a high flanding feather in the hat; also the jack that flrikes the firing in the virginal; also a finall bird like a heron.

MARTINGA'LA, f. f. a martingal for a horfe.

Hbb 2

MARTINIE'GA, f. f. a poll-tax paid at Martinmals. MA'KTYR, f. m. a martys.

MAS

MARTY'RIO , f. m. martyr-

MARTYRIZAR, v. a. to put to martyrdom, to torment.

MARTYROLO'GIO, f. m. martyrology, a catalogue of faints and marryrs.

MARIA'DGA, f. f. a tribute paid in March.

MARIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the month of March.

M A S

MAS, adv. more, but, moreo-VÇE.

Mas que no haceis lo que yo hago, L'il underrake you shall not do what I do.

Mas dese caiga la casa, ques the house fall.

De mas defto, besides this.

Lo demás, the rest, the remainder.

A lo mas, at most

A mas andar, with all speed.

MASCABA'DO, adj. applied to the coarlest fort of lugar.

MASCADA. (f. f. a. chew-MASCADU'RA, (.

MASCA'R, v. 2 to chew.

Mascar a dos carellos, to chem with both jaws,; to play Jack on both fides; to run with the hare and hold with the hound.

MA'SCARA, f. f. a, mask for the face; also a masquerade.

Quitarfe la mascara, to lay aside the mask; to discover what was before concealed.

MASCARA'DO, adj. masqued. MASCARI'LLA, f. f. a mask.

MASCARO'N, f. m. a. mask with a frightful face; an ugly face or those deformed faces we fee on walls, ferving for fponts, or the like.

MASCARONCELLO, f. m. a little ugly mask or face.

MASCULINIDA'D, f. f. the quality that constitutes the male.

MASCULI'NO, adj. masculine. MASCU'LO, f, m, the male of: any species.

MASE'RA, f. f. the cloth that covers the bread carried to the bakehouse.

MASMO'RRA, f. f. prison, dun-

MASMORRI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of mazmara.

MA'SSA, f. f. dough, paste; also a mass, a lump.

Mússa de bro ù btro methl, a rude mass of gold or other metal.

Massa de cal, morrar.

Mása de hacienda, the whole mais or gross of what a man is worth.

Trahér las mános en la mássa, to have one's hand in the dough, to be engaged in an affair.

MASSA'R, v. a. to make bread. to make the dough.

MASSELU'CAS, f. f. in. cant. cards.

MASSE'RA, f. f. the cloth to cover bread when carried to the bake-house.

MASTELE'RO, f. m. the top mast of a ship.

MASTICA'R , (v. s. obf. to MASTIGA'R, chew.

MASTIL, f. m. the mast of a ship.

Mástil de gábia, the top-mast.

MASTILLE'JO, f. m. a little

MASTIN, f. m. a mastiff, a-shepherd's dog, or a: mongrel. Maffin, in cant, a ballif.

MASTI'NA, f. f. a mastiff-birch. MA'STO, f. m. the tree on which another is grafted.

MASTRA'NZO, f. m. the herb wildmint.

MASTUE'RZO., C. m. the herb garden cresses.

M A. T.

MA'TA, f. f. a bush, a shrub. Seguir a une hasta la mata, to foilow one to the bush; that is, bill you can follow no longer; as the hare is loft in the bushes. Tódo, lo véa mátas y, por rozár , I. find it all bushes, and not trod down; that is , the business is all difficulties, and no way made into, it, .

Saltar de la mara, to leap out of the bush, to appear on a sudden, when concealed before.

MATACA'N, f. m. a kind of hare ; also a venomous composition to kill dogs.

MATACANDE'LAS, f. f. an extinguisher to put out candles; alfo a great fort of moth that flies into the candle.

MATACANDI'L. f. m. a water infect fo called.

MATACHIN, f. m. a mersy-andnew or harlequin,

Matachin, f. m. a sword-dancer.

Danza de matáchines, a dance with fwords.

MATADE'RO, f. m. a flaughterhouse, the place where they kill

Venirse al matadéro, to run into the mouths of one's enemies; to run. into the hands of judice after committing some offence.

MATADOR, f. m. a murderer At the game of hombre, one of the three chief cards, spadille, manille, and bafto.

MATADU'RA, f. f. a gaul on a horse's back, or the like.

Darle en las matadures, to touch inthe part that is gauled.

MATAFUE!GOS . f. m. a fireman.

MATALAHU'GA, f. E vide A-NI'S.

MATALO'N, (adj. lean, we-MATALO'TE, (ak, that paces ill. Said of horfes and mules. MATALOTA'GE, f. m., the vic-- mals put on board of a ship.

MATALO'BOS, f. m. the herb wolfsbane.

MATA'NZA, f. f. a flaughter. MATA'R, v. 2. to kill'; to put out a candle; to gaul or wring a horfe's back ; to time a man , to kill ' with importunity or imperti-

MATARRATA, f. f. a game at cards so called.

MATASA'NOS, f. m. a quack. MATASIE'TE, f. m. a roaring. bully a boatting lyar.

MA'TE, f. m. a mate at cheft. Dan máte, to give mate.

MATEA'RSE ,,v. r. to bring forth.

fprigs, shoots, or shrubs; to fpring up in stalks.

MATE'RIA, f. f. matter, fubftance; an affair; the matter or filth of a fore; a copy to write by; a theme, a subject to discourse on.

MATERIA'L, adj. material, subfrancial.

Hombre material, a duli fellow.

Materiales, f. m. pl. materials, necessaries for building, or any other work.

MATERIALIDA'D, f. f. materiality.

MATERIALME'NTE, adv. materially.

MATERNA'L, adj. motherly, beloaging to the mother.

MATERNIDA'D, f. f. the dignity or title of a mother.

MATE'RNO, adj. vide MATER-

NA'L. MATHEMA'TICA, S. S. the ma-

thematicks.

MATHEMATICAME'NTE, adv.

mathematically.

MATHEMATICO, f. m. a ma-

thematician.

MATIGUE'LO, f. m: s little doll

stussed with straw.

MATI'B, s. m. a mixture of many

colours.

MATIZA'R, v. a. to colour, to

give a thing feveral colours.

MATO'N, f. m. affaffin, murderer, ruffian, bravo, cut-

throat,
MATORRA'L, f. m. a place full

of bushes or shrubs.

MATO'SO, adj. full of shrubs or

MATRA'CA, f. f. a wooden rattle as children make a noise with, and in forms places they are used to call people together.

Dar matraca, to banter, to scoff, to jeer one.

MATRAQUEA'R, v. a. 19 jeer, to fooff; to barner, to his at.
MATRAQUE'RO, (f. m. one

MATRAQUESTA, that is good at bantering, os reflecting upon another.

MATRE'RO; adj. fagacious, pemetrating, judicious; also sly, or exasty, or subtle. MATRICA'RIA, f. f. the herb feverfew.

MATRICI'DA, f. m. one that murders his mother.

MATRICI'DIO, f. m. murdering of one's mother.

MATRICULA, f. f. a roll of names, a list.

MATRICULA'DO, adj. enrolled, entered upon the lift.

MATRICULAR, v. a. to matriculate, to enroll, to enter upon the lift, to register one's name in an university.

MATRIMONIA'L, adj. matrimonial, belonging to wedlock.

MATRIMONIA'R, v. a. to contract matrimony.

MATRIMO'NIO, f. m. matrimony, wedlock.

Prov. Marimónio, ni feñorlo, no quiére furia, ni brio, matrimony nor government require hastiness.

MATRIZ, f. f. the matrix; also the mother church.

MATRONA, f. f. a matton, a grave modest woman; also a midwife, a woman who assists women inchildbirth:

MATRONA'L, adj. belonging to a matron.

MATU'TE, f. m. a cheat or fraud in the customs.

MATUTEA'R, v. a. to introduce a fraud in the cuftoms.

MATUTE'RO, f. m. a frauggler, one who defrauds the customs.

MATUTINA'L, adj. belonging to the morning.

MATUTI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the morning.

M. A U

MAU, f. m: the noise a cas makes
MA'ULA, f. f. sharping cheating
trick, an importion, a cheat.
MAULERI'A, f. f. a shop, where-remnants of filk, &c. are fold,
also the art of cricking or cheating.
MALUE'RO, f. m. a piece broker, that fells remnants of filk,
cloth, &c. as also linen cloths
and all finals wares for taylors;
a sharping, tricking; or cheating
fellow.

MAULLADO'R, f. m. a mewing cat.

MAULLA'R, v. n. to mew like a

MAULIFDO, of m. the mewing MAULIO, of a cat.

MAULIO, of a cat.

MAUSO'LEO, f. m. a maufoleum, a fumptuous; or flately monument, or fepulchre.

MAX

MAXI'LLA, f. & the cheek-bone or jaw-bone; also the cheek.

MA'XIMA, f. f. a general principle; a particular opinion.

MAXIMAME'NTE, adv. chiefly. MAXIMO, adj. greateft.

MAXMORDO'N, f. m. a man, dull, heavy fellow, who knows not how to do is own business without troubling, others.

M. A Y

MAYA, f. f. queen of May.

MAYA'R, v. n. to mew like a

MA'YO, f. m. the month of May; alfora May-pole.

Lárgo cómo un Máyo, as tall as a' May-pole.

Hástarpassádo Máyo, no te quites el sáyo, do not leave off your coat till May:

MAYO'R, adj. bigger, greater;.

Mayor general, a major-general.
MAYORAL, f. m. the chief herd-

fman or shepherd; in cant, the chief justice.

MAYORA'NA, C.f. the herb marjoram.

MAYORA'ZGO:, f. m. their to an efface; also the estate of an inheritance.

MAYORDOMA'ZGO, . I. m. vide MAYORDOMPA.

(MAYORDOMEA'R, v. a. to do: fhe cfffee of-a fleward.

MAYORDOMIA, f. f. floward

MAYORDO'MO, f. m. a fleward.

Mayordomo de rey, fleward of the house-hold.

MAYORIA, f. f. chiefnels, prin-

MAYORISTA, f. m. the boy who is in the highest class at the grammar school.

MAYORME'NTE, adv. chieffli. MAYU'SCULA, f. f. a capital

MAZ

MA'ZA, f. f. a mace, a club, a beettle; in cant, a bad woman.

MAZACO'TE, f. m. a kind of morter to plaster houses.

MAZA'DA; f. f. a blow given with a mace; also an ill malicious word.

Dar una mazáda, to hurt one'. MAZAMO, RRA, f. f. rotten bif-

cuit; also the soup given to the galleyslaves.

MAZAPA'N, f. m. a kind of fweet paste made with sugar and al-

MAZARI', f. m. a tile of that fort as are used in chimneys and

MAZMO'RRA, f. f. a dungeon, a prison.

MAZMORRILLA, f. f. a leather

MAZNA'R, v. a. to bruise, press or squeeze with the fingers or

MA'ZO, f. m. a hammer, a mallet.

Mazo de cintas, a bundle of ribbands.

Mazo de orillos, a bundle of lifts. MAZONA'DO, adj. in blanfoury representing walls, towers, &c. MAZONERI'A, f. f. masons art or work,

MAZO'RCA, f. f. as much fla as is put upon the distast at on-.ce; also an ear of corn.

MAZORRAL, adj. aukward, rude, unpolished.

ME

ME, an irregular case of the pronoun yo, and serves for the dative and accusative, placed sometimes before the verb, and sometimes After.

MEA

ME'A, f. f. a word which children use when they want to make

MEADA, f. f. as much as is piffed at once,

MEADE'RO, f. m. a pissing-place. MEA'DOS; f. m. pl. urine.

MEA'JA, f. f. the tread in an egg; also the smallest fort of coin formely in Spain.

MEAJA'L, adj. belonging to meája.

MEA'R, v. n. to piss.

MEAU'CA, f. f. a kind of duck.

MEC

MECEDE'RO, f. m. a cradle. MECEDO'R, f. m. a stirrer; also one that rocks another in a

MECEDURA, f. f. a mixing, or flirring together; also rocking in a cradle.

MECE'NAS, f. m. a favourer of

MECE'R, v. 2. to mix or ftir together, to rock in a cradle.

Mecer el oj, to twinkle with the eyes.

ME'CHA, f. f. a tent for a wound; the wick for a candle; a foldier's march; a bit of bacon to lard with.

Mécha de candil, a wick for a lamp. MECHA'NICA, f. f. the mechanick art; also a mean base action. MECHANICAME'NTE, adv. mechanically.

MECHA'NICO, f. m. a mechanick.

MECHA'NICO, adj. mechanick. MECHANIQUEZ, f. f. mechanicalness; also meanness.

MECHA'R, v. a. to lard fowls or other meat.

MECHE'RA, f. f. the needle or skever with which fowls are larded.

MECHE'RO, f. m. the nossel of a lamp in which the wick burns. MECHINA'LES, f. m. pl. the holes left in a wall as it is building for to fixing the scaffold

against it, called the puddock holes.

MECHO'N, f. m. a great ruft of hair, or wick of a lamp, or the like. MECHONCILLO, f. m. a little tuft of hair, or wick of a lamp. MECHUSA, f. f. in cant, the head.

MED

ME'DA, f. f. a flack of wood or corn, a rick of hay or the like. MEDA'LLA, f. f. a medal. MEDALLO'N , f. m. a great

medal. MEDA'R, v. a. to pile, to heap, to put up things confucedly; to

grow wealthy. MEDE'RO, f. m. a flack of wood, a rick of hay, or the like.

ME'DIA, f. f. a flocking. MEDIACIO'N, f. m. mediation of distance between any two objects;

alfo a reconciliation between two perfons.

MEDIADO'R, f. m. MEDIA-NE'RO.

MEDIA'NA, f. f. the flesh that is near the neck of the animal. MEDIANAME'NTE, adv. indifferently, meanly.

MEDIANERIA, f. f. interceffion, mediation.

MEDIANE'RO, f. m. a mediater, one that interpoles to adjust differences.

MEDIANI'A, f. f. mediocrity. MEDIANI'STA, f. m. the student who is in one of the middle classes.

MEDIA'NO , adj. indifferent, in a mean betwixt two; also ordinary houshold bread, neither quite white, nor very brown.

Medianos, f. m. a game at cards among sharpers.

MLDIANTE, adj. by means of. MEDIA'RE, v. a. to mediate, to interpofe.

MEDIATAME'NTE, adv. immediately, forthwith.

MEDIA'TO, adj. that is not immediate, as the fon is to the father, but that has something between, as the grandfon and the grandfather, the father of the fon being between.

MEDIATO'R, f. m. a mediator.
MEDICA'BLE, adj. that can be cured or healed.

MEDICAMÉ'NTO, f. m. a medecine.

MEDICA'R, v. a. to apply medicines.

MEDICA'STRO, f. m. a quack.
MEDICINA, f. f. medicine, phyfick.

MEDICINAL, adj. medicinal.

MEDICINAR, v. a. to cure,
to apply medicines.

ME'DICO, adj. that belongs to physick.

Médico, f. m. a physician.

MEDIDA, f. f. messure.

Hallar la medida de su zapáto, to meet with one's match.

Henchirle a uno las medilas, to give a man his bellyful, to tell him more than he desires to hear.

MEDI'DO, adj. moderate.

MEDITOO, adj. moderate.

MEDITOO'R, f. m. a measurer.

MEDIE'RO, f. m. the person who sells stockings.

ME'DIO adj. belonging to the middle.

Médio, f. m. a mean; the middle; the half.

Média túna, a half-moon, in for-

Midio cañon, a demi-cannon:

Médio did, noon-day.

Hallar un médio, to find a mean or method, or the means to do a thing.

Entrár de por médio, to part a fray, to accommodate a difference, to interpose.

MEDIO'CRE, adj. moderate, indifferent, mean.

MEDIOCRIDAD, f. f. mediocrity.

MEDIR, v. a. to mefure.

Mealr-la piex con el enemigo, to come
to fight with the enemy.

Medirfe, v. r. to moderate one felf; to weigh one's words and actions. MEDITACTON, f. f. meditation. MEDITAR, v. n. to meditate.

MEDITERRANEO, adj. in the middle of the land.

ME'DRA, f. f. thriving. MEDRA'R, v. n. to thrive. MEDROSAME'NTE, adv. fear-

fully,

MEDROSIA, f. f. fearfulness, timidity.

MEDRÓSI'LLO, adj. fomewhat fearful, timorous.

MEDRO'SO, adj. fearful. MEDU'LA, f. f. marrow.

MEDULA'R, adj. belonging to marow.

MEDULO'SO, adj. firl of marrow.

M B G

MEGPDO, adj. mixed with water and fugar.

ME'GO, adj. tame, courteous, civil gentle.

Cordenlla maga., a tame sheep:

MEJ

MEJO'R, adj. comp. better.

MEJO'RA, f. f. improvement,
growing better.

MEJORAMIE'NTO, f. m. bette-

ring, mending.

MEJORA'NA, f. f. vide MA-YORA'NA.

MEJORA'R, v. n. to mend, to grow better.

Mejorarfe., v. r. to put oneself in a better station or degree.

MEJORI'A, f. f. mending, geowing better.

MEL

MELADA, f. f. a toak and

MELADO, adj. of a honey colour; daubed with honey.

MELADUCHA, f. f. a kind of baftard apple so called.

MELANCHOLI'A', f. f. melan-

MELANCHOLICAME'NTE, adv. metancholity.

MEIANCHOLICO, adj. melan-

eholy.

MELANCHOLIZA'R, v. 2. to

make melancholy.

MELAPIA, f. f. kind of apple,

or apple-pear.

MELA'R, v. a. to boil fugar a fecond time.

MELAZA, f. f. the moloffes or dregs of fager or honey.

MELCOCHA, f. f. a cake made with honey for children.

MELCOCHADA, adj. of a colour like honey, or rather like a cake made with honey, between white and yellow.

MELCOCHE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells cakes made with honey for children.

MELECI'NA, f. f. a medicine; also a clyster.

MELECINAMIE'NTO, f. m. medicine, physick.

MELECINA'R, v. a. to heal, cure, or help by medicines.

MELE'NA, f. f. a great head of hair or periwig.

MELENU'DO, adj. that has much hair.

MELE'RO, f. m. one who fells honey; also the place where honey is kept.

MELGA'CHO, f. m. a feal-fish, the skin whereof is used for polishing wood.

MELI'FERO, adj. that has the tafte and colour of honey.

MELIFLUAME'NTE, adv. mellifluoufly, fweetly.

MELIFIUIDA'D, f. f. fweetnefs.

MELIFLUO, adj. mellifluous p.

fweet; that affects fweet words,

that has a fweet tongue.

MELI'OTO, f. m. the herb meslifot.

MELI'NDRE, f. m. a fort of dainty little fritters made with honey; fqueamiehnefs, daintinefs, nicenefs, coynefs.

MELINDREA'R, v. n. to be coy, precise, squeamish, nice, dainty.

MELINDRE'RO, f. m. nice, pre-

MELINDRI'LLO, f. m. a kind of this lace fo called.

MELINDRIZA'R, v. n. to be coy, precise, squeamish, nice, dainty.

MELINDRO'SO, adj. nice, precise, coy, dainty.

ME'LLA, f. f. a gap, a notch in: a knife, fword, or other thing; a flaw; a gap of a tooth that is: wasting in the mouth.

MELLAR, v. a. to gap, notch, or fliw; to bear our a tooth bear fore:

MELLIZA, f. f. a fort of cake made: with honey and flower, MELLI'ZO, f. f. a twin.

MELLO'N, f. m. a great heap of fraw.

MELOCO'TON, f. m. the melocoton peach.

Melucoton, a yellow quince or the quincetree in which the peach is grafted.

MELODIA, f. f. melody, sweet musik.

MELODRA'MA, f. m. a dialogue in musick.

MELO'JA, f. f. metheglin; wine boiled till the third part is confumed, which makes it very rich. MELO'N. f. m. a melon.

MELONA'R, f. m. the ground where melons grow.

MELONCE'TE, f. m. a musk-melon.

MELONE'RO, f. m. one who fells melons.

MELOSIDA'D, f. f. fweetnefs. MELO'SO, adj. honeyed, fweet; that gives fweet words.

MELO'TE, f. m. the conferve made with honey.

ME'LSA, f. f. the melt; a phlegm.tick man.

MEM

MEMBRA'DAS, f. f. in blafonry, the claws of eagles and other birds.

'MEMBRA'NA, f. f. parchment; a membrane or thin skin or film

MEMBRANO'SO, adj. full of membranes or thin skins or films.

MEMBRA'NZA, f. f. obf. remembrance.

MEMBRA'RSE, v. r. to remember.

MEMBRE'TE, a little fcroll or leaf of paper, a bill, a fchedule.

'MEMBRI'ILA, f. f. a green quince.

MEMBRI'LLAR, f. m. an orchard of quince-trees.

MEMBRI'LLO, f. m. a quince, or the tree.

MEMBRU'DAMENTE, adv. ftrongy, manfully, flourly.

MLMBkUDO, adj. large limbed, flyong mide, raw-boned.

MEME'NTOS, f. m. pl. certain parts of the mass so called.

ME'MO, adj. ignorant, foolish, fimple, dull.

Hactrie mėmo, to feign one felfignorant or dull of apprehension, when any thing is spoke that one is unwilling to answer or understand.

MEMORA'BLE, adj. memorable, worth remembrance.

MEMORA'NDA, adj. that is to be remembered.

MEMORA'R, v. a. to remember. MEMO'RIA, f. f. the memory. Also a token to remember by.

Memoria, fame, glory; also a monumental record. Memoria, a bill.of.costs.or expences;

also a memorandum.

Memórias, compliments, expressions

of civility.

Memoria de gallo ò de grilto, a bad memory.

De memoria, by beart.

Libro de memória, a pocket book to take memorandums.

MEMORIAL, f. m. a memorial, a petition, a remembrance.

MEMORIO'N, f. m. a great me-

MEMORIO'SO, one that as good memory.

MEN

ME'NA, f. f. a little fish fo called MENADO'R, f. m. one that turns the wheel to wind up the filk.

MENA'GE, f. m. the moveables or furniture of a house.

MENA'R, y. a. to wind the filk in the wheel.

MENCIO'N, f. f. mention.

MENCIONA'R, v. a. to mention.

MENDICACIO'N, f. f. beggary.

MENDICACION, f. f. beggary.
MENDICA'NTE, f. a beggar; a
mendicant friar.

MENDICIDA'D, f. f. beggary. MENDIGA'R, v. a. to beg. MENDIGO, f. m. a beggar. MENDIGUE'Z, f. f. beggary.

MENDOSAME'NTE, adv. falfely, by lying.

MENDO'SO, adj. false, lying. MENDRU'GO, s. m. a piece of broken bread. MENDRUGUILLO, f. m. a little piece of bread.

MENEA'R, v. a. to flir, to wag, to move, to wield; also to manage, to govern, to conduct.

Menéarse, v. z. to do any thing in a

hurry.

MENL'O, f. m. motion, flirring.

wagging.

MENESTE'R, f. m. want, need;

also office, business, employment.

Menefières, pl. the natural necessities; also the tools of a work-man.

Es menester, it is necessary.
No hé menester de ti, I want thee not,

I need not thy help.

MENESTERO'SO, adj. needy. MENE'STRA, f. f. spoon meat. MENESTRA'L, f. f. a handicra-

fisinan.

MENGA'10, f. m. Rag.

ME'NGUA, f. f. defect, decrease,

what in wanting of a thing; shame, difgrace.

MENGUADAME'NTE, adv. ignominiously, without honour or credit.

MENGUA'DO, f. m. a fool, a fully fellow.

Hombre menguado, a madman, that is impaired in his understanding. Menguante de la luna, the wane, or decrease of the moon after the full.

Menguante de la mar, the ebbing of the sea.

MENGUA'R, v. n. to diminish, to decrease.

MENINO, f. m. a page at court fo called.

MENIQUE, adj. little; faid of the little finger.

MENJUI', f. m. a gum or refin disfit lfing from a tree in India.

MENJURGES, f. m. flops, washes, any daubs women use to their faces.

MENOLO'GIO, f. m. the calendar of the months.

MENO'NIA, f. f. a bird fo called.

MENO'R, adj. comp less than another; also under age.

Al MENORE'TE, adv. at the least, at least.

MENORIA

MENORIA, f. f. minority, no-

MENORI'STA, f. m. the student who learns among the minors. ME'NOS, adj. less.

MENOSCABADO'R, f. m. he who makes any thing worth.

MENOSCABA'R, v. a. to diminish, to impair, to leffen.

MENOSCA'BO, f. m. diminution, impairing , lessening.

MENOSPRECIADO'R , f. m. one who despises, contemns, or under values.

MENOSPRECIA'R, w.a. to defpife, to contemn, toundervalue. MENOSPRE'CIO, f. m. contempt, undervaluing, fpurn.

Vendér a meno précio, to sell under the value.

MENSA'GE, f. m. meffage, er-

MENSAGERI'A, f. f. embassa-

ge, message. MENSAGE'RO, f. m. messenger.

MENS TRUACIO'N, f. f. the monthly courses of a woman.

MENSTRUA'L, adj. menstrual, monthly.

MENSTRUALME'NTE, adv. monthly, as women's courfes

MENSTRUA'R, v. n. to have the monthly courses.

ME'NSTRUO, f. m. women's monthly courses; also all liquors are called menstrue, which are used as dissolvents, or to extract the virtues of ingredients by infusion or decoction.

Menstruo, adj. menstrual, monthly, happening once a month.

MENSTRUO'SO, adj. with the monthly courfes.

MENSUA'L, adj. of or belonging to a month.

MENSUALME'NTE, adv. mon-

MENSU'RA, f. f. measure. MENSURA'BLE, adj. that may be measured.

MENSURA'DOR, L m. the perfon who measures.

MENSURA'R, \forall . a. to measure. ME'NTA, f. f. the herb mint.

MENTA'L, adj. mental, of the mind.

- Tom. I.

Oración mentál, mental prayer. MENTALME'NTE , adv. men-

MENTA'R, v. a. to mention.

ME'NTE, f. f. the mind; it is also the addition to most adjectives, which makes them adverbs. MENTECATERI'A, f. f. folly, ignorance, inattention.

MENTECA'TO, f. m. a fool, a madman.

ME'NTHA, f, f, mint,

MENTIDE'RO , f. m. a place where many people meet, and discoursing together are apt to tell many lies.

MENTIR, v. a. to lie; also to differ one thing from another. Mentir fin suelo, to tell great lies.

MENTIRA, f. f. a lie. MENTIRILLA, s. f. a little

MENTIROSAME'NTE, adv. lyingly, falfly.

MENTIRO'SO, adj. a liar. MENUCE'LES, f. m. pl. trifles. MENUDAME'NTE, adv. particularly; often; by little and lit-

MENUDEA'R, v. a. to repeat ftrokes very thick; also to walk quick, taking short steps. MENUDE'NCIAS, f. f. pl. fmall

MENUDI'CO, adj. very little or

MENUDILLOS, f. m. pl. the gibles of a fowl.

MENUDI'TO, adj. very small. MENU'DO, adj. small, little. A menúdo, often.

Menúdos de bestia, the pluck of any

Menúdos, small brass money. Hombre menúdo, a man that looks into every little thing, one that splits a hair.

MEO

MEOLLA'DA, f. f. fried brains. MEO'LLO, f. m. the crumb or foft or bread; the kernel of a nut; the pith of any thing; the brain; no longer used in this last sense,

MEON, f. m. who piffes often.

MEQ

MEQUETRE'FE, f. m. a buly body.

MER

MERAME'NTE, adj. purely. MERA'R, v. a. to mix one liquor with another.

MERCACHIFLE, f. m. the perfon who carries all his goods; a

MERCADA'NTE, f. m. a mer-

MERCADEA'R, v. n. to buy. to market, to play the merchant. MERCADE'R, f. m. a merchant; also a shopkeeper.

Mercadér, in cant, the thief who frequents the places where merchandise goods are.

MERCADERI'A , f. f. merchandife, goods, ware.

MERCA'DO, f. m. a market. MERCADURI'A, f. f. merchan-

dise, goods, ware. MERCANCI'A, f. f. trade, traf-

fick; also goods, merchandise, commodities.

MERCA'NTE, f. m. a merchant, a trader.

MERCANTIL, f. trading. Navio mercantil, a trading ship. MERCA'R, v. a. to buy.

MERCE'D, f. f, courtefy, favour, kindness, reward.

La mercéd de Diós, is properly God's mercy. Waggishly they give this name to bacon and eggs, because they are commonly to be had when every thing else to eat is wanting.

Merced, is a term of civility used in Spain to every polite person, as fignoria is in Italy.

Merced, a religious order so called, instituted for the redemption of captives like the Trinitarians.

Darfe en merced, to surrender at diferetion, at the enemies mercy. Server a un fenor a merced, to ferve a great man without any falary and to be rewarded at his pleafure.

MERCENA'RIO, f. m. an hirel-Iii

ing; also a friar of the order de la mercéd.

MERCERI'A, f. f. mercery, gro-

MERCE'RO, f. m. a mercer, fuch as they call fo in the country, who fe'ls all forts of goods.

MERCHA'N, f. m. obf. a
MERCHA'NTE, merchant.
MERCULI'NO, adj. belonging to
Wednefday.

MERCURIAL, f. m. the herb mercury; also belonging to mercury, full of mercury; that is, active, lively, cunning.

MERCURIO, f. m. one of the planets names.

'MERDELLO'N, adj. filthy, nafty.

MERDO'SO, adj. beshit.

ME'RE, adv. merely.

MERECEDO'R, f. m. who deferves.

MERECE'R, v. a. to deserve, to merit.

'MERECIE'NTE, adj. deferving.

MERECIDAME'NTE, adv. defervedly, meritoriously.

MERECIMIE'NTO, f. m. defert,

MERENDA'R, v. n. to eat an afternoon's luncheon, betwixt, dinner and supper.

MERENDE'RO, adj. applied to the crows who devour the feed on ploughed land.

'MERENDO'NA, f. f. an afternoon's luncheon.

MERETRICIO, adj. of or belonging to a whore.

MERETRI'Z, f. f. a whore. MERGANSA'R, f. m. a kind of

ME'RGO, f. m. a bird called a pussin.

very fierce goofe.

'MERIDIA'NO, f. m. the circle called the meridian, in which the fun makes its course.

MERIDIONA'L, adj. belonging to the meridian.

MERIE'NDA, f. f. an afternoon's luncheon.

"MERINDA'D, f. f. 'the place
where the merino, has his authority.

MERI'NO, f. m. a governor of a fmall province; also he who has

the care of the passure of the cattle.

MERITAME'NTE, adv. defervedly.

MERITA'R, v. a. to merit.

MERITI'SSIMO, adv. fuperl. very deferving.

ME'RITO, f. m. defert, merit.

MERITORIME'NTE, adv. meritoriously.

MERITO'RIO, adj. meritorious. ME'RLA, f. f. a black bird. MERLU'ZA, f. f. a cod-fish.

ME'RMA, f. f. the portion of any thing confumed.

MERMA'R, v. n. to confume.

MERMELA'DA, f. f. marmalet,

marmalade, the pulp of quinces

boiled into a confiftence with

fugar.

ME'RO, f. m. a fish fo called. Mero, adj. pure, genuine.

MES

ME'S, f. m. a month, ME'SA, f. f. a table.

Méfa franca, an open table, where all persons are welcome.

Venirse a misa putsta, to sit down to table without taking pains to earn one's meat.

Ponér la méfa, to lay the cloth for dinner.

Mésa de camblador, a banker's shop or counter.

Alzar in mifa, to take away after

Prov. Buina mifa, mal testaménto, a good table, a bad will; too much expence in eating and drinking impoverishes a man, so that he makes a poor will when he dies.

MESA'DA, f. f. the portion of money paid monthly for goods, work, or maintenance.

MESARA'ICAS VE'NAS, veins that afcend from the abdomen to the liver.

MESENTE'RIO , f. m. mesente-

MÉSE'RO, f, m. one who, after having ferved his apprenticeship, is paid fo much monthly.

MESI'LLA, f. f. a little table.

ME'SMO, prop. vide MI'SMO.

MESNA'DA, f. f. obf. the guards.
upon duty; a company; a family; a mess; the old laws of
Spain say, they are men that
may promise for themselves, but
not be bound for others.

MES

MESNADE'RO; f. m. the chief or the king's guards.

MESNADE'ROS, f. m. obf. fignifies the inferior gentry, fometimes the king's guards, and all that receives pay or wages of him.

MESO'N, f. m. an inn.

El mefón de la efirélia, the fiar-inn; metaph. the open air, where a man lies under the canopy of heaven.

MESONA'GE, f. m. a place or fireer where there are many inns. MESONE'RA, f. f. an hoftefs. MESONE'RO, f. m. an inn keener.

Prov. Nádie ferla mesonéro, se no suésse por dinéro, no man would be an inn-keeper, but sor money. Profit makes men undertake any thing.

MESONI'STA, f. m. the perfen who affifts in the inn.

MESSADURA, f. f. the act of plucking or tearing off the hair.

MESSA'NA, f. f. the mizen-maft.

MESSA'R, v. a. to pluck or tear off the hair.

MESSEGUE'RO, f. m. an harveftman; one that keeps corn.

MESSI'AS, f. m. the Messiah.

MESSIA'ZGO, f. m. the dignity of the Messiah.

ME'STA, f. f. a monthly fair among herdimen; also the laws to be observed by all that keep or deal in cattle.

MESTAL, f. m. nucultivated ground.

MESTE'nO, adj. belonging to a monthly fair.

MESTI'ZO, f. m. a mungrel, a man born of Indian and Spanish

ME'STO', f. m. a fort of oak.

MESTU'RA, f. f. vide MISTU-

MESTURA'R, v. a vide MIS-TURA'R.

MESTURE'RO, f. m. the perfon

who discovers a secret that he was ! entrusted to conceal.

MESURA, f. f. modefty, composed behaviour; also a bow, courtefy, or obeyfance one perfon makes to another.

Prov. Quien no tiene mesúra tóda la villa es suya, he who has no modesty, has all the town for his own; that is, an impudent fellow intrudes every where.

MESURADAME'NTE, adv. modefly, courteoufly.

MESURA'DO, adj. modest, grave, courteous.

MESURA'R, v. a, to make one behave modefly.

Mesurarse, v. r. to behave modes-

MET

ME'TA, f. f. limit, bound. METACA'RPO, f. m. the palm of the hand.

METAGO'GE , f. f. a figure in rhethorick so called.

META'L, f. m. metal.

Metál, the found of the human voice.

Metal, the quality of any thing. Metal campanil, bell-metal.

Metal rico, rich metal; rich ore. Metál póbre, poor metal, poor ore.

METALARIO, f. m. the artificer that works in the metals.

METALE'PSIS, f. f. a figure in rhethorick whereby a word is changed from its natural fignification.

META'LICO, adj. of, or belonging to the metal.

META'LLA, s. f. the bits of gold that fill up the vacancies that the gilder has left.

METAMORPHO'SIS, f. f. metamorphofis, transmutation, changing of one thing into another.

META'NEA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, when a man recalls what he has suid, and turns it another Way.

META'PHO'RA , f. f. a metaphor; the application of a word to an use, to which in its original import it cannot be put.

not litterally.

METAPHO'RICO , adj. metaphorick.

METAPHY'SICA, f. f. metaphyficks.

METAPHY'SICO, adj. belonging to metaphyficks.

METATHE'SIS, f. f. a transpo-

METEDO'R, C. m. he who incorporates one thing with another; alfo a fmuggler.

Metedur, a clout to turn a child

METEDURIA, f. f. the action of incorporating one thing with another; also introducing contrbanda goods.

METEMPSYCO'SIS, f. f. transmigration of fouls from one body to another.

METEMUE'RTOS, f. m. the person who carries on the stage the things that are used in the

METE'ORO, f. m. the meteor; bodies in the air or sky that are of flux and transitory nature.

METEOROLOGICO, adj. pertaining or relating to the mereors. METE'R, v. a. to put in; also

to imuggle. In cant, to eat. Meter paz, to part a fray.

Meter zizáña, to sow discord.

Meter en baráto, to brawl, to endeavour to carry a thing by noise. Metér agúja, y sácar réja, to put in a needle and take out a quil; that is, to steal a goose and leave a feather.

Metérse en lo que no le tôca, to meddle in what does not concern one.

Meterfe donde no le llaman, to go where one is not called, to meddle in other men's business.

Meterse en la parte, to join with others in trade or the like. Metérse en su contràrio, to gain gro-

und upon one's adverfary. METHODICAME'NTE , adv.

methodically, orderly. METHODICO, adj. methodical, orderly, regular.

ME'THODO, f. m. method, regularity, order.

METAPHORICAME'NTE, adv. | METICULO'SO, adj. fearful, timorous.

> METIMI'ENTO., f. m. the act of fixing, grafting, or including or shutting one thing in another.

> METONI'MIA, f. f. a figure in shetorick, when we name the cause instead of the effect, the subject for the adjunct, the thing . containing for the thing contained.

ME'TOPA, f. f. a term in architecture; the empty space in the frieze betwixt the triglyphs. METRA'LLA, f. f. pieces of iron and nails, &cc. with which they charge the large gun.

METRE'SA, f. f. a sweet-heart, a young girl in love with a youth.

METRE'TA , f. f. a veffel or measure containing about twelve gallons, a kilderkin, firkin, or rundlet.

METRICAME'NTB, adv. metrically, according to metre.

ML'TRICO; adj. metrical, according to metre, keeping, time and measure.

METRIFICADO'R . f. m. who makes or composes.

METRIFICA'R, v. r. to make metre, to verlify.

METRISTA , f. m. vide ME'-TRIFICADO'R.

ME'TRO, f. m. metre, rhime, verse, measure.

METROPOLI, f. f, a metropo-

lis, a chiefaty.

METROPOLITA'NO, f. m. a metropolitan.

Metropolitano, adj. of or belonging to the metropolis.

MEX

MEXILLA, f. f. the cheek.

M·B Z

ME'ZCLA, f. f. mixture, the art. of mixing.

MEZCLADAME'NTE, adv jointly, in conjunction.

MEZCLADO'R, f. f. a miuglerone who mixes; also an ex tangler,

Iii 2

e vid. MEZ-MEZCLADURA, MEZCIAMIENTO, CLA. MEZCLA'R, v. a. to mix, to mingle; also to broil, to en-

MEZQUINAME'NTE, adv. with mifery, coveroufly.

MEZQUINDA'D, f. f. misery, covetou inels.

MEZQUINO, s. m. a miser, a coverous person.

MEZQUITA, f. f. a mosque, or Mahometan church.

MIA

MI, MI'A, MI'O, mine, ufed as in English, my, or mine; thus mi cafa, my house; mi muger, my wife. But when the queftion is asked, who is this? the answer is , mlo , or mla , mine. MIA'JA, f. m. a crumb, a little piece.

MIC

MI'CA, f. f. a she monkey; an ugly woman. MICHO, f. m. a cat; an endearing name for a cat. MI'CO, f. m. an ape. MICROCO'SMO, f. m. microcosm, little world, man. MICROSCO'PIO, f. m. a mifcroscope.

M I E.

MIE'DO, f. m. fear Vivir bién destierra miédo, good living. banishes fear. MIE'L, f., m. honey. Miel virgen, virgin-honey, Miel rojada, honey of rofes. Miel fobre hojuelas, honey upon pancakes; metaph. one good luck upon the back of another. Prov. Haceos miel, y comeros han moscas, turn honey, and the flies will eat you; that is, if you are too sweet tempered, pecple will infult you.

Mielga, f. f. a rake to rake ground with.

MIE LGA, s. f. the cuttle-fish.

Milgas, f. f. pl. the herb trefoil.

MIEMBRECI'TO, f. m. a small limb or member.

MIE'MBRO, f. m. a limb, a member.

MIE'NTES, f. m. pl. an old word; fignifying the mind or reflections.

Parár miéntes, to take notice of, to reflect on any thing. MIE'NTRAS, adv. whilft. MIE'RA, f. f. oil of junipez.

MIE'R COLES, f. m. Wednesday. Miercoles corvillo , Ash - Wednesday.

Miercolos de centza, idem. MIE'RDA, f. f. turd, dung, or-

MIERLA, f. f. vide MERLA. MIE'Z, f. m. barveft.

MIG

MI'GA, f. m. a crumb. MI'GAS, a dish so called. MIGA'JA, f. f. a bit, a crumb; a small portion or share of any great thing that is to be divided. MIGAJA'DA, f. f. a small bit. MIGAJO'N, f. m. a great piece of the crumb of bread without crust. MIGAJUE'LA, a little bit. MIGA'R, v. a. to crumble bread. MIGRATO'RIO, adj. passing, moving from. one. place, to. another.

MIJ

MITJO, f. m. the grain called millet. Mijo del fol, the herb groundsel.

MIL

MIL, f. m. a thousand. Mil véces, a thousand times. MILAGRE'RO, f. m. the person who eafily believes miracles, MILAGRO, f. m. a miracle. Prov. Hagase el milagro, y há-

galo el diabló, so the miracle be wrought, no matter if the devil

MILAGROSAME'NTE, adv. miraculoufly.

MILAGRO'SO, adj. miraculous.

MILANE'S, f. m. in cant, a piftol.

MILA'NO, f. m. a kite.

Milanos, pl. so children call the flowers of thifles which fly about when blown upon.

MILE'NTA, f. f. a thouland. Vulgar.

MILE'RO, f. m. a bird called a

MILE'SIMO, adj. thousandth. MILI'CIA, f. f. warfare; also the

militia. MILICIA'NO, adj. of, or belong-

ing to the militia. MILITA'R . v. n. to serve as a fo'dier.

MILITA'L, adj. of, or belonging to foldiery or warfare.

MI'LITE, s. m. a soldier. MILITA'NTE, adj. militant, ferving as a foldier.

Igléfia militante, the church militant, the church of God upon earth that fights under his banner.

MILITARME'NTE, adv. according to military discipline.

MI'LITE, f. m. a foldier. MILLA, f. f. a mile, a thoufand paces.

MI'LLAR, f. m. a thousand; afso between three and four pounds or cocoa.

MILIARA'DA , C. f. the quantity of one thousand of any

MILLO'N, f. m. a million, then hundred thousand.

MIM

MIMA'R, v. a. to coact, to flatter, to wheedle. MIMBRA'L, f. m. a place when re oziers grow.

MIMBRE f. m. ozier.

MIMBREA'R , v. n. to work with oziers.

MIMBRE'RA, f. f. the place in which oziers grow.

MIMBRERA'L, f. m. the flock on which oziers grow, or the place where they grow.

MIMBRO'SQ, adj. that is built with oziers.

MI'MO, f. m. a. jefter, a mimick.

MIMO'SO, adj. coy, affected, mimick.

MIN

MI'NA, f. f. a mine dug under ground, either to undermine a place, or to dig out metal. Mina mayor, in cant gold. Mina menor, in cant, silvet. Mina tudia, in cant, copper. MINADO'R, f. m. a miner. MINA'R, v. a. to undermine. Minarfe, v. r. in cant, to be gone.

MINE/RA, f. f. what is the MINE'RO, f. m. vein of metal in the mine.

MINERA'L, f. m. mineral dug out of a mine.

Minéro, a miner.

MINIMTU'RA, f. f. miniature, painting in little.

MI'NIMO, adj. the least.

Mlnimo, f. m. a friar of the religious order of the Minimes who never eat flesh.

MI'NIO, f. m. vermillion. MINISTE'RIO., f. m. ministry, fervice, discharge of duty. MINISTRA'R, v. a. to serve,

to attend. MINISTRI'L , f. m. a minfril,

a musician.

MINI'S TRO, f. m. a minister, an officer, a servant.

MINORA'R, v. a. to lessen. MINORATI'VO, adj. that shor-

tens or lessens any thing. MINORIDA'D, 1. f. minority.

MINOTAU'RO, f. m. a minotaure, feigned by poets to be half man and half bull.

MINTRO'SO, adj. ohf. that tells

MINUCLAS,, f. f., pl. a fort of finall tithes of fruit; trifles, MINUSCULA, S. f. small let-

MINUTA, f. f. a minute in writing; also a pocket-book or memorandum, a minute - book.

MINUTA'R, v. a. to make minutes of any thing.

MINUTO, f. m. a minute. MINU'TO, adj. minute, fmall,

very liule.

MIñ

MIñA'RSE, v. r. in cant, to go away, to remove.

MIO

MIO, pron. poff. mine.

Prov. Lo mlo, mlo, y lo tilyo de entrámbos, what is mine is my own, and what is yours is for both of us.

MIR

MI'RA, f. f. the aim of a gun; alfo intention, defign.

Miras de proa, a sca term; the chafeguns, two guns in the forepart of the ship fired upon those that are purfued.

Estar a la mira, to be in fight or looking on , to observe with particular care.

Poner la mira, to aim at one thing, to endeavour to get it.

MIRABE'L, f. m. a fort of yellow honey-fuckle.

MIRA'BLE, adj. wonderful, admirable.

MIRABOLA'NO, f. m. the mirabolan; a medicinal fruit so called.

MIRACULOSAME'NTE, adv. miraculously, wonderfully.

MIRACULO'SO, adj. wonderful, miraculous.

MIRA'DA, f. f. a look, a view, a cast of the eyes 'over a thing. MIRADE'RO, f. m. a place to look out at.

MIRADO, adj. also considerate. Hómbre mirádo, a man that considers what he does.

MIRADO'R, f. m. the leads, or a turret on the top of a house; a balcony to look about.

MIRADU'RA, s. f. the action of looking.

MIRA'GLO, f. m. obf. v. MILA-GRO.

MIRAMAMOLIN, f. m. the title given by, the Moors to their great emperors.

MIRAMIE'NTO, f. m. regard, confideration, reflection.

MIRA'R, v. a. to look, to behold, to regard, to observe, to confider.

Mirár al través, to squint, to cast a fide look.

Mirdr por enclina, to look at any thing without attention.

Mirárse a los piés, is for one to know his defects.

Mirarfe en alguno, to love one, to cherish him.

Mirár sobre hombro, to look with contempt or anger.

Mirár de hito en hito, to look dírectly and stedfassly on a thing.

Prov. Quien adelante no mira atrás se halla, he who does not look before him, finds himfelf behind; that is, if a man has not a a forecast, he will fail in his business, and be behin ihand. MIRASO'L, f. m. the in-flower. MIRInA'QUE, f. m. moveable goods of small value.

MIRLA, f. f. a black-bird; but. in cant, an ear.

MIRLA'DO, adj. precise, formal. MIRLAMIE'NTO, f. m. greavity, formality, preciseness.

MIRLA'RSE, v. r. to draw up the mouth, to be formal, to play the hypocrite, to be grave.

Mirlarfe, v. r. to affect gravity in words or actions.

MI'RLO, f. m. a gravity and affectation in the face; also a blackbird.

MIRO'N, f. m. a looker on, especially used for lookers on at play.

MIRRAUSTE, f. m. a fort of fauce made of pounded almonds for boiled fowl.

MIRUE'DANOS , f. m. pt. ftrawberries.

M I S

MISCELA'NEA, f. f. a miscellany.

MISERA'BLE, adj. miserable, coverous, wretched.

MISERABLEME'NTE, adv. miserably, coverously, wretched-

MISERAME'NTE, adv. wreichedly, miserably,

MIXTO, adj. mixed s mingled.

MISERE'RE, f. m. the procession in which is fung the pfalm. Miserere mei.

MISE'RIA, f. f. milery, wretchedness, coverousness.

MISERICO'RDIA, f. f. mercy, pity, compaffion.

MISERICORDIOSAME'NTE adv. mercifully.

MISERICORDIO'SO, adj. merciful.

MI'SERO, adj. miferable, wretched, covetous, poor, diffreffed.

MISE'RRIMO, adj. very wretched miferable.

MISMO, prep. personal, the fame.

MI'SSA, f. f. the mass, the service in the Roman church.

'Milla records a private mass

Missa rezada, a private mass. Missa mayor, high mass.

Missa del gallo, the mass said at midnight on Christmas Day.

Missa del álva, the mass said at break of day.

Prov. Van a missa los zapatéros, ruégan a Dios que muéran carneros, the shoe-makers go to mass and pray to God that sheep may die, that so leather may be cheap; every man prays to God for his own advantage, though is be to the detriment of another.

Prov. Buéno es missa missar, y eusa guardar, it is good to go to mass, and to keep house; that is, it is good to serve God, but not to neglect the care of the family upon pretence of being at church all day.

Frov. No entra en missa la campana y a tódos llama, the bell does not go to mass, and yet it calls others; some preach much sandity and practise none.

Prov. Oyr mlsa y dar cebada, no impide jornada, to hear mass, and give a horse oats, does not hinder a journey.

Prov. No faber de la missa la média, not to know half the mass; that is, to be very ignorant.

AISSACANTA'NO, f. m. a pri-

MISSACANTA'NO, f. m. a priest that says his first mass; in cant, p cock. MISSA'L, f. m. a missal, a mass book.

MISSA'RIO, f. m. a boy that ferves at mass.

MISSIO'N, f. f. a miffien, commonly of priefts to preach and teach.

MISSIONE'RO, f. m. a mif-MISSIONA'RIO, fionary, one fent to propagate religion.

MISSIVO, adj. missive, sent, to be sent.

MISSIVA, f. f. a letter.
MISTE'LA, f. f. a cordial wa-

MISTE'LA, f. f. a cordial water.

MIT

MITA'D, f. f. she moiety, the half.

MITAN, f. m. a flight fort of Holland.

MITHRIDA'TICO, adj. belonging to mithridate.

MITHRIDA'TO, f. m. mithridate, an antidote fo called.

MITIGACIO'N, f. f. mitigation, moderation.

MITIGADO'R, f. m. affwager, pacifier.

MITIGA'R, v. a. to mitigate, to assume, to pacify.

MITIGATIVO, adj. that will mitigate or affwage.

MITO'TE, f. m. an Indian dance fo called.

MITRA, f. f. a bishop's mitre; it is also waggishly applied to fignify a fort of cap made of pasteboard, which they put on the heads of bawds conviced, when led to punishment by the Inquisition.

MITRA'DO, adj. wearing a mitre; faid of certain privileged abbots.

MIX

MIXTIFO'RI, f. m. a crime which the fecular or ecclefiaftical tribunal can chaftife.

MIXTILI'NEO, adj. in geometry, applied to a figure that defcribes a straight line and a curve on one side.

MIXTIO'N, f. m. mixture.

MIXTURA, f. f. mixture; also bread made of several kinds of corn.

MIXTU'RAR, v. a. to mix, to mingle.

MIZ

MIZ, a word used to call cats.

MIZ, MIZO, f. m. a cat.

Mizo, f. m. in cant, one wanting one of his limbs, or one that is left-handed.

MOA

MO'A, f. f. in cant, money.

M O B

MO'BIL, adj. moveable.

Primér mobil, the primum mobile of the heavens.

MOBILIDA'D, f. f. mobility.

MO'BIE, adj. vide MOVIBLE.

MOC

MOÇADE'RO, f. m. an old name for a handkerchief.

MOCADO'R, f. m. a handkerchief.

MOCA'NTB, f. m. in cant, a handkerchief.

MOCARRO, f. m. fnot.

MOCEA'R, v. a. to act like young people.

MOCEDA'D, f. f. youth; an unlucky trick of youth.

MOCETO'N, f. m. a lufty young fellow.

MOCETO'NA, f. f. a lufty young wench.

MOCHA'DA, f. f. a blow given with the head.

MOCHA'R, v. a. to cut smooth, to cut off the horns, or the like.

MOCHAZO, f. m. the blow given with the butt end of a musket.

MO'CHE, adv. used in the phrase, a troche moche, without consideration, rashly, hand over head.

MOCHE'TA, f. f. a term in archirecture; the edge of any work, particularly the columns. MOCHETE, f. m. the taffel of a parrow hawk.

MOCHIL, f. m. a boy that follows the camp.

MOCHILA, f. f. a scrip, a budget, a wallet, a false cover of a saddle, a portmanteau.

Mochila de gráno, the husk of a feed in fruit.

MOCHILE'RO, f. m. a boy or fervant, that carries the waller or budget, a boy that follows the camp.

MOCHIN, f. m. the executioner or hangman.

MO'CHO, adj. bare, smooth.

Carnéro môcho, a sheep that has no horns, that has the horns cut.

Arbôl môcho, a tree without branches.

Môcho de arcabix, the but end of a musket.

Passe mocha por comada, let a beast without horns go for one with horne. If we cannot have what we will, we must take what we can. MOCHUE'LO, s. m. a horn owl. MOCIO'N, s. f. motion; also tendency of the mind; also an inspiration.

MOCITO, f. m. a little young lad.

MO'CO, f. m. fnot.

Mocos de herréro, the large flakes that fly off when the smith hammers iron.

Moco de candil, the knob that grows on the top of the snuff of a lamp or candle, for want of snuffing. Escapido a moco de candil, chosen by candle light; that is, carefully examined.

MOCO'SO, adj. fnotty.

MOD

MO'DA, f. f. use, custom, fashion.

MODAL, adj. belonging to use, custom, or fashion.

MODE'LO, f. m. a model to build or do any thing by, a pattern. MODERACIO'N, f. f. modera-

MODERADAME'NTE, adv. moderately.

MODERA'DO, adj. moderate.

MODERADO'R, f. m. a moderator.

MODERA'R, v. a. to moderate MODERATO'RIO, adj. which can moderate or bring into order. MODERNAME'NTE, adv. newly, of latter times.

MODE'RNO, adj. modern, of the latter times.

MODESTAME'NTE, adv. modefily, decently, composedly.

MODE'STIA, f. f. modefly.

MODE'STO, adj. modest, decent, composed.

MODIFICACIO'N, f. f. bringing into measure, modification.

MODIFICADO'R, f. m. the perfon who brings into measure or compass.

MODIFICA'R, v. a. to bring into measure or compass.

MODILIO, f. m. a particular manner.

MODILLO'N, f. m. a modillion; in architecture, a certain support or moulding.

MO'DIO, f. m. a bushel.

MODISTA, f. m. the person who observes and follows the new fashions.

MO'DO, f. m. the mean or manner; also used for decency, behaviour.

MODO'RRA, f. f. lethargy; also the dead of night when all are afteep.

Quarto de la modorra, the second watch in the night, being the dead of night when all people are asses.

MODORRA'R, v. n. to be drowfy, fleepy, or lethargick.

Moderatife, v. r. to grow flabby and ready to rot; faid of fruits. MODORRILLA, f. f. a difeafe among the sheep; also the third watch of the night.

MODO'RRO, f. m. one that has a lethargy; a flow, heavy, foolish fellow.

MODRE'GO, f. m. a dunce, a block head, a dull fellow.

MODULACION, f. f. fweetness, an agreeable harmony in the voice or inftrument.

MODULA'R, v, n, to fing with harmony.

MO'DULO, f. m a module, a term in architecture, fignifying a part or quantity by which to calculate, adjust, and compose the rest of the members of an order.

MOG

MODU'RRIA, f. f. folly, ignorance.

MOE

MOE'DA, f. f. an old grove of oaks, a foreft.

MOF

MO'FA, f. f. fcoff, jeer, mock, mockery.

MOFADO'R, a scoffing jeering person.

MOFADURA, f. f. a mocking or jeering.

MOFA'R, v. a. to scoff, to mock, to jeer.

MOFLE'TES, f. m. pl. puffed up cheeks.

MOG

MO'GA, f. f. in cant, money.

MOGA'TE, f. m. a coarfe fort of
glazing upon earthen ware.

Hacer una coja de médio mogáte, to do a thing by halves; taken from the pans which are glazed only within, and not without, which they call médio mogáto, or half glazing.

MOGA'TO, f. m. vide MOGI-GA'TO.

MO'GE, f.m. breth of any kind. MOGE'LES, f. f. pl. on board ships, certain boxes fo called.

MOGICO'N, f. m. a fift clenched; a box on the ear.

MOGIGA'NGA, f. f. a Jack-pudding, any ridiculous person or feaft.

MOGIGA'TO, f. m. 2 fly knave, like a cat, who, when you speak lovingly to her, cringes, and, when you least think of it, claws you.

MOGOLLO'N, f. m. a lump, a clod, a shapeless piece; also a spunger, an interloper,

Comer de mogollon, to spunge upon

MOGO'TES, f. m. pl. the horns of a young deer sprouting out. MOGRO'LLO, f. m. who eats and drinks at the expence of others; adject, used, unpolite uncivil.

MOH

MOHA'DA, f. f. mossiness, mouldiness.

MOHARRA'CHE, (f. m. one MOHARRA'CHO, (who is disguised in a ridiculous dress, and under that figure goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

MOHA'TRA, f. f. is a cheating way of felling goods upon truft for much more than the value; and having one ready to buy them again much under the real value; any extorsion in usury; it is also pawnbroking.

MOHATRA'R, v. a. to sell above price and buy under; to use extortion; to take pawns.

MOHATRE'RO, f, m. an extortioner that buys and fells; a pawnbroker.

MOHECE'R', v. n. to grow mouldy, to be covered with moss.

MOHINA, f. f. a mule that has all the face and muzzle black, and has jadish tricks; also fretfulnels, peevishnels, anger, dif-

'MOHINDA'D, f. f. peevishness, fret-fulnels, anger.

MOHINI'LLO, adj. somewhat peevish or fretful,

MOHI'NO, adj. peevish, fretful, out of humour; with a black face and muzzle.

MOHO, f. m. mouldiness, ruft of iron or any other metal; also moss that grows upon trees. rocks, walls, or the like.

MOHO SO Adj. mouldy, covered with moss; also rusty.

M O J

MOJA'DA, f. f. the act of wetting or foaking. MOJADU'RA, f. f. a wetting.

MOJA'MA, f. f. the flesh of the tuney-fish salted and dried.

MOJ

MOJA'R, v. a. to wet, to dip into.

Mojar en la salfa, to dip in the fauce.

MOJARRI'LLA, f. m. the person who is always jesting and in a good humour.

MOJO'N, f. m. a land-mark. Ironically, a fancy, a guess.

MAJO'NA, f. f. a tribute or tax paid by the measure which is called mojona', from whence is takes its name.

Mojona, a measure in Castile, used both for liquids and dry things. MOJONA'R, v.a. to fet land-marks. MOJONE'RA, f. f. the place where the land-mark stands.

MOJONE'RO, f. m. a fort of an exciseman or custom-house officer.

MOL

MO'LA, f. f. a fleshy, and sometimes a spungy substance, without bones or bowels; often black like concrete blood, and fornetimes hard, naturally brought into the world instead of a fatus.

MOLA'DA, f. f. the quantity of colour; ground at one time.

MOLAMATRI'Z, f. f. vide MO'-LA.

MOLA'R, adj. of, or belonging to a mill-stone.

y. a. to cast in MOLDA'R, MOLDEA'Ra mould. MO'LDE, f. m. a mould to caft

any figure in.

Libro de mólde, a printed book.

Venir de molde, to fit as if it had been cast in a mould.

MOLDEA'R, v. a, vide MOL-DA'R

MOLDU'RAS, f. f. pl. joiners or masons work.

MO'LE, f. f. a mass, a lump, a confused heap.

MOLE, adj. foft, fmooth. MOLEBUTO, f. f. the fish called a lump.

MOLEDO'R, f. m. a grinder; a troublesome person.

MOLEDU'RA, f. f. a grinding. MOLENDE'RO, f, m, a grinder; the man who makes the chocolate or grinds the cocoa.

MOLE'R, v. a. to grind; also to chew.

Molér, to molest, to trouble with long speeches.

Moler en almirez, to pound in a mortar.

Moler a uno, to beat a man till his bones are bruised, to tire and plague a man with impertinence, MOLESTADO'R, f. m. a troublesome person.

MOLESTAME'NTE, adv. tronblesomely.

MOLESTA'R, v. a. to molest, to trouble.

MOLE'STIA, f. f. trouble, difquiet, pain, grief.

MOLE'STO, adj. troublesome. MOLE'TA, f. f. a stone to grind colours on.

MOLICIE, f. f. fosteness; effeminacy.

MOLIE'NDA , f. f. grift ; any thing to be ground.

Moliénte y corriénte, said of a mill that is in good case to grind', the water running, the fails going in good order, and no way der fective.

MOLIFICA'R, v. a. to mollify, to soften.

MOLIMIE'NTO, f. m. grinding, pounding; wearinefs.

MOLINE JO, f. m. a little mill. MOLINE'RA, f. f. a miller's wife. MOLINE'RO, f. m. a miller.

MOLINE'TE, f. m. the capftan of a ship, which serves principally to hoift anchor.

Molinéte, f. m. a little mill, a coffeemill, &c.

MOLINI'LLO, f. m. a little mill. a chocolate-mill.

MOLI'NO, f. m. a mill.

Molino, in cant, torment.

Molino de viénto, a wind-mill.

Molino de sangre, the mill moved by men or beafts.

MO'LLA, f. f. the crumb of bread.

MOLLA'R, adj. foft, tender; eafy to be deceived.

MOLLEA'R, v. a. y n. to grow foft, to defift, to give over.

MOLLE'DO, f. m. the crumb or

foft

fost part of the bread; also any brawny fleshy part.

Mollédo del brázo, the brawn of the arm.

MOLLE'IA, f. f. the sweet-bread of a beast; also the gizzard of a fowl.

MOLLEJO'N, f. m. augm. of molleja, a fat lazy fellow.

MOLLEJUE'LA, f. f. a little kernel in the flesh.

MOLLENTA'R, v. a. to foften.

MOLLE'RA, f. f. the mould of
the head, the part between the
forehead, temples and crown.

Poner fal en la molléra, to correct any one's folly or simplicity, as to bring him to a sense of his duty.

Sér duro de molléra, to be strongheaded, obstinate, stubborn.

Tener ya dura la mollèra, to be too old to be taught.

MOLLERO'N • f. m. in cant, a head-piece.

MOLLE'TAS, f. f. pl. a pair of fnuffers, nippers used to snuff lamps.

MOLLE'TE, f. m. manchet, fine fmall white bread; fat cheeks.

MOLLE'ZA, f. f. foftness; effeminacy.

MOLLICIO, adj. fofr, tender.
MOLLI'NA, f. f. a mizzle, a foft
shower of rain.

MOLLIZNA'R, v. n. to rain MOLLIZNE'AR, foftly and finell.

MOLONDRO'N, f. m. a dull MOLONDRO'N, heavy fellow, good for nothing.

MOLO'SSO, f. m. a foot in Latin poerry confishing of three long fyllables.

MOLTURA, f. f. vide MAQUI-

MOM

MOMARRA'CHE, f. m. he who is difguifed in a ridiculous or hideous habit, goes about joking upon every body, and telling them their faults.

MOMENTANEAME'NTE, adv. every moment.

Tom. I.

MOMENTANEO, adj. momentary, that lasts but a moment.

MOME'NTO, f. in moment, inftant of time; also consequence, importance, weight, value.

Momento, force, impulsive weight.

MOMERIA, f. f. mumming, in
masquerade; also mummery, entertainment in which maskers
play frolicks.

MOMIO, adj. as, chrne mómia, mummy, human flesh dried up; thence taken for any lump of lean flesh.

MOMO, f. m. an autick, a ridiculous gesticulation, a comical trick.

Hacerce mome, to hold all stakes.

Ser mome, to act as if one was above all.

MOMPERA'DA, adj. fine, shining, well calendered; faid of a particular fort of linen.

MON

MO'NA, f. f. a she monkey.

Mona trifle, or mona aligne, a merry, or a fad monkey; fo they call a man that is merry or fad when in drink, because some monkeys are so upon like occafions.

Prov. Aunque la môna se vista de séda, môna se quéda, though a monkey put on filk clothes, she is still a monkey, A hog in armour is still but a hog.

MONACHA'L, sai, belonging to a monk.

MONACHA'TO, f. m. the inflitution of monks.

MONACHI'SMO, f. m. the profession or order of a monk; mopachism, the state of monks, the monastick life.

MONACHO'RDIO, f. m. a mufical infrument that has but one ftring.

MONACILLO, f. m. an acolyte, a boy kept to serve at the altar; a boy bred by monks, a little monk.

MONADA, f. f. a foolish gefture, a ridiculous action. MONAGO, f. m. a monk.

MONAGUILLO, f, m, diminu-

tive of monago, the same as mo-

MONARCHA, f. m. a monarch.

MONARCHI'A, f. f. a monarchy.

MONA'RCHICO, adj. belonging to a monarch or monarchy.

MONA'STE'RIO, f. m. 2 monaftery, a house of religious people, whether men or women.

MONA'STICO, adj. monaftick belonging to monks or to a monaftery.

MO'NDA, f. f. the bits of twigs, that are cut of in pruning.

MONDADIE'NTES., f. m. a toothpicker.

MONDADURAS, f. f. pl. pickings, parings; cleanlings.

MONDAORE'JAS, f. f. an earpicker.

MONDA'R, v. a. to pick, to cull, to pare, to cleanse.

MONDEJO, f. m. a fort of forced-meat made of the paunch of a hog or sheep.

MO'NDO, adj. clean, peeled, pared naked, bare.

MONDO'NGA, f. f. a name given to the fervants of the queen's ladies.

MONDO'NGO, f. m. hogs puddings.

MONDONGONIZA'R, v. n. to make hogs puddings.

MONDONGUE'RO, f. m. a man that makes or fells hogs puddings.

MONDONGUIL, adj. of , or belonging to hogs puddings.

MONE'DA, f. f. money, coin of any fort.

Monéda foréta, a duty, or tax paid every feven years, as an acknowledgment of the king's regal authority.

Monéda de bellon, bras money; imall change.

Moneda negra, a base fort of coin they had formerly with much mixture of brass among the filver.

Moneda blanca, filver coin.

Moneda corriente, current coin.

Monéda fálfa, false money.

MONEDA'R, v, a. to coin MONEDEA'R, or mint money.

Kkk

MONERIA, f. f. a monkey trick. MONE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging, or like to a monkey.

'MONETA'RIO, f. m. a place where all the ancient coins are

MONFIES, f. m. pl. robbers on the hills or mountains.

MO'NGE, f. m. a monk. MONGI'A, f. f. a monastery.

MONGI'L, f. m. a fort of mourning weed for a woman; also the habit of any nun.

Mongli, f. m. the estate or condition of a nun.

Mongil ahibáxo, a long woman's gown or garment all of a piece. MONGIO, f. m. the flate and condition of nuns.

MO'NJA, f. f. a num.

MONICIO'N, f. f. advice; ban or publication of matrimony.

MONJE f. m. vide MO'NGE. MONIGO'TE, f. m. a name given to the lay friars by the common people.

'MONFILO, f. m. a little mon-

Monillo, a kind of woman's donblet without fleeves or Jappets.

MONIPO'DIO, f. m. conspiracy,

MONIPO'LIO, f. m. monopoly, the ingroffing of a commodity to fell out as one pleases.

MONIS, f. f. a kind of paste made of eggs and fugar as the biskers are done; also any nice little thing.

'MONI'TO, f. m. a little paste. MONITOR, f. m. a monitor who admonishes.

MONITO'RIA, f. f. a letter of admonition.

'MONITO'RIO , adj. advising , calling.

MO'NO, f. m. an he ape.

Mono, adj. polite, refined, delicate. MONOCEROTE, f. m. a beaft like a horse of a red colour; fome take in for an unicorn.

MONO'CULO, adj. that has but

MONOMACHIA, S. L. a single combat.

MONEDE'RO, f. m. a coiner of MONOPA'STOS, f. f. a pulley with one wheel in it.

MONOPO'LIO , f. m. monopolizing; also an agreement among merchants for felling any commodity at a high rate.

MONO'STROPHE, f. f. a fong containing but one stanza.

MONOSYLA'BO, adj. monofyllable, having only one fyllable. MONSERO'R, f. m. a tittle of honour given to prelates in Italy, newly introduced into Spain. MONSIUR, f. m. fir.

MO'NSTRUO, f. m. a monster. MONSTRUOSAME'NTE, adv. monstrously.

MONSTRUOSIDA'D, S. f. flionftrouspess.

MONSTRUO'SO, adj. monstrous. MO'NTA, s. f. amount in rekon-

Monta, the intrinsick value of any

MONTADE'RO, (f. m. the per-MONTADO'R. fon who mounts a horse.

Montadór, s. m. a horfe-block. MONTADURA, f. f. the necesfary preparation for the cavalry. MONTAGES, f. m. pk gun-car-

MONTA'ñA , f. f. a mountain. Montáña de pinos, in cant a bawdy-house.

MONTANE'RA, f. f. fmall acorn, fuch as hogs feed on,

MONTARE'RO, , f. m. s mo-MONTAñE'S, → (untaineer . a man or any other thing of the mountain; an highlander.

Montanés, adj. mountainous, wild. Prov. El montanés por defendér una necedad dice tres, the mountaineer to defend one foolish saying, fays three more.

MONTARETA, f. f. a little mountain.

MONTA'NO, adj. hilly, mountainous, full of mountains.

MONTAñO'SO, adj. mountainous, hilly.

MONTANTA'DA , f. f. boaft , brag.; also a multitude.

MONTA'NTE, f. m. a two-handed fword.

MONTANTEAR, V. B. to go-

vern or manage the two-handed fword; also to play the bully, to boaft.

MONTANTE'RO, f, m. the perfon armed with the two-handed fword.

MONTARUE'LA, f. f. a hili, a little mountain.

MO'NTA'R, v. n. to amount in reckoning; also to mount an horse. Montar la punta, to weather the

cape; a sea term.

Montar la guarda, ot la trinchéra, to mount the guard or the trenches; a military term.

Prov. Tanto monta cortar, como defatàr, cutting is as good as untying.

MONTARAZ, adj. mountaineer, that lives on the mountains; that belongs to the mountains, wild. MONTA'S, adv. indeed, although. MONTAZGA'R, v. n. to pay the dury to the king for the passing

of the flocks of cattle from one place to another. MONTAZGO, f. m. a duty paid

to the king for the passing of the flocks of cattle.

MO'NTE, f. m. a hill, a mountain, a wood.

Hombre de monte y ribéra, a man fit for any thing.

Andar de monte, to live like au out-law absconding on the moun-

Prov. De monte. malo, , fi quiera un palo, of an ill wood, take, though it be but one flick; that is, ger what you can, though ever fo little, of an ill man or a

Monte de pledad,, so they call a charitable inflitution, where they lend money to those that are in want, without any interest, only leaving a pawn to the va-

MONTE'A, f. f. the draught or sketch au architect makes on paper of the structure he is to build; the cutting of flones in order to make an arch.

MONTEA'R, v. 2. to hunt wild beafts on the mountains; to mi a draught or sketch of any firucture_

MONTECPLLO, f. m. a little mountain.

MONTE'RA, f. f. a cap, fuch as hunters or countrymen wear.

MONTERE'RO, f. m. one who makes the hunters caps.

MONTERE'Y, f. m. a kind of pie fo called.

MONTERI'A, f. [f. hunting of noble game, as wild boars, stags,

MONTE'RO, f. m. a huntiman.

Montéres de Espinosa, a particular
guard the king of Spain has, all
of one family or rather a fantily of
gentlemen, who have the honour to
be about his person, and to lie in
the next room to him, on account
that one of their predecessors, who
was the king's huntiman, and born
in the town of Espinosa, saved
the king's life.

MONTE'S, adj. living in the mountains.

Gato montes, a vild cat.

MONTE'SA, adj. fem. the appellative of a certain order of knights.

MONTESI'NO, adj. of, or belonging to the mountain.

MONTO, f. m. vide MONTA.
MONTON, f. m. a heap, a pile.
Montón de léña, a wood-pile.

Monion de héno, a stack of hay.

Prov. Que monton de trigo, si no
estaviése comido! what a heap of
corn, if it were not eaten! When
a man looks back upon what he
might have had, if he had not

wasted it.

MONTONCILLO, f. m. a little

MONTUO'SO, adj. hilly, mountainous.

MONTURA, f. f. the allotting or chufing out fuch horfes or mules as are to go post.

MONUME'NTO, f. m. a monument, a tomb; particularly used for the sepulchre set up in churches on Maunday-Thursday, in memory of our Saviour's sepulchre.

MONZO'N, f. m. a fea term, the tradewinds, which at one feafor of the year blow confiantly one way.

A O M

MO'āA, f. f. the artificial figure of a woman representing the fashions; vulgarly, drunkenness.
MO'āO, f. m. the knot that binds up the hair of a woman; also the creft of any bird.

Moño, an ornament of faile hair women wore formerly on their heads, flicking out on both fides the face; whence páta de moño, one of those flicking out wings of it.

MO'nUDO, adj. that has the mono.

MOQ

MOQUEA'R, v. n. to blow out

MOQUE'RO, f. m. the handkerchief with which the nofe is wiped.

MOQUE'TE, f. m. a blow with the fift upon the nofe.

MOQUETEA'R, v. a. to blow out fnot.

Moquetedr, to firike in the face with the fift.

MOQUE'TERO, adj. snotty.
MOQUELLO, f. m. diminutive of
moco; also the pip in poultry.

moco; also the pip in poultry.

MOQUI'TA, s. f. the drop that
hangs at the nose in winter.

MOQUITO, s. m. a little snot.

M O R

MO'RA; f. f. a mulberry; also delay.

Mora, the herb nightshade, or death's herb.

MORABITO, f. m. a Moorish eremite or anchorite, or religious

MORACHO, adj. blush, violet coloured.

MORA'DA, f, f. a dwelling-

MORADILLA, f. f. a little dwelling-place.

MORADO, adj. purple.

MORADOR f. m. a dweller, an

inhabitant.

MORAL, f. m. a mulberry- tree.

MORAL, adj. moral.

MORALID'AD, f. f. morality.

MORALE'JA, f. f. a moral doctrine or infruction.

MORALI'STA, f. m. a professo of morality.

MORALIZA'R, v. n. to moralize, MORALME'NTE, adv. morally, MORA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide MO-RADA.

MORA'R, v. n. to dwell, to inhabit.

MORATO'RIA, f. f. a protracting, prolonging, or delaying of featence by the king, &c.

MORBIDE'Z, f. f. foftness.

MO'RBIDO, adj. weak, infirm,

fickly.

MO'RBO, f. m. disease, sickness.

Mérbo cadúco, the falling-sickness.

Mérbo cadúco, the falling-fickness.

Mórbo Gallico, the pox, the French
disease.

MORBO'SO, adj. fick, infirm.

MORCE'LLA, f.f. a spark of fire from the candle.

MORCI'LLA, f. f. a hog's pudding.

MORCILLE'RO, f. m. a man that makes or fells black puddings.

MORCI'LLO, f. m. the brawny part of a man's arm or leg.

Morelllo cabállo, a black horse.

MORCON, f. m. a great pudding made of the large gut that is close at one end; any mishapen great lump, or a great fat unwieldy fellow.

MORDACIDA'D, f. f. mordacity, biring language.

MORDA'NTE, f. m. a tool used in printing.

MORDA'Z, adj. corrofive, acrimonious; rough to the palate; mordacious, biting in words, fatirical.

MORDA'ZA, f. f. a gag for the mouth.

MORDAZME'NTE, adv. railing gly, sharply.

MORDEDO'R, f. m. a biter.

MORDEDU'RA, f. f. the bite of a dog or other creature.

MORDE'R, v. a. to bite,

Hacer a uno morder en el ajo, to make a man bite the garlick, to fret, vex, or perplex one.

MORDICACIO'N, f. f. the pricking or pain arifing from a bite.

Kkk 2

MORDICA'R, v. a. to bite, to nibble.

MOR

MORDIENTES, f. f. pl. in cant, Ceiffars.

MORDIHUI', f. m. a small insect fo called.

MORDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a bite of a dog or any other creature.

MORDISCA'R, v. z. to nibble as fish do at a bait.

MORDI'SCO, f. m. a biting or nibbling of a bait, as fish do.

MORDI'CON, f. m. the same. 'MORE'L, adj. a dark brown colour.

MORE'NA, f. f. a brown loaf. Morêna, in Den Quixote I think it means a fword, that Moors are killed with.

MORENI'LLO,) adj. of a brown MORENITO, colour.

MORE'NO, adj. brown of a dark

MORE'RA, f. f. a mulberry-tree. MORERIA, f. f. the Moors quarter, where formerly the Moors lived.

MORFE'X, f. m. a water-fowl fo

MORIBUNDO, adj. ready to die.

MORIGERACION, f. f. moderation in living.

MORIGERA'R, v. a. to give good breeding, to make submissive, to humour.

MORILLO, f. m. a little Moor; alfo an andiron for a chimney. MORI'R, v. n. to die.

MORI'SCO, f. m. a man descended from Moors, or converted from them.

MORISMA, f. f. a multitude of Moors; the Moorish religion.

MORISQUE'TA, f. f. a fraud. a trick, a deceit.

MORIACO, adj. that affects folly and ignorance.

MORLE'S, f. m. a fort of linea fo called.

MORLO'N, adj. vide MORLA'CO. MORMU'LLO, f. m. a murmu-

sing noise, the noise of many people talking, or of water run-

MORMURA'R, v. n. vide MUR-MURA'R.

MO'RO, f. m. a Moor, a native of

Moro, adj. that has no water in it; faid of wine.

MOROCA'DA, f.f. a blow given by the sheep with the head.

MORO'N, f. m. a little hillock. MORONDA'NGA, f. f. an heap of rubbish or useless things.

MORO'NDO, adj. bald or bare, as a man without hair, and a tree without leaves.

MORONI'A, s. f. vide ALBO-RONIA.

MOROSAME'NTE, adv. flowly, heavily.

MOROSIDA'D, f. f. morosenes; also slowness.

MORO'SO, adj. flow, heavy, dull: also morose, or ill-natured.

MORQUE'RA, f. f. the herb thy-

MO'RRA, f. f. the upper part of the head.

Morra, f. f. a game made with the fingers, what the Romans called mleare digitis.

MORRA'DA, f. f. a blow on the head.

MORRA'L, f. m. a little fack or bag tied to the horse's head out of which he eats his corn; also a muzzle.

MORRA'LLA', f. f. a heap of rubbish.

MORRILLO, f. m. a round small stone, or any little round thing. MORRIAA, f. f. mortality among cattle; also melancholy.

MORRIO'N, f. m. a head-piece, a morrion.

MO'RRO', adj. that mews or purs like a cat,.

Mórro, f. m. a great rock in the fea; also the poll of the head.

Baxár el mérro, to bow down one's head; metaph, to fubit, or to confider.

MORRO'N, f. m. a great rock. MORRO'NCHO, adj. tame, tractable.

MORRUDO, adj. that has a fnout.

MORTA'JA, f. f. a shrowd for a dead body.

Prov. A los muértos la mortája. a los vivos la hoguza, the shrowd

for the dead, and the loaf for the living.

MORTA'L, adj. one term. mortal, deadly, at death's door.

MORTALIDAD, f. f. mortality, being subject to death.

MORTALME'NTE , adv. deadly, mortally.

MORTANDA'D, f. f. a great flaughter in battle or destruction of people by sickness; also a pla-

MORTECINO, adj. that dies of itself.

MORTERA'DA, f. f. s fauce fo called.

MORTE'RETE, f. m. a very small

fort of cannon. MORTE'RO, f. m. a stone morter to pound any thing in; a mortar

used in war to cast bombs. MORTERUE'LO, s. m. a simall fort of instrument like a morar, with a hand or peftle, which boys use to play upon to make a noise.

Morteruélos, a hog's liver dissolved with hog's lard, falt, pepper, cloves, and coriander-feed; then baked till it consolidates.

MORTICINIO, f. m. carrion, a dead carcase.

MORTIFERO, adj. deadly, mortal, that causes death.

MORTIFICACION, f. f. mortification; also the act of subduing the body by hardships and maceration; any vexation or trouble. MORTIFICA'R, v. a. to mortify. MORTUO'RIO, f. m. a burial, a. funeral.

MORTUE'CO, f. m. a ram that ferves the whole flock.

MORULA, f. f. dimin. of mora, a little delay.

MORUSA, f. f. money. Burlef-

ME O S

MOSAFCO, adj. Mofaick, a curious inlaying,

Mosaico, belonging to Moses.

MO'SCA, f. f. a fly. Mosca de burro, a stupid lumpish per-

Estar con mosca, to be in trouble and pain.

Mosca en leche, a fly in the milk; fo they call a brown complexioned woman in a white dress.

Mosca muera, an humble cunning fellow.

Moscas blances, Inow.

Andár cómo móscas a la miél, to flock like flies about honey; that is, to attend or be diligent for one's profit.

MOSCA'DA-f. f. 2 nutmeg. MOSCA'RDA, f. f. horse-fly, a wasp.

MOSCARDO'N, f. m. augment. Of moscarda.

MOSCARE'TA, f. f. a fmall bird who lives upon flies.

MOSCATE'L, adj. muscadine; as, vino mofcatel, muscadine wine: uvas moscateles, muscadine grapes. MOSCE'LLA, f. f. a spark of fire; a word little used.

MOSCHINO,) adj. of, or be-MOSCHI'L, ≱ longing to a fly. MOSC'ON, f. m. a great fly. MOSQUEADO'R, f.m. a flap to kill flies.

MOSQUEA'R, v. ir to drive away flies with a fly-flap.

Mosquearse, v. r. to drive away one's embarrassements, to keep others from giving us trouble.

MOSQUE'O, f. m. a driving away of flies; also a whipping by the minister of justice.

MOSQUE'RO, f. m. a bough or any thing hanged for the flies to fettle on.

MOSQUERUE'LA, f. f. a kind of fweet-scented pear.

MOSQUE'TA, f. m. a musk-flower, a rofe.

Mosquetada claveillna, a musk gilli-

MOSQUETA'ZO, f. m. a mufquetshor.

MOSQUE'TE, f. m. a musquet, a match-lock.

MOSQUETERIA, f. f. the body of musqueteers.

MOSQUETERI'L, adj. belonging to the musquereers.

MOSQUETE'RO, f. m. a mufqueteer.

Mosquetero, he who stands in the pir for want of a fear.

MOSQUITE'RO, f, m, a cove- MO'TA, f, f, a more, a little suff,

ring for a bed made of fome thin stuff to keep off the gnats.

MOSQUITO, f. m. a gnat.

MOSTA, f. f. vide ALMOSTA. MOSTA'CHO, f. m. whifker, the beard grown long on the upper lip. MOSTACHO'N, f. m. a fort of diet-bread.

MOSTACHO'SO, adj. adorned with mustachoes or wiskers.

MOSTA'JO, f. m. little tree like a laurel.

MOSTA'ZA, f. f. mustard; also a very small kind of shot.

Hacer la mostaza, among boys, to fight till the blood runs out of their nose.

Subirse la mostáza à las narices, to fall in a great fury.

MOSTA'ZO, f. m. the mustardseed plant.

MOSTEA'R, ♥. n. to distil, to make new wine.

MOSTE'LA, f. f. a bundle of vine-twigs.

MOSTELE'RA, f. f. the place where the bundles of wine-twigs are put..

MOSTILLO, f. m. a fort of cake made with must and spice.

MO'STO, f. m. must, new wine. Mosto torcide, new wine from the press when hard squeezed.

Mofto de tintin, wine that runs from the grapes with light pressing. MOSTRA'BLE, adj. that may be

fhewn.

MOSTRADO'R, f. m. a counter of a shop; the hand of a clock; one that shows.

MOSTRA'NZA, f. f. obf. vide MUESTRA.

MOSTRA'R, \forall . 2. to flow.

Mostrarse, v. r. to show one's self. MOSTRE'NCO f. m. a stray., any beaft that is strayed, which, if no owner appears in a year after crying, falls to the king or the ford of the manor; they give this name to a man that has no certain place of abode. It is also a missinapen man, beast, or other ching.

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fuch as they pick out of cloth, MOTACILA, f. f. the bird called a water-wagtail.

MOTA'R, v. a. in cant, to ste al. MOTAZE'N, f. m. the clerk of the market, who is to see that none but good provisions be fold; alfo an officer to fee the streets be kept clean.

MO'TE, f. m. a metto; also refletion.

MOTEA'R, v. a. to spot with various colours.

MOTEJADO'R, f. m. one that jeers scoffs, or reflects upon ano-

MOTEJA'R, v. a. to jeer, scoff, to reflect upon.

MOTE'TE, f. m. a moter, a fong made for the church upon some hymn or anthem.

MOTILA'R, v. a. to shear, to poll, to crop the hair.

MOTILO'N, f. m. a lay-brother of a religious order.

MOTIN, f. m. mutiny, uproar, infurrection.

MOTIVA'R, v. a. to give occasion, or to be a motive of doing any thing.

MOTIVO, f. m. motive, end, design.

MOTOLI'TA, f. f. vide AGU-ZANIE'VE.

MOTOLITO, adj. easy to be deceived or beguiled.

MOTONES, f. m. pl. the pullies in a ship, in which all the ropes do run.

MOTO'R, f. m. a mover. MOTRIL, f. m. vide MOCHIL. MOTRIZ, f. f. who moves.

MOTUPROPRIO, f. m. of his own will by his own motion.

MOV

MOVEDIZO, adj. moveable . unflable; also untimely born. MOVEDO'R, f. m. a mover.

MOVEDU'RA, f.f. a mifcarriage, or bringing forth before time; alfo' a moving.

MOVE'R v. a. to move, to flir; also to miscarry.

MOVI'BLE, adj. moveable, that may be moved.

Fiestas movibles, the moveable feasts. that do not fall every year upon the same day of the month. MOVIMIE'NTO, C.m. motion.

MOY

MOYA'NA, If. f. a finall fort of culverin. MOYO, f. m. obf. a bushel. MOYUE'LO, f. m. a middling fort of bread betwikt the best and the

MOZ

MOZA, f. f. a tool used by washerh women to beat linen in washing. MOZALBE'TE, (f.m. a young MOZALBILLO, & man; an old man who affects to be young. MOZALLO'N, f. m. a robuft, firong , young man. MOZARABES, f. m. pl. Chriftians that lived among the Moors after Spain was conquered. Officio amissa mozy arabe, officeandmass celebrated in a particular manner. MOZCO'RRA, f. f a whose. MOZNA'DO, adj. in blasonry, applied to the lion that has neither teeth, tongue, nor claws. MOZO, adj. young; fubftantively used, servant, boy, bachelor. Mόζο, f. m. in cant, a hook. MOZO'N, f. m. augm. a robust young man. MOZUE'LO, adj. quite young.

MU

MU, f. f. an expression used to quiet children; also the lowing of an ox OF COW.

MUG

'MUCE' TA, f. f. a rocket. MUCHA'CHA, f. f. a girl. MUCHACHA'DA, f. f. childhood. MUCHACHEA'R, v. n. to act in a childish or boyish manner. MUCHACHERIA, f.f. boyishness. MUCHACHE'Z, f. f. childhood. MUCHA'CHO, f, m. a boy.

MUCHEDU MBRE, f. f. a multitude a great number. MU CHO, adj, much.

MUE

MUCILA'GO, f. m. a kind of vifcous liquor made by apothecaries.

MUD

MUDA, f. f. the moulting of birds. Múda, f. f. an ointment used to beautify women's faces.

Muda, f. f. the action of moving. MUDA'BLE, adj. mutable, chan-

MUDABLEME'NTE . adv. changeably.

MUDA'DO, adj. removed from one house to another.

MUDAME'NTE, adv. filently, fecretly.

MUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. change, removal from one house to another. MUDA'NZA, f. f. change; a particular step or motion in dancing. MUDA'R, v. a. to change. Mudárse, v. r. to remove house. MUDE'Z, f. f. dumbness. MUDO, adj. dumb.

MUB

MUE', f. m. vide MUE'R. MUE'BLE, adj. moveable.

Muebles, f. m. pl. g oods moveables. Prov. Al mueble fin raiz, presto se le quiébra la cerviz, a moveable Vithout a root foon breaks its neck; that is, money or goods, without an estate real, or some way to improve them, are not lasting. MUE'CA f. f. a fcoff.

MUE'LA, f. f. a mill-ftone, a grind-

Musia, one of the teeth called the grinders.

Muéla cordál, an eye-tooth. Muéla de máno, a hand-mill. Muélas de gállo, cocks grinders. So they call a man that has no

Prov. A quién duela la muela , que la éche fuéra, let him that has the tooth ach pull it out; that is, let every man bear the inconveniencies which are for his own advantage.

Prov. Entre dos muélas moldres núnca métas tus pulgáres, never put your thumbs betwirt two grinders.

Prov. Pedir muelas al gollo, to askthe cock for teeth. MUE'LLE, adj. foft.

Muelle, fom. a mole built in the fea to make a harbour, or defend it from being choaked up by the fand, or to secure ir from any

particular wind.

Muélle, s. m. is also that little iron in a lock which falls upon the bolt and holds it fast, either shut or open, but rifes when the key turns to let the bolt flip forwards or backwards; it is called the ketch of the fpring.

MUELLEME'NTE, adv. foftly. MUE'R, f. m. a kind of filken stuff so called.

MUERDA'GO, f. m. a green shrub called misleroe.

MUE'RMO, f. m. a cold in any beaft, which makes them breathe hard and fnort; the fnuffing and fnorting of a dog.

MUERMO'SO, adj. troubled with a cold, fauffling or faorting. MUE'RTE, f. f. death; murder.

Prov. A la muerte no hay cosa fuérte, nothing is strong against death; no remedy against death.

Prov. Quién da là que tiéne antes de la muérie, meréce que le des con un mázo en la frénte, he who gives away what he has before his death, deserves to be knocked on the head with a mallet,

Prov. Mas vále dexár en la muérte al enemigo, que pedir en la vida al amigo, it is better at one's death to leave an enemy, than in one's life to ask of a friend.

MUE'RTO, p. p. of morir. Muleto, f. m. dead man.

MUE'SCA, f. f. notch, a dent. MUE'SSO, f. m. the bit that is put thto the horfe's mouth.

Mueffo, f. m. vulgar. What is our QWD.

MUE'STRA, f. f. show, muster of soldiers; pattern; rough draught, the dial-plate of a watch.

Perro de muestra, blood-hound; a sep ting-dog.

MUF

MUFLA, f. f. a concave thing like half a bowl, which ferves to cover the refiner's furnace, having a hollow tunnel or neck to it, through which the crucibles are pur down into the furnace to estay filver or gold.

MUFLI'R, v. a. in cant, to eat.

MUG

MUGA, f. f. (the same as MO-HO'N) a boundary, a limit. MUGE'R, f. f. a woman, a wife.

Mugér de su cása, a housewise.

Mugér dé gústo, a lady of pleasure. Mugér de púnio, a woman that stands. upon her honour.

MUGERCILLA, f. f. a little woman; commonly used in an ill sense for an ill woman.

'MUGERIE'GAS, adv. as, Cabalgar a mugeriegas, to ride fideways_like a woman.

MUGERIE'GO, adj. womanish, belonging to a woman; always among women; substantively used, the women of a place.

MUGERI'L, adj. womanish; belonging to a woman.

Hombre mugeril, an effeminate man. MUGERILME'NTE, adv. womanishly.

MUGI'DO, f. m. the lowing of an ox, sow, &c.

MUGI'L, f. m. a fish called a mullet.
MUGI'R, v. n. to low like a cow.
MU'GRE, f. f. greafiness, maffiness,
MUGRIE'NTO, adj. greafy, nafty.
MUGRO'N, f. m. a shoet or sprout
of a vine.

MUHA'RRA, f. f. the point of any iron thing, and in particular the extremity or point of the flandard which the enfign bears.

MUI

MUT, a particle joined to a possessive noun wich makes it a superlative; as, Mui grande, very big.

MUL

KULA, f. f. a she-mule; also a

fort of country shoes with thick foles.

Mála de madéra, a wooden carriage for a gun, or the like.

MULADA'R, f. m. a dunghill.

Prov. Oyó cantar, y no fábe en que muladar, he heard crowing, and knows not on whose dunghill. Said to men that have a confused notion of things heard something, but know no where, or from whom.

MULA'R, adj. belonging to a mule.

MULA'TA, f. f. the daughter of a black and a white.

MULATE'RO, f. m. a muletier. MULA'TO, f. m. a mulatto, the fon of a black and a white.

MULE'RO; f. m. the fervant who takes cate of the mules.

MULE'TA, f. f. a crutch for a lame person; also a little mule; also a support to any thing.

Tentr multias, to be old.

MULE'TADA, f. f. a herd of mules.

MULE'TO, f. m. a little he-mule, a mule-colt.

Cerrado como muléto, fo they call a miser; also a very silent person.

MULL'ILA, s. f. a sixtle mule.

Mullia, f. f. a fort of shoes with thick foles and of a red colour.

MU'LLA' f. f. a digging or turning up the vineyards.

MULLIDO'R, f. m. the person who digs the vineyards.

MULLI'R, v. a. to make fost.

Mullir la tierra, to turn up the earth that it-may lie light and foft.

Mullir la cdma, to beat a bed to make it foft.

MULO, f. m. a mule.

Prov. Milo cojo y kljo bobo lo fisfre todo, a lame mule, and a foolish fon endure any thing; they are not so vicious and unlucky as those that are not so.

MULTA, f. f. a mulci, a fine.
MULTA'R, v. a. to fine; tos amerce
MULTIFO'RME; adj. that as many
faapes or forms.

MULTILATERO, adj. that has many fides.

MULTIPLICABLE, adj, that can be multiplied.

MULTIPLICACIO'N, f. f. multiplication.

MULTIPLICADO'R, f. m. who multiplies.

MULTIPLICA'R, v. a. to multiply.

MULTIPLICE, adj. manifold.

MULTIPLICIDA'D, f. f. multiplicity.

MULTIPLICO, f. m. the effects of multiplying.
MULTITUD, f. f. multitude.

MUM

MUNDANA'L, adj. of, or below-

MUNDA'NO, (adj. worldly,

MUNDIFICA'R, v. a. to cleanfe.
MUNDIFICATIVO, adj. clean-

fing, abstergling.

MUNDILLO, f. m. a kind of waggen used to warm a bed.

MUNDI'NOVI, f. m. a box MUNDINUE'VO, carried about by Savoyards with a shew of many representations in it.

MUN'DO, f. m. the world.

Un mando de gênte, a world of people, a great number.

Echarfe al mundo, to appear in the a world, to make a figure in it, to be very fine.

Dixir el mundo, to leave the word, to betake one selfto a religious life. Echar del múndo, to persecute a man so that he cannot live in the world. Nativo Mándo, the New World, commonly meant of America.

Prov. Tras esteminado véndrá otre, after this world, another will come; that is, the times will change.

Prov. Estemundo es gólfo recóndo y quién no sabé nacár vase a le hóndo, this world is a round sea or gulph, and he that cannot swim, goes to the bottom; that is, the world is difficult to sive in, and if a man has nos skill and art, he sinks on is loss.

MUNICIO'N, f. f. ammunicion, Municiónes de bocs, all forts of victuals,

Municiones de guerra, all forts of arms offentive and defendive.

Munición, the charge of a gun. De munición, adv. hastily.

MUNICIONA'R, v. a. to provide, to flock with ammunition.

MUNICIPA'L, adj. municipal, concerning the freedoms, franchifes, or liberties.

MUNI'CIPE, f. m. one of the town whose inhabitants are free, and has a right to the privileges and offices here.

MUNICIPIO, f. m. any city or town corporate, that has fome privileges and liberties.

MUNIFICE'NCIA, f. f. munificence, generofity.

MUNIFICO, adj. liberal, generous, munificent.

MUNITO'RIA, f. f. the art of forzifying a place.

MUB

'MUnECA; f f. a doll for children to play with.

Muñeca de la mano, the hand-wrift. Meneár las muñécas, to be hard at work.

MUñE'CO, f, m. a little figure with a man's snape; also a beau, a sparkish man, or a snort-bodied

MUnEQUEA'R, v. n. to play the wrist, as in fencing.

MUnEQUE'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells dolls.

'MUREQUE'RA, f. f. any ornament put on the wrift,

MUñEQUERI'A, f, f. a studied affectation in drefs.

MUNIDO'R, f. m. the beadle of a company.

'MUñ!'R, v. 2. to warn an affembly.
'MUñO'NES, f. m. pl. the brawny
part of a man's arm next to the
'grift; also the trunnions of a gun.

MUQ

MUQUICIO'N, f. f. in cant, a dinner.

MUQUI'R, v. a. in cant; to dine, to eat.

MUR

MUR f. m. a mouse.

Prov. Etmie que 'no sabe mas de un horddo presto la côge e dto, the cat sooneatches a mouse that knows but one hole. Men that have but one shistare soon lest in the lurch. MURADA'L, s. m. vide MULA'-DAR.

MURAL, adj. one term, belonging to a wall.

MURA'LLA, f. f. a folid great wall, as that of a town caffle, or the like; a common wall is pared.

MURAR, v. a. to wall in, to build walls about a place.

MURCEO, f. m. in cant, ba-

MURCIA'R, v. a. in cant, to fical.

MURCIE'GALO,

f. m. a bat,

MURCIE'LAGO,

a rete
MURCEQUILLO,

MURCIGALLE'RO,

in cant, an

MURCIGALLE'RO, in cant, an MURCIGLE'RO, housebre-

MURCIO f. m. in cant, a thief.

MURECILLO, f. m. a finew, a

muscle; also a little wall.

MURE'NA, f. f. a fea - fish like an cel.

MU'RICE, f. m. a Shell-fish so called.

MURMUGEA'R, v. n. to mutter, to speak low.

MURMU'LLO, f. m. murmur, - noife.

MURMURACIO'N, f. f. murmuring, railing at others.

MURMURADO'R, f. m. the perfon who rails at, or censures another.

MURMURA'R, v. n. to murmur, to censure, to find fault with.

MURMU'RIO, f. m. vid. MUR-MU'LLO.

MURO, f. m. a wall, always taken for a great wall; fight walls being called parades figuratively, a shield.

MU'RRIA, f. f. a fort of hypochondriac humour, a heaviness in the head.

MURRIO, adj. melancholy, heavy, dull.

MURTA, f. f. myrtle; in cant, an olive.

MURTO'NES, f. m. pl. the fruit of the myrtle,

MUS

MUSA, f. f. a muse.

Entender la musa a uno, to discover the malice of one.

MUSARARA, f. f. a venemous finall creature shaped between a mouse and a spider, very dangerous to cattle, and called a shrew.

Musaránas, pl. are also strange things people fancy they see in the air.

MUSCICAPA, f. f. a bird who lives upon flies.

MUSCO, f. m. 2 little creature like a mouse, whose skin smells like musk.

Músco, f. m. moss which grows upon trees, walls, rocks by the sea side, and the brink of rivers.

MUSCULO, f. m. a muscle in the body.

MUSCULO'SO, adj. of, or beloaging to muscles.

MUSE'O, f. m. the place dedicated to learning a fludy, a library.

MUSERO'LA, f. f. a muzzle for a horse, dog, or other beaft.

MUSGA'#O, f. m. a fmall kind of mice who live in the fields; also a shortlegged and blak spider.

MUSGO, f. m. the moss of trees.

Músgo, f. m. a fort of motion of
the snout and ears made by unlucky beasts when they design
mischief.

MU'SICA, f. f. mufick.

Música de técla, all forts of musick played by the fingers striking the claves or keys, as organs, harpsichords, &c.

Música elementar, elementary mugick, teaches to know the quality and quantity of notes.

Musica lynthdica, fyntactical musick, treats of founds, concords, and discords, and of every thing ferving for the producing of harmony.

MUSICAL, adj. one term. musical belonging to musick.

MUSICO

MUSICO, f. m. a musician.

Músico, adj. of, or belonging to
musick.

MUSLI'LLO, f. m. a little thigh.

MUSMO'N, f. m. an animal generated by a sheep and a she goat.

MUSSITA'R, v. n. to mutter between one's teeth.

MUSTE'LA, f. f. a fea-lamprey.

MUSTIAME'NTE, adv. peevishly doggedly, angrily.

MUSTIO, adv. peevish, out of

MUS

MUT

MUTABILIDA'D, f. f. mutability.
MUTACION, f. f. change.
MUTILACION, f. f. cutting off,
difmembering.

MUTILA'R, v. a. to difmember, to cut off.

MUTUA'L, adj. mutual.

MUTUAME'NTE, adv. mutually.

MU'TUO, adj. mutual.

MYR

MYRABOLA'NOS, f m. pl. a kind of plums.

MYRRHA, f. f. myrrh.

MYRRHADO, adj. that belongs to, or is mixed with myrrh.

MYRTO, f. m. a myrtle-tree.

MYS

MYSTE'RIO, f. m. a mystery.

MYSTERIO SAME'N TE, ad my flerioufly.

MYSTERIO'SO, adj. mysterious sobscure.

MYSTICA, f. f. the rule that teaches us to contemplate the divine perfections.

MYSTICAME'NTE, f. f. mystically, obscurely.

MYSTICO, adj. hidden, myffical.

MYSTICON, f. m. one who affects
fanctity, an hypocrite.

MYT

MYTHOLOGI'A, f. f. mythology an explication of fables. MYTHOLO'GICO, adj. that belongs to mythology,

N

N A C

N. The fourteeath letter of the Spanish alphabeth. It is pronounced as in English, but when there is a little matk upon it as (\$\vec{n}\phi\$, then it is pronounced as the two letters gain French, in the words Elpagne, cocagne, &c.

NABA, f. f. a turnip.

NA'BAL, f. m. a field of turnips.

NA'BAL, adj. belonging to a turnip.

NABA'R f. m. a turnip-field.

NABA'TO f. m. in cont. the

NABA'TO, f. m. in cant the back-bone.

NABERI'A, f. f. many turnips together, also stewed turnips.

NABI'LLO, f. m. a little turnip.

NABI'NA, f. f. turnip-feed.

NABIZA, f. f. a little turnip that is growing with a large one.

NABLA, f. f. a pfaltery, a mufical inftrument with firings, played on with both hands. NABO, f. m. a turnip.

NAC

'NA'CAR, f. m. mother of pearl.
NA'CARA f. f. a fea-cockle.
NACARA'DO, adj. of the colour

of mother of pearl.

NACARDINA, f. f. an electary
fupposed good to ftrengthen the

memory.

NACE'LA, f. f. a finall skiff, or boat. In architecture, a finall round with a square to it at the bostom of the capital of a pillar,

NACE'NCIA, f. f. obf. vide NA-CIMIENTO.

NACE'R, v. n. to be born, to fpring up, to fprout out.

Nacer, to rife, faid of the fun.

Prov. No con quién náces, fino con quién páces, mind not whom you were born with, but with whom you feed; that is, those are the best kindred who maintain you; or, that is your best country where you ger your pread.

Prov. Defnudo naci defnudo me Aalle, ni pierdo ni gano, naked I

was been , and maked I am ; I am neither winner nor lofer. A comfort to be conteated in affictions. NACL'DO, adj. born, fprung up, fprouted-out.

Prov. Aun no esnacido y ya eftornuda! he is not born yet, and does he fneeze already! applied to those who fret and vex for things they only conceit, or rejoice at their own fancies.

NACIMIE'NTO, f. m. birth, fpringing up, fprouting out.

NACIO'N, f.f. nation, birth, nativity, foringing out.

Ciégo de natión, blind from his birth. NACIONA'I, adj. national, belonging to a nation.

NACIONALIDAD, f. f. the properties of a nation.

NACIONALME'NTE, adv. nationally.

NAD

NA'DA, f. f. nothing, no, not.
Cômo quiên no dice nada, a phrase
used to exaggerate any thing.
Un no nada, as much nothing,
next to nothing.

Prov. De la máta te guárda, y de la buéna no fles náda, take heed of a bad woman, and never trust a good one.

Prov. A quien no tiene nada, nada le espanta, he that has nothing, is frighted at nothing.

NADADE'RAS, f. f. pl. corks or bladders to learn to fwim with. NADADE'RO, f. m. a fwimming-place.

NADADO'R, f. m. a fwimmer.

NADADU'RA, f. f. a fwimming.

NADA'L, f. m. the Nativity of Christ.

NADA'R, v. to fwim.

Nadár a fomorgájo, to dive under watter.

Nadár, nadár, y a ta orilla abogár, to fwim well, and be drowned at the shore; to work through the greatest difficulties, and fail in the conclusion of any business.

NADERIA, f. f. a trifle. NA'DIE, f. m. no body.

Prov. Quien whe bien a nadio ha menefile, he that lives well, stands in need of no body.

Prov. No diga nidie a nide buñotéro, let no man call another fritter-maker; that is, let no man give another an ill name, for he knows not what may be faid of him.

Prov. Nádie dlga defla água no beberé, let no man fay, I will not drink of this water; that is, tet no man fay, he will not do this or that, for no man knows what he may come to.

NADIR, f. m. the point in the heavens opposite to the zenith, being that which is perpendicularly under our feet.

NA'DO, adj. obf. (for neddo) born.

A nado, adv. swimming.
NAFA, s. f. orange-flower water.

N A G

NA'GUAS, f. f. a petricoat whith a long train. NAGUE'LA, f. f. a poor thatched cottage.

NAI

NAPE, f. m. a coarse unpolished diamond.

NAPES, f. m. pl. playing cards

NAPPES, f. m. pl. playing caro-NAPRE, f. m. the person who takes care of, and seaches the elephants.

NAL

NATGA, f. f. a buttock.

Nálga de tozino, f. f. a gammos

of bacon.

NALGA'DA, f. f. a blow on the buttocks, a thrust with the buttocks; also the slesh about the buttocks.

NAIGATO'RIO, f. m. the hinder part of the thigh.

NALGU'DO, adj. that has great buttocks.

NALGUEA'R, v. n. to beat the buttocks.

NAN

NANTA'R, v. n. obs. to angment, to increase.

N A O

NA'O, f. f. a ship.
Cárga la não tratfro, fi quiéres que
à de la rela, load your ship
aft, if you would have her fail
well.
NAO'CHERO, f. m. ohf. a failor

NAO'CHERO, f. m. obf. a failor or mafter of a ship.

NAP

NA'PAS, f. f. pl. in cane, the buttocks.

NAPE'AS, f. f. nymphs of the woods.

NAPE'LO, f. m. vide ANA-PE'LO.

NAPHTA, f. f. the naphtha, a mineral fluid.

NAQ

NAQUERACO'ZA', f. f. 2 fort of fong or dance, very ancient.

N A R

NARA'NJA, f. f. an orange.
NARANJA'DA, f. f. a conferve
made with oranges.
NARANJA'DO, adj. orange-colour.

NARANJA'L, f. m. an orangegarden.

NARANJE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to an orange; f. m. he who fells oranges.

NARANJA'ZO, f. m. a blow with an orange.

NARANJI'LLA, f. f. a little orange.

NARA'NJO; f. m. an orange-tree, NARCI'SSO; f. m. the daffodilflower; also a beau.

MARCO'TICO; adj. that quiets, causes reft, stupisies, and makes fenseless.

NARDINO, adj. made of spikenard and other ingredients.
NA'RDO, s. m. spikenard.

Nárdo rustico, the herb fole-foot.

NA'RES, f. f. the nostrils.

NARICES, f. f. pl. the noftrils, called also Las ventanas de las narices.

NARICI'SSIMO, adj. fuperl, that has a very great noise.

NARIGA'L, f. m. the noise.

NARIGA'L, f. m. the nofe.

NARIGA'NTE, adj. that has a great nofe.

NARIGO'N, f. m. a great nofe, NARIGU'DO, adj. that has a great long nofe,

NARIGUE'TA, f. f. f. a little NARIGUI'LLA, short nofe. NARI'Z, f. f. the nofe.

Narie sima, a nose that has the bridge fallen.

Nark roma, a flat note with the end turning up.

Narte de puente, the sharp point of the piles of a bridge, which cuts the water.

Hacerse las narizes, to break one's noie.

Suhirse el humo de la mostága a las narizes, to take pet, to be angry, or as we say;, to take sunst.

Prov. Tapár la nariz y comer la perdiz, stop your nose, and est the partridge; that his, a partridge must be kept till it smells strong?

NARIZADO, adj. that has a great long nose.

NARRACION, f. f. a marration a-relation.

NARRA'R, v. a. to tell, to recount, to-relate.

NARRATIVA, f. f. narrative, relation.

NARRATI'VO, adj. that belongs to a narration.

NA'RRIA, f. f. a rake to rake the ground.

Nárria, f. f. a fleuge drawn by horfes without wheels.

NARVAL, f. m. a fea unicorn.

N A S

NASO, f. m. the nofe: Burlefque; NASSA, f. f. a bow-net, or wicker-wheel, to catch fish in; also a pannier or basket to carry corn in:

NASSO'N., f. m. an augment, of NASSA,

NASTURCIO, f. m. a kind of gardencresses.

Nastúrcio montez, wild cresses.

NAT

NATA; f. f. cream.

Notas, pl. cuffard, milk thickened with yolks of eggs and a little flour, and sweetened with sugar; some add orange flower water.

NATA'L, f. m. the birth or nati-

Natál, adj. belonging to the birthday.

NATALICIO, adj. that belongs to the birth-day.

NATA'TIL, adj. that fwims or floats on the water.

NATERO'N, f. m. cream-chee-

Nateron , f. m. curds.

NATILLAS, dim. of vid. NA'-TAS.

NATI'O, adj. native, natural. NATIVIDA'D, f. f. nativity, birth; used only in expressing of festiwals; as to Natividad de Nuestra Señora, the nativity of our Lady.

A nativitate, adv. from the day that one was born,

NATIVO, adj. native.

NA'TURA', f. f. nature; the privy parts of a woman.

NATURA'L, f. m. the natural disposition or inclination.

Naturát, adj. natural.

Natural de tal parte, born in such

Hijo natural, a natural fon, a baf-tard.

Prov. Por mas que defmienta câda quâl, fiémpré vuéls e al naturâl, let a man diffemble never so much, nature will always. prevail.

NATURALE'ZA, f. f. nature; also a man's naturnal disposition, and his native country.; NATURALIDA'D, f. f. a naturalization.

NATURALISTA, f. m. a naturalift, or who featches into the nature of things.

NATURALIZACION, f. f. g. naturalization.

NATURALIZA'R, ▼. a. to natu-

Naturalizarfe, v. r. to accustom one-felf to any thing.

NATURALME'NTE, adv. naturally:

LII 2

N A. U

f. m. a pilot or NAUCHE'L. mafter of a NAUCLE'RO .

NAUFRAGA'R, v. a. to be ship-

NAUFRA'GIO, f. m. a ship wreck.

NA'UFRAGO, adj. ship wrecked. NAUMA'CHIA, s. f. a sea-fight. 'NA'USEA; f. f. loathing of meat. WAUSEA'R, v. 2. to loath, to nauseate.

NA'UTA, f. m. a failor. NAUTICA, f. f. navigation. NA'UTICO, adj. belonging to a failor or navigation.

N A V

NAVA, f. f. a plain. NAVA'JA, f. f. a razot. Nevajas del puérco, a boar's tusks. DAVAIA'DA, f. f. a cut with a

razor. NAVAJE'RO, f. m. the case for razors; also a rag to clean the razor in shaving.

f. f. a little 'NAVAJI'LLA, NAVAJUE'LA, razor.

NAVA'JO, f. m. a pice of flat ground where the rain gathers. NAVAJO'N, f. m. a fort of dagger shaped like a razor.

NAVA'L, adj. naval, belonging to ships.

Betálla navál, a sea-fight.

NAVA'RRO, f. m. in cant, a young goofe.

NAVA'ZO, f. m. a piece of fla? ground where the rain gathers. NA'VE, f. f. a ship.

Nave tafuréa, a ferry-boat, a ship for transporting horses.

Nave de iglésia, the isle of a church. 7 f. f. a fmall NAVECICA, NAVECILLA, ship; a small NAVECITA, isle of a, church.

NAVEGA'BLE, adj. navigable, that may be failed in.

NAVEGACIO'N, f. f. navigation failing.

NAVEGADOR, (f. m. a fai-NAVEGA'NTE, lor.

NAVEGA'R, v. n. to fail. Navegár con póco páño, to make little fail.

Navegar con viente en popa, to fail before the wind.

NAVE'TA, f. f. a little ship; alfo a drawer in a cabinet, or the like; as also a vessel the frankincense is carried in for the cenfor in the church, commonly made in the shape of a boat.

NAVICHUE'LO, f. m. a little ship.

NAVIDA'D, f. f. Chriftmas, the Nativity of Christ.

NAVIDE'nO, adj. what is belonging to the birth or nativity. NAVIO, f. m in cant, the body. Navlo, f. m. a ship.

Navio planudo, a flat-bottom vessel. Navlo de altó bórdo, a three-deckeu

Navio de pozo, a two-decked ship Navlo latino, a ship that has triangular or shoulder-of-mutton fails. Navlo de dos ródas, a ship that has the head and the stern alike. Navio ráso, a ship that has low sides.

Navio de guérra, a man of war. Navlo mercante or mercantil, a merchant ship.

Navlo mai mareado, a ship that is foul.

Navle veléro, a ship that is a good failer.

Navio de gábia, a ship that has a round top at the mast.

Prov. Quién no tuviére que hacer arme na d tome muger, he that has no thing to do, may fit out a ship or a take a wife; that is, either a ship or a wife will find a man work enough. NA'VO, f. m. vide NABO.

NAY

NAYADES. f. f. the nymphs of the springs and rivers.

N A Z

NAZARE'NO, adj. of Nazareth, Nazarene, a fort of people among the Jews.

NAZARE'O, adj. idem.

NAZO'RA, f. L. obs. cream. NAZULA, f. f. obf. cheefe.

NEB

NE'BEDA, f. f. the herb nep, or calamint.

NEBLI', f. m. the hawk called a goshawk, the kite.

NEBLINA, f. f. a mift. NEBRI'NA, f. f. the fruit of the

juniper-tree. NEBULO'SO, adj. clowdy mifty

foggy.

NEC

NECEA'R, v. n. to play the tool. NECEDA'D, folly, a foolish faying, or action.

NECESSA'RIA, f. f. a nesettary house, privy.

NECESSARIAME'NTE . necessarily, of necessity.

NECESSIDA'D, f. f. necessity.

Prov. Hacer de la necessidad virtud, to make a virtue of necessity. Prov. La necessidad caréce de ley necessity has no law.

NE ESSITA'R, v. a, to necession rare, to force, to oblige.

NE JAME'NTE, adv. foolishly. NE CIO, f. f. a fool.

Prov. Mas sabe el nécio en su cása, que el cuérdo en la agena, a fool knows more in his own house, than a wife man in another's; that is, every man understands his own business best.

Prov. A cada nécio agrada su porráda, every fool is pleafed with his own blunder.

Prov. Nécies, y porfiados hacen ricos los letrádes, fools and obflinate men make lawhers rich.

Prov. Si el micio no fueffo al mercado, no se venderla lo maio. if the fool did not go to market, what is naught would not be

Prov. Mas vale ser néclo que porfiado, it is better to be thought a fool than to be obstinate.

NE'CTAR, f. m. the liquor the poets feign the gods drink; any pleasant drink

NEF

NE'FA, f. f. a fweet water they fprinkle in the air to fpread a perfume.

NEFANDAME'NTE, adv. heinoufly, abominably, deteftably, unutterably.

NEFA'NDO, adj. heinous, abominable, deteffable, not to be named.

NEFARIAME'NTE, adv. wick-edly, villainously.

NEFA'RIO, adj. wicked, villainous.

NE'FAS, f. m. wickedness, villany.

NEFA'STO, adj. belonging to certain inauspicious days.

N E .G

NEGACIO'N, f. f. a denial. NEGADO'R, f, m. the person who denies.

NEGAMIL'NTO, f. m. a denial.

NEGA'R, v. a. to deny, to refuse.

Negár a piés juntillos, to stand stif-

fly in the negative.

Negarfe, v. r. to excuse one-

NEGATIVA, f. f. negative.

NEGATIVAME'NTE, adv. negatively.

NEGATIVO, adj. negative, fill denying.

NEGLIGE'NCIA, f. f. negli-

gence, carelestness.

NEGLIGE'NTE, adj. negligent,

careless.

NEGLIGENTEME'NTE, adv. negligently, carelefsly.

NEGOCIACIO'N, f. f. negociation, management of business; trade.

. trade. NEGOCIADO'R, f. m. one that

negociates or manages.

NEGOCIA'NTE, f. m. a merchant or dealer.

NEGOCIA'R, v. a. to negociate to do business, to trade.

NEGO'CIO, f. m. affair, business, trade.

Hombre de negocios, a merchant.

NEGOCIO'SO, adj. diligent in doing business.

NEGOZUE'LO, f. m. a little bufinels.

NE'GRA, f. f. a black woman; in east, a kettle.

Cállár cómo nágra en báño, to be as fi lent as a black in a bath.

NEGREA'R, v. n. to grow black, to look black.

NEGRECE'R, v. n. to black, to grow black,

NEGREGUEA'R., v. n. to grow black, or to look blackish, to caft a black.

NEGREGURA, f. f. blackness. NEGKL'TA, f. f. a blackish fort of wild duck.

NEGRILLA, f. f. a kind of black feafish.

NEGRI'LLO, f. m. a little black boy; adject, used blackish.

Negrillo, f. m. a kind of black elm.

NEGRITO, adj. blackish. NE'GRO, adj. black.

Negro, f. m. a black man; in cant, a sharper.

Négra ventura, bad luck.

No fe fi es blanco ni negro, I know not whether he is white or black; that is, I know nothing of him.

Prov. Aunque negros, fomos gente, though we are blacks, we are men. We must not despise any body, though ever so mean.

NEGROMANCI'A, f. f. necromancy, the black art.

NEGROMA'NTICO; f. m. negromancer, a conjurer.

NEGRO'R, f. m. blackness.
NEGRU'RA, f f. blackness.

NEGRUZCO, adj. dun coloured. NEGUIIO'N, f. m. the worm in the teeth, which rots them, and turns them black.

NEGUFILA, f. f. the plant nigilla, or gith; most used for the weed cockle growing amongst corn; also a denial of any fact.

N E M

NE'MA, f. f. the feal upon a letter.

NE'MESIS, f. f. the name of the goddess of punishment.

NE'MINE DISCREPA'NTE, adverbially spoke, signifies unanimity, general consent, when all concur in one opinion.

NEMO'N, f. m. the gnomon of a fundial, fo corruptly pronounced and written.

NEMORO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to a wood.

NEN

NE'NE, f. m. a little infant, a childish word.

NENUFA'R, f. m. the water lily.

NEO

NEOME'NIA, f. f. the feftival of the Jews at the beginning of every month.

NEC'PHYTO, f. m a neophyte a new convert.

NEP

NE'PHRITICO, adj. a physical term, signifying the pain of the flone in the kidney, or gravel; also a kind of jasper stone.

NEPOTE, f. m. a nephew, the fun of a brother or a fifter, principally used to mean a relation to the pope when his minister of flate.

NEQ

NEQUA'QUAM, adv. by no means, in no manner.

NER

NERE'IDS, f. f. fea-nymphs, NER'VECI'CO, f. m. a little finew.

NERVIA'R, v. a. to bind by firings, nerves, or finews. •
NERVI'NO, adj. made of finews.
NE'RVIO, f. m. finew, nerve.
NERVIOSIDA'D, f. f. fulnefa

or firength of finews.

NERVIOSO, adj. vide NERVOSO.

NERVOSAME'NTE, adv. with efficacy, vigoroully, effectually, with activity.

NERVOSIDAD, f. f. v. NER-VIOSIDAD, ľ

NERVO'SO, adj. full of finews or nerves, finews.

NERVU'DO, adj. full of finews, or that has great finews, finewy.

NES

NESCIE'NCIA, f. f. ignorance, want of knowledge.

NESCIE'NTE, adj. ignorant, not knowing.

NE'SGA, f. f. a gore, as is put into a garment or a woman's fmock.

NE'SPERA, f. f. vide NI'SPE-RO.

N B T

NETEZUE'LO, f. m. a little grandfon; diminutive of nieto.

NE'TO, f. m. the pedeftal of any

column. 1
Néto, adj. neat, clean, pure;
used only by traders to express
so much of a commodity exclu-

five of the tare.

NEU

NE'UMA, f. f. a figure in rhetorick, by which any on expresses himself rather by actions than words.

NEUTRA'L, adj. neuter, of neither fide:

NEUTRALIDA'D, f. f. neutrality.

NEUTRO, adj. neuter, of the neuter gender, that flands neuter,

NEV

NEVA'DA, f. f. a fall of fnow. NEVA'R v. n. to fnow.

NEVASCA, f. f. a fall of fnow. NEVATILLA, f. f. the bird called a wag-tail.

NEVERA, f. f. a fall of frow. NEVERTA, f. f. the place where the ice is fold.

NEVE'RO, f. m. the person who fells the ice.

NEVISCA, f. f. a fall of fnow. NEVO'SO, adj. fnowy, full offnow.

NEX

NE'XO, f. m. a knot, a tying, joining, or binding together.

Néxo, prep. in cant, no.

NI A

NI, prep. neither.
NIA'RA, f. f. a chaff-house.

NIC

NICEROBINO, adj. the appellative of a precious ointment used by the ancients.

NICHO, f. m. a niche, or hollow made in a wall.

NICOCIANA, f. f. the herb to-bacco.

NID

NIDA'DA, f. f. neft-fufl.
NIDA'L, f. m. the neft-egg or
stother things belonging to the
neft.

NIDIFICA'R, v. n. to build nefts.
NIDI'LLO, f. m. a little neft.
NIDO, f. m. a neft. In cant, a
house.

Prov. En los inidos de antáño nó hay páxaros ogáño, there are no birds this year in last year's nests; that is, things are changed the case is altered since last year.

Prov. No hallar nidos donde se piénsa hallar paxaros, all hopes of obtaining the thing, we looked after, are vain and fruitless.

NIE

NIEBLA, f. f. a mist, a fog. Niebla, in cant, the morning. NIEGO, f. m. a term in falconry; a young hawk newly taken out of the airy; a brancher.

NIE'L, f. m. plate chafed or engraven; any turned or embofied work.

NIELA'R, v. a to froft, or make froft-work on metal.

NIE'RVECITO, f. m. dimin. 2

NIE'SPER, f. f. vid. NI'SPERO. NIE'TA, f. f. a grandaughter. 7 f. f. a little NIETECI'CA, NIETECILLA, grandaugh-NIBTECITA., NIETECICO. f. m. a little NIETECILLO, grandfon. NIETECITO, 5 NIE'TO, f. m. a grandfon. Vino nitto, the third preffing of the grape.. NIE'TRO, f. m. a measure of liquids. NIE'VE, f. f. fnow.

NIG

NIGROMANCIA, f. f. necromancy; the art of revealing future events by communication with the dead.

NIGROMA'NTB, f. m. who'exercises necromancy.

NIGROMA'NTICO, f. m. a necromancer; one who by charmscan converse with the ghosts of the-dead.

NI'GUA, f. f. a fort of small worm.

NIM

NIMIAME'NTE, adv. too much.
NIMIEDA'D, f. f. excefs.
NI'MIO, adj. too much, fuperfluous.

NIN

NIN, conj. obf. for nt.

NINGU'N, adj. none, no

NINGU'NO, body.

NININA'NA, f. f. any foolish

unmeaning thing; hum, the humming of a tune.

N I B

NIñA, f. f. a little girl, a female infant. Niña del 6jo, the fight of the eye.

NIĀA'DO, f. f. a childish action. NIĀA'TO, f. m. a calf taken out of the bolly of the cow.

NIREA'R, v. n: to play the child.
NIRERI'A; f. f. a childish thing,
a trifle.

NIERO, f. m. he shat is fond of

children, or that delights in puerilities.

NIRE'TA, f. f. a little girel, or the fight of the eye.

NInTTA, (f. f. a little infant, NInTTO, a little girl.

NIā'ICO, f. m. a little male
NIāI'TO, infant, a little
boy.

NIEZ, f. f. infancy, childhood. NIEO, f. m. an infant, a male child.

Nino de la piédra, a foundling, a child that has been exposed by its parents.

NIO

NIO'TO, f. m. the dog fish.]

NIP

NIPOS, f. m. pl. in cant, money.

NIQ

NIQUISCO'CIO, f. m. a trifle, a ufeles thing.

NIS

NISPE'RO, f. m. a mediar, or a mediar tree.

NIT

NI'TIDO, adj. clear, neat, shining.

NITOS, f. m. pl. 2 word used when one asks what do you eat: the other answers, nitos; as if he was eating something, so-called, which word havinh no meaning, makes the questioner understand that he is not to know it.

NITRAIL, f. m. the place where nitre is dug out.

NITRERIA, f. f. the place where the nitre is found.

NITRO, f. m. nirre, fak-petre. NITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to nitre.

INIV

NIVE'L, f. m. a carpenter's level to lay his work level by.

NIVELAR, v. a. to level.

N O

," NOadv. no.

No ndda, nothing, next to nothing.

No sino, an expression denoting a furery or certainty of the thing treated of.

No folo, not only.

N O B

NOBILIA'RIO, f. m. the book in which all the noblemen's titles and privileges are written.

NOBILI'SSIMO, adj. very noble, very famous.

NO'BLE, adj. noble.

NOBLECE'R, v. a. obf. to make noble, to grow noble.

NOBLEME'NTE, adv. nobly.

NOBLE'ZA, f. f. nobility.

'N O C

NOCHARNIE'GO, sdj. v. NOC-TURNO.

NO'CHE, f. m. night; in cant, the fentence of death.

Boca de noche, night-fall.

Noche buéna, Christmas night; that is, the night between the eve

and Christmas-day.
Noche buéna, a rich çake, such as they make to eat on Christmas-night.

Prima noche, the close of the evening.

Media noche, midnight.

Noche Toledana, a Toledo night;
a night when a man cannot fleep
a wink.

Hactr noche una cosa, to hide a thing, that it cannot be seen.

Hacer noche en un lugar, to pass
the night in a place.

Quedarse a buenas nothes, to be lefe in the dark; to be disappointed. La noche es capa de pecadores, night is a clock for finners; it hides ill actions.

Prov. Do noche todos los gátos fon párdos, at night all cats are grey. NOCHLE'LO, adj. an in dyed black colour.

NOCHELE and the wild nuts.

NOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a hurt.
NOCIO'N, f. f. notion, idea.
NOCIONAL, adj. belonging to an idea or notion.
NOCIR, v. a. obf. to hurt, to injure.
NOCI'VO, adj. hurtful.
NOCTILU'CA, f. f. a glow-worm.
NOCTIVA'GO, adj. that wanders in the night.
NOCTURNA'L, adj. belonging to night.
NOCTU'RNO, adj. of, or belonging to night.

NOD

NODACIO'N, f. f. knottines. NO,DO, f. m. a knot. NODRI'ZA, f. f. a nurfe.

NOE

NOE'MA, f. f. a figure in factorick, when one thing is meant, and another spoken.

NOG

NOGA'DA, f. f. a fauce made with pounded walnuts, bread, garlick, fak and oil, all incorporated like paste, to est poor Jack with.

NOGA'L, f. m. a walnut-tree.

NOGUE'RA, f. f. a walnut-tree;
not fo much used as nogál, and
more properly an orchard of walnut-trees.

NOGUERA'DO, adj. of a walnut

NOGUERA'I., f. m. the place where the valuetrees grow,

N.OL

NOLICIO'N, f. f. nolition.
NO'LITO, f. m. freight or paffargemoney in a ship or ferry-boar.

NOM

NOMBRADAME'NTE, adv. namely, by name; famously remarkably.

NOMBRADIA, f. f. renowie.
NOMBRADO, adj. famous, m.

NOMBRAMIE'NTO, f. m. & naming.

NGMBRA'R, v. a. to name, to mention.

NOMBRE, f. m. a name; fame, genown. Among foldiers, the word, the parole.

Dar el nombre, to give the watch-

word.

NOMENCIATO'R, f. m. one that knows the name of things or men, and calls them by them.

NOMENCIATURA, f. f. nomenclature.

NOMINA, f. f. 2 catalogue of names of men or things; also a spell or charm in letters or characters.

NOMINACIO'N, f. f. nomination, naming.

NOMINADO'R, f. m. one who nominates or appoints.

NOMINA'L, adj. that belongs to a mame.

NOMINA'R, v. a. to name. NOMINATIVO, f. m. the nomi-

native cafe.

NO'MINO, f. m. the person who is capable of any honourable employment in the republick.

NON

NO'N, for no; also odd, that is an odd thing. Vide NO'NES.

NONA, f. f. the ninth, particularly the hour of none in the divine office, because it was to be faid at three in the afternoon which, according to the reckoning of the ancients, was the ninth hour.

NONA'DA, f. f. that is next to nothing.

NONADI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of NONA'DA.

NO'NES, f. m. pl. odd, a number that is not even, as 3,5,7, 9, &c. in cant, nones is no.

Pares o nones, even or odd.

Andar de nones, to have an employment, office, or calling.

NONAGENARIO, adj. that is ninety years old.

NONAGE'SIMO, adj. ninetieth. NONAGONA'L, adj. belanging to

the number nine. NONA'GONA, f. m. a figure in

gles.

NONNA'TO, adj. applied to thechild cut out of the mother's womþ.

NO'NO, adj. ninth.

NON PLUS UITRA, f. m, the extremity, the utmost pitch, the full extent.

NON OBSTANTE, notwithftan-

NOQ

NO'QUE, f. m. a tan-pit. NOQUE'RO, f. m. a tanner.

NOR

NORABUE'NA, or NORA-MA'LA, for en hora buena, or en hòra mála, in a good or bad hour; dar la nora buéna, to congratulate; also a courteous way of approving or confenting, as when one asks, shall I have, or shall I do this, or the like, the other answers, en hora buena, in a good hour. Dar la noramala, is just the contrary.

NORD, f. m. the north.

NORDE'STE, f. m. north-eaft. NORDESTEA'R, v. n. to vary toward the north-eaft.

NO'RIA , f. f. 2 well.

NORIA'L, adj. bolonging to a well.

NO'RMA, f. f. a rule, a direction, a level.

NORNORDE'STE, f. m. the northnorth-eaft.

NORTE, f. m. the north-ftar.

NORTEAR, v. n. to observe the north for directions of the voyage.

NOS

NOS, pron. we. The stile used by the king speaking of himself. NOSOMA'NTICA, f. f. the art of curing by inchantment. NOSOTRO'S, pron. we.

NOT

NO'TA, f. f. a note, a mark, infamy. NOTA'BLE, adj. notable, remarkable,

geometry confisting of nine an -NOTABLEME'NTE, adv. notably.

NOTACION, f. f. noting, mar-

NOTA'DO, adj. scandalous, infamous.

NOTA'R, v. a. to note, to mark. Notar cartas, to indite letters.

NOTARIA, f. f. the profession or practice of clerkship.

NOTA'RIO, f. m. a notary.

NOTECILLA, f. f. a little note. NO'THO, f. m. a baftard, an illegitimate child.

NOTICIA, f. f. notice; know-

NOTICI'AR, v. s. to give notice, to declare.

NOTICIO'SO, adj. that has 20tice or knowledge; also learned. NOTIFICACIO'N, f. f. a noti-

fication, or making known. NOTIFICAR, v. a. to notify, to make known; also to acquaint, to give intelligence.

NO'TO, adj. noted, known, notorious.

Noto, f. m. the fouth wind.

NOTORIAME'NTE, adv. notorioufly.

NOTORIEDA'D, f. f. notoriouincis.

NOTU'RIO , adj. publickly known, notorious.

NOTURNO; of, or belonging to the night.

NOY

NOVACION, f. f. innovation; a law-word.

NOVA'L, adj. applied to new cultivated ground; and also to the fruit it produces.

NOVA'R, v. a. to renew any contract or obligation.

NOVATO, f. m. fo they call, in the universities the scholar that is but entered.

NOVA'TOR, f. m. the inventor of any new thing or feet.

NOVECIE'NTOS, adj. nine hundred.

NOVEDA'D f. f. govelty. '

NOVE'L, adj. new, without expense

Caballéro nevel, a knight without des

NOVELA

NOVE'LA, f. f. a novel; uncertain or false intelligence.

NOVELADOR, f. m. who writes novels.

NOVELERI'A, & f. a narration of fables or novels.

NOVELE'RO, adj. that likes to hear news; also inconstant, changing; in cant, the servant of a pimp.

NOVE'NO, f. f. a devotion of nine days; also nine days prayers for the dead.

NOVENA'RIO, f. m. idem. NOVE'NO, adj. the ninth. NOVE'NTA, f. m. ninery.! NOVENTE'NO, adj. ninetieth. NOVEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of

NO'VIA, f. f. a bride.

nuevo.

NOVICIA'DO, f. m. novitiate, the time spent in a religious house by way of trial; the house or apartment in a monastery for novices.

NOVI'CIO, f. m. a novice, one that is in his year of trial to be received to a religious life.

NOVICIOTE, f. m. a front novice.

NOVIE'MBRE, f. m. the month of November.

NOVILLA, f. f. a young heifer. NOVILLA'DA, f. f. a drove of he and bullocks.

NOVILLE'JA, f. m. a young heifer.

NOVILLE'RO, f. m. the place where the heifers are put; also heifer-keeper.

Novilléro, a child who runs away. NOVILLO, f. m. a steer, a young ox or bullock; also a cuckold.

Irfe a novillos, faid of any young fellow that is gone as it were to feek his fortune in the world, and returns very foon, as if he had only gone to the next fair to fee a bull-feaft.

NOVILUNIO, f. f. the new-moon.

NO'VIO. f. m. a bridegroom.

NOVI'SSIMOS, f. m. pl. the four last things happen to man; which are such ath, judgment, hell, and heaven.

NOX

NO'XA, f. f. injury, hurt, damage.

NUB

NUBA'DA, f. f. a sudden plash of rain that falls as a cloud is passing.

NUBA'DO, adj. applied in pointing to a reprefentation of clouds; also watered as camblets are.

NUBA'DOS, pl. watered camblets. NUBARRA'DA, f. f. vide NU-BADA.

NUBARRA'DO, adj. vide NU-BADO.

NUBARRO'N, f. m. a large cloud that is separate from the other clouds.

NUBE, f. f. a cloud. It is also a cloud or film in the eye.

Núbe, in cant, a cloak.

NUBECILLA, f. f. a little cloud.

NUBILO'SO; adj. cloudy.

NUBLA'DA, f. f. a sudden great shower of rain that falls as a cloud is passing.

NUBLA'DO, adj. cloudy, overcaft. Nubládo, f. m. a cloud; an impending misfortune. In cant, a cloak.

Nublarfe, v. r. to overcast, to grow cloudy.

NUBLO, adj. cloudy, cloudinefs.
Núblo en el pan, or irigo, a blight in corn.

NUBLO'SO, adj. cloudy.

NUC

NUCA, f. f. the mape of the neck, NUCI'R, v. a. obf. to damage, to hurt, to injure. NUCLEO, f. m. the kernel of a nur, any other fruit.

NUD

NUDAME'NTE, adv. nakedly.
NUDI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of nada:
NU'DO, f. m. a knot; a knotty
question.
Núdo de la máno, a knuckle.

Nudo de la mano, a knuckie.

Nudo ciégo, a blind or intricate
knot that is hard to untie.

Núdos en árboles, knots in trees. NU'DO, adj. naked. NU'DOSO, adj. knotty, full of knots.

NUDRESCEDU'R, f. m. obf. the person who nourishes.

NUDRESCE'R, v. 2. obf. to nourish.
NUDRIME'NTO, f. m. obf. nourishment.

NUDRAR, v. a. obf. to nourish to bring up.

NUE

NUEGA'DOS, f. m. a fweet pafty, made with honey and nuts, or else with almonds, small nuts, pine-apple kernels, and toasted hemp-seed.

NUE'RA, f. f. a daughter-in-law, a fon's wife.

NUE'S, ours. A churlish way of fpeaking.

NUESSO, adj. vide NUESTRO. NUESTRA'MO, for Nuestro as me; our master; in cant, a clerk, or a notary that goes with the alguacites, and writes down the crimes of those that are apprehended.

NUE'STRO, adj. our. NUE'VA, f. f. news.

NUEVAME'NTE, adv. newly lately.

NUE'VE, f. m. nine.

Las nuéve, nine of the clock,

NUE'VO, adj. new.

NUE'Z, f. f. a nut.

Nutt de la garganta, the nut or

knot in the throat.

Nult de ballifla, the nut of the cross-bow.

Nucle de espécia, the well known fpice called sutmeg.

NUE'ZA, f. f. herb briony.

NUG

NUGATO'RIO, adj. vain, trifling, of no force, flight, impertinent, nugatory.

NUL

NULAME'NTE, adv. in no wife, by no means.

NULIDAD, f. f. nullity; also any vice or defect of a person.

Mmm

NULO, adj. none; without force of no account or moment.

NUM

NUME'N, f. f. a deity. NUMERA'BLE, adj. that can be ! numbered. NUMERACION, f. f. numeration, a numbering. NUMERADO'R, f. ca. one who numbers, a numerator. NUMERA'L adj. numeral, be-~ longing to numbers. NUMERAR, v. a. to number, to reckon, to tell. NUMERA'RIO, adj. that is of the number, belonging to the number. NUMERICAME'NTE, adv. mumerically. NUME'RICO, adj. numerical. NUMERO, f. m. a number. NUMEROSAME'NTE, adv. numeroully. NUMEROSIDAD, f. f. numbez, a great number. NUMERO'SO, adj. numerous; affo harmonious.

NUN

NUMULA'RIO, f. m. who traf-

NUMISMA, f. m. money. NUMO, f. m. an ancient coin fo

NUNCA, adv. never.

ficks with money.

called.

NUNCIATU'RA, f. f. the dignity of a nuncio or legate.

NU'NCIO, f. m. the pope's nuncio, equivalent to an ambassaa dor, only distinguished by this name, from those of other princes.

Chia del núncio, an hospital at Toledo for mad people.

NUNCUPATIVO, adj. muh-NUNCUPATO'RIO, cupative, suncupatory, verbally pronounced.

NUP

NUPCIA'I, adj. belonging to a mariage, nuptial.
NUPCIAS, f. f. pl. marriage, wedding.

NUS

NUSCO, adv. with us. Con missio, for con nosétros, with us.

NUT

NÜTRIA, f. f. an other.
NUTRICIO, adj. that affordsnourishment.
NUTRICION, f. f. nutrition,

food.

RUTRIMENTAL, adj. that belongs to nourishment, or that can neurish.

NUTRIME'NTO, f. m. nutriment, nouchfment, NUTRI'R, v. a. to nourish.

NUTRITI'VO, adj. nourishing.

NUTRI'Z, f. f. a wet-nurfe.

NYM

NYMPRA, f. f. a symph; a prenty young lady.

NYMPHO, f. m. an effeminate mas.

. # Y

#AGAZA, f. f. vid. A#AGAZA.

#AQUB, f. m. a heap of rubbish;
any ufelefs things.

#IQUI#AQUE, f. m. a word of
contempt for any trifling thing.

ă O

noclos, f. m. a fort of bifcuits made of flower, fugar, butter, eggs, wine and annife-feed, made in the shape of a walnut.
nonA, adj. old, in the fecond infancy.
norA, f. f. a well,

1 U

NUBLA'DO, adj. obf. cloudy.
 NUBLA'R, v. n. obf. to grow cloudy.
 NUBLO, f. m. obf. v. NUBLO.
 NUDLLO, f. m. a little knot.
 NUDO, f. m. a knot.
 NUDO'SO, adj. full of knom-

O

O, the fourth of the vowels.
O, a particle, or adverb of admiration.

O que hermófa creatura? O what a beautiful creature!

O, a particle of indignation; as,
O rellaco! O thou knave!

O, a particle of defire; as, O fi **Begaffe el ala!** O that the day
**would come!

O, a particle of grief; as, O que gran liftima! O what a pity!
O, a particle of exclamation; as,
O gran Diós! O great God.

O is used ironically; as, O que lindo!
O fine!

O, a conjunction disjunctive; as,
O rico o pobre, either rich or poor

OBC

OBCECA'DO, adj. blinded.

OBD

OBDURACIO'N, f. f. Ambborn-ness, inflexibility.

OBE

OBEDECE'R, v. a. to obey.

OBEDICIMIE'NTO, f. m. obeOBEDIE'NCIA, f. f. di.
ence.

A la obediéncis, a phrase used in taking leave, your most obedient. OBEDIENCIA'L, adj. obedient, that obeys.

OBEDIE'NTE, adj. obedient. OBEDIENTEME'NTE, adv. obediently.

OBEJARUCO, f. m. vide ABE-JERUCO.

OBELISCO, f. m. an obelie't; also a mark or note in a book in the form of a cross.

OBE'LO, f. m. the fame as obe-

OBE'NQUES, f. m. the OBENCARS'RA, f. f. shrouds of a ship.

OBESIDA'D, f. f. merbid, fatness used by physicians,

OBE'SO, adj. obese, loaden with flesh, very fat.

OBI

O'BICE, f. hindrance, impediment obstruction.

OBISPA'DO, f. m. bishoprick, epifcopal dignity.

OBISPA'L, adj. belonging to a hishop.

OBISPALIA, f. f. certain towns belonging to the bishop; also the bishop's palace.

OBISPA'R, v. n. to make a bishop; ironically, to be expofed to public, shame, which is done by riding on an afs, with a paper cap like a mirre on the head, answerable to our certing.
OBISPI'LLO, f. m. a mock bishop made among scholars at their breaking-up, as we shuse a king at Christmas.

Obifpillo de puérco, a great faulage made of farinc's flesh.

Obispillo de áve, the rump of a bird.

OBI'SPO, f. m. a bishop.
Oblifpo de millo, a titular bishop.
O'BITO, f. m. the decesse or death
of a person.

OBJ

OBJECIO'N, f. f. an objection.
OBJETA'R, v. n. to object.
OBJETTVO, adj. objective.
OBJE'TO, f. m. an object.

OBL

OBLACIO'N, f. f. oblation, facrifice, offering.

OBLADA, f. f. an offering of breadlaid on the graves of the dead.

Prov. Quien Heva las obladas que taña las campánas, let him that has the offering ring the bells; they that have the profit take the pains.

OBLATA, f. f. an offering of money made to a church; also the wafer when consecrated.

OBLE'A, f. f. a wafer.

OBLIGACIO'N, f. f. obligation; duty; a bond.

OBLIGA'R, v. a. to oblige, to force, to confirmin.

OBLIGATI'VO, adj. that obliges

OBLIGATO'RIO, adj. obligatory.

OBLIQUAME'NTE, adv. obliquely, not directly.

OBLIQUA'R, v. a. to make oblique.

OBLIQUIDAD, f. f. obliquity, diviation from reditude.

OBLI'QUO, adj. oblique.

OBLO'NGO, adj. oblong, lon-

ger than broad.

OBN

OBNO'XIO, adj. exposed to any danger, subject, liable.

OBQ.

O'BOLO, f. m. an obole, a weight confifting of the fixth part of a drachm.

OBR

OBRA, f. f. work.

Obra prima, curious work.

Obra de dos leguas, about two lead

Obra, action, deed.

Obras, the writings of an author; also any building or repairing.

Obras mucrtas, ò vivas de un navio, all that part of a ship that is in the water.

La obra del escorial, long work. Prov. Obra de común, obra de nirgún, every body's business is no body's business.

OBRA'DA, f. f. a day's work also an acre of land.

OBRADO'R, f. m. a workman also a place to work in.

OBRA'GE, f. m. work, workmanship; also the workhouse. OBRAGE'RO, f. m. an overseex

of workmen.

OBRA'R, v. a. to work; also to

act, to produce.

Obrár, to go to fiool.

OBRECICA, OBRECILLA, OBRECITA,

Mmm 2

OBRETTICIO, adj. obrepti-OBRETTICIO, tious, under hand dealing.

OBRERI'A, f. f. a workshop. OBRE'RO, f. m. a workman.

Prov. Gran obréro, gran roméro a great workman is a great pilgrim; because he is sent for from all parts.

Prov. Obrhros a no vir, dinhros a perdir, not to fee workmen is to lose one's money; because they neglect their work.

OBRILLA, f. f. diminut. of

OBRYZO, adj. pure, faid of gold.

0 B S

'OBSCENAME' NTE, adv. obscenely, in an impure and unchaste manner.

*OBSCENIDAD, f. f. obscenity, impurity of thoughts, actions, or language.

OBSCE'NO, adj. obscene, impure, unchaste, immodest.

OBSCURAME'NTE, adv. obf-

curely, darkly.

OBSCURA'R, v. n. to dark-

OBSCURECE'R, en, to grow dark.

Obscurecer, v. a. to darken, to make dark.

f. m. obscuring, f. f. dark-

OBSCURIDA'D, f. f. dark nels.

OBSCU'RO, adj. obscure, dark.
OBSEQUE'NTE; adj. obsequious.
OBSEQUIA'R, v. a. to court,
to flatter, to be obsequious.

OBSE'QUIAS, f. f. obsequies, funeral rites.

OBSE'QUIO, f. m. obedience, compliance, obsequiousness.

OBSEQUIOSAME'NTE, adv. obfequioufly, with obedience.

OBSEQUIO'SO, adj. compliant, obsequious, obedient.

OBSERVACION, f. f. obfer-

OBSERVADO'R, f. m. one that observes, an observator.

OBSERVA'NCIA, f. f. obfervance, respect, ceremonial, reverence. Observancia, religious rite, attentive practice, careful obedience.

OBSERVA'NTES, s. m. pl. the fridest order of the Franciscan friars.

OBSERVA'R, v. a. to observe, to keep, to regard, to take heed. OBSERVATO'RIO, s. m. observatory, a place built for astronomical observations.

OBSESSIO'N, f. f. the obsession of devils, antecedent to possession.

OBSE'SSO, adj. molested by the devils.

OBSIDIA'NA, f. f. an ancient precious flone so called.

OBSIDIONA'L, adj. obfidional, helonging to a siege.

OBSOLE'TO, adj. obsolete, out of use.

OBSTACULO, f. m. obstacle,

OBSTA'NTE, adj. which hinders.

Non obsidante, adv. norwithstand-

OBSTRA'R, v. a. to obstruct, to hinder.

OBSTINACIO'N, f. f. obflinacy.
ORSTINADAME'NTE, adv.
obflinately.

OBSTINA'DO, adj. obstinate, stubborn.

OBSTINA'RSE, v. r. to grow obfinate.

OBSTRUCCIO'N, C. f. obstruc-

OBSTRUCTIVO, adj. obstructive.

OBSTRUIR, w. a. to obstruct, to shut up.

OBT

OBTEMPERA'NCIA, f. £ obedience.

OBTEMPERA'R, v. a. to obey. OBTENE'R, v. a. to obtain, to

OBTE'NTO, f. m. ecclefiafical, revenue.

OBTESTACIO'N, f. f. menace; a protest against one.

OBTUSA'NGULO, adj. in geometry, that of the three angles one is obtuse.

OBTU'SO, adj. obtufe, bluat dull.

OBV

OBVIA'R, v. a. to obviate, to prevent, to hinder.

OBVIO, adj. obvious, met one's way.

OBYE'CTO, f. m. obf. an objection or reply.

Obyédo, adj. obs. but before.

OCA

OCA, f. f. a goofe.

OCAL, adj. an appellative given to a particular kind of pear.

OCASION, f. f. occasion, opportunity, convenience; an accidental cause.

OCASIONALME'NTE, adv. occasionally.

OCASIONAR, v. a. to cause, to give occasion.

OCASO, f. m. fun-fet.

O C C

OCCIDENTAL, adj. occidental western.

OCCIDE'NTE, f. m. the occident, the west.

OCCIPITAL, adj. occipital, belonging to the hind part of the head.

OCCISIO'N, f, f, murdering, killing.

OCCI'SO, adj. killed.

OCCURRE'NCIA, f. f. occurence, incident, accidental event.

OCE

OCE'ANO, f. m. the ocean; any immense expanse.

O C H

OCHAPA, f. f. an eighth pare, a drachm in weight.

OEHAVA'DO, adj, that has eight fides or angles.

OCHAVA'R, v. a. to make an octagon or a figure confifting of eight fides and angles.

OCHA'VO, f. m. a fmall coin fo called, the eighth part of any thing.

OCHE'NTA, adj. eighty.

OCHE'NTA'L, adj. eighty

OCHENTO'N, years old.

OCHO, adj. eight.

OCHOCIE'NJOS, adj. eight hundred.

OCI

- OCIA'R, v. a. to entertain one that he may not do what he is about. O'CIO, f. m. leifure, idleness, sloth.

OCIOSAME'NTE, adv. idly, lazily.

OCIOSIDA'D, f. f. idleness.

OCIO'SO, adj. idle, at leifure.

0 C O

OCOZOA'I, f. m. a ferpent fo called.
OCOZO'I, f. m. a tree fo called.

OCR

OCRE, f. m. ochre, a kind of earth.

OCRO'TO, f. m. vide ONOCROTA'LO.

OCT

OCTAFDRO, f. m. a body having the figure of eight equilateral triangles.

OCTAGONO, f. m. sam octagen.

OCTAVA, f. f. an octave or the eighth day, when a festival is kept the second time, or the eight days the festivity lasts. An octave in music.

Octavas, f. f. in poetry, stanzas of eight lines.

OCTAVAR, v. n. to form octaves. A musical word.

OCTAVA'RIO, f. m. an ecclefiafti-

OCTOSYLABICO, (adj. con-

fifting

cal feast that lasts eight days,

OCTA'VO, adj. the eighth.

OCTOSY'LABO,

of eight syllables.

OCTUBRE, f. m. the month of October.

o c u

OCULA'R, adj. ocular, of the eye, evident. OCULARME'NTE, adv. ocularly, evidently. OCULISTA, f. m. an oculist, one who professes to cure distempers of the eyes. OCULTACIO'N, f. f. conceasing, hiding. OCULTAME'NTE, adv. occultly, privily, secretly. OCULTA'R, v. a. to conceal, to OCULTO, adj. occust, hidden, concealed, fecret, privy. OCUPACIO'N, f.f. business, employment, possession. OCUPADO'R, s. m. occupier. OCUPA'R, v. a. to busy, to em ploy; also to fill a place, to take up room. OCURRI'R, v. a. to occur, to happen.

ODA

O'DA . f. f. an ode in poerry.

OPI

ODIA'R, v. a. to bate.
Odiárso, v. r. to hate each other.
ODIO, s. m. hatred.
ODIOSAME'NTE, adv. odiously, hatefully.
ODIO'SO, adj. edious, hateful.

ODO

ODORA'TO, f. m. vide OL-FA'TO. ODORI'FERO, adj. odosiferous, fragrant, sweet-scented.

ODR

O'DRE, f. m. a hog's or gont's skin dreffed with the hair inward with pitch and rofin to carry wine, oil, or the like. Hinchar un bare, to blow a goat's

skin full of wind, to try whether it is tight to hold liquor.

OFE

ODRECI'LLO, f. m. diminut. of odre.

ODRERIA, f. f. the place where they make and fell the skins to carry wine.

ODRE'RO, f. m. he that makes the skins to carry wine ig. ODRI'NA, f. f. an ox's hide turned into an odre.

OED

OEDICNE'MO, f. m. a fort of water fewl who hunts rats at night.

OEN

OENATHE, f. f. a small bird a little bigger than a sparrow. OE'NAS, f. f. a sore of wild pigeon.

OES

OESNORVE'STE, f. m. weftnorthweft.
OESSUDUE'STE, f. m. weftfouthweft.
OE'STE, f. m. weft.
OE'STE-SUE'STE, f. m. idem.

OFENDEDOK, C.m. v. OPEN-

SO'R. OFENDE'R, v. a. to offend, to injure, to make angry. Ofender a Dios, to offend the laws of God. Ofenderse, v. r. to refent an offence, to take offence. OFE'NSA, f. f. offence. OFENSA'R . v. a. vide OFEN-OFENSIO'N, f. f. hurt, trouble mischief, offence. OFENSIVO, adj. offensive. OFENSO'R, f. m. an offender. OFE'RTA, f. f. an offen OFE'RTO, p. p. of ofrecer. OFERTO'RIO, f. m. the offertory, that part in the mass where the priest offers up the sacrifice.

OFI

OFICIA'I, f. m. a handicraftsman, a tradefman, a workman, a journeyman; also an officer. Oficial eelesiastico, the person to whom the cognizance of causes is committed by fuch as have ecclesiastical jurisdiction. OFICIALA'ZO, f. m. an able work-man. OFICIALE'JO, f. m. a little or a pitiful officer or workman. OFICIALIA, f. f. officialty, the charge or post of an official. OFICIA'R, v. a. to officiate. Oficiar una missa, to officiate, to help to fing mass. OFICINA, f. f. a shop or workhouse. OFICIO, f. m. an office, a trade, an employment. Alfo the office of the church, or the divine

'OFICIOSIDA'D, f. f. officiousness, diligence and application to work.

OFICIO'SO, adj. officious, kind, doing good offices.

OFR

OFRECEDO'R, f. m. he who makes offers. OFRECE'R, v. a. to offer, to proffer. Ofrerchtfe , v. r. to occur. OFRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. offer, an offering. OFRE'NDA, f. f. offering, OFRENDA'R, v. 2. to make an offering.

OFU

OFUSCACIO'N , f. f. dim-OFUSCAMIE'NTO, f. m. (ness of fight, offuscation. OFUSCA'R, v. a. to offuscate, to darken, to dim.

OGA

OGAnO, adv. this year.

0 I

OIBLE, adj. audible, that may be heard.

OID

OIDO, f. m. the sense of the hearing; also the drum of the

Hacer oldos de mercader, not to give attention.

OIDO'R, f. m. one who hears also a magistrate so called.

OIDORI'A, f. f. the charge or post of oidor.

DE'OIDAS, adv. as it is repor-

O'IR, v. a. to hear; to give attention.

Oir ver y callar, to hear, to fee, and to be filent.

OJA

OJA'L, f. m. a button-hole, a

100p.

OJALADE'RA, f. f. she that makes button-holes. OJALADU'RA, f. f. the whole range of button-holes in a suit of OJALA'R, v. n. to make button-OJANCO, f. m. that has but one OJA'R, v. a. obf, to look attentively. OJA'ZO, f. m. a great eye.

OJE

OLEA'DA, f. f. a cast of an eye upon any thing. OJEA'R, v. a. to eye, to cast an eye upon a thing; also to wink. OJE'O, f. m. a cast of an eye; among sportsmen, the act of looking out sharp for their game. OJE'RAS, f. f. pl. the deep streaks or furrows under the eye caused by fickness; want of sleep, or the

OJERTZA, f. f. ill-will, a grudge, malice.

or furrows under his eyes. OJETE, f. m. an eyelet-hole. OJETEA'R, v. n. to make eyelet-

OJERU'DO adj. that has wrinkles

OJETE'RA, f. f. a piece of cloth put to give greater firength to some part of a garment.

OJI

OJIALE'GRB, adj. gay-eyed. OJINEGRO, adj. black-eyed. OJIZA'INO, adj. fquint-eyed. OJIZA'RCO, adj. blue-eyed.

0 J O

O'JO f. m. the eye; also the fight, O'JO! an interj, beware, take care Ojo de aguja, the eye of an needle Ojo de buéy, the herb ox-eye, may weed.

Oio de chibo, a fort of fish. Ojo de puénte, the arch of a bridge. Ojo de red, the meish of a net. Ojo de molino, the channel or pas-

fage, that conveys the water to the mill-wheel.

Tenér sobre el ójo, to keep a firid eye upon; also to envy.

Tener fungre en el ojo, to stand upon one's reputation, to be nice in. points of honour.

Ponér los ojos en algúno, to take a kind-ness to a man.

Dar de ójos, to fall upon one's face.

Comprar a ojo, to buy by the eye. Abrir el ójo, to open the ege; that is, to be upon one's guard, to observe, to watch.

Tenér ojo en una cofa, to have an eye upon a thing, to take care of it. Valer un oje de la cara, to be worth an éye ; to be excessive dear.

Mirar de mal ojo, to look upon with an ill eye, to have no kindness. Cerrar el ójo, to die.

En un abrir y cerrar de bjos in the twinkling of an eye.

Hafta los ójos, up to the eyes; plunged in as deep as he can.

No me dixo, négro has el 6jo, he did not fay, black is your eye; that is, he spoke not a word to me.

Prov. Ojos que no ven, corazon no quebrantán, eyes that do not fee, donot break the heart; that the

eyes do not fee, the heart; does not rue.

Prov. Ojos Rai que delagáñas se enamoran, there are eyes that fall in love with blears; one man is fond of what others loath.

Prov. El bjo limpiale con el codo, tub your eye with your elbow; that is, not at all.

Prov. Lo que con el ojo se vé, con el dédo se adivina, what the eye fees, the finger can divine; that is, things visible, plain, or easy, need no divination or conjuring, or making a mystery of them, as some people do.

Prov. De quien pone los bjos en el suélo, ne sies su dinero, do not trust your money to one that always looks upon the ground; do not trust those who make much outward show of fanctity.

Prov. Lo que bjos no ven, corazon no desca, what the eye does not fee, the heart does not covet.

Prov. Ojos que vén no envejecen , eyes that fee, do not growold; that is, feeing and diverting onefelf, keeps off old age.

Prov. Quan téxos de ojos, tan Vixos de corazón, as far from the eyes, fo far from the heart. Out of fight, out of mind.

Prov. Quién quiére 60 fano, atefe la mano, he that will have a found eye, must tie up his hand; that is, must not handle it.

Prov. Mas ven quaero ojos que no dos, four eyes fee more than two. Two heads are better than one.

OJO'TA, f. f. a fort of shoes used by women in America, made of wool or rushes.

OISLO, f. m. a nickname for a wife.

OJU

OJU'DO, adj. great eyed. OJUE'LO, f. m. a little eye. Ojuélos , pl. speciacles.

OLA

OLA!, an interjection, vide HO'LA. D'LA, f. f. a wave.

O L E

OLEADA, s. f. a great wave. Oleádas, the motions of the mind. OLEAGINOSIDA'D, f. f. oitinefs. OLEAGINO'SO, adj. full of oil. OLEA'R, v. a. to oil, to anoint with oil, to give the factament of extreme wastion to a dying perfon; also to wave or move as the waves de. OLEA'RIO, adj. full of oil, oily. OLEA'ZA, f. f. the water remaining after the oil is pressed out. OLECRANO'N, f. m. a prominent bone in the elbow.

OLEDE'RO, adj. givingscent. OLEDO'R, f. m. a smeller. O'LEO, f. m. obf. oil.

OLEOMIE'L, f. m. an oiloozingout of a tree in Syria; mentioned by

OLEO'SO, adj. oily, uncluous. OLE'R, v. a. to fmell.

Oler, to be like, to resemble, to appear; also to suspect any thing secret.

Oler, to peep, to observe curiously.

OILF

OLFA'TO, f. m. the fatelf, the sense of smelling.

OLI

OLIGARCHIA, f. f. oligarchy, a commonwealth governed by a

OLIGA'RCHICO, adj. oligarchic, belonging to an oligarchy.

O'IIO, f. m. oil; only used to fignify the facrament of extreme unction', or any holy oil.

OLISCA'R, v. a. to smell about as a dog does; also to make an enquiry or examination.

OLI'VA, f. f. an olive, fo called in

feme pass. OLIVAR, f. m. an olive garden. Olivate, v. r. to raife in bubbles; faid of bread that so rises in the oven when the dough has sooled to much.

OLIVE'RA, f. f. the place where the olive-trees grow. OLPVO, f. m. an olive-tree.

OLL

O'LLA, f. f. a pot to boil meat in. the meat boiled in the pot; also the flomach.

Ollas defuego, fire pots used in aar to throw to the enemies.

Olla podrida, a dish fo called which confifts of beef and many other things boiled together.

Olla de la garganta, the mouth of the flomach.

Prov. Cáda ala ólla, amarga el caldo, every-day bolled meat mahes the broth taffe bitter. Too much of one thing is good for nothing. OLLA'ZA , f. f. a gicat pot.

OLLAZO, f. m. a blow given with a pot.

OLLE'JO, f. m. V.HOLLE'JO. OLLERI'A, f. f. the potters firect

er shop. OLLE'RO, f. m. a potter.

OLLICA, OLLILIA

C.f. dimin. of ollow OLLUELA , (

OLM

OLME'DA, f. f. a grove of elm-OLMI'LLO', f. m. a little elm. OLMO, f. m. an elm-tree.

OLO

OLO'R, f. m. fmell. OLORCILLO, f. m. diminutive, of olor. OLORO'SO, that has a scent; always taken for a good one, une less ironically spoken.

GLV

OLVIDADE'RO, Sadj. forgetful. OLVIDAR, v. a. to forget. Olvidarfe, v. r. to forget onefelf. OLVIDO, f. m. forgetfulnes.

OLY

OLYMPI'ADA, f. f. an olympiad, the space of four years, at the end of which were the olympick games in Greece.

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OLYMPICO, adj. olympick. OLYMPO, f.m. the top or fummit of any thing.

OMB

OMBLIGO, f.m. the navel; also s the middle of any thing. Ombligo de Vénus, the herb pen-OMBLIGUE'RO, f.m. a little band they put upon the new-born children's navel. OMBLIGUI'LLO, f. m. a little QME'GA, f. f. the end of any thing. OMENTA'L, adj. belonging to the midriff. OME'NTO, f. m. midriff. OMICRO'N, f. m. the name of the letter O in Greek. OMINA'R, v. a. to ominate, to foretoken. OMINO'SO, adj. ominous, in aufpicious. OMISSIO'N, f. f. an omiffion. OMITIR; v. a. to omit. OMI'SSO, adj. omitted; also uncareful, negligent,

OMN

OMNIMO'DO, adj. general. OMNIPOTE'NCIA, f. f. almighty power, omnipotence. OMNIPOTE'NTE, adj. omnipotent, almighty. OMNIPOTENTEMENTE, adv. emnipotently.

OMQ

OMOPLA'TOS, f. m. the omoplate, the shoulder blade,

OMP

OMPHACINO, adj. Azeite omphacino, oil of green olives. OMPHACOME'LI, f. m. a fort of wine made of green grapes and good honey; it is good to strengthen the stomach.

ONA

ONA'GRA, f. m. a plant or shrub so called,

ONA'GRO, f. m. a wild afs.

QNC

ONCE, eleven. Once mil, eleven thousand; also, in cant, a coat of mail. ONCEA'R, v. a. to weigh, or give by ounces. ONCEJE'RA, f. f. a fort of fnare used to catch small birds, ONCE'NO, adj. eleventh.

Q N O

ONDA, f. f. a wave. ONDE; adv. obf. wherefore. ONDEA'R, v. a. to wave as the sea does. ONDO'SO, adj. full of waves.

ON E

ONERO'SO, adj. onerous, burthensome, oppressive.

ONO

ONOBRICHE, f. f. a plant fo called. ONOCRO'TALO, f. m. a bird so called. ONOMANCIA, f. f. the art of divining by the name of persons. ONOMA'STICO, adj. belonging to the art of divining by means of persons names. ONOMATOPE'IA, f. f. a figure in retorick, when a name is given to a thing from the found it makes. ONO'SMA; f. f. a plant so cal-ONU'STO, adj. charged, load-ONY

ONY'CHE, f. f. a gem called onyx•

ONZ

ONZA, f. f. an ounce; also a fieree beaft, called a panted or ounce.

O P A

OPACAME'NTE . adv. obscurely, darkly. OPACID'AD, f. f. shade, sha-OPA'CO, adj. opake, dark, obs

OPC

OPCIO'N, f, f, option, choice election.

OPE

O'PERA, f. f. an intricate and tedious work. Opera, an opera. OPERACIO'N, f. f. operation. OPERA'R, v. a. to work. OPERA'RIO, f. m. a workman. OPERATIVO, adj. operative. OPERO'SO, adj. what cofts much labour,

O P H

OPHTALMIA, f. f. an inflamation on the eye. OPHTA'LMICO, adj. inflamatory.

O P I OPIATA, f. f. opiate, a medi-

cine that causes sleep. OPILACIO'N, f. f. an obstruction; the green-sickness. OPILA'R, v. a. to cause obstruc-O'PIMO, adj. rich, fertile, abua-OPINA'BLE, adj. that may be thought or supposed. OPINA'R, v. n. to be of opi-OPINA TICO, adj. opinionated, conceited, fond of his own opinion, politive opinion. OPINIO'N, f. f. opinion.

OPINIONCITA, f. f. dimis. of opinion. O'PIO, f. m. the well-knows soporifick, called opium.

OPIPARO, adj. opiparous, Splendid, copious, faid of a banques **OPITULACION**

OPITULACION, f. f. obf. help, Inceour, affiftance.

O P O

OPOBALSAMO, f. m. the balsam that is made by broiling the leaves and bark of the trees, which distil the balfam, not fo valuable as that which diffils by incision.

OPONE'R, v. a. to oppose, to fet against, to contradict, to argue against.

Oponérse à una câtedra à beneficio, to vye with another for a profestorship or a benefice.

OPOPO'NACO, f. m. the juice of the herb called panax Hêraclei. OPORTUNAME'NTE, adv. opportunely, conveniently, feafobably.

OPORTUNIDA'D , f, f. oppor-

tunity.

OPORTU'NO , adj. opportune, convenient, seasonable. OPOSICIO'N, f. f. opposition. OPO'SITO, adj. opposite. OPOSITO'R, f. m. an opposer.

C .P R

OPRESSIO'N . f. oppression. OPRE'SSO, adj. oppressed. OPRESSO'R, f. m. an oppressor. OPRIMIR, v. a. to oppress. OPRO'BRIO, f. m. a reproach.

OPT '

OPTAR, v. a. to choose, to select. OPTATIVO, f. m. the optative in grammar.

O'PTICA, f. f. the science of opticks.

O'PTICO, adj. optick, belonging to opticks.

Opticos nérvios, s. m. the optick nerves, which are the inftruments of fight.

OPTIMAME'NTE, adv. very well.

O'PTIMO, adj. very good.

OPU

OPUESTAME'NTE , adv. with Opposition.

Tom. I.

OPUE'STO, p. p. opposite, or [opposed.

Opuefto, f. m. the opposite, the contrary, a competitor.

OPUGNACIO'N, f. f. an oppugning or opposing.

OPUGNADO'R, f. m. an oppugner, or opposer.

OPUGNAR, v. a. to oppugn,

or oppose. OPULE'NCIA, f. f. wealth, plen

ty, abundance. Latin. OPULENTAME'NTB wealthy, plentifully.

OPULE'NTO, adj. wealthy, rich, plentifully.

OPUSCULTLLO, f. m. a little work.

OPU'SCULO, f. m. a short compendious writing, or composition

OPY

OPYMACHO, f. m. a fmall bird who fights against serpents.

OQU

OQUEDA'D, f. f. hollowness, concavity.

Oquedal, f. m. an hill covered with high trees. OQUERUE'LA, f. f. a fault or

ORA

knot in the thread.

ORACIO'N , f. f. prayer , oration, fpeech:

Prov. Oración de pérso no va al ciélo, a dog's prayer does not go up to heaven. The prayers of the wicked do not prevail.

La oración bréve sábe al ciélo, a short prayer ascends to heaven. ORACIONA'I, f. m. a prayerbook.

ORA'CULO, f. m. an oracle. ORA'DA, f. f. a fish so called.

ORADO'R, f. m. an orator. ORA'R, v. n. to pray; also to make a speech.

ORA'TE, f. m. a fool.

ORATO'RIA, f. f. oratory, rhe-

ORATORIAME'NTE, adv. in a rhetorical flyle.

ORATO'RIO, f. m. an oratory, a little chapel or private place of prayer.

ORB

ORBAYAR, v. n. to fall as does the dew. ORBE, f. m. the world; a fphere

or circle; a planet; a fort of fish. ORBEDA'D, f. f. privation of parents.

ORBICULAR, adj. orbicular, circular,

O'RBITA, f. f. the orbit of a planet,

ORC

ORCA, f. f. a vast fabulous fish ORCHE'STRA, f. f. orchestra, the place where the muficians fit at a publick shew. ORCO, f, m, the same as orca,

ORD

O'RDEN, f. m. order, method, row , rank , dignity , religious order.

Dar orden, to order, to direct. Estar en orden, to be ready, to be in order.

Guardar brden, to obey orders. Ir en brden, to march in order. Orden de religión, a religious order of friars, monks, or other persons dedicated to the service of God_ Orden militar, a military order

Ordenes, f. m. holy orders, as priesthood, deaconship, &c. ORDENADAME'NTE, adv. or-

of knighthood,

derly.

ORDENADO'R, f. m. an orderer. ORDENAMIE'NTO, f. m. an ordering, or an ordinance; also' the title of a volume of the laws of Spain.

ORDENA'NZA, f. f. an ordinance, or decree; also the militia.

ORDENA'R, v. a. to or der. ordain, to institute, to sppoint; alfo to give ecclefiaftical orders. ORDEAR, v. a. to milk.

ORDEAADO, adj. nil .ked.

Nnn

Azeytúna ordenáda, an olive that has been pressed.

ORDE nADOR, f. m. he who milks the cows.

ORDIDURA, f. f. vide URDI-DU'RA.

ORDIE'MBRE, f. m. vide UR-DIEMBRE.

ORDINAL, adj. ordinal, following in order.

ORDINARAME'NTE, adv. commonly, frequently, regularly.

ORDINA'RIO , adj. ordinary, nfual.

Ordinário, f. m. the daily expence; also ordinary of a place in spiri-

QRDI'R, v. a. vide URDI'R.

ORE

DRE'ADE, f. f. nymph of the mountains.

ORE'AR, v. a. to air.

ORECE'R , v. a. to turn into

ORE'GANO, f. m. the herb origanum, a fort of wild marjoram. ORE'IA, f. f. an ear.

Oréja de ráton, the herb called mouleear,

Orija de ahad, the herb kidney-

wort; a pancake. Oreja de escudilla, the car or hand-

le of a poringer. Der orejas, to hearken, to liften.

to give ear. Cerrar las orejas, to refute, to give car.

Hacer orejas de mercader, to take no motice of what is faid.

No vote sus orejas llenas de água . it is good for nothing.

Prov. Conseje de oreja, no vale una urveja, counsel whispered in the ear is not worth a pea.

QREJEA'R, V. r. to wag the cars. QREJE'RAS, f. f. pl. fomething to screen the ears from cold,

OREJO'N. f. m. a great ear . or one that has great ears; also a peach or melocotoon dried in flices.

Orejón de baluárte, an orillon, a mals of earth faced with wall, advancing beyond: the shoulder of a battion.

OREJUDO, adj. that has great

ORE'O, f. m. an airing, the pleasant temperate air. ORE'SPE, f. m. obf. a gold(mith.

ORTEBRER'IA, f, f. the goldfmiths work or trade.

ORG'

ORGANE'RO, f. m. one that

makes or fells organs. ORGANICO, adj. belonging to

the organs. ORGANICO, f. m. a imall ORGANILLO, organ.

URGANITO, f. m. a fmall or-

ORGANISTA, f. m. an organist, one that plays on the organs, or that makes them.

ORGANIZACIO'N , f. f. organization; confirution in which the parts are so disposed as to be fubservient to each other.

ORGANIZA'R, v. a. to tune the organ to a voice, to organize, to proportion, to place in parts and proportions.

O'RGANO, f. m. an organ; the organs of the body.

ORGULLE'ZA, f. f. obf. (haugh-ORGU'LLO, f. m.

pride, arrogance. ORGULIOSAME'NTB . adv. haughtily, proudly, arrogantly.

ORGULLO'SO, adj. haughty, proud, arrogant.

ORI

ORI, in cant, a call; as, ho, hey, or the like.

ORICA'LCO, S. m. a fine mixture of metals, orichalch, brafs. ORIENTA'L, adj. oriental, of the east, eastern.

Pérla oriental , au oriental pearl . a bright, fair, beautiful pearl. ORIE'NTE, f. m. the eaft.

ORI'FICE f. m. obf. a goldfmith.

ORIFIS'CIO, f. m. orifice, any opening or perforation.

ORIGEN, f. m. the origin, rife, original, beginning of any thing. ORIGINAL, adj. original, fubft. pled an original,

Pecade original, original fin. Processo original, the original preceedings in a law-fuit.

ORIGINALME'NTE, adv. originally.

ORIGINA'R, v. a. to cause, to affect.

Originárse, v. r. to take its origin from.

ORIGINA'RIO, adj. originary, productive, primitive.

ORI'LLA, f. f. brink, edge, border of a thing; skirt, the sea shore, the bank of a river, a bed's fide.

Orilla, a cold bleak wind.

Prov. Nadár nadár, y a la srilla ahoger, to fwim and fwim, and be drowned at the bank fide; to go through all difficulties, and be disappointed in the conchilion.

ORILLA'R , v. n. to draw to the fides, brinks, or edges; uled only ween they clear any place where there is a multitude of people, and they make them retire to the fides.

ORI'LLO, f. m. the lift of cloth. ORI'N, f. m. ruft,

ORINA, f. f. urine.

ORINA'L, f. m. an urinal or chamberpot.

ORINA'R, v. 2. to make water. ORINECE'R, v. n. to grow rufty. ORINIE'NTO, soj. rufty.

ORI'NQUE, f. m. the anchor cable in a ship.

ORIO'L, f. m. a little bird so called.

ORIO'N, f. m. a celeftial northern constellation.

ORL

ORLA, f. f. a skirt, a border, an edging. In heraldy, an orle or border about a coat.

ORLA'DOR, f. m. one that borders or edges.

ORLADU'RA, f. f. border, edge, hem.

ORLA'R, v. a. to border, to edge.

O'RIO, f. m. a musical wind infirument like a shepherd's cro-

ORM

ORMESI', f. m. the thin filk we call farcenet.

ORN.

ORNADAME'NTE , 2dj. with ernament, in an adorned man-

ORNAME'NTO, f. m. ornament. ORNA'R. v. a. to adorn. ORNATO, f, m. orsament.

ORO

ORO, f. m. gold. Oro petable, potable gold, a chemical preparation fo called. Or strize, the purest gold. Ore de láta, such gold as leather is gilt with, or the like. Oro guardin, dass low gold that has an allay of fiver. Oro de riét, gold in ingots. Oro en pólvo, gold dust, as it is found in the rivers. Oro en pasta, gold in bars or in-Pometér mêntes de 6ro, to promisé mountains of gold; to promife much, and perform nothing. Prov. No er tódo óro lo que relice, all is not gold that glit-ORO'BIAS, f. m. pl. a fort of incense, or gum. OROFRE'S, f. m. gold or filver ORONDA'DO, adj. having the appearance of waves. ORONDADURA, f. f. diverfity of colours in the form of waves. ORO'NDO, adj. haughty, full of pride. OROPE'L, f. m. tinfel. OROPE'NDOLA, f. f. the bird called a witwail. OROPIME'NTE, f. m. orpiment. OROS, f. pl. the fuit of diamonds in cards. OROSUZ, f. f. liquorice.

ORP

ORPHANDA'D, I. f. privation

niſm. O'RPHANO, f: m. the young one who has neither father or mother, an orphan.

of father and mother, orpha-

O'RPHANO, adj. fatherless and motherlefs.

ORT

ORTE'GA, f. f. a kind of quail. ORTE'RA, f. f. vide HORTE'-

ORTHODO'XO, adj. orthodox, found in opinion or doctrine, not heretical.

ORTHOGO'NIO, f. m. as orthogon, a rectangled figure.

ORTHOGRAPHIA, f. f. orthography, that part of grammar that teaches how words should be spelled.

ORTHOGRA'PHICO, adj. orthographical, relating to orthogra-

phy.

ORTHO'GRAPHO, f. m. an orthographer, one who spells according to the rules of grammar. ORTIGA, f. f. a nettle; also a fort of fish.

ORTIVO, adj. ortive; faid of the riling of flars. ORTO, f. m. the ascendion or ri-

fing of any planet.

ORUGA, f. f. an herb called rocket; also caterpillar; also a fort of worm growing upon herbs in gardens.

ORUJO, f. m. the husk of the grapes after the wine is preffed out of them.

ORZ

O'RZA , f. f. a fort of carbes THE. Ir a brea, to tack about, to fail

against the wind.

ORZA'R, v. n. to fail against the

ORZUE'LO, f. st. a pimple growing upon the eye-lid; also a snare to catch birds with.

O S

OS, [for vos] you; as, Yees digo, I tell you. OSADAME'NTE, adv. boldly. OSA'DAS, adv. A ofadas, purposely designedly; also bold-OSADIA, f. f. boldness, cou-OSA'DO, adj. bold, courageous OSA'R, v.n. to dare.

O S C

OSCILACION, f. f. oscillation; the act of moving forwards and backwards. OSCITA'NCIA, f. f. carelefiness. O'SCULO, f. m. a kifs. OSIFRA'GA, f. f. a kind of cagle fo called. OSINA, f. f. a bird fo called.

0 \$ \$

OSSA, f. f. a she bear. OSSAME'NTA, f. f. the wholeframe of the bones of a body. OSSA'RIO, f. m. the charnel, the place where the bones are kept. OSSE'RA, f. f. a bear-garden, a place to keep bears; a bear's den. OSSE'RO, f. m. a beareherd. OSSE'SNO, f. m. the bear's cub. OSSI'LLA, f. f. a little she-bear. OSSILLO, f. m. a little he-bear or cub. OSSO, f. m. a bear. QSSUDO, adj. bony, big-boned

OST

OSTENSIO'N, f. f. shew. OSTENSIVO, adj. that may be shewn, oftensive. OSTENTACION, f. f. oftentes tion. OSTENTADO, adj. proud haugh-OSTENTA'R, v. n. to carry onefelf proudly or baughtily. OSTE'NTO, f. m. obi. a bad omen. OSTENTO'SO, adj. fumptuous, Nnn 2

magnificent, of great appearance or show.

OSTEOLOGIA, f. f. ofteology, the art of knowing the bones.

OSTIA'RIO, f. m. a box to keep the wafers in that are to be confecrated.

OSTIA'TIM, adv. from door to door.

OSTRA, f. f. an oyfer.

OSTRACISMO, f. m. the oftracism, a law the Athenians had.
OSTRE'RA, f. f. an oyster-bed.
OSTRO, f. m. the fouth wind.
OSTUGO, f. m. hole, corner,
nook or eranny.
OSYRIDE, f. f. a plant fo called.

OTA

iOTACUSTA, f. m. a fpy, a mischief maker, a make-bate. iOTA'nES, f. m. a lady's footman. OTA'R, v. a. vide OTE'AR. OTEADO'R, f. m. a spy, an observer, a watcher.
OTEA'R, v. a. to fpy, to observer.

OTEA'R, v. a. to fpy, to observe, to watch from a high place.
OTE'RO, f. m. a hill.

Prov. Si no va el otéro a Mahóma, váya Mahóma al otéro, if the mountain will not go to Mahomet let Mahomet go to the mountain; if we cannot do as we would, we must do as we can. OTHO'NA, s. f. f. a plant so called.

OTO

OTO, f. m. a bird so called. OTO nA'DA, s. f. harvest, harvest time, autumn time, vintage time.

OTOnA'L, adj. of, or belonging to autumn.

OTONA'R, v. a. to work at the harvest or vintage, as is done in aurumn.

OTONE'RO, adj. of, or belonging to harvest, vintage, or autumn. OTONO, f. m. autumn.

"OTORGA'DA, f. f. a maid that is promifed by her friends to the friends of him she is to marry.

Otorgidos, f. m. pl. two that are promifed in marriage.

OTORGAMIE'NTO, f.m. a grans.

OTORGA'NTE, f. m. he that grants.
OTORGA'R, v. a. to grant.

OTR

OTRAME'NTE, adv. obf. otherwise.
OTRAVE'Z, adv. another time; again.
OTRO, adj. another.
OTROSI', adv. item, also.
Otro tanto, as much more.
Otros tantes, as many more.
Otroda, another day.

OVA

OVA, f. f. a weed.
OVACIO'N, f. f. ovation.
OVA'DO,
OVA'L,
oválame Diós! O God help me.
O'VALO, f. m. in geometry, the
oval figure.
OVA'R, v. n. to lay eggs.
OVA'RIO, f. m. in achitecture,
an ornament refembling eggs.

OVE

OVECTLIA, C. f. a little OVECTCA, sheep.
OVECTCO, f. m. (diminut. of huevo) a finall egg.
OVEJA, f. f. a sheep, an ewe.
Oveja merina, a sheep that has fine wool.
Oveja burdálla, a sheep that has coarse wool.
Oveja coptát.

Ovija conát, a sheep of little value, that will not pass in tale.
Oveja lampina, a shorn sheep.

Prov. Oreja que báta bocado piérde, the sheep that bleats loses a mouthful; too much talk is loss of time.

Prov. Entregar las ovejas al lobo, to put the sheep into the hands of the wolf; that is, to put a person or business into such hands as shall endeavour its destruction.

Prov. Oveja de múchos, tóbos fe la cómen, the sheep that belongs to many is devoured by wolves; every body's business is no body's business.

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Prov. Chas ording con fu parting, every sheep with its match; that is, every one to his equal.

OVEJE'RO, f. m. a shepherd.
OVEJE'TA, f. f. a little
OVEJUE'LA, sheep.

Prov. Ovejuéla de Dios, el dikblo te trasquile, little theep of God, the devil sheer you; meant of hypocrites.

OVEJU'NA, adj. of, or belonging to sheep, sheepish.

OVE'RA, f. f. the knots of eggs in a hen's belfy; in falcoury, the feathers under a hawk's tail next the way she lays her egg.

OVE'RO, adj. of the colour of eggs; fubfiantively used, a cream-coloured horse.

OVE'ST, f. m. the westerly wind.

0 V I

OVPL, f. m. in cant, a bed, Ovu, adj. belonging to a sheep or to a sheep-fold.

OVILLAR., v.a. to wind up thread or the like into a bottom.

OVILLE'JO, f. m. a dimin. of ovillo. Alfo, a fort of poetical composition so called.

OVPLIO, f. m. a bottom of thread, yarn, &c.

Hactrie un ovillo, to ruck up, to draw oneself up all together like a ball or bottom of thread.

OVIPARO, adj. oviparous, bringing forth eggs.

OVISPYLLO, f. m. the rump of a bird.

0 V_0

O'VOLO, f. m. a term in architecture, the fourth member of
the cornice, being a round
moulding.

OVO'SO, adj. that has eggs.

O X A

OX, a word or found used to drive away birds, or the like; as in English shue, shue.

OXALA', would to God.

OXA'LME, f. m. a fort of size or pickle.

OXE

OXEAR, v. n. to drive away birds.

OXE'O, f. m. a frighting, fearing or driving away birds or the like.

OXI

OXI'MACO,, f. m.'a bird fo called.

OXT

OXTE, an exclamation upon any fudden pain or furprize.

Oxte pato! O whorefon! an exclamation, not only used in fcorn, or to affront but sometimes only by way of admiration.

OXYACANTHA, f. f. a shrub fo called,

OXYME'L, f. m. a mixture of vinegar and honey.

OXYSA'CRE, f. m. a fauce made with milk, honey, and fugar.

0 Y

OY, adv. to day; now.
Oy da, nowa days.
OYE'NTE, f, m, by-flander.

PACIFICADO'R, f. m. a pacifier,

one of the confonants called mutes, pronounced in Spanish as in English,

PAB

PABELLO'N', f. m. a pavillion, a tent; also a tent-bed. Pabellon, the royal flag; also an arbour, a bower. PABILO, f. m. the match of a candle. PABLA'R, v. a. to talk. PA'BULO, f. m. aliment, food.

PACA, f. f. a bundle, a ball, a parcel packed up. Páca, f. f. a small beaft in Brasil, like a pig. PACA'DO, (adj. pacified, quie-PACA'TO, ted. PACCION, f. f. v. PACTO. PACCIONAR, y. a PACTA'R. PACEDE'RO, adj. that affords pasture to animals. Said of a field. PACEDU'RA, f. f. pasture. PACE'R, v. n. to feed, to graze.

Prov. Con quien paces, y no con quién náces, love or respect those that maintain and feed you, those that are your true friends; not those among whom you were born, PACES, pl. of paz.

PACHO'N, f. m. a heavy lumpish man; also a hunting dog.

PACHO'RRA, f. f. heaviness in men, flowness, fluggishness. PACIE'NCIA, f. f. patience.

PACIE'NTE, adj. patient; fubst. used; a patient or sick man; also one that is to fuffer, or is to be executed. In an ill fense, a bardash; ironically a cuckold.

PACIENTEME'NTE, adv. pa-

PACIFICACIO'N . f. f. a pacification,

a peace-maker. PAÇIFIÇAME'NTE adv. peaocably. PACIFICAR, v. a. to pacify, to appeale. PACIFICO, adj. peaceable. PACO, f. m. an American animal so called. PACTA'R, $\forall v. z.$ to make a com-PACTEA'R. () ME or agreement. PA'CTO, f. m. contract, agree-

PAD

PADECE'R, v. a. to fuffer, to endure. PADECIMIE'NTO, f. m. fuffering, enduring. PADI'LLA, f. f. a little fryingpan; also a fort of shovel like a baker's peel. PADRA'STO, PADRA'STO, (f. m. a flepfa-PADRA'STRO, ther; a rifing ground that overlooks a town or fortress, whence it may be battered. Padrástro, a foreness on the finger by the nail caused by the breaking of the skin. PADRE, f. m. a father, In cant. a cloak, Pádres, in the plural number, is always used for father and mother. PADREA'R, v. n. to call any one father out of respect or honour; also so resemble to one's father. PADRI'NO, f. m. a godfather. Padrino in desassio, a second in a challenge, or in folemn challenges he that conducts the combatant into the lifts.

Padrino de boda, he that gives a

Padrinos, pl. gossips.
PADRO'N, f. m. pattern, example.

Padrén, s. m. a register, a roll of

names; also a post or pillar on

which they hang a proclamation.

or engrave an inscription, as dis-

coverers used to do in those coun-

PADRONAZGO, f. m. obf. v.

tries they newly discovered.

PATRONATO.

woman in marriage.

PADRONE'RO, f. m. obf. vid. PATRON.

PAG

payment. tented. ftraw. peafant. worth. page. ship.

PA'GA, f. f. pay, payment. PAGADE'RO, f. m. the place of

Pagadéro, adj. payable, casy to

PAGA'DO, adj. satisfied; con-

PAGADO'R, f. m. a paymafter. Prov. Al buén pagador no le duélen prendas, a good paymaster is not in pain for his pawn.

Prov. Del mal pagadór fi quiéra en pája, get what you can of an ill paymafter, though it be but a

PAGADURIA, f. f. a publick place where money is paid.

PAGAME'NTO, f. m. payment. PAGANI'SMO, f. m. paganifm. PAGA'NO, f. m. pagan; also a

PAGA'R, v. a. to pay.

Prov. Pága lo que débes, y fabrá. lo que tiénes, pay what you owe, and you'll know what you are

PA'GE , f. m. a page ; a boy.

PAGECILO,
PAGECILIO,
PAGECITO,
PAGECITO,

PAGE'L, f. m. a rocket fish. PAGEZUE'LO, fub. m. idem. of

PA'GINA, f. f. a page or fide of a leaf in a book.

PAGO, f. m. a farm rented by two or thre persons.

Págo, f. m. payment; alfo a towa-

Pago de viñas . a territory that is all vineyards.

Carta de pago, a receipt, an acquittance.

PAGO'TE, f. m. a fervant to a pinip or whore.

PAGURO, f. m. a fort of little crab.

PAI

PA'ILA, f. f. a great bowl, pails or such like vessel.

PAILO'N, f. m. such large vessel.

PAIRA'R, v. n. to fland still

with the canvass spread; said of

ships.

PAIS, f. m. a region, a country; also a landscape.

PAISA'GE, f. m. a landscape. PAISA'NA, f. f. a fort of dance. PAISANA'GE, f. m. the inhabitants of a country.

PAISA'NO, adj. from the fame country.

PAJ

PA'JA, s. f. a straw.
Pája trigueña, s. f. wheat-straw.
No dormhese en las pajas, not to neglect business.

Tomár la paja con él segóte, to fall down backwards.

En quitame alld effas pajes, in a moment, in the turn of a hand.

A lúmbre de pajas, slightly,

No monta una paja, it does not fignify a firaw.

Prov. De paja o de heno, el jergón lleno, the bed whether of hay or ftraw, fo it be filled, no matter with what; a man must fill his belly, if he has not dainties, with cold meat.

PAJA'DA, f. f. chopt hay boiled in water with bran for horfes that have a cold.

PAJA'DO, adj. of a straw-colour. PAJA'R, s. m. a straw-lost, a place to keep straw in.

Prov. Pajár viéjo présto se enciénde, an old straw lest soon takes sire; old men are soon angry.

Prov. Deshacer cruses en un pajar, to part all straws that they may not lie across in a straw-lost; to be impertinently nice and scrupulous; to seek a needle in a rick of hay.

Prov. Pajár viéjo quando se enciénde, péor es de apagár que el yérde, an old straw-lost is worse to quench when when angry are harder to appease than young.

Prov. Vitjo pajar malo de ensender, peor de apagar, an old firaw-loft is bad to take fire, and worse to be quenched; old age is not so fiery as youth; but once provoked, cannot be appealed. PAJARIL, f. m. 2 fea-term; our feamen call it large, when a ship goes neither by a wind, nor before a wind; but as it were betwint both.

PAJA'ZA, f. f. the coarse straw that is left by the horse or mule in eating.

PAJI'ZO, adj. covered or made of ftraw; also ftraw-colour.

PAJUE'LA, f. f. a match to light a fire or candle with.

PAJUZ, f. m. flubble, chaff.

PAL

PA'LA, f. f. a spade, a shovel, a scoop, a peel to set bread inso the oven; in cant, a sharper.

Pala de remo, the blade of an oar.

Pala de dientes, a row of teeth that
are scarce divided, but look as
if they were all one entire bonc.

PALABRA, f. f. a word.

Palabras de mayores, the worst of language, as calling a man rogue, thief; or the like.

Tomarle a uno la pulabra, to take a man at his word.

Pafar la palabra, to give the word about, as ferjeants do in the ring when the adjutant give orders.

Vender palabras, to put one off with fair words.

Dar pàlabra, to give one's word, to promife.

Quebrar su paidbra, to break one's

Tenfr malas palabras con útro, to be at hard words with another.

Efto es otro que palábras, this is mose than bare words.

Prov. No hay palabre seed diche, fi no fueffe mal entendide, no word is ill spoken, if it were not ill understood. For the most part words are worse taken, then they were meant.

Prov. Al buen entendeder poear palabras, a word to the wife.

Prov. Palátras, y plumas el vienco las lleva, words and feathers are carried away by the wind; that is, words are but wind.

Prov. Palábras de fante, y uñas de gate, a faint's word, and a cat's claws. Said of hypocrites.

Prov. No fon palabras para mitia, que aún de las obras no fe fia, my aunt is not to be taken with words; for sha scarce trusts not to actions. To express that one is to be deceived with fair words.

Prov. A dos palábras nes porrádas, two words, and three blunders; faid to those who talk much nonfense.

Prov. A palábras logas, ordjas fordas, for mad words, deaf ears; that is, when people talk madly they are not to be minded

Prov. Palabras fenaladas no quieren tifligos, remarkable words require no witnesses; ill languaga will be remembered.

Prov. Mas hiere male palebra que espada asiláda, an ill word makes a worse wound than a cutting sword. Ill language is never forgiven.

Prov. Mas apága buéna palábra que caldéra de água, a good word quenches more than a kettle of water; it allays anger

Prov. No habria palábra máta, fi no fuiffe mal tomáda, there would be no ill word, if it were not taken ill.

PALABRA'DA, f. f. ill language.
PALABRE'RO, adj. talkative.

PALABRILLA, f. f. a little word, an ill word of no account.

PALABRIMUGE'R, f. m. a man that values his word no more than a woman.

PALABRISTA, f. m. a talkative man.

PALABRITA, f. f. dimin. of palabra.

PALACIB'GO,

PALACIO, f. m. a palace. In fome parts they call the hall of any house by this name.

Ser hombre de palácio, to be civil, well-behaved.

Satér poce de pulácio, to be foon our of countentities.

Echáriána cósa a palácio, to make no account of a thing.

Hack palácio., to lay open, to difcover what was concealed:

PALA'CRA, S.f. a bit of pure PALACRA'NA, gold found in the bottom of mines, PALA'DA, f. f. as much earth as one can take in a spade.

PAL

PALADA'R, f. m. the palate of the mouth; the sense of tasting. Paladáres, f. m. a discase in the mouths of beafts.

PALABEA'R, v. a. to tafte or relish a thing.

PALADE'O, f. m. the act of tafting or relishing.

PALADIN, f. m. a paladine, a great foldier, a brave man.

PALADINAME'NTE, adv. obf. boidly, openly, barefacedly.

PALADI'NO, adj parent, in the fight of all.

PALAFRE'N, f. m. a paifry, a fine pad.

PALAFRE'NERO, f. m. a groom. PALAMA'LLO, f. m. the hammer with which they used to strike the ball at the sport of pall-mall.

PALAME'NTA, f. f. all the oars of a galley.

PALA'NCA, f. f. a lever, a pole Los de la palânca, porters that carry

PALANCA'DA, f. f. a blow given with a pole.

PALANCIA'NO, f. m. obf. a cour-

PALANGA'NA, f. f. a fort of oblong bason.

PALANQUE!RA, f. f. an enclo-

PALANQUE'RO, f. m. a porter that carries burthens.

PALANQUE'TA, f. f. shot called cross-bar, being a round ball, with an iron bar firking across the middle of it, and coming out about fix or eight inches on both fides, fired at fea for spoiling of ropes, fails, yards and masts.

PALANQUI'N, f. m. a porter that carries burthens on a cowl-staff; a fort of chair or litter used in the eaftern countries and carried on mens shoulder's; in cant, a thief.

PALATINA, 🖦 a kind of neckcloth made of furs, feathers, or the like, wore by ladies.

PALATINO, f. m. a palatine, a lord that has a palatinate, or fupreme jurifdiction.

PALA'ZO, '. m. a blow with a shovel or a shovelful of any thing. PALAZO'N, f, m. all the masts and yards of a ship.

PALCO, f. m. a small scaffold, PALEADO'R, f. m. one who works with a spade.

PALE'NQUE, f. m. the lifts to fight in , or any fuch place railed in; also a roller or lever to roll or lift any thing.

PALE'NTE, adj. obf. pale. PALE'RO, f. m. ditcher, digger,

PALE'STRA, f. f. a place for wreftling or other exercises.

PALE'TA, f. f. a tack to play at billiards; also a little piece of board with a handle to it, to play with a bowl on the ground, and drive it through a ring.

Cabe de paléta, the lying of the balls fo near, that there is but just room to put the tack between them.

Palita de espálda, the blade-bone of the shoulder.

Paléta de estómago, the mouth of the stomach,

PALETE'RO, f. m. a rogue that banters or keeps in play one, while another robs him or picks his pocket.

PALETILLA, f. f. a linle billiard-tack, a little shovel; also the shoulderbone.

PALE TO, f. m. a young deer with large horns.

PALETO'QUE, f. m. a jerkin with short skirts.

PA'LIA, f. f. a filk well the priest puts about his shoulders on feftivals.

PALIACION, f. f. palliation. PALIADAMENTE, adv. with a

palliation, in a palliated manner.

PALIA'R, v. a. to palliate, to cloak, to disguise.

PALIATI'VO, Ladj. palliative, PALIATO'RIO, that difgujfes that covers.

PALIDE'Z, s. f. paleness.

PA'LIDO, adj. pale, yan. PALILLE'RO, f, m. he that makes or fells toothpicks.

PALI'LLO, f. m. a ligtle flick; also a bobbin to make lace with.

Obra de palillo, bobbin-work; also

flight work of no ftrength, as if it were made of little flicks.

PAL

Palitto, a tooth-picker.

PA'LIO, f. m. a canopy, a bishop's pall; also the goal at running. Corrér el pálio, to run a race.

PALITO'QUE, f. m. a flick illcut, ill-formed, and fmall.

PALIZA, f. f. a drubbing, a cudgelling.

PALIZA'DA, f. f. palifade; a great wooden stake used in fortification; also the place palifadoed. or the lifts to fight in, or fuch like place.

PAL'MA, f. f. the palm of the hand, the palm-tree; victory, glory, honour.

Pálma Christi, a plant so called. Páima de ánca, the muscle or finer of the hip-joint.

Pálma del cáballo, the quick sole of a horfe's foot.

Trakér a uno en pálmas, to carry one on the palms of the hands; to take great care of him.

Prov. Su álma en su pálma, his foul in the palm of his hand; a man may dispose of himself at will,

PALMA'DA, f. f. a stroke with the palm of the hand.

PALMADICA, Cf. f. dimin. of PALMADI'LLA, paimada.

PALMAR, f. m. a grove of datetrees.

Palmar, adj. that is a span long. PALMATO'RIA, f. f. a ferula, fuch as they use at school to strike boys on the hands,

PALMEA'R, y. n. to clap with the hands; in cant, to whip. PALME'NTA, f. f. in cant, a

letter. PALMENTE'RO, f. m. in cant, a letter-carrier.

PALMERO, f. m. obf. a pilgrim. PALME'TA, f. f. a ferule to chaftise children with.

PALMILLA, f. f. a fort of coarse cloth.

PALMITO, f. m. the branch of the palm-tree.

Estár vestido como un patrico, to have many cloaths on.

PA'LMO, f. m. a span.

A maravédi el pálmo, very cheap.

Jugar al pálmo, to play at spanfarthing.

Tentr una tierra medida a palmos, to know every foot of a country. PALMOTE'AR, v. 2. v. PAL-MEAR,

PALO, f. m. flick, cudgel, flaff, a piece of timber or of wood; also a stroke with a stick or cudgel.

Pálo de foto, a hedge-stake.
Pálo de respéto, a jury-mast, being
commonly a main, or foreyard; set up instead of a mast
lost in storm or sight, to get the
ship to port.

Dár de palos, to cudgel.

Eftar putflo en quatro palos, to be fet upon four poles; that is, to be hanged and quartered.

PALOMA, f. f. a female dove. Paloma zurána, f. f. a wild pigeon. Paloma toreáz, f. f. a ring-dove.

PALOMA'R, f. m. a dove-house.

Prov. Anda la gáta en el palomár, the cat is in the dovehouse; a man is got among the
women.

PALOMARE'ZA, (f. f. a poor PALOMARIE'GA, little pigeon.

PAIOME'RA, f. f. an open place exposed to all wind and weather. PALOMERIA, f. f. the sport of killing doves.

PALOME'RO; adj. applied to a dart with which they kill the wild pigeons.

PALOMPLLA, f. m. the herb fumitory; also a little dove. In horses and mules, is what we called hogbacked; that is, a rising on the back.

PALOMI'NA, f. f. idem; also pigeon's dung.

PALOMINO, f. m. a young pigeon.

PALOMPTA, f. f. a little PALOMPTO, f. m. pigeon, PALO'MO, f. m. a male dove; in cant, a dunce.

Palémo calzádo, a rough - foored pigeon.

PALO'N, f. m. in blasonry, a streamer.

PALOTA'DA, f. f. a stroke on a drum.

Tom. 1.

PALO'TE, f. m. in cant, a clumfy clownish fellow.

Palôtes, f. m. pl. short small sticks, like drumsticks.

Perico el de los palótes, a fool that used to go about drumming with two little drumslicks.

PALPA'BLE, adj. palpable, to be felt; clear, evident, patent.

PALPABLEME'NTE, adv. palpably.

PALPADURA, f. f. f. the act PALPAMIE'NTO, f. m. of feeling.

PALPA'R, v. a. to feel; also to know evidently.

PA'LPEBRA, f. f. the eye-lid.
PALPITACION, f. f. palpitation, beating of the heart.

PALPITA'R, v. n. to beat as the heart or the pulse does; to pant as one out of breath.

PALTA, f. f. a fruit like a pear, fo called.

PALTO, f. m. a kind of pear-tree fo called.

PALUDE, f. f. a marsh, a morals. PALUDO'SO, adj. marshy, boggy.

PALUMBA'RIO, adj. an epither applied to the hawk that catches wild pigeons.

PALURDO, adj. rustick, clow-nish uncouth.

PALUSTRE, idem.

PAM

PA'MPANA, f. f. a vine-leaf.
PAMPANA'DA, f. f. the juice
or fap preffed out of the young
shoots of vines; those fame shoots
dreffed and eaten like asparagus.
PAMPANAGE, f. m. abundance
of vine-leaves or tendrils.

PAMPANA'R, f. m. v. EMPA-NA'DA.

PAMPANILIA, f. f. a dress used by the Americans.

PAMPANILLO, f. m. a little vince-branch.

PA'MPANO, f. m. a tendril, a vine-branch.

PAMPANO'SO, adj. full of vinebranches.

PA'MPHILO, T. m. they give this

name to a handsome fellow that is some-what foolish.

PAMPIROLA'DA, f. f, a sauce fo called.

PAMPLI'LLA, s. f. f. a plant so called.

PAMPLI'NA, f. f. a plant fo called.

PAMPOSADO, adj. obf. lazy, idle, unwilling to ftir.

PAMPRINGA'DA, f. f. a sop in the pan.

PAN

PAN, f. m. bread, corn, a log pl. panes, which means the corn in the field, and also loaves. See PANES.

Pan de léche, manchet bread.

Pan granzoso, coarse bread with the bran in it.

Pan levádo, leavened bread.

Pan candedl or candial, white bread.

Pan de sómas, houshold-bread.

Pan reciente, new bread.

Pan de póya, bread made of sever ral forts of dough.

Pan bázo, brown-bread.

Pan cenciño, unleavened bread.

Pan de acemite, the finest white

Pan de acemite, the finest white bread.

Pan de boróna, bread made of g fmall fort of grain, and eaten only by the poorest people.

Pan esponisso, light spungy bread, Pan de espécias, ginger bread.

Pan de lo, a cake made of the finest flour, sugar, eggs, and orange-flower water well bearen togethes.

Pan cuchillo, the herb wild purflain.

Pan y quesillo, an herb so called, Pan percino, the herb called sowbread.

Pan de higes, a mass of figs and almonds pressed together in the form of a loaf.

Pan floreado, bread of the finest flour.

Pan de azúcar, a sugar-loaf.

Pan de rosas, a cake of roses.

Pan de xabón, a cake or great piece of hard soap.

Pan de pro, a mass'of solid gold.

 $O \circ a$

Pan mal cocido, ill baked bread; metaph. an ungrateful man.

Pan perdido, lost bread; an idle fellow.

A pan y euchillo, at bed and board. No se te cueçe el pan, his bread does not digest; he is resties and unquiet.

Del pan y del pato, a bit and a knock.

No comér el pan de valde, to eafn one's bread.

Comér el pan de los niños, to eat the children's bread; that is, to rob one's ward.

Con fu pan fe lo cóma, let him eat fruith his bread; that is, let him take it for his pains; much good may it do him; faid when a man does any thing amifs, and we will not concern ourselves with it.

Pan per pan, y vino per vino, to fpeak plain.

Prov. A falta de pan buénas fon tortas, cake is good for want of bread. A hard shift to eat ple-crust instead of pread.

Prov. Aun dura el pan de la boda, the wedding-loaf lasts still; that is, it is honey moon still.

Prov. El pan comido la, compaña deshécha, as soon as the bread is eaten, the company is broke up. No longer pipe, no longer dance.

Prov. At enhornar fe hacen los panos tuertos, the loaves are made awry when they are put into the oven. Man is corrupted in his youth.

Prov. Váya con Diós que un pan me lleva, fare him well, he carries away a loaf of mine. So they fay when a creditor dies or funs away; or when a man has cheated another.

Prov. Por mucho pan núnca m.sl áño, much eorn never makes a bad year. Plenty is God's bleffing.

Prov. A pan dúro diênte agúdo, a sharp tooth to hard bread. Diamond must cut diamond.

Prov. A poco pan tomar primero, where there is little bread,
cut first. It is good to be before-hand at short commons.

Prov. A quien no le sobra pan, no crie can, he that has no bread to spare must nor keep a dog.

Prov. Ara bién hondo, cogerás pan en abondo, plough deep, and you will reap abundance of corn; that is, take pains and you will thrive.

PANA'CB, f. f. a plant fo catted. PANACE'A, f. f. an univerfal remedy.

PANADEA'R, ▼. a. to make bread to fell.

PANADE'RA, f. f. a woman baker.

PANADERIA, f. f. the bakers fireet, a baker's shop.

PANADE'RO, f. m. a baker.
PANADIZO, f. m. a whiche in a finger.

PANAL, f. m. a honey-comb. PANARPZO, f. m. a fellon, or whittee on a finger.

PANA'RRA, f. m. a dullart, a dolt, a flupid lazy fellow.

PANCA'DA, f. f. a kick, a blow with the foot.

PANCE'RA C f the armous for

PANCE'RA, f. f. the armour for the belly.

PA'NCHO, f. m. the belly.

PANCRA'TICO, adj. relating to the pancreas.

PANCREAS, f. m. the pancreas, fituated between the bottom of the stomach, and the vertebræ of the loins; it weighs commonly four or five ounces.

PANDA'RSE, v. r. obf. to bow onefelf.

PANDE'CTA, f. f. among merchants, the repertory or book where the name of all the correspondents is found, as well as the folio wherein is their account in the great book.

Pandédas, f. f. pl. a collection, or volume of the civil law, containing the whole body of it.

PANDE'O, f. m. a flexure in the middle of any thing.

PANDERA'RO, f. in a blow given with the pandero.

PANDERETE, f. m. dim. of pandéro. In cant, a cheat at cards.

PANDERETE'AR, v. n. to play upon the tabor merrily.

PANDERETE'O, f. m. the act of playing merrily, upon a tabor. PANDERETE'RO, f. m. one that plays on the pandero, or that fells or makes them.

PANDE'RO, f. m. an instrument like a little drum, a tabor.

Prov. No tódo es véro lo que fuéna el pándéro, all is not trus that the timbrel founds; we must not believe all we hear.

PANDI'LLA, f. f. a combination of some to cheat others.

PANDILLISTA, f. m. a cheat, one that confederates with others in order to cheat. A factious fellow, one that is loud in a faction.

PANDILLADO'R, f. m. a cheat at cards.

PA'NDO, adj. inclined, crooked; also heavy, lumpish.

PANDO'RGA, f. f. a mad confused noise of many instruments made designedly for sport; also a far lazy woman.

PAND'URRIA, f. f. a musical instrument.

PANECILLO, f. m. a fmall PANECITO. loaf.

PANEGYRICO, f. m. a panegyrick, an oration made in praife of any person.

Panegyrico, adj. relating to a panegyric or elogy.

PANEGYRISTA, f. f. a panegyrift.

PANE'LAS, f. m. pl. plates in heraldy, filver rounds in the efcutchon.

PANE'RA, f. f. 2 bin, a basket, or other thing to keep or carry bread or corn.

PA'NES, f. m. pl. the corn on the ground; also the loaves.

Panes en birga, green corn.

No fe ira a los panes, he shall not go into the corn; faid when a a man or beaff is fecured.

PANETE'LA, f. f. panado, bread boiled with water, fugar, honey, or other ingredients.

PANETERFA, f. f. the place where bread is diffributed at court, PANIAGUA'DO, f. m. a fervant in a family allowed bread and water, meat and drink:

PA'NICO, adj. panick, with fear, without cause.

PANICULO, f. m. the skin that covers the skull.

PANIE'GO, adj. bread-eater.

Titra paniéga, good corn-land.

PANIFICA'R, v. a. to bring forth corn.

PANI'LLA, f. f. a certain meafure of oil.

PANIZO, f. m. Indian wheat, or the place where it is fowed.

PANOJA, f. f. a stalk of any thing that grows, by some called a carkin, by others a palm.

PANTA'LLA, f. m. 2 skreen, any thing used to exclude light.
PANTA'NO, f. m. 2 pool, 2 morass; also 2 great obstacle or hindrance.

PANTANO'SO, adj. boggy, marshy.

PANTHE', RA, f. f. the wild beaft called a panther.

PANTO'METRA, f. f. a compass of proportion.

PANTOMI'MO, f. m. one that imitates the gestures of all men.
PANTORRI'LLA, f. f. the calf

of the leg.

PANTORRILLE'RA, f. f. a kind
of flockings that makes the cal-

ves of the legs appear greater

than what they are.

PANTORRILLUDO, adj. one that has great calves of the legs.

PANTUFLA'ZO, f. m. a blow

with a slipper.

PANTU'FLO, s. f. a slipper.

PA'NZA, f. f. the paunch, the belly.

PANZA'DA, f.f. a blow on the belly; afo a bellyful of any food.

PANZUDO, adj. having a great belly.

P A h

PAñA'L, f. m. a clout to turn a child dry; the end of a man's shirt that hangs out at his breeches.

PAÑAIO'N, f. m. a great clout;

a flovenly fellow whose shirt hangs out at his breeches.

PAñE'RO, f. m. a woollen-draper.

PARE'TES, f m. pl. a fort of open breeches or drawers worn by fishermen and others.

PARTTO, f. m. a bit of cloth or linen.

PAñIZUE'LO, f. m. a handkerchief.

PAñO, f. m. cloth. In architecture, the curtain of a wall.

Páño de narizes, a handkerchief. Páño báxo, coarse cloth.

Páño de cara, idem.

Páño de mános, a towel.

Páñós sossegádos, obs. a grave garment.

Páño de line, linen cloth.

Paño de lána, woollen cloth.

Páño en el róstro, a scurf on the face.

Páño en el ójo, a blemish in the eye.

Páños de páred, hangings.
PAñO'L, f m. the bread-room

and powder-room in a ship. PAñO'SO, adj. scurfy.

PARUE'LO, f. m. a little cloth, a handkerchief.

PAP

PAPA, f. m. the pope.

Papa, f. f. the pap for children. PAPA'DA, f. f. a great double chin, a great hanging fleshy chin, a dewlap.

PAPADI'LLA, f. f. dimin. of papada.

PAPA'DO, f. m. the popedom. PAPAFI'GO, f. m. a fmall bird fo called.

PAPAGAYA'DO, adj. of the colour of, or like a parrot.

PAPAGA'YO, f. m. the general name for all parrots.

Papagáyo, a fish like a tench; in cant, a fry or informer; alfo a kind of tulip.

Papagáyo de las Indias, an herb called popingay.

Habiar come papagayo, to talk like a parrot; to talk very much, to talk nothing to the purpose. PAPAHIGO, f. m. a fort of ridinghood for foul weather, or a hat or cap made to pull down about one in cold or foul weather. At fea, it is the main-fail without a bonnet.

Papahlgo, f. m. a little bird that feeds on figs and grapes; a figpecker.

PAPA'L, adj. of, or belonging to the pope.

PAPALI'NA, f. f. a fort of cap with points that cover the ears. PAPALME'NTE, adv. with the pope's authority.

PAPANA'TAS, f. m. a dunce, a person easy to be deceived.

PAPANDU'JO, adj. loose, soft, PAPA'R, v. n. to eat; to eat any hing that is soft; also to neglect any thing.

Papar moscas o viento, to have the mouth open like a fool.

PAPARO, a clown, a fellow that gazes and is amazed at all he fees.

PAPARRABIAS, f. m. a man eafily put in a passion.

PAPARRASO'LLA, f. f. a hobgoblin; a Robin-good-fellow; or as we fay to the children, the bull-beggar, the bugbear.

PAPASA'L, f. m. a fort of fport among children; noify proceedings in law, which are nothing to the purpose; a foolish fellow, a blockhead.

PAPAZ, f. m. a name given on the coast of Africa to the Christian priests.

PAPA'ZGO, f. m. the popedom, the papal dignity, the pontificate.

PAPE'L, f., m. paper.

Papel de farsante, the part of an actor, the cue.

Papél de estraza, brown paper.

Papeles, f. m. is used for writings.

PAPELEA'R, v. a to turn over
papers in search of something
written in them.

PAPELE'RA, f. f. a writing-desk.

PAPEIERI'A, f. f. an heap of useles papers.

PAPELE'RO, f. m. a man that fells paper.

PAPELL'IA, f. f. a little bit

of paper to annote something upon; also a cornet of paper.

PAPELILO, f. m. a little paper.

PAPELI'NA, f. f. a fort of earthen veffel fo called; also a fort of fine filk fluff.

PAPELI'STA, f. m. a man that is always bufy among papers or writtings.

PAPELITO, f. m. a little paper. PAPELO'N, f. m. large paper, old waste paper; also pasteboard. PAPELONADA, adj. in blanfonry, scaly, in the form of scales.

PAPL'RA, f. f. a swelling in the throat.

PAPERO, f. m. the pipkin used to make the pap for children.

PAPIALBILLO, f. m. a kind of weafel.

PAPIGO'RDO, f. m. one that is fat about the throat.

PAPI'LLA, f. f. pap for children.

No pienses darme papilla, do no think to give me pap; that is, to make a child of me, to impose upon me.

PAPILIO, f. m. dimin. of papo, PAPIROTA'DA, f. f. a filip, or a blow on the neck or face. PAPIRO'TE, f. m. a fillip.

PAPITA, f. f. pap for children PAPISTA, f. m. a papift, a name given by the protestants to the Roman catholicks.

'PA'PO, f. m. the throat; a great fat hanging chin; the dewlap of a beaft, the maw of a bird; the puff that grows on the thiffle; an old-fashioned fort of headdress; metaph. pride, stateliness; also used for that part of a woman called Venus mount.

Hablar de papo, to talk in the throat, affecting greatness.

Hablar pape a pape, to speak plain, and face to face.

Hacer pape come mona, to fill the chops like a monkey.

Una en papo, y ora en faco, one in the month, the other in the pouch; that is, to est and carry away.

Ffiar en pape de buyere, to de in

the vulture's maw; that is, to be absolutely lost, past recovery. PAPO'N, f. m. a great eater, a great maw; also a fort of meion.

PAPU'DO, adj. that has a great maw or dewlap.

PAPUJA'DO, adj. having much flesh about the neck.

PA'PULA, f. f. a fmall tumour under the chin.

PAPYRO, f. m. a plant, where with the ancients made a kind of paper to write upon.

'P A Q

PAQUEBO'T, f. m. the finall veffel that ferves to carry the mails of letters or expresses.

PAQUETE, f. m. a small pack; a packet of letters.

PAR.

PAR, f. m. a pair, a couple; alfo a peer; as, un par de Inglaterra, a peer of England.

A par de una essa, just by, or even with a thing.

Sin par, not to be paralleled, or equalled.

A la par, equally.

De par en par; as la puerta effa abiérta de par en par, the door flands wide open.

PARES, pl. of par, vide PA-RES.

PA'RA, adv. for, to.

Para mucho, good for much, of great value.

Para peco, good for little, of small capacity.

Para que! for what! or, to what purpose!

Para que, to the end that. Para jiempre, for ever.

Para con el no vale nada, in his opinion it is worth nothing.

PARABIE'N, S. m. congratula-

Dar un parabien, to give joy, to congratulate.

PARABIENE'RO, f. m. one who gives or wishes joy.

PARA'BULA, f. f. a parable;

in geometry, parabola; a conick fection arising from a cone's being cut by a plane parallel to one of its fides, or parallel to a plane that touches one side of the cone.

PARABOLA'NO, f. m. one who uses parables.

PARABO'LICO, adj. parabolical expresse by parable.

PARACHRONISMO, f. m. a wrong computation of times.

PARACLE'TO, f. m. a holy PARACLITO, meffenger PARA'DA, f. f. a flop, a place to flay or flop at; the parade where foldiers affemble for guards or other duty.

PARADE'RA. f. f. a mill-dam. PARADE'RO, f. m. a flooping place; also the end of any thing.

PARADIGMA, f. m. an example.

PARADILIA, f. f. a little flop-PARADISLE'RO, f. m. the fportiman that waits for game without flirring from his place. Also a news-monger.

PARADO'R, f. m. a carrier's inn-PARADO'XA, f. m. a paradox* a strange proposition or opinion, different from the general opinion of the world.

PARADO'XICO, adj. paradoxical, including an apparent impossibility.

PARADO'XO, adj. flrange un-

PARA'GE, f. m. a place; as.
En tal parage, in fuch a place.
Hombre de parage, a gentleman.

PARAGO'N, T. m. v. PARAN-GON.

PARAGONAR, v. z. v. PA-RANGONAR.

PARA'GRAPHO, f. m. v. PA-RA'FO.

PARAI'SO, f. m. paradife, any place of felicity.

PARALA'CTICO, adj. parallactick, belonging to a parallax.

PARALA'XE, f.f. a garallax;
PARALA'XIS, the diffance
between the true and apparent
place of any flar viewed from the
earth.

PARALELOPI'PEDO , f. m. a (parallepipedon; a folid figure contained under fix parellelograms the opposite of which are equal and parallel.

PARALELI'SMO , f. m. parallelism; the state of being parallel.

PARALE'LO, f. m. parallel, a line that runs equidifiant from another a parallel line; also any com-

parison made.

PARALELOGRA'MO, f. m. a parallelogram; in geometry, a right lined quadrilateral figure, whose opposite sides are parallel and equal. PARA'LIO, f. m. a plant.

PARALIPO'MENON, f. m. books in the Bible, commonly called the

Chronicles.

PARALOGI'SMO, f. m. a deceitful conclusion, or captious way of reasoning or arguing.

PARALOGIZA'R, v. n. to argue in a false manner.

PARALYTICADO, adj. touched with the pally.

PARALYTICO, adj. paralytick, troubled with the palfy.

PARAMENTA'R, v. a. to hang as aroom, to trap as a horse, or to dress as a man or woman.

PARAME'NTO, f. m. all hanging ornaments.

PARAMO, f. m. a defert, or open empty place.

PARANCE'RO, f. m. a bird cat-

PARANGO'N, f. m. an equal, or even match; also the print called great primer.

PARANGO'NA, I. f. a type in printing so called.

PARANGONA'R, v. a. to equal, to compare, to match.

PARANYMPHO, f. m. a paranymph, brideman; also one who brings good news.

PARA'NZA, f. f. a kind of artificial hut made by sportsmen to conceal themselves, and wait the for passage of game.

PARAPE'TO, f. m. a parapet or breaftwork to cover men that they may stand behind to defend a place, out of shot.

PARA FRASI, f. f. a paraphrase, an expolition of a thing in other words.

PARA'R, v. a. to ftop. Parar miéntes, to mark, to obser-

PAR

Parár en el juégo, to bet one's money

Juego del parár, the game at hazard. Parár de tenazón, to stop short in the career.

PARASI'TO, f. m. a parafite, a flatterer.

PARASO'L, f. m. an umbrella. PARASYSMO, f. m. paroxifm. PARATITIA, f. f. a fummary, an abridgment.

PA'RGAS, f. f. pl. the destinies Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos. PARCAMEN'TE, adv. scarcely. PARCHA'ZO, f. m. a large patch. PA'RCHE, f. m. a patch, also a

PARCIA'L, adj. partial. PARCIALIDA'D, f. f. partiality; also a party or faction.

PARCIALI'ZAR, v. 2. be partial, to favour one more than another.

PARCIALME'NTE, adv. partially. PARCIDAD, f. f. parfimony. PARCIONE'RO, f. m. a partner,

or partaker,

PARCIR, v. a. obs. to pardon. PARCO, adj. frugal; sober. PARDAL, f. m. a sparrow.

Pardál, a tiger or leopard; also a fort of camel called camelopard. Pardál, adj. clownish, from the country; also cunning, crafty.

PARDEA'DO, adj. dark brown. PARDEA'R, v. n. to appear dark or brown.

PARDIE'Z, an interj. fygnifying, by ten, instead of por Dios, by God. /

PARDILLO, \ f. m. the bird cal-PARDI'SCO, / led a linnet. Paralle, adj. of a greyish colour.

PA'RDO, adj. grey. Pardó, f. m. a leopard.

PARDUSCO, adj. brownish. PAREA'R, v. a to pair, to match.

PARECE'R, v. n. to feem, to appear, to be like, to refemble.

Parecer en juygio, to appear in court. Parecer una cofa, to be found, as it were to appear.

Parecer bien à mal, to look well or

Parecer de léxos, to appear at a dif

Parecérsea otro, to be like another. Parecerse que es assi, to think, to be

of opinion it is so.

Prov. Bién dya quien a los súyos parèce, good luck betide him that is like his friends. Used seriously when a man follows the good example of his parents; and ironia cally, when he copies their vices.

Prov. Quien no parèce, perèce, he that does not appear, perishes, that is, if a man does not look to his business and appear in it himfelf, it will never be well done; or if he has not confidence to inttude as others do, he may flarve.

PARECE'R, f. m. opinion, judgment; also the presence, mien. and countenance.

Prov. No hay quien yerre, find el que su parecfr quiere, no man errs but he that is fond of his own judgment. Politive men commit most mistakes.

PARE, D, f. th. a wall of a hou-

Paréd de cal y canto, a solid wall of lime and stone.

Pared maessira, the main walls

Parte dasplomide, a wall that is not perpendicular.

Pared en médio; the tiekt house? that has only a wall between.

Pared de piedra flea ; a dry wall of flories laid one upon another without mortar.

No dexár estáca en pared , to take away all that is in a houle, without leaving so much as a pin in a wall, Darse de cair czádas en las parédes; to knock our's head against the walls; to be ourrageous , not value what mischief one does one self Dar con álgo en la pared, co dash a thing against the wall.

Penter pies en pared, to set one's feet against the wall; that is, to fland fliffly to what one fays.

Pegás la bóca a la pared, to cling one's mouth to the wall; that is, to gendure one's wants without complaining

Eftar entre enatro quiedes, to live very setired; to be in prifos,

Saltar parédes, to run away over houses and walls.

Prov. Parédes tiénen oydos, the walls have ears.

Prov. Tras pared, ni tras seto, no digas tu fecréto, do not tell your fecret behind a wall or a hedge, lest another be on the other side and hear it.

Prov. Quién en la pared pone môte, viênto tiêne en el cogôte, he that writes fentences on the wall, has wind in his pole; that is, has an empty skull; is a fool.

PAREDA'nO, adj. parted only by a wall.

PAREDILLO, f. f. a little wall; also a trammel-net.

PAREDO'N, f. m. an old wal of some ruined structure.

PARE JA, f. f. a couple, a pair. PARE'IO, adj. equal, alike,

Andar a paréjas, to go alike.

Corrér paréjas, to run or ride equal. as it were hand in hand; metaph. to be alike in any other thing.

Tenér paréjas en naipes, to be equal at cards, as to have equal points · at piquet.

PAREJURA, f. f. equality, like-

PARE'NESIS, f. f. an admonition, an exortation.

PARENL'TICO, adj. monitory, exhortatory.

PARENTACIO'N, f. f. folema exequies for our kindred.

PARENTA'L, adj. belonging to parents or kindred.

PARENTE'LA , f. f. kindred ; affinity or confanguinity with any

PARE'NTHESIS, f. f. a parenthesis; interposition of some words in the middle of a fentence, which may be left out, and yet the fense remain perfect.

PARE'O, f. f. the act of matching two things,

PARES, f. m. pl. even, pairs, any even number.

Páres y nónes, even and odd.

Pares de Francia, peers of France. Pares de muger, the secandine, or

afterbirth.

PARESCE'R, v. a. vide PARE-CE'R.

PARERGO'N, f. m. addition made to one thing to beautify it.

PARGAMI'NO, f. m. v. PER-GAMINO.

PARHELLA, f. m. a parhelion; the image of the fun that appears in the clouds.

PA'RIAS, f. f. pl. an acknowledgment or tribute one prince pays to another.

PARICIO'N, f. f. the act of lying in, of bringing forth.

PARI'DA, f. f. a lying-in woman, a woman delivered of a

Esta parida la gata? Has the cat kittened? This question they ask when there are many lights more than needs.

PARIDA'D, f. f. parity, equality.

PARIDE'RA, f. f. a good breeder. PARIDE'RO, f. m. the place where cattle bring forth their young.

PARI'DO, adj. delivered, brought to bed, brought forth, born; used for all beasts as well as human creatures.

PARIE'NTA , f. f. a kinfwoman. PARIL'NTE, f. m. a kinîman. No hai pariénte póbre, no relation is poor; people in prosperity will not own they have any poor kindred.

Prov. A son de pariéntes busca que meriendes, when you have made a noise of your kindred, look for fomething to eat for your afternoon's luncheon; that is, though you can boaft ever so much of your great and rich kindred, yet get your bread, own there is no trufting to them.

Prov. Tenêr pariêntes en la cocina, to have kindred in the kitchen; to have friends at court. PARIETA'RIA, f. f. the herb pellitory.

PARIFICA'R, v. a. to prove by

an example. PARIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. a

previous agreement. PARI'R, v. a. to be delivered of a

child, to bring forth young. PA'RLA , f. f. prating , chatting.

PARLADI'LLO, f. m. an affected phrase.

PARLADO'R, f. m. a prating person.

PARLAME'NTA'R, v. a. to parley, to treat, to article.

PARLAME'NTO, f. m. a speech, an oration; also a parliament. PARLAR, v. n. to chat.

PARLATO'RIO, f. m. a parloue in monasteries of nuns.

PARLERIA, f. f. prating, chatting.

PARLE'RO, f. m. a practing or talkative fellow; also one that carries tales, that teils all he fees or knows,

PARLE'TA, s. f. a conversation. PARLON, adj. loquacious.

PARLOTE'AR, v. n. to keep a long conversation.

PARO, f. m. a very small bird living upon insects.

PARO'LA, f. f. a word; also loquacity.

PARONI'CHIA, f. f. the herb whitloegrass.

PARO'TIDAS, f. f. pl. fwellings behind the ears.

PAROXI'SMO, f. m. a paroxyfm, a fit.

PARPADEA'R, v. n. to twinkle with the Lyes.

PAK'PADO, f. m. the eye-lid. PARPALO'TA, f. f. a fmall cop-PARPALO'TA, per coin fo called:

PARPA'R, f. m. the cry of a duck.

PAROUE, f. m. a park.

PARQUEDA'D, f. f. parlimony, niggardlines, frugality.

PA'RRA, f. f. a vine that runs up against a wall.

PARRA'L, f. m. the wall against which the vine runs up.

PA'RRAPHO, f. m. a paragraph. PARRA'R, v. n. to extend or spread the branches.

PARRICI'DA, f. m. a parricide, one who murders his father, mother, or relation.

PARRICIDIO, f. m. the crime of murdering one's father or mo-

PARRILLA, f. f. a gridiron. PARRIZA, f. f. a wild vine.

PARRO, f. m. a goofe. PARRO CHIA, f. f. a parish. PARROCHIA'L, adj. belonging to a parish.

PARROCHIA'NO, f. m. a parishioner; also a customer to a

PA'RROCO, f. m. a curate of a parish.

PARSIMO'NIA, f. f. parfimony, niggardlinels, frugalicy.

PA'RTE, f. m. part of any thing. En tal parte, in such a place.

Páne, s. m. a paper signed by the postmaster, specifying what day and hour a messenger sets out from fuch a place, to know whether he travels as fast as he ought. or loiters by the way; so called. because it begins with these words, párte a tal hóra.

Parte por parte, distincily.

No soy parte para esso, I have no power to do that.

No téngo parte en éso, I have no hand in that.

No me han dádo párte, they have not acquainted me.

Llamar a parte, to call aside.

Pártes en pléyto, the parties in a lawfuit, the plaintiff and defen-

Prov. Quién despárte lleva la peór parte, he who parts a fray gets the worft.

PARTEA'R, v. a. to play the midwife.

PARTECI'LLA,

PARTECICA, &f. f. a little part. PARTECITA,

PARTE'NCIA, f. f. departure, setting out.

PARTE'RA, f. f. a midwife. PARTERIA, f. f. midwifery.

PARTESA'NA, f. f. a partifan, fuch as lieutenants of foot marched with.

PARTIBLE, adj. parcible, divifible, separable.

PARTICION, f. f. particion, di-

PARTICIPACION, f. 1. participation, taking part with.

PARTICIPA'R , v. a. to participate, to have share with.

PARTICIPE, s. m. a partaker. PARTICI'PIO, f. m. a participle. PARTICULA, f. f. a particle,

a fmall part

PARTICULA'R, adj. particu-

PARTICULARIDA'D, S. f. particularity,

PARTICULARIZA'R, v. a. to particularize.

PARTICULARME'NTE, adv. particularly.

PARTI'DA, f. f. departure; part; parcel; a part of a country.

Leys de la panida, vide LE'YES. PARTIDAME'NTE, adv. by

PARTIDO, p. p. departed; also divided or parted.

PARTIDO, f. m. a condition, a contract, a capitulation, an agreement; also a party or faction; a territory.

Mugér de partido, a common strumpet.

PARTIDO'R, f. m. a divider; in arithmethick, the divisor; a bodkin with which women part their hair; he that cuts

PARTIJA, f. f. a part, or partition.

PARTIMIENTO, f. m. parting or dividing.

PARTIR, v. a. to divide, to depart.

PA'RTO, f. m. a birth. Estar de parto, to be in labour.

Pártos y pospártos, a country

term, the early and later young cattle.

Prov. Párto lárgo y hlja al cábo; a long labour, and a daughter at laft'; a disappointment after much pains taking.

PARTURA, f. f. obf, a comract; s WARET.

PARTURIE'NTE, f. f. the woman that has lain in , or lays in.

PARVA, f. f. a heap of corn new thrashed before it is winnowed.

Prov. Estiérca y escárda, y cogarás buéna parva, dung and rake, or weed, and you will have a good heap of corn at harveft.

PARVEDA'D,) f. f. fmalines, PARVIDA'D . paucity.

PARVO, adj. fmall, little. PARVULE'Z, f. f. finalines, littieness.

PA'RVULO, adj. finall, little.

P A S

PASCA'SIO, f. m. a fcholar at the university, who lives so near in the country, that he goes hoe me upon all great holidays.

PASCO, f. m. obf. pasture, food, meal.

PA'SCUA, f. f. the common name of the three festivals of the year. Páscua de Espiritu Sánto, Witsunride, Penrecoft.

Páscua de Natividad, Christmas. Páscua de Resureción, Easter.

Páscua de Flóres, or Páscua Florida 2

Prov. Buena páscua de Diós a Pédro, que núnca me dixo málo ... ni huéno , God give Peter a good festival, for he never faid good nor bad to me; a woman's prayer for her husband, who lets her have her will in all things : applied to all those who let others under them do their will without controul.

Prov. Déspues de pascua, de refureción , ni pájsas , ni higos , ni predicación , after Easter no raisins. nor figs, nor fermon. Applied to fignify any thing that comes out of feafon.

PASCUA'L, adj. of , or belonging to Eafter.

PASMA'DO, adj. aftonished, flur pified.

Viá pasmada, a vine made fast to a

PASMA'R, v. a. to aftonish , to flupify.

PA'SMO, f. m. aftonishment, flupefaction.

PASMOSAME'NTE, adv. in an astonishing or suprising manner, PASMO'SO, adj. aftonishing wonderful,

PASPIE', f. m. a dance fo called. PA'SQUA, f. f. vide PA'SCUA. PASQUIN, f. m. (a paf-PASQUINA'DA , f. f. (quin. a libel.

PA'SSA . f. f. a raifin.

Pássas del sol, raisins of the fun. Passas de lexia, raisins dried viel

Pásas de corincio, currants,

ashes.

Effo passe, this is the news, this is the posture of affairs, this is the truth.

Juigo de pássa pássa, juggling tricks. PASSADA, s. f. f. a pace.

PASSADE'RA, f. f. any thing that passes or goes through another.

PASSADE'RO, adj. passable, tolerable.

PASSADIA, f. f. v. PASSADA.

PASSADIZO, f. m. a passage,
an entry.

PASSA'DO, adj. run through.

Passado con la espada, run through with a sword,

PASSADO'R, f. m. a bolt of a lock, the loofe bolt of a door; a whaft, an arrow.

Passador, a soa-term, an iron pin called a fid.

PASSADORCI'LLO,
PASSADORCI'LLO,
or fuch like thing that flips backwards and forwards.

PASSAGE, f. m. passage.

PASSAGE'RO, f. m. a traveller, a passenger.

PASSAGONZALO, f. m. a flirt, a flroke, a fwing.

PASSAJUEGO, f. m. a term used in playing at ball.

PASSAMANE'RO, f. m. a lace-

PASSAMA'NO, f. m. a lace of gold, filver, or filk for clothes.

Passamano, the piece on ruils of the Rairs on which we lay our hand as we go up or down.

PASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. paffage, transit.

PASSA'NTE, f. m. one that passes by. In the university, a bachelor, who looks back in order to take his degree of licenciate.

PASSAPASSA, f. f. the art of jugling.

PASSAPO'RTE, f. m. a pass for a traveller to prevent his being flopped.

PASSA'R, v. a. to pass, to firike through.

Passar por el persamiento, to enter into one's thoughts.

Passar de parte a parte, to cun through.

Passár a rédo, to swim over,

Passar éntre renglônes, to omit, to pass over to let slip.

Passár higos à ávas, to dry figs or grapes.

Passar por pope, to go aft, a sea term; that is, to go towards the stern of the ship.

Passarse el papel, to fink, said of ink on paper.

Pafarse el vándo contrário, to go over to the enemy.

Paffarfe de lárgo, to pass by without stopping,

PASSATIE'MPO, f. m. passime, diversion, sport.

PASSAVOLA'NTE, f. m. a man hired by cheathing officers to pass muster; a cheathing fellow.

PASSAVOLE-O, f.m. a term used in playing at ball.

PASSE, f. m. the permission signed to a paper that it may have its effect.

PASSBADE'RO, f. m. a walk, a walking-place.

PASSEADO'R, f. m. a walker, one that walks much.

PASSEA'R, v. s. to walk.

PASSE'O, f. m. a walk, or walking-place.

PASSIBILIDA'D , f. f. paffibi-

PASSIBLE, adj. passible, sufceptible of sufferance.

PASSICO, f. m. a little step,
PASSILIO, a little passage
PASSITO, or entry; adverbially used, fostly, gently.

PASSIO'N, f. f. any paffion of the mind. Generally used to express the passion or sufferings of our Saviour.

Tomár passión de algúna cósa, to be concerned or troubled at any thing.

PASSIONA'RIA, f. f. a plant fo

PASSIONA'RIO, f. m. the book in churches, which they use to fing the passion in the Holy We-

PASSIONE'ROS, f. m. pl. thofe that fing the passion in the Holy Week.

PASSITO, f. m. vide PASSI-CO. PASSIVAME'NTE, adv. paffively.

PASSIVO, adj. paffive.

PA'SSO, f. m. a flep, a pace; also a passage, an entry.

Pafo, adv. foftly, gently.

Passo de escalera, a step of the stairs.

Pásso de gargânia, s. m. a note in finging.

Passo ante passo, fair and foftly.

Vino passo, the droppings of the tap.

Dar passo, to make way.

Al pafo del buéy, flowly.

A raffo tirkdo, at a good round rate.

Ander en malos pafos, to follow lewd courses.

Por el passo en que estoy, upon the word of a dying man.

Pafe, no aya mas, hush, no more of it.

Paffo de afno, the herb called horsefoot.

Prov. Después de comér dormir, y de cendr pa os mil, after dinner sleep a while , after supper walk a mile.

Prov. Quiln tropics y no cde, a fu pho anade, he who flumbles, and does not fall; adds to his flep or his pace. After flumbling we fee a man take a larger stride, or more. It fignifies, that if a man commits a mistake, provided it be not such as overthrows his business, he goes on better after wards, as being forewarned.

Prov. No da paffo fegurb, quien corre por el muro, he goes not a step safe who runs along the top of a wall. Men raised too high are ever in danger.

Prov. Páss a páss van léxes, fair and fostly goes far. PASTA, s. f. paste.

Hómbre de buéna pásta, a man of a

good disposition.

Oro en passa, gold in ingots.

PASTAR, v. a. to feed sheep. PASTE'CA, f. f. a pulley or block

in a ship.

PASTEL, f. m. a pasty; also an herb of which a blue dye.

Pastel embote, a pasty of forced meat.

PASTELERIA

PASTELERI'A, f. f. a paftry-cooks firest.

PASTELE'RO, f. m. a pastry-cook.

PASTELITIO, f. m. a little
PASTELITO, pye or pafPASTELITIO, ty.

PASTFILA, f. f. a pastile, a little cake of perfume,

Paffilla de bóca, a pastile to eat, a perfumed lozenge.

Paftilla de chocolate, a little cake of chocolate.

PASTINACA, f. f. a parinip; also a fish like a thornback.

PA'STO, f. m. pasture, food for man or beast.

Comer el philo, to eat by way of ordinary, to board in a house, PASTO, R, S. m. a shepherd.

Prov. Aballa paftor, las espáldas al fol, shepherd, turn the sheep's backs towards the sun.

PASTORA, f. f. a shepherdefs. PASTORA'L, adj. paftoral, belonging to shep herds.

PASTORALME'NTE, adv. shepherdlike, pafforally.

PASTORCILIO,
PASTORCITO,
PORTORCICO.
Shepherd.

PASTORBA'R, v. n. to play the shepherd, to keep sheep.

PASTORE'LA, f. f. a mufical composition sung, played, of danced.

PASTORI'A, f. f. the flate of a shepherd; a company of shepherds PASTORICIO, adj. belonging PASTORIL, to shepherds. PASTORILME'NTE, adv. like a shepherd.

PASTO'SO, adj. doughy, full. PASTURA, f. f. pasture.

PASTURA'GE, f. m. pasturage.

PAT

PATA, i. f. a paw, a foot; also a goofe.

Pata de león, the herb lion's foot.

Pata apartada, a cloven foot.

Pasas arriba, with the feet up in the air.

Pata es la traviefsa, a term at cards, the hands are alike, draw game.

Tom. I.

Prov. La rellmp, a de Horcájo, que laváda las páras al asno, the over-cleanly woman of Horcajo, who whashes the asses feet. Said when any body is clean where it is needless so to be.

PATA'CA, f. f. a piece of money so called.

PATA'CHE, f. m. a' small thip fo called.

PATACO, f. m. a peafant a clown.

PATACO'N, f. m. a patacoon, la piece of eight.

PATA'DA, f; f. & kick.

PATAGO'N, f. m. a man that has large feet.

PATAGORRI'LLO, f. m. minced liver.

PATALBA'R, v. n. to move one's feet very nimbly; to be in a great pa(fi) 1.

PATALE!O, f. m. the noise made with the feet in dancing, or when in a passion.

BNTALE TM, f. f. a ridiculous endeavour.

PATALETI'LLA, f. f. a kind of dance.

PATA'N, f. m. a clown, a lubber' PATANERIA, f. f. f. fimplicity, footscheels, ignerance.

PATARATA, f. f., imprebable flory, tale or relation.

No diga-paratas, don't tell flories, or things improbable.

PATARATERO, f. m. one that tells improbable tales; a liar.

PATARRA'ES, f. m. a cable in a ship fo called.

PATA'TA, f. f. the root called a potatoe.

PATATA'L, f. m. a field of potatoes.

PATEADO'R, adj. that paws or beats the ground with his feet; faid of a horse.

PATEADURA, f. f. the act of pawing or kicking.

PATEA'R, v. n. to paw, to kick, to trample upon.

PATE'NA, f. f. a flat piece of plate; the paten or little plate that covers the chalice.

PATE'NTE, adj. manifeft, plain; fubfiantively used, a patent or a commission. Lettes patentes, letters patent.

PATENTEME'NTE, adv. manifeftly, plainly.

PATERNA'L, adj. fatherly.
PATERNALME'NTE, adv. in a

fatherly manner.

PATERNIDAD, f. f. paternky:

PATERNO, adj. fatherly, of or belonging to a father.

PATE'TA, f.·m: a nickname given-to-lame people.

PATHE'TICO, adj. patherick, that moves the paffions.

PATHOLOGI'A, f. f. pathology that part of medicine which relates to the distempers with their differences, causes, and effects incident to the human body.

PATIABLE RTO, adj. that has the legs opened.

PATTBULO, f. m. the gallows PATTCA, f. f. a little paw, or foot of any beaft.

Ponér de parkeas en la calle, to turm one out of doors.

PATICOJO, f. m. a gosling. *
PATICOJO, adj. lame.

PATIHENDIDO, adj. clovesfooted.

PATTLEA, f. f. a little paw or foot.

PATFILO, f. m. a gofting.

PATIMULE'nO, adj. that has a foot like a mule; faid of a horfe. PATIN, f. m. a gofling; also a little court-yard.

PATINE'IO, (f. m. a little PATINI'CO, (courtyard., -PATI'NO, f. m. vide PATI' PATIO, f. m. a court-yard.

PATITIE'SSO, adj. that is numbed with flanding in the cold, and cannot go.

PATITUE'RTO, adj. splay-footed.

PATIZATTBO, 'adj. erook-legged. PA'TO, f. m. a gander; a goofe. Antojadito como Pato, as faticiful as a blind goofe.

Prov. Pâto y gânfo, y enfarôn, tres côfas suénan y úna son, three names sound like three several things, and yet are but one; said when a man talks the same thing over and over again, or uses abundance of words where a few would serve.

Ppp

PA'TO, f. m. (for pádo) a contract, a bargain, an agteement. PATOCHA'DA, f. f. a blunder in Speaking.

PATO'N, f. m. that has large paws

PATRA'āA, s. f. a fiction, a fable, a story, a cheating trick.

PATRARE'RO, f. m. the person who tells a fiction or fable.

PATRIA, f. f. a man's native country.

PATRIA'RCA, f. m. a patriarch, a chi: bishop.

PATRIARCA'DO, f. m. patriarchship.

PATRIARCHA'L, adj. patriar-

PATRI'CIO, f. m. a patrician, of the senatorian rank.

PATRIMONIA'L, adj. patrimonial, belonging to the patrimony.

Beneficio patrimonial, a benefice impropriate.

PATRIMO'NIO,'f. m. patrimony, estare, inheritance.

PA'TRIO, adj. of one's country, or of one's father.

PATRIO'TA, f. m. born in the fame country, a compatriot.

PATRIOTI'SMO, f. m. patriotifin, love of one's country.

PATROCINADO'R, f. m. who proteds.

PATROCINA'R, v. a. to patronize, to protect, to defend.

PATROCINIO, f. m. patronage , protection , defence.

PATRO'N, f. m. a parron, a defender, a master; also a master of a ship; also a pattern, a sam-

Patrón, the master of the house where one is lodged; also one who has donation of ecclefiaftical perferment.

. PATRO'NA, f. f. the wife of the house where a soldier is lodged

PATRONA'TO, f. m. the right of confering a benefice; also the foundation of a benefice.

PATRONA'ZGO. f. m. patron-

PATRONI'MICO, f. m. furname taken from the father's Chris-···· jan name.

PATRO'NO, f. m. vide PA-TRO'N.

PATRULLA, f. f. the patrol, or foldiers who go about in the night to keep peace.

PATRULLAR, v. n. to patrol, to go the rounds in a camp or gar-

PATUDO, adj, that has great paws or feet.

Angel patudo, the devil.

PATULLA'R, v. n. to walk in the dirt; to be very buly.

PAU

PAULA'R, f. m. a marshy gro-

PAULI'NA, f. f. a decree of excomunication; ill language.

PAUPE'RRIMO, adj. superl. most miserably poor.

 ${\it PA'USA}$, s. f. a pause, a PAUSA'DA . (ftop, a ftay, a veft.

PAUSADAME'NTE, adv. leifurely, deliberately, flowly.

PAUSA'N, f. m. vide BAUSA'N. PAUSA'R, v. n. to pause, to stop, to flay, to reft.

PAUTA, f. f. a board with catguts firetched upon it at the diftance that the lines may be writ, which the boys lay under their paper, and pressing it a little! it leaves all the lines marked on the paper for them to write Araight.

PAUTA'R, v. a. to mark the paper with the pauta.

PAV

PA'VA, f. f. a pea-herr. PAVA'DA, f. f. a large and fat

PAVA'NA, f. f. a pavin, a dance fo called.

PAVELLO'N, f. m. a pavilion or tent, a pavilion over a fieldbed, or any thing used in that nature; alfo a butterfly.

PAVE'S, f. m. a great shield that covers all the body.

PAVE'SA, f. f. the white light

ally wood fire, which will easily blow away with the leaft breath. PAVE SA'DA, f. f. a battle of targetiers, or a dance representing such a battle; at sea, it is what our seamen call the fights, being cloths which hang round about the ship to hinder men from being seen in fight.

PA'VIDO, adj. timorous, fcar-

PAVIME'NTO, f. m. pavement,

PAVIOTA, f. f. the fea - fowl called a gull.

PAVITO, f. m. a young turkey-cock.

PA'VO, f. m. a turkey-cock. Pávo reál, a peacock.

PAVO'N, f. m. a peacock.

Pavón agréste, s. m. the moor-cock. PAVONA'DA, f. f. a strutting or showing one's felf, playing the fop or beau as the peacock shews his fine feathers.

PAVONA'R, v. a. to sanguine, as they do fword-hilts, or the

PAVONAZO, f. m. an azure colour fo called.

PAVONCILLO, f. m. a young turkey-cock.

PAVONEA'R, v. n. to play the fop or beau, to strut and shew one's self about as the peacock does his feathers.

PAVOR; f. m. fear, dread PAVO'RDE, f. m. a dignitary in cathedral churches.

PAVORDIA, f. f. the dignity of parórde.

PAVOROSAME'NTE, adv. fearfully, timoroufly.

PAVORO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful.

PAVURA, f. f. vide PAVO'R.

PA'XARA, f. f. a female bird. PAXAREA'R, v. n. to go a birdcatching; also to loiter, to be

PAXARE'I, f. m. a kind of finch. PAXARE'RA, f. f. the cage, or the place where birds breed. ashes wester in the fire, especi- PAXARE'RO, s.m. a bird-carches.

A 35 / 2

PAXARFCO, f. m. a little bird. PAXARFLLA, f. f. the milt of any creature, but more particularly of a fwine.

Hacer temblar la paxarilla, to put a man into fear, to make him quake.

PAXARILLO, f. f. a little bird.

Prov. A chice pararillo, chico
nidillo, a little bird must have a
little nest. Mean people must have
mean things.

Prov. Al pararillo que se ha de perdér, alillas le han de nacér, the little bird that is to be lost must have little wings grow; that is, inconsiderable persons when they grow vain and haughty will be cast down.

PAXARITO, f. m. a little bird.

Prov. A cáda qual fe Ueván los
paxaritos en el muladár, the little
birds on the dunghill pay equal
honour to all men; that is, filly
mean persons pay equal honour
to all men.

PAXARO, f. m. a bird.

Prov. Mathr des paxares de un tiro, to kill two birds with one shot, with one flone.

Prov. Mas vale paxero en mano que buytre volando, a bird in the hand is better than a vulture flying; one bird in hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. Páxaro durmiénte, tárde le éntra cébo en el viéntre, a sleeping bird gets meat into his belly late; that his, lazy people are long earning their bread.

PAXAROTA, f. f. a faile PAXAROTA'DA, report. PAXARRA'CO, f. m. a large PAXARRU'CO, bird, whofe name weknow not.

PAY

PAYO, f. m. a shepherd, or clown.

Veftirse a lo payo, to be clad like a country fellow.

PAZ

PAZ, f. m. peace:
La paz, is the pax that covers the

chalice at mass, and is sometimes given to the people to kiss.

Tomár la paz de la iglésia, to kissthe

pax.

Ponér paz, or metér paz, to part those that quarrel.

La paz de Judas, treachery, kissing a man to betray him.

Prov. Quanto fâbes no dirâs, quanto vés no juzgaras, fi quiéres vivir en paz, you must not say all you know, nor judge all you will live in peace.

Par, y paciencia, y muerre con peniténcia, peace and patience, and a penitent death,

Prov. Póco y en paz múcho fe me haz, a little in peace feems to me a great deal.

PAZGUA TO, adj. foolish, flupid, that admires every thing.

PEA

PEA'GE, f. m., toll money paid for pading over bridges, or the like.

PEAGE'RO, f. m. a toll gatherer.

PEA'L, f. m. a fock, or that part of the flocking that covers the foot.

PEA'NA, f. f. a pedeftal for a figure, or any fuch thing to ftand on.

PEA'AA, f. f. a fort of inflamation in a horfe's tongue.

PEAPA', f. f. the spelling of letters, a fort of horn-book.

Destricto a uno de peapá, to tell a man the whole from the beginning to the end, to tell all one knows, to tell a thing very plain as if every word were spelt,

PEB

PEBE'TE, f. m. perfume made in long flicks, like flicks of fealing-wax, to burn and perfume the house.

PEBETE'RO, f. m. the candleftick, in which the pebetes are fer to burn.

PEBRADA, f. f. a fort of sauce for a hare, or rabbit.

PE'BRE, a fort of sauce made

with pepper, vinegar, faffron, cloves, and other ingredients, wied to eat kid with.

PEC

PECA, f. f. a freckle on the face. PECA'BLE, adj. susceptible of sin, PECADI'LLO, f. m. a little sin. PECA'DO, f. m. a sin, an offence. PECADO'R, f. m. a sinner. PECADO'RA, f. f. a woman sin-

PECAMINO'SO, adj. finful. PECA'NTE, adj. peccant.

PECA'R, v. n. to fin, to offend.

Prov. Malo es pecar, y remalo perseverar, it is bad to sin, and devilish to persist in sin.

PE'CE, f. m. a fish.

PECECTICO,
PECECTICO,
PECECTICO,
Sc. m. a linle fish.

PECERO, adj. of a pitch-colour.
PECHA, f. f. corruptly for pecho.
PECHA'R, v. n. to pay a tax or
duty.

Pechardino de mánga, in cant, a cheat, between an inn-keeper and a rougue that makes a guest pay double for what he has.

PECHA'ZO, f. m. a great beaft. PECHE'RA, f. f. a piece of linea or cloth to cover the breaft.

PECHERI'A, f. f. the share of the tribute we are to pay; a poll-tax.

PECHE'RO, f. m. one that is liable to pay all taxes.

PECHI'NA, f. f. a fort of cockle-shell the pilgrims wear in their hats.

PE'CHO; f. m. the breaft, a woman's breaft; also tribute or tax.

Hombre de pecho, a man of courage and valour.

Pécho por tiérra, humbly, prostrate on the ground.

Descubrir su pechò, to discover one's tought.

Echarse un cantarro a péchos, to life up a pitcher, to drink unreasonably.

Tomár una cósa a péchos, to interest one's self in an affair,

Hombre de buén pécho, a well mean-

Ppp2

PECHUGA, f. f. the break or brack na part of a bird.

FECHUGUE'RA, f. f. the whole, breaft; a pain in the breaft; a sold fettled in it.

PECILGA'R, v. a. obf. v. PEL-LISCA'R:

PACILGO, f. m. vide PELLI'S-CO.

PECINA, f. f. a fish-pond.

PE'CORA, f. f. a fly cunning man; anciently cattle.

PECORE'A, f. f. pillaging of foldiers.

PECO'SO, adj. freckly.

PECTORA'L, adj. pedioral, good for the breaft; subflantively used, the cross bishops wear on their breaft; also armour, any defence for the breaft.

PECULA'DO, f. m. peculate probbery of the public money.

PECULIA'R, adj. one term. perculiar.

PECULIARME'NTE., adv. peculiarly.

PECULIO, f. m. that which is peculiarly a man's own, particularly that which a father allows a fon, or a mafter a flave to call his own.

PECUNIA, f. f. caoney.
PECUNIA'RIO, adj. pecuniary.
PECUNIO'SO, adj. wealthy.

PED.

PEDACICO, f. m. a little piece.

PEDACI'TO, f. m. idem.
PEDA'GE, f. m. vide PEA'GE.

PEDAGO'GO; f. m. a pedagogue, a school-master, a tutor.

PBDA'NEO; adj. that has a limited jurifdiction. Said of a petry judge,

PEDA'NTE , f. m. a pedant.

PEDANTERIA, f. f. pedantry, aukward oftentation of needlef; learning.

'PEDANTE'SCO, adj. pedantick, pedentical.

PEDANTISMO, f. m. the ignorance or herd of pedants.

PEDA'ZO, f. m. a bit, a piece, a fragment.

Peddito de pan, a bit of bread. PEDERNA'L, S. m. a fine.

PEDESTA'L, f. m. a pedestal for a statue, or other thing to stand. upon.

PEDE'STRE, adj. that goes on foot.

PEDICO'X, f. m. a hop, a jump upon one foot.

PEDIDO'R, (f. m. one that PEDIGO'N, asks.
PEDIGUE'āO, adj. one that is

PEDIGUE'ãO, adj. one that is always asking or begging.

PEDIME'NTO, f. m. a request.

PEDIR, v. a. to beg, to demand.

Pedbr raciones, to beg.

Prov. Pedir peras al olmo, to ask for pears of the elm-tree. To ask imposibilities.

PE'DO, f. m. a fart.

PEDORRE'RA, f. f. close trunkbreeches.

PADO'RRO, f. m. a farting fellow.

PEDRA'DA, f. f. a firoke of a flone; at play, it fignifies a counter, or one in reckoning.

Prov. Eso cáe como pedráda en 6jo de boticário, that is as fit as a thump with a stone in an apothecary's eye. To 'express a thing is very sit, or proper, as if apothethecaries deserved to be stoned.

PEDRE'A, f. f. the act offinging many stones at.

PEDRECI'LLA, PEDRECI'LLA, PEDRECI'LA,

PEDRE'GA, (f. m. any stony PEDREGA'L, | place.

PEDREGO'SO, adj. flony, full of flones.

PEDREAML, f. m. a firelock.
PEDRE'RA, f. f. a quarry where
frome is dug our.

PEDRERIA, f. f. a parcel of precious stones.

PEDRE'RO, f. m. a mason, Pedréro, a small piece of artillery so called;

PEDREZUE'LA, f. f. a little flone.

PEDRI'SCO, f. m. large hail.
PEDRO, f. m. in cant, a hairy kind of coat; also a bolt.
PEDRO'SO, adj. stony.

PEE.

PEE'R , v. n. to fart.

PEG

PB'GA, f. f. the pitching of a skin to make it hold liquor; also a composition to daub the cowstears, that the calves may not suck.

Pega, f. f. a magple.

Sable a la pega, to tafte of the pitch and rolin, as wine does that has been in the skin.

Dôme péga, jie mánche, darkte môte fin táche, shew me a magpie all of a colour, and I will shew you a maid without a fault, neither it to be found.

PEGADILLO, f. m. a small plas-

PEGADIZ?, adj. clammy, that will flick to any thing.

PEGADURA, f. f. flicking together, or the place or joint where two things flick together; also pitching and rosining of skins. PEGAJO'SO, adj. that is apt to flick to every thing, clammy, flicking.

Mal pegajóso, an infectious or contagious distemper.

PEGAMIE'NTO, f. m. flicking,

clinging; daubing with pitch. PEGA'R, v. a. to flick, to cling, to daub with pitch; also to in-

Pegar, to beat, to bang, to cud-

Pegar fuego, to set on fire.

Pegirfela à algúna, to cheat any body.

PE'GASO, f. m. the horse Pegafus, that poets feigned.

PEGATA, . f. a trick played to one.

PEGOTE, I. m. any flicking clammy thing.

PEGUJA'L, f. m. a flock of goods, cattle, or the like, given to a fon or a fervant for his own use; what such a one gets by his own industry; a man's own property.

PEI

PEINA'DA, f. f. combing, dreffing of hair.

PEINA'DO, f. m. a womanish man, the curling and dreffing of

PEINA'DOR, f. m. an hair-dreffer; also the lines put on in comb-

PEINADURA, f. m. combing; also the hairs falling in the comb.

PEINA'R, v. to comb, to drefs. PEINA'ZO, f. m. a large comb PEI'NE, f. m. a comb; also the upper part of the foot,

PEINERIA, f. f. the shop where they fell or make combs.

PEINE'RO, f. m. one who fells combs, or makes them.

PEL

PE'L, f. f. \forall . PIEL.

PELA, f. f. a boy richly dreffed.

PELA'DA, f. f. the sheep skin. PELADE'RA, f. f. a discase so

called, that makes all the bair. fall.

PELADI'LLA:, f. f. a large, finooth comfit; also a disease that makes the hair fall off,

Peladilla de arroyo, a pebbie-sto-

PELA'DO, adj. bald, pulled, that has the hair pulled off; bare.

PELADO'R, f. m. one that pulls off the hair, or makes bald.

PELADURA, f. f. a pilling or pulling off the hair.

PELA'GE. i. m. the head of hair, its colour or beauty.

PELA'IRE, f. m. a cloth-worker. a fuller, or one that teazes cloth with a teazel.

PELA'MBRE , f. m. pilling or: pulling off hair, baldness.

PELAMBRE'RA, f. f. a tan- pitto take the hair off the skins.

PELAME'SA, f. f. pulling, or tearing off hair.

PELAR, v. a. to pull off the hair, to make bald, to pull a fowl.

PELAZIA, f. f. a scuffle, a fray,

properly among women that tear the hair.

PBLE'A, f. f. fight, battle, combat.

PELEADO'R, f m. a fighter. PBLEA'R, v. n. to fight.

Pelear de fuera, to cannonade at a diffance, as ships do.

PELECHA'R., v.n. to breed new bair; to flock, to enrich, to give a new fleece.

PELENDE'NGUES, f. m. pl. knots of ribbands women wore on their heads about their ears.

PELIAGU'DO, adj. sharp-haired; fo they call the kid, calf, and rabbit; also intricate, etangled. Hombre peliagúdo , a very fly man. PELIBLA'NDO, adj. that has very foft hairs.

PELICA'NO, adj. grey-haired. Pelicano, f. m. a pelican.

PELI'CO, f. m. a jerkin shepherds wear, made of sheep - skins with the wool on.

PELICO'RTO, adj. short-haired. PELILA'RGO, adj. long-haired.

PELIFO'RRA, f. f. a whore, a profitute, a strumpet.

PELIGRA'R, v. n. to be in dan-

PELFGRO, f. m. danger.

PELIGROSAME'NTE, adv. dangerously.

PELIGRO'SO, adj. dangerous. PELILLO, f. m. a little hair.

Echar pelillos a la mar, to forget what is past,

PELINE'GRO, adj. black-haired. PELIQUE'RO, f. m. a skinner. a leather-dreffer or feller.

PELITEA'DO, adj. shadowed. drawn with a pencil or coal.

PELITRE, f. m. the herb pelli-

PE'LLA, f.f. a pellet, a ball, a maß of any thing.

Pella de nière, a snow-ball.

Pella de mantera, a print or a lump of butter.

Prov. Si esta pella a la paria no pega , aloménos dezará feñal , if. this does not flick to the wall, yet it will leave a mark; that is, if you abuse any man very much, though all be not believed, yet fome impression k will make; in

a better fenfe, though what one labours for , has not all the intended effect, yet will be of some

PELLA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fnow ball, or the like, also 2 trowelful of mortar.

No dar pelláda, en la obra, not to work a stroke, not to lay one tro- : wel of morrar on the work.

PELLEJA, f. f. a skin or hide; . but properly that which has wool or hair on it. Metaph, a ftrum - . pet.

PELLEJERI'A, f. f. the place where skins or hides are fold. a great quantity of skins or hides.

PELLEJE'RO, f. m. a skinner, a. leather - seller or dresser, a cus-

PELLE'10, f. m. a skin or hide also a skin to carry vine or other liquor in.

Mudár el pellejo, to change one's skin, as the fnake does; to alter one's condition.

Dexar el pellejo en la demánda, to die in the cause.

PELLI'CA, f. f. a quik made o fine furs.

PEILICE'RO, f. m. v. PELLE-JERO.

PELLICO, f. m. the skin wore by: shep herds.

PELLISCADO'R, f. m., the perfor who pinches.

PELLISCA'R, v. a. to pinch; al-To to fteal.

PELLI'SCO, f. m. a pinch. Der un pellifee, to give a pinch.

PELLO'N. (f. m. an ancieng PELLOTE, garment that

was fo called. any thing he PELMA, f. f.

PELMA'ZO, f. m. (avy and looking as if trodden on.

PE'LO, C. m. hair.

Péle mále, bad hair; a bad flate or condition, ill circumstances; Pélo de camillo, camelot.

Pélo artisa, against the hair or grain; Pélo abazo, with the hair or grain. Polo de cofre, red hair.

Ir a pêlo, to go with the hair or with the grain; faid when bad Dels Roes Aeif

Hacer que venga a pelo, to make a thing fit.

Ir a pospilo, to go against the hair or grain.

Estar en pélo, to be naked.

Dar la bestia en pilo, to give a beast without a saddle.

Prov. De tal pélo ni gâto ni pêrro, neither dog nor cat red-haired.

Prov. El pelo muda la raposa, mas el naturál no desposa, the fox changes hair, but not his nature. "Terciopelo, s. m. velvet.

Péles à le mar, a sport among children.

PELO'N, f. m. a pairry fellow, a fcoundrel; a bald man.

PELO'NA, f. f. a disease that makes the hair fall off.

PELONERI'A, f. f. poverty, meannels, baseness.

PELO'SA, f. f. in cant, a blanker or covering.

PELOSO, adj. hairy.

PEIO'TA, f. f. a ball, a bullet; a wild wench.

Jugár a la pelóta, to play at ball.

Pelòta de viénto, a ball filled with
wind like our foot-ball.

Estar en pelota, to be naked.

Pelota, a fort of garment used formerly.

PELOTA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a bail.

PELOTE, f. m. goat-hair use to suff chairs and other things.

PELOTEA'R, v. n. to play at ball, to play at tennis.

Pelotearse, v. r. to quarre., to fight.

PELOTERIA, f. f., a heap of

PELOTE'RO, f. m. one that fells or makes balls, or that delivers balls at the tennis-court; also a fray or souffle, in which they pull one another by the hair; also a little insect that grabbles in

PELOTELLA, f. f., a little ball or buller, a pellet or little bottom of yarn, thread, or the like.

PELOTO'N, f. m. a large ball.
PELTA, f. f. a kind of shield used
by the ancients.

PELTRA'BA, f. f. a cant word for a wallet,

PELTRE, f. m. pewter.

PELTRE'RO, f. m: a pewtorer.

PELU'CA, f. f. a peruke or perriwig.

PELUCON, f. m. a large wig; alfo one who wears fuch wig.

PELUDO, adj. hairy.

PELUQUERI'A. f. f. a shop where they make and fell wigs.

PELUQUE'RO, f. m. a perriwigmaker or dreffer.

PELUQUIN, f. m. a bag-wig.
PELU'SA, f. f. a fur, a hining
of a garment of furs, also weatth.

PEN

PE'NA, f. f. pain, trouble, forrow; punishment, a fine.

So péna de la vida, upon pain of life.

Pinas , pl. in cant , the galleys.

Pénas de camára, fines to the king.

A pénas, hardly, scarcely, with
much ado.

PENA'CHO, f. m. the creft of a helmet, a plume of feathers, or other such topping on the head.

Penácho de ciérvo, a deer's attire or horns.

PENADAME'NTB, adv. v. PE-NOSAME'NTE.

PENADI'LLO, adj. that affords drink with difficulty.

PENAL, adj. penal, afflicting, troublefome,

PENALIDA'D, f'f. pain, trouble, affliction.

PENA'R, v. n. to punish, to fine; also to be in pain forrow, or another.

Penárse, v. r. to be grieved, to be in affliction.

PENATES, f. m. those gods that were worshipped at home, the housholdgods.

PE'NCA, f. f. the flalk of a lettece, colewore, thiftle, or the like; also a broad piece of sole leather, with which the hangmen whip malefactors.

PENCA'R, v.a. to whip at the cart's tail.

PENCA'ZO, f. m. a fisoke with a pénca.

PENCHICARDA, f. f. as i tomb

de penchicarda, in cant, to make a fray in a tavera in order to get off scotfree.

PENCURLA, f. f. in cant, a who-

PENDA'NGA, f. f. a ftrumpet, a harlot.

PENDE'JO, f. m. the hair about the privy parts.

Pendejo, f. m. a coward.

Es un pendejo, he is a coward.

PENDE'NCIA, f. f. a quarrel, & fray a controversy.

PENDENCIA'R, v. n. to raile a quarrel or fray.

PENDENCIE'RO, f. m. a quarrelfome person.

PENDE'R, v. n. to depend.

PENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging, depending.

PENDOJA, f. f. obf. a writing-

PENDO'LA, f. f. a pen; also the pendulum of a clock of watch.

PENDOLE'RO, edj. hanging, that

PENDOLISTA, f. m. a quick

PENDO'N, f. m. a cornet, a peanon, a flandard, a fireamer in a ship.

Pendón de tabérna, a tavern-bush.

Acudir a pendón herido, to come in
to affist where there is great need;
as when a standard is in great
danger of being taken by the enemy.

PENDONCILLO, f. m. a little banner, pennon, freamer.

PE'NDULO, adj. hanging, that hangs

PENEDE'NCIA, f. f. obf. v. PE-NITENCIA.

PENEDENCIA'I, f. m. obf. a religious person that does penance.

PENE'DO, f. m. obf. a rock.

PENETRABILIDA'D, f.f. penetrability, susceptibility of penetra-

PENETRA'BLE, adj. penetrable, that can be entered on penetrated.

PENETRACIO'N, f. f. penetration, piercing through.

PENETRAR, v. a. to pierce through, to penetrate.

PENETRATI'VO, adj. piercing.

PLNGUIN, f. m. a bird found about the Streights of Magellan, and other fouthern countries.

PENI'NSULA, f. f, a peninfula, a place encompassed by the sea, except on one part where it joins to the continent.

PENITE'NCIA : f. f. penance, penitence, repentance.

PENITENCIADO, adj. penanced, that has a penance imposed. on him; faid of one that has been in the Inquisition, and comes out with an obligation of performing a certain penance for his offence. PENITENCIA'L, adj. penisen-

PENITENCIA'R, v. a. to impose a penance.

PENITENCIARIA, f. f. an office at Rome, so called from whence the bulls, pardons, indulgesces, &c, are fent.

PENITENCIA'RIO, f. m. a penitentiary, one that imposes penances.

PENITE'NTE, f. m. a penitent. PENOSAME'NTE, adv. painful-

PENO'SO., adj. painful.

PENSADO, adj, thought on, confidered, weighed.

PENSAMIE'NTO, 6 m. at hought; . in cant, an eating-house.

En un pensamiento, quickly...

No me passa por el pensamiénto, I have no thought of it.

PENSA'R, v. a. to think; to give cattle their allowance.

Pensar no es sabér, to think is not knowledge. To fai I thought, shows ignorance.

PENSATIVO, adj. thoughtful. PENSE'QUE, a vulgar word, that means, I thought it.

PENSIE'R, f. m. the herb sneezewort; also the herb knapweed or mætfellon.

PE'NSIL, I. m. garden in the air; any beautiful garden.

PENSIO'N, f. f. a pension; metaph, an incumbrance, a trouble. PENSIONA'R, v. a. to impole any troublesome obligation.

PENSIONA'RIO, f. m. he that pays the pension; he that receives **发**别 8 Y

PENSIONI'STA, f. m. a pensio-

PENSO'SO. adj. thoughtful. PENTA'GONO, f. m. a pentagon,

a figure with five angles,

PENTA'METRO, f. m. a pentameter, a Latin verse of five feet. PENTATEU'CO, f. m. the Pedtateuch, the five first books of Mofes.

PENULTIMO, adj. the last but

PENUMBRA, f. f. an imperfect shadow.

PENURIA, C. f. penury, want.

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PE'AA, f. f. a rock, a ftony hill, or piece of a mountain.

Péñas váras, y peñas grifes, names of ancient rich garments, at prefent unknown.

PEñASCA'L, f. m. a rocky, place PEnA'SCO, f. m. a great or maffive stone; also a fort of filk stuff wore by women in fummer

PEñASCO'SO, adj. rocky. PERATA, f. f. the bird, called,

fieldfare.

PERTSCOLA, f. f. a peniulula, or a small place, more than a rock and less than an island. PEñO, f. m. obf. a pledge.

PEROL, f. m. a great rock; also the end of the ship's yard, PE'nOLA, f. f. vide PE'NÖLA.

PEnQ'N, f. m. a great rock, PEnO'SO, adj. rocky.

Territor premiera

PEON, f. m. a foot-foldier ; la day-labourer; a pawn at ches; a top, such as boys whip.

Peon de albanil, a day-labourer. PEONADA', I. f. a job for a labourer, a day's work.

PECNAGE, f. m. a company of men on foot.

PEONERIA, f. f. as much ground as may be tilled in one day. PEONE'RO, f. m. a pioneer in an army.

PEONIA, f. f. a plant fo called. PEO'NZA, f. f., a top, fuch as boys whip; also a very short mai

PEO'R, comp. of. malo, worfe. Ir de mal en peor, to grow worfe and worfe. PEORI'A, f. f. growing worfe,

P. B P

PEPIA'N., f. m. kid of lamb cu in small pieces and stewed.

PEPINA'R, f. m. the cucumberground.

PEPINA'ZO, f. m. a blow of a cucumber.

PEPI'NILLO , C m. a little cucu m ber.

PEPHNO, f. m. 4 choumber.

Pepinos rellénos, fluffed cucumbers, or with a pudding ful them. PEPIQ'N, f. m. an angient gold

PEPI'TA, f. f. the pip. in a hen ; ne a kernet or feed inf. an apple orange, melon, cucumber, or the like, A to the telephone

No téner peplia, to talk all that comes uppermost, to have no referve, but tell all one knows.

PEPITO'RIA, f. f. the giblets of a goofe or other fowl; also a mixing of any thing.

PEPO'N, f. m. a pompion.

PEQ

PEQUERE'Z, f. f. smallness, lictlenefs.

PEQUEATO, adj. very little. PEQUENO, adj. little, fmall. PEQUENUE'LO, adj. very dittle.

Registors and markets.

PE'RA, f. f. a pear.

Péra abegadéra, a ichoaking pear. Péra bergomóta, a bergomot pear. PERA'DA, f. f. conferve of puers PERA'ILE, f. m. vide PELA'IRE

PERA'L f m, a pear-tree Peral Tylveffre , a wild pegs-tree.

PERALE'DA, f, f, a grover or orchard of pear-trees.

PERANTON, f. m. a plant for called.

PERAZA, f.f. a great pear. PERTANCES, f, m. pl, perquita tes , valls ; profits

PERCEBIR, v. a. to perceive. PERCEPCIO'N, f. f. perception. PERCFPTIBLE, adj. perceptible, that can be perceived.

PE'RCHA, f. f. a pole, a perch, a ratier of a house, a prop of a vine.

Percha de la Ala, among failers, a broom, a long pole to forced out the clew of the studding fail.

Pérchas, snares to catch partidges or other birds.

Officiales de la pércha, traders or workmen: bélonging to the wool or woollen manufacture.

PERCHADO, f. m. a prop, a perch.

PERCIBER, v. a. to receive; alfo to preceive, to know.

PERCUDIR, v. a. to spoil, to disturb, to break.

PERCUSSION, f. f. percussion, ftroke.

PERCUSSO'R, f. m. he who firikes or wounds.

PERDE'R, v. a. to lose, to mis. Perdérse, v. r. to lose one's self.

Perdérse el camino, to lose one's

PERDICION, f. f. perdition, loss, destruction.

PE'RDIDA, f. f. lofs, damage.

Ir a pérdida y gandinia, to go share,
with another at lofs or gain.

PERDIDAME'NTE, adv. desperately, villainously.

PERDIDI'LLO, f. m. a little wicked fellow.

PERDIDIZO, adj. apt to be loft, often loft.

PERDI'DO, f. m. a wicked person past reclaiming.

PERDIDO'SO, adj. that loses.

PERDIGATOO, f. m. a person that has been punished by the Inquisition.

PERDIGA'R, ▼. s. to broll on the ceals.

PERDIGOW, F. m. a young parendge.

Perdigónes], pl. shot to kill birds with.

PERDIGUE'RO, f. m. à fettingdog.

PERDIMIE'NTO, f. m. loss, deficacion, associate describion.

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PERDIZ; f. frá partridge. Perdiz chocha, a wood-cock.

Prov. La perdiz es perdida, fi caliénte no es comida, a pratridge is spoiled if not eaten hot.

Prov. Con la perdiz, la mano en la nariz, the patridge is most eatable when tainted.

PBRDO'N, f. m. pardon, forglgiveness.

PERDONABIE, adj. pardonable.

PERDONADO'R , C. m. pardo-

PERDONA'NZA , f. f. obf. vid. PERDO'N.

PERDONAIR, v. a. to pardon, to forgive.

PERDONAVIDAS, f. m. a bully, a hedor.

PERDULAGRIO, f. m. a lewd

PERDURA'BLB, adj. everlaf-

PERDURABLEME'NTE, adv.

PERECE'AR; v. n. to be idle or lazy in doing any thing.

PERECEDE'RO, adj. perishable,

per will perish.

PERECE'R, v. n. to perish.

PERECIMIE'NTO, f. m. perish-

PEREGIL, f. m. parsley. Peregil de mar, samphire.

Peregli Macedónico, the herbalifande rs.

PEREGRINACIO'N, f. f. a peregrination, a pilgrimage.

PEREGRINA'GE , f. m. pilgrimage.

PEREGRINAME'NTE, adv. in a fine manner.

PEREGRINA'R, v. n. to travel, to go a pilgrimage.

PEREGRINO, f. m. a pilgaim a stranger.

Reregrino, adj. rare, feldom feen, eminently fine or beautiful.

PEREMPTORIAME'NTE, ed.

PEREMPTO'RIO, adj. percepp-tory.

PERENDE'JA, C. f. a. firect-wal

PERENDE'NGUES, f. m. pl. v.
PELENDENGUES.

PERENNA'I, adj. per petual, con-

Fuente perennal, a running spring that is never dry.

Ibco perennal, one that is continually mad, without any lucid intervals.

PERENNALMENTE, adv. per. perually, continually.

PERE'NNE, adj. perpetual, continual.

Un tôco perinne, a madman without i ntervals.

PERENNE ME'NTE, adv. inceffantly, without diffeonimity.

PERENNIDA'D; f. f. continuity, incessant motion forwards, perpensity.

PERENTU'RIO, adj. vide PE-'REMPTO'RIO.

PEREXIL . f. m. vide PERE-GIL.

PERE'ZA, f. f. floth, lazinefs., Prov. Pireza Uave de problea floth is the key to proverty; the way to grow poor.

PEREZOSAME'NTE, adv. flothfbHy', 'labily'.

PEREZO'SO, adj. flothful, lazy. PERFECCIO'N, Y. f. perfection PERFECTAME'NTE, adv. perfectly.

PERFE'CTO, adj. perfect.

PERFICIONA'R, v. a. to finish, to bring to perfection.

PERFIDIA; f. f. perfidiousness, falsehood, treachery.

PE'RFIDO, adj. perfidious, false, treacherous.

PERFIL, f. m. the outline of a picture of draught; in architecture, the fide perspective of a fructure.

R'ofiro de médio perfil., a side sace in painting.

PEFILA'DO, f. m. a grave formal person.

PERFILADURA, f. f. the drawing the first lines of a picture.

PERFILA'R, v. a, to draw the first lines of a picture; also to make any work about the edger of a thing.

PERFUMADOR, f. m. a perfu-

PERFUMA'R, v. a. to perferme.

PERFJME

PERFU'ME, f. m. perfume, fweet fcent.

PERFUMERI'A, f. f. a perfumer's shop.

PERFUME'RO, f. m. a perfumer; a pan to burn perfumes in.

PERGAMINO, f. m. parchment. PERICIA, f. f. skill.

PERICO, f. f. skill.

PERICO, f. m. a fort of parrot
little bigger than a thresh and

little bigger than a thrush, and green.

PERICRAINED A.C. p. chapter.

PERICRA'NEO, f. m. the peri-PERICRA'NIO, cranium, a membrane that is about the skull.

PERIFO'LIO, f. m. an herb called chervil.

Perifólios, ribbands and other or naments used by women in dreffing.

PERIGA'LLOS, f. m. the cock's gills; the thin flaps of skin that hang under the chin of very old or lean persons.

PERFILA, f. f. a little pear.

PERILLA'N, f. m. a wandering idle fellow.

PERI'LLOS, f. m. a kind of sweet paste.

PERINO'LA, f. f. a totum, a long piece of flick or ivory, which boys twirl about with their fingers, and make it spin like a top.

PERIO'DICO, adj. periodick, periodical.

PERIO'DO, f. m. a period, a full ftop; also the end of duration.

PERIPATE'TICO, f. m. a peripatetick, one of Aristotle's disciples

PERIPHE'RIA, f. f. periphery, circumference.

PERIPHRASEA'R, v. a. to periphrafe, to express one word by many.

PERIPHRASIS, f. f. a periphrafis; a circumlocution, use of many words to express the sense of one.

PERIQUILLOS, f. m. pl. a kind of fweetmeat.

PERITQ, adj. skilful.

PERITONEO, f. m. the peritoneum; it is a thin and foft membrane which encloses all the bo-

wels, and lies immediately under the muscles of the lower belly.

PERJUDICA'R, v. a. to prejudice, to damage, to hurt, to wrong. PERJUDICIA'L, adj. prejudicial, hurtful.

PERJUICIO, f. m. prejudice, damage, wrong, hurt.

PERJURADO'R, f. m. a perjured person, one that will forswear himself.

PERJURA'R, w. n. to forfwear, or fwear faile.

PERJU'RIO, f. m. perjury.

PERJURO, f. m. a fortworn perfon, a perjured man.

PE'RLA, f. f. a pearl.

PERLA'DO, f. m. (corruptly for preládo) a prelate.

RERIATICO, adj. troubled with the palfy.

PERLESI'.4, f. f. the palfy.

PERLICA, C. f. a little pearl.

PERLONGA'R, ▼ n. to fail along the coaft.

PERMANECE'R, v. n. to remain, to continue, to last.

PERMANE'NCIA, f. f. flay; durability, duration.

PERMANE'NTE, adj. permanent, lasting, durable.

PERMISSION, f. f. permission, fusierance.

PERMISSIVO, adj. permissible, what may be permitted.

PERMI'SSO, f. m. leave, licence, allowance, grant.

Permifo, p. p. of permitter.

PERMISSO'R, f. m. one who gives licence or permits.

PERMITI'DO, adj. lawful.

PERMITIDO'R, f. m. who permits.

PERMITI'R, v. a. to permit, to fuffer, to allow.

PERMIXTIO'N, f. f. permixtion; the act of mixing.

PERMUTA, f. f. changing of ecclefiaftical benefices.

PERMUTACION, f. f. change, alteration.

PERMUTA'R, v. a. to permute, to exchange.

PERNA'DA, f. f. a fling with the leg, a kick.

PERNEA'R, v. n. to kick, to shake the legs, as a man does that is hanged.

PER

Perneár en la hôrea, to be hanged. PERNIABIE'RTO, adj. openlegged.

PERNICIOSAME'NTE, adv. perniciously.

PERNICIO'SO, adj. pernicious, destructive.

PERNIL, f. m. the leg, the gammon.

Pernil de tecino, a gammon of bacon, a ham.

PE'RNIOS, f. m. pl. hinges for doors or windows, or the like.

PERNIQUEBRA'R, v. a. to break the legs.

PE'RNOS, f. m. pl. iron pins or great nails, fuch as are used in shipping, or to fasten timbers

PERNOCTA'R, v. n. to pass the night in a place; to set up all the night.

PERO, adv. but, yet.

PERO, f. m. a pear - tree, also a fort of apple like a pear.

PEROGRULLA'DA, f. f. an evident truth.

PERO'L, f. m. a copper pan, such as the confectioners use to make their sweetmeats in.

PERORACION, f. f. peroration; the conclusion of an oration.

PERORA'R, v. n. to conclude an oration or speech; also to ask with importunity.

PERPENDICULAR, adj. perpendicular, upright.

PERPENDICULARME'NTE adv. perpendicularly.

PERPETRACION, f. f. peoper tration, fact.

PERPETRADO'R, f. m. he that perpetrates or commits.

PERPETRA'R, v. a. to perpetrate, to commit, to do.

PERPE'TUA, f.f. a flower fo cal-

PERPETUAME'NTE, adv. perperually.

PERPETUA'NA, f. f. a fort of ferge.

PERPETUA'R, v. a. to perper tuate, to continue.

PERPETUIDA'D, f. f. perpetuity continuance.

Q 9 9

PERPE TUO, adj. perpetual, continual, lasting.

PER

PERPIAROS, f. m. pl. the great stones that reach quite trough a

PERPLEXAME'NTE, adv. perplexly.

PERPLEXIDA'D, f. f. perplexity, trouble, anxiety.

PERPLE'XO, adj. perplexed, troubled.

PERPUNTE, f. m. armour of filk quilted with some chains or pieces of iron flitched in it; a doublet.

PERQUE', f. m. a lampoon or fcandalous libel.

PERQUIRI'R, v. a. to search.

PE'KRA, f. f. a bitch.

Pérra salla, s. f. f. a proud bitch.

PERRA'DA, f. f. many dogs together.

PERRAME'NTE, adv. wickedly, in a very bad manner.

PERRA'ZO, f. m. a great dog PERRE'NGUE, f. m. one that grows easily angry.

PERRE'RA, f. f. a dog-kennel. PE'RRERI'A, f. f. a place where they keep dogs.

Declr perrerias a algúno, to call one

PERRE'RO, f. m. a dog-keeper. one that whips the dogs out of great churches.

Perréro, adj. fit for the dogs.

Mûla perréra, a poor jade of a mule that is fit for the dogs.

PERRE'ZNO, f. m. a puppy.

PERRILLO, f. m. a little dog.

Perrillo de falda, or faldeio; a little lap-dog.

Perrillo de múchas bodas, a John among the maids; on ethat thrust s himself into all feasts.

PERRITO, f. m. a little dog. Herrito faldéro, f. m. a lap-dog. PE'RRO, s. m. a dog.

Pérro de rastro, a blood-hound.

Perre de muestra, a setting dog.

Perro lanúdo, a shock-dog, a water-spaniel.

Perro de ayuda, a fierce dog that will keep the house and defend his mafter.

Férra sabuéso, a large kound.

Pérro con cencérro, a dog with a bell; a servant that has a wife.

Dar pérro, to cheat, to deceive. Ponerse como un pérro, to fall in a pattion.

Prov. A Perro viejo núnca tus, tus; no catching of old birds with chaff.

Prov. Perro ladrador núnca buen cazador, a barking dog never bites.

Prov. A biro pérro con ésse huésso, throw that bone to another dog, put that trick upon another, it will not take with me.

Prov. Quién con pérros se écha, con pulgas se levanta, he who lies down with dogs, rifes with fleas; lie with beggars and you will be loufy.

PERROCHIA, f. f. obf. vide PARRO'CHIA.

PERRUNO, adj. doggish, of, or belonging to a dog.

PERSECUCION f. f. persecution. PERSEGUIDOR, f. m. persecutor. PERSEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. perfecuting.

PERSEGUIR, v. a. to persecute. PERSEVA'NTE, f. m. poursuivant at arms.

PERSEVERA'NCIA, f. f. perseverance.

Prov. La perseveráncia tóda cósa alcanza, perseverance obtains all things.

PERSEVERA'R , v. n. to perfe-

PERSIA'NA, f. f. a kind of filk stuff so called.

PERSICARIA, f. f. the herb lakeweed.

PERSIGNA'RSE, v. r. to make the fign of the cross upon onefelf with one's hand.

PE'RSIGO, f. m. a peach; also the fish called a pearch.

PERSISTE'NCIA, f. f. persistence, continuance.

PERSISTI'R, v. n. to persift, to continue, to fland in any thing. PERSO'NA, f. f. a person.

Prov. De persona callada arriédra tu morada, remove your dwelling at a diffance from a filent person. They who talk least, generally observe most; and therefore take heed of them.

Prov. Con mala persona el remédio, múcha tiérra en médio, the remedy against an ill person is much land between; that is, to keep at a great diffance from fuch people.

Prov. De persona béoda no fies tu bolfa, do not trust your purse with a drunken person.

PERSONA'GE, f. m. a perfonage, a considerable person, a man or woman of eminence.

PERSONA'L, adj. personal.

PERSONALIDA'D , f. f. perfonality.

PERSONALME'NTE . adv. perfonally, in person.

PERSONE'RO, f. m. obf. one that represents the person of ans other: an attorney

PERSPECTIVA, (f. f. perspec-PERSPETIVA. C tive, the art of drawing things so that they appear to the fight at their proper distances and in due proportions.

PERSPICA'CIA, f. f. sharpness of fight or understand.

PERSPICA'Z, adj. sharp-fighted. PERSPICUIDA'D, f. f. perspicuity.

PERSPI'CUO, adj. plain, ealy to be discerned or understood.

PERSUADI'R, v. a. to persuade. Persuadusse, v. r. to persuade one-

PERSUASIBLE, adj. that may be perfuaded.

PERSUASION, f. f. persuasion. PERSUASI'VO, adj. persuasive.

PERTENECE'R, v. n. to belong, to appertain.

PERTENE'NCIA, f. f. what belongs or appertains to any one.

PL'RTICA, f. f. a perch, a pole to measure with, a cross beam or piece of timber.

PE'RTIGA, f. f. the pole of a care that runs betwixt the two oxen or horses that draw.

PERTIGUE'RO, f. m. a verget of a church.

Pertiguére mayor, formerly chief stand and bearer: a chief justice.

PERTINA'CIA, f. f. obstinacy stubbornness, perversamels.

PERTINAZ, adj. obstinate, stub. born, politive, perverle,

PERTINE'NTB, adj. proper, pertinent.

PERTINENTEME'NTE, adv. pertinently, to the purpose.

PERTRECHA'R, v. a. to furnish, to provide, to flore; also to mend or repair.

PERTRE'CHOS, f. m. pl. furniture, stores necessaries.

PERTURBACIO'N, f. f. perturbation, trouble, vexation.

PERTURBADOR, f. m. the person who disturbs or perplexes. PERTURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to disturb, to disquiet, to vex. PERVERSAME'NTE, adv. perversely.

PERVERSIDA'D, f. f. perverse-

PERVE'RSO, adj. perverse, incorrigible, untoward.

PERVERTIDO'R, C. m. a per-

PERVERTI'R, v. a. to pervert. PERUE'TANO, f. m., a choak pear, a Wild pear, or the tree that bears it.

PERULE'RO, f. m. a native of Peru; any person that comes rich from thence.

Rico cómo un Berulero, as rich as a Peruvian.

PES

PE'SA, f. f. a weight to weigh with. PESA'DA, f. f. obf. vide BESA-DILLA.

PESADAME'NTE, adv. heavily, forrowfully.

PESADE'Z, f. f. heavines, fatness in person; pain, grief, trouble. PESADI'LLA, f. f. the night-mare, also a heaviness or drowsiness.

PESA'DO, adj. weighty, heavy, troublesome, sorrowful.

 $m{PESADO'R}$, $m{f}$, $m{m}$, $m{a}$ weigher. PESADUMBRE, f. m. trouble,

grief, forrow. PE'SAME, it grieves me. Dar el pesame, to condole with.

PESA'R, v. a. to weigh. Pefer, v. n. to have a value for.

Pesar, v. n. to be sorry for.

Pefár, f. m. grief, forrow, trouble, depression of spirits.

PESARO'SO, adj.forrowful, troubled, grieved.

PE'SCA, f. f. fishing or fishery; and all forts of fish in general. PESCA'DA, f. f. a large fort of. fish, not unlike fresh cod. Pescáda en róllo, salt cod.

PES

PESCADERIA, f. f. the fishmarket

PESCADE'RO, f. m. a fishmon-

PESCADILLO, f. m. a little fish. PESCA'DO, f. m. fish.

PESCA'DOR, f. m. a fisherman.

Prov. Pescador de caña mas come que gána, an angler eats more than he gains; that is, angling cannot maintain a man.

Prov. Pescador de anzuelo, a su cása va con duélo, an angler goes home with forrow, because he cannot get enough to maintain his family.

PESCA'R, v. a. to fish. PESCOZO'N, f. m. a blow on the

PESCUDA, f. f. a question, an enquiry.

PESCUDA'R, v. n. to ask to queftion, to enquire.

PESCUEZU, f. m. the neck. PESE'BRE, f. m. a manger.

PESEBRE'RA, f. m. the mangerrange.

PESEBRO'N, f. m. the coach-box. PESE'TA, f. f. a filver coin about the value of a shilling.

PESGA, f. f. v. PESA, and PESO.

PE'SIA'TA'I! an interj. odds my

PE'SO, f. m. weight; also a pair of scales.

Pefo, a filver coin worth about four shillings and fix pence.

Contra peso, a counterpoise.

Hómbre de péso, a sober grave man. Traér en péso, to support, to maintain; also to have power over.

Prov. El péjo y la medida sacan al hombre de porfia, weight and measure case a man from controverfy.

PESO'LES, f. m. pl. obf. French

PESPITA, f. f.f. 7 the bird called a wag-PESPITALO, f.m. \ mil.

PESPUNTA'R, v. a. to fitch, as

they do fine caps, waistcoats, or

PESPU'NTE, f. m. fine flitching. back-flich.

PESQUE'RA, f. f. a fishing-place, a wear in a river.

PESOUE RI'A, f. f. a fishery.

PESQUERI'R, v. a. obf. v. PER-QUIRI'R.

PESQUI'SA, s. f. fearch, enquiry examination.

PESQUISA'R, v. a. to fearch, to enquire, to examine.

PESQUISIDO'R, f. m. an examiner, one appointed to examine or enquire into any matter.

Jutz pesquisidor, a judge that has commission to enquire into some particular offences.

PESSIMAME'NTE, adv. in 2 very bad manner.

PE'SSIMO, adj. the worst, very

PESTA'nAS, f. f. pl. the eyelashes, the hair on the eyelids: also ans edging or welt on a garment.

PESTAREAR, v. a. to move the eyelids.

No pestañear, to look so earnestly that the eyelids do not move 2 metaphor, to stand quite still.

PE'STE, f. f. plague, pestilence PESTIFERO, adj. pestiferous, pestilent, contagious, plaguy. PESTILE'NCLA, f. f. pestilence;

the plague. PESTILENCIA'L, adj. pestilen-

tial, contagious. PESTILE'NTE, adj. pestilent ,

plaguy. PESTILLO, f. m. the bolt of #

door; a pestle to a mortar. Pestillo de gólpe, the bolt of «

fpring-loock. PESTORE'JO, subs. m. a great

brawny neck.

PESTOREJO'N, f. m. a blow on the neck.

PESUAA, f. f. a foot or claw of a beaft; a fo a disease in a horse called the fashions.

PET

PETACA, f. f. a hamper, a great

PETARDE'AR, v. a. to blow up gates or barriers with petards; all

Qqq 2

to ask money lent with design of cheating.

PETARDE'RO, f. m. he that makes or applies a petard.

Petardéro, in cant, a knight of the industry, a borrower.

PETA'RDO, f. m. a military engine of mischief so called.

PETATE, f. m. a llar, a cheat.

PETICIO'N, f. f. petition, request. PETI'LLO, f. m. a stomacher.

PETIME'TRE, f. m. a beau, a fop.

PETI'S, f. m. a name given to a little dog.

PE'TO, f. m. a breaft-plate.

PETRA'L, f. m. a breast-place for a horse.

PETRIFICACION, f. f. a petrification.

PETRIFICA'R, v. a. to petrefy, to make hard as frome.

PETRI'L, f. m. a rail to lean the breast on,

PETRI'NA, f. f. a broad girdle worn under the breast.

PETROLE'O, f. m. a liquid bitumen, black, floating on the water of fprings.

PETULA'NCIA, f. f. infolence, fauciness, impudence.

PETULA'NTE, adj. petulant, faucy, impudent, perverse.

PEX

PE'XE, f. m. fish; also a fly cunning fellow.

PEZ

PBZ, f. f. or m. pitch; also a fish. Pez espada, the sword-fish.

Per volador, the flying-fish.

Prov. Quien peces quiere, moja fe tiène, he that will catch fish, must wet himself; nothing to be got without trouble.

PEZO'N, f. m. a nipple. PEZPITA, f. f.

PEZPITALO, f. m. PES-

PHA

PHALANGE, f. f. te Macedonian phalanx, a body, of foot drawn up fquare.

PHALANGIO, f. m. an infect, and a plant fo called.

PHA'LARIS, f. f. a kind of, duck fo called.

PHALE'UCO, f. m. a kind of La-

tin verse.

PHANTASE'AR, v. n. to fancy, to imagine.

PHANTASI'A, f. f. fancy, image, conception, thought; also pride, haughtiness.

Phantafiá, caprice, humour, whim; also frolick, idle scheme.

PHANTASIO'SO, adj. fantastick, capriclous, humourous.

PHANTA'SMA, f. f. a phantom, a false apparition or vision; a a proud person.

PHANTASMO'N, f. m. a proud firutting fellow.

PHANTASTICAME'NTE, adv. fantaftically.

PHANTA'STICO, adv. fantaffical; haughty, proud.

PHARISA'ICO, relating to Pharifices.

PHARISAI'SMO, s. m. the sect of the Pharisees.

PHARISE'O, f. m. a Pharifee; a wicked perfon.

PHARMACE'UTICO, adj. pharmaceutic, relating to pharmacy. PHARMACI'A, f. f. pharmacy,

the art or trade of making medicines.

PHA'RMACO, f. m. a medicine.
PHARMACOPE'A, f. f. a pharmacopoeia, a differniatory, a book with rules how to make medicines.
PHARMACO'POLA, f. m. a pharmacopolift, an apothecary.

PHA'SES, f. f. phasis, appearance exhibited by any body, as the changes of the moon.

PHE

PHEBE'O, adj. belonging to the fun.

PHEBO, f. m. a poetical name for the fun.

PHENICOPTERO, f.m. a phenicopter, a kind of bird.

PHE'NION, f. m. anemone, the wind-flower.

PHE'NIX, f. m. the phenix that fabulous bird supposed to exist, single, and to rife again from its own ashes.

PHENO'MENO, f. m. a phenomenon a visible quality.

PHI

PHILA'NTHROPO, f. m. an herb fo called.

PHILAU'CIA, f. f. felf-love.

PHILOLOGIA, f. f. philology, criticism.

PHILOLO'GICO, adj. philologi-

PHILO'LOGO, f. m. a philologer. PHILOME'NA, f. m. philomel, the nightingale.

PHILOSOPHAL, adj. philosophi-

Piedra philosophal, the philosopher's frome.

PHILOSOPHAR, v. n. to philofophize, to play the philosopher. PHILOSOPHI'A, s. f. philosophy. PHILOSOPHICAME'NTE, adv. philosophically.

PHILOSO'PHICO, adj. philosophical.

PHILOSOPHO, f. m. a philofopher.

PHI'LTRO, f. m. a philter, beverage given to cause love.

PHO

PHO'CA, f. f. a fea-cast.

PHO'SPHORO, f. m. phosphor,

phosporus, the morning-star; also

a chemical substance which expofed to the air takes fire.

PHR

PHRASE, f. f. phrase, idiom, a mode of speech.

PHY

PHY'SICA, f. f. physick, the ficience that treats of nature.

PHYSICAME'NTE, adv. physically.

cally, naturally.

PHY'SICO, adj. physical, relating to natural philosophy; also existent.

PHYSONOMIA, f. f. the face, the cast of the look; also the art of discovering the temper by the features of the face.

PHYSO'NOMO, f, m, a physiognomist.

PIA, f. f. a pied nag. PIA'DA, f. f. the chirp of a bird. PIAD'OR, f. m. one that cries like chicken; in cant, a great drinker. PIADOSAME'NTE, adv. pioufly, mercifully, compassionately. PIADO'SO adj. merciful, compafsionate.

PIAME'NTE, adv. pioufly. PIANPIA'NO, adv. foftly, without hurry.

PIA'R v. n. to pip as chickens do; in cant, to drink.

No dexár piánte, ni mamánte, to leave no living creature, chick nor child.

PlA'RA, f. f. a herd of swine. PIARCO'N, f. m. in cant, a great drinker.

PIC

PICA, f. f. a soldier's pike; also the fish called a pike.

Pica séca, a pikeman that never ferves with a musket.

Passar por las picas, to pass the pikes, to run through much danger; to be run through with pikes. PICACHO, f. m. the sharp point of any thing.

PICA'DA, f. f. a prick with any sharp point; a strake of a bird's beak.

PICADE'RO, f. m. the place where they manage horfes.

PICADILLO, f. m. minced meat. PICA'DO, adj. pricked, pinked like cloth, minced like meat; nettled provoked, offended.

PICADO'R, f. m. a jockey, one that breaks or manages horfes.

PICADURA, S. f. a prick.

PICAMULO, f.m. in cant, a carrier, carter, or mule driver.

PICAñO, f. f. a ragged fellow; also a knavish person; a patch on a shoe.

PICA'NTE, adj. biting, hot of pepper, sharp, biting, fatirical.

PICAPEDRE'RO, C m. a ftone-

PICAPLETTOS, f. m. a wrangler, a pettifogger, that fets folks at variance,

PICAPO'RTE, f. m. the latch of

PICA'R, v. a. to prick; to peck as birds do ; to bite at a bait as a fish; to fling as a bee or the like; to mince meat; in cant, to run away.

Picar la amarra, a sea-term, to flip the cable.

Picar un caballo, to spur ; but generally, to manage a horfe.

Picarfe, v. r. to take offence, to be concerned, to be nettled.

Picárse en el juégo, to play in anger, hoping to win back what he has loft.

Picarse de valiente, to value oneself upon one's courage.

PICARAME'NTE, adv. in a roguish or bantering manne,

PICARA'ZO, f. m. augment. of

PICARA'DA, f. f. a gang of knaves, a knavish trick.

PICARDEA'R, v. n. to play the knave.

PICARDIA, f. f. knavery, malice : a lewd action.

PICARE'SCA, f. f. the rascality, the rabble; a parcel of scoundrels. PICARE'SCO, (adj. roguish, kna-PICARI'L. (vish bentering. PICARILLO, (f. m. a little rp-PICARITO, . gue.

PI'CARO, f. in. a rogue, a base fellow, a malicious, mischieyous, cunning, or arch man-Picaro de cocina, a scullion.

PI'CARO, adj. merry, gay. PICA'RON (f. m. a great PICARONA'ZO, cogue.

PICARO'TE, f. m. a rogue. PICATO'STES, f. m. pl. flices of bread fried with rathers of bacon, PICAVIE'NTO, f. m. a contrary wind that a ship is forced to take.

and lie close to. PICA'ZA, f. f. a magpie.

PICAZO, f. m. a blow with a pike. PICA'ZON, f. m. itching; also aq-

PICE'A, f. f. a fort of baffard deal or firwood.

PICHE'L, f. m. a mug, a drinking-

PICHELE'TE, f. m. a little mos. or drinking-pot,

PICHO'N, f. m. a pigeon. PICHONCILLO ? f. m. a little PICHONCI'CO, pigeon.

PID

PICO, f. m. a bird's bill or beak . a pick-axe; the spout of an ewe. or fuch vessel to pour out liquor any thing resembling a bird's bill metaphorically, prattle, much

talkativeness. Pico de ciguéna, an herb called florks-bill.

Pico de grulla, the herb cransbill. Pleo de arroz, a messure of rice. Pico de jarro, the spout of a pot

for the liquor to be poured out. . Pico de óro, a sort of herb; also an eloquent person.

Prov. Quién te hizo rico 1 quién te sustanto el pico, who made you rich the that fed you; if it were not for the belly, the back might wear gold.

PICO'A, f. f. in caut, a por. PICO'L, adj. in cant, little.

PICON, f. m. a sharp, biting jeft; properly a jest put upon another by counterfeiting the contrary. It alfo fignifies a jockey; and in cant, a spy upon thieves.

Picon, small-coal; in cant, a louse. PICOR, f. m. fmart, the fmarting. that one feels.

PICO'SA, f. f. in cant, firaw. PICO'SO, adj. pitted with the small DOX.

PICO'TA, f. f. a pillory; also a gallows built with Rone, or the top of a mountain or tower.

PICOTA'DA, f, f de by a bird's PICOTA'ZO, f. m. Sbill.

PICO'TE f. m. a king of cloth fo called.

PICOTE'AR, v. z. to hurt with the bills as birds do; also to prate. PICOTE'RA, f. f. a prating talking woman.

PI'CTIMA, f. f. vide EPITHY. MA.

PICTO'RICO, adj. relating to. picture.

PICU'DO, that has a bill or beak 5 substant. used, a prating boy.

PIDO, f. m. the act of begging. PIDO'N, adj. that begs.

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Pinillo olorofo, wild dill. PI'NO, f. m. a pine tree. Pino négro, the pitch-tree. Pino alvár, the garden-pino. PINO'LE, C. m. a kind of sweet powder brought from America mixed with the chocolate; it is alfo called polvos de soconusco. PINO'SO, adj. full of pine-trees. PINTA, f. f. a spot; also the spotted fever; among gamesters, a pip in a card or dye; also a fireak or mark in a card. PINTACILGO, If m. the bird PINTADILLO, fo called. PINTA'R, v. a. to paint; to def-Haré mi placér cómo el mas pintado, I'll do my will as well as to best of them. PINTARRAFAR, v, z, v. PIN-TORREA'R. PINTARRO'IO, f. m; a bird fo PINTIPARA'DO, adj. exactly alike. PINTIPARA'R, v. a. to compare a thing to another. PINTO, adj. obf. painted, colou-PINTO'10, adj. spoued. PINTO'R, f. m. a painter. PINTORE'SCO, adj. picturefque. ·PINTORREA'R, v. a. to ftrain with various colours. PI'NULAS, f. f. pl. the pinules, the fights of an astrolabe. PI'NZAS, f. f. pl. pincers, nippers. PINZO'N, f. m. a bird called a , cháf finch.

PIA

PINZO'TE, f. m. the helm in a

fhip.

PlaA. f. f. a pine apple; the fruit of the pine-tree. PlnARSE, y., r. in cant, to rup away. PIRATA, f. f. an earthen pot. PInO'N, f. m, the kernel of a pi-Pinones, f. m. pl. in falconry, the pinions of the wings of a bird,

PIñONA'TA, s. f. preserved pineapple kernels.

PIRONA'TE, f. f. a paste made of the kernels of pine-apples and Sugar.

PINUE'LA, f. f. a filk fluff fo called.

PIO

Pro, adj. pious, godly, merciful; this word they use to call the hens and chickens together.

Pla madre, ò mater, the pia mater, of the thin membrane wich lies under the dura mater, and covers immediately the substance of the brain.

PIOJE'RA, f. f. a place full of lice, or where they breed.

PIOJE'NTA, f. f. loufe-bane, or flaves acre.

PIOJENTO, adj. loufy. PIOJERIA, f. f. lousimess; metaph. an'inconfiderable matter.

PIO'JO, f. m. a loufe, Ser cómo piójo, to be eaten up with

lice, to be reduced to extreme mifery.

PIOJO'SO, adj. loufy; metaph. avaricious.

PIOJUE'LO, f. m. dimin. of piojo.

PIO'LA, f. f. a fmall cable. PIOIA'R, v. n. to cry as chickens do, or chip like a sparrow. PIORNO, adj. in cant, drunck.

PIPA, f. f. a pipe, two hogsheads; alfo a tobacco-pipe, PIPA'R, v. n. to fmoke tobacco. PIPI, f. m. a fort of bird in Africa. PIPIA'N, f. m. a dish made after the American manner, a ragoo full of pepper. RIPEAR v. n. to chirp as birds BIPIRIPA'O, f. m. a fplendid banquet. PIPO, Y. m. a kind of small bird who lives upon flies. PIPO'TE, f. m. a small cask or vesteL .

PIPOTI'LLO, f. m. a very little cask.

PIQ

PFQUE; f. m. a term at the game at piquet; also a pickax, or such like pointed instrument.

Pique, an offence.

.:

Echar a plque un navio, to fink & fhip, to fend her to the bottom. Estar a pique, to be upon the point: or just ready to have something happen.

Irfe a pique, to fink as a vessel does

at fea, founder.

El fondo es a pique, a shore upright. and not shelving off, so that there is as much water near the bank as farther off.

PIQUE'RA, f. f. the little hole in the bee hives, the passage for

PIQUERIA, f. f. a body of pike-

PIQUE'RO , f. m. a pikeman. PIQUE'TA, a kind of pick-ax.

PIQUE'TE, f. m. the game at piquet; also a pick-ax, or such like pointed infrument.

PIQUELEO, f. m. a little bill, or beak.

PIR

PIRA'GUA, f. f. a fort of large boat used in the West-indies. PIRAMIDA'I, adj. made in the form of a pyramid. PIRAMI'DE, f.f. a pyramid. PIRATA, f. m. a pirate, a fearobber. PIRATEA'R, v. n. and a to play the pirate. PIRATERIA, f. f. piracy, the trade of pirates. PIRA'TICO, adj. piratical. PISA, f. f. the act of treading.

PIS

PISACO'RTO, f. m. one that takes short fleps. PISA'DA, f. f. a foot-flep. PISADOR, f. m. he who treads. PISA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant. the shoos, and the feet.

PISAB

PISA'R, v. a. to tread.

Pifár ávas en el lagár, to tread grapes in the vat where the wine is made.

Pifar en fol, to tread upon the fun, to flander a man wrong fully.

PISAVE'RDE, f. m. a nice for that walks as if he was afraid, to touch the ground.

PI'SCA, f. f. a bit, a little crumb. PISCATO'R, f. m. a kind of almanack for called.

PISCATO'RIO, adj. piscatory. PISCI'NA, f. f. a fish-pond, or

PISCI'NA, f. f. a fish-pond, or other pond, or lake.

PISCIS, f. m. one of the twelve figns.

PISO'N, f. m. a rammer, fuch as paviours use to ram the earth, or the like.

PISOTEAR, v. a. to tread repeatedly.

PISTA, f. f. the foot-step left by animals.

PISTA'R, v. a. to beat or pound in a. mortar.

Product, f. m. the gravy, juice, or fubfiance of a fewl pounded in a mortar, and squeezed out in a press, to give to fik persons, who cannot eat.

PISTO'LA, f. f. a piftol.

PISTOLETA'ZO, f. m. the shot of a pistol, or the wound it makes.

PISTRA'GE, f. m. a piftol.

PISTRA'GE, f. m. bad or inflight broth.

PIT

PITA, f. f. an herb in the Indies, of which they make fine thread, as we do of flax.

PITAFLO, f. m. in cant, a jug., a pitcher.

PITANCERIA, f. f. the place where alms is given out.

PITANCE'RO, f. m. he that has the distributing of allowances, or of alms.

PITA'NZA, f. f. a pittance, an allowance of meat or drink; an alms.

PITATA, f. f. v. PITARRA.
PITATOSO, adv. v. PITARROSO.

Tome I.

PITA'R, v. n. to whiftle; also to pay.

PITA'RRA, f. f. blear-eyedness.

PITARRO'SO, adj. blear-eyed,
that has weak and gummy
eyes.

PITIPIE', f. m. a little foot; fo they call a fhort measure which carpenters and masons carry in their pockets.

PITO, f. m. a whiftle; also the bird called a woodpecker; also the herb they say this bird makes use of to stop his nest,

PITO N, f. m. the horn of any animal; also a bud of any tree.

Pitônes, f. m. pl. bones or stones chil-dren play with.

PITUITA, f. f. oituite, phlegm. PITUITO'SO, adj. piruitous, full of phlegm.

PIZ

PIZARRA, f. f. a pebble stone also a slate to cover houses.

PIZARRAL, f. m. a place full of flates.

PIZARRE'RO, f. m. 'a flater; one who covers houses with flates.

PIZCA, f. f. a small particle of any thing.

PIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch.
PIZCO, f. m. a pinch.

PIZPERE'TO, adj. active, induftrious, faid of a woman.

PIZPIRIGA'nA, f. f. at fort of play among children.

PLA

PLACA, f. f. an ancient piece of money about the value of a pensy.

PLACABILIDA'D, f. f. placability, placableness.

PLACA'BLE, adj. placable.

PLACACION, f. f. appealing. PLACA'RTE, f. m. placard,

edict, proclamation, ordinance. PLACEA'R, v. a. to publish, to proclaim.

PLA'CEME, f. m. congratulation, giving joy.

PLACE'NTA, f. f. in anatomy, the placents.

PLACENTERAME'NTE, adv. joyfully.

PLACENTE'RO, adj. pleafant, pleafant, diverting.

PLACE R, f. m. joy, pleasure. Placer, v. imp. to please.

PLACE'RA, f. f. a common ftrum-

BLACERAME'NTE, adv. in a publick manner, openly, in the face of the world.

PLACE'RO, adj. common, publick, or relating to a marketplace.

PLACE TA, f. f. a little marketplace.

PLACIBLE, adj. gentle, quiet, kind.

PLA'CIDO, adj. placid, foft,

PLAGA, f. f. obf. a wound, a fore.

PLAGA'R, v. a. to plague, to torment; both words little used.

PLAN, f. m. the plan of any thing.

Plan, the breadth of a ship in the bottom of the hold, or the breadth whereon she refts when aground, called floor, bilge, or bulge.

PIA'NA, f. f. a page of a book, or fide of a sheet of paper; also a mason's or bricklayer's trowel.

PLA'NCHA, f. f. a plate of metal; also an iron to dress linen with.

PLANCHEA'R, v. n. to plate, or cover with plates.

PLANCHO'N, f. m. a great plank or board; a great plate of metal. PLANCHUE'LA, f. f. dimin. of plancha.

PLANCO, f. m. v. PLANGA.

PLANE'TA, a planet.

PLANGO, f. m. a kind of eagle fo called.

PLANO, f. m. plain, fmooth; level.

Declarár de pláno, to declare plainly, without reserve.

Dar un golpe de plano, to strike with the flat side of a thing.

PLA'NTA, f. f, a plant.

Ptints, f. f. in architecture, the plan or ground plot of any firucture.

Planta del pié, the fole of the foot.
Planta vergomofa, the sensitive planta

PLANTACIO'N, f. f. a planta tion.

PLANTADO'R, f. m. a planter. PLANTA'R, v. a. to plant.

PLANTEA'R, v. n. to mourn, to bewail.

PLANTE'L, f. m. a nursery of young trees or plants.

PLANTICA, f. f. a little PLANTILLA, plant.

PLANTI'O, f. m. planting; also a nursery of young trees.

PLANTI'STA, f. m. a bully, an hector.

PLA'NTO, f. m. lamentation, mourning.

PLANTON, f. m. a stock to graft.

PLA'NTOSA, f. f. in cant, a cup to drink out of.

PLARIDE'RAS, f. f. pl. rhe women paid anciently to mourn and lament in funerals.

PLAnl'DO, f. m. expression of forrow, lamentation.

PLAnIR, v. n. to lament, to bewail.

PLA'SMA, f. f. a plaifter; also a green stone not so fine as an emerald.

PLASMADO'R, f. m. creator, maker, former.

PBASMA'R, v. a. to make, to shape, to form; also to plaister.

PLA'STA, f. f. any fort of foft paste or plaister; as mortar, clay, or the like.

PLA'TA, f. f. filver.

Plata, virgen, virgin filver, that is, fine, pure and without any alloy.

Pláta de márca standard silver. Pláta de martillo, solid plate.

PLATAFORMA, f. f. a platform in fortification, being a battery to place cannon on; also a drau-

ght or plan of a work.

PLA'TANO, f. m. the plaintain,
a tree.

PLATA'ZO, f. m. a great dish. PLATEA'R, v.a. to filver, to cover or do over with filver.

PLATE'L, f. m. a planer or dish.
PLATERI'A, f. f. the filversmiths
free:

PLATE'RO, f. m. a filversmith.
PLA'TICA, f. f. a discourse, a
speech; also practice.

PLATICA'BLE, adj. practicable, feafible.

PLATICA'NTE, f. m. practitioner in physick or furgery.

PLATICA'R, v. a. to discourse, to talk; also to practise.

PLATICO, adj. experienced.

PLATI'LLAS, f. f. pl. a fort of linend fo calle.

PLATFILO, f. m. a little dish, plate, or faucer; also slander, or defamation.

PLATO, f. m. a dish.

Hacér pláto, to boaft,

Hacer plato franco, to keep open house; to make a show; to discover secrets.

PLATO'N, f. m. a great dish.
PLATONICAME'NTE, adv. in
a platonick manner.

PLATO'NICO, adj. platonick, honest and chaste, said of love.

PLAUSIBILIDA'D, f. f. plaufibility.

PLAUSIBLE, adj. plausible, worthy of praise.

PLAUSIBLE ME'NTE, adv. plaufibly.

PLAUSO, f. m. obf. applause. PLAUSTRO, f. m. a cart.

PLAYA, f. f. the shore, the sea-

PLAYAZO, f. m. a great shore. PLAYE'RO, f. m. a fisherman that brings fish from the sea-coast. PLAYO'N, f. m. augmentative of

playa. PLA'ZA, f. f. a market; a fortified place; a square.

Pláça, an employment, or office.

Sentar pláça, to enlift for a foldier.

Passar pláza, to have a name. Pláza de armas, a place of arms.

Plaza, plaza, make way; used by the guards when the king goes out of some place.

Hombre de plaza, a person invested with any dignity.

Sacar à pláza, to publish any thing kept secret.

PLAZO, f. m. s term or time allowed to do any thing, or to appear in a court of justice.

PLAZUE'LA, f. f. a little square.

PLB

PLEBE, f. f. the common people.
PLEBE'YO, adj. vulgar, belonging to common people.

PLEBEZUE'LA, f. f. rabble, vile rabble.

PLECA, f. f. among printers a fore of a dash, many of which form a line of separation.

PLEC'TRO, f. m. a quill used to play upon the strings of a harp or such instrument; siguratively, the instrument itself.

PLEGA'BLE, adj. that may be folded.

PLEGADAME'NTE, adv. intricately, confusedly.

PLEGADE! RA, f. f. a folding-tool.

PLEGADC'R, f. m- the person who gathers or plains.

PLE GADU'RA, f. f. the gathering of a garment, the plaiting.

PLEGA'R, v. a. to gather a garment, to plait.

Plegár, used for llegár, as. to arrive.

PLEGA'RIA, f. f. a prayer, particularly a publick prayer, in time of calamity.

PLEITA, f. f. a mat of rushes.

PLEITEADO'R, f. m. a man actually litigating; a litigious person.

PLEITEAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide PLEITO.

PLEITEA'R, v. s. to contend in a court of justice.

PLEITESI'A, f. f. an agreement, a covenant.

PLEITI'STA, adj. belonging to a cause or law-suit.

PIE'ITO, f. m. a cause, a lawfuit, a dispute.

PLENAME'NTE, adv. fully. PLENA'RIA., adj. fcm. as, Indul-

gencia plenația, a full indulgence.
PLENARIAMENTE, adv. in a
plenary manner.

PLENILU'NIO, f. m. the full

PLENIP OTENCIA'RIO, f. m. plenipotentiary, one that has full power and authority to transact business.

PLENITUD, f. f. fulness.
PLEURESIA, f. f. the diffemper called the pleurify.

P L I

PLIE'GO, f. m. a sheet of paper, a packet of letters, a fold in a garment.

PLIE'GUE, f. m. a plait, a fold in a garment.

PLINTO, f. m. the plinth in architecture, which is the first and lowest member of te base.

Plinto, f. m. in heraldry, a billet.

PLO

PLOMADA, f. f. a plummet; a perpendicular line; a black lead pencil

PLOMA'R, v. a. to lead or cover with lead; to put a leaden scal to any thing.

PLOMAZO'N, f. m. a kind of cufhion, on which gilders cut the gold-leaves.

PLOMIZO, adj. leadish, like

PLO'MO, f.m. lead; also a plum-

Plomo de albañil, a bricklayer's plum-

Plomos, the leads on the top of house.

PLOMO'SO, adj. leadish, like

PLU

PLU'MA, f. f. a feather, a pen a quill. In cant, an oar.

Dar plumas, to roll one in feathers after rubbing the body with tar, or fuch like stinking matter.

PLUMADA, f. f. a froke of the

PLUMA'DO, adj. feathered that has feathers.

PLUMA'GE, f. m. a plume of fea.

PLUMAGEA'R, v.a. to move as if it were a feather.

PLUMAGERIA , f. f. featherwork; a quantity of feathers; a feather-shop.

PLUMAGE'RO, f. m. one that deals in feathers. PLUMBEO, adj. leaden.

POB

PLUMEO, adj. having feathers. PLUME'RO, f. m. a feather-bed. PLUMICA,

PLUMI'LLA, Sf.f. a little feather. PLUMITA.

PLUMO'NES, f. m. pl. the down of birds; also a feather-bed.

PIUMO'SO, f. m. adj. feathery, full of feathers.

PLURA'L, adj. plural.

PLURALME'NTE, adv. plurally. PLURALIDA'D, f. f. plurality.

PLU'VIA, ſ f. v. LLU'VIA.

PLUVIAL, f. m. a cope, a cloak of rich flik down to the feet, worn by priests when they officiate at the akar upon great folemnities. PLUVIO'SO, adj. rainy.

PNE

PNEUMATI'CO, adj. relating to wind, moved by wind, pneu-

Instrumentos pneumaticos, pneumatic instrument.

POA

POA'S, f. f. pl. ropes used about the fails.

POB

POBE'DA, f. f. a place where poplars grow.

POBLA'CHO, f.m. the mob, the mukitude; also a great village, or fmall town,

POBLACIO'N, f. f. a town; populoushess.

POBLA'DO, adj. thick, full. PUBLADO'R, f. m. a peopler of a town or country.

POBLAR, v. a. to people, to in-

POBLA'ZO, f. m. the mob, the multitude.

POBLAZO'N, a town; also populouineis.

POBO, f. m. a poplar tree.

PO'BRE, adj. poor; or a poor

Prov. Si te da el pobré, es porque mas tome, if the poor man gives, it is to receive more.

POBRECILLO, (adj. dimin. of POBRECTTO, 🕻 pobre.

POBREDA'D, f. f. obf. poverty. POBREDURIA, f. f. obf. vide POBRERI'A.

POBREME'NTE, adv. poorly. POBRERI'A, f.f. a gang of poor

POBRE'TA, f. f. a strumpet or harlot.

POBRE'TE, f. m. a poor fellow. POBRETO'N, f. m. a beggar. POBRE'ZA, f. f. poverty.

POBRI'SMO, f: m. the aggregate of beggars.

POC

PO'CAS VE'CES, adv. feldom. POCE'RO, f. m. a well-digger.

POCILGA, s. f. a hog-flye,

PO'CIMA, f. f. a portion. POCION, f. f. a draught, or rather a physical draught.

POCO, adj. little.

Poco antes, a little before, not long fince.

Poco mas o menos, little more or less. Póco a póco, by degrees, by little and little; also softly.

Tenér a uno en pôce, to have little efteem for a man, to value him but little.

Dársele poco de una cosa, to be lixtle concorned, to care little for a

PO'CULO, f. m. obf, drink.

POD

PO'DA, f. f. the pruning scason. PODADE'RA, f. f. a pruning

PODADO'R, f. m. a pruner.

PO'DAGRA, f. f. the gout in the

PODA'R, v. a. to prune.

PODATARIO, f. m. one empowered by another, or commif fioned.

PODAZO'N, f. f. pruning, the feafon for pruning. ODE'NCO, f. m. a fetting-dog;

alfo any spaniel.

Rrr2

PODE'R, f. m. power, ability, a p commission to act.

POL

Dárse basálla de podér a podér, to come to a pitched battle.

PODE'R, v. n. to be able. He podido, I have been able.

PODERI'O, f. m. power, autho-

PODE'RO, f. m. v. PODA-DO'R.

PODEROSAME'NTE, adv. powerfully.

PODERO'SO, adj. powerful.

PO'DON, f. m. any pruning

PODRE, f, f, rottenness, filth.

PODRECIE'NTE, adj. rotting, corrupted.

PODRECE'R, v. n. to rot.

PODRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. rot-

PODREDU'MBRE, f. f. rottenness.

PODRICIO'N, f. f. rotting. PODRIMIE'NTO, f. m. (rotting; PODRIDURA, f.f. taph, yexing fretting,

PODRIR, v. n. to rot, to corrupt; metaph. to vex, to fret,

Podrirse, v. r. to rot.

POE

POE'MA, f. m. a poem. POE'SIA, f. f. poetry. POE'TA, f. m. a post. POE'TICA, s. f. the art of poe-POETICAME'NTE, adv. poetically. POE'TICO, adj. poetical. POETISA, f. f. a woman that makes verses, a poetes.

POETIZA'R, v. n. to play the poet.

POETO'N, f. m. a burlefque, augmen. of poets.

POI'NOS, f. m. pl. timbers that Support casks.

POL

POLA'CA, f. f. she upper part of a shoe. ₽OLA'CA, (f. f. a small fort of POLA'CRA, S vessel used in the Levant

POLAINAS, f. f. pl. hose without feet which fall over the tops of the

POLAR, adj. polar, of the pole. Estrella polar, the north-star. Circulo polár, the polar-circle.

POLE'A, f. f. a block or pulley, fuch as the ropes run through in ships, or are used a shore for hoisting of weights.

POLEA'DA, f, f. pap for children, hafty-pudding.

POLEADI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of poleáda.

POLE'MICA, f. f. the art of offending and defending a fortified place.

POLE'NTA, f. f. a pudding made of the meal of Turky-corn,

POLE'O', f. m. the herb pennyroyal; also a sharper.

POLEVI, f. m. a kind of very high heels formerly used by women in their shoes.

POLE'TA, f. f. a duty or custom paid to the king of France by all the officers of justice.

POLICE, f. m. the thumb.

POLICHE, f. m. in cant, a gaming house,

POLICIA, f. f. politeness, civil, countly behaviour or carriage.

Consejo de policia, a council, or number of people appointed to look to the decent government of a town.

POLIDE'Z, f. f. neatnefs.

POLIDI'LLO, f. m. a little spruce

POLIDO, f. f. a neat person, or a nice one.

POLIDO'R, f. m. a polisher. POLFLLA, f. f. a moth.

POLINCHE, f.m. in cast, a receiver of stolen goods.

POLI'R, v. a. to polish.

POLITICA, f. f. policy, or the art of government.

POLITICAME'NTE, adv. politically.

POLITICO, adj. politick; civil or courteous.

POLIZA, f. f. an order given to pay any fum of money.

Poliza de seguro, a policy of insurance.

PO'LLA, f. f. a puller; also a pretty young girl.

POLLA'STRA, f. m. a great chicken.

POLLAZO'N, f. f. the hatching of chickens.

POLLE'RA, f. f. a large perticoat which women wear over their fardingal; also a coop for a

POLLERI'A, f. f. poultry; a poulterer's shop.

POLLE'RO, f. m. a poulterer.

POLLICO, f. m. a little chi-POLLITO, cken.

POLLI'NO, f. m. an afs. PO'LLO, f. m. a chicken.

POLLUE'LO, f. m. a little chicken.

POLO, f. m. a pole in the heavens, as the north or fouth. It is also a fort of white coral.

Pólo ártico, the north pole. Pólo antártico, the fourh pole.

POLTRO'N, adj. lazy, idle.

Silla polirona, an elbow chair. POLTRONAZO, f. m. a great

lazy fellow.

POLTRONERI'A. S. f. laziness. POLTRONIZA'RSE , v. r. to grow idle , lazy.

POLVARE'DA, f. vide POL-VORE'DA.

POLUCION, f. f. poliution, 2 de-

POLVILLOS, f. m. pl. a frect powder for the hair.

POLVATO, f. m. fmall duft.

POLVO, f. m. duft; also a pinch of fnuff.

Hécho pólvo, powdered, reduced to powder.

Sacudir a uno el pólvo, to shake the dust off one, to thrash his cost; to rattle one with sharp words.

Prov. Con essos potvos se hicieron effor lodos, that dust made this dirt; that is, those causes produce these effects; such are the ill confequences of fuch actions.

POLVORA, f. f. gunpowder.

Pólvora del duque; a sort of comfits made with fugar, cinnamon and cloves.

POLVOREAMIE'NTO, f.m. 1 dusting, or strewing with dust. POLVOREA'R, Y, a to duft,

Polvorearse, v. r. to powder one-

POLVORIE'NTO, adj. dufty. POLVORI'N, f. m. the primer for

POLVORISTA, f. m. he that makes or fells powders; a maker of fireworks.

POLVORIZA'R, v. a. to powder, or reduce to powder.

POLVORO'SO, adj. dufty, full of powder.

POLYARCHIA, f. f. the form of government that places the fupreme power in many persons.

POLYA'RCHICO, relating to fuch government.

POLYGAMI'A, f. f. polygamy, plurality of wives.

POLYGAMO, f. m. a polygamist, one that is married with more than one wife at a time.

POLYGLO'TA, f. f. the Bible translated in many languages.

POLYGONO, f. m. a polygon, a figure of many angles.

POLYGRAPHIA, f. f. polygraphy, the art of writing in feveral unufual manners or cyphers.

PO'LYPO, f. m. a polypus, any thing in general with many roots or feet; also an animal with many

POLYPO'DIO, f. m. polypody,

POLYSY'LABO, adj. of many fyl-- lables.

POM

POMA, f. f. a little small box full of holes to carry perfumes in to smell to; also a pomander; a little headland or point of land; also a fort of belied bottle.

Póma de baluárte, a round platform on a bulwark to plant cannon

OD. POMA'DA, f. f. pomatum. POMA'R, f. m. an apple orchard. PO'MEZ, adj. the pumice-stone. POMIFERO, adj. bearing apples. PO'MO, f. m. the pommel of a fword; also a glass bottle, and a vessel they set over the fire with freets, to perfume a room; also the globe the king holds in his hand at the coronation.

PO'MPA, f. f. pomp, flate, grandeur.

. PON

POMPEA'R, v. n. to firut, to look

POMPOSAME'NTE, adv. pompoufly, flately.

POMPO'SO, adj. pompous, fta-

PON

PONCELA, f. f. obf. a maid, a virgin, a girl.

PO'NCHE, f. m. punch, a liquor made by mixing brandy with water, fugar, and lemon juice. PONCHO, adj. lazy, idle.

PONCIL, f. m. a fort of lemon, which looks like a maiden's breaft, whence it takes its name.

PONDERA'BLE, adj. ponderable; allo important, worthy of regard. •

PONDERACIO'N, f. f. confideration, weighing, also extolling, magnifying.

PONDERADO'R, f. m. one that ponders, weighs, considers, or that extols or magnifies.

PONDERA'R, v. a. to ponder, to weigh, to consider; also to extol, to magnify.

PONDERATI'VO, adj. exagera. tive.

PONDEROSAME'NTE, adv. with great care and caution.

PONDEROSIDA'D, f. f. obf. heaviness.

PONDERO'SO, adj. ponderous, heavy; cautious, circumfped, that Pproceeds, with prudence.

PONEDE'RO, adj. that lays eggs; applied to the hen.

PONEDOW, f. m, the crier in a sale, or he that manages and sets the price.

PONER, v. s. to put, to set, to

Ponér la mésa, to lay the cloth, to cover the table.

Ponés fin , to make an end.

Poner la léngua en alguno , to talk ill of one to give him ill language. Ponér en depósito, to deposite,

Ponér defséo, to raise a desire in

Ponér árboles, to plant herbs or trees.

Ponér cuérnos, to cuckold.

Ponér huévos, to lay eggs. Ponér en cóbro, to lay up safe.

Ponés piés en polvorosa, to venture out upon any undertaking also to; fly, to run away.

Poner en condición, to put in danger. Ponér précio, to set a price.

Ponér siénda, to set up a shop.

Ponér cása, to set up house-keeping Quánto pónen de agul al tugár, how far do they reckon it from hence to the town.

Poner campo, to pitch the camp, to

Ponesse en offentación, to take state upon one.

Ponérse el sol, to set.

Ponerse en cobro, to put one's sels in fafety.

PONIE'NTE, f. m. the west. PONTA'GE, f. in. the duty or toll

paid for passing a bridge. PONTEZUE'LA, f. f. a fmall bridge.

PONTIFICA'DO, f. m. a pontificate, the reign of a pope or a

PONTIFICA'L, adj. pontifical, belonging to the pope or bishup.

PONTIFICALME'NTE . adv. pontifically.

PONTIFICE, f. m. pontiff, the

PONTIFFCIO, adj. belonging tothe pope.

PONTO'N, f. m. a ponton or floating bridge to pass over a river.

PUNTONE'RO, f. m. one who guides the floating, bridge.

PONZO'nA, f. f. poifon.

PONZORAR, v. a. to poison. PONZOnO'SO, adj. poifonous.

venomous..

P O P

POPA, f. f. the poop or stern of a ship.

Andar con viênto en pepa , to fail before wind; to be successful in one's affairs,

Camara de popa, the great cabbin of a ship; in cant, the mouth

POPA'R, v. a to daily with, to flight, to make, flight of.

Prov. Quién à su enemigo pôpa, a sus manos muére, he that dallies with his enemy, dies by his hands. He that undervalues an enemy, will suffer by it.

POPULA'CHO, f. m. the low rab-

POPULA'R, adj. popular, POPULARME'NTE, adv. popularly.

POPULO'SO, adj. populous, full of people.

POQ

POQUEDA'D, f. f. fmailnefs, littlenefs, a fmail inconfiderable matter; meannefs of fpirit.

POQUI'LLO, adj. very little.

POQUI'SSIMO, adj. fuperl. the leaft that may be.

POQUI'TO, adj. very little.

POR

POR, a prep. which governs the accusative. For, by, so. Por tal, so that. Por acá or por allá, here or there. Por lo quál, for which reason. Por ventura, adv. peradventure. PORCEL, f. m. a small pig. PORCELA'NA, f. f. fine earthenware, China-ware; also a porrin-Porcelana, white colour mixed with azure colour. PORCI'NQ, f. m. a young pig. PORCIO'N, f. f. a portion, a PORCIONA'R, v. a. to divide out in portion. PORCIONI'STA, f. m. he who has a right to one of the shares. PORCO, f. m. obf. v. PUERCO. PORCUNO, adj. of, or belonging to fwine. PORDEMA'S, adv. in vain, to no purpofe. PORDICHA, adv. perchance, peraccident.

PORDIOSEA'R, v. a. to beg.

PORDIOSERIA, f. f. beggary, begging.

PORDIOSE'RO, f. m. a beggar.
PORFI'A, f. f. contention, firife,
obffinacy; also perseverance, conftance.

Prov. Porfia mata la câza, perfeverance kills the game; that is, it carries a man through all difficulties.

Prov. En porfias bravas, desquicianse las palábras, in hot disputes, words are put out of joint. When men.grow eager and passionate, they know not what they say.

Prov. Porfia mata venado, que no ballestero cansado, it is perseverance kills the deer, and not the tired huntsman. Perseverance proves successful

PORFIADAME'NTE, adv. positively, obstinately.

PORFIA'DO, adj. obstinate, posi-

PORFIADO'R, f. m. one that disputes, contends, or relists with great obstinacy.

PORFIA'R, v. a. to fland obstinately in a thing, to contend positively. POROSIDA'D, s. f. porousness. PO'RO, s. m. a pore of the body. Poro, s. m. a white substance growing in the sea like white coral.

PORO'SO, adj. porous, full of po-

PO'RPHYDO, f. m. porphyryftone.

PORQUE', adv. because, why, wherefore.

PORQUE'RA, f. f. the place of refort in a mountain where wild boars meet.

PORQUERIA, f. f. nastiness, swinishness, dirt.

PORQUERIZO, If. m. fwine-PORQUE'RO, herd,

PORQUERO'N, f. f. a catchpole, a fergeant that apprehends debtors or criminals.

PORQUEZUE'LO, f. m. a little fwine.

PO'RRA, f. f. a club; also pride, vanity; also a dunce, a fool.

Porra, in cant, the face.

Hacer porra, to stop in the way.

PORRA'DA, s. f. a blow with a club.

Decir portidas, to make bulls and blunders in talking, to talk foolishly.

PORRATE, f. m, a festival kept at certain churches without the walls of a city, where a brotherhood meet and dine, after divine fervice.

PORRAZO, f. m. a blow with a club; any blow or froke with any infirument, or with the hand. PORRERIA, f. f. folly foolery, flupidity.

PORRE'TA, f. f. a young look. PORRFLLA, f. f. a little club.

PORRINA, f. f. the state of cornfields when still green.

PORRINO, f. m. a spot of ground fowed with leeks.

PO'RRO, f. m. a leek; a dunce, a blockhead,

PORTA, f. f. obf. vide PUERTA.

PORTACA'RTAS, f. f. a lettercafe or a letter-carrier.

PORTA'DA, f. f. the door-frame and all the work about it, which is ornamental to the house.

Buéna portáda de persóna, a good prefence of a man.

PORTADO'R, f. m. a bearer of a letter or the like.

PORTAGE, f. m. the same as portago.

PORTAL, f.m. a portal or porch of the house before the entrance. PORTALAZO, f. m. a great portal or porch.

PORTALE'āA, f. f. a fort of board or plank fawed out on purpole for doors; a term used by fawyers and carpenters.

PORTALE'RO, f. m. an officer at the avenues of any town to receive the duties upon goods entered, or to take notice of them.

PORTALO', f. m. a fort of little door there is in fome ships on the fide, to take in goods; a bole in a fireship to go out at, when they have fet fire to her.

PORTAMANTE'O, f. m. a portmanteau, a cloak-bag.

PORTANA'RIO, f. m. the gut that passes from the stomach to the belly.

PORTARO'LA, f. f. the port-hold et loop-hole.

PORTA'NTE, f. m. ambling. Andar de portante, to amble.

PORTAPA'Z, f. m. a corporal case, a square case made of stiffened filk for the altar into which they put the linen cloth called the corporal.

PORTA'R, v. a. to carry.

Portarfe, v. s. to behave well.

PORTA'TIL, adj. that may be carried.

PORTA'ZGO, f. m. custom or toll paid at those they call puértos fécos, which are passes on the mountains. POTA'ZGUE'RO, s. m. a gatherer of a soll or duty.

PORTA'ZO, f. m. a blow given by the door.

PORTE, f. m. the postage of a letter, the burden of a ship, the hire for carrying.

PORTEA'R, v. a. to carry for hire. PORTE'NTO, f. m. a prodigy. PORTENTOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigiously wounderfully.

PORTENTO'SO, adj. prodigious, strange, wonderful.

PORTERE'JO, f. m. dimin, of

PORTERIA, f. f. the porter's lodge or office.

PORTERILLO, f. m. v. POR. TERE'JO.

PORTE'RO, f. m. a porter, a door-keeper.

Portéro de cadéna, a porter at the king's or prince's gate, where there are chains across to keep out coaches and horfes.

PORTEZUE'LA, f. f. a little door, a wicket.

PO'RTICO, f. m. a portico, a porch, a stately walking-place, a place under cover supported by pillars or arches.

PORTPLLO, f. m. a breach in a wall; also a stile or gap in a hedge.

FORTO, f. m. v. PUERTO. PORTO'N, f. m. a gate.

POS

POS , adv. v. EMPOS. POSA, f. f. a reft, a ftep, a ftay; also a buttock,

Posas, f. f. pl. the peals rung for the dead.

POSA'DA, f. f. a lodging; also a public house.

POSADE'RAS, f. f. pl. the but-

POSADE'RO, f. m. a refting .place, a feat, or place to lean against. A rest for a musket, or the like. An inn-keeper.

POSADO'R, f. m. vide POSA-DE'RO.

POSA'R, v. n. to lodge; also to rest, and to lay down one's bur-

Pofar se a la tábla, obs. to sit down to dinner.

POSAVE'RGAS, f. f. pl. a fort of yards used anciently in ships.

POSDA'TA, s. f. the postscript of a letter, the paragraph added to the end of a letter.

POSICIO'N, f. f. a position, a thing propounded.

POSITIVAME'NTE, adv. pofitively.

POSITIVO, adj. politive.

POSITO, f. m. a publick gra-

POSITURA, f. f. f. v. POS-TÜRA.

PO'SO, f. m. reft.

Buén poso aya, God rest his soul. POSPE'LO, adv. against the hair or grain.

POSPIE'RNA, f. f. the thigh of any animal.

POSPONE'R, v. a. to postpone, to fet behind.

POSPUE'STO, p. p. of posponer. POSSEEDO'R, f. m. f. a posseffor.

POSSE'ER, v. a. to posses. POSSESSIO'N, f. f. possession.

POSSESSIONA'L, adj. relating to, or including possession.

POSSESSI'VO, adj. possestive.

POSSE'SSO, p. p. of posseir. POSSESSO'R, f. m. vide POS-SEEDOR.

POSSESSO'RIO, adj. possessory. POSSIBILIDA'D , f. f. posibility ; also the stock of any person.

POSSIBLE, adj. possible; also the wealth of any person.

POSSIBLEME'NTE, adv. postibly.

POSTA, f. f. a post that carries letters; a post horse; a post for a centinel or for a corps-degard; a post to be defended; as gaming, that which is fet or played for; also a flice of any thing.

POS

Hacer una cosa a posta, to do any thing on purpose or designedly.

Tener possessión de Iglesia a su posta. to have a church living for life.

POSTA'R, \forall , at to post any one; to expose a person.

PO'STE, f. m. properly the jamb of a door : a post or small pillar. Oler el poste, to suspect any cheat or fraud.

POSTEA'R, v. n. to post, to ride post, to travel with speed. POSTE'MA, f. f. vide APOS-TE'MA.

POSTEME'RO, f. m. a furgeon's instrument to open aposthumes.

POSTE'RGAR, v. a. to leave fomething behind.

POSTERIDA'D, f. f. posteristy. POSTERIO'R, adj. posterior.

Posteriores, f. m. pl. the posteriors, the backfide.

POSTERIORME'NTE, adv. pofterioutly.

POSTHUMO, adj. pofilumous, born after the father's death.

POSTIGO, f.m. a back door, & wicker in a gate.

POSTIGUPLLO, f. m. 2 little backdoor or wicker.

POSTILLA, f. f. a comment of marginal note.

POSTILACION, S. f. the art of making marginal notes.

POSTILA'R. v. a. to make marginal notes.

POSTILLA, f. f. a fcab.

POSTILLO'N, f. f. a postillion; the guide that goes with one that rides post.

POSTILLO'SO . adj. fcabby.

POSTIZO, adj. that is put of counterfeit, not natural.

Cabellos pofilzos, f. m. false hair. -Niño postizo, s. m. a changeling.

POSTLIMINIO, f. m. a law for reftoring what was unlawfully taken away; the return of one that was thought to be dead.

POSTRACIO'N, f. f. a profiration, a lying down; humiliation.

POSTRADO'R . f. m. he who proftrates another.

POSTRA'R, v. a. to proftrate, to throw down flat on the face, to overthrow, to destroy.

Postrarse, v. a. to prostrate, onefelf.

POSTRE, f. m. the defert at table after dinner, the last or latter

POSTRERAME'NTE, adv. finally, laftly.

POSTRE'RO, adj. laft.

POTRIMERAME'NTE, adv. Jaftiy.

POSTRIMERIA, f. f. the end of a man, death, the last thing. POSTRIME'RO, adj. vide POS-TRE'RO.

POSTULACIO'N, f. f. an enqui-

POSTULANTE, f. m. one that asks any thing,

POSTULA'R, v. a. to ask, or tequire.

POSTURA, f. f. a posture; laying dow of athing; a wager; the rate or price fet upon a thing. Posturas, f. f. pl. young trees transplanted.

POT

POTABLE, adj. that can be drunk; as gro potáble, potable gold. POTA'GE, I. m. potage. POTA'R, v. a. in cant, to drink. PO'TE, f. m. a pot, generally taken for an apothecary's pot. POTE'NCIA, f. f. power. POTENCIA'L, adj. potential. POTENCIA'LMENTE , adv. powerfully. POTESTA'D, f. f. power. POTISSIMO, adj. sup. principal, chief, special. PO'TRA, f. f. a ruprure.

POTRA'NCA, f. f. a young

FOTRE'RO, f. m. one that cures ruptures.

POTRICO, (f. m. a little POTRILLO. Col.

POTRILLA, f. f. a burlesque appellarion of an old man that will play the pretty fellow.

PRA

PO'TRO, f. m. a colt; also an engine to rack malefactors; also buboes.

Potro cerrit, a wild colt that was never backed.

Prov. El potro déxate domár a otro, let another break the colt; that is, let another man take the trouble and upon him that is fond of it.

Prov. Ni cabalgues el potro, ni tu mugér alábes á otro, do you neither ride a colt, nor praise your wife to another.

Prov. De pótro sarnoso, buén caballo hermofo, of a scabby colt, a good beautiful horse; foul in the cradle, fair in the saddle. POTRO'SO, adj. bursten, broken , bellied.

POY

PO'YA, f. f. the quantity of dough due to the baker for baking of bread.

POYA'I, f. m. a cloth to lay on a bench or hollow in a wall, or the hollow itself.

POYATA, f. f. a cupboard, or a hollow in a wall, to fet things

PO'YO, f. m. a hollow in a wall to fit down en, or to lay things out of the way. Among architects, it is also the first part of the wall above the foundation.

POZ

PO'ZA, f. f. a puddle of Water. POZA'L, f. m. a pail. PO'ZO, f. m a well. POZUE'LA, f. f. dimin. of poza; a

finall puddle.

PRA

PRA'CTICA, f. f. practice, use, dexterity, acquired by use; also method or art.

PRACTICA'BLE, adj. practicable, performable; feasible.

PRACTICAME'NTE, adv. prac-

PRACTICA'NTE , f. m. v. PLA-TICA'NTE.

PRATICA'R, v. a. to practife, to do habitually.

PRA'CTICO, adj. practice, experienced, fly, artful.

PRACTICO'N, f. m. one capable more by practice than fludy.

PRADA'L, f.m. v PRA-PRADECT CO DEZUE-PRADECTLLO. LO. PRADECI'TO,

PRADE'RA., f. f. a. meadow. PRADERIA, f. f. meadow

ground.

PRADEZUE'IO,) f. m. a. link PRADI'LLO, meadow.

PRADO, f. m. a. meadow, a lawn.

Prov. Guárda prádo, y hartáras ganado, keep a meadow, and you will fill cattle.

Prov. Ni duérmas en prado, ni pásses vado, do not sleep in a meadow; nor pass a ford.

PRAGMATI'CA, f. f. a. royaledict or proclamation.

PRASIO, f. m. a. coarse sort of emerald,

PRAVEDAD, f. f. pravity, wickedness, perverseness, untoward-

PRA'VO, adj. wicked, corrupt, perverse, untoward.

PRE

PRE, f. m. a foldie'rs dally pay. PREALEGA'DO, adj. before alledged.

PREA'MBULO, f. m. preamble, introduction preface.

PREBE'NDA, f. f. a prebend or canonry in a cathedral or collegiate church.

PREBENDA'DO . f. m. 2. prebend or canon of a church-

PREBOSTE. f.m. vide PRE-VO'STE.

PRECA'RIO, adj. precarious, held, by courtefy, uncertain, depending on the will of ano-

PRECAUCIO'N, f. f. precaution. preservative caution.

PRECAUTELAR,

PRECAUTELA'R, v. a. to precaution, to warn before hand. PRECAVE'R v. a. to prevent any

danger.

PRECEDE'NCIA, f. f. precedence. Latin.

PRECEDE'NTE, adj. antecedent, going before.

PRECEDE'R, v. a. to precede. PRECELE'NTE, adj. excellent. PRECEPTISTA, f. m. one who

gives precepts.

PRECEPTIVO, adj. preceptive, containing or giving precepts.

PRECE'PTO, f. m. precept, man-

PRECEPTOR, f. m. tutor, preceptor.

PRE'CES, f. f. pl. prayers. A churchman's word.

PRECIADO'R, f. m. who prizes, values, or effects.

PRECIAR, v. a. to prize, to value, to esteem.

Preciárfe, v. r. to boaft, to brag of, to value one's felf upon.

PRE'CIO, f. m. price. value,

Prov. Engañame en el precio, y no en lo que mérco, cheat me in price, but not in the goods I buy.

PRECIOSAME'NTE, adv. precioully,

PRECIO'SO, adj. precious also merry, festivous, gay, witty.

PRECIPICIO, f. m. a preci-

PRECIPITACIO'N, f. f. precipitation.

PRECIPITA'DO, adj. rash inconfiderate.

PRECIPITAR, v. a. to cast down headlong.

Precipitarfe, v. r. to cast oneself down headlong; to talk rashly, to let one's tongue run before one's wit.

PRECIPITE, 3 adj. Reep PRECIPITOSO, Supright, headlong, ready to fall.

PRECIPUO, adj. chief, princi-

PRECISAME'NTE, adv. of ne-

PRECISAR, v. a. to oblige, to force.

PRECISIO'N, f. f. exactness, certainty, precisenes, necessity. PRECISO, adj. absolutely, necessary.

PRECITO, adj. predestinated, . always, understood of the damned fouls.

PRECLA'RO, adj. famous.

PRECOCIDAD, f. f. precocity, ripenel's before time.

PRECONIZACIO'N, f. f. commendation, praise.

PRECONIZA'R, v. a. to publish or proclaim any thing; also to praise, to commend.

PRECONOCEDO'R, f. m. f. one who knows before.

PRECONOCE'R, v. a. to foreſee.

PRECO'Z, adj. ripe before ti-

PRECURSO'R, f. m. one who runs before, a forerunner.

PREDECESSO'R, f. m. a predeceffor.

PREDECI'R, v. a. obf. to fore-

PREDEFINI'R, v. a. to determine before hand.

PREDESTINACIO'N, f. f. predestination.

PREDESTINA'R, v. a. to predestinate.

PREDETERMINA'R, v. a. to predetermine, to determine before hand.

PREDIAL, adj. belonging to a farm, to a country tenement. PRE'DICA, f. f. a fermon.

PREDICA'BLE, adj. that may be discoursed or preached upon.

PREDICACIO'N, f. f. preaching a fermon.

PREDICADO'R, f. m. a preacher.

PREDICAME'NTO, f. m. a predicament; in logick, what is affirmed of any thing.

Está én buen predicaménto, ò mal predicaménto, he is in good or bad reputation.

PREDICA'NTE, f. m. any preacher of a false doctrine.

PREDIÇA'R, v. a. to preach.

Predicar en defiérto, to preach in a desart; that is, to labour in vain.

Prov. Biés predica quien bien

vive, he preaches well who lives well; a good example the best

PREDICATO'RIO, C. m. a pul-

PREDICCIO'N, f. f. a predic-

PREDILECCIO'N, f. f. predilection, preference, election of one thing rather than another.

PREDILECTO, adj. preferred. PRE'DIO; f. m. a farm, a piece of ground in the fields.

PREDOMINA'NTE, p. act. predominant.

PREDOMINA'R, v. a. to predodominate, to have power over, to be above another.

PREDOMI'NIO, f. m. predominancy, power over.

PREEMINE'NCIA, f. f. preeminence, being above or before another.

PREEMINE'NTE, adj. pre-eminent, above or before another.

PREFA'CIO, f. m. the preface in . the mass, which is immediately before the canon to dispose the affembly to attention and devo.

PREFACIO'N, f. f. a preface. PREFACIONCILLA , f. f. a pretty little preface.

PREFE'CTO, f. m. a prefect. This title some religious orders give to their superiors, and in colleges there is a prefect of the studies . who looks to the scholars to see they mind their business.

PREFECTURA, f. f. the dignity of a superior.

PREFERE'NCIA, f. f. preference.

PREFER'IR, v. s. so prefer, to fet before.

PRBF1'XO , adj. prefixed.

PREGUN, f. m. proclamation made by a crier; the crier himfelf.

PREGONA'R, v. a. to proclaim by a crier.

PREGONE'RO, f. m, a crier.

PREGUNTA, f. f. a question.

Prov. Qual pregunta harás , sal respuesta habrás, such a question as you ask, fuch an answer you will have.

Ptov. Quién pregánta no yérra, g

Tom. I.

la pregunta no és nécia, he that asks does not get, if the question be a foolish one.

PREGUNTADO'R, f. m. one that asks many questions.

PREGUNTA'R, v. a. to ask a question.

PREGUNTO'N, f. m. a teazing asker of questions.

PREJUDICIA'L, adv. in law forestalling of a judgment.

PRELACI'A, f. f. prelacy, the dignity of a prelate.

PRELACIO'N, f. f. preserence before another.

PRELA'DO, f. m. a prelate.

.PRELIMINA'R, adj. preliminary.

Proliminares, pl. the preliminary or preparatory measures.

PRELU'DIO, f. m. a prelude.

PREMATICA, f. f. a royal proclamation, a particular law.

PREMEDITACIO'N, f. f. premediration, forethought.

PREMEDITA'R, v. a. to premeditate.

PRE'MIA, f. f. force, compul-

PREMIADO'R, f. m. a rewarder. PREMIA'R, v. a. to reward.

PREMIDE'RAS, f. f. that part of the weaver's loom which drives the web close.

PRE'MIO, f.m. a reward.

PREMI'SSAS, f. f. pl. the premises, what went before.

PREMURA, f. f. the flate of being prefied.

PRE'NDA, f. f. a pledge, a pawn; also a qualification or endowment.

Hombre de buenas prendas, a man of good parts, of worth.

Prov. Prénda que come, ningúno la tome, let no man take a pawn that eats; that is, a horse, or the like, because it may eat itself out, or die.

Prov. Mas vale prénda en el firca, que fiador en la plazo, a pawn in the cheft is better than a fecurity in the market place.

PRENDA'DO, adj. bribed; taken or gained by a man's good parts, or by his countery or obligation.

PRE'NDAR, v. a. to give or take a pawn; to oblige or win a man with good words, behaviour, or kindness.

PRENDEDE'RO, f. m. a little iron; with two or three hooks, which the country women in Spain used instead of pins to hold their coats when they tucked them up.

PRE'NDER, v. a. to take hold on, to imprison, to take, to feize, to arrest.

Prendér, to take root; faid of plants.

PRENDERFA, f. f. the place where things pledged are exposed to fale.

PRENDIMIE'NTO, f. m. feizing, taking, arrefting, imprifoning; also pinning; te apprehending of our Saviour in the garden.

PREANDA, f. f. a woman with child, or other creature big with young.

Palábras prenádas, words that import more than appears at first fight.

Páred prenada, a wall that bellies and threatens to fall.

PREADO, adj. big-bettied, with child, or with young.

PREEE'Z, f. f. pregnancy.
PRE'NSA, f. f. any fort of press.

PRENSADO'R, f. m. a preffer. PRENSA'R, v. a. to prefs.

PREOCUPA'R, v. a. to prepoffers, to prevent.

PREPARACIO'N, f. f. prepara-

PREPARA'R, v. a. to prepare. Prepararse, v. r. to prepare onefelf.

PREPARATIVO, adj. preparatory.

PREPONDERA'R, v. n. to outweigh, to preponderate.

PREPONE'R, v. n. to put, or fet before.

PREPOSICIO'N, f. f. a preposition or fetting before.

PREPOSITO, f. m. an overfeer, one placed over others.

PREPU'CIO, f. m., the prepuce, foreskin.

PREPUE'STO, p. p. of prepo-

PREROGATIVA, f. f. prerogative.

PRE'SA, f.f. prey, booty; a handle of a thing; a flood-gate. Préfa de molino, a mill-dam.

Frésa de cáldo, the juice, gravy, or substance of flesh prefied out in broth for sich folks.

Présay pints, a trick taken at cards, and one reckoned for advantage.

Câme salprésa, powdered meat.

PRE'SAS, f. f. pl. the talons of a bird of prey.

PRESA'DO, adj. green like a leek. Frefido, adj. taken, made a prey of. PRESA'GIO, f. m. a prefage.

PRESA'GO, f. m. a fortuneteller, a foreboder; adjectively used, ominous, foreboding.

PRESBITERO, f. m. a prieft.
PRESCIENCIA, f. f. foreknowledge.

PRESCINDIR, v. r. to prescind, to cut off.

PRESCRIBIR, v. a. to prescribe, to command.

PRESCRIPCION, f. f. prescription, example, rule.

PRESCRIPTO, adj. prescribed, ordered.

PRESE'A, f. f. a jewel, a rich ornament.

PRESE'NCIA, f.f. presence; also port, air, mien.

PRESENCIA'L, adj. relating to presence.

PRESENCIALME'NTE, adv. in presence, in one's own person.

PRESENTACION, f. f. presenting or setting in sight; a presentation to a benefice; the feast of the presentation of our Lady in the Temple.

PRESENTA'DO, f. m. a person presented for preferment.

PRES'ENTA'R, v. a. to prefent, to expder, to produce in
court.

Presentarse, v. r. to present one-

PRESENTE, adj. present, subst. used; a gift, a present.

PRESENTEME'NTE, adv. immediately.

PRESENTE'RO, f. m. he who

presents to an ecclefiaftical fiving, or the like.

PRESENTILLO, f. m. a small gift, a little prefent.

PRESENTIMIE'NTO , f. m. a fore-judging. --

PRESENTI'R, v. 2. to foreiudge.

PRESERVACION, f. f. prefervation.

PRESERVADO'R, f. m. prefer-

PRESERVA'R, v. a. to preserve, to keep, to fecure.

PRESERVATIVO, f. m. a prefervative.

PRESIDE'NCIA, f. f. presidentship, the honour of presi-

PRESIDE'NTE, f. m. a prefi-

PRESIDIA'R, v. 2. to garrison, to place foldiers in a town or caftle.

PRESIDIA'RIO, f. m. one banished to any strong place in Africa,

PRESIDFO, f. m. a garrifon; fafeguard.

PRESIDIR, v. a. to preside, to be present as chief in the assem-

PRE'SO, f. m. one apprehended, taken into custody, imprisoned, arrested; pinned, tacked to; a prisoner.

PRESO, p. p. of prender.

PRE'SSA, f. f. capture, prize;

Pressa, a flood-gate; a bit of any food.

PRESILLA, f. f. a filk lace; also a fort of linen.

PRESSIO'N, f. f. pressure.

PRESSO, p. p. of the verb pren-

PRESSURA, f. f. oppression, vexation, trouble; also haste. PRESSUROSAME'NTE . adv. diligently.

PRESSURO'SO, adj. diligent. PRESTA, f. f. mint, an berb fo

PRESTADI'ZO, adj. that may be lent, or is used to be lent. PRESTA'DO, p. p. lent.

Tomar prestado , to borrow,

PRESTADO'R, f. m. the ten-

PRESTAME'NTE, adv. readily, quickly.

PRESTAME'RO, f. m. one than has an ecclefiaftical revenue in commendam,

PRE'STAMO ; f. m. a loan; worth, value; an ecclesiastical fevenue given to a person in commendam.

PRESTA'R, v. 2. to lend; to be of use, to excel.

PRESTE, f. m. a priest.

Prifte, a fort of snake, whose bite causes any creature to swell till it

Prefte Juan, Prester John, which some will have to be the emperor of Ethiopia; others, a great prince in Asia.

PRESTE'ZA, f. f. quickness, nimbledefs.

PRESTIDO, f. m. the thing lent.

PRESTITO, f. m. a term used in the spanish universities, when the beadle or messenger of the university notifies any order of the chancellor or other fuperior, which he that has the notification is to perform, sub pana prastiti juramenti, under penaky of breaking his oath.

PRE'STO, adj. ready, quick. Preflo, adv. presently, quickly.

PRESUMIDAME'NTE . adv. prefumptuoufly.

PRESUMI'DO, adj. proud, con-

PRESUMI'R, v. a. to prefunie. to suppose, to guess, to fancy; also to be proud or conceited.

PRESUNCIO'N, f. f. presumption, guess, an imagination; also pride, arrogance, conceitedness,

PRESUNTUOSAME'NTE, adv. prefumptuously, haughtily, conceitedly.

PRESUNTUO'SO, adj. prefumptuous, arrogant, faucy, proud. PRESUPONE'R, v. a. to presuppose; to give a thing for gran-

PRESUPOSICIO'N, f. f. presupposition.

pose, given for granted. PRETA'L, f. m. a preast-plate for

a horfe. PRETENCIO'N, f. f. pretence,

pretention, the fuing for an em ployment.

PRETENDE'R, v. a. to pretend a right, to fue for an employ-

PRETENDIE'NTE, f. m. he who pretends.

PRETENSOR, f. m. a pretender, one that pretends a right . or fues for an employment.

PRETE'RITO, adj. past, pretetite, gone.

PRETERMITIR, v. n. to pretermit, to pais by.

PRETERMISSION, f. f. premission, passing by.

PRETEXTA, f. f. the fort of garment anciently worn by the Roman youth from fourteen to eighteen years of age.

PRETEXTA'R, v. n. to find a pretext or excuse.

PRETE'XTO, f m. a presence. PRETEXTUA'R, v.n.v. PRE-TEXTA'R.

PRETIL, f. m. a rail to lean. the breast on.

PRETI'NA, f. f. a girdle; also a waste belt.

PRETO'R, f. m. a magistrate among the Romans, like a judge.

PRETORIA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a pretor.

PRETORIO, f. m. a court of jusrice, where the pretor used to fit. PRETURA, f. f. the dignity or office of a pretor.

PREVALE'CER, v. a to prevail. PREVARICACION, f. f. preva-. rication, collusion, false or double dealing.

PREVARICADO'R, f. m. a prevaricator, a false double dealer.

PREVARICAR, v. n. to prevaricate, to be worfe than one's word, to betray one's truft, to quibble, not to speak fairly to the purpose.

PREVENCION, f. f. prevention; also preparation, making

PRESUPUE'STO, p. p. presup- PREVENIR, v. a. to prevent; SII2

also to prepare, to make ready. PREVE'R, v. a. to foresee.

PREVERTI'R, v. a. to pervert. PRE'VICO, f. m. obf. a forcerer. PREVILEGIA'R, v. a. vide PRI-

VILEGIAR.

PREVILE'GIO, f. m. vide PRI-VILEGIO.

PREVISTO, adj. foreseen.

PRE'VIO, adj. previous, antecedent, going before.

PREVISIO'N, f. f. prescience, fore-knowledge.

PREVO'STE, f. m. a provoft, a provoft-marshal, an officer in the army to fecure and punish all offenders.

Prevofle, f. m. the head of a community of clergymen.

PRE'Z, f. m. price, value.

PRI

PRIAPI'SMO, f. m. priapism, a preternatural tension.

PRIE'SSA, f. f. haste, speed.

PRIE'TO, adj. black.
Priéto, f. m. formerly a coin fo called.

PRIMA, f. f. a she coufin; in musick, the smallest string of an instrument; in falconry, the female hawk of any kind; in the divine office the hour of prime, which follows lauds; in cant, a shirt.

'Obra prima, curious work.

Zapatéro de óbra prima, a shoemaker that makes only neat shoes.

PRIMACIA, f. f. primacy, the first in rank,

PRIMA'DO, f. m. a primate, a metropolitan, a chief bishop; also the first or prime place.

PRIMAL, f. m. a lamb that is one of the first yeared in the year.

PRIMAME'NTE, adv. prettily. PRIMARIAMENTE, adv. in the first place.

PRIMA'RIO, adj. first, principal, chief, primary.

PRIMAVE'RA, f. f. the fpring; a fort of filk veil or fine web, that is full of flowers refembling the fpring.

PRIMA'ZGO, f. m. cousinship, kindred.

PRIME'R, adj. (for priméro), the first, used only in the masculine, and when it is placed before the substantive; as el primér hómbre, the sirst man.

PRIME'RA, f. f. a game at cards.

Ponérse a priméra, to expose oneself to danger.

PRIMERAME'NTE, adv. in the first place.

PRIMERIA, f. f. precedency, in the first place.

PRIMERIZA, f. f. a woman with child or delivered of her first child

PRIMERILLA, f. f. vide PRI-ME'RA.

PRIMERIZO, adj. that which comes first.

PRIME'RO, adv. first, before. Primero, adj. the first, the fore-most.

PRIME'VO, adj. original, primitive, of the first age.

PRIMICE'R10, f. m. in the universities, the eldest in any faculty.

PRIMI'CIAS, f. f. pl. the first-fruits.

PRIMITIVO, adj. primitive, of of the first institution.

PRIMO, f.m. a cousin; also the first, the best, the chiefest; also delicate, curious.

Primo hermáno, a cousin german.

PRIMOGE'NITO, adj. the first begotten, the eldest.

PRIMOGENITU'RA, f. f. primogeniture, the right of the first born.

PRIMO'R, f. m. excellence, delicacy, curiofity, neatnefs.

PRIMOROSAME'NTE, adv. excellently, delicately.

PRIMORO'SO, adj. nice, curious, delicare.

PRINCE'SA, f. f. a princefs.

PRINCIPA'DO, f. m. principality, fovereignty.

PRINCIPA'L, adj. principal chief.

PRINCIPALME'NTE, adv. principally, chiefly.

PRI'NCIPE, f. m. a prince.

PRINCIPIANTE, f. m. beginner.

PRINCIPIA'R, v. a. to begin. PRINCIPIO, f. m. a begin. . ning.

Principios, pl. principal rudiments; first rules of any art or science.

Prov. Buén principio la mitád es hécho, a good beginning is half the work done.

PRINGA'DA, f. f. a flice of bread preffed upon fat bacon boiled foft, so that the bacon flicks to it; or a sop in the pan; or a flike of fat bacon to eat, moulding it with bread.

PRINGA'R, v. a. to bafte meat that is roafting; also to eat fat bacon boiled fost, squeezing and moulding it with a piece of bread.

Pringer un esclévo, a punishment fome masters have used to wicked slaves, dropping scalding fat on their bare skin, as if they were basted to be roasted.

PRINGUE, f. m. the dripping of fat bacon or the like.

PRIOR, f. m. a prior: the head in fome monafteries and in fome collegiate churches.

PRIORA'TO, f. m. a priory or monastery governed by a prior; also the dignity of a prior.

PRIORA'ZGO, f. m. the dignity of a prior.

PRIORIDA'D, f. f. priority.
PRIO'STE, f.m. the fleward of a brotherhood.

PRISCA'L, f. f. t vide APRIS-PRISCO, f. m. CO.

Prifco, a peach.

PRISIO'N, f. f. a prifon; affo imprifonment. In falconry, the hawk's feizing his prey.

Prisiónes, pl. irons, fetters, shackles.

PRISIONE'RO, f. m. a prifoner; properly, a prifoner of war, for other prifoners are generally called prefor.

PRISTE, f. m. a small whale, a fish of the whale kind.

PRISTINO, adj. former, first in antiquity.

PRIVACIO'N, f. f. privation, depriving or being void of any thing,

PRIVADA, f. f. privy, necessary house.

PRIVAD AME'NTE, adv. privily.

PRIVADE'RO, adj. that may be deprived.

PRIVADI'LLO, f. m. a little favourite.

PRIVA'DO, s.m. a favourite.

Privade, adj. deprived.

PRIVA'NZA, f. f. favour, great intimacy.

PRIVA'R, v. a. to deprive; but generally, to be in favour, to be-very intimate.

Privarse, v. r. to deprive oneself. Privarse de juicio, so turn mad.

Privarse de razon to be drunk.

PRIVATIVO, adj. that can be deprived.

PRIVILEGIA'R, v. a. to give liberty or privilege.

PRIVILE'GIO, f. m. privilege, liberty, immunity.

PRÒ

PRO, f. m. Buén pro os hága, much good may it do you.

Pro y cóntra, adv. pro and con, for and against.

El pro; in cant, the breech.

PRO'A, f. f. the prow or head of a ship.

PROBABILIDA'D, f. f. probability.

PROBABILISTA, f. m. a cafuift that follows the most probable opinion.

PROBA'BLE, adj. probable, likely.

PROBABLEME'NTE, adv. probably.

PROBACIO'N, f. f. probation, trial.

PROBA'NZA, f. f. proof.

PROBA'R, v. a. to prove, to try,

Mugér probàda, a woman that has been proved a whore.

PROBLE'MA, f. m. a problem, a proposition having an interrogation annexed.

PROBLEMA'TICO, adj. belonging to a problem.

PROCEDE'R, v. a. so proceed, to go on.

PROCEDIMIE'NTO, f. m. proceeding.

PROCELO'SO, adj. flormy.

PROCE'RO, of m. a grandee, a PROCE'RO, great ford.

PROCERIDAD, f. f. eminence, elevation.

PROCESSA'L, adj. relating to a fuit in law.

PROCESSA'R, v. a. to judge a criminal or malefactor, to try

PROCESSIO'N f. f. a procession, the proceeding or going forward of many people in order, upon folemn occasions.

PROCESSIONALME'NTE, adv. in manner of a procession.

PROCESSIONA'RIO, f. m. a church book containing the ceremonies and musick for processions.

PROCE'SSO, f. m. a process or trial at law.

PROCI'NTO, f. m. a jutting-out flone or the like in the middle part of a wall or flructure.

PROCLAMA, (f.f. a pro-PROCLAMACI'ON, clamation. PROCLAMA'R, v. a. to proclaim, to publish.

PROCLIVE, adj. tending to, inclined.

PROCO, f. m. he who follicits a

PROCO'NSUL, f. m. a proconful.

PROCONSULA'DO, f. m. the proconfulship or dignity of a proconful.

PROCREACION, f. f. procreation, engendering.

PROCREADO'R f. m. he that begets, procreates, or engenders. PROCREA'R, v. a. to procreate, beget, or engender.

PROCURA, f. f. a letter of attorney.

PROCURACION, f. f. folliciting, endeavouring, procuring; also procuratorship, the office of a procurator, steward, or attorney.

PROCURADO'R, f. m. an attorney.

Procurador fiscal, s. m. the king's astorney.

Procurador de cortes, a representative of some town in the cortes or parliament...

PROCURA'R, v. a. to procure, to endeavour, to obtain, to look, to follicit.

PRODICION, f. f. treachery.

PRODIGALIDA'D, f. f. prodigality, wastefulness, extravagance.

PRODIGAME'NTE, adv. prodigally, wastefully, extravagantly.

PRODI'GIO, f. m. a prodigy, a wonderful thing.

PRODIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. prodigiously, wonderfully.

PRODIGIOSO, adj. prodigious, wonderful.

PRO'DIGO, adj. prodigal, extravagant, wasteful.

PRODUCCIO'N, f. f. production, producing, bringing forth.

PRODUCIR, v. a. to produce, to bring forth.

PRODU'CTO, f.m. in arithmetick, the product.

PROEJA'R, v. n. to row against the wind or stream, to stem the current, or bear up against the wind.

PROE'L f. m. a cabbin-boy in a

PROEMIA'L, adj. introductory. PROE'MIO, f. m. introduction.

preface.

PROE'SA, f. f. provefs, valour.

PROFANACIO'N, f. f. profanation.

PROFANADO'R, f. m. a profaner.

PROFANAME'NTE, adv. profanely.

PROFANA'R, v. a. to profane, to pollute a holy thing.

PROFANIDA'D, f. f. profanenefs.

PROFA'NO, adj. profane, ungodly, wicked; that is not hely. PROFAZADOR, f. m. obf. a reviler.

PROFAZAMIENTO, f. m. obf., the act of reviling.

PROFAZAR, v. a. obf. to revile. PROFAZO, f. m. v. PROFAZA-MIENTO.

PROFECIA, f. f. a prophecy.

PROFERIMENTO, f. m. ao unerance; a bringing forth.

PROFERI'R, v. a. to litter, to

bring forth , to speak?

PROFESSA'R, v. s. to profess any art or science; also to profess in a religious order; that is, to take the vows of the order.

PROFESSION, f. f. a profession, an acknowledgment; alfo a calling, and a professing in a reli-

gious order.

PROFE'SSO, f. m. one that has professed in a religious order.

PROFESSO'R, i. m. a professor. PROFICIE'NTE, f. m. a proficient, one that advances in learning or any thing elfe.

PROFICUO, adj. profitable. PROFUGO, that wanders like a

fugitive.

PROFUNDAMEN'TE, adv. that foundly, deeply, lowly, humbly. PROFUNDIDA'D, f. f. profun-

dity, depth. PROFU'NDO, adj. profound, deep. PROFUSAME'NTE, adv. profu-

PROFUSIO'N, f. m. profusion, wafte.

PROGE'NIE, f. f. off-spring, race, generation.

PROGENITO'R, f. m. a progenitor, a forefather.

PROGENITU'RA, f. f. vide PROGE'NIE.

PROGRESSIO'N, f. f. progreffion, a proceeding or advancing. PROGRESSI'VO, adj. progressive,

going forward, advancing. PROGRE'SSO, f. m. progres, proceeding, advancing.

PROHIBICIO'N, f. f. a prohibition; forbldding.

PROHIBER, v. a. to prohibit, to

PROHI'DIA, f. f. (a clownish word for porfia) a contentious infifting upon, a point; politivenels. PROHIDIA'R, v. n. (clownish, for porfiar) to contend, to be politive, to perfift obffinately.

PROHIJAMIE'NTO, f. m. adop-

PROHIJA'R, v. a. to adopt for a fon. PROLE, f. f. issue, off-spring, a child.

PRO'LIFICO, adj. prolifick, that [gets e hildren.

PROLIXAME'NTE adv. prolikly, tedfouffy.

PROLIXIDA'D, f. f. prolixness, tedlouinels, length.

PROLIXO, adj. prolix, tedious, long.

PROLOGO, f. m. prologue, preface, introduction.

PROLONGACION, f.f. 2 prolonging, delaying, firetching out in length.

PROLONGAR, v. a. to prolong, to delay, to stretch out at length, to protract.

PROLO'QUIO, f. m. a short and witty sentence.

PROMEDIA'R, v. a. to divide any thing into two equal parts; also to be an arbiter judge berween two parties.

PRO'MEDIO, f. m. the place into which any thing is divided.

PROME'SSA, f. f. a promise. PROMETEDO'R, f. m. one that promifes.

PREMETE'R, v. a. to promife. Prometerse, v. r. to hope, to flatter bneself.

PROMETIMIE'NTO, f. m. a promife.

PROMISCUAME'NTE, adv. with confused mixture, promiscuously. indiscriminately.

PROMI'SCUO, adj. promiscuous, mingled, confused.

PROMISSIO'N, f. f. promife; but feldom used, unless in speaking of the land of promise, called tierra de promi∫ión.

PROMISSO'RIO, adj. promiflory. PROMOCIO'N, f. f. promotion, preferment.

PROMO'NTORIO, f. m. a cape or promontory, a point of land running out into the fea.

PROMOTOR. (f. m. 2 pro-PROMOVEDO'R, \ moter; little used but in the cortes, where promovedores are particular persons appointed to make promotions to the house.

PROMOVE'R, v. a. to promote, to prefer.

PROMULGACIO'N, f. f. a publication.

PROMULGADO'R, f. m. a crier, a publisher, a proclaimer.

PROMULGAR; v. a. to promulge, to publish, to proclaim, to make publick.

PRONO, adj.prone, inclined.

PRONO'MBRE, f. m. a pronoun. PRONOSTICACIO'N, f. f. prognoffication, prediction.

PRONOSTICADOR, f. m. 2 fortune-eller.

PRONOSTICAR, v. a to prognofricate, to företel.

PRONO'STICO, f. m. a figh or token of a thing that is to come; a foretelling, or prognosticating; so they call the almanack, almanáque y pronôstico nuévo, because it pretends to foretel the weather. PRONTAME'NTE, adv. prompt-

ly, readily. PRONTEZA, (f.f. promptnes, PRONTITUD, readiness.

PRO'NTO, adj. prompt, ready. PRONTUA'RIO, f. m. a book fo contrived and digefted, that a man

may readily find what he feeks in it. PRO'NUBA, f. f. the woman that presides at a wedding.

PRONUNCIACION, f. f. pronunciation, utterance.

PRONU'NCIA'R, v. a. to pronoun-

PROPAGACIO'N, f. f. propagation, increase,

PROPAGADOR, f. m. who propagates.

PROPAGA'R, v. s. to propagate. PROPAGATI'VO, adj, that which propagates.

PROPALA'R, v. a. to publish.

PROPASSA'R, v. n. to pass farther than one ought.

PROPENSAME'NTE, adv. with tendency or propension.

PROPENSIO'N, propension, inclination.

PROPE'NSO, adj. inclined.

PROPHECIA, f. f. prophecy.

PROPHETA, f. m. prophet. PROPHETA'L, adj. applied to the

books written by the prophets. PROPHETA'R, v. a. obl. vide

PROPHETIZAR.

PROPHETICAMENTE, adver. prophetically.

PROPHE'TICO, adj. prophetick

PROPHETI'SSA, f. f. a prophetels.

PROPHETIZA'R, v. a. to prophecy, to foretel.

PROPICIACIO'N, f. f. propitia-

PROPICIATO'RIO, f. m. that has the virtue of propiriation.

PROPI'CIO, adj. propitious, favonrable.

PROPINA, f. f. a fee or due, which doctors, who take their degree, pay those who have taken it before them. It was fermerly a collation or treat; but now they give it in money, Alfo Wages or

PROPINQUO, adj. near of kin, a kinfman.

PROPONEDOR, f. m. who pro-

PROPONE'R, v. a to propose. PROPORCIO'N, f. f. proportion. PROPORCIONA'BLE, (adj. pro-PROPORCIONA'L, portio-

nable. PROPORCIONALME'NTE, adv. proportionably.

PROPORCIONA'R, v. a. to proportion.

PROPOSICIO'N, f. f. a proposition; also the speech the king makes at the opening of the contes or parliament; so called, because in it he proposes the cause that moved him to call them.

PROPO'SITO, f. m. purpose, defign, incension, resolution.

Penér propósito de hacer una sosa, to design, to do a thing.

Pacér propósito, to make a purpose or resolution.

Ser fuera de propófico, to be noching to the purpole.

Pacér una cosa de propósito, to do s thing purposely.

Penir à propósico, to be put to the purpole.

Juégo de propásito q the faget of stoss purpofes.

PROPRIAME'NTE . adv. \$20perly.

PROPRIEDA'D, f. f. property. PROPRIETA'RIO, f. m. a pro-

PRO'PRIO, f. m. propes, peculiar, a man's own.

PROPUESTO, p. p. proposed ; also purposed, resolved

PRO

 $P_{i}RO'RA$, f. f. \forall . PRO'A. PRORATA, f. f. proportion.

PRO'ROGA. (f. f. a pro-PROROGACIO'N, (rogation or putting off ; the proroguing of the corres or parliament; adjourn-

PROROGA'R, v. a. to prorogue, to put off.

PRORUMPIR: V. n. to out with violence, to burst out.

PROSA, f. f. profe, what is nor

PROSADO'R, f. m. one that wri tes in profe.

PROSA'ICO, adj. profaick.

PROSA'PIA, f. f. race, generation. PROSCRIBI'R, v. a. to profcribe, to outlaw.

PROSCRIPCIO'N, f. f. proscription, outlawing,

PROSCRIPTO, p. p. proscribed, outlawed.

PROSECUCION, f. f. profecution. PROSEGUIMIE'NTO, f. m. peofecuting, following.

PROSEGUI'R, v. a. to profecute, to follow.

PROSELITO, f. m. a profelyte, a convert.

PROSISTA, f. m. a writer in profe. A man that speaks too much.

PROSO'DIA, f. f. the art of true accenting of words and giving them their found with their proper lengts.

PROSOPOPE'IA, f. f. the feigning of any creature or thing to fpeak, reprefenting of perfons. A figure in retaffek.

PROSPERAMEINTE, adv. profperoufly.

PROSPERA'R, v. a. to prosper, to give good fuccels.

PROSPERIDA'D, f. f. prosperity. PROSPERO, adjo prospensom, fuccels-ful.

Viento prospere, a fain vind .. PROSTITUCION, S. S. PROSINItion, exposing to common use,

PROSTITUIR, y. a to profitrue, to expose to seemmon use I'ROTECCION . f. f. prosection.

PROTECTO'R, f. m. a protector.

PROTECTO'RA, If. f. protec-PROTECTRIZ, (trefs.

PROTEGE'R, v. a. to protect. PROTERVAMENTE, adv. haugh-

tily, obstinately, perversely.

PROTE'RVIA, f. f. untoward. ness, perverness pride, obstinacy.

PROTE'RVO, adj, perverfe, untoward, proud, obstinate, sul-

PROTE'STA, f. f. protest, a folemn declaration of opinion against one thing.

PROTE'STACIO'N, f. f. a proteffation.

PROTESTA'NTE, f. m. a proteftant.

PROTESTA'R, v. a. to protest, to affirm, to protest a bill of exchange upon non-phyement.

PROTESTO, f. m. a protestation; also a protest of a bill of exchange or the like.

PROTO, f. m. the first in his

PROTOCO'LO, f. m. a register kept by a notary, or fuch officer of sales contracts. &c.

PROTOME'DICO, f.m. the first phylician.

PROTONOTA'RIO, f. in. a chief notary.

PROTOTY'PO, f. m. 2 prototype or model.

PROVE'CHO, f. f. profit, advantage, gain,

Puén provécho os hága, much good if may de you.

PROVECHOSAME'NTE . adv. profit ably advantageously.

PROVECHO'SO, adj. proficable, advantageous.

PROVECHUELO, f. m. a little profit or advantage.

PROVEEDO'R, f. m. a commissa ry of provisions in an army, a pur-

PROVEE'R, v. a. to provide provide, to take heed, to forfee, Proveerse, w. r. to ease one's body to do that another campot do for

PROVEI'DO, adj. that has got & place or preferment. PREFEIMIE'N FO, C. p. groys

ding, foring, foresceling.

PROVE'NA, f. f. a young branch PROVENIR, v. a, to come to, to arrive at. PROVERBIADO'R , f. m. one that speaks proverbs. PROVERBIA'L, adj. proverbial, belonging to a proverb. PROVERBIALME'NTE, adv. proverbially. PROVE'RBIO, f. m. a proverb. PROVIDAME'NTE, adv. provi-PROVIDE'NCIA, f, f. providence, foresight. PROVIDE'NTE, adj. provident PRO'VIDO, adj. provident. PROVINCIA, f. f. a province. PROVINCIA'L, adj. provincial, of, or belonging to a province; that is, function over a whole province, as among religious orders. PROVISIO'N, f. f. provision. It is also a result or determination of the king and council, an order, a grant of a place or preferment to any person. PROVISOR, f. m. a provisor, one that provides for a community; also a bishop's vicar-general. PROVISORIO, adj. belonging to the provisor or provisorship, PROVISTO, p. p. of provber. PROVOCACION, f. f. provo-PROVOCADO'R, f. m. a provo-PROVOCA'R, w. a. to provoke. PROVOCATI'VO, adj. provocative, exciting. PROXIMAME'NTE, adv. nearly; alfo lately. PROXIMIDA'D, f. f. proximity, nearness kindred. PRO'XIMO, f. m. a neighbour in the Christian sense. PROYECTA'R, v. a. to scheme, to form in the mind; to contrive. PRPYECTO, adj. extended, di-Proyecto, f. m. a scheme, a project,

դ .. P R Մ

a contrivance.

PRUDE'NCIA, f. f. prudence.
PRUDENCIA'L, adj. prudential.

PRUDENCIALME'NTE, adv. prudentially.

PRUDE'NTE, adj. prudent, difcreet.

PRUDENTEME'NTB, adv. prudently, difcreetly.

PRUE'BA, f., f., a proof, a trial, a tafte.

PRUI'NA, f. f. the hoary-frost.
PRUNA, f. f. a prune, a plum.

P S A

often mentioned in the they were only farmers of venues paid to the Roma PSALMISTA, f. m. a writer of pfalms, a pfalmift.

Decir à uno el pfalmo, to give one a lecture.

PSALMO'DIA, f. f. finging of pfalms.

PSALMODIA'R, v. n. to fing pfalms.

PSALTE'RIO, f. m. the pfalter or book of pfalms: also a musical instrument called a pfaltery, PSEUDO, adj. false,

PTI

PTINGE, f. m. the name of a kind of nocurnal hawk.

PTISA'NA, f. f. ptifan, a medical drink made of barley decocted with raifins and liquorice.

PTISICA, f f. hectick, confumption, an hectick fever.

PTISICO, adj. hectick, hectical, in confumption.

PTI'SIS, f. f. v. PTI'SICA.

PUA

PU, f. f. the excrements of a child,

Pu! used when it slinks.

PUA, s. f. a point, a prick, the sooth of a comb, or any sharp point slicking out; also a stock to graft on; in fortifications puas, are what we call fraises; that is, palifadoes or stakes.

Puds de puérco esplu, the quills or

luis de puérco espin, the quills or long pricks that grow on the back of a porcupine.

PUB

PUBERTA'D, f. f. puberty, the

of twelve in girls.

age of fourteen in youth, and

PUBLICACIO'N, f. f. publication, publishing.

PUBLICADO'R, f. m. a publisher.

PUBLICAME'NTE, adver. publickly.

PUBLICA'NO, f. m. a publican, often mentioned in the gospel; they were only farmers of the revenues paid to the Romans.

PUPLICA'R, v. a. to publish, to divulge, to make publick.

PUBLICIDA'D, f. f. publickness.

PUBLICO, adj. publick, knowa to all.

Escribáno público, a puplic notary.

PUC

PUCELA'NA, f. f. a fort of very glutinous clay almost in the nature of a bitumen. PUCHAS, f. f. pl. (a fort of pap, PUCHES, f. m. pl. / made with grated bread, oil, water, and other ingredients. PUCHERIA'S, f. f. trifles, things of no value; used also as puchericos. PUCHERICO, on a line PUCHERITO, Hacker pucherless, to whimper, to begin to cry to make such faces as children do when they cry. PUCHE.RO, f. m. a pipkis. Puchéro, the mess or spoon-meat generally eaten first at dinner. Tiene ufted puchero ! have you any dinner to give us 1 A question asked by travellers at the inns. Hacer pucheros or puchericos, to bubble, to cry as children do. Comér su puchéro, to be fatisfied with little. PUCHES, f. m. pl. v. PUCHAS.

PUD

PUDICICIA, f. f. modesty, chaftity.

Pudor

also a little

PUEROUBCITO.

PUDO'R, f. m. modefly, shame-facedness.

PUDRICIO'N, f. f. corrupPUDRIMIENTO, f. m. ction, rottenness.

PUDRI'R, v. a. to rot.

Pudrirse, v. r. to putrify, to become corrupted.

PUE

PUEBLA, f. f. a town or village PUEBLEZUE'LO, f. m. a little town; also the mean fort of people; the mob. PUE'BLO, f. m. the populace, the people; also a town. PUE'NTE, f. f. a bridge. Puénte de crisnéjas y pája, a bridge of hurdles, and firaw over them, bound with ropes cross a river, used in the West-Indies. Puénte levadiza, a draw-bridge. Puénte de rabél, the bridge of a fiddle. Ojo de puênte, the arch of a bridge; ironically, the podex. PUENTECICA. ſ. f. dimi-PUENTECTILA, nuitves of PUENTECITA, puente. PUENTEZUE'LA, PUE'RCA, f. f. a fow. Alfo a hogloufe; sifo the nut of a screw. Puérca de husélle, the spindle of a distast, Puércas, f. f. pl. kernels growing in the throat or other parts of the body; also ridges in plowed land or gardens. PUERCAME'NTE, adv. naftily, diruly. PUERCO, adj. nasty, dirty, fil-Puérco, f. m. hog, boar; also pork, or swines flesh. Metaph, a nasty, dirty person. Puérco cevádo, a fatted hog. Puérco espin, a porcupine. Puérco monsés, a wild boar. PUERI'CIA, f. f. boy ish years, betwixt children and youth. PUERI'L, adj. boyish, childish. PUERILIDA'D, s. f. boyishness. PUERILME'NTE, adv. boyishly PUERQUECTIO, f.m. a little PUERQUECTIO, fow or hog;

PUERQUEZUE'LO, (nut of a forew; also a little nasty, or dirry person. PUE'RRO, f. m. a leek. PUE'RTA, f. f. a door, a gate, a port-hole, Putria principal, fore door, great gate. Pillrea trastra, puérta falsa, back doot-Estár a la puérra, to be at the door; that is, to be ready at band. Abrir puérta, to facilitate, to make A essotra puerta, tell that story to another. A way of turning one away, as they do a beggar, bidding him go to the next door. Echárlo a puérias, to spoil, to destroy it. Andar de puérta en puérta, to beg from door to door.

Prov. A pubria cerrada et diáblo fe buélve, when the devil finds the door shut, he goes his way; that is, the devil does not prevail when a man fets his refolution against him; when a house is well secured, thieves are disappointed.

Prov. Donde una puerta se cierra otra se abre, where one door is shut, another is oponed; that is, when one fails, another hits.

Ponér puértas ál cámpo, to put gates

to the fields.

PUERTECICA, PUERTECILLA, C. f. a linte PUERTECITA, PUERTEZUE'LA,

PUE'RTO, f. m. a port, a harbour, a haven.

Puérto séco, a país on mountains; a frontier town, were goods pay a duty.

Puerto de arrebáta cápas, any place that is much exposed to winds, which are always fluttering about a man's cloak.

PUE'S, adv. then fince.
PUE'SQUE, adv. fince that.
PUESTA, f. f. a flice, a cut, a
piece, a portion, an allowance.
PUE'STO, adj. put, placed, fet,
flanding.

Despues del sol pulsto, after sun-set. Puesto, s. m. a place, a post, an employment; also a stand in a market, or other place, where goods are sold, not in a shop. Puesto que, adv. notwithstanding, although.

PUG

PUGA, f. f. obf. v. PUA.
PUGIL, f. m. a boxer.
PUGNA, f. f. a battle, opposition.
PUGNA'R, v. n. to ftrive, to contend, to fight.
Pugnat, adj. warlike.

PUJ

PUIA. S. f. bidding above another in a falo. Sácar de la púja, to be worse than another. PUJAMIE'NTO, f. m. bidding in a fale or audion; also thrusting or pushing. Pujamiénto de sángre, an overflowing of blood PUJA'NTE, adj. ftrong, powerful, prevalent. PUJANZA, f. f. puissance, power. PUJA'R, v. n. to bid one above another, as they do in an audion; alfo to push, to thruft. PUJAVA'NTE, f. m. a farrier's buttress to pare horses hoofs. PU'JO, f. m. a distemper in the fundament sometimes caused by the flux; also a defire to go to stool, but in vain.

PUL

PULCRITUD, f. f. beauty, grace, handfomenefs.

PULCRO, adj. beau, fparkish, womanish.

PULGA, f. f a flea.

Mala púlga, a troublefome fellow that diffurbs every body.

Prov. Echárle la púlga detrás de la ôrija, to fend one away with a flea in his ear.

PULGA'DA, f. f. an inch, the breadth of a thumb.

PULGA'R, f. m. the thumb; also the great toe.

Tom. I.

Ttt

Menede los pulgáres, to play at cards, to deal them out.

Hilddo por iftos pulgares, the women that fpin, and value themfelves upon that housewifry, say this when they shew their work; that is, it was spun with these thumbs.

PULGARA'DA, f. f. a motion of the thumb; also a thumb's breadth, an inch.

PULGO'N, f. m. a worm that eats the vines.

PULGUE'RA, f. f. a place where there are many fleas; also an herb so called.

PULGUI'LLA, f. f. diminut. of pulga.

PULICIA, f. f. neatness, civility, courtefy, good behaviour.

PULIDAME'NTE, adv. nearly, politely.

PULIDE'RO, f. m. a cloth women hold in their hands when they wind thread to make it smooth.

PULIDE'Z, f. f. politeness.

PULIDILLO, f. m. a little nice fellow.

PULIPOO, adj. neat, spruce, tight. PULIPO'R, f m. he who polishes; also any instrument to polish with.

PULIME'NTO, f. m. polishing, forucing, making neat.

Dar pulimento, among flatuaries, to finish, to give the last strokes to a figure.

PULI'R, v. a. to polish, to make fine or curious.

PULLA, f. f. joke, jeft, banter. PULMO'N f. m. the lungs.

Pulmón marino, bright froth in the fea that shines,

PULMONARIA, f. f. the herb lungwort or pulmonary.

PULMONI'A f. f. an information

PULMONI'A, f. f. an inflamation in the lungs.

PULPA, f. f. pulp, the flesh of any fruit or the like; also any foft mass.

Carn. de púlpa, flesh without bones. PULPE'JO, f. m. the brawny flesh of arms, legs, and fingers.

PULPERI'A, f. f. in the West-Indies, the shops where they sell wine, brandy, and other spirits, and many other wares. PULPE'RO, f. m. a retailer, one that keeps one of the shops called pulperla.

PU'LPITO, f. m. a pulpit.
PU'LPO, f. m. a fish called many-

feet, or pourcontrel, which has no bones.

PULPO'SO, adj. pulpous, having flesh, without bones.

PUL'QUE, f. m. the juice of a tree called maguey, New-Spain, mixed with other ingredients

PULQUERI'A, f. f. the place where they fell the liquor called pulque.

PULSACIO'N, f. f. the feeling of te pulse.

PULSADA, f. f. the beating of the pulse.

PULSA'R, v. a. to touch; also to feel one's pulse; also to pulse to beat as the pulse.

PULSO, f. m. the pulse.

Tomár el pulso á un negócio, to found a business

Quédar fin pulsos, to be so surprised, or astonished, that the blood stagnates and the pulse ceases to beat.

PULULA'R, v. n. to bud out.

PUN:

PUNDONO'R, f. m. point of honour, a nicety in honour.

PUNDONORO'SO, adj. nice in points of honour.

PUNGIMIE'NTO, f. m. a pricking. PUNGI'R, v. a. to punch, to prick. Metaph. to vex, to nettle. PUNICIO'N, f. f. punishment.

PUNIR, v. a. to punish.

PUNTA, f. f. the point of any sharp thing; a prick.

Púnta de agrio, a touch of sharpness or sowerness.

Tentr punta el vino, is for wine to be pricked.

Jugár à punta y cabéta, children's play at heads and points.

Doblár la punta, to double a point of land at fea; that is, to get about it.

Hacer punta, to oppose, to contra-

Herir de punts, to thrust or wound with the point of a weapon.

Hacer punta el halcon, to fly off from his game; faid of the hawk

Ofrecer algo por la punta de la espada, to offer a thing by the point of a sword.

Annádo de púnta en blânco a armed cap-a-pee.

Tener uno fus puntas y collár, to have point and collar; that is, to be haughty.

Prov. Chica es la punta de la espina, mas à quien duele no la olvida, the point of a fish-bone is small, but he who is hurt by it does not forget it; that is, a small hurt or wrong in the eyes of another is not forgot by hun that feels it.

Púntas, pl. lace; fo called because they were formerly pointed.

Púntas de tramóya, a particular fore of lace used formerly.

PUNTACIO'N, f. f. pointing in writing

PUNTA'DA, f. f. a flitch.

Dar una puntala en un negócio, to pur a word in, to move a pointin a business.

PUNTAL, f. m. a prop, a shore for a house or the like; among sailors the depth of a ship from the deck to the bottom of the hold.

PUNTAPIE, f. m. a kick, a spnra. PUNTA'R, v. a. to point, to sharpen.

PUNTEA'R, v. a. to play upon any stringed instrument by pricking the springs; also to prick, to. point, and to stitch.

PUNTE'RA, f. f. the herb houseleek.

PUNTERI'A, f. f. upon the level, shooting point blank at a mark; also a chilel to pare flones skh.

PUNTE'RO, f. m. a fefcue children use when they learn to read. PUNTIAGUDO, adj. sharp-poin-

Puntillas, f. f. pl. dim. of puntas. also the rips of the roes.

Ander de puntillas, to walk on tip-

Afirmár úna cófa a pile puntillas, to affirm a thing positively, as if a man stood on tip-toe for eagernels.

PUNTIZIAZO 6. m. a kick. a

PUNTIALAZO, f. m. a kick, a. fpura.

PUNTI'LLO, f. m. a little point. PUNTILLO'N, f. m. vide PUN-TILL'AZO.

PUNTO, f. m. a point, a moment, a stirch, the fize of a shoe, the ace at cards or dice. Also a note in musick.

Pon un punto entre essus palábras, make a point, or a punctum between those words.

Vendré en un punto, I will come in a moment.

Zapáto de tantos puntos, a shoe of fuch a fize.

Punto y rey, the ace and king at cards.

Punto de escopéia, the fight to take aim by in a gun.

Hômbre de punto, a man of honour. Punto en búca, silence.

Dar punto, to give over; also to give a bint.

Al punto, adv. immediately.

Estar en su punto, to be just as ought to be.

Ir al punto del negócio, to come to the point,

Llegar à punto, to come in the nick of time.

Sin discrepår un punte, without varying or differing a jot.

Puuto per tétra, a term among musicians in short compositions, when there is but one note allowed to every syllable.

En buen punto or en mal punto, in a lucky or an unlucky minute.

A punto crudo; a day after the fair.

Curár de punto, to cure a wound,

fit ching it up,

Púntos, the plural of púnto.

Púntos de teologia, points in diviniey.

Bur termino por puntos, to give very short respites.

Gánar por puntes, to reckon more pips at cards.

Ponér los puntos en la vifia, to take aim with a gun, bringing the fights of the piece to the eye.

PUNTO'SO, adj. having many points; also punctilious.

PUNTUACION, f. f. pointing in writing.

PUNTUA'L, adj. punctual.
PUNTUALIDA'D, f. f. exact-

PUNTUALME'NTE, adv. punctually.

PUñ

PUNTUA'R, v. a. to point in writing.

PUNTURA, f. f. pointing, pricking.

PUNZA'DA, f. f. a punch, a thrust, a prick; also grief trouble.

PUNZADURA, f. f. idem.

PUNZA'R, v. a. to punch, to thrust, to prick; also to trouble.

UNZO'N, f. m. a bodkin,
UNZONCI'CO, f. m. a little
bodkin,

PUå

r'UnA'DA, f. f. a blow with a fift; also a handful.

Prov. A puñadas éntran las buenas badas, good fuck comes in by cuffing; that is a man must struggle and take pains to be fortunate.

Prov. Dar una puñada en el cielo, to strike at heaven; to aim at impossibilities; to be very wicked and sly in the face of heaven; to contend with or offend those, that are so much above us that we cannot reach them.

PUnA'DO, f. m. a handful, a gripe, as much as a man can grafp in his fift.

PUnA'L, f. m. a dagger, a poniard. PUnALA'DA, f. f. a stab with a dagger.

PUnA'R, v. a, vide PUGNA'R, PUnE'TE, f. m. a blow with the

Punetes, f. m. pl. ruffles, fuch as we wear at the wrifts.

PU'aO, f. m. a fift; the handle of a fword, dagger, or other fuch thing; sometimes a handful; among failors, the clue, which is the lower corner of the sail that reaches down to the place where the tacks and sheets are made fast to the sail.

Púñas, f. m. ruffles or cuffs. for the wrifts; and, in fea-terms, the clues for the fails.

PUP

PUPPA, f. f. the pufule of a pinaple.

PUPILA'GE, f. m. a house where they keep young scholars at bed and board, a boarding-school.

PUPILE'RO, f. m. he that keeps a boarding-school, or a house for young scholars to board in.

PUPI'LO, f. m. a pupil, a father-less child, or one that is under the tuition of another; or that is at a boarding-school, or under a rutor.

PUPO'SO, adj. pimpled, scabby.

PUR

PURAMENTE, adv. purely, fincerely.

PUREZA, f. f. purity.

PURGACION, f. f. purging, cleaning, cleaning cleaning women's cour-

fes.

PURGA'R, v. a. to purge, to cleanse, to clear.

PURGATIVO, adj. purging.
PURGATO'RIO, f. m. purgatory.

a place of cleanfing.

PURIDA'D f. f. purity. It was

also used for secrecy.

Prov. A quien alces tu puridad, a

efse das tu liberad, to him you tell your secret, to him you refign your liberty; that is, when you have trusted a mag with a secret, he keeps you in awe.

Prov. Puridad de dos, puridad de Dios; puridad de tres de tódos es, a secret between two is God's secret, a secret between three is every body's; that is, two may keep a secret, but when three have it, every body has it.

Prov. Quién guarda puridad, efcuja vucho mal, he that keeps a fecret, prevents much mischies. The revealing of secrets often does much harm.

PURIFICACION, f. f. purifica-

In Purificación de nuestra Señora, the feast of the Purification of our Lady; Candlemas-day.

Ttt 2

PURIFICADO'R, f. m. one that cleanses or purifies; also a little cloth with which the priest wipes the chalice after receiving the facrament.

PURIFICA'R, v. a. to purify, to cleanse.

PURO, adj. pure, clean, without mixture, untainted, unspotted, undefiled.

PURPURA, f. f. purple.

PURPURA'R, v. a. to dye any thing of a purple colour, to colour with purple; also to dress with purple.

PURPUREA'R, v. n. to be of a purple colour.

PURPURBO, adj. of a purple colour.

PURRE'LA, C. f. a low kind of wine.

PURULE'NTO, adj. full of pus.

PUS

PU'S, f. m. pus, the matter of a well digested fore. PUSILA'NIMB adj. pufillanimous, fainihearted. PUSILANIMIDA'D f, f. pufilianimity, faint-heartedness. PUSTULA, f. f. a puftule.

P U T

PUTA, f. f. a whore, a harlot. Pusa barbacanéra, a whore that plies among foldiers about the walls of a town a camp whore. Púta carcavéra, T. f. 2 whore; one that haunts church-yards. Páta matrira, f. f. a cunning whore. Prov. Ayer putas oy comadres,

yesterday whores, and to day goffips; faid of mean fcolding women, who revile one another one hour, and are friends the next.

Prov. Putas, y dados, y cominos de odre, matan al hombre, whores, dice, and wine, kill and defiroy a man.

Prov. A la puta y al juglar, à la vejéz le viéne mal, a whore and a buffoon fare ill in their old age. Prov. A la puta y a la trucha, do no catáres la búsca, look for a whore and a trout where you leaft expect to find them. You may light of them in very unlikely

Prov. Guárdate de puta, que dexa la bolsa enxúsa, take heed of a whore who leaves thy purse empty.

Prov. La puta y la cornéja, mas se láva mas négra, a whore and a daw, the more they wash, the blaker they look.

Prov. Pútas y alcahuétas, tódas fon tretas, whores and bawds are all made up of tricks.

PUTATSMO, f. m. v. PUTA-NI'SMO.

PUTAREA'R, v. n. to follow who-

PUTARE'RO, f. m. a whore-maf-

PUTANISMO, f. m. the tribe or race of whores.

PUTATIVO, adj. reputed, fupposed to be.

PUTEA'L, f. m. a pitcher. PUTEAR, v. n. to play the whore : to follow whores.

PUTERIA, f. f. a bawdy-house; elfo whoredom.

Prov. Puteria, ni hurto, núnca fe

encubre mucho, whoredom and theft are never long concealed. PUTESCAME'NTE, adv. whorishly.

PUTE'SCO, adj. whorish.

PUTICO, . f. m. a bardash. PUTO, \

PUTREFACIO'N, f. f. putrefaction, corruption, rottennels.

PUTRIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted by putrefaction.

PUZO'L, f. m. a kind of fand fo called.

PYG

PYGA'RGO, f. m. a kind of wild goat; also a kind of eagle or hawk.

PYR

PYRA, f. f. a pile to burn dead

bodies, PYRAMIDA'E, adj. pyramidal,

having the form of a pyramid. PYRAMIDALME'NTE, adv. pyramidically, in form of a pyramid. PYRA'MIDE, f. f. pyramid, in

geometry, is a folid figure, whose base is a polygon, and whose sides are plain triangles, their feveral points meeting in one.

Pyramides, pl. in cant, the legs. PYROMANCIA, f. f. pyromascy, divination by fire.

PYROMA'NTICO, f. m. one fupposed to divine by fire.

PYRO'PO, f. m. a carbuncle, &

jewel fo called.

PYXI'DE, & PIXYDE, f. f. a linle box; also the pit or box in which the Roman priests keep the holy hoff.

Q.

o there is always an u after this letter.

QUA

QUADE'RNA, f. f. the garnet; a tackle, wherewith they hoife casks and goods into ships.

QUADERNA'RIO, adj. made of four parts.

QUADERNI'LLO, f. m. a fmall pocket book : also five sheets of paper.

QUADE'RNO, f. m. a sheet of paper folded in four. Among printers, as much as goes under one letter in a fignature.

Quadérno, a little book, made of fome sheets of paper; also a suit of cards to play with.

QUADRA, f. f. a room, or chamber in a house; also the square plet the house stands on; that part of the ship called the quarter; in architecture, that square that contains an inscription; in horsemanship, the chest of a horse.

Cabállo áncho de quádra, a full-chefted horse.

QUADRA'DA, f. f. in cant, a purse.

QUADRADO, f. m. the guster in a shirt, the square piece under the arm; and the clock in a stocking.

QUADRAGENARIO, adj. forty years old.

QUADRAGESIMA, f. f. lent.

QUADRAGESIMA'L, adj. belonging to lent.

QUADRAGE'SIMO, adj. the fortieth.

QUADRANGULA'R, adj. quadrangular, fquare.

QUADRA'NGULO, f. m. quadrangle, a fquare.

QUADRA'NTE, f. m. a quadrant, a mathematical inftrument fo called.

QUADRA'R, v. a. to fquare; metaph, to fuit with one's humour or inclination; also to agree, to please,

QUADRATU'RA, f. f. a squaring or fitting.

QUADRE'TE, f. m. a little fquare banner.

QUADRIENNA'L, adj. of four years.

QUADRIENNIO, C. m. the space of four years.

QUADRIGA, f. f. a coach or cart with four horses.

QUADRI'L, f. m. the hip.

QUADRILATERO, adj. quadrilateral, having four fides.

QUADRI'LLA, f. f. a troop or company of men; a gang.

QUADRILLE'RO, f. m. an officer or trooper of what they call the holy brotherhood, an inflitution for the apprehending and punishing of robbers on the high-way. QUADRI'LLO, f. m. a little fquare

court, or square bed in a garden.

OUADRIME'STRE adi. the

QUADRIME'STRE, adj. the fpace of four months.

QUADRIN, f. m. a fmall coin like a farthing.

QUADRIPLE, adj. quadruple, made with four.

QUADRISYLA'BO, adj. quadrifyllable.

QUADRI'VIO, f. m. a place having four ways meeting in a

point.

QUADRIVISTA, f. m. one who uses four measures in an affair.

QUA'DRO, f. m. a square; also a picture.

Quadro, a square bed in a garden. Quadro, any frame, also a dagger, in cant.

Quedros, pl. in cant, dice.

QUADRUPEDE, f. m. a fourfooted beaft.

QUADRU'PLA, f. f. quadruple, proportion in music.

QUADRUPLA'R, v. a. to quadruple.

QUADRUPLICACION, f. f. a. quadruplication.

QUADRUPLICA'R, v. 2. to quadruplicate, to double twice.

QUADRU'PLO, adj. fourfold.

QUAJA'DA, f. f. milk hardened with rennet.

QUAJADILLA, f. f. diminutive of quajada.

QUAJALE'CHE, f. f. the herb

cheefewort; fo called, because it turns milk.

QUAJAMIE'NTO, f. m. curding, congealing.

QUAJA'R, v. a. to curd, to congeal, to thicken.

Quajár, f. m. the paunch, or entrails of any creature.

QUAJARE'JO, f. m. a little paunch or entrails.

QUA'JO, f. m. rennet to make cheefe.

QUA'L, pron. which.

Qual y qual, here and there one, a very few.

QUALESQUIER & QUALES-QUIERA, pron. whichfoever.

QUALIDAD, f. f. vide CALI-DA'D.

QUALQUIER, pron. any.

QUAMA'nO 1 how big 1 QUA'NDO, adv. when.

Cáda y quándo, whenfoever, at any time.

Quándo quiéra, whenfoever, at any time.

QUANTIDA'D, f. f. quantity, abundance.

QUANTIO'SO, adj. in great quantity, abundance, also rich.

Caballéro quantiófo, a gentleman obliged to keep horse and arms; a wealthy gentleman; one of a considerable estate.

QUA'NTO : adi. how much? Quantos : how many :

Quanto mas I how much more ?

Quanto media legua, about haif a league.

Quanto quiera, as much foever.

QUARA'NGO, f. m. the tree that

produces the Jesuit's bark.

QUARE'NTA, adj. forty.

QUARENTE'NA, f. f. a quarentain; the forty days of Lent; also the forty days persons, coming from places supposed to be insected with the plague, are obliged to stay in the pest house,

QUARENTE'SMO, adj. belonging to forty.

QUARE SMA, f. f. Lent.

QUARESMA'L, adj. of or belonging to the time of Lent.

QUA'RTA, f. f. a quarter of a yard, a quarter of an ounce.

QUARTA'GO, f. m. a nag, a fmall horfe.

QUARTA'L, f. m. a quarter, a fourth part of any measure.

QUARTA'NA, f. f. the quartan ague.

Prov. Por quarána, núnca se taüe campána, a bell was never rung for a quartan ague; that is, people do not die of it.

QUARTANA'RIO, f. m. one that has a quartan ague.

QUARTAR, v. a. to turn the land with a plough for the fourth time. QUARTEA'R, v. a. to quarter, to divide into quarters.

QUARTEL, i. m. quarters for foldiers; a fourth part of a galley: also a grass plot or square bed in a garden; also the word quarter, used among soldiers when they ask their life on en emy.

QUARTELADO, adj. in blafonry, divided into four parts, as a cost of arms.

QUARTERO'N, f. m. a quarters, a quarter of any thing, of any weight or meafure.

Quarterón, f. m. the fon of a black man and a Spanish woman.

QUARTE'TES, f. m. a fort of poetry, each flanza confifting of four verses.

QUARTPLLA, f. f. a little quartern; also the pasterns of a horse or other beast,

QUARTILIO, f. m. the fourth part of the liquid measure, called an assumbre; a fourth part of any other thing; a small copper coin so called.

QUARTO, f. m. a small brass com; a quarter of mutton, or other meat; also an apartment in a house.

Quárto del álva, the third watch; that is, break of day-watch.

Quarto de modorra, the drowfy watch, being that next the morning when people are found affeep.

QUARTO'N, f. m. a quarter, or, the fourth part of a large piece of timber fawed into four lengthaways.

QUA'SI, adv. vide (A'SI. QUATRA'LBO, adj. that has four white feet. Quarralbo, f. m. a commodore of four galleys.

QUATRE'RO, f. m. a horsestealer.

QUATRIDIA'NO, adj. of four days standing.

QUATRI'N , f. m. vide QUA-DRI'N.

QUA'TRO, f. m. four. Quatro ciéntos, four hundred. Quatro doblado, four fold.

Quátro m1, four thousand.

Quátro tánto, four times as much.

Quatro temporas, the four Ember weeks.

Quatro de ménor, in cant, an ass. QUATROPE'A, f. f. in cant, a four footed beaft.

QUE

QUE, pron. what; also that, to the end that.

Para que haces esso 1 to what purpose, or why do you do that 1 Para que venga bien, that, or to the end that it may fit

Dice que vayaj, he says that you go, or he bids you go.

No hay para que, thate is no occasion.

Que horas es? what hour is it?

Que dice ufted? what do you say?

QUEBRA'DA, s. f. break; unevenness, breach; in falconry,

Coger de quebrada, it is said when a hawk brings down a partridge at the second slight.

a fault.

Ondas quebradas, broken billows at

QUEBRADE'RO de cabéça; a piece of impertinence, or any tedious troublesome thing that troubles one's head.

QUEBRADIZO, adj. that is apt to break.

QUEBRA'DO, f. m. in poetry, a short verse inserted in every stanza of verses of a longer fort Quebrábos, fractions in arithmetick, broken numbers,

QUEBRADO'R, f. m. one that breaks.

QUEBRADU'RA, f. f. a breaking, a rupture.

QUEBRAMIE'NTO, fubst. m. a bankruptcy; ufed only in this fenfe.

QUEBRANTA'BLE, adj. frangible.

QUEBRANTADO'R, fubit. m. a breaker, a bruifer.

QUEBRANTAHUE'SSOS, f. m. a fort of eagle.

QUEBRANTAMIE'NTO, f. m. breaking; also tiring and weariness; foreness, a bruising.

QUEBRANTA'R, v. a. to break, to bruife, to weaken, to tire. QUEBRA'R, v. a. to break.

Quebrár el ójo al diáblo, to make merry.

Quebrár comó mercader, to break as tradesmen do.

Quebrarfe, v. r. to get a rupture, or broken belly,

QUE'DA, f. f. the nine-o'clock bell, when all should be at home, and after which the watch fecures fuspicious persons, or such as are found with unlawful weapons. QUEDA'DA, f. f. a staying.

QUEDA'R, v. n. to ftay, to re-

Quedars: en el sermón, to be out or at a stand in a sermon.

QUEDI'TO, adv. foftly, gently. QUE'DO, adj. quiet, still; adv. used, foftly, gently.

QUE'JA, f. f. a complaint.

Dar quéja, to make a complaint, to bring an action into court for à wrong received.

Baxar de su quéja, to let fall a suit commenced.

QUEJA'RSE, v. r. ro complain. QUEJICO'SO, adj. one who is always complaining.

QUEJI'DO, f. m, complaint, lament,

QUEJO'ZO, adj. one who complains of another.

QUE'LDRA, f. f. a cellar or vault under ground; a word only used by foldiers.

QUE'MA,) f. f. a burning or QUEMA'DA, blaffing. QUEMADE'RO, f. m. the place

where malefactors are burnt.
QUEMADO'R, subst. m. he who

QUEMADO'R, fubfit, m. he who

QUEMADURA, f. f. a burn or burning, also a blast or blasting QUEMAR, v. a to burn also to blast. Quemár la haciénda, to destroy, to waste an estate.

Quemarfe, v. r. to burn one's felf. QUEMAZUN, f. f. heart-burning, vexation.

QUENTA, f. f. vide CUENTA. OUERE'LLA, f. f. a complaint; a quarrel.

QUERELLADO'R, f, m, one who complains; one who quarrels.

QUEREILA'R, v. n. to complain; to quarrel,

QUERELLO'SO, adj. complaining; quarrelfome,

QUERE'NCLA, f. f. love, liking; also the place any beast generally reforts to, as a hare to her form, a fox to her kennel, &cc.

QUERE'R, v. 2, to will, to have a will, to desire, to love.

Prov. Quien todo lo quiere, todo lo piérde, all cover, all lose.

Queren, f. m. love, will, inclination, QUERIDI'LLO, f. m. a little favourite.

QUERIDO, f. m. one beloved. Mi querido, my dear.

QUESA'DA, f. f. a cheefe-cake. QUESADI'LLA, f. f. a little cheefecake:

QUESE'RA, f. f. a woman that makes or fells cheefe.

QUESERI'A, f. f. a cheesemonger's shop or a dairy where cheefe is made:

QUESE'RO, f. f. a cheefemonger. QUESILLO, f. m. a small cheese. QUE'SO, f. m. cheefe.

Tamo queso como pan, make the bread and cheefe even,

Armar con quefo, to bait a trap with cheese; that is, to endeavour to ensnare, a man with some trifle. QUE'STA, f. f. a lawful, begging, a begging by brief.

QuESTION, f. f. a question; a controversy, a debate, a quarrel. Questión de tormento, an examination of an offender upon te rack.

QuESTIONAR, v. a. to question, to examine.

QuESTIONCILLA, f. f. a little controversy, contest, or quarrel. QuESTO'R, f. m. a questor, a great magistrate in Rome, who

had charge of the publick trea-

- Ime,

Queffor de orden religiofa, a friar that begs for his order.

QUEXIGA'L, f. m. a grove of wild ashtrees.

QUEXI'GO, f. m. a wild ash-tree.

·QUI

OUICIAL, f. m. the place on which the hinges of the door are made fast.

QUI'CIO, f. m. a hinge.

Sacar de su quicio, to unhinge, to force a thing from its netural place; metaph, to fret a man our of his wits.

QUIE'BRA, f. f. a breach a tradefinan breaking; hears-breaking, forrow:

Quiébra de peñas, a cleft in a rock, a broken precipice.

Quiébras, pl. in music, those we call breaks.

QUIE'N, prom who. "

Quién es 1 the question when one knocks at the door, who is it? who is there 1.

QUIENQUIE'R, pron: who-QUIENQUIE'RA, Coever.

QUIETAME'NTE, adv. quietly, peaceably.

QUIETA'R, v. a. to quier, to still. to hush, to appeale, to pacify; also to be quier, to rest.

QUIETE, f. m. the hours religious perfons are obliged to be hushed and quiet.

QUIE'TO, f. m. quiet ftilf. QUIETU'D, f. f. quiernes, stillness, reft, ease.

QUILATADO'R, f. m. a refiner of gold and filver.

OUILATA'R, v. a. to try as gold, to refine, to perfection.

QUILA'TE, f. m. a carat of gold; the finenels or touch of gold; the perfection of any thing.

De baxos quilates, of base allay, worth little.

De muchos quilátes, of great value. QUI'LLA, f. f. the keel of a ship, which is the first timber laid, and the basis to which all the rest are fastened.

QUILLO'TRO, f. m., disturbance, trouble.

QUILMA, f. f. a bag, a pouch.

QUINA. (f. f. the Jesuit's OUINAQUINA, (bark.

QUINA'O, among fludents, the running down of one; that is, when ar arguing one has fo confuted the other, that he has noting to answer.

QUINAS, f. f. pl. the arms of Portugal; so called, because they are five eleutcheons, and each of them five bezants.

Quinas, on the dice, two fives; in cant, money.

QUI'NCE , f. m. fifteen.

QUINCE'NO, adj. fifreenth.

QUINCURIO'N, f. m. the chief. or leader of five soldiers.

QUINDE'NNIO, f. m. the space of fifteen years;

QUINIE'NTOS, adj. five hundred. QUINIE'TOS, f. m. a fort of woollen fluff fo called.

QUIRO'N, f. m: a part, a portion, a share; also the fifth part of a ploughed land.

·QUInONE'RO, f. m. one that divides lands, or that has a share in the land.

QUINOLAS, f. f. pl. a game at cards.

OUINQUAGE'SIMO, adj. fifrieth. QUINQUILLERI'AS, f. f. pl. all forts of small iroo-ware

QUINTA, f. f. a country-house. a farm-house, a farm, Quinta, f. f. in music, the fifth,

or a diapente.

Ponérse en quintat, to oppose one another.

QUINTA'L, f. m. an hundred weight.

QUINTICUYDA'DOS, f. m. a pleafant person that diverts forcow. QUINTA'R, v. a to take the fifth. Tércio quintádo, a regiment made up by taking every fifth man out

of some other numbers: QUINTERIA, f. f. a farm that pays the fifth of its product to the landlord.

QUINTE'RNO, f. maf. the number of leaves the fignature runs through in printing.

QUINTE'RO, f. m. a farmer.

QUINTILLAS, f. f. pl. a fort of poetry that has five verses in every ftanza.

QUI'NTO, adj. the fifth. QUINTUPLO, adj. five-fold. QUIQUIRI'QUI, f. m. the chil-

dren's play at hide snd feek. QUIRI'TE, f. m. a Roman gent-

leman of old.

QUISICO'SA, f. f. a riddle.

QUISICO'SA, f. f. 2 riddle. QUISTIO'N, f. f. v. QüESTION, QUI'STO, p. p. of querer.

Bién quisto, well beloved; mal quisto, ill beloved.

QUITACIO'N, f. f. fervants wa-

QUITACUY.DA'DOS, f. m. a merry fellow that drives away forrow.

QUITADO'R, f. m. who takes away or removes.

QUITAMIE'NTO, f. m. the taking away, removing; also quitting.

Quitamiénto de casados, a divorce. QUITA'NZA, s. f. an acquittance a discharge, receipt in full.

QUITAPELI'LLOS, f. m. a flatterer, a pick-thank.

QUITAPESA'RBS, f. m. a pleafant man that diverts forrow.

QUITAR, v. a. to take away, to remove, to quit.

Quitarfe les cafudos, to be divorced.

Vender al quitar, to fell, referring a right of redemption.

QUITASO'L, f. m. an umbrella used to keep off the sun.

QUITATE de al, fland away, get out of the way, remove thence.

QUITE, quit; a word most used among gamesters.

QUIXA'DA, f. f. a 12w.

QUIXA'L, \(\xi\), m. the grinder or QUIXA'R, hinder-tooth; also

the jawbone QUIXE'RO, f. m. the fide of an artificial canal.

QUIXO, f. m. the ore of any filver or golden mine.

QUIXO'NES, f. m. pl. bastard parsley.

QUIXOTA'DA, f. f. any ridiculous action committed feriously. QUIXOTES, f. m. pl. armour for

QUIXOTES, f. m. pl. armour for the thighs; also any foolish serious persons.

QUIZA, adv. perhaps.

QUO

QUOCIE'NTE, f.m. the quotient in arithmetic.

QUO'TA, f. f. an aliquot part; alfo a quota, or one person's share or part; a quotation or a marginal note.

QUOTIDIANAME'NTE, adv. daily.

QUOTIDIANO, adj. daily, that happens every day.

QUOTI'DIE, adv. vide QUOTI-DLANAME'NTB.

R.

R 1s pronounced as in English.

RAB

RABADA'N, f m. a chief among the shepherds.

RABADILLA, f. f. the sump of a bird.

RABADO'QUIN, f. m. a fort o long gun.

RABANA'L, fublt. m. a spot of ground where radishes grow.

RABANE'RO, adj. short, faic of a garment.

RABANI'ILO, f. m. a little radish; also the taste of wine that begins to be pricked.

RABANI'ZA, f. f. the feed of radishes.

RA'BANO, f. m. a radish.

RABEA'R, v. n. to wag the tail. RABE'L, f. m. a rebeck, a little fort, of a fiddle with only three firings, used by shepherds.

RABELEJO, (f. m. a little re-RABELI'LLO, beck or fiddle. RABERA, f. f. the hind part of any thing.

RA'BIA, f. f. fury, rage, mad-

RABIA'R, v. m. to rage, to be furious or mad; to run mad.

RABICANO, f. m. a horse or other creature with a grey tail.

RABICO'RTO, adj. short tailed; or that wears short cloaths or a short tail.

RABIE'TA, f. f. fretting.

RABILLO, f. m. a little tail.

RABINI'SMO, f. m. the doctrine of the rabbies or masters among the Jews.

RABI'NO, a rabbi, a master among the Jews.

RABIOSAME'NTE, adv. outrageously, furiously, madly, like a mad dog,

RABIO'SO, adj. outrageous, furious, mad, a mad dog.

RABIRU'BIO, f. m. a bird with a red tail; there is also a fish of this name.

Tom. 1.

RABISE'CO, adject. dry-railed; poor, lean, starveling; that answers short and inappish.

RAC

RABIZA, f. f. the tip of a fishingrod; in cant, a drab, a truli, a whore.

RA'BO, f. m. the tail, the funda-

Rabo de vestidára, the tail of a garment.

Rsbo de mula, the herb horse-tail. Rabo de junco, the herb called a-

Rabo de puerco, the horb called maiden-weed.

Ir con el rabo entre piernas, to go away with his tail betwixt his legs Aun está el raho por defollár, the tail is not yet flead; there is ftill fome difficulty.

Prov. De rabo de puerco, nunca buen viróte, you can never make a good shaft of a pig's tail. There is no making a filk purfe of a fow's ear.

RABO'N, f. m. any thing that has a short tail.

RABOSEA'R. v. a. to bespatter, to stain lightly.

RABO'SO, adj. that has many tails; alfo daggled, that has a daggled

RABUDO, that has a tail.

RAC

RACAME'NTO, f. m. the parel which goes about the mast in a ship, and holds the yard to the maft.

RACIMPLIO, f. m. a little bunch of grapes.

RACIMO, f. m. 2 bunch, a cluf-

RACIOCINACIO'N, f. f. (reafo-RACIOCINIO, f. m. RACIOCINA'R, v. n. to reason. RACIO'N, f. f. a ration, a portion or allowance; also board-wages. RACIONA'I, adj. rational.

RACIONALIDA'D, f. f. rationality, the power of reasoning. RACIONA'LMENTE, adv. rationally, reasonably, according to reafon.

RACIONERO, f. m. 2 petty canon of a church.

RAD

RADA, f. f. a bay, a herbour,

RADIA'NTE, adj. radiant, bright, effulgent.

RADICACION, f. f. radication. RADICAL, adj. radical. Humor radical, radical moisture.

RADICALME'NTB, adv. radically.

RADICAR, v. n. to cast roots. RA'DIO, f. m. sometimes taken for the needle in a fea-compair, the radius of an arch.

RADIO'SO, adj. splendid, glittering, shining.

RAB

RAEDE'RA, f. f. a scraper; a fcraping tool.

RAEDU'RA, f. f. the act of fcraping or the thing scraped or rasped off; also razing of writing.

RAE'R, v. a. to scrape, to rasp, to raze.

Raér con rástro, to take. RAE'Z, adj. obs. easy, easily done.

RAF

RA'FA, f. f. a buttress or small piece of brick like, a pillar, fet at distances in mud walls to strengthen them.

RAFAGA, f. f. a guft of wind. RAFE'Z, adj. obf. low, mean. RAHEZA'RSE, v. r. obs. to demean onefelf.

RAI

RAIBLE, adj. that may be razed. RAICI'LLA, f. f. a fmall root. RAIGA'L, adj. relating to a root. RAIGA'MBRE, f. f. all the roots of a plant or tree.

RAIGA'R , v. n. vide ARRAK-GA'RSB.

RAIGO'N, f. m. a very large old TOOL.

RAIZ, f. f. a root; also the box

tom or lower part any thing.

R. A.J.

BAJA, f. f. a chip, a lath; also cloth rash.

Macérse rajás, to take much pains, to toil much; also to beat, or hack one another to pieces.

RAJADI'ILO, f. m. a kind of fweet-meat.

RAJA'R, v. a. to hew, to cleave, to fplit; metaph. to tell many boaffing lies; to crack.

RAJE'TA, f. f. a kind of cloth fo called.

RAJUE'LA, f. f. a little chip.

RAL

RALE'A, f. f. a race, flock, kind, or breed.

RALEA'R, v. a. to make thin, to grow thin.

RALE'ZA, f. f. thinnefs.

RALLADU'RA, f. f. grating;

RALLA'R, v. a. to grate.

RA'LLO, f. m. a grater.

RA'LO, adj. thin.

R. A.M.

RA'MA, f. f. a twig, a small bough of a tree.

Asirse a las râmas, to lay hold of the twigs, to catch at straws.

RAMA'DA, f. f. an arbour, a hur made of bough.

RAMADA'N, f. m. a fast kept by the Mahometans.

RAMA'L, f. m. the end of a cord untwifted.

RAMALA'ZO, f. m. a blow with

the ramal, RA'MBLA; f. f. a gravelly or landy place.

RAME'RA, f. f. a harlot, a common whore.

RAMERIA, f. f. a bawdy-house.

RAME'RO, f. m. in falcoury, a
young hawk taken out of a neft,
that can hop from bough to bough,
called in English a brancher.

RAMERUE'LA, f, f, a poor diffieffed where,

RAMIFICACIO'N, f. f. a shooting out of branches, as trees do.

RAMIFICAR, v. n. to shoot out branches as trees do.

RAMILLETE, f. m. a nofegay:

RAMILLETE'RO, f. m. one who

makes nofegays.

RAMILIO, (f. m. a. little bough, RAMITO, (twig, or branch, RA'MO, f. m. a bough, a branch, Rámo de tabérna, a tavern bush.

Rámo de tabérna, a tavern bush. Domingo de rámos, Palm-funday.

RAMO'N, a f. m. a small bough or twig, such as shepherds break from trees in winter to give their sheep.

RAMONEA'R, v. n. to gather or cut small twigs for sheep.

RAMO'SO, adj. full of boughs. RAMPA, s. f. f. the cramp.

RAMPA'NTE, adj. rampant, a term in heraldry.

RAMPLO'N, f. m. a ramping fellow; also a caulkin for a horseshoe.

Herrar de ramplon, to shoe a horse with caulkins.

RAMPLONCI'LLO, f. m. a little caulk for a horse-shoe.

RAMPOJOS, f.m. calthrops, crows feet; also the thorns on prickles of briars.

R'ANT

RA'NA, f. f. a frog.

Rana zarzal, f. f. a land frog.

Prov. Cánta la rána, y no thène pelo ni lana, the frog fings, and yet she has neither hair nor wool; content may abide with poverty.

RANACUA'JO, f. m. a little frog.

RANCHERI'A, f. f. a row of huts or tents, quarters, lodging.

RA'NCHO, f. m. a quarter among foldiers, their quarters; also a mess on board a ship.

Ráncho de sán a bárbara, the gunroom in a ship.

RANCIO, adj. rufty, rank, ftale, RANCIO'SO, adj. rufty, rank, ftale.

RANCO'R., f. m. rancour, malice; RANDA, f. f. laca.

RANFIEA, f. m. little 2 frog; alfo paftern of a horfe.

Ranillas, plur, the scratches in a horse's heels.

RANU'NCULO, f. m. 2 flower for called.

RAP

RAPACE'JO, f. m. a little boy; alfo > shagged end of a cloth or of any thing.

RAPACERIA, f. f. a boyish trick; also a gang of boys.

RAPACIDAD, f. f. rapacioufnefs, ravenoulnefs, avarice, greedinefs.

RAPACILLA, f. f. a preuy young

RAPADURA, f. f. the 2st of fcraping or shaving, or the flate of being fcraped or shaved

RAPAGO'N, f. m. a great, lufty lad, neither boy nor man.

RAPA'R, y. a. to shave, to trim, to clip, to pare, to peel. In an obsolete sense, to take away by force.

RAPA'Z, f. a boy.

Raphi, adj.rapacious, given to fnatching, stealing, or taking away by force.

Prov. Cuida bien de lo que haces no te fies de rapices, take heed-what you do, and do not trust boys.

RAPAZA'DA, f. f. a boy's trick.
RAPIDAMENT'E, adv. fwithtiy, .
with rapidity.

RAPIDE'Z, f. f. rapidity.

RA'PIDO, adj. rapid, fwift, that: carries all before it like a river. RAPIAA, f. f. rapine, taking by violence.

Ave de rapiña, a bird, of prey.

RAPIñA'R, y. a. to commit rapine, .

to plunder.

RAPISTA, f. m. barber; 2 burlesque word.

RAPO'SA, f. f. a fox.

Prov. Quién la rapósa ha de enagañar cúmple madrugár, he that: Vill cheat the fox, must rise berimes.

Prov. Raphfa que mácho tárda, e.ha aguárda, the fox that stays, long, waits for game.

RAPOSER'A, f. f. a fox's kennel. Rapoferia, f. f. crassiness. RAPO'SO, f. m. a he-fox.

RAPOSU'NO, adj, foxish , fubile crafty.,

:RA'PTO, adj. taken, or fnatched away, fubstantively used, a rape.

RAPTO'R, f. m. a ravisher, a plunderer, a robber.

RAQ

RAQUE'TA, f. f. a racket to play at tennis.

RAR

RARAME'NTE, adv. rarely, fel dom.

RAREFACCIO'N, f. f. rarefaction.

RAREPACE'RSE, v. r. to rarefy, to become thin.

RAREFACTO, p. p. rarefied.
RAREZA,
RARIDA'D, C. f. rasity.
RARO, adj. rare.

R A S

RAS CON RAS, adv. level, touching one another.

RASADURA, f. f. the act of smoothing the corn-measure.

RASAMENTE, adv. clearly, openly, publickly, without concealment.

RASA'R, v. a. to firite the cornmeasure and make it smooth; also to rub one body with another lightly.

RASADO'R, f. m. who ftrikes the measure of corn to make it even.

iRASCACABA'LLOS, f. m. a groom, an offier; thence any mean fellow.

RASCADO'R, f. m. a fcratcher. RASCADU'RA, f. f. a fcratching, a fcratch.

RASCA'R', v. a. to fcratch, to fcrape, to curry.

RASCO, f. m. v. RASCADURA. RASCUAA'R, v. a. to fcratch.

RASCURO, f, m. a fcratch; also a sketch or rough draught in drawing.

RASE'LES, f. m. pl. the narrow parts of the ship towards head and ftern, diftaur about half way from the wideft in the hold, and sharpening away, that the water may run the fafter to the rudder.

RASE'RO, f. m. a pole to firike corn or the like in measuring.

RASGADU'RA, f. f. a rending, tearing.

RASGA'R, v. a, to tear, to rend. Ojos rasgados, large eyes, full eyes.

RA'SGO, f. m. a dash of a pen, a stroke, a scratch, a rough draught, a glimpse of a thing. RASGO'N, f. m. a rent in a garment,

RASGUNA'R, v. a. to tear, to feratch.

RASGU'ñO, f. m. a rent; also a feratch.

RASIO'N, f. f. erafion. RA'SO, f. m. the filk called fartin Ráfo, adj. plain fmooth.

Tiémpo rajo, fair weather.

RA'SPA, f. f. a rasp; the beard, an awn of an ear of corn; a shoe maker's cutting knife; a spark of fire; in cant, a cheat at cards.

RASPADO'R, f. m. the person who scrapes.

RASPADURA, f. f. a feraping. RASPA'R, v. a. to ferape; also to be rough or hard to the taste or feeling.

Vino rajpado, a finall liquor made by putting water to the grapes after the wine is pressed out, and pressing them over again, otherwise called aguapié.

RASTILLA, C. f. v. RASTILLO.
RASTILLA'R, v. a. to rake; also to comb, or card flax, wool, &c.
RASTILLE'RO, f. m. a shop-lifter; one that fnatches hats and fwords, and runs away with them.
RASTILLO C. m. a shop also also.

RASTILLO, f. m. a rake; also a card or comb for wool, flax, or the like; also the portcullis of a gate.

RASTRA, f. f. a drag-net; also a flead.

RASTRA'R, v. a. vide ARRAS - TRA'R.

RASTREA'R, v. a. to track, to trace, to follow by the footfleps.
RASTRE'RO, f. m. one that tracks, or traces, or follows the track.

RASTRILLADO'R, f. m. the perfon who harrows or rakes. RASTRILLA'R, v. a. to harrow,

RASTRILLA'R, v. a. to harrow in to rake, to card.

RASTRILLO, f. m. a harrow, a rake, a card, a portcullis of a gate.

RA'STRO, f. m. the track any thing leaves behind it, a market of cattle, or the place where they flaughter the cattle, a harrow, a rake.

Cale en el raftro, to find the track, to hit upon the scent.

Alcolde del raftro, the fame as alcolde del crimen, a judge in criminal cafes.

RASTROJO, f. m. stubble of corn.
RASURAS, f. f. pl. parings, shavings, dross, dregs, lees of wine,
tarrar.

RAT

RA'TA, C. f. a share, part, portion, every man's share, or quota, a proportion.

Rá:a por cantidád, quantity for quantity, or in proportion to the quantity.

Ráia, f. f. a rat.

RATAFFA, f. f. ratafia, a liquor prepared from the kernels of apricots and fpirits.

RATEA'R, v. a. to diminish in proportions.

RATE'O, f. m. proportional diffusibution.

RATERIA, f. f. petty larceny.
RATE'RO, adj. mean, vile, base,
a mean-spirited fellow; in cant,
a pick-pocket.

RATERUE'LO, f. m. a little pitiful fellow, a little pick-pocket. RATIFICACIO'N, f. f. ratification.

RATIFICA'R, v. a. to raify, to confirm.

RATICO, C. m. a little while.
RATINA, f. f. a kind of cloth fo

RA'TO, f. m. a white.
A rates, formetimes, by fits.
RA'TO, adj. ratified, firm.
RATO'N, f. m. a moufe, a rat.

V vv2

Ratones , f. m. pl. sharp flones , or rocks in the sea, which wear the cable of anchors.

RATONA'R, v. a. to mouse-eat, to gnaw, to nibble.

RATUNICO. RATONCI'LLO, f. m. 2 little RATONCI'TO, moufe. RATONE'RA, f. f. a mouse-trap; also a mouse-hole.

R. A. U

RAUDA'L, f. m. a swift fiream of water; the channel of the river. RA'UDO, adj. violent, impetuous, fierce, rapid. RAUTA, f. f. road.

RAY

BAYA, f. f. a line, a ftreak; the grain of wood; the borders of a country; the fish called a thornback.

Estár a ráya, to keep **within** bounds.

Passar la raya, to exceed.

RAYA'R, v. a. to rule, to line, to Areak, to mark out.

RAYO, f. m. a flash of lightning, that kills or does harm; a thunderbolt; a beam of the fun; the spoke of the wheel; the radius or line drawn from the center to the extremity of an arch.

RAYUELA, f. f. dimin, of raya.

RAZ

BAZA, f. f. a race, breed. RAZAGO, f. m. a coarfe fort of linen. RAZO'N, f. f. reason. Tener razón, to be in the right. Hómbre de buénas razónes, a whellspoken man.

Razón de pie de banco, non sense.

an answer nothing to the pur-

Razón de estado, politicas, reason of state.

Macer raton, to pledge in drinking. Tomár la razón, to take account. Enragon defto, on this account, for this realon.

Razón de cásta róta, nonsense.

Prov Obras son amores que no buénas razónes, actions are love, and not fair words; that is, love is shewn by kind actions, and not by fair speeches.

RAZONA'BLE, adj. reasonable. RAZONABLEME'NTE, adv. reafonably.

RAZOŇAMIE'NTO, f. m. a difcourfe.

RAZONA'R, v. D. to discourse, to reason, to talk.

RE

RE, a particle in composition, which fignifies repetition. RE, f. f. the second note in musick.

REA.

REACCION, f. f. reaction. REA'CIO, adj. obstinate, positive, difficult.

REA'L, f. m. a royal, a piece of money worth fix pence.

Reál de vellón, a royal brass, not worth above a groat.

Alzárfe con el reál y truéeo, to freep all clear away; to run away with all.

REA'L, adj. royal, kingly 3. real. Reál, f. m. a camp:

Assentar el real, to encamp; metaph. to fet up house-keeping.

REAL'CE, f. m. increase, addition

of value, beauty, or the like. REALE'JO, f. m. a fmall organ to be carried about.

REALE'NGO, adj, belonging to the king.

REALE'ZA, f. f. royal magnificence, great liberality, great pompa

REALIDA'D, f. f. reality, the truth of the matter.

REALME'NTE, adv. really. REALZA'R, v. a. to raise, to extol any thing more than it was before; also to dignify, to ele-

REASSUMPR, v. a. to reaffume, to take again.

REASSUNCIO'N, f, f, the action of taking again,

REATA, f. f. the fore mule that draws in a cart, which goes fingle before two that go double, but fometimes they are two, and both called reatas. Mula de reáta, a carrier's mule.

REATADU'RA, f. f. binding or tving again.

REATA'R, v. a. to bind or tie again.

REA'TO, f. m. guilt.

REB

REBAISA, f. f. a puddle. REBALSA'R , v. n. to fettle im a puddle, REBANA'DA, f. f. a flice.

REBANA'R, v. a. to slice. REBAñA'R, v. a. to gather into

a flock; to rake or scrape together; to whipe a dish with bread or with one's finger, as nafty eaters do after eating the meat-

REBAñE'GO, adj. of or belonging to to the flock.

 $REBA'\bar{n}O$, f. m. a flock of sheep. REBATAR, v. a. ohf. to fnarch, to feize.

REBA'TE, f. m. an alarm.
REBA'TO, a furprize.

REBATI'NA, f. f. a snatching or fcrambling.

REBATI'R, v. a. to abate in price or in accounts; to beat back, to repulfe.

REBA'TO, f. m. an alarm, a fudden furprize.

Toear a rebato, to beat the alarm. Cogér de rebata, to surprise.

REBA'XA, f. f. abatement. REBAXA'R, v. z. to abate of the price; to lower any thing.

REBAXO, f. m., a groove in stone or wood..

REBELA'RSE, v. r. to rebel. REBE'LDE, f. m. a rebel.

REBELDIA, f. f. rebellion: REBELLIO'N, f. f. rebellion.

REBELLI'N, f. m. a ravelin in fortification, confifting of two faces, which make an angle salient.

REBELO'N, adj. teffy; applied to the horse or mule.

REBENCA'ZO, f. m. a ftroke with a bull's pizzle, or the lash the boat-swain of the galleys firites flaves with, or any thing like it. REBE'NQUE, f. m. a bull's pizzle; any lash, or that the boatswain of galleys beats the flaves with.

REBIE'N, adv. extraordinary well.

REBLE, f. m. in cant, the backfide, the posteriors.

REBOCIño, f. m. a cloak worn by women.

REBOLLIDU'RA, f. f. a defect in the infide of a cannon got in the casting of it.

 $REBO\bar{n}A'R$, v. a. to ftop the mill.

REBOSADURA, f. f. running over, overflow.

REBOSA'R, v. n. to run over, to overflow,

REBOTA'DO, adj. dull.

Vino rebotado, dead wine.

REBOTADURA, f.f. dullness, bluntness, a repulse, putting back.

REBOTA'R, v. a. to dull, to make blunt, to take of the edge; to repulfe, to putting back; also to rebound like a ball.

REBOTIJA, f. f. a back shop.
REBOTIN, f. m. raw filk, fleaf

REBOZAR, v. a. ro difguife, to muffle up, to hide the face, as women do, pulling their hoods over their faces, or men when they throw their cloaks over their face.

Rebozárse, v. r. to disguise one-felf.

REBO'ZO, f. m. a difguife, a muffler, a veil or hood over the face, to avoid being known.

REBRAMA'R, v. n. to roar again like a lion.

REBUDIA'R, v. n. to grunt as the wild boar.

REBUE'NO, adj. extraordinary good.

REBUJA'R', v. a. to put on the mantle.

REBULLI'R, v. n. to fir, to move.

REBULTA'DO, adj. bulky.

REBURUJAR, v. a. to cover, to wrap up.

REBURUJO'N, f. m. a bundle carelessly or hastily made,

REBU'SCA, f. f. the gleaning of corn or of the vineyards.

REBUSC.4'R, v. a. to glean, to feek again.

REBUSCO, f. m. gleaning of corn or of the vineyards.

REBUSNADO'R, f. m. who brays like an afs.

REBUSNA'R, v. n. to bray like an ass.

REBU'ZNO, f. m. the braying of an als.

REC

RECABA'R, v. a. to obtain, to perform, to recover, to compais.

RECADE'RO, f. m. a meffenger that carries a letter, a meffage, or the like.

RECA'DO, f. m. a message; safety; security; a warant; a letter of attorney; an answer in court; a subposna; it is also necessaries, ingredients, or materials, to do any thing with.

Todo está a buén recádo, all is safe.

Recado para escribir, necessaries for writing; that is, pen, ink, and paper.

RECAE'R, v. n. to relapse, to fall again.

RECALDA, f. f. a relapfe.

RECALA'R, v. a. to firsin

RECALCADAME'NTE, adv. fully as if crammed or trod down.
RECALCA'R, v. a. to ftuff, cram, or ram down, to drive, thrust, or tread down.

RECALCITRA'R, v. a. to kick, to fpurn.

RECAMA'R, v. a. to embroider. RECA'MARA, f. f. a withdtawing-room, a closet; also a wardrobe; a gentleman's equipage.

RECAMBIA'R, v. a. to change

RECA'MBIO, f. m. changing again, in cant, a tavern.

RECAMO, f. m. embroidery.

RECANCANTLLA, f. f. the play among boys, when they jump upon one leg only; also tergiver-facion, subterfuge, evalion.

RECANTACIO'N, f. f. recantation, remactation. RECAPACITA'R, v. a. recapacitate.

RECAPITULACION, f. f. fumming up the heads or chief points of a book, oration, or the like, recapitulation.

RECAPITULA'R, v. a. to fum up the heads, or repeat in a few words all that has been faid at large; to recapitulate, to repeat again.

RECA'RGA, f. f. charging again. RECARGA'R, v. a. to change again, to recharge, to accuse again.

RECA'RGO, f. m. recharging, impeaching, again.

RECA'TA, f. f. the act of looking again.

RECATADAME'NTE, adv. cautioufly, warily, modeftly, prudently.

RECATAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide RECA'TO.

RECATA'RSE, v. r. to be cautious, wary, sircumspect.

RECATEA'R, v. a. vide REGA-TEA'R.

RECATO, f. m. caudoufness, wariness, circumspection, refervedness, modesty, prudence.

Mugér recatida, a modest woman. RECATO'N, s. m. the but-end of a staff or spear.

RECATONA'ZO, f. m. a blow with the end of a spear.

RECAUDACION, f. f. recoveping, receiving.

RECAUDADO'R, f.m. a procurer, a recoverer, a receiver of rents.

RECAUDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a procurement, recovery, receipt.
RECA'UDAR, v. a. to procure.

RECA'UDAR, v. a. to procure, to obtain, to get, to speed, to recover, to receive,

RECA'UDO, f. m. recovering, receiving.

RECAVAR, v. a to dig again, RECENTADURA, f. f the portion of leaven left for the next time:

RECENTA'R, v. a. to put the leaven in the dough,

RECEPCION, f. f. reception.

RECEPTA'CULO, f. m. a receptable, a place of reception.

RECEPTADO'R, f m. an abetter of a criminal; he who conceals.

RECEPTA'R, v. a. to abet a criminal; to cover or hide a crime.

Recapiárfe, v. r. to run to a place of refuge.

RECEPTO'R, f. m. a place of refuge. RECEPTO'R, f. m. a receiver. RECEPTO'RIA, f. f. a receipt,

or a bill to receive money.

RECE'TA, f. f. a recipe in phylick.

RECETA'R, v. a. to prescribe, to

write a recipe in physick.

RECHAZA'R. v. a. to repulse, to drive back.

REGHA'ZO, f. m. repulfing.

RECHINA'R, v. n. to gnash the teeth; to creek as the hinges of a door do for want of oil, to make any fuch noife, as to whiftling of a bullet through the air, the whiftling of wind or the like.

RECHINO, f. m. the noise caused by gnashing.

RECIAME'NTE, adv. ftrongly, vehemently, in a loud manner.

RECIBIDO'R, f. m. a receiver.
RECIBIMIE'NTO, f. m. receiving, reception, an antichamber to receive company; also a great bason for wather to run into.

RECIBIR, v. a. to receive, to admit, to a low.

RECI'BO, f. m. a receipt or acquittance.

RECIEDU'MBRE, f. f. frength,

RECIE'N, adv. vide RECIEN-TEME'NTE.

RECIE'NTE, adj. new, fresh.
RECIENTEME'NTE, adv. newly, lately.

RECINTO, f. m. the compass of the walls of any place, the inclosure; also the foundation of the wall, and the outstanding part of brick or stone in a wall, called by our builders the watertable.

RE'CIO, adj. firong.

RE'CIPE, f. m. a recipe, a medical prescription; also pain, or treuble.

RECIPIE'NTE, f. m. 2 recipient, or receiver.

RECIPROCAME'NTE, adv. reciprocally,

RECIPROCA'R, v. a. to reciprocate, to alternate.

RECI'PROCO, adj. reciprocal.
RECISIO'N, f. f. rescinding, making void.

RECITACIO'N, f. f. a reciting. RECITA'R, v. a. to recite. RECITATI'VO, adj. recitative. RECIU'RA, f. f. REZURA.

RECLAMACIO'N, f. f. reclaiming, calling back, gainfaying, oppofing.

RECLAMAR, v.a. to reclaim, to call back; to gainfay, to oppofe, to contradio.

RECLA'MO, f. m. a bird-call.

Venir al reclâmo, to answer a call
as birds do; to come where one
thinks to find any advantage.

RECLE, f. m absence from the choir by leave previously obtained.

RECLINA'R, v. n. to rest, lie, or lean against a thing.

RECLUI'N, v. a. to shut up.
RECLUSIO'N, f. f. reclusion, shutting up.

RECLU'SO, adj. recluse, shut

RECLUTA, f. f. recruit for an army or regiment.

RECLUTA'R, v. a. to recruit, to raife new foldiers.

RECOBRA'BLE, adj. recoverable, that may be recovered. RECOBRA'R, v. a. to recover. RECO'BRO, f. m. recovery. RECOCE'R, v. a. to boil over

again.

RECO'CHO, p. p. of recocér.

RECO'DO, f. m. an angle or a

RECOGEDE'RO, f. m. the place
where in things collected are put.
RECOGEDO'R, f. m. he that col-

RECOGE'R, v.a. to gather; to retire; to withdraw; to take

Recogérse a buénas hóras, to go home early at night; to go to bed in good time.

RECOGIMIE'NTO, f. m. a gathering, retiring, drawing together, retired living, and a house for women to live in retirement.

RECOLECCIO'N, f. f. recollec-

RECOLEGIR, v. a. to recolled.

RECOLE'TOS, f. m. pl. a kind of friars fo called.

RECOMENDA'BLE, adj. recommendable.

RECOMENDACION, f. f. recommendation.

RECOMENDAR, T. a. to re-

RECOMPE'NSA, f. f. recompense, reward.

RECOMPENSACION, f.f. compensation; rewarding.

RECOMPENSAR, v. a. to recompense, to reward, to make amends,

RECONCENTRA'R, v. a. to reconcenter, to join or put together again, as in its center.

RECONCILIACIO'N, f. f. recenciliation

RECONCILIADO, f. m. one that has been penanced in the inquisition; and thus reconciled to the church.

RECONCILIADO'R, f. m. the person who reconciles.

RECONCILIA'R, v. a. to reconcile; in the inquisition, it is to receive those again into the church who had fallen from it.

Reconciliár u témplo, to purify, to cleanfe a church that has been polluted.

Reconciliárse, v. r. after a man has been at confession, if he has forgotten any thing, to return to the priest and confess it; or to confess as priests do, who, doing it often and living piously, have but small matters to confess.

RECONCOME'RSE , v. r. to feratch one's felf.

RECONCO'MIO, f. m. the motion made with the arms and shoulders, in order to scratch one's self; also suspicion and inclination.

RECO'NDI'TO, adj. hidden, concealed.

RECONOCEDO'R, f. m. an acknowledger.

RECONUCE'R, v. a. to acknow-

ledge, to own; also to view,

RECONOCIMIE'NTO, f. m. acknowledgement, owning; also
viewing.

RECONTA'R; v. a. to recount, to tell, to relate.

RECONVALECE'R, v. n. to recover health again.

RECONVENCIO'N, f. f. retorting, recriminating; when the defendant or party accufed, accufes the profecutor.

MECONVENI'R, v. a. to retort, to recriminate for the criminal or defendant, to accuse the prosecutor.

RECOPILACIO'N, f. f. compiling, collecting, or gathering out of books.

RECOPILA'R, v. a. to compile, collect, or gather.

MECOQUIN, f. m. a short fat fellow.

EECORDACIO'N, f. f. PEECORDAMIENTO, f. m. remembrance, calling to mind.

RECORDA'R, v. a. to remember, to call to mind; to put in mind; to awake.

RECORRE'R, v. a. to run back, to look back, to have recourse

Riccorrer la memoria, to call to

ROECORTA'R, v. a. to shorten by cutting.

RECOSE'R, v. a. to fow again. RECOSTA'R, v. n. to lie down, or to lean.

RECO'VA, f. f. the buying about in villages what one intends to fell again. Also a pack of hounds.

RECOVE'RO, f. m. the man who buys here and there in order to fell again.

RECREACION, f. f. recreation. RECREA'R, v. a. to recreate, to refresh, to divert.

RECRECER, w. n. to increase, to grow again.

RECRECIMIE'NTO, f. m. increase, growing again.

RECRE'O, f. m. recreation, diversion.

RECTAME'NTE, adv. uprigh-

RECTA'NGULO, adject. rectangular, right-angled.

Redángulo, f. m. a rectangle.

RECTIFICACIO'N, f. f. redification; the act of fetting right what is wrong.

RECTIFICAR, v. a. to rectify, to make right.

RECTILI'NEO, adj. rectilinear, rectilineous, confifting of right lines.

RECTITU'D, f. f. righteousness, uprightness, justice.

RE'CTO, adj. right, just, true, equitable.

RECTO'R, f. m. a rector.

RECTORA'DO, f. m. a rectorship.

RECTORA'L, adj. belonging to a rector.

RECTORA'R. v. n. to be elected a rector.

RECTORIA, f. f. vide RECTO-RA'DO.

RE'CUA, f. f. a drove or gang of carrier's horses or mules.

RECUA'GE, f. m. carrying or carriage of goods by the carriers; the cost for carrying; also a great number of carriers mules or horfes.

RECUDIDA, f. f. the rebound of a thing; also the product or profit it yields.

RECUDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a rebound, the profit a thing yields, rent of land; also an order to receive rent.

RECUDIA, v. 2. to rebound; to yield profit or benefit.

RECUENTO, f. m. an inventory.
RECU'ERDO, f. f. the act of putting in mind.

RECUE'RO, f. m. a carrier that drives pack-horses or mules.

Prov. Los recuéros de nuefiro lugár, óy enalbárdan, mañána fe van, the carriers of our town put on the pack-saddles to day, and go away to-morrow. Said of loiterers, and procrastinators.

RECUE'STO, f. m. a rising gro-

RECULA'R', v. n. to fall back, to give ground backward.

RECULO, adj. without a tail, applied to poultry.

RECUPERA'BLE, adj. recoverable.

RECUPERACIO'N, f. f. rece-

RECUPERADO'R, f. m. the perfon who recovers.

RECUPERAR, v. a. to recover.

RECU'RA, f. f. a tool used in making combs.

RECURRIAR, v. a. to have recourse.

RECURSO, f. m. recourse, relief, redress.

RECUSACIO'N, f. f. refufal.

RECUSA'R, v. a. to refuse, to except against.

Recusar un juez, to except against a judge.

RED

RE'D, f. m. a net; a grate or lattice; a place where they fell or deliver out any thing through a grate, to keep off the crowd; the fpeaking-room of a monaftery of nuns; fine net-work women make for currains and other fuch uses.

Red barredéra, a drag-net, that

weeps all the fish before it.

Red de payo, in cant, a coarse cloth, a great coat.

Red de telaréjo, the woof in weaving; or thread in the shuttle.

Réd tumbadéra, a toil or snare to catch wild beafts.

Red en que nace la criatura, a caul in which some children are born. Echar sus redes, to cast one's net; metaph, to use all one's endeavours.

Caér en la red, to be ensnared. REDA'DA, s. f. a ner-full, a

draught of a per.

REDA'nO, f. m. the caul in which the bowels lie; fo called, because it is like a net.

REDAR, v. n. to cast the net. REDARGUCIO'N, f. f. reproof; also disproving.

REDARGUIR, v. a. to reprove; also to disprove.

REDECI'LLA, f. f. a fmal net.

REDECI'R, v. a. to repeat, to fay again.

REDEDO'R, adv. round about.

REDEJO'N, f. m. a net on a hoop open at the top and ending in a point at bottom; in cant, a night-cap.

REDE'LES, f. m. pl. vide RA-SE'LES.

REDEMI'R, v. 2. to redeem, to ranfom.

REDENCIO'N, f. f. redemption, ranfoming.

REDENTO'R, f. m. a redeemer, a ranfomer.

Redentéres, pl. so they cast the religious men that go over among insidels to redeem captives.

REDE'RO, f. m. a net-maker.
REDICIO'N, f. f. repetition of
what has been faid.

REDIE'ZMO, f. m. a re-tithing, or taking a tithe over again, or the tithe of the tithe.

REPPL, f. m. hurdles to fold sheep in.

REDITIA, f. f. a dimin. of red.
REDIMIDO'R, f. m. a redeemer.

REDIMI'R, v. a. to redeem, to ranfom.

REDORLADO ANTENERA

REDOBLA'DO, adj. thick and short; faid of a man.

REDOBLADURA, f. f. a redoubling.

REDOBLA'R, v. a. to redouble. In music, to repeat the same notes striking the same string.

REDO'BLE, adj. twice, double.

REDOBLO'N, 1. m. a fold or crease made in cards to know them by.

REDO'MA, f. f. a gloss vial.

Redôma, among the peasants, the
gift every man bestows upon a
new-married couple on the wedding-day.

REDOMA'DO, adj. fubtle, crafty, fly.

REDOMA'ZO, f.m. a blow over the face with a vial. A practice formerly used by villains in spire or revenge, which is to throw a wery thin vial full of ink into a man's face, which breaking, cuts, and the ink flies all about, which cuts are very hard to be cured, so as not to seave a scas. REDOMPILA, f. f. a little vist. REDO'NDA, f. f. in cant, a penycoat.

A la redónda, adv. reund about. REDONDAME'NTE, adv. roundly.

REDONDEA'R, v. a. to round, to make round.

REDONDE'TE, f. m. a little round thing, a little plump child, a fquat fat man.

REDONDE'Z, f. f. roundnefs.
REDONDI'LLAS, f. f. pl. roundelays, a fort of poetical compofition.

REDONDO, adj. round.

REDO'R, f. m. a round mat, fuch as we lay under tables, or the like.

A RE'DRO, adv. behind.

A redro vayas enemigo málo, go behind me satan; from the Latin retro,

REDROJO, f. m. a small bunch of grapes, such as are lest behind; because not seen by those that gather in the vintage; metaph. a little sneaking boy that does not thrive.

REDROPE'LO, adj. against the hair or grain.

REDRU'AA, f. f. the left fide. A hunting term.

REDUCCIO'N, f. f. reduction. REDUCTBLE, adj. reducible.

REDUCIMIE'NTO, f. m. reducing, convincing, reclaiming, bringing back.

REDUCIR, v. a. to reduce, to convince, to reclaim, to bring back.

REDUNDA'NCIA, f. f. redundance, superabundance.

REDU'NDA'R, v. a. to redound REDUTO, f. m. a redoubt, a small fort.

REB

REEDIFICACION, f. f. rebuilding.

REEDIFICADO'R, f, m. the perfon who rebuilds.

REEDIFICA'R, v. a. to rebuild. REEMBARCA'R, v. a. to reimbark, to ship again.

REENCAXA'R, v. a. to fet again a bone that was diflocated.

REENCAXADURA, f. f. a fecting again a bone that was diflocated.

REENGENDRA'R, v. n. to regenerate.

REF

REFACIO'N, f. f. refection, a repast.

REFALSA'DO, adj. cuaning, malicious.

REFECCION, f. f. refection, a

REFERENDAR, v. 2. REFREN. DAR.

REFERIMIE'NTO, f. m. a repetition, a rehearfal.

REFERIR, v. a. to repeat, to refer, to relate, to declare, to tell.

REFETO'RIO, f. m. vide RE-FITO'RIO.

REFINADO'R, f. m. a refiner.

REFINA'R, v. a. to refine.
REFINO, f. m. a refining; also
any thing that is very fine.

REFITOLE'RO, f. m. he that has the care of a rectory, or diningroom in a monaftery, where the religious dine and fup.

REFLEXIO'N, f. f. reflection.
REFLEXIONA'R, v. 2. to re-

fled, to confider autentively.

REFLEXIVAME'NTE, adv.

with reflection.

REFLEXIVO, adj. reflective.

REFLE'XO, f. m. reflection. Reflexo, adj. reflected.

REFLORECE'R, v. n. to flourish again.

REFLUXO, f. m. the ebb of the tide.

REFOCILA'R, \forall . a. to cherish, to comfort.

Refocilarse, v. r. to regale one's felf.

REFOCILO, f. m. cherishing, comfort.

REFORMACIO'N, f. m. a refor-

REFORMA'R, v. a. to reform. REFORZA'R, v.-q. to firengtheq, to reinforce.

REFOSSE'TO, f. m. the cur-

yette

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vette in fortification, a deeper trench cut along the middle of a dry ditch, and generally carried down till there be water to

REFRACCIO'N, f. f. refraction. REFRACTA'RIO, adj. refractory, that will not stand to is bargain.

REERA'N, f. m. a proverb. REFRANCILLO, f. m. a little

proverb. REFREGAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of rubbing.

REFREGA'R, v. a. to rub.

Refregarse con las mugéres, to be familiar with women.

REFREGO'N, f. m. a rub against any thing.

REFRENAMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of checking or stopping with the bridle.

REFRENA'R , v. a. 10 curb, bridle, or hold in.

REFREND'AR, v. a counterfign, to fign as the fecretary does inthe king's orders.

REFRENDA'RIO, f. m. an officer iu the state so called.

REFRENDA'TA, f. f. the manual fign of the rifrendario affixed to a petition or other thing. REFRESCADO'R, f.m. who re-

REFRESCADURA, f. f. refreshing, cooling.

REFRESCA'R, v. a. to cool, to

REFRE'SCO . f. m. refreshment, repaft,

REFRIE'GA, f. f. a fray, a skirmish.

REFRIGERA'R; v. a. to refresh. REFRIGERATIVO, adj. refreshing.

REFRIGERATO'RIO, adj. that has the power or quality of refreshing.

REFRIGE'RIO, f. m. refresh-

REFUGIA'DO, f. m. a refu-

REFUGIAR, v.a. to refuge, to shelter, to protect.

Refugiárse, v. r. to fly to shelter or protection.

REFUGIO, f. m. refuge.

Tome I.

REFULGE'NCIA, S. f. ness, refulgence.

REG

REFULGE'NTE , adj. bright , shining.

REFUNDI,R, v. a. to cast over again.

REFUNFUNADU'RA, A. f. muttering, grumbling.

REFUNFUāA'R, v. n. to grumble, to mutter.

REFUNFURO, f. m. vide RE-FUNFUAADU'RA.

REFUTACIO'N , f. f. refuta-

REFUTA'R, v. a. to refute.

REG

REGADE'RA, f. f. a watering-

REGADIO, f. m. watering; a place that is watered.

REGADIZO, adj. that may be watered.

REGADO'R, f. m. a waterer. REGADURA, f. f. watering.

REGAJA'L, f. m. a watry, flabby , dirty place; any place that is full of litter and dirty.

REGA'JO, f. m. a puddle.

REGALADAME'NTE, adv. dain-

REGALA'DO, adj. dainty or ni-

REGALADO'R, f. m. one that loves to make much of others.

REGALAMIE'NTO, f. m. making much of others.

REGALA'R, v. a. to make much of, to treat daintily; also to melt.

REGALIA, f. f. the prerogative of a king.

REGALI'CIA, f. f. the root liquorice.

REGALILLO , (f. m. a muff; REGA'LITO, (also a little present.

REGALIZA, f. f. liquorice.

REGA'LO, f. m. a dainty, or choice bit ; blind entertainment; a muff; a present.

REGALO'N, f. m. a wanton, a dainty person that loves to feed nicely

REGALO'NA, f.f. a nice, dainty

REGAñA'R, v. n. to fnarl, io growl as a dog does, to grumble , to mutter.

Regañár los diéntes, to gnash the teeth.

REGA'ñO, f. m. grumbling, muttering, snarling, growling.

REGARO'N, f. m. f. a foarling growling dog; a grumbling fellow; also the north-east wind.

Péra regañóna, a harsh pear that grates against the knife as it cuts.

REGA'R, v. a. to water.

REGATA, f. f. a finall trench to convey the water to a garden.

REGATE, f. m. quick and irregular motion.

REGATEA'R, v. n. to haggle in buying, to beat down the price to bargain hard.

REGATO'N, f. m. a huckster, a retailer, a retailer of small wares; also one that haggles hard; also the but-end of a spear, staff, &c. REGATONEA'R, v. n. to play the huckster; also to haggle in buying.

REGATONERIA, Cf. f. huckfte-REGATONIA, ring; alfo haggling in buying.

REGAZA'R, v. a. vide ARRE-*GAZA*'R,

REGAZO, f. m. the lap of a woman; also the tucking up of her cloaths.

REGE'NCIA, f. f. regency, the office or dignity of a regent.

REGENERACIO'N, f. f. regene-

REGENERA'R, v. n. to regene-

REGENTA'R, v. n. to rule as a re-

REGE'NTE, f. m. a regent; a president of a council; in an university, a triennial professor.

REGIAME'NTE, adv. royally. magnificently.

REGIBA'DO, adj. crook-backed. REGIC!'DA, f. m. a regicide, a kingkiller. ,

REGICIDIO, f. m. the act. of a regicide.

REGIDO'R, f. m. a ruler, a governor, an alderman of a city.

RE'GIMEN, f. m. rule, goveru-

Xxx

REGIMIE'NTO, f. m. government; also a regiment of foldiers.
RE'GIO, adj. regal, kingly.

REGIO'N, f. f. a region, a country.

In architecture, the profpect a
house has on all sides.

REGI'R, v. a. to rule, to govern; to fleer a ship.

REGISTRADO'R, f. m. one that registers or enters in a book, a keeper of rolls.

RBGISTRA'R, v. a. to register, to enter upon a book; sto to search, to look into, to examine; to search goods at the custom-house. REGISTRO, s. m. a register; the entry of goods at the custom-house the entry-book of the custom-house; the cocket given there for goods that are passed; also the register put into books, being several strings fastened to a roll, which serve for marks in a book; a man that is prying into every

Registros, pl. the stops in the organ. RE'GLA, f. f. a rule.

body's business.

Rigla de la mugér, a woman's courses.
Régla de ensérmo, the rule prescribed a siche person by the physician.

REGLADAME'NTE, adv. orderly, according to rule.

REGLA'DO, adj. orderly, regular. REGLAMIE'NTO, f. m. a ruling, or ordering.

REGLA'R, v. a to rule, to govern, to order.

REGNICOLA, adj. belonging to a kingdom.

REGOCIJADAME'NTE, adv. jeyfully, merrily.

REGOCIJA'R, v. n. to rejoice, to make merry.

Regocijárse, v. r. to be glad, to rejoice at.

REGOCI'IO, f. m. joy, mirth.
REGODEAR, v. n. to be merry,
to fport, to wanton.

REGODE'O, f.m. merry making, fporting, playing the wanton, bantering.

REGO'JO, f. m. a bit of broken bread, a scrap; a little small fel-

REGOLDA'R, v. n. to belch.

REGOLFA'R, v. n. to the round
like a whirl pool,

REGO'LFO, f. f. a whirl-pool.
REGORDI'DO, adj. full, fat,
puffed up with fat,

REGRE'SSO, f. m. 2 going back-REGUARDA'R, v. 2, obf. to look to, to mind.

REGUE'LDO, f. m. a belch. REGUE'RA, f. f. a path betwixt

two beds in a garden.

REGULACIO'N, f. f. regulation.

REGULA'R, v. a. to regulate; to make the scrutiny, and see how many votes each candidate has.

REGULA'R, adj. regular, orderly. Regular, f. m. a religious man of fome order.

REGULARIDA'D, f. f. regularity. REGULARME'NTE, adv. regularity.

RE'GULO, f. m. any perty fovereign; also a basilisk.

Régulo, regulus, the finer and most weighty part of metals.

REGURGITA'R, v. n. to regurgitate, to run over.

REH

REHABILITACIO'N f. f. a reenabling.

REHABILITA'R, v. a. to re-enable. REHACE'R, v. a. to do again, to make anew, to renew.

Rehacerse, v. r. to recover firength; also to rally after disorder; faid of troops.

REHACIMIE'NTO, f. m. a doing again; recovery; rallying of broken troops.

REHA'CIO, f. m. vide REA'CIO.
REHE'CHO, adj. done again, made anew; rallied; ftrong, wellfet.

REHE'N, f. m, an hostage, a pledge.

REHENCHIR, v. a. to fill or to fluff again.

Rehenchir la silla, to siuff a saddle anew.

REHILA'R, v. a. a fea-term, to firsin the cables, to make them work

REHILE'TE, f. m. a shuttle-cock. REHOLLA'R, v. a, to trample under foot again.

REHUIR, v. n. to fly; to run away again, or back.

REHUNDIR, v. a. to fink or drown again. REHUSAR, v. a. to refuse.

REI

REIBLE, adj. rifible. REI'NA, f. f. the queen. REINA'DO, f. m. the reign of a king, the time he governs. REINAMTENTO, f. m. obf. idem. REINA'R, v. n. to reign; also to prevail, to be predominant. REINCIDE'NCIA, f.f. falling in again. REINCIDI'R, n. v. to fall in again. RE'INO, f. m. any kingdom, any dominions having a king. REINTEGRACIO'N, f. f. reacwing, making whole again. REINTEGRA'R, v. 2. to renew, to make whole again. REI'R, v. n. to. laugh; also to be pleasant. Reirfe, v. r. to mock, to ridicule, to laugh at. REITERACION, f. f. reiteration. repetition. REITERA'R, v. a. to reiterate, to repeat.

REJ

RE'JA, f. f. the plow-share, the coulter of a plow; an iron grare; the iron grates of a window.

REJA'DO, f. m. a grared window,

a grated gate.

REJALGA'R, f. m. arfenick.

REJO, f. m. any iron point, as the prick of a goad, or the like; the clownish people use it for rece, firong, lufty, fiff, hard.

Réjo de hévilla, the tongue of a buckle.

Rejo, is also an iron plate, round, with a hole in the middle, they play at coits with instead of a horse-shoe.

REJO'N, f.m. an iron bar ending in a sharp point; also a fort of spear, used in the bull-feasis to wound the bulls.

Re'on, a dagger, a poniard.
REJONA'ZO, f. m. a blow given

with a rejon.

REJONEA'R, v. a. to wound the bulls with the spear called repor-

REJUE'LA, f. f. a little bar, or grate of a window; also a little fire-nan.

REJUVENECE'R, v. n. to grow young again.

REL

RELACIO'N, f. f. a relation, an account of any thing.

RELACIONA'R, v. a to relate.
RELACIONE'RO, f. m. one who
fells fongs and feveral accounts in
the fireets.

RELAME'R, v. a. to lick over again.

Relamirfe, v. r. to lick one's chops favourily after eating fome thing that is pleasant; to deck or dreft one's felf up curiously.

RELAMI'DO, f. m. an hypocrite, a precise formal fellow.

RELA'MPAGO, f. m. a flash of lightning.

RELAMPAGUEA'R, v. n. to light en, to give flashes like lightning. RELAMPAGUZA'R, v. n. obf. to glitter, to give a glittering light, like the sudden flashes of lightning.

Ojos relampaguiántes, glittering eyes like a cat in the dark, or as drunken men's eyes twinkle. Often used in this signification.

RELA'NCE, f. m. chance, accident. RELA'PSO, adj. relapfed, fallen again.

RELATA'R, v. s. to relate, to make a declaration.

RELATIVO, adj. that bears a relation to.

RELATO'R, f. m. a relater, a reporter, he that relates or gives an account; an officer in courts who acquaints the court with what has been told of the case or cause to be tried.

RELAVA'R, w. a. to wash over again.

RELAXACIO'N, f. f. relaxation, releasing, fetting loose at liberty; relaxation of manners; also a looseness in the body.

RELAXA'DO, f. m. a loofe liver. RELAXAMIENTO, f. m. a relaxation, releasing, setting loofe; loofeness of any kind.

RELAXA'R, v. a. to release, to fet loose, to take to a loose life, to be loose in the body.

RELE'NTE, f. m. the formers caufed by the dew that has fallen on a thing.

RELENTECE'R, v. n. to grow weak, to relent, to yield, to become supple.

RELEVACIO'N, f. f. a raising, a lifting up.

RELEVA'R, v. a. to raise, to lift up, to ease, to relieve.

RELE'XES, f.m. pl. knobs or bunches in a table or other fmooth thing; also ruts of coach or cart wheels: among archites, relex or relexes, is that part of the wal which slicks out; also the landing-place of a pair of stairs.

RELICA'RIO, f. m. a case, a place to keep relicks in.

RELIE'VES, f. m. pl. fragments, fcraps, broken meat; emboffing in filver or gold; raifed work in embroidery; emboffed figures on walls in architecture.

RELIGIAR, v. a. to bind again. RELIGION, f. f. religion.

RELIGIONARIO, (f. m. Cal-RELIGIONI'STA, (vinift or Reformed, as they call themselves.

RELIGIOSAME'NTE, adv. religiously.

RELIGIOSIDA'D, f. f. piety. RELIGIO'SO adj. religious.

RELINCHA'R, v. n. to neigh as a horse does.

RELINCHIPO, f. m. the neigh-RELINCHO, ing of a horse RELINCHO, f. f. pl. relicks, the remains of holy things.

REILANA'R, v. a. to plain, to fmooth again.

Rellandrife, v. r. to fit stretched our in a chair, leaning back with the legs out at full ease.

RELLENA'R, v. a. to fill', to fluff, to cram; commonly to fill a fow l, hare, or the like, with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

RELLE'NO, adj. filled, fluffed, crammed; substantively used, a fowl, &c. stuffed with forced meat, or with a pudding in the belly.

RELO'X, s. m. a clock, a warch. Relóx de fol, a fun-dial. Relóx de aréna, a sand hour-gias.

Relox de água, a water hour glass. El relox dá, the clock strikes.

Relox de faltriguéra, a wa ch.
RELOXE'RO, f. m. a clock-maker
or watch-maker.

RELUCHA'R, v. n. to contend one thing against another.

RELUCIE'NTE, adj. bright, shining, glittering.

RELUCI'R, v. n. to shine, to gli-

"FLUMBRA'DO, adj. that has a braffy fafte.

RELUMBRA'NTE, adj. bright, glittering, shining.

RELUMBRA' R, v. n. to shine to glitter.

RELUMBRO'N, f. m. the fudden blow of the light in one's eyes.

REM

REMACHA'R, v. a. to river, to clench a nail, to beat flat or smooth, to make fast an end of a thread, or the like.

REMADO'R, f. m. a rower. REMADURA, f. f. a rower.

REMANECE'R, v. n. to appear where not expected, to break out like the dawning of the day.

REMANE'NTE, f. m. the remainder.

REMANGA'R, v. 2. vide ARRE-MANGAR.

REMA'NSO, f. m. the calm or flill water of a river, which after it has run with a fwift current comes into a plain, and runs flow and gently.

REMA'R, v. n. to row.

REMATADAME'NTE, adv. abfolutely, past redress, desperately.

REMATA'DO, adj. quite lost, ruined, desperare.

Loco rematádo, one that is quite mad, past retrieving.

REMATA'R, v. a. to clench, a nail, to rivet, to close or finish an account, to strike up a bargain, to knock at a fale, to fasten the thread in sewing, or the like-REMATE, f. m. the end, the

Xxx 2

conclusion, the fum of an account: either end of a flick, rope, or other thing; the conclusion of a bargain; the fastening of the end in sewing, clinching of an nail, rivet-

M

Perdido a remate; lost to all intents and purpofes, utterly ruined; also excessive lewd.

REMECE'R, v. a. to flir again. REMEDAMIE'NTO, f. m. mocking, imitating.

REMEDA'R, v. a. to mock, to imitate.

REMEDIADO'R, f. m. one that remedies.

REMEDIA'R, v. a. to remedy, to cure.

REME'DIO, f. m. remedy, cure, help.

REME'DO, f. m. mock, imita-

REMEMBRANZA, f. f. obf. a remembrance.

REMEMBRA'R, v. a. obs. to remember.

REMENDA'R, v. a. to mend, to

Cabállo remendado, a piebald horse. REMENDO'N. f. m. a botcher, a cobler.

REME'RO, f. m. a rower, one that rows.

REME'SSA, f. f. a remittance of

Reméssa, f. f. a coach-house.

REMESSA'R, v. a. to pull by - the hair, to tear the hair.

REMESSO'N, f. m. a pull by the hair; the hair that is torn off the head; a short ftop in riding, when the rider flops his horse short in the middle of the carrier,

REMETE'R, v. a. to put in again.

REMIE'NDO, f. m. a patch, a

REMILGA'RSE, v. r. to make pretty faces, as affected ladies do. REMINICE'NCLA, f. f. a remembrance.

REMIRAR, v. a. to look again, to view well, to fee thoroughly into a thing or confider maru-BETY.

REMISSAME'NTE, adv. flowly, with weakness, without vigour or briskeness.

REMISSIBLE, adl. pardonable, that may be remitted.

REMISSIO'N, f. f. remission, pardon, forgiveness.

REMI'SSO, adj. remis, sack, loose, negligent, lewd.

REMITI'R, v. a. to remit, to forgive, to pardon; also to refer.

Pleito remitldo, a suit or trial at law returned to the same court from whence it was removed by appeal.

REMO, f. m. an oar.

Echar al rémo, to send to the gal-

REMOJAR, v. 2. to foak, to fleep, to water.

REMO'JO, f. m. foaking, fleeping, watering.

REMOLACHA, f. f. beet-root. REMOLADO, adj. battered, rugged, craggy.

REMOLA'R, v. a. in cant, to load a die.

REMOLCAR, v. a. to tow along with a boat; also to shove back with the oars.

REMOLINA'RSE, v. r. to turn about like a whirl pool or spiral

REMOLI'NO, f. m. a whirl-pool, a whirl wind, an eddy wind or water; the turn of the hair on the top of the head; a spiral

REMOLLA'R, v. a. in cant, to

REMOLLERO'N, f. m. in cant, a head-piece; the head itself.

REMO'LQUE, f. m. towing. Llevár al remólque, to tow along. REMONDA'R, v. a. to clean, to

peel again.

REMONTA, f. f. the act of giving new horses to soldiers.

REMONTA'R, v. a. amongst sportsmen, to frighten animals; to drive them away with noise; alfo to give new horfes to fol-

Remontár, v. a. to remount, to be high and lofty, to use lofty expressions.

REMOQUE'TE, f. m. a check, a frump, a sharp word; also a bang, a firoke, a flirt.

RE'MORA, f. f. a small fish, which they fay, flicking to a ship's fide, will flop her when failing. Metaph. any flop, flay, or delay.

REMORDER, v. s. to have z remorfe, to have a touch of conscience.

REMORDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a remorfe, a touch of conscience. REMOSTA'R, v. n. to put must or new wine into old, in order to quicken it.

REMOSTECE'RSE, v. r. to work and grow fweet again like new

REMO'TO, adj. remore, diffant. REMOVE'R, v. 2. to remove, to ftir.

REMOVIMIE'NTO, f. m. removing, firring.

Removimiento de estômago, rising in the stomach, nauseousness, inclination to vomit,

REMOZA'R, v. tr. to grow young; to endeavour to appear young.

REMPUJA'R, v. a. to push, to thrust, to jostle.

REMPUJO'N, f. m. a push, a thruft, a jostle.

REMUDA'R, v. a. to change. REMUGA'R, v. n. v. RUMIA'R. REMUNERACIO'N, f. f. reward, recompense,

REMUNERADO'R, f. m. a rewarder, a recompenser.

REMUNERA'R, v. a. to reward, so recompense.

RÈMUSGA'R, v. 2. to suspect.

REN

REN, f. m. the kidney, the reim of the back.

RENACE'R. v. n. to be born again, to spring or to bud out again.

RENACIMIE'NTO, f. m. being born again, sprouting, springing, or budding again.

RENACUAJO, f. m. the spays of frogs, a imali frog,

RENCILLA, f. f. quarrel, dif-

RENCILLO'SO, adj. quarrelfome, contending.

RE'NCO, f. m. one that is loofe, or lame in the ships.

RENCO'R, f. m. rancour, hatred, malice.

RENDA'JO, f. m. a jay.

RENDICIO'N, f. f. rendition, giving up.

RENDIDAME'NTE, adv. hum-

RENDIMIE'NTO; f. m. yielding, furrendering, fubmission, and furrender

RENDI'R, v. a. to yield, to submit, to surrender, to overcome, to subdue.

RE'NDON, a word of no fignification by itself, but it is used adverbially for abruptly or rudely.

Entrarfe de rénden, to intrude, to thrust into a place, without saying by your leave, in a rude manner.

RENEGA'DO, f. m. a renegade, an apostare, one that has renounced his faith.

RENEGA'R, v. a. to renounce one's faith,

RENGLE'RA, f. f. a row or rank. RENGLO'N, f. m. a line in writing

RENGO, adj. that has got a hurt in the loins or the back.

RENIE'GO, f. m. a blafphemous renouncing of God or of holy things.

RENITE'NCLA, f. f. reluctance, repugnancy.

RENITENTE, adj. reluciant, repugnant.

RENOMBRA'DO, adj. renowned, famous.

RENO'MBRE, f. m. renows.

RENOVACION, f. f. a renewing.

RENOVA'DOR, f. m. a renewer.

RENOVA'R, v. a. to renew. RENOVE'RO, f. m. an ufurer.

Renovéro de arból, a young shoot of

RENQUEA'R, v. n. to go lame in the hips; that is, wringing one's body from fide to fide,

RE'NTA, f. f. revenue, rent, yearly income.

Prov. El que lléva la rénta que adôbe la vénta, let him that receives the rent repair the inn; he that has the profit should be at the expence.

RENTA'R, v. n. to yield rent or revenue.

RENTE'RO, f. f. a farmer.

RENȚI'LLA, f. f. a fmall rent or revenue; also a game at cards so called.

RENUE'VO, f. m. renewing; also increase, usury, a young shoot or sprout of a tree, or the like.

RENUNCIA, f. f. vide RENUN-CIACIO'N.

RENUNCIA'BLE, adj. that may be renounced, given up.

RENUNCIACION, f. f. renunciation, quitting one's right or claim, refignation.

RENUNCIA'R, v. a. to renounce, refign, or quit claim.

REB

REnI'R, v. n. to chide, to rebuke, to reprimand, to quarrel, to fight. Guerra renida, bloody war.

REO

RE'O: f. m. a criminal, a guilty person, one accused of a crime.

Also a fort of fish so called.

REP

REPA'IO, f. m. v. REPA'XO. REPANTIGA'RSE, v. r. to fit leaning back and firetched out at one's full eafe.

REPAPILA'DO, f. m. a curious feeder or epicure, one that is curcuriously fed or filled up to the throat.

REPAPILA'RSE, v. r. to epicucurize, to feed daintily, to feed till one is full to the throat.

REPARABLE, adj. that can be repaired; remarkable, observable. REPARACION, s. f. reparation. REPARADO'R, s. m. a repairer. REPARAMIE'NTO, s. m., vide REPARO,

REPARA'R, v. a. to repair; also to parry in fencing, to ward off a blow; to flop, to make a stand; to observe, to take notice.

REPARO, f. m. repair, reparation; in fortification, a defence, any part of the works that flanks another, any work or intrenchment. Repáro, f. m. regard, notice, obfervation.

REPARTICIO'N, f. f. division, partition, sharing.

REPARTIDO'R, f. m. a divider, a difributer.

Repartidér, de pleitos, y negócios, f. m. an officer in some courts of Spain. who appoints every man his business, and calls on the several causes in their course.

REPARTIMIE'NTO, f. m. divifion, distribution.

REPARTI'R, v. a. to divide, to distribute.

REPASSADE'RA, f. f. a root used by carpenters, a kind of a plane.

REPASSA'R, v. a. to look over again; as,

Repassar un libro, to read a book over again.

Repassár liciónes a niños, to hear children read their lessons.

REPASTA'R, v. n. to feed.

REPA'STO, f. m. food, pafture. REPATRIA'R, v. n. to return to one's own country.

REPA'XO, f. m. a thicket of young trees; a place for cattle to graze.

REPECHO, f. m. a breaft work;
a rail to lean the breaft against;
also the side of a hill.

REPELA'R, v. a. to pull off the hair, to pull by the hair; in a military fense, to charge often in parties or in the rear.

REPELE'R, v. a. to drive off, to beat back.

REPE'LO, f. m. pulling by the hair; also the skin that grows over the sails; metaph, any thing that is not to the purpose.

REPELO'N, f.m. a tug by the hair. REPELO'SO, adj. a touchy quarrelfome man.

Madéra repelófa, wood that has an ill grain, and works rough every way.

REPENSA'R, v. a. to think over again, to confider feriously.

REPE'NTE, adv. fuddenly, unexpectedly.

REPENTINAME'NTE, adv. fuddenly.

REPENTINO, adj. fudden.

REPENTO'N, f. m. a ludden event, a sudden motion, a great and unforeseen accident.

REPERCUSSIO'N, f. f. repercuffion, firiking back.

REPERCUSSI' VO, adj. that may be fleuck back.

REPERCUTI'R, v. a. to beat back, to drive back.

REPERTO'RIO, f. m. a reper-

REPESA'R, v. a. to verify the weight of any thing, to weigh again.

REPE'SO, f. m. weighing again; also the place where an officer in Spain flands in the market to verify the weight of bread, meat, &c.

REPETICIO'N, f. f. repetition.
REPETIDAME'NTE, adv. repeatedly.

REPETI'DOR, f. m. a repeater, REPETI'R, v. a, to repeat.

REPICA'DO, f. m. a curious nice beau.

REPICAPU'NTO, adv. De repicapúnto, nicely, precifely.

REPICA'R, v. a. to ring the bells out.

Prov. En fálvo está el que replea he his sase that rings the bell; because, when it is an alarm bell, he is in the steeple out of harm's way.

REPI'QUE, f. m. a ringing of bells; also a repique at the game of piquet at cards.

REPIQUE'TE, f. m. a little noise or clattering of bells, or any such noisy thing; thence applied to signify a clattering of tongues.

REPISO, adj. penitent. REPIZCA'R, v. a. to pinch.

REPIZCAR, v. a. to pinch.

REPIZCO, f. m. a pinch, the
act of pinching with the fingers.

REPLECIO'N, f. f. repletion, fullness.

REPLE'TO, adj. full, crammed full. In architecture, it is the

motar and finall flone, rubbish, or the like, with which masons fill up the middle of thick walls.

REPLICACION, f. f. an answer, a reply. REPLICACION, f. f. idem.

REPLICA'R, v. a. to answer, to reply.

REPLICO'N, f. m. he that will give an answer though he had better hold his rongue.

REPO'LLO, f. m. a hard .cabbage.

REPOLLUDO, adj. round thick trufs, like a hard cabbage, a short fquat man.

REPONE'R, v. s. to replace.
REPORTA'DO, adj. deliberate,
flayed, grave.

REPORTA'RSE, w. r. to be pacified, to curb one's passion, to fettle, to be appealed.

REPORTO'RIO, adj. an almanack, a calendar, a memorial, a fummary, a brief account of things.

REPOSADAME'NTE, adv: quietly, calmly and gravely.

REPOSA'DO, adj. sedate, of a quiet temper.

REPOSA'R, v. a. to rest, to settle, to be still.

REPOSO, f. m. reft, quiet, ease.
REPOSTERIA, f. f. a buttery.
REPOSTE'RO, f. m. a butter,
a fumpture cloth; also a carpet
or a piece of tapestry hangings.
REPREGUNTA, f. f. question
Rupon question.

REPREGUNTA'R, v. a. to question over and over again.

REPREHENDE'R, v. a. to reprehend, to reprimand, to rebuke, to chide.

REPREHENSI'BLE, adj. blameworthy, blameable.

REPREHENSION, f. f. reproof, REPREHENSO'R, f. m. a reprover, a chider.

REPERSENTA'CION, f. f. reprefentation, a play, a comedy. REPRESENTA'DOR, f. m. a reprefenter, a player, an actor. REPRESENTA'NTE, f. m. idem REPRESENTA'R, v. a. to reprefent, to act a play.

REPRESSA, f. f. a mill-dam, a flood-gate.

REPRESSA'R, v. a. to hold up by water by means of a dam or flood-gate.

REPRIME'NDA, f. f. a reprimand.

REPRIMI'R, v. a. to repress, to crush, to keep under.

REPROBACIO'N, f. f. tepro-

REPROBA'R, v. a. to reprove, RE'PROBO, f. m. he who is to be

be damned.

REPROCHA'R, v. a. to reproach,

to tell one of his faults, to upbraid. -REPROCHE, f. m. reproach,

REPRO'CHE, f. m. reproach, upbraiding.

REPRODUCCION, f. f. reproduction, the act of producing anew.

REPRODUCI'R, v. a. to reproduce, to produce again.

REPTA'R, v. a. to challenge, to defy.

REPUBLICA, f. f. a republick, a commonweakh,

REPUBLICA'NO, f. m. a republican.

REPU'BLICO, f. m. 2 republi-

REPUDIACIO'N, f. f. repudiation, divorce, rejection.

REPUDIA'R, v. a. to divorce, to put away, to reject.

REPUDIO, f. m. divorce. REPUE'STO, p. p. of reponêr.

Repuesto, f. m. a repository, a storehouse.

REPUGNA'NCIA, f. f. repugnancy, reluctancy.

REPUGNA'NTE, adj. opposite.

REPUGNA'R, v. a. to oppose, to have a reluctancy.

REPULGA'R, v. a. to hem.

REPULGO, f. m. a hem in a garment.

El repúlgo de la empandda, the edge of a pie.

REPÚ'LLO, f. m. a violent shake or jump.

REPU'LSA, s. f. a repulse.

REPULSA'R v. a. to repel, to give a repulse.

REPU'NTA, f. f. a reply, a breaking out, the appearing of any thing. REPUNTA'R, v. a. to reply; also to break out, to appear. REPURGA'R, v. a. to purze or clean over again. REPUTACIO'N, f. f. reputation. REPUTAR, v. 2 to repute.

REQ

REQUEBRADO'R, f. m. one that courts, woos, makes love to, or uses fine amorous expresfions.

REQUEBRA'R, v. a. to court, to woo, to make love, to use fine amorous expressions.

REQUEMA'DO, adj. adust, choler-

REQUEMA'R, v. a. to burn again. REQUERIMIE'NTO, f. m. intimation, and requiring notifica-

REQUERI'R, v. a. to require, to make intimation, to notify; also to feek after, to court, to fearch. Requerir de amores, to court, to

REQUESO'N, f. m. curds.

make love.

REQUESTA, f. f. a request.

REQUESTA'R, v. a. to request. REQUIE'BRO, f. m. an amorous expression or any pretty soft alluring word.

REQUISI'TO, adj. requisite. Requisito, f. m. a circumstance, a

part that is requisite.

REQUISITO'RIA, f. f. a warrant from a judge requiring obedience.

RES

RES, f. f. a head of cattle, fometimes a flock or herd.

RESABE'R, v. n. to be loquacious. RESABIA'R, v. a, to use, to practife any ill customs or babits ; also to have an ill taste or savour RESABI'DO, f. m. a crafty fubtle knave; also talkative, troublesome fellow that pretends to know much.

RESA'BIO, f. m. an ill habit or custom; a jadish trick in a horse; an ill taste or savour.

RESA'CA, f. f. the breaking of the billows on the shore, the

RESALI'R, v. n. to go out . to appear out,

RESALTA'R, v. n. to fland, to flick, or to jut out in a building or in a picture.

RESA'LTE, f. m. the jutting out part in a building, and that which represents it in painting. ' RESALTO, f. m. the repercussion of a body or rebound.

RESALUDA'R, v. a. to refalute, to return the falutation of one.

RESALUTACION, f. m. refaluting, returning the greeting to

RESARCI'R, v. a. to make amends for, to make good, to repair.

RESBALADE'RO, f. m. v. RES-VALADE'RO.

RESBALALADI'ZO, adj. v. RES-*YALADI'ZO*.

RESBALA'R, v. n. vide RES-VALAR.

RESCALDA'R, v. a. to heat again.

RESCATA'R, v. a. to ranfom. RESCA'TE, f. m. ranfom.

RESCO'LDO, f. m. hot embers or a fire of imalicoal.

RESCRIBIR, v. 2, to write back. RESCRIPTO, f. m. a rescript, an answer of a prince to any petition.

RESCUE'NTRO, f. m. a compen-

RESELLA'R, v. a. to feal again. RESE'LLO, f. m. fealing again. RESEMBRA'R, v.a. to fow again. RESE'A, f. m. a muster or review.

RESENTIMIENTO, f. m. refentment, the act of refenting. RESENTIR, v. a. to resent. RESE'RVA, f. f. a referve.

RESERVACIO'N, f. f. a referva-

RESERVA'R, v. a. to reserve. RE'SES, f. f. pl. of res.

RESFRIA'DO, adj. that has taken or got a cold.

RESFRIAME'NTO, f. m. a cold that one gets,

RESFRIA'R, v. a. to cool. Resfriárse, v. r. to get a cold.

RESGUADA'R, v. a. to preserve to defend.

Resguardarse, v. r. to be cauticus, to take care of oneself.

RESGUA'RDO, f. D. security

taken for what a man does; a counter fecurity, when a man is bound for another; also a referve.

RESIDE'NCIA, f. f. residence, residing in a place.

Pedir residencia, to call to an account.

Residência, the trial a governor or magistrate is to undergo when he resigns his employment, a judge being appointed to hear all complaint against him.

Tomér residéncia, take to an account.

RESIDENCIA'R, v. a. to make the trial of a person in publick offices, to hear all complaints against him.

RESIDE'NTE, f. m. resident, a minister of a prince inferior to an

RESIDI'R, v. a. to reside, to remain in a place.

RESIDUO, adj. what remains.

Residuo, f. m. the remainder. RESIGNA, (f. f. refigua-

RESIGNACIO'N, (tion.

RESIGNA'R, v. a. to refign. RESI'NA, f. f. a rein, a fat oily liquor distilling from a tree. RESINO'SO, adj. full of refin.

RESISTE'NCIA, f. f. resistance, opposition.

RESISTE'RO, f. m. reflec-RESISTIDE'RO, tion or violent heat of the fun, the heat of the day from noon till two or three, when the fun feems to icorch.

RESISTI'R, v. a. to resist, to oppose, to withstand.

RE'SMA, f. f. a ream of paper.

RE'SOL, f. m. the reverberation of the fun.

RESOLA'NO, f. m. a warm funny place, where the wind does not blow.

RESULIA'R, v. n. to breathe. RESOLUCIO'N, f. f. refolution: affo spirit, courage.

RESOLVE'R, v. n. to resolve. RESOLUTAME'NTE, adv. refo-

RESOLUTO, adj. resolute, or re-

folved,

RESONA'NCIA. f. f a found or refounding.

RESONA'NTE, adj. resounding, or that resounds.

RESONA'R, v. a. to refound,
RESOPLA'R, v. a. to blow again.
RESOPLI'DO, (f. m. a blowRESO'PLO, (ing again.
RESPALDA'R, f. m. vide ESRESPA'DO, PALDA'R.
RESPECTIVAME'NIE, adv.
respectively, relatively.

RESPECTIVO, adj. respective,

RESPE'CTO, f.m. confideration, motive,

Respecto de, adv. because.

RESPETA'BLE, adj. that deferves respect.

RESPETA'R, v. a. to respect.
RESPE'TO, f. m. respect; in cant, the sword.

De respéto, prepared.

Effar de respeto, to be in ceremony, RESPETOSAME'NTE, adv. respectfully.

RESPETO'SO, adj. respectful.
RESPETUOSAME'NTE, adv.

respectfully.

RESPETIO'SO, adj. respectful.

RESPIGADE'RA, s. f. a gleaner

RESPIGADOR, s. m. a gleaner.

RESPIGAR, v. n. to glean, to

gather after the gatherers.

RESPIGO'N, f. m. the skin that grows over the nails, or rather those little skins that break and fly up about the nails, and are very fore. It is also a sty upon the eye.

RESPINGA'R, v. n. to kick out of wantonness, to rebel by being pampered, also to skip, to leap, and to give short and peevish answers.

RESPINGO, f. m. a skip, a leap, a kick of wantonnels; a pert peevish answer.

RESPIRACIO'N, f. f. the breath

of the body.

RESPIRADE'RO, f. m. a breathing place, a hole to let in the air.

RESPIRA'R, v. a. to breathe, '0 take breath, to take comfort, to be eased, to rest.

RESPLANDECE'NCIA, f. f. effulgence, fplendor. RESPLANDECE'R, v. n. to shine, to glitter.

RESPLANDECIE'NTE, p. p.

bright, shining.

RESPLANDO'R, f. m. brightnefs.

Cintas de resplandór, ribbons wrought with silver.

RESPONDE'R, v. n. to answer.
RESPONDIE'NTE, s. m. who
answer.

RESPONDO'N, f. m. f. a grubling person, one that has always an answers.

RESPONSABLE, adj. responsible.
RESPO'NSO, f. m. an answer;
but generally taken for the singing
of plaims for the dead, two choirs
alternatively answering one another.

RESPONSO'RIO, f. m. a refponfory after reading the leffons in the mattins.

RESPUE'STA, f. f. an answer; also the report of a gun.

RESPUE'STO, p. p. of responder. RESQUEBRADU'RA, ▼. RES-QUEBRAJO.

RESQUEBRAJADURA, f. f. a crack, a chop, a flit, a cleft; also a nibbling or breaking about the edges.

RESQUEBRAJA'R, v. a. to crack; to chop, to flit, to cleave; also to nibble or break about the edges.

RESQUEBRAJO, f. m. v. RES-QUEBRAJADU'RA.

RESQUICIO, f. m. a chink, a cleft, a cranpy.

RE'STA, f. f. the rest, the remainder.

RESTABLECE'R, v. a. to reestablish.

Restablished v. a. to regover one's

Reflablecerse, v. a. to recover one's health.

RESTABLECIMIE'NTO, f. m. a reheablish ment.

RESTALLA'R, v. n. to fly, to flaw, to flake as flones do with the fire, or the like.

RESTARAR, v. n. to fland, to flop, particularly the blood.

RESTARO, f. m. a filver or gold fuff; also a pool, a pond.

RESTA'NTE, f. m. what remains.

RESTAR v. a. to reft, to remain, to subfrast in arithmetick, RESTAURACIO'N, s. f. restoration, restoring, repairing.

RESTAURADO'R, f. m. who reflores.

RESTAURA'R, v. a. to reftore, to repair,

RE'STO, f. m. the reft, the remainder, the refidue; also a flake at play. In arithmetick, subftraction.

Jugár a rifto abilito, to play, or throw against all that is fet.

Echár el réfio, to set one's last stake,

RESTRICCIO'N, f. f. reftriction, confinement.

RESTRICTO, adj. restrained, kept within certain bounds.

RESTRINGIR, v. a. to restrain; also bound in the body.

RESTRIATR, v. a. to reffrain, to bind in the body.

RESVALADE RO, f. m, a flippery place, or a thing that is apt to flip.

RESVALADIZO, adj. slippery. RESVALA'A, v. n. to slip, to

RESVALO'ZO, adj. flippery. RESUCITADO'R, f. m. one that revives.

RESUDA'R, v. n. to revive.

RESUDA'R, v. n. to sweat; to

perspire.

RESUE'LLO, s. m. the breath of

the body.

RESUE'LTO, p. p. refolute, or

refolved.

RESU'LTA, f. f. the refult of any business.

RESULTA'R, v. n. to refult, to rebound.

RESU'MEN, f. m. refult, conclu-

RESUMI'R, y. a. to re-assume, to commence again; also to re-

RESURGI'R, v.n. obf. to rife from the dead.

RESURRECCIO'N, f. f. refurrection.

RESURTI'R, v. n. to rebound,

RET

RETA'BLO, f. m. 2 puppet-shew in the nature of the raree-shew carried about the fireets.

Retáblo, an altar-piece.

RETACA'R, v. n. to strike the ball twice at billiards.

RETACO, f. m. a fmall guo.

RETADOR, f. m. a challenger, a defier.

RETAGUA'RDA, of an army or of any body of men.

RETAHILA, f. f. the aggregate of many things fet in due ordef.

RETAJA'R, v. a. to chop, to cut short, to circumcife.

RETAL, f. m. a remnant.

RETALLA'R, v. n. to sprout again.

RETA'LLO, f. m. a new fprout. RETAMA, f. f. furz, whins, heath, gofs.

RETAMAL, f. m. a ground that bears furz, whins, heath, or

RETA'R, v. a. to defy, to challenge, to charge a man vith treason or other heinous crime, and undertake to make it good in combat.

RETARDACIO'N, f. f. a delay. RETARDA'R, v. n. to retard, to delay.

RETEJA'R, v. a to tile again, to new tile, to repair the tiling of a house; metaph, to mend cloaths.

RETE'N, f. m. in cant, the keeping back a card to cheat with.

RETENCIO'N, f. f. retaining, detaining.

RETENEDO'R, f. m. who ftops, or retains.

RETENE'R, v. a. to retain, to detain, to with hold.

RETENIMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of detaining.

 $RETE\overline{n}l'R$, v. a. to dye again. RETENTA'R, v. a. to try, to

tempt, to attempt again.

RETENTIVO, adj. retentive.

RETESAMIE'NTO, f. m. staleness, growing stale, cramming oneself so full of meat.

Tom. 1.

RETESA'R, v. n. to grow stale to eat till a man belches.

RETICE'NCIA, f. f. reticeace, a rhethorical figure fo called.

RETICULA'DO, adj. made in the form of a net.

RETInE'R, v. a to dye over again; also to tinckle, to found like a bell.

RETINTE, f. m. dying over again; also a tinckling noise.

RETINTI'DO, f. m. a tinckling noise, a jangling of small bells, the noise of a shrill loud voice.

RETINTI'N, f. m. the noise of a shrill loud voice.

RETIRA'DA, f. f. a retreat; also a retrenchment within another work to retire to when beaten out of the first.

RETIRADAME'NTE, adv. in retirement.

RETIRA'R, v. n. to retire, to with-draw.

Tocar a retirar, to found a retreat.

Retirar al enemigo, to make the enemy retire.

Retrarfe, v. r. to retire, to retreat.

RETI'RO, f. m. retirement,

RE'TO, f. m. challenge, defiance, charging a man with treafon or any other crime, and offering to make it good in combat.

RETOCA'R, v. a. to touch again, to finish, to complete, to correct, to revife.

RETOnA'R, v. n. to fprout out again, like a plant that has been cut.

RETORECE'R, v. a. v. RETO-RA'R.

RETOñO, f. m. a young shoot or fprout of a tree or plant.

RETO'QUE, f. m. correcting, finishing.

RETORCE'R, v. a. to twift, to wreath.

RETORCEDURA, f. f. twifting, wreathing.

RETORCIJO'N, f. m. a twift.

Retorcijón de tripas, a fit of the gripes, the twifting of the guts. RETORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a

twisting, wreathing.

RETURICA, f. f. rhetorick, the art of speaking.

RETORICAME'NTE, adv. thetorically.

RETO'RICO, adv. rhetorical.

RET

Retórico, 1. m. Thetorician, RETORNA'R, v. a. to return.

RETO'RNO, subst.m. a return of kindness.

Múlas, à cabállos de retôrno, mules or horses that have been a journey, and return home empty or unloaded.

RETORTE'RO, adv. Andár al retortéro, to twirl about like the little dish the women put upon their spindle, when it is light, to give it weight, which they call tortera. Metaph, to be tossed and tumbled about, to be turmoiled. RETORTIJA'R, v. a. to twist, to wreath.

RETORTIO'N, f. m. rwifting, wreathing.

Retortion de tripas, twisting of the guts, gripes.

RETUZADOR, f. m. one who plays the wanton.

RETOZA'R, v. n. to play the wanton, to rejoice, to dally, to exchange careffes, to fondle.

Retozár con el vérde, to sport, to play, to frolick.

Retogár la rifa, to burft with laughing.

RETO'ZO, f. m. wantonness, dallying, careffing lasciviously.

RETUZO', adj. lewd, impudent, lascivious.

RETRABA'R, v. a. to fet people by the ears.

RETRACCIO'N, f. f. rerraction. RETRACTACIO'N, f. f. recanting, drawing back.

RETRAHE'R, v. a. to withdraw, to draw back, to retire.

RETRAHIMIENTO, f. m. retirement, drawing back, withdrawing.

RETRANCA, f. f. a crupper for a beaft of burden.

RETRATADO'R, f. m. a painter that draws by the life.

RETRATA'R, v. a. to draw by the life.

RETRATARSE, v. r. to recant, to unfay what one had faid.

RETRAIO, f. m. a picture drawa by the life.

Yyy

RETRE'TA, f. f. the rattoo which gives the figual to the foldiers to retire to their quarters at night.

RETRETI'LLO, f. m. a little closet.

RETRE'TE, f. m. a closet, a private room.

RETRIBUCIO'N, f. f. retribu-

RETRIBUI'R, v. a. to return, or make a return.

RETROCEDE'R, y. n. to go back to give way.

RETROCESSIO'N, f. f. going back, giving back.

RETROGRADACION, f. f. drawing or going back.

RETROGRADA'R, v. n. to go back.

RETROGRA'DO, adj. retrograde, going back.

RETRONA'R, v. n. to thunder again, to found again like thunder.

RETRUCA'R, v. n. to strike one ball against the other at billiards.

RETRUE'CANO, f. m. a rechange or changing again what was, changed before.

RETUE'RTO, adj. very crooked RETULA'R, v. a. to write an infeription or title on a thing.

RETULO, f. m. an infeription.
RETUMBA'R, v. n. to refound,
to make a hollow or rumbling
noife.

RETUMBO, f. m. a rumbling, a hollow noise.

RETUNDI'R, v. a. to beat back. RETUSA'R, v. a. to shave, to elip or cut again.

R.E V.

REVALIDACIO'N, f. f. revalidating, making valid again.
REVALIDA'R, v. a. to revalidate, to make valid again.
REVELACIO'N, f. f. a revelation, the revealing of a fecret,
REVELA'R, v. a. to reveal.
REVENDEDO'R, f. m. a retailer, a huckfler.
REVENDE'R, v. a. to retail, to

fell again.

REVENIR, v. n. to return, to some again.

Revenisse, v. r. to decay, to grow fiale, to take damp, as sweetmeats, or such things do that are ill kept. REVE'NTA, f. f. retailing.

REVENTADE RO, f. m. a painful work; also any bad place in a road.

REVENTA'R, v. n. to burft; also to work hard.

REVENTA'R, to plague, to moleft also to spring.

Reventér, to long for any time. REVENTO'N, s. m. bursting;

alfo a great difficulty, or any hard.

work.

REVE'R, v. a. to review, to revife.

REVERBERACIO'N, f. f. reverberation, repercussion, beating back, reflection.

REVERBERA'R, v. a. to reverberate, to reflect, to beat back.

REVERDECE'R, v. n. to grow green again.

Reverdecer, to break out again:

REVERE'NCIA, f. f. reverence, respect; the title given to priests and religious persons.

REVERENCIADOR, f. m. he. who pays reverence.

REVERENCIA'L, adj. reverential, respectful.

REVERENCIA'R, v. a. to reverence, to respect, to honour.

REVERE'NDAS, f. f. pl. letters from one prelate to another recommending a person to be ordained, or the like.

REVERE'NDO, adj. reverend.

RE VERENTE, adj. reverent.

REVERSIO'N, f. f. reversion.

REVE'RSO, adj. the reverse or backside of a medal or coin.

REVER'TER, y. a. to revert, to turn again.

REVE'S, f. m. the wrong fide of any thing; a backfiroke; also any misfortune.

Al reves, adv. the wrong way, the wrong fide outwards.

REVE'SA, f. f. in cant, the act of one that betrays his truft.

REVESADO, adj. difficult, hard, flubborn, peevish.

Párto revesádo, a woman's hasd delivery.

REVESAR, v. 2. to vomit.

REVESTER, v. 2. to cloath;

ro put one garment over another.

Reveflirse et sacerdote, for the priest to vest himself to officiate at the altar.

REVEZA'R, v. a. to take turns; REVIE'SO, adv. aukward, untoward.

REVISIO'N, f. f. a revising, or looking over an account.

REVISO'R, f. m. the person who revises or looks over.

REVI'STA, f. f. a review.

Revista de pleito, the rehearling of a cause.

REVISTA'R, v. a. in law, to revise a cause.

REVISTO, p. p. of rever.

REVIVI'R, v. n. to revive, to live again.

REVOCA'BLE, adj. revocable.

REVOCACIO'N, f. f. revocation, repeal, recalling, or revoking.

REVOCA'R, was to revoke to

REVOCA'R, v a. to revoke, to recall, to repeal.

REVOCO, f. m. the polish given to a wall.

REVOLA'R, v.n. to fly again, in a cant, to make his escape through a window or the top of the house.

Where dogs or other animals roll.

or wallow.

Revolchese, v. r. to tumble, to roll, . to wallow.

Revolcárse en su sángre, to wallow in a one's blood.

REVOLEA'R, v. n. to bound, to fly back.

REVOLETE'O, f. m. a quick motion of birds in flying.

REVOLOTEA'R, v. n. v. RE-

REVOLTILIO, f. m. a heap of feveral things put togeter.

REVOLTO'N, f. m. a fort of worm:
feeding upon leaves.

REVOLTOSO, adj. turbulent, so-ditious.

REVOLUCION, f. f. a revolu-

REVOLVEDO'R, f. m. one who fets at variance.

REVOLVE'R, v. a. to wrap, to roll up, to turn round, to fit about, to fet at wariance.

REVO'QUE, f.m. v. REVO'CO.

REVUE'LTO, p. p. of revolver.
REVUE'LO, f. m. flying back;
alfo confusion.
De revuello, adv. quickly.
REVULSIVO, adj. that cauREVULSO'RIO, fes or can

R E U

cause a revulsion.

REVMA, f. f. a rheum, a defluxion. REUNION, f. f to re-union. REUNI'R, v. a. to re-unite. REUPO'NTICO, the herb centaury.

REY

RE'Y, f. m. a king.
R. y católico, the catolick king, the king of Spain.
Rey de armas, a king at arms.

El rey don Alenso, the name of a Spanish dance.

Aqui del rey, a cry, demanding affiftance in the king's name.

Prov. Viva el rey y décala capa, God fave the king, and give me your cloak. Applied to those, who under colour of serving the king or executing justice, rob the people.

Prov. Nuevo rey, nueva ley;

new kings new laws.

Réyes, kings in the plural number is often used to signify the king ad queen.

Fiesta di reyes, the Epiphany or Twelfthday.

Dia de réyes, idem.

REYE'RTA, f. f. a quarrel, a fray, wrangling, strife.

ray, wranging, itrite.

REYECI'LLO, f. m. a petry king;
also a sort of venemous serpent,
so called, because it has something like a crown on the head.

REYEZUE'LO, f. m. a wren, a

bird so called.

REZ

REZAGA, f. f. rear guard.

Recagarse, v. r. to fall behind, to lag behind.

REZA'GO, f. m. the flate of remaining behind, what remains behind, the refiduum of any thing. REZA'R, v. a. to pray, to recite, to fay without finging.

REZELADO'R, f. m. the horse that serves to make the mares hot before they receive stallion.

REZELA'R, v. a. to fear, to fufpect, to mistrust.

REZE'LO, f. m. fear, mistrust, fuspicion.

RLLELU'LO, adj. fearful, sufpicious, mistrustful.

RE'ZNO, f. m. a tick, fuch as torment dogs, sheep, &cc.

RE'ZO, f. m. a prayer.

REZONGA'R, v. n. to mut-REZONGEA'R, ter, to grumble.

REZONGO'N, f. m. a grumbling muttering fellow.

REZUMA'RSE, v. z. : to transpire.

REZURA, f. f. v. RECIURA.

RHA

RHACHI'TICO, adj. difeased, by the rickets. RHACHI'TIS, s. f. sthe rickets, a difease in children so called.

RHE

RHETO'RICA, f. f. rhetorick.
Rhetoricas, pl. excuses, pretexts.
RHETO'RICO, adj. rhetorical.
RHEU'MA, f. f. rheum.
RHEUMATICO, adj. rheumatick.
RHEUMATICO, adj. rheumatis.

RHI

RHINOCERO'NTE, f. m. a beaft called rhinoceros with a horn in his front.

RHO

RHO'MBO, f. m. a rhomb, a parallelogram. RHOMBOLDES, f. m. a rhomboid.

RIA

RI'A, f. f. the month of a great river, a great inlet of the fea like the mouth of a river, fit for ships to anchor in. RIACHUE'LO, f. m. a little river, a brook. RIACHUELO, f. m. a brook, a

RIB

f tivulet.

RIATI'LLO

RIBA, f. f. the fea shore.
RIBA'ZO, f. m. the ridge of a hill;
alfo a high bank.

RIBE'RA, f. f. the shore, the fide of a river or of the fea, the banks. Hombre de monte y ribéra, a man good at any thing, that can turn his hand to any thing.

RIBEREÃO, adj. belonging to a river.

RIBE'TE, f. m. a fillet about any thing, the hem of a garment, of any fmall lace or ornament about it.

RIBETEA'R, v. a. to edge, to border, to fillet.

RIC

RICA'CHO, f. m. vide RICAZO. RICAME'NTE, adv. richly. RICA'ZO, f. m. a wealthy rich man.

RICIA'L, adj. that produces a fecond time after the cutting down of corn. Said of a field.

RFCO., f. m. rich. Formerly it fignified noble as well as rich.

Ricos homes, the nobility, the ba-

rons of the realm.

Prov. O rico o pinjado, either rich or hanged; neck or nothing.
- Prov. El rico cóme quándo quiére, y el pôbre quándo tiéne, the rich man eats when he pleases, anothe poor man when he has it.

Prov. Ni a rico débas, ni a póbrprométas, do not run in debt wit: a rich man, nor promife an; thing to a poor one.

Y y y 2

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RID

RIDICULAME'NTE, adv. ridi-

RIDICULE'Z, f. f. a ridiculoufness.

RIDICULO, RIDICULO'SO, adj. ridiculous.

RIE'GO, f. m. watering. RIE'L, f. m. geld or filver that has been melted, and being split, is run into a broad flat plate; also an ingot, or a mould to cast ingots in.

RIE'NDA, f. f. the rein of a bridle.

A rienda sueka, a round gallop.

A média riénda, a half speed.

A toda riénda, full speed.

Bolver las riéndas, to come about. Poner riénda en la léngua, to curb one's tongue.

BIE'SGO, f. m. danger, peril, hazard.

R I F.

ZI'FA, f. f. frife, contention, a quarrel; also raffle or lottery. RIFA'R, v. a. to strive, to contend, to quarrel; also to raffle at play. BIFIRA'FE, f. m. a slight quar-

R I G

RIGIDE'Z, f. f. harshness, seve-

RIGIDO, adj. rigid, austere, stern. severe.

#IGO'R, f. m. rigour, harshness, severity.

Llevár una cosa por todo rigor, to use the utmost extremities.

RIGURIDA'D, f. f. obf. v. RI-GOR.

RIGUROSAME'NTE, adv. zigoroufly, rigidly.

RIGUROSIDA'D, f. f. rigoroufness, rigidness.

AIGURO'SO, adj, rigorous, ri-

RIJ.

RIJA, f. f. a running fore in the corner of the eye, a fiflula lachrymalis.

RIM

RIMA, s. f. a rhime in poetry; also a heap, a stack, a pile. RIMA'R, v. n. to rhime. RIMBOMBA'R, v. n. to resound, RIMBO'MBO, f. m. refound, echoing. RIME'RO, f. m. a heap, a pile, a flack.

RIN

RINCO'N, f. m. a corner. El rincon de las siète semanas, a very retired place. Al rincón con el almohadilla, into the corner with the cushion. This they fay to young maids, bidding them retige into a corner with their

RINCONA'DA, f. f. the corner formed by two houses, streets, or

RINCONCILLO, f. m. a. little corner.

RINGLA, f. f. a row of RINGLE'RA, Ghouses. RINGORA'NGO, f. m. a flourishing stroke of the pen made in writing.

R'I ñ.

RIAA, f. f. a quarrel. RIñO'N, f. m. a kidney. Rinones, pl. the reins of the back. RITONA'DA, f. f. the fat about the kidneys.

R I O

RIO, f. m. a river.

Prov. A rio rebuelto ganancia de pescaderos, good fishing in troubled waters.

Prov. Do 76. mes bondo el rio

hace menos ruido, the deepeft waters make least noise.

Prov. El rio passado, el sante olvidado, when the river is past, the faint is forgotten.

Prov. En el rio do no hai peces, por démas es echar redes, it is in vain to cast nets into a river where there is no fish.

Prov. En rio quedo no metas tu. dedo, do not put your finger into a flill river; that is, do not have any thing to do with demure ftill people:

Prov. Lo que el rio alléga, el no lo lleva, what the river gathers, the river carries away. What is got over the devil's back is spent under his belly.

Prov. Quando el rio no haca ruido, ò no lleva agua, ò va mni crecido, when the river makes no. noise, either it has no water, or is very full.

RIO'STRA. f. f. a prop or shore: to prop up a wall till it can be otherwise repaired.

R. I P.

RIPIA, f. f. a shingle, such as they use to cover houses with, a. chip, a lath.

RIPIA'R, v. a. to cover a house: with shingle; also to lath.

RI'PIO, f. m. the small bits of stone that fly in the working of stones by the masons; other small stones and rubbish.

Meter mucho ripio, to talk much, and little to the purpose.

Dar ripio a la mano, to furnish matter.

R I Q.

RIQUE'ZA, f. f. wealth, richess. RIQUISSI'MO, adj. superl. most: wealthy, or rich.

RISA, f. f. laughter. RISA'DA, f. f. a fit of laughter RISCO, f. m. a sock, a cleft,. a crag; rifque, danger, haseda.

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RISIBILIDA'D, f. f. risibility, the power of laughing.

RISI'BLE, adj. that can laugh. RISTRA, f. f. a rope of onions, garlicks, or the like.

RISTRE, f. m. the rest, an iron to rest the but-end of the lance. Lanza en ristre, the lance in the reft; that is, against the breast; in order to run against the adversary. **RISUE'nO**, adj. pleafing, fmiling, pleasant,

RIT

RITHMO, f. m. rhime, metre. RITO, f. m. rite, custom, man-

RITUAL, f. m. the book that contains the rites and ceremonies of the church.

RIV

RIVAL, f. m. a rivali **BIVE'RA**, f. f. a rivulet .. a brook.

RIX.

RI'XA, f. f. a' quarel, a dispute. RIXADO'R, adj. quarelfome. RIXO, f. m. inclination to fenfua-

AIXO'SO, adj. troublefome, quarrelfome; also sensual, inclined to fenfuality, .

RIZ:

MIZA, f. f. the root of the green barley given to horses; also hawock, defruction, a great flaugh-

RIZA'R, v. 2. to curl the hairs; alfo to plait linen nicely.

BIZO, f. m. curl, plait. Terciopelo rizo, unshorn velvet.

ROA.

ROA'NO, adj. roan, faid of a certain colour in a horse,

R O B

MOB , f. m. v. ARROPE. MOBAR, y. a, to rob, to feal. Cafe robada, f. f. a disorderly, unfurnished house.

ROC

Robar corazones, to fical hearts, to win people's affections, to make oneself beloved.

ROBADO'R, f. m. a robber, a thicf.

ROBAMIE'NTO, f. m. theft. ROBERIA, f. f. theft, robbery. ROBI'N, f. m. roft in metals. ROBLAR, v. a. to caulk horses

shoes; also to rivet. RO'BLE, f. m. an oak-tree...

ROBLEDA'L, f. m. a wood or grove of a oak-trees. ROBLEZO, adj. ftrong, flow:

RO'BO, f. m. theft, robbery. ROBORA'R, v. a. to ftrenghten.

ROBORATI'VO, adj. firenghteming.

ROBRA, f. f. an instrument in writing upon a bargain, a bill of fale, or articles of fale-

ROBRA'R, v. a. to draw an instrument in writing; also to clench a nail.

ROBUSTAME'NTE, adv. vigoroufly.

ROBUSTE'Z, f. f. vigour, ftrength. ROBU'STO, adj. robust, strong, hardy, flurdy.

ROBUSTOSIDA'D, f. f. videRO-BUSTEZ.

R O C

RO'CA, f. f. a rock. Rócas, pl. a ridge of rocks about twelve degrees of north latitude. ROCADE'RO, f. m. the part of the distast or spinning-wheel about which they fasten the flax; also a piece of paper rolled up wide at top and pointed at bottom, to wrap fweetmeats or the like in. ROCALLA, f. f. an aggregate of finalt stones and pebbles arefully. placed.

ROCIADA, f. f. a sprinkling; alfo a volley of shot.

ROGIADE'RO, f. m. a sprinkler. ROCIADO'R, f. m. a sprinkler. ROCIAR, y, a, to sprinkle, to bedew:

ROCI'N, f. m. a nag, a horfe. ROCIO, f. m. the dew.

ROCLO', f, m, a cloak to called.

R O D

RO'DA, f. f. the rake of a ship. RODABA'ILO, s. m. a turbot. RODA'DA, f. f. the wheel-rut on the road.

RODADE'RO, adj. easily wheeling.

RODA'DO, adj. dappled; said of a horfe.

RODADO'R, f. m. any thing that tumbles or rolls like a bowl. RODADURA, f. f. a tumbling or

rolling like a bowl.

RODA'JA, f f, the rowel of a fpur, or any thing that turns round in that nature; a pulley, or the: like.

RODA'NCHO, f. m. a round buckler.

Ser rodancho, in cant, to be bold' or daring.

RODAPE'LO, f. m. vide RODO-PELO.

RODAPIE'S, f. m. pl. the bases round the bottom of a bed.

RODA'R, v. n. to tumble, toroll; metaph, to be toffed about unregarded, to be made no account of.

RODEA'R, v. a. to encompais. Mas vale rodear, que no ahogar, it isbetter to go about than drown.

RODE'LA, f. f. a round target-RODELE'RO, f. m. the foldier that wears a rodéla.

RODE'O, f. m. a compass, the farthest way about; in cant, a company of rogues and whores. Rodéo para la cabeza, a cloth rolled. in a ring to put on the head tocarry a burthen.

RODE'RO; adj. belonging to the wheels.

RODE'TE, f. m. a roll, fuch as women used to wear on theis heads; also a little border for a? coat, or the like.

RODE'ZNO, f. m. the piece of wood or timber which draws the: upper millstone about when it? grinds; metaph any short thicks

RODILLA, f. f. a knee; also at dish-clout.

RODILLA'ZO, f. m. a thums with the kacer.

RODFLLO, f. m. a roller, a long round piece of wood they lay on the ground, to lay a stone or timber of great weight on, and roll it along.

RODILLU'DO, adj. that has great knees.

RODRIGAR, v. a. to prop, to shore up.

RODRIGO'N, f. m. a pole or prop for a vine.

RODRIGONCILLO, f. m. a little pole or prop for a vine.

ROE

ROEDO'R, f. m. a gnawer; metaph. a carper, a railer.

ROEDURA, f. f. a gnawing; metaph. carping, railing.

ROE'L, f. m. a flat round, or plate, all forts of flat rounds used in heraldry.

ROE'R, v. a. to gnaw; metaph.
to censure, to talk ill of the absent.

Roér los zancájos, to carp, to find out faults.

Rôcte effe hueffo, there's a bone for you to pick.

ROE'TE, f. m. the juice of the pome-granate made into wine.

ROF

ROFIAN, f. m. v. RUFIA'N, ROFIANERI'A, f. f. v. RU-FIANERI'A.

ROFIANEA'R, v. n. v. RUFIA-NEA'R.

ROG

ROGACIONE'S, f. f. pl. the Rogation week.

ROGADO'R, f. m. an intreater, one that prays or requests.

ROGA'R, v. as to intreat, to pray, to request.

ROGATI'VAS, f. f. pl. publick prayers in the church in some time of need.

ROL

ROL, f. m. a lift, a catalogue containing names, a register.

ROLDA'NAS, f. f. pl. trucks, those little wooden wheels, without any spokes, on which the carriages of guns do run on shipboard.

RO'LDE, f. m. a circle of persons, or any other thing.

ROLLIZO, adj. thick and round, brawny, fat.

RO'LLO, f. m. any long round thing, a roll, a feroll of writing; also a sweet cake made like a roll or wreath, It is also a gallows.

Tener fu piedra en el rello, to have a frone at the gallows; to be sefpected; to be proud and conceited.

Rólio de mantées, a roll of butter. Pefiáda en rólio, barrelled cod. ROLLO[®]NA, adj. f. flout, firong.

R O M

Said of a woman.

ROMADIZA'DO, adj. that has got a cold.

ROMADIZA'RSE, v. r. to get cold.

ROMADI'ZO; f. m. a cold, a defluxion.

ROMA'NA, f. f. the balance, called the steelyard.

ROMA'NCE, f. m. the Spanish tongue; also a fort of poem.

ROMANCEA'R, v. a. to translate into Spanish.

ROMANCE'RO, f. m. one that composes that fort of verses, called romances; or a book of that fort of verses; or one that writes or translates into Spanish.
ROMANCI'STA, f. m. who composes romances.

ROMANEA'R, v. a. to weight with a steelyard.

ROMA'NO, adj. black and white; faid of the colour of a cat.

ROMA'NZAR, v. a. to turn or to put into Spanish.

ROMA'ZA, f. f. the four dock. RO'MBO, f. m. v. RU'MBO.

ROMER'A, f. f. a woman pilgrim. Prov. Ir romera, y volver rancea, to go out a pilgrim, and return home a whore; that is, to pretend fanctity and follow lewdness.

ROME'RAL, f. m. a plat of ground planted with rolemary, or where it grows wild.

ROMERIA, f. f. a pilgrimage.

De thles romerias se sacan tales venéras, such pilgrimages afford such scallopshells; said when a man is poxed, and breaks out in scabs and blotches.

Prov. Romerla de cérca mucho vino y pôca céra, a short pilgrimage is a great expence of wine and little wax. Those little pilgrimages near home have more of mirth than devotion; and therefore much wine is spent, and little wax offered.

ROME'RO, f. m. the herb rofemary, also a pilgrim.

Prov. Roméro ahito, fáco zatico, a pilgrim, though he be overbeaten, will get a piece of bread of you. That is they are importunate, though they want it not, and their importunity extorts it.

Prov. Gran obréro, gran roméro, a great workman is a great pilgrim; because he is sent for from all parts.

Roméro, f. m. a little fish that flicks to the sharks fo close, that they cannot shake it off, and feeds on what flips by the sharks.

ROMO, adj. flat-nofed, also the male mule, got by a horse on a she-ass.

ROMPEDO'R, f. m. a breaker.
ROMPENE'CIOS, f. m. one that
makes his use of fools till he ruins
them.

ROMPEPO'YOS, f. m. a vagabond, an idie fellow, one that is fitting about in freets.

ROMPE'R, v. a. to break; metaph. to fall to open enmity.

Rompér por la gente, to break through the people.

Rompérse una persona, v. r. to break loose into wickedness; to break out into the world to learn experience. ROMPESQUENAS, f. m. a fierce bully, a noify fellow.

ROMPIMIE'NTO, f. m. the act of breaking.

RON'

RO'NCA, f. f. a bravade.

RONCAME'NTE, adv. hoarfely.

RONCA'R, v. n. to fnore.

RONCEA'R, v. n. to be idle or lazy; to flug about; also to fluter.

RONCERIA, f. f. lazines, idlenes; also flattery.

RONCE'RO, f. m. a lazy idle fellow, a flatterer, a little fawning child.

RO'NCHA, f. f. a wheal raised by the sting of a nettle, the bite of an insect, a blow or the like. RONCHA'R, v. a. v. RONZA'R. RONCHO'N, f. m. augment. of

roncha.
RO'NCO, adj. hoarfe.

BO'NDA, f. f. the round that goes at night, the watch; also the space between the walls of a town and the houses; also the way of the rounds, being a space, between the rampart and the low parapet under it.

EPONDADO'R, f. m. one that goes the rounds: one that keeps bad hours.

BONDA'R, v. n. to go the rounds; to keep bad hours; to haunt-a place

RONDIZ, f. m. the lower or broader part in a precious stone.

RONDO'N; as, Entrarfe de rondon, to intrude abruptly, without asking leave.

RONQUEA'R, v. n. to be hoarfe. RONQUEDA'D, (f. f. hoarfe-RONQUE'RA, (nefs.

RONQUIDO, f. m. fnoring, fnort. RONQUITO, adj. hoarfish.

RONZAL, f. m. the halter of a horse or mule.

RONZAR, v. a. to chew or crack hard things.

RO A

ROAA, f. f. the fcab in sheep, fcabbinels; it is also taken for

dirt or nastiness grimed into any thing.

ROñO'SO, adj. scabby; also grimed with dirt.

ROP'

RO'PA, f. f. all furniture of a house, in linen, silk, and woolen; all that belongs to a man's cloathing; the clothes a man has on, or any loose garment he wears over the reft.

Rópa de levantár, a morning or a night gown.

Rópa de mésa, table-linen: Rópa blánca, linen.

Rópa afuéra, a term used in the galleys to bid the slaves strip to row.

Rôpa a la mar, (fea-term) to throw goods over-board in a storm, or when a ship is a-ground.

Hasér a tóda rópa, to plunder all one finds:

Prov. Quiên quiêre vivîr sino, la rôpa de inviêrno traiga en verdno, he that will be healthy, must wear the same clothes in summer and in winter.

ROPA'GE, f.m. drapery, the parts composing a garment.

ROPAVEJERO, f. m. a broker that fells old clothes.

ROPERI'A f. f. a fireer where all forts of garments are fold; in monafterles they give this name to a room, where they keep all their clothes or habits; also a wardrobe.

ROPE'RO, f. m. a broker that fells clothes.

ROPE'TA, f. f. a little coat or garment.

ROPI'LLA, f. f. a fort of waiftcoat with fix skirts, and hanging fleeves, and a narrow welt about two fingers broad on the shoulders.

ROPI'TA, f. f. v. ROPE'TA. ROPO'N, f. m. a gown.

ROQ:

ROQUE, f. m. a rook at chess.
ROQUE'RO, adj. rocky.

Caffilib roquero, a castle seated on a rock.

R O S

ROQUE'TE, f. m. a short furplice.

ROR

RORRO, f. m. a hum made to fet children to fleep.

R: O S

RO'SA, f. f. a rofe.

Rófa caftellána, a Provence rofe.

Rófa de alexandria, or rófa montés, the piony, hill-rofe, or king's hloom.

Rosa sylvestie, sweet brier.
ROSA'DO, adj. of the colour of

roses, or made of roses.

Azeite rosido, oil of roses.

Eeduário rosádo, an electuary of roses. Azucar rosádo, sugar of roses.

Agua rosúda, rose-vater.

ROSA'L, s. m. a rose-tree, a rosebush.

ROSA'RIO, f. m. the rofary, the beads.

RO'SCA, f. f. a sweet cake made with a hole in the middle.

ROSCO'N, f. m. augment, of rofea. ROSEO, adj. rofy., of a rofe co-

ROSE'TA, subst. f. a little rose, fuch as is made upon curious works in filver or the like, to cover a rivet, or for such use; also the rowel of a spur.

ROSICLE'R, f. m. brightness, a shining beauty, such as of a clear sky, the dawning of the day, a bright sword, or the like.

ROSMA'RO, f. m. a fea animal for called.

RO'SO, adj. ruddy, as fome fruits when ripe, as apples; peaches, or the like.

No dexar roso, no velloso, to sweep away all, good and had, from the similatude of some sorts of fault, as peaches, which when green are rough and downy, and when ripe turn ruddy.

ROSO'LI, f. m a kind of dram to ' called.

ROSQUILLA, f. f. a little fweet."
round cake made in a ring.

ROSTITUE'RTO, adj. Wryloo-

RO'STRO, f. m. the face.

Hacer rostro, to face an enemy, to stand to one's adversary.

Hulr el rostro, to turn one's back, to avoid meeting a man, to avoid contention.

Dar en rostro, to upbraid. Rostro à rostro, face to face. Hacerse el rostro to break one's face.

ROT

RO'TA, f. f. a rout, a defeat of an

ROTACION, f. f. rotation.

ROTAME NTE, adv. raggedly. ROTO, adj. broken, torn, rag_ ged; a ragged or a lewd fellow. ROTULA'R, v. a. to put on an

inscription. RO'TULO, f. m. a roller a trundle

to roll great weights on; an infcription upon any thing.

ROTUNDIDA'D, f. f. roundness. ROTUNDO, adj. round.

ROTURA, f. f. a rent in a garment, a breach.

ROX

ROXEA'R, v. n. to be ruddy, to blush. RO'XO, adj. red.

ROY

. ROYA, f. m. the dampnels of corn.

R O Z

ROZA, f. f. rubbing. ROZAGA'NTE, adject. ample, fumptuous, showing, faid of dress. Metaph. arrogant, proud; alfo gay, brilliant.

ROZA'R, v. a. to till the ground in order to fow; also to rub; and, in cant, to eat.

Rozárse, v. r. to resemble.

ROZAVILLON, f. m. in cant, one who comes to eat and drink in a private house without being desired.

ROZNAR, v. n. to bray like an als, to mutter, to make a noise; alfo to gnaw, to champ, to chew.

ROZNIDO, f. m. braying, muttering. RO'ZNO, f. m. in cant, an afs. ROZO, f. m. the chips made in cutting wood; in cant, vituals.

RUA

RUA, f. f. a ftreet. Cabállo, de rúa, a fine horse to prance about the streets. RUA'N, f. m. linen cloth fo called. RUA'NO, adj. roan; faid of a RUA'R, v. n. to walk or ride about the fireets to gallant the ladies.

RUB.

RUBE'TA, f. f. a kind of venemous frog.

RUBI', f. m. the precious flone called a ruby.

RUBIA, f. f. the herb madder used in dying.

RUBIAL, f. m. the field where madders grow.

RUBICA'N, adj. white and red; faid of the horse's colour.

RUBICU'NDO, adj. ruddy. Latin rubicundus.

RUBIO, adj. ruddy; fair-haired. RUBIO, (f. m. the fish called a RUBIO'N gurnet. Rubión, red wheat.

RUBO'R, f. m. shame blush.

RU'BRICA, f. f. a mark or flourish either under the name, or at the end of it, to prevent counterfeiting; in books of accounts, to every leaf instead of the name, to shew it has passed such an office. and been examined by fuch an officer also the titles of the laws. It is also the rubrick or red letters used in prayer books. RUBRICA'R, v. a. to mark.

RUBRO, adj. red, of a red colour.

RUC

RUC, f. m. a fabulous bird of an immense size. RUCIA'DA, ſ. f. v. ROCIADA. RUCIA'R, v. a. vide ROCIA'R, RU'CIO, adj. grey; only used in speaking of beafts.

Rúcio de la máncha, an als. Rúcio rodádo, a dapple grey,

RUD

RUDA, f. f. the herb rue. RUDAME'NTE, adv. ignocantly, dully. RUDE'RA, f. f. zubbish. RUDE'ZA, f. f. duliness, igno-RUDIME'NTO, f. m. rudiment. RUDO, adj. dull, coarfe groß.

RUE

RUE'CA, f. f. a diftaff. RUE'DA, f. f. a wheel. Ruéda de pescádo, a slice of a round

Ruéda de arcabúz, the wheel of a wheellock musket,

Calzár la ruéda, to fasten a wheel in order to stop it from running too fast down hill; or to put a Rone to it to stop it quite.

RUBDECICA, RUEDECTLLA, Inbl. f. a linte RUEDECITA Swheel.

RUEDO, f. m the compaff or width of a garment; also a border fet about women's petticoats.

A tódo ruédo, for all manner of ser-

RUE'GO, f. m. intreaty, request, prayer.

Prov. Rulgos porqué cante, y ruégos porqué calle, intreaties to fing, intreaties to give over. Some people must be courted to fing, and when they begin, will never give over.

Prov. Ruégo de grande, fuérza es que te hace, the intreaty of a great man is putting a force upon you; because when great men request, little ones dare not deny.

Prov. Ruego y derecho baten hecho, intreaty and right do the deed. Right alone is not enough, but sometimes fair words and intreaties have more force.

RUE'LLO, f. m. a kind of roller used in agriculture,

R U F

RUFL'ZNO, f. m. a little pimp. RUFIA'N, f. m. a ruffian, a bully, a pimp.

Prov. Almuérça con rustan, cóme con carpintéro, y céna con arrièro, breakfast with a bully, dine with a carpenter, and sup with a carrier; because those are their best meals.

RUFIANA'R, v. n. to play the ruffian, bully, or pimp.

RUFLANCI'ILO, f. m. a little ruffian, bully, or pimp.

RUFIANERI'A, f. f. bullying, pimping, playing the ruffian.

RUFIANE'SCO, adj. of, or belonging to ruffians, bullies, and pimps.

RUFO, f. m. the cant word for a ruffian, bully, or pimp.

RUFO'N, f. m. in cant, the steel used to strike fire out of the flint.

RUG

RUGA, f. f. v. ARRUGA. RUGA'R, v. n. v. ARRUGA'R. RUGIDO, f. m. a roaring like a lion.

RUGINO'SO, adj. rufty.
RUGI'R, v. a. to roar like a lion.

Rugirle úna cófa, to be muttered about and not openly difcourfed.

RUGOSIDA'D, fubft. f. rugofity, wrinkles.

RUGO'SO, adj. rumpled, full of wrinkles.

RUI

RUIBA'RBO, f. m. rhubarb.
RUI'DO, f. m. noife; found.
Ruldo, fray, quarrel; in cant, a pimp.
RUIDOSAME'NTE, adv. with great noife.

RUIDO'SO, adj. noify.
RUI'N, adj. mean, vile, base; despiscable, coverous.
RUI'NA, f. f. ruin, destruction.

Ruina de un edificio, the ruins of an edifice.

RUINAR, v. 2. v. ARRUINAR. RUINO'SO, adj. ruinous, threatening ruin.

RUINDA'D, f. f. a base action; also coverousness, misery.

RUINME'NTE, adv. meanly, vilely.

RUIPO'NCE, f. m. a root fo called.

RUIPONTICO, f. m. the herb centaury.

RUISEROR, f. m. the nightingale. RULA'R, v. a. v. RODA'R. RULO, f. m. a great bowl.

RUM

RUMBA'DA, f. f. the place at the head of the galley where the men go to eafe themselves.

RUMBO, f. m. a course, a way, a method; the rhumb a ship steers at sea.

Echar de rumbo, to boaft.

RUMBOSAME'NTE, adv. with pomp and oftentation.

RUMBO'SO, adject. magnificent, fplendid, pompous.

RUMIA, f. f. the act of chewing or ruminating, as kine do.

RUMIADO'R, f. m. a chewer of the cud; one that confiders maturely.

RUMIA'R, v. n. to chew the cud, to consider maturely.

RUMO'R, f. m. rumour, report, noife.

RUMORCILLO, f. m. a little rumour, report, or noise.

RUN

RU'NFIA, f. f. in cant, a great number, quantity, or parcel. RUNRU'N, fubft. m. a noise, an uproar.

RUä

 $RU\bar{n}A^{\prime}R$, v a. to cut or work as the cooper does.

RUP

RUPICA'PRA, f. f. a wild.-goat. RUPTURA, f. f. v. ROTURA.

RUQ

RUQUE'TA, f. f. the plant rocket.

RUR

RURAL, adj. rural, belonging to the country.

RUS

RUSCO, f. m. a plant fo called.
RUSTICAME'NTE, adv. ruftically, clownishly.
RUSTICIDAD, f. f. clownishnefs.
RUSTICA, adj. clownish; fubflantively ufed, a clown.
RUSTIQUE'Z, fubfl. f. clown-RUSTIQUE'ZA, ishnefs,

RUT

RUTA, f. f. a road confidered as divided into frages.
RUTILA'NTE, adj. bright, shining, glittering.
RUTILO, adj. bright, shining, glittering.

RUX

RUXA'DA, f. f. 2 sudden shower. RUXA'R, v. 2. to irrigate, to w2ter,

S.

S, A letter mostly pronounced as in English.

SAB

SABADO, subst. m. Saturday, the Sabbath.

SA'BALO, f. m. a fish called an olave or a shad.

SA'BANA, f. f. a sheet for a bed. SABANDIJA, f. f. any worm or fuch finall creature; also a short ugly person.

'SABANI'LLA, f. f. a small sheet. SABAñO'N, f. f. a chilblain.

Comér cómo un fabañon, to eat like a chilblain; to be always eating.

SABA'TICO, adj. relating to the Sabbath.

SABATINA, f. f. the office of Saturday in the church.

SABATTNO, adj. belonging to the Sabbath.

\$ABATISMO, f. m. fabbatifm, reft, observance of the Sabbath, superstitiously rigid.

SABATO'RIOS, f. m. pl. a name given to the Jews.

SABE'O, adj. relating to the country called Sabas, Sabean.

SAB'ER, f. m. learning, science. Sabir, v.a. to know, to be learned; also to taste of,

No sabe quantos fon cinco, he cannot count five, he is a mere idiot.

Prov. Mas vale faber que haber, better be wife than rich.

Prov. Quién poco sabe présto lo résa, he that knows, little, soon repeats it. A fool's bolt is soon shot; a short horse is soon curried.

Prov. Quien no sabe remendar, no sabe parir ni criar, she that knows not how to mend, knows not how to bring forth or breed up; that is, poor women who have children, must work and know how to mend their cloaths. Hacer faber, to make known.

SABIAME'NTE, adv. wifely.

SABIDO'R, f. m. one that knows or understands.

SABIDO'RA, f. f. a woman that knows or understands.

SABIDORAMENTE, adv. obf. vide SABIAMENTE.

SABIDURI'A, fubft. f. wifdom, knowledge.

A fabiéndas, adv. knowingly, purposely, designedly.

SABIE'ZA, f. f. obf. for SABI-DURI'A.

SABINA, f. f. the herb favine,
SABIO adi wife f m a wife

SA'BIO, adj. wife, f. m. a wife man.

SABIONDE'Z, f. f. much knowledge joined to much malice and cunning.

SABLO'NDO, adj. that has knowledge joined to malice and cunning.

SABLE, f. m. fabre, cimetar, short fword with a convex edge. SABO GA, f. f. the fish called a shad.

SABO'R, f. m. tafte, favour, relish. In old Spanish, defire.

SABOREA'R, v. a. to give a tafte, to give a relish.

Saboredrife, v. r. to fmack one's chops or relish a thing one likes. SABOYA'NA, f. f. a woman's petricoat fo called.

SABROSAME'NTE, adv. favou-

SABRO'SO, adj. favoury, relishing.

SABUE'SSO, f. m. a blood-bound, SA'BULO, f. m. gravel, hard fand, SABULO'SQ, adj. full or mixed with gravel or hard fand.

SAC

SA'CA, f. f. a great fack; also a drawing or taking out, and a duty upon goods exported.

Sáca, f. f. exportation.

Rénta de sácas, a duty upon exportation.

Alchide de sácas, a chief officer over those that receive the duty on goods exported.

Sáca de bachillérés, a fort of hood worn by graduate bachelors in the universities.

SACABA'LA, f. f. an inflrument used by surgeons to take out the balls of a wound; also the inflrument made use of by gunners to extrast a shot out of a cannon, SACABOCADO, f. m. a punch to punch shoes, or any fuch inftrument that cuts out a piece.

SACABU'CHE, fubit. m. a musical instrument called a sackbut.

SACADINE'RO, f. m. a wheedle to get one's money,

SACADU'RA, f. f. a particular cut made by tailors in cloaths, to make them fit eafy.

SACALINA, f. f. a wheedle or other art to obtain one's ends; a tax or imposition; a bearded dart, which, if struck into a piece of wood, will draw out a splinter. SACAMA'NCHAS, f. m. one that

SACAMA'NCHAS, f. m. one that takes out spots; one that publishes other men's faults.

Tierra sacamanchas, fullers-earth. SACAMIE'NTO, f. m. a taking-or drawing out.

SACAMUE'LAS, f. f. a furgeon's instrument to draw out teeth or a tooth-drawer.

SACAPELO'TAS, f. m. 2 worm.
to draw a gun.

SACA'R, v. a. to take out, to draw;

Sacár fuérças de flaquéça, to make one's utmost, to make a virtue of necessity.

Sacúr póllos las áves , to hatch. Sacár úna muéfira , to take out a pa

Sacur una muefira, to take out a partern.

Sacár a luz, to produce.

Sacár en limpio, to clear.

Sacur por el ruftro, to discover by the track.

SACATRA'POS, f m. a rag-gatherer, also a screw, a cork-screw. SACERDO'CIO, f. m. a priesthood.

SACERDOTA'I, adj. facerdotal, belonging to a prieft.

SACERDO'TE, f. m. a priest:

SACERDOTISSA, f. f. a prieftefs.

SACHADU'RA, f. f. raking, harrowing, or weeding.

SACHAR, v. a. to rake, to harrow, to weed.

SA'CHO, f. m. a rake, a harrow, or weeding-hook.

SACIA'BLE, adj. fatiable.

SACIA'R, v. a. to fatiate, to fix; to fatisfy.

SACIBDA'D, f. f. fatiety.

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.SA'CO, f. m. a fack; facking, plundering; a coarse sort of garment worn by peafants and mountaineers; fackcloth, fuch as is worn for a penitential habit; the habit of the Franciscan friars.

Ponér un lugar à suco, to plunder a

Prov. Una en el saco y ótra en el pápo, one in the fack and another in the maw; that is, to eat and carry away.

Prov. No le fiaré un saco de alacranes., I will not trust him wit a bag of scorpions; that is, I will not truft him with the leaft? thing.

SACO CHA, f. f. in cant, a poc-

SACOMA'NO, f. m. a facking, or plundering; one that lacks or plun-

SACO'YME, f. m. in cant, a mafter of a house.

SACRAMENTA'L, adj. belonging to a facrament.

SACRAMENTALME'NTE, adv. . facramentally.

SACRAMENTA'R, v. a. to give the facraments.

Sacramentarfe, v. z. to transubstantiate onefelf.

SACRAMENTA'RIO, adj. denying the reality of the holy factament of the eucharist.

SACRAME'NTE, vide SAGRA-DAMENTE.

SACRAME'NTO, f. m. a facrament; an oath.

SA'CRE, f. m. the hawk called a faker; a small cannon carrying a ball of about fix pounds; a cunning thief.

SACRIFICADE'RO, f. m. the place where the facrifices were

SACRIFICADO'R, f. m. a facri-

SACRIFICA'R, v. a. to sacrifice. .SACRIFI'CIO, f. m. a facrifice.

SACRILEGAME'NTE, adv. facrilegioufly.

SACRILE'GIO, s. m. sacrilege. SACRILEGO, f. m. adj. facrile-

SACRISMO'CHO, f. m. a person dreffed in black, but all in tatters.

SACKISTA, of f. m. the facrif-SACRISTA'N, tan or fexton who looks to the vestry and church. SACRISTANI'A, f. f. the vestry of a church.

SAG

SACRISTI'A, f. f. the facrifty or vestry.

SA'CRO, adj. holy, facred.

SACROSANTO, adj. moil facred. SACUDI'DA, f. f. a shake; a inappish word.

SACUDIDO'R, f. m. the person who shakes.

JACUDIMIE'NTO, f. m. a shaking or fnapping.

SACUDIK, v. a. to shake, to fnap. Sacudir, to beat, to chaftile.

Sacudir el polvo a uno, to cudgel

Sacudirse, v. r. to be snappish, to speak peevishly.

SAE

SAE'TA, f. f. arrow, dart, shaft, SAETA'DA, f. f. / a wound or SAETA'ZO, f. m. the shot of an arrow.

SAETEA'R , v. a. vide ASSA-ETEA'R.

SAETE'RA, f. f. a loop-hole in a wall to shoot through.

SAETE'RO, f. m. a fleicher, he that makes arrows or darts, or a bowman that shoots arrows.

SAETI'A, f. f. a settee, a small fort of vessel.

SAETILLA, f. f. a little dart.

SAETI'N, f. m. the water that falls upon a mill's wheel.

SAETO'N, f. m. a great arrow or

SAG

SAGA, f. f. a witch, a falle pro-

SAGACIDA'D, f. f. fagacity, cunning, sharpness of wit.

SAGAPE'NO, s. m. a liquor that distils from a certain plant so cal-

SAGAZ, adj. sagacious, subtle, cunning.

SAGAZME'NTE, adv. sagaciously, fubtlely, cunningly,

SA'GE, f. m. obf. a sage, a diviner.

SAGITA, f. f. in architecture, is a line drawn from the middle point of the chord or line extended from the extremities of the arch, and forming two an -

SAGITA'L, adj. belonging to a dart or arrow.

SAGITA'RIO, f. m. the confiellation called fagittarius; an archer.

SAGMA. f. f. in architecture, the moulding.

SAGO, f. m. vide SAYO.

SAGRADAME'NTE , adv. facredly, religiously.

SAGRA'DO, adj. sacred, holy.

SAGRA'R, v. a. to consecrate, to make holy.

SAGRA'RIO, f. m. a fanctuary, a holy place, the tabernacle on the altar, in which the bleffed facrament is kept.

SAGRATIVAME'NTE , ádv. obf. miftically, morally.

SA'GULAS, f. f. pl. the shrouds in a galley.

SAR

SAHORNA'RSE, v. r. to get any part of one's body excoriated by over - rubbing.

SAHO'RNO, f. m. excoriation, proceeding from too much rubbing against.

SAHUCA'L, f. m. a grove of eldertress.

SAHUCO, f. m. an elder-tree.

SAHUMADO'R, f. m. a perfuming pan or a thing to lay cloaths on over a fire to perfume; a perfumer.

SAHUMADU'RA, f. f. a perfu-

SAHUMA'R, \forall . a. to perfume.

Volver una cosa sahumada, to restore a thing borrowed in a better condition than it was received.

SAHUME'RIO, f. m. a perfuming with the smoke of sweets burnt in the fire. The same is also used for burning of feathers or other flinking things for women in fits. or the like.

Zzz 2

SAI

SAI'N, f. m. fuet, grease, dripping.

SAINA'R, v. a. to fatten.

SAINE'TE, f. m. any daintiness; alfo any thing pleafing,

Sainite, a fauce, a relish, a flavour; something added to food to improve its tafte.

Sainéie, f. f. a farce.

SAINETI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of

SA'INO, f. m. a fort of hog in the West-Indies.

SAJ

SAJA, f. f. scarifying. SAJAR, v. a. to scarify.

SAL

SAL, f. f. falt. metaph. wit, ingenuity.

Prov. Sát v relda, núnca bien cogida, falt spilt is never well taken up. Wit lavished to an ill use can never be recalled.

Prov. Ponér sal en la mulléra, to put falt on the mould of the head; to teach one wit.

SA'LA, f. f. a hall, a large room SALADA'R, f. m. a ground made barren by sea water that has gotten over it.

SALA'DO, f. f. falt-meat.

SALADO'R, f. m. in cant, one who when he wins at play, adds to the fum he had really fer, and stands it out by bullying and swearing.

SALADU'RA, f. f. a falting. SALAMA'NDRA, f. f. the Salamander, a creature like the lizard, faid to live in the fire.

SALAMANQUE'SA, f. f. the falamander, or rather the venemous little creature called an est as appears by the following proverb. Prov. Al que muerde la falaman-

quéja, al tercér dia le hacen la huésa, he that is bit by the eft, has his grave made for him the third day after.

SALA'R, v. a. to falt.

or wages.

SALA'RIO, f. m. fatary, wages. SA'LCE, f. m. a willow.

SALCE'DA, f. f. the place where willows grow.

SALCHI'CHA, f. f. a faufage. SALCHICHO'N, f. m. a great fausage.

SALEDI'ZO, f. m. the jutting out of a wall.

SALE'RO, f. m. a faltfeller for the table.

SALE'TA, f. f. a little hall. SALGA'DA, f. f. the plant called sea-potherb.

SALGA'R, v. a. obf. to fait. SALI'DA, f. f. á walk abroad, or

going out; a fally from a place besieged; also a walking place near a town.

Dar salida a un negocio, to bring off a business, to find means to make it fucceed.

SALIDI'ZO, adj. vide SALE-DIZO.

SALI'NA, f. f. a falt-pit.

SALINE'RO, f m, the person who makes the falt.

SALINO, adj. saline.

SALI'R, v. n. to go out.

Salir en blanco, not to succeed, to take no effect.

Salir de madre, to overflow the banks.

Salir de rebuelta, to get out of a fray, out of a troublesome affair.

Salir al campo, to go our to meet an adverfary in the field.

Salir a la causa, to stand trial, to vindicate a cause.

Saur de fefo, to run mad.

Salir de cascarón, to creep out of the egg, shell, to get into the world.

Sulir con lo que se emprénde, to compass what one undertakes.

Salirfe, to run out.

Salirse de religion, to quit a religious order.

SALITRA'DO, adj. impregnated or made up with faltpetre.

SALITRA'L, f. m. a place where faltpetre is dug.

SALITRE, f. m. saltpetre. SALITRE'RO, f. m. the person who makes the faltpetre.

SALARIA'R, v. a. to pay falary, SALITRO'SO, adj. of, or belonging to the faltpetre.

SALIVA, f. f. spittle.

SAIIVACIO'N, f. f. a falivation. SALIVA'R, v. n. to spit.

SALIVO'SO, adj. full of spinle. SA'LMA, fubit, f. a great large fack.

SALMI'STA, f. m. a pfalmift, a composer of psalms.

SA'LMO, f. m. a pfalm.

Sálmo, f. m. a falmon.

SALMONA'DO, adj. looking like. salmon; said of some fishes.

SALMONCI'LLO, f. m. a little falmon.

SALMORE'JO, f. m. a pickle or brine for olives or the like; also a fauce for a rabbit, made with falt pepper, vinegar, and other ingredients. Metaphy a sharp reproof or chiding bout.

SALMUE'RA, f f. brine.

SALOBRA'L, adj. v. SALOBRE'ñО.

SALO'BRE, adj. brackish.

SALOBRE'ñO, adj. an appellationgiven to the earth that is faltish orbrackish.

SALO'N, f. m. a great hall. In: cant, a cudgel.

SA'LPA, f. f. flock-fish.

SALPECADU'RA, f. f. a speck: of dirt or drop of any thing, dashed.

SALPICA'R, v. a. to bespatter, to dash with dirt, or water, or the like; metaph, to pick here and there.

SALPICO'N, C. m. cold beef cut in flices, and eaten with oil and vinegar, onion, and pepper.

SALPIMENTA'R, v. a. to season with falt and pepper.

SALPI'NGA, f. f. an African ferpent to called.

SALPRESA'R, v. z. to powder-

SALPRE'SO, adj. powdered, corned, falted.

SALPU'GA, f. f. a kind of venemous ant so called.

SA'LSA, f. f. a fauce.

SALSAFRA'S, f. f. faffafras, a wood growing in America, much: used in physick.

SALSE'RA, f. f. a faucer.

SAISERE'TA, If. f. a little fau-SALSERI'LLA, cer.

Salferlia de color, s. f. a little dish with red paint, which women use for their faces.

SALSE'RO, f. m. a faucer; also the herd thyme.

SALSIFRA'∑,ſ.m. ॄv.SALSA-SALSIFRA'OLA, C. F. & FRA'S.

SALTACA'BRAS, f. m. a ferpent so called.

SALTABARDA'LES, f. m. a

SALTACIO'N, f. f. the aft of jumping; also the art or practice of dancing.

SALTADE'RO, f. m. a high place fit to jump down from.

SALTADO'R, f. m. a leaper.

Silia en banco, a mountebank, a quack.

SALTAMBA'REA, f. f. a fort of loofe coat.

SALTAPARE'DES, f. m. a nimble fellow, that will leap over a

SALTA'R, v. u. to leap, to skip. Alfo to blow up with gunpowder. Ojos saltados, great eyes sticking

SALTARE'N, f. m. a tune on the guittar formerly in use; also a kind of grass-hopper.

SALTARI'N, f. m. a dancer.

SALTARI'Z, f. f. a she dancer.

SALTEADO'R, f. m. a highway-

SALTEAMIE'NTO, f. m. a fudden affault, a robbery.

SALTEA'R, v. a. to affault by furprize, to rob on the highway.

SALTE'O, f. m. the act of attacking passengers on the road to tob them.

SALTE'RIO, f. m. a pfalter or pfalm book; also the musical inftrument called a pfaltery.

SALTE'RO, f. m. a forester, a woodman.

SALTILLO, f. m. a little jump. SA'LTO, f. m. a leap; also an affault a robbery; and poetically, a forest.

Prov. A gran salto, gran quebranto, a great leap gives a great shake. Great undertakings cost great pains.

SATO'R, I. m. a kind of grasshopper.

SA'IVA, f. f. a falute with great guns or otherwife; also an assay or tafting meat or drink before a great man; a falver to ferve glasses or the like on.

Señór de jalva, a great man that has his meat and drink taffed. Hacer la salva, to taste meat and drink before a great man.

SALVAGUA'RDIA, f. f. a fafeguard, a convoy; also a body of referve to second another.

SALVACIO N, f. f. falvation.

SALVADE'RA, f. f. a fand box to fand writing.

SALVA'DO, f. m. bran of meal. SALVADO'R, f. m. a faviour.

SALVA'DOS, f. m. pl. fand, fach as we use for writing.

SALVA'GE, adj. savage, wild. SALVAGINA, f. f. game.

SALVAME'NTE, adv. lafely. SAIVAME'NTO, f. m. fafety.

Llegár a falvamento, to arrive safe.

SALVA'NTES, adv. obf. excepting, faving.

SAIVA'R, v. s. to fave. Among scriveners and notaries, to setdown under any inftrument or writ ting an account of what is blotted out or interlined in the writing.

Salvárse, v. r. to be faved, to escape danger.

SALVARO'BA, f.f. a wardrobe. SALU'BRE, adj. falutary, wholefome, healthful.

SALUBRIDA'D , f. f. wholefomeness.

SALUD, f. f. health.

Prov. Salúd y alegria, belléja · crla, health and mirth make be-

SALUDA'BLE, adj: wholesome. SALUDABLEME'NTE , adv. wholefomely.

SALUDACIO'N, (f. f. faluta-SALUTACIO'N, tion.

SALUDADO'R, f. m. the name given to idle fellows, that go up and down Spain, precending to a natural gift of curing distempers, killing mad dogs, handling red hot iron, and the like.

SALUDA'R, v. a. to salute. Also to presend to cute with the breath

or spittle, as those they call faludadores do.

SA'LVE! hail! God fave you! Latin Salve,

SA'LVIA, f. f. the herb fage.

SALVI'LLA, f. f. a falver to ferve glasses, sweetmeats, or the like on.

SA'LVO, adj. safe, sound; also a faving, or excepting.

Sálvo condúto, a fife conduct, a piss to carry a man through.

SALUTACIO'N, f. f. a faluta-

SALUTI'FERO, adj. wholefo-

S A M

SAMBENI'TO, f. m., a fort of garment put by the inquiffeers on those that come out of prison, reconciled to the church.

SAMBU'CA, f. f. a musical instrument fo called.

SANBLAGE, f_{-m} , vide ENSAM-BLADU'RA.

SAMPSUCHINO, f. m. an uuguent fo called.

SAMPIUGO, f. m. vide ALMO-RADUX.

SAMU'GA , f. f. vide XAMU'-GA..

SAN

SAN, f. m. it stands for santo, (a. faint) before a proper name, as-San Pédro, St. Peter, San Juan,. St. John, &c.

SANA'BLE, adj. that may be hea-

SANALOTODOS, f. m. a plaster pur upon fores, so called.

SANAME NTE , adv. foundly ,. healthfully; metaph, fairly, honeftly, fimply.

SANA'R, v. a. to heal, to cure.

SANCIO'N, f. f. a sanction, a law established.

SANCOCHA'R, v. a. to boil or roast any meat without seasoning

SANDA'LIAS, f. f. pl. fandals 't wear on the feet instead of shoes. SA'NDALO, f. m. pl. the herb whirte-beer.

Sándale, a tree so called.

SANDARA'CA, s.f. a kind of arfenick.

SANDE'Z, C f. folly.

SANDI'A, f. f. a water melon.

SANDIO, f. m. a fool, or a mad-

SANEAMIE'NTO, f. m. making good, answering for.

SANBA'R, v. a. to make good, to answer for.

SANGRADA, f. f. the act of letting blood; a trench or channel to convey water.

SANGRADE'RA, f. f. a dish to let blood in; also a trench to convey water; a lancet.

SANGRADO'R, i. m. one who lets blood.

SANGRADU'RA, f. f. a letting of blood.

SANGRA'R, v. a. to bleed, or let blood; to cut trenches to carry off water; to make a hole in a fack, for corn or the like to run out at.

SANGRA'ZA, & f. watery blood, SA'NGRE, f. F. blood. Sometimes it is taken for kindred or confanguinity.

Sángre de dragón, dragon's blood. Senténcia de sángre, a fentence of death, or lois of limb.

Restañár la sángre, to stanch, or stop the blood.

Escribir con sangre, to threaten de-

Helarse la sangre, to be so affonished, that the blood stagnates.

Prov. Escupir sángre en bacla de bro, to spit blood in a gold bason. To have much wealth, and little enjoyment of it.

SANGRELLU'VIA, f. f. a bloody rain, water and blood mixed.

SANGRIA, f. f. blecding, letting blood.

SANGRIENTAME'NTE, adv. bloodily.

SANGRIE'NTO, adj. bloody.
SANGUA'L, f. m. a kind of eagle.
SANGUI'FERO, adj. breeding

SANGUIJUE'LA, f. f. a leech, a blood-fucker.

SANGUINA, f. f. a flone that ferves to burnish filver,

SANGUINA'RIA, f. f. an herb that flops bleeding.

SANGUINA'RIO, adj. bloody, cruel, inhuman, fanguinary,

SANGUINEO, adj. bloody, also of a sanguine complexion.

\$ANGUINO, adj. fanguine, bloody.

SANGUINOLE'NTO, adj. bloody, or bloody-minded.

SANGUINO'SO, adj. vide SAN-GRIENTO.

SANGUISUE'LA, vide SANGUL-JUE'LA.

SANIDA'D, f. f. healthy.

SA'NO, adj. found, health.

Hombre făno, metaph. an honest,
well-meaning man.

Sáno de cafillia, in cant, a dissembling thief.

SA'NTA, f. f. a female faint.

SANTAME'NTE, adv. holily.

SANTE'LMO, f. m. at fea they
give this name to certain lights

give this name to certain lights which fometimes appear about the masts in storms, and which the sailors look upon as a good omen. The ancients called them Castor and Pollux.

SANTERI'A, f. f. hypocrify.

SANTE'RO, f. m. an hermit; one that lives with the hermit and goes about questing for his chapel; a man that begs for the church; an hypocrite.

SANTIA'GO, f. m. an order of knights, next in dignity to the Golden Fleece.

Santiago y ciera España, 'tis the war cry used by the Spaniards when going to attack the enemy. SANTIAME'N, f. m. the twin-

SANTIAME'N, f. m. the twinkling of an eye, the least moment; as Ventr en un santiamén, to come in the twinkling of an eye. SANTI'CO, f. m. a little faint.

SANTIDA'D, f. f. holines, fanc-

SANTIFICACIO'N, f. f. fandificationg, fandifying, makin holy. SANTIFICADO'R, f. m. a fandifier, one that makes holy.

SANTIFICA'R, v. a. to fanctify, to make holy.

SANTIGUA'DA, f. f. a bleffing. Por mi fantiguada, my bleffing with it. SANTIGUADE'RO, f. m. a knavish fellow, who precends to cure by bleffing.

SANTIGUADO'R, f. m. a man that pretends to cure by bleffing. SANTIGUA'R, v. a. to blefs, properly as prieft, a bishop a father, and making a fign of the crofs; but there are also cheating old women, and knavish fellows, who pretend to have particular bleffings to cure sick people, and impose upon the ignorant.

Santiguar a uno las erejas, to rattle one's ears, or to box one.

Santiguarje, v. r. to bless oneself, to make the sign of the cross.

SANTIGUO, f. m. the fign of the cross.

SANTIMO'NIA, f. f. vide SAN-TIDA'D.

SANTINA, f. f. the fink in a ship; also the pump.

SA'NTO, adj. holy.

Sánto, f. m. a Caint.

SANTOCHA'DO, adj. foolish; hypocritical.

SANTO'N, f. m. a great faint, also a hypocrite.

SANTUA'RIO, f. m. a fanduary, a holy place.

SANTURRO'N, f. m. the fame as fanton.

SAĀ

SA'āA, f. f. wrath, fury, rage, madness.

Prov. Amanse su sana, quien por si mismo se engaña, he that chears himself, must curb his passion.

SAñO'SO, adj. vide SAñU'DO.

SAÑUDAMENTE, adv. angrily, with choler,

SARUDO, adj. angry, wrathful, ill-tempered, peevish.

SAP

SAPHIGO, f. m. a fapphire-flors, SAPIE'NCIA, f. f. widom, SAPIE'NTE, adj. learned. SAPILLO, f. m. a little toad. Sapillos, f. m. pl. the difease called the lampas in a horse's mouth.

Prov. Compon un fapilio parecera bonitillo, drefs up a little toad and

it will look pretty; to express how great an addition ornaments are.

SA'PO, f. m. toad. SAPONA'RIA, f. f. the herb fopewort.

SAPORIFERO, adj. favoury, that has a good relish.

S. A. Q.

SAQUE, f. m. a term: uféd in the playing at ball.

SAQUEA'R, v. a. to fack, to plunder, to pillage.

SAQUE'O, f m. a pillage.

SAQUE'RO, adj. ferving to few facks or bales of goods.

Agúja faquéra, a needle used to sew sacks, bales of goods and the like. SAQUILA'DA, s. f. the quantity of wheat that is sent to be ground when the sack is not full.

SAQUI'ILO, f. m. a little fack or SAQUI'TO, bag.

S A R:

SARAGUE'TE, f. m. dimin. of faráo.

SARAMPIO'N, f. f. the meazles. SARA'O, f. m. a ball, or meeting for dancing.

SA'RCIA, f. f. a load, a pack. SARCI'LLO, f. m. vide ZAR-

C'LLO.

SA'RCO, f. m. a burdle.

SARCO'PHAGO, f. m. a grave;

rarely used but by poets.

SARCO'TICO, adj. farcotick.

SA'RDA, f. f. a kind of fish. SARDE'SCO, f. m. little ass of

the Sardinian breed.

SARDINA, f. f. a pilchard.

Sardina arencada debáxo del foblico fe Affa, a pilchard; that is, one dried like a red herring may be roafted under one's arm. Only heating it through is enough.

SARDINE'RO, f. m. a man who fells pilchards.

SARDI'O, of. m. a kind of frone.

SARDIO QUE, f. m. in cant, falt. SARDO'NIA, fubft, f. an herb fo

SARDUNIA, lubit, f. an herb !

SARDONPCO, adj. fardonick; faid of forced laugther, of hypocritical laughing.

SARDO'NIX, f. f. a stone or gem fo called.

SA'RGA, f. f. ferge.

SARGE'NTA, f. f. a lay nun of St. Jago's order.

SARGENTEA'R, v. n. to do the duty of a serjeant.

SARGE'NTO, f. m. a ferjeant.

SARGENTO'N, f. m. a front woman, a flurdy big-boned wench. SARGO, f. m. a fea-bream.

SARMENTA'R, v. a. to gather up the twigs or branches of the vines after pruning.

SARMENTE'RA, f. f. a place to lay up the prunings of vines, or any brushwood to burn.

SARMIE'NTO, f. m. a twig or branch of a vine cut off.

SA'RNA, f. f. the itch or mange. Prov. No le fálta mas que fárna que rafcár, he wants nothing but the itch to scratch. Said or one that has plenty of all things.

SARNO'SO; adj. itchy, mangey. SARPILLE'R, f. f. a coarfe packing cloth to pack up goods.

SARPULLI'DO, adj. freckly; full of little spots.

SARRACINA, f. f. 2 battle, a conflict.

SA'RRIA, f. f. a fort of net made of espario used to carry chopt straw for beafts.

SA'RRIO, f. m. a kind of wild-goat.
SA'RRO, f. m. the fur that gathers on a man's tongue in a hot fever: the fur about a chamber-pot, or any like it.

SA'RTA, f. f. a ftring of beads, or any fuch thing that may be ftrung.

SARTAL, f. m. idem;

SARTE'N, f. m. a frying-pan: Erúta de fartén, pancakes, fritters,

or any thing that is made in a frying-pan.

Prov. Dixo la fartén a la caldira quitios alla negra, the frying-pan said to the kettle, fland away thou black thing.

Prov. Saltar de la fartén, y dar en las brásas, to leap out of the frying-pan into the fire, SARTENA'DA, f.f. a fryng-pan full.

SARTENAZO, fubft. m. a blow with the frying-pao.

SAS

SASSAFRAS, f. m. fasfafras, a tree fo called.

SASSIFRA'GIA, f. f. the herb faxifrage,

SA'STRA, f. f. a woman taylor. SA'STRE, f. m. a taylor.

Prov. Ser como el fástre de la encrucixáda, que costa de válde, y ponta el hilo de su cása, to be like the taylor of the cross way, who sewed for nothing, and found thread himself. To give one's labour, and be at charges besides, to serve others.

Prov. Al fássire póbre, la agúja: que se dóble, a poor taylor, must: have a needle that will bow; that: is, you must be humble when you are poor.

Prov. Cién sástres, y cién mollnéros, y cién téxedores, son treciéntos ladrónes, an hundred taylors,, an hundred millers, and an hundred weavers, are three hundredthieves. We say, take a taylor,, a miller, and a weaver, and put them into a sack, and the firstthat comes out will be a knave. SASTRECPLIO, s. m. a puny, little taylor, a botcher.

SAT

SATANA'S, fubit. m; Satan, the devil.

Prov. Abrenáncie Satanás! Málacápa llevarás: I renounce thee,. Satan! Thou shalt have a bad cloak. A proverb in two parts; one says he renounces the devil,, and the other answers, if he does: so, he will have but an ill cloak, or be ill clad; that is, if a manswill not cheat and go to the devil! as others do for wealth, he villi always be poor.

SATE'LITE, f. m. poetical, our familiar, for an officer of justice.

Los faielites de Jupiter, the satellites | SAYA'L, f. m. coarse sackcloth. of Jupiter.

SATISFACCIO'N, f. f. fatisfaction. SATISFACE'R, v. a. to fatisfy, to content.

SATISFACTO'RIO, adj. fatisfac-

SATISFE'CHO, p. p. of fatisfacer. SATIVO, adj. that is cultivated. SA'TO, f. m. a fort of cask.

SA'TRAPA, f. m. a governor of a province, used sometimes by poets and historians; ironically, a busy body.

SATURACIO'N, f. f. faturation. SATURA'R., v. a. to saturate.

SATURNA'LES, f. m. pl. the feafts of Saturn.

SATURNI'NO, adj. faturnine, melancholy.

SATU'RNO, f. m. Saturn, a planet.

SATYRA, f. f. a fatire.

SATYRICO, adj. fatirick, fatiri-

SATYRIO'N, f. m. the herb rag-

SATYRIZA'R, v. a. to fatirize, to lampoon.

SATYRO, f. m. a fatyre,

5 A U

SAUCE, f. m. a willow-tree. SAUCEDA'L, subst. m. the place where willows grow. SAU'CO, f. m. the elder-tree. SAUTO'R, f. m. in heraldry, is te escutcheon divided into four quaters or escutcheons. SAUZE, SAUZE, f. f. a willow-tree.

S A X

SAXA'TIL, adject. taken among rocks, living among rocks; faid of certain fishes. SAXIFRA'GA, (f. f. v. SASSI-SAXIFRA'GIA, (FRA'GIA.

SAY

SA'YA, f. f. a woman's petticoat. generally taken for an upper one.

SAYALE'RO, f. m. a maker or weaver of fackcloth.

S C O

SAYE'TE, f. m. a little coat or

Sayéte de ármas, a coat of armour, SA'YO, f. m. a loofe upper coat. Sáyo Dominguéro , a Sunday garment.

Prov. Quien no tiene mas de un fáyo, no puéde prestállo, he who has but one coat, cannot lend it. SAYO'N, f. m. a hangman or executioner; alfo a great loofe coat. SAYUE'LO, f. m. a little upper coat or jerkin.

SAZ

SAZ, f. m. a willow-tree. SAZO'N, f. f. season, due time; also the seasoning of things eatable; metaph. humour, temper. SAZONA'R, v. a. to season; also to ripen,

SCA

SCA'NDICE, f. f. a plant fo called.

S C E

SCELE'STO, adj. impious, wicked. SCENOGRAPHIA, f. f. fcenography, the draught of a building, shewing the ground plat, front, and one of the fides of it.

SCI

SCIE'NA, f. f. a fish so called. SCIE'NCIA, f. f. science, knowledge.

Saber de cierta sciencia, to know for certain.

Prov. Poca sciencia y buena consciéncia, little knowledge and a good conscience is best. SCIENTIFICO, adj. knowing. SCI'SMA, f. f. a schism. SCISMA'TICO, adj. a schismatick.

SCO

SCOLOPE'NDRA, f. f. vide ES-COLOPENDRA,

SCO'RDIO, f. m. the herb watergermander.

SCR

SCROPHUIA'RIA, f. f. the herb called leffer celidony or figwort.

SCY

SCYTA'L, f. m. a serpent so cal-

SE

SE, the fign of the passive, and fignifying him, or them, or one-

Se dice, it is said.

Se ama a si, he loves himself.

Se andan holgazanes, they go about

Hacer se mal, to hurt oneself.

SEB

SEBESTE'N. f. m. a fruit-tree fo

SEBILLO, f. m. a fort of patte for the hands.

SE'BO, f. m. tallow.

Mostrár el sébo, a sea-term, to run fwiftly with a fide wind, turning up the fide of a ship, which shows where she is tallowed.

SEBO'SO, adj. tallowy, greafy, fat.

SEC

SE'CA, f. f. drought, driness; also a kernel in the flesh.

SECADA'L, f. m. a dry fandy

SECAME'NTE, adv. drily. SECA'NO, f. m. a dry feafon.

Tiérra de secáno. Adry land.

SECA'R, v. a. to dry. Secarfe, v. r. to wither, to pine

away; also to be extremely thristy; metaph, to fay nothing in company.

A'sécas, drily, barely. Pan a sécas, dry bread.

SECARA'L, f. m. vide SECA-DA'I,

SECCION,

SECCIO'N, f. f. s fedion. SECE'NO, adj. belonging to the number fix. SECLUSO, adj. secinded. SE'CO, adj. dry. Hómbre séco, a lean man; metaph. an auftere man, one of no cen-SECRECIO'N, f. f. lecretion, feparation. SECRESTACIO'N, C. f. sequestra-SECRE'STAR, v. a. to sequester, to put a thing into third hands. SECRESTO, f. f. sequestration, putting a thing into third hands. SECRE'TA, f. f. a privy, a neceffary-house. SECRETAME'NTE, adv. fecretdy , privately. SECRETARIA, f. f. a fecretary's SECRETA'RIO, f. m. a fecretary. SECRETILLO, f. m. diminutive of fecreto. SECRE'TO, f. m a secret. SE'CTA, f. f. a fed, a faction, or party of people. SECTA'RIO, f. m. a fectary, one that holds with a feet. SECTO'R, f m. sector. SECUESTRACION, f.f. vide SE-QUESTRACION. SECUESTRA'R, v. a. vide SE-QUESTRA'R. SECUESTRO, f, m. v. SEQUES-·TRO. SECULA'R, adj. of an age. SECULARIZA'R, y. a. to secula-SECUNDARIAME'NTE, adv. in the fecond degree, in the fecond SECUNDA'RIO, adj. fecundary. belonging to the fecond place. SECUNDINA, f. f. the fecundine, the membrane in which the embryo is wrapped, the afterbirth. SECU'RA, f. f. drought,

SED

SED, f. f. thirk; metaph, covetouineis. *SE'DA* , f. f. fik. Stda flóxa, fleaf filk. Séda crúda, Séda de ajuél , Tom. I.

Seda de puérco, a hog's briftle. SEDADE'RA, f. f. an instrument for dreffing of fitk. SEDA'L, f. m. a fishing-line. SE'DE , f. f. a fee. Santa fede, the holy see. SEDE #A, f. f. the hurds of the filk. SEDE'ñO, adj. filky, of filk. SEDENTA'RIO, adj. fedentary, given much to fitting. SEDERIA, f. f. any goods made of filk; also a filk sliop. SEDE'RO, f. m. a filk-man. SEDICIO'N, f. f a Tedition, tumult, or mutiny. SEDICIOSAME'NTE, adv. feditiously, mutinously, SEDICFO'SO, adj. feditions, mutinous. SEDIE'NTO, adj. thirfty. SEDUCCION, f. f. feducement, leading aftray. SEDUCIR, v. a. to seduce. SEDUCTO'R, f. m. a seducer.

SEG

SEG

SEGA'DA, s. f. the harvest, the

reaping time, the act of reaping or mowing. SEGADO'R, f. m. a mower, a reaper, a harvest-man. SEGA'R, v. 2. to mow, to reap. SEGAZO'N, subst. m. the harvest, mowing, or reaping-time; the act of mowing or reaping. SEGLA'R, adj. secular, lay, of the laity, a layman. SEGREGACIO'N, f. f. a separa-SEGREGA'R, v. a. to separate. SEGUIDA, L £ a following, a Mugéres de seguida, common whores that run after men. SEGUIDI'LLA, C. f. a fort of couplets; also a dance. SEGUIDO'R, f. m. a follower. Prov. Buena de mejores, por mengua de seguidores, good among the best, for want of followers. Said of a woman who beafts of her virtue and honesty, and is so deformed, that no body will rouch SEGUIMIE'NTO, Subst. m. following, pursuing.

SEGUIR, v. a. to follow, to pur-Seguir, in sea language, to spoon, as our sailors call it; that is, to put a ship right afore the wind and the fea without any fail, as is done in desperate storms. S guir a uno hafta la mata, to putfue a man to the shicket; that is, as far as can be. SEGUN, adv. according as. SEGUNDAR, v. 2. to fecond. SFGUNDARIAME'NTE, adv fecondarily. SEGUNDARIO, adj. secondary. SEGUNDO, adj. the second. SEGUR, f. m. an axe, a battle-. axe, a hatcher. SEGURAME'NTE, adv. fecurely fafely. SEGURAMIE'NTO , f. m. obc. vide *\$EGURIDA'D*. SEGURA'NZA, f. f. assurance, safety. SEGURAR, v. a. to fecure, to make fafe. SEGURE'JA . f. f. a hatchet or SEGURIDA'D, f. f. fecurity, fa-SEGURO, adj. safe, secure, sure. Seguro, f. m. a país, a safe conduct. an infurance. A buén seguro, sure enough.

SEI

SEFS . f. m. fix, Sèses, pl. the sices on the dice. SEISCIE'NTOS , adj. fix hundred,

SEL

SELECCIO'N , f. f. felection , choife. SELE'CTO, adj. elected, chosen, SELENYTES, f f. a fort of white. transparent stone. SELLADO'R, f. m. a sealer. SELLADURA, f. f. a fealing. SELLA'R, v. a. to feal. SE'LLO, f. m. a feal. Echar el sello en un negocio, to conclude an aflair. SE'LVA , f. f. a wood. SELVA'TICO, adj. of the woods wild, unuamed.

Aaaa

SELVATIQUE'Z, f. f. wildness. SELVO'SO, adj. woody.

S. E. M.

BEMA'NA, f. f. a week, a feyennight.

SEMANERIA, f. f. the bufiness or duty of a week; a weekly turn.

SEMANE'RO, f. m. one that ferves by the week, or takes his turn by the week, or is in his week's waiting.

SEMBLANTE, f. m. the countenance, the aspect, by which a man shows the inward motions of joy, fear, anger, &c.

SEMBLA'R, v.n. obf. to be like. SEMBRADI'O, adj. that may be fowed or fet.

SEMBRADIZO, adj. idem.

SEMBRADO'R, f. m. a fewer or fetter.

SEMBRADU'RA, f. f. fowing or ferting.

SEMBRA'R, v. a. to fow, to fet feed or grain.

sembrar moneda, to scatter money.

Sembrár nuévas, to spread news. Sembrár zizáña, to sow discord.

SEME'JA, f. f. likeness.

SEMEJA'BLE, adj. like.

SEMEJA'NTE, adj. like refembling.

SEMEJANTEME'NTE, adv. likely, resembling; also moreover.

SEMEJA'NZA, f. f. resemblance, likeness.

SEMEJA'R, v. n. to refemble, to be like.

SEMENCE'RA, S. f. v. SEMEN-TE'RA.

SEMENTA'L, adj. fowable, fit to be fowed.

SEME'NTA'R', v. a. to fow.

SEMENTE'RA, f. f. the time of fowing any grain.

SEME'STRE, adj. of fix months. SEMIDIA'METRO, f. m. the femidiameter of a circle, or half the line that passes through the center, and touches both sides of the circle

SEMIDIDIAPE'NTB., f, f.: balk a fifth in mulick.

SEMI'LLA, f. f. feed.

SEMINA'RIO, f. m. a feminary or place for the education of youth.

SEMINARI'S TA, f. m. the inhabitant of a feminary.

SE'MOLA, f. f. the coarse part of the wheat not ground into a fine flower.

SEMOVIE'NTE, adj. removing, putting afide.

SEMPITE'KNA, f. f. a fluff so called.

SEMPITERNAME'NTE, adv. everlaft ingly, eternally.

SEMPITERNIDA'D, f. f. perpetuity, eternity.

SEMPITERNI'LLA, f. f. a stuff
fo called.

SEMPITE'RNO, adj. eternal, eyerlasting, perpetual.

S-EN.

SE'NA, f. f. a purging plant so cal-

SENA'DO, f. m. a fenate, a council, a grave affembly. In Spain the players give this kitle to the audience.

SENADOR, f. m. a fenator.

SE'NAS, f. f. pl. two fices at dice. SENATO'RIO, adj. of the fenator's rank.

SENCILLAME'NTE, adv.ingenuously, fincerely.

SENCILLE'Z, f. f. ingenuity, fin-

SENCILLO, adj. genuine, natutural; also ingenuous, sincere.

tural; and ingenuous, i SE'NDA, f. f. a path;

SENDERA'R, (v.n. to go, er SENDEREA'R, walk through paths.

SENDE'RO, f. m. a path.

Prov. En câda fendéro hay fu atolladéro, in every path there is a flicking or a dirty place. No convenience without forme inconvenience.

SENDI'LLA, f. f. a little path.
SENDOS, adj. pl. each of them.
SENE, f. m. an old man.
SENECTUD, f. f. old age.
SENECTUD, f. m. a fenefchal.
SENIL, adj. old, belonging to old age, or old people.

SE'NO, f. m. a bay in the fea; the bosom of a man or woman; a fold in a garment.

Prov. Hinchase mi seno, siquiera de héno, let my bosom be full, though it be but of hay; that is, let me have a bellyfull, of whatever it be; or, so I be getting, no matter how little.

SENOGI'L, f. m. a garter. SENSACIO'N, f. f. fenfation.

SENSIBILIDA'D, f. f. fenfibility... SENSIBLE, adj. that may be felt,... or that has feeling.

SENSIBLEME'NTE, adv. fenfildy.

SENSITI'VO, adj. fensitive.

SENSUA'L, adj. fenfual.

SENSUALIDA'D, f. f. fenfuality.
SENSUALME'NTE, adv. fenfually.

SENTA'DA, f. f. a fitting.

SENTA'R, v. a. to fit, to fit down, to place.

Sentir partidas, to enter accounts. Sentir con dmo, to go into place,, to live with a mafter.

Sentár pláza de foldádo, to lift one's:

Self a foldier.

Sentárse à la mésa, to sit down to:
table.

Sentarfe in cuclillas, to fit on one's legs with the body hanging, as people do to ease themselves in the field, or, as children call it, to mould cockledy bread.

SENTE'NCIA, f. f. a sentence, ans opinion, a judgement.

SENTENCIA'R, v. 2-10 pass fentence, to pronounce judgement.

SENTENCIO'S O, adj. fententious, full of tentences.

SENTIDO, f. m. sense, feeling. SENTIDOS, f. m. pl. the five sense fee

SENTIMIE'NTO, f. m. feeling, fenfe; also grief trouble, concern, or opinion.

SENTINA, f.f. a fink, the well-t in a ship, where all the water gathers.

Senting de preddos, a fink of fin.

SENT'R, v. a. to feel, to perceive, to judge, to be of opinions,
also to grieve, to be troubled our
concerned.

SENTIR, f. m. sa opinion.

SEB

SB'nA, f. f. a fign, a token; a flandard.

Hablar por feñas, to talk by figus or gestures.

Hacer feñas, to make figns to another.

SERA'L, f. m. a fign, a mark, a token, earnest given in buying; also a bound, a limit.

Senal de herida, the scar or mark lest by a wound.

Tocar en la fenal, to hit the mark. SEnALADAME'NTE, adv. remarkably, notably.

SERALA'R, v. a. to remark, to note, to point, to fix; also to put a mark to any thing, or to make figuals.

Suéido señaládo, a fixed salary. Señalár y no executar, in sencing, to

make a feint or false pass.

Señalárse, v. r. to signalize one's self.

Señalárje, v. r. to fignalize one's felf. SEñALEJA, f. f. a little mark, note, token, or fign.

SERALE'ZA, f. f. obf a fign.
SERERAME'NTE, adv. fingularly, peculiarly; also wildly,

untamedly, outrageously.

SEnE'RO, adj. singular, peculiar; also wild, untamed, outra-

geous.
SEñO'R, f. m. a lord, a master.
Señor de stulo, a nobleman that has
a title, as an earl, duke, mar-

quis, &c.

Señór de bien y mal tratár, an absolute lord who has power over his vasials to treat them as he pleases. SEñO'RA, s. f. a lady, a mistres. Nuestra Señóra, our Lady, the blessed Virgin Mary.

SEROREA'R, v. a. to rule, to govern, to lord it, to fubject, to bring under.

SERORPA, f. f. lordship, a title of honour; as, vulftra fenoria, your lordship. It is also a sovereignty or seignory.

La señoria de Venécia, the seignory or republic of Venice.

SERORICO, f. m. diminutive SERORITO, of ferior. SERORIL, adj. lord-like, belong-

ing to a lord,

SEñORI'O, f. m. lordship, power, dominion.

S E Q

SE \bar{n} ORIZM'R, v. a. vide SE \bar{n} O-REA'R,

SENUE'LO, f. m. a lure to call hawks; a state to catch birds; alfo any allurement or enticement.

S E O

BO'R, f. m. (for fenor) mafter, in cant.

S E P

SEPARABLE, adj. separable, that may be separated.
SEPARACION, s. f. separation.
SEPARADAMENTE, adv. separately, apart, singly.

SEPARADO'R, f. m. he that feparates, fevers, or fets apart.

SEPARA'R, v. a. to separate, to sever, to part.

SEPEDO'N, f. m. a fort of Terpent, whose bite causes a wonderful swelling and makes the flesh

SEPELIR, v. 2. to bury.
SE'PIA, f. f. vide XIBIA.
SEPTENA'RIO, f. m. the space
of seven days.

SEPTENTRIO'N, f. m. the north. SEPTENTRIONA'L, adj. north-

SEPTIE'MBRE, f. m. September, the ninth month of the year.

SE'PTIMO, adj. the seventh.
SEPTUAGENA'RIO, adj. seventy years of age.

SEPTUAGE'SIMA, f. f. the Sunday formighs before Shrove-fun-

SEPULCHRA'L, adj. belonging to a fepulchre.

SEPULCHRO, f. m. a sepulchre, a tomb.

SEPULTA'R, v. a. to bury. SEPULTU'RA, f. f. a grave. SEPULTU'RE'RO, f. m. a gravemaker.

SEQ

SEQUA'Z, f. m. a follower, SEQUEDA'D, f. f. drought, drynefs, SEQUEDA'L, f. m. a dry land, SEQUE'LA, f. f. the fequel, the confequence.

SEQUE'RO, adj. naturally dry. SEQUESTRACIO'N, f. f. fequeftration.

SEQüESTRA'R, v. a. to fequefter, SEQüE'STRO, f. m. the fequeftration made.

SEQUE'TE, f. m. a dry piece of bread.

SEQUIA, f. f. v. SEQUEDA'D. SEQUI'ILO, f. m. a kind of rusk. SE'QUI'TO, f. m. a retinue.

SER

SE'R, f. m. the being, effence, or existence of any thing.

Sér , v. auxiliar. to be.

Sér de algúno, to be a friend to one.

SE'RA, f. f. a basket.

SERA'PHICO, adj. seraphick.

SERAPHIN, f. m. à feraphim. SERAPHINA, f. f. a fort of wooflen cloth fo called.

SERAPI'NO, f. m. a gum or refix flowing from the pine-tree.

SE'RBA, f. f. a fort of wild pear. SERBA'L, f. m. the tree of fuch pear.

SERENA'R, v. n. to clear up, to grow fair; also to put out all night in the dew.

SERENA'TA, C. f. 2 serenade, musick in the night.

SERENE'RO, f. m. the cover of the head worn at night to defend from the dew.

SERENIDAD, f. f. ferenity, clearates, fair weather; easiness in a man's looks; the title ferenity; in cant impudence.

SERE'NO, adj. fair, clear, fe-

Seréno, f. m. the evening dew. SERIAME'NTE', adv. feriously, gravely.

SE'RIE, f. f. a feries, a continua-

SERIEDA'D, f. f. gravity, ferioufnefs.

SERIJO, f. m. a little baf-SERILIO, ket. SE'RIO, adj. ferious. SERMO'N, f. m. a fermon.

Aaaa 2

fermons.

SERMONCICO, f. m, a little fer-

SERMONEA'R, v. n. to preach, to make a sermon.

SERO'JAS', f. f. pl. the withered leaves that fall from trees.

SERO'N, f. m. a basket made of rushes like a met.

SEROSIDA'D, f. f. serosity, the thin or watery part of the blood. SERO'SO, adj. serous, thin, watert.

SE'RPA, E. f. the herb wiki-thy-

SERPEA'R, v. n. to move like a. serpent, to move by undulation. SERPENTA'RIA, f. f. the herb dragon-wort.

SERPENTICIDA, f. m. a killer of serpents.

SERPENTIN, f. m. a kind of marble:; a piece of ordnance fo called.

SERPENTINAME'NTE, adv. in a serpent-like manner,

SERPENTINO, adj, like, of, or belonging to a ferpent.

SERPIE'NTE, f. m. a ferpent. SERPI'GO, f. m. a disease or mmour sp called.

SE'RPO, (f. m. wild running SERPO'L, thyme, mother of thyme.

SERRA'LLO, f. m, the Grand Signior's palace.

SERRA'NA, f.f. a woman moun-

taineer. SERRANIA, f. f., a mountainous

country. SERRANQ., f. m., a. mountai-

SERRA'R , v. a. 19. faw , to cut with a faw.

SERREZUE'LA, f. f. a little mo-

SERRO'N, f. m. a great faw wied petacen lad men'

SERTA, f. f. in cane, a shirt. SERVADO'R, f. m. preferver. SERKIBLE, adj. ferviceable, ufe-

SER WIGIA'L, adj, serviceable. Servicial, f. m. a clyster.

SERVICIALMENTE, adv. ferriceably.

SERMONA'RIO, f. m. a book of | SERVICIO, f. m. a fervice; at table it is taken for a plate, napkin, knife and fork; a close-stoot. Servicio, a supply granted to the king by the cortes or parliament.

Prov. A buén servicio mal galardón, good service ill rewarded. SERVIDO'R, f. m. a fervant; a closestool-pan.

SERVIDU'MBRE, f. f. fervirude, bond-age, flavery; affo a necessary house; the right one neighbour has of going through another's house or ground, or the. like,

SERVIL, adj. servile, flavish. SERVI'LLAS, f. f. a fort of light

shoes fervant-maids wear,

SERVILLE'TA, f. f. a table-nap-

SERVILME'NTE, adv. fervilely. flavishly.

SERVER, v. a. to ferve.

Servir de pelillo, to do some curious service but of little value.

Na servir una cosa, to be of no use. Prov. Ni firvas a. quien firvid, ni pidas a quien pidió, do not serve one that has been a servant, nor beg of one that has begged. SERVITUD, f. f. fervitude, flavery , bondage.

S' E S

SESE'NTA , adj. fixty:

SE'S GO, adj. aslope, athwart, biaffing, awry; also demure,

SE'SMA, f. f. the fixth part of a yard.

SE'SO, f. m. the brain; metaph. fense, judgement; it is also used for an iron to to fet a pot on over the fire.

Habldr en seso, to talk serioufly. Fálio de sefo , that wants brains , mad, foolish.

Tenér el seso en los calcandres, to have one's brains in one's heels, to be foolish, or prepofterous,

Prov. Quien con tosco ha de entendit, mucho seso ha menester. he that, is to deal with a senseless man, has need of much fense or

SESQUIALTERA, f. f. in mue fick. a note and a half.

SESQUITE'RCIA, f. f. one and a third, either in musick or other meafure.

SESE'RA, f. f. the part of the fcull that contains the brain.

SESSIO'N, f. f. a fession, as of a council or parliament.

SESTEADE'RO, £ m. a fummerhouse, a place to pass the hear of the summer in , or to sleep after dinner in summer.

SECTEA'R, v. n. to fleep after dinner in fummer.

SESTE'RCIO, f. m. the Roman coin called a sesterce.

SESUDAME'NTE, adj. prudently. wisely.

SESU'DO, adj. ferious, grave: judicions_

S. F. T.

SE'FA, f. f. a fect Séta, a mushroom. SETECIE'NTOS , adj; seven hundréd. SETE'NA, f. f. the seventh part. Seienas, f. f. pl. seven-fold. Pagár con las secénas, to pay a thing: feven times the value. SETE'NO, adj, the seventh. SETE'NTA, adj. feventy. SETENTO'N ,, adj. feventy years.

SE W

SE'TO, f. m. a hedge...

SEVERAME'NTE , alv. fore-SEVERIDA'D, f. f. feverity... SEVE'RO, adj. severe. SEVIZIA, f. f. cruelty...

SEX

SEXAGENA'RIO, adj. fixty years

SE'XQ, f. m. the fex, male or female,

SEXTA'RIO , f. m. az old Roma: meafure.

SEXTIL, adj. of, or belonging to fix, fixth.

SE'XTQ, adj, the fixther

SI

SI, pron. himfelf.

Fuéra de fi, besides himfelf, out of his wirs.

De por fi, by himself.

Pára fi, for himself.

Si, conjunct. if.

Si, adv. yes, or yes.

SIB

SIBI'L, f. m. a little Subserrancous

room to keep things cool in fummer. SIBILA, f. f. a fybil. SIBILA'NTE, adj. wifing, hif-

SIC

SICLO, f. f. a shekel, a fort of filver coin among the Jews.

SID

SIDE'REO, adj. of the flars, flarlike, bright, shining, like the flars. SI'DRA, f. f. cyder.

SIE

SIE'GA, f. f. hervest-time, mowing

or reaping-time,

SIE'MBRA, f. m. the fowing feafon:

SIE'MPRE, adv. always:

SIEMPREVEVA, f. f. the herb
house-leek,

SIE'N, f. f. the temple of the
head.

SIE'NA', f. f. in caut, a place;

SIE'RPE, f. m; a ferpent; also
an ugly woman, and any thing
that moves by undulation;

Sièrge, a passionate person; in caut,

a faife key. SIERPECPLLA,, f. f. a. little fergent.

SIE'RRA, f. f. a faw; also a mountain.

SIE'RVA, f. f. a maid-feryant, or a poman-flave.

SIE'RVO, f. m. a man-servant, or slave.

SIE'STA, f. f. the heat of the day from noon forwards.

SIE'TE, adj. seven.

Mata filte, a bully.

Prov. Sifte es comblee, y nuéve es confusion, seven is a feast, and nine is confusion. That is, as far as seven makes good company, but all above produces disorder. SIETEMESI'NO, adj. born the seventh or seven months old. SIETENA'L, adj. seven years, old.

SIG

SIGILACION, f. f. fealing.

SIGILA'R, v. n. to keep a secret. SIGI'LO, f. m. 2 feal, Seldom used but in talking of confession, or the secrecy due to confession. SIGLLOSAME'NTE, adv. secret-SIGILO'SO, adj. fecrer. SI'GLO, f. m. an age. Buén sigle áya, God rest his soul. Said of the dead, Siglo de oro, the golden age. Siglo de plata, the filver age. Siglo de hierro, the iron age. SIGNAR, v. a. to fign, to feal. SIGNATU'RA, f. f. figning, fealing, fignature. SIGNIFICACION, f. f. fignifi-SIGNIFICA'NZA, f. f. obf. for fignificación. SIGNIFICA'R, v. a. to fignify. SIGNIFICATI'VO, adj. that figni-

SID

SI'GNO, f. m. fign, token, feal;

SIGUIE'NTE adj. following,

of the zodiack.

next in courfe.

one of the twelve celeftial figns

SILBA'R, v. n. to whiftle; also to mock, to despise.

SILBA'TO, fi m. a whistle.

SILBI'DO, f. m. whistling:

SILBO, f. m. whistling:

SILENCIA'RIO, adj. filent, fill.

SILE'NGIO, f. m. filence.

SILENCIOSAME'NTE, adv. without speaking, without making a noise, secretly, filently.

SILENCIO'SO, adj. of, or below-

ging to filence.

SILGUERI'LLO, f. m. diminutive of filguers.

SILGÜE'RO, f. m. 2 goldfinch.
SPILA, f. f. a chair; also a saddle.

Silla réal, a throne.

Silla de coffillas, a chair with a back made of laths like ribs.

Silla de máno, a sedan or chair to carry people in.

Silla rafa, a plain pad-saddle. Silla de borrênes, the great saddle. Hombre de dos sillas, a man that can either ride long or short, either the great or the pad-saddle.

Ser de filla y albarda, to be for the: faddle or pannel; to ferve for all uses.

SILLA'R, f. mf. a fronc out out fquare for building.

Sillar del caballo,, that part of the horse's back on which the faddles is set.

SILLE'RA, fi f. the part of the horse's back that bears the saddle, SILLERI'A, fi f. a place where they make or sell chairs or saddles; also masons work, or the building of a wall with square flone.

SILLE'RO, f. m. a saddler, on one that makes or fells chairs, SILLE'TA, f. f. a little chair.

SILLE FE'RO, f. m. a chairmant. Silletéro, he that makes, fells, our mends chairs.

SILLICA, or SILLITA, C. f. & little chair.

SILLO'N, f. ns) a fide-faddle for a woman;

STLO, f. m. a granary to lay up corn in, generally under ground. SELVADO'R, f. m. a whither p also one that hisses.

SILVAR, v. s. to whiftle; also to hisk

SILVATO, f. m. a whiftle.

SHVO, f. m. a whiftle, whiftle ling or hiffing.

SILURO, f, m. a fish to called,

SIM

SIMA, f. f. a deep pit, a dungeon, an abvis. Sima de vicios, an abyss of vice. SIMA'DO, adj. deep. SI'MIA, f. f. a monkey, an ape. SIMIE'NTE, f. f. feed. SI'MIL, f. m. a fimile in discour. fe, or writing. SIMILITU'D, f. f. fimilitude, likeness. SIMIO, f. m. an ape. SIMONI'A, f. f. fimony, buying, or felling of spiritual things. SIMONI'ACO, adj. guilty of fimony. SIMPA'R, adj. without equal. SI'MPLE, adj. fimple, pure, unmixt, fincere, innocent, without SIMPLEME'NTE, adv. fimply, honestly, candidly. SIMPLE'ZA, f. f. fimplicity. SIMPLICIDA'D, f. f. idem. SIMPLICISTA, f. m. one that has skill in simples, or cures with them. SIMPLO'N, f. m. a fifty fellow. SIMULACIO'N, f. f. diffimulation, counterfeiting, felgning. SIMULA'CRO, f. m. an image, a refemblance. SIMULADAME'NTE, adv. feignedly, dissemblingly. SIMULA'R, v. a. to feign, to dissemble, to counterfeit.

SIN

SINAGO'GA, f. f. the Jewish fy.

SIN, preposition, without.

nagogue. SINALL'FA, s. f. a figure, used in poetry, which cuts off the last vowel off a word when it ends with a vowel and the next begins with one. SINCEL, f. m. vide CINCEL. SINCELAR, v. a. vide CINCE SINCERAME'NTE, adv. fince-

SINCERA'R, v. n. to clear one's

felf, of a charge or crime.

SINCERIDA'D, f. f. fincerity. SINCERO, adj. fincere, faithful. SINCOPA, f. f. a figure by which a syllable in a word is cut off; also a fainting or swooning fit. SINCOPA'R, v. a. to abbreviate, to cut off; also to faint, to swoon. SINDICA'DO, adj. judged, tried; fubit. used, the office of a judge or sleward. SI'NDICO, f. m. a fyndick, a

steward, an advocate or sollicitor for a body politick.

SINGULAR, adj. fingular, SINGULARIDA'D, f. f. fingularity.

SINGULARIZA'RSE, v. r. to make one's felf fingular; to fignalize one's felf.

SINGULARME'NTE, adv. fingularly.

\$INGU'LTO, f. m, a fob, a hic-

SINIE'STRA, f. f. the left hand. SINIESTRAME'NTE, adv. unluckily, aukwardly, untowardly. SINIE'STRO, adj. of the left, left-handed; also untoward, unlucky.

SINIGUA'L, adj. peerless, that has not its match, matchless. SINJUSTI'CLA, f. f. wrong, in-

SINO, adv. if not, unlefs. SINO'CA, f. f. a fever that lasts

SINOCA'L, adj. that lafts a day; said of a fever.

SINRAZO'N, f. f. a wrong, an injury, a thing contrary to rea-

SINSABO'R, f. m. a distaste, a difguft.

SINUO'SO, adj. that is not straight, finuous, crooked.

SI'O, (f. m. a plant fo cal-SIO'N,

SIO

SIQUIE'RA, adv. at leaft.

SIR

SIRE'NA, f. f. a fyren, a mer-SIRGAL

veffel along, or that draws the net to the shore.

Ir a la sirga, to be towed along. SI'RGAR, v. a. to tow a ship. SIRGO, f. m. a filk twift.

SIRGUE'RO, f. m. the bird cafled a goldfinch; also one that tows or draws a boat along.

SIRO'CO, (f. m. the fouth-eaft SIRO QUE, wind. SIRVIE'NTE, f. m. a fervant.

5 I S

SIS.4, f. f. an excise or tax upon meat or drink.

Sifa, borax for foldering, or fize for gilding.

Sifa, the leffening of any thing by fubrracting fome fmall part, or cutting measures less; also the floping or shaping of a garment.

SISADO'R, f. m. a receiver of excise; in cant, a pilferer.

SISA'R, v. a. to diminish, to take away something, to nim, to lesfen; also to slope in cutting. SISO'N, f. m. a tailor that cuts

cabbage too often, or in too large a quantity.

SISTRO, f. m. a mulical inftrument so called.

SIT

SITIADOR, f. m. besieger. SITIAL, f. m. a flool without a back. SITIA'R, v. a. to befiege. SITIBUNDO, adj. thirfty. SITIO, f. m. firuation; also a fiege, SITUACIO'N, f. f. fituation. SITUA'DO, f. m. an affignment upon a branch of the revenue. SITUA'R, v. a. to fituate.

SO, adv. under. So pena, under pain. So pena de la pena pronunciada, under the pain of the fentence passed against you.

SOA

SOASSA'R, v. a. to half roast.

SOB

SO'BA, f. f. in cant, a beating or cudgelling.

SOBA'CO, f. m. the arm-pit.

SOBAJA'R, v. a. to mifuse, to handle a thing roughly, to mould like dough, to knead bread, to grope.

SOBAQUIDO, f. m: in cant, what a thief runs away with under his arm.

SOBAQUINA, f. f. the ill fcent

of arm-pits. SOBA'R, v. a. to knead, to work

any thing with the fifts and in a vigorous manner.

SOBARBA'DA, f. f. a check given the horse with the bridle; a check to one that takes too much liberty in talking; also a chuck under the chin.

SOBARCA'R, v. z. vide SOBA-CAR.

SOBEJANI'A, f. f. obf. fuper-fluity.

SOBEJA'NO, adj. obf. superfluous, useless; an old word.

SOBERANAME'NTE, adv. fovereignly.

SOBERANDA, f. f. fovereignty. SOBERANO, adj. fovereign.

SOBE'RBIA, f. f. pride.

SOBERBIAME!NTE, adv. proudly, haughtily.

SOBE'RBIO, adj. proud, haughry; fometimes taken for letty, great, and noble:

Balácio fobérbio, a flately palace: SOBO'N, f. m. a cunning fellow that knows how to avoid work.

SOBONA'ZO, f. m. augment. of

SOBORNADO'R, f. m. a fuborner. SOBORNA'L, f. m. the overplus in measure; also what is laid on a beast over and above its due burden.

SOBORNA'R, w. a. to suborn, to bribe, to corrupt with bribes. SOBO'RNO, & m. subornation, pribe.

SO'BRA, f. f. overplus, what is over and above, the excess.

SOBRA'DO, adj. fuperfluous, over and above; metaph. idle, unmannerly.

SOBRA'R, v. n. to be over and above, to be superfluous, to be over measure; metaph. to be idle, and of no use.

SOBRASA'R, v. a. to put burning coals under a pot or the like.

SOBRAZA'R, v. a. to put or to fold fomething under the arm. SO'BRE, adv. upon.

SOBREABUNDA'NTE, pract. fuperabundant.

SOBREABUNDA'R, v. 2, to fuperabound.

SOBREARADIR, v. a. to add with excess.

SOBREASSA'R, v. a. to overroaft.

SOBRECEBADE'RA, f. f. the fprit-fail, top-fail, of a ship.

SOBREVIVIR, v. n. to survive. SOBRECAMA, f. f. a counterpain for a bed, or a covering put over it to keep it from the dust.

SOBRECAMARE'RO, f. m. a chief chamberlain, a head-fervant. SOBRECA'NA, f. f. a vicious excrescence on the shin-bone of a horse, called a knot, a knob, or a ring-worm.

SOBRECA'RGA, f. f. a furcharge, an overcharge, what is laid on a beaft more than its due burden.

Prov. La fobrecarga mata, the over-leading kills the horse.

SOBRECARGA'R, v. a. to furcharge, to overload,

SOBRECARTA, f. f. a fecond letter, or order to the same effect as the first.

SOBRECE'DULA, f. f. a writ or warrant granted upon another. SOBRECE'JA, f. f. an eye-brow. Sobreceja de acemila, plates or pieces

obserceja de acemila, plates or pieces of leather-hanging over a mule's eyes, to make her look down to the ground.

SOBRECE'JO, f. m. an eye-brow. SOBRECIE'LO, f. m. an awning or covering over a court of a house, or other open place, of canvas or the like to keep off the fun.

SOBRECOGE'R, v. a. to surprise, to take unawares.

SOBRECO'RVA, f. f. the curb, a diffemper in a horse's hinderlegs.

SOBRECO'Z, f. m. obf. a master cook.

SOBREDIE'NTE, f. m. a tooth that grows upon another.

SOBREDORADO'R, f. m. a gilder.

SOBREDORADU'RA, f. f. the gilding.

SOBREDORA'R, v. 2. to gild over:

Sobredorar, v. a. to gild, to cover with gold.

SOBREHAZ, f. f. the superficies, the part that appears to fight.

SOBREHUESSO, f. m. a splir r in a horse; metaph, one that sticksciose to another and becomes very troublesome; any uneasiness that attends a man.

SOBRELINTE'L, f. m. the work, timber, or flone over the lintel, or piece that lies over the jambs of doors or windows.

SOBRELLEVA'R, v. a. to bear with, to endure.

SOBRELUCIR, v. n. to shine much, or above another.

SOBREMANE RA, adv. excessively.

SOBREMA'NO, f. m. a fwelling about the pastern joint of a horse's fore-foot, caused by being too-hard ridden when young.

SOBREMEDI'DA, f. f. overmeasure.

SOBREME'SA, C. f. a carpet for a table; it means also after dinner.

Discurrir sobre mesa, to chat after? dinner.

SOBREMONTA'R, v. a. to furmount.

sobrenadar, v. m. to swims above, or on the top.

SOBRENATURA'L, adj. fuper-

sobrenombre, f. m. a. fir-

SOBREO'JO; f. m/a lowring; orf

Lleyár sobreójo, to have a watchful

eye upon.

SOBREPA'RTO, f. m. a woman's lying in after being delivered. SOBREPASSA'R, v. a. to furpais.

SOBREPELLIZ, f. f. a furplice. SOBREPENDIE'NTE, adj. hanging over.

SORBEPENSA'R, v. a. to con-

fider ferioufly.

SOBREPIE, f. m. a swelling about the pastern joint of a horse's hinder-leg, caused by being too hard ridden when young.

SOBREPONE'R, v. a. to fet upon, or put upon.

SOBREPUIAR, w. a. to surpass, to excel.

FOBRERO'PA, f. f. sn upper garment,

SOBRESALIDO, adj. impatient, hafty, rash, head-ftrong.

SOBRESALIE'NTE, adj. standing above or beyond another.

Puesto sobrefaliente, an advantageous, or an advanced post.

Soldados sobresalientes, men advanced before the rest of the body.

SOBRESALIR, v. a. to jut out, to appear, to make a show, to stand out above, or beyond another, to excel.

SOBRESALTA'R, v. a. to furprife. SOBRESALTO, f. m. a furprize. SOBRESANA'R, v. a. to heal fuperficially.

SOBRESA'NQ, adj. healed fuperficially.

SOBRE'SCER, v. n. to supersede, to cease, to desist.

SOBRESCRIBI'R, w. a. to write upon any thing; to direct a letter. SOBRESCRI'TO, f. m. a supers-

cription, or superscribed.

SOBRESCRIVI'R, v. a. to super-

SOBRESEMBRA'R, v. a. to fow

SOBRESE'YDO, adj. superfeded, ceased, desisted.

SOBRESEYMIE'NTO, f. m. fuperseding, ceasing, desisting.

SOBRSEOLA'R, v. a. to mend shoes, putting one fole upon ano-

SOBRESTA'NTE, f. m. an overseer, a supervisor.

SOBRESTE'RA, f. f. an upper mat to lay on another, or other thing to lay on a mat.

SOBREVARDA, f. f. a welt or guard on a garment.

SOBREVAINA, f. f. a false scabbard to put over another for riding.

SOBREVENIR, v. n. to come upon, to come in the nick of time.

SOBREVESTA, f.f., a large coat. SOBREVESTIR, v. a. to put one garment over another.

SÖBREVISTA, s. f. the beaver

of a helmer.

SOBREVIVI'R, v. n. to furvive. SOBREUSA, f. f. a dish confifting of poor Jack fried in oil after being boiled, and then put into a liquor of water, pepper, fcalded oil, honey or fugar, cinnamon, and a little vinegar.

SOBRIAME'NTE, adv. foberly. SOBRIEDA'D, f. f. fobriety. SOBRINA, f. f. a niece.

SOBRINO, f. m. a nephew. SO'BRIO, adj. sober. Latin sobrius.

SOCAPA, f. f. under pretence, under the cloak; also privately. SOCA'RRA, f. f. the scorching

lightly any thing over a fire. SOCARRAIR, v. a. to hold a thing so to the fire, that it be neither raw nor roafted, but scorched in one place, and ray in apother,

SOCA'RREN, f. m. the eaves of a house.

SOCARRO'N, f. m. a crafty fubrie fellow, an arch wag.

SOCARRONAME'NTE, adverb. archly, like a wag.

SOCARRONERIA, f. f. wag-

SOCAVA'R, v. a. to dig under, to undermine.

SOCAVO'N, f. m. a cave dug under a hill,

SOCHA'NTRE, f. m. the under chaunter of a church.

SOCIA'BLE, adj. fociable.

SOCIEDA'D, f. f. fociety. SO'CIO, f. m. a companion.

SOCOLO'R, under colour, or pre-

SOCO'NO, fubft. m. in cant, any thing robbed, or a present made by a whore to her pimp. SOCORREDO'R, f. m. one who

helps fuccours, aids, or affifts. SOCORRE'R, y. a. to fuccour, to relieve.

SOCO'RRO, f. m. fuccour, which,

SOCRO'SIO, f. m. a medicine, a plafter.

Cocrofio mithridaico, mithridate.

5 O B

SO'DA, f. f. the herb glaffwort. SODOMI'A, f. f. the fin of fodomy. SODOMI'TA, f. m. f. a sodomire. SODOMI'TICO, f.m. a fodomire, SO'DOMO, f. m. vide SODQ. Mľ TA,

5 O E

SOE'Z, adj. filthy.

SOFALDA'R, w. n. to tuck up the coats.

SOFLA'MA, f. f. a little flame; a great heat, captious and deceiving words,

SOFLAMA'R, v. a. to shame one; also to deceive one with fair lan-

SOFLAME'RO, f. m. one who deceives with fair words.

SOFOCA'R, v. a. v. SUFOCA'R. SOFRE'IR, v. a. to fry lightly.

SOFRENA'DA, f. f. a check given with the bridle; a check, a reproof, and fomerimes a blow on the face.

SQFRENA'R, v. a. to check with the bridle,

5 9 G

SO'GA, f. f. a rope, but properly, that which is made of esperto. Dar soga, to give out rope; to let a man go on without check,

Lievár la sóga arrafirándo, to drag the rope; that is, to be in danger. Tenér la sóga a la gargánta, to have a halter about one's neck : 10 be in great danger.

Téner

Tener soga de ahorcado, to have the nope a man was hanged with; that is, to be fortunate in all things.

Prov. Echárla sóga tras el calderó, to throw the rope after the bucket; to throw, the helve after the hatchet.

SOGUEA'R, v. a. to measure with a rope.

SOGUE'RO, f. m. a rope-maker. SOGUI'LLA, f. f. f. a little rope.

S O H

SOHE'Z, adj. mean, base, vile.

S O J

SOJUSGADO'R, a conqueror, a Subduer.

SOJUSGA'R, v. a. to fubdue, to conquer, to bring under.

SOL

SOL, f. m. the fun.

El fol sále, the fun rifes.

El fol fe póne, the fun fets.

El fel pica, the fun scorches.

De fol à fol, from sun rising to sun setting.

Detenér el fol, to stop the sun; to aim at impossibilities; to labour in vain.

Prov. Con el buén fol, estiendése el caracól, the warm sun makes the snail stretch himself out. The meanest creature with encouragement thrives; or, base people encouraged, grow saucy.

SOLACEA'R, v. a. vide SOLA-ZA'R.

SOLA'DO, f. m. a boarded or paved floor.

SOLAME'NTE, adv. only.

SOLA'NA, f. f. a funny place, a loft in a house. Also the rent paid for a house.

SOLANAZO, f. m. augment of foliano.

SOLA'NO, f. m. the east wind. SOLA'PA, f. f. a lapping over in a garment; metaph. an underhand practice, a concealed affair.

Tome I.

SOLAPADAME'NTE, adv. with diffimulation, deceitfully.

SOLAPA'R, v. a. to lap over like a garment; also to conceal, or cover, as under a garment.

SOLA'PO, f. m. a lapping over in a garment; inetaphor, an underhand practice, a concealed affair. SOLA'R, f. m. the ground a house stands on; the ancient mansion house of a family.

Hidalgo de folár conocido, a gentleman of an ancient known family.

Solár, adj. folar, of the fun. Solár, v a. to lay a floor, to plank,

to pave.
Solár zapátos, to fole shoes.

SOLARIE'GO, adj. of, or belonging to the flock, family, or manflou-house.

SOLA'Z, f. f. comfort, gaity, pleafure, delight.

SOLAZA'R, v. a. to folace, to comfort, to delight.

SOLA'ZO, f. m. augment. of fol; a burning fun.

SOLDA'DA, f. f. foldiers pay, fervants wages; also soldering of me-

SOLDADE'SCA, f. f. foldiery.
SOLDADI'CO, f. m. dimin. of
SOLDADI'LLO, foldado.

SOLDA'DO, s. m. a soldier.
Soldado aventajado, a soldier that

has more than the common pay.

Prov. De foldado que no tiéne capa, guarda tu váca, keep your

cápa, guárda tu váca, keep your cow from a foldier that has no cloak. Take care of all you fee a poor foldier.

SOLDADO'R, f. m. a folderer. SOLDADU'RA, f. f. a foldering, or the place where a thing is foldered.

SOLDA'N, f. m. a foldan or fulran. SOLDA'R, v. a. to folder meral. SOLECISMO, f. m. folecism, a faile concord.

SOLECTTO, f. m. dimin. of fol; a pleasing fun that does not over-

SOLEDA'D, f. f. folitude, folitariness, lonesomeness, a solitary lonesome place, a desert.

SOLE'MNE, adj. folemn, expenfive, famous; also merry, gay. SOLEMNEME'NTE, adv. fo-

SOLEMNIDAD, f. f. folemnity, religious ceremony.

SOLEMNIZADO'R, f. m. folemnizer.

SOLEMNIZA'R, v. a. to folemnize, to celebrate.

SO'LEO, f. m. one of the muscles, fo called by anatomists.

SOLE'R, v. n. to be wont, to accustom, to habituate oneself.

Soler, f. m. the floor at the bottom of the hold in a ship.

SOLE'RCIA, f. f. cunning, craft SOLE'TA, f. f. the fole part of a flocking, a new fole put to it.

SOLETA'R, (v. a. to put new SOLETRE'AR, foles to old flockings.

SOLETERO, f. m. one whose bufiness is to sole stockings.

SOI.EVACIO'N, vide SUBLE-VACIO'N.

SOLEVANTA'R, v. a to rife up; alfo to perfuade fervants, to change places.

SOLEVA'R, v. a. idem.

SOIEVAMIE'NTO, f. m. the art of raising or lifting up.

SOL FA, f. f. the name of two notes in mufick, used to fignify mufick in general,

Estár en solfa, to be finished.

Poner en folfa, to finish any thing, to make it perfect.

SOLFEA'R, v. n. to fing by notes. SOLICITATION, f. f folicitation.

SOLICITADO'R, f. m. a folicitor, one that tries, attempts, courts or allures.

SOLICITAME'NTE, adv. folicitoutly, diligently, carefully.

SOLICITA'R, v. a. to folicit, to make hafte.

Solicitár úna mugér, to make love to a woman, to endeavour to debauch her.

SOLICITO, adj. folicitous careful, SOLICITUD, f. f. folicitude, carefulnes, diligence.

SOLIDAME'NTE, adv. felidly, firmly.

SOLIDA'R, v. a. to make folid, SOLIDE'Z, f. f. folidity.

SO'LIDO, adj. solid.

Bbbb

SOLIDE'O, f. m. a fort of cap used by priests.

SOLILOQUIA'R, v. n. to speak with oneself.

SOLILO'QUI'O, f. m. a foliloquy, a meditation, a discourse by onefelf.

SOLIMA'N, f. m. mercury fubli-

SO'LIO, f. m. a throne.

Celebración de sólio, the king's fitting on his throne when in the cortes, gither at the opening of them, or to país acts.

SOLITARIAME'NTE, adv. folitarily.

SOLITA'RIO, adj. folitary, lone-fome.

SO'LITO, adj. wont, usual, accustomed.

Sollto, adj. dimin. of folo; all alone. SOLITU'D, f. f. obs. solitude.

SOLIVIADU'RA, f. f. relieving, eafing.

'SOLIVIA'R, w. a. to relieve, to ease to lift underneath; sometimes to steal.

SOLI'VIO, f. m. relieving, or easing, lifting underneath; sometimes theft.

SOLLA, fubft, f. a foal, a fish fo called.

SOLLAMA'R, v. a. to scorch in the flame.

MOLLA'R, v. n. to draw one's breath hard, to blow, to pant. SOLLA'STRE, f. m. a scullion in a kircken.

'SOLLASTRI'A, fubft. f. fcullerywork.

SOLLO, f. m. a flurgeon.

SOLLOZAR, v. n. to figh to fob. SOLLOZO, f. m. a figh, a fob. SOLO, adj. alone, only.

A solas, adv. alone.

SOLOMI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of folómo.

SOLO'MO, f. m. the under part of the loin, which is the tenderest. Solomo de puérco, an under loin of

Solomo de puérco, an under loin.

pork.

SOISTICIAL, adj. of the folfice, SOISTICIO, f. m. the folfice, when the fun enters the figns of Cancer and Capricorn.

SOLTADIZO, adj. loofed, un-

SOLTADO'R, f. m. a loofer, a releaser, an expounder of difficulties.

SOLTA'R, v. a. to let go, to let loofe, to release; also to expound difficulties.

Soliár la prífa, to let go the booty; also to open a sluice.

Soltán la cápa, to let go one's cloak, either running away, or when one can defend it no longer against thieves.

Soltár de la carcel, to dimiss out of prison.

Soltar atadúras, to loofe bands. Soltar questiónes, to solve or explain obscure questions.

Solider los niños de la escuela, to send the children from the school.

Soltdr déudas, to remit debts.

SOLTE'RA, f. f. a fingle woman;
generally taken in no good feuse.

SOLTERIA, f. f. a fingle life.

SOLTERO, f. m. a batchelor, a fingleman.

SOLTU'RA, f. f. loofing, delivering, releafing, untying; metaph, impudence, lewdnefs.

Decir el suéño y la foltura, to tell'all one thinks without reserve.

SOLU'BLE, adj. that can be refolved or explained.

SOLUCIO'N, f. f. a folution, the folving of a question.

SOLVE'R, v. a. to untie, to folve. SOLUTI'VO, adj. that can folve or untie.

S: 0: M:

SO'MA, f. f. bren; in cant, a hen. SOMBRA, fubft. f. a shadow, the shade.

Ponér a úno a la sómbra, to put a man into the shade; that is, to cast him into prison.

Andde a sombra de texado, to go under the shade, of the tiles; that is, to abscord, to keep close.

SOMBRA'10, f. m. a shady place, a thing that makes a shade.

SOMBRA'R, v. a, vide ASSOM-BRAR,

SOMBREA'R, v. a. to shade a pic-

SOMBRERA'DA; for for a falutation, by pulling off the hat; also a blow with the hat.

SOMBRERAZO, f. m. a very large hat, and a blow given with a hat.

SOMBRERE'RA, f. f. a hat-cafe; also the berb butterbur:

SOMBRERE'RO, f. m. a hanter. SOMBRE'RO, f. m. a hat.

Sombréro albanez, a high - crowned hat.

SO'MBRIO, SOMBRO'SO, adj. shady.

SOMERAME'NTE, adv. superficially.

SOME'RO, adj. superficial, that is almost at rop.

SOMETE'R, v. a. to fubmit, to. put under to subdue.

SOMNOLE'NCIA, f. f. disposition to sleep, sleepiness.

SO'MO, adv. as.

En somo el collado, on the top of the hill.

SOMO'NTE, f. m. what is rough, uncouth, unpolished.

SOMORGUJADO'R, f. m. a diver. SOMORGUJAR,, v. n. to dive under water.

SOMORGUJO, f. m a plunge: under water; a bird fo called.

SOMPES A'R, v. a. to lift: any, thing as it were to feel how much it weighs.

SO N

SON, f. m. a found, a noise.

SONA'BLE, adj. that may found, or be founded.

SONA'DA, f. f. a: tune; also a: famous action or exploit much spoken.of; and a rumour, a report.

SONADE'RO, f. m. a handkerchief... SONADO'R., f. m. that founds:

SONA'JAS, f. f. pl: a kind of inftrumem the country people dances to

SONAJE'RA, f. f. a. woman that: plays on the sonajas.

SONA'JERO, f. m. a rattle, a finalli bell, any thing that makes a noise, SONA'R, v. a. to found.

Sondrse, v. 1, to be reported or bruited abroad.

Sondefe. las navices, to blow one's

Prov. El bien fuena y el mai rueldi,

good news is rumoured, but bad news flies.

SO'NCO, f. m. a fort of herb fo

SO'NDA, f. f. a plummet to found the depth of waters with a founding lead.

SONDALE'SA, f. f. a founding plummet, fuch as they use at sea. SONDA'R, (v. a. to found the SONDEA'R, depth of waters. SONE C'LLO, f. m. a light found. SONETA'ZO, f. m. a very good

fonnet; a very bad fonnet too. SONETICO, L. m. a poor despicable fonnet, a little pretty fonnet. SONE'TO, f. m. a sonner. The

Spanish confirms of fourteen verses. SONIDO, f. m. a found.

SONORAME'NTE, adv. fonoroufly.

SONO'RO, adj. founding, that makes a great founding or a pleafant sound.

SONORC'SO, adj. idem. SONREI'RSE, v. n. to fmile. SONRISA, f. f. a smile, or smi-

SONRODADO, adj. that is fluck

SONRODAR, v. n. to flick in the mire; faid of the wheels.

SONROJA'R, v. a. to ashame. SONROJO, f. m. shame, blush.

SONROSA'R, v. a mo dye in a rose colour.

SONROSEA'RSE, v. r. to blush. SONROSL'D, f. m. blushing. SONSA'CA, f. f. feducing, chea-

SONSACADO'R, f. m. one who wheedles or seduces.

SONSACA'R, v. a. to wheedle, to worm out, to draw aftray, to feduce,

SONSONE'TE, f. m. a little found caused by hitting softly on any thing,

SOñADO'R, f. m. a dreamer. SOñA'R, v. n. to dream. SOMARRE'RA, Subst. f. the act of dreaming much, and a heavy fleep. SONOLIE'NTO, adject. Geepy, drowly.

SOP

SOP

SO'PA, f. f. a fop.

Sópa doráda, a sort of soap so called. Ir a la sópa, to repair for alms to the monasteries where they give to all the poor a mels.

Eftar hécho una sopa, to be wet through; metaph. to be drunk. Una sopa de anadido a soop that has

more liquor put to it, and spoilt by that addition.

SOPA'IPA, f, f. 2 kind of fritter. SOPALA'NDA, f. f. a particular kind of dreft worn by vagabonds, generally torn and dirty.

SOPA'PO, f. m. dewlap, the part next under the chin or gorge; a double chin; also a blow under the chin.

SOPA'R, v. 2 to fup.

SOPEA'R, v. a to use a man ill. to tread him under feet.

SOPE'NA, adv. upon pain of.

SOPETE'AR, v. a. to use ill, to treat ill; also to dip bread in broth and eat it.

SOPETO'N, f. m. a large fop; alfo a fudden blow given with the hand.

SO'PHI, f. m. the fophy or monarch of Persia.

SOPHI'SMA, f. m. a fophism, a fallacious argument.

SOPHI'STA, f. m. a fophist.

SOPHISTERIA, f. f. fophiltry. SOPHISTICAME'NTE, adv. fophistically.

SOPHISTICA'R v. a. to fophisti-

SOPHI'STICO, adj. fophistical.

SOPILLA, & f. f. dimin. of fopa. SOPITA, SOPLADO'R, f. m. a blower.

SOPLAMO'CO, f. m. a blow given on the face with the hand.

SOPLA'R, v. n. to blow. Metaph. to whilper, to inform, to carry tales.

Soplar una pieza en el juego, to hust a man at draughts.

Soplar à la oréja, to whisper in the

Sópla, vivo te le doy, a sort of sport among boys.

Prov. Soplár, y Sorber no puede

junto fer, to blow and fip at once cannot be done. Two contraries cannot be performed at once.

SOPLI'LLO, f. m. a thin filk, of which they make women's veils.

SO'PLO, f. m. a breath of wind, a pust, a blast; also a whisper or information, a tale carried.

SOPLO'N, f. m. a great puff or blaft; generally taken for an informer, a tale carrier, a spy.

SOPO'N, f. m. a fellow that goes to convents to fetch a foup given there regularly by way of alms. SOPO'R, f. m. heaviness, seepi-

SOPORIFERO, adj. that causes

SOPORTA'BLE, adj. supportable, tolerable.

SOPORTAL, f. m. a walkingplace under a portico or arch.

SOPORTA'R, v. a. to support, to uphold, to maintain, to bear with.

SOR

SOR, f. f. a sister; also an abbreviation of señor.

SO'RBA, f. f. the fruit called a fervice.

SURBEDO'R, f. m. a sipper. SORBE'R, v. a. to fip.

Prov. Sortér y soplar, no se puéde hacer a la pár, one cannot sip and blow at the same time. Two contrary actions cannot be done together.

SORBE'TE, f. f. the jelly of any fruit mixed with vater to drink. SORBETC'N, f. m. a sip.

SORBI'LO, f. m. a little fip. SORBITO, 3

SO'RBO, f. m. a fip; also a fervice-tree. SORCE, f. m a moufe.

SORDAME'NTE, adv. deafly. SORDEDA'D,7

SORDE'RA. f. f. deafness. SORDE'Z,

SORDIDE'Z, f. f. fordidness. SO'RDIDO, adj. fordid, bafe.

SORDINA, f. f. a mute. SO'RDO, adj. deaf; also that does not found.

Piedra sorda, so architects call a solid

Bbbb 2

fort of stone that makes little noise when struck.

Prov. No hay peor sordo que el que no quiére oir, none so deaf as he that will not hear.

SO'RNA, f f, heaviness, slowness; in cant, the night.

SORNA'R, v. n. in cant, to fleep. SORPREENDE'R, v. a. to furprife.

SO'RRA, f. f. the ballast of a ship. SORRE'RO, adj. sluggish because ill ballasted; said of ships.

SORTEADO'R, f. m. he that casts the lots; he that attacks the bull at the bull-feasts.

SORTEA'R, v. a, to cast lots. SORTE'O, f. m. the act of casting lots.

SORTE'RO, f. m. a fortune-teller; one that casts lots.

'SORTI'JA, f. f. a ring.
Correr de fardja, to ride at the ring.
SORTIJO'N, f. m. a great ring.
SORTIJUE'IA, f. f. a little ring.
SORTILE'GIO, f. m. forrunerelling by lots.

SORTU, f. m. a great coat.

\$.O S.

SOSA, f. f. the herb glasswort. SOSLAYO, adj. aslope, sloping, athwart:

SO'SO, unfavoury, infipid, SOSPE'GHA, f. f. fulpicion. SOSPECHA'R, v. a. to fulped; SOSPECHOSAME'NTE, ad. fulpicioufly.

SOSPECHO'SO, adj. fulpicious, SOSQUI'N, f. m. a blow cunningly or treacherously given.

SUSSEGADAME'NTE, adverb. quietly, calmly.

SOSSEGA'R, v. a, to quiet, to fill to calm.

SOSSIE'GO, subst. m. quietness, calmness, stillness

SOSTEN, f. m. a prop, a fupport; or the act of fupporting and keeping up.

SOSTENEDO'R, f. m. a fup-

SOSTENE'R, v. 2. to suffain, to support, to uphold, to maintain. SOSTENIMIE'NTO, s. m. suffai-

ning, supporting upholding maintaining.

SOSTITUTR, v. a. to substitute, to appoint one under another; to make a deputy.

SOSTITU'TO, adj. substituted; put under another; substantively used, a substitute, one placed under another.

SOT

SOTA, f. f. the knave at cards.

Sota de navio, that part of the hold of a ship where the ballaft lies.

SOTABANCO, f. m. among builders, a place jutting out towards the top of a wall over the frieze or cornice, and betwixt it and the roof, for any thing to reft or fland upon.

SOTACABALLERIZO, f. m. an officer subject immediately to the master of the horse.

SOTACOCHE'RO, f. m. an under coachman.

SOTACO'LA, f. f. a crupper, a frap put under the horse's tail and fixed to the saddle.

SOTALCA'LDE, f. m. a deputy governor.

SOTAMONTE'RO, f. m. an under huntiman,

SOTA'NA, f. f. a cassock.

SOTANI'LLA, f. f. a little caffock.

SOTA'NO, f. m. a cellari SOTAVENTA'DO, f. m. adj

drove to the leeward.

SOTAKE'NTO, f. m. the lee fide,

the fide on which the wind blows. SOTERRANEO, f. m. a vault, a place under ground.

Soteriáneo, adj. that is under ground. SOTERRA'R, v. a. to bury, to put under ground.

SOTI'CO, f. m. a little wood, thicker, or hedge; also a fort of herb that has leaves like trefoil SOTI'L, adj. v. SUTI'L.

SOTILE'ZA, f. f. v. SUTILE'ZA, SOTI'LIO, f. m. a little wood or thicket.

SOTILME'NTE, adv. v. SUTIL-ME'NTE.

SO'TO, f. m. a wood, a thicket, a hedge 1, a field hedged in.

Prov. Por foto no váyas trasótro, do not follow another in a wood or a thicket; because the boughs fly back from him that went before.

SOTOMINISTRO, f.m. an under minister or coadjutor in a religious order.

SOTRO'ZO, f. m. an iron put in the wheels of ordnance pieces, to keep them firm.

SPA

SPARGA'NEQ, f, f. an herb for called,

S P E.

SPERMA, f. f. v. ESPERMA:

SPO

SPO'DIO, f. m. the ashes of the elephant's tusks.

STA

STACTE, f. m. flaste, an aromatick, the gum that distils from, the tree which produces myrch.

STE

STEBA, f. f. an herb fo called; STENTO'RIO, adj. very firong, applied to the voice.

STEREOGRAPHI'A, f. f. ftereography; the art of drawing the: form of follds upon a plane.

STEREOGRA'PHICO, adj. relating to stereography:

STEREOMETRI'A, f. f. flereemetry; the art of measuring allforts of folid bodies.

STERNO'N, f. m. the stermur,

STO

STOMA'TICHO, adj. flomas. STOMA'TICO, chick, goodi for the flomach.

5 T R

STRATIOTE, f. m. 2 plant: fiscalled.

S U

SU', pron. yours, his. Su cabállo, his horse. Su pådre de v. m. your father.

S. U A.

SUADIR, v. 2. to perfuade. SUASIBLE, adj. that may be perfuaded.

SUASIO'N, f. f. perfuation. SUASI VO, adj. persuasive.

SUA'VE, adject. sweet, pleasant, fmooth, foft.

SUAVEME'NTE, adv. fweetly, pleafantly, foft.

SUAVIDA'D, f. f. fweerness, pleafantness, smoothness, softness.

SUAVIZA'R, v. a. to make fweet and pleafant to the mind or fen-

S: U B

SUBALTERNA'R, v. a. to subjeft, to place under another's command.

SUBALTE'RNO', adj. subaltern. SUBBRIGA'DIER, f. m. an officer of horse, next in order to a brigadier.

SUBDELEGACIO'N, f. f. fubdelegation, substitution.

SUBDELEGA'R, v. a. to subdelegate, to substitute, to appoint one to serve for another.

SUBDIACONA'DO, C f. m. the SUBDIACONATO, Coffice or dignity of a subdeacon.

SUBDIA'CONO, C. m. a subdeacom, the next in order to a deacon.

SU'BDITO, f. m. a fubject. SUBDIVIDI'R, v. a. to subdi-

SUBDIVISION, f. f. fubdivi-

'SU'BDUPLO, adj. subduple, containing one part of two.

SUBIDA, S. f. an ascent or going

Prov. De gran fubida, gran calda, a great rife will have a great fall.

SUBIDE'TO, adj. that is ascended, that one must ascend.

SUBI'DO, adj. lofty, high; metaph, proud, haughty.

Subldo de quilâtes, very fine or pure as gold or filver that is much refined; metaph. applied to any thing that is of great value.

Subido de cólor, high coloured: Subido de talones, grown haughty or proud.

SUBIDO'R, f. m. one that rifes or goes up; or one that enhances, or raises the price, or extols any

SUBI'R, v. n. to go up, to rife. Sublr el precio, to raise the price. Sublese de punto, to take state upon

Subirfo en el canto, to fing out of tune by overstraining the voice. Suhirse de talones, to grow proud. SUBITAME'NTE, adv. fuddenly. SUBITANEAME'NTE, adverb.

SUBITA'NEO, adj. sudden, unexpeded.

SUBITO, adj. fudden, unexpec-

SUBJUGA'R, v. a. to subdue. SUBJUNTIVO, f. m. a subjunctive in grammar.

SUBLEVACIO'N, f. f. rifing up, a sedition.

SUBLEVACIO'N, f. f. SUBLEVAMIE'NTO, C. m. rifing; the act of rifing or lifting

SUBLEVAR, v. a. to move a fedition or infurrection.

SUBLIMACIO'N, f. f. fublimation, lifting up, extolling.

SUBLIMA'R, v. a. to lift up, to raise, to extol.

SUBLI'ME, adj. lofty, high:

SUBLIMIDA'D, f. f. loftiness. SUBLUNA'R, adj. fublunar, fublunary, under the moon.

SUBORDINACION, f. f. fubordination.

SUBORDINADAME'NTE, adv. fubordinately.

SUBORDINA'R, v. a. to make fubordinare.

SUBPOLA'R, adj, lying under the pole:

SUBREPCION, C, E, subrepcion,

the act of obtaining by furprize or unfair representation,

SUBREPTICIAME'NTE, adv. clandestinely, thief-like.

SUC

SUBREPTI'CIO, adj. furreptitious, done by stealth.

SUBROGACIO'N, f. f. a putting in the place of another.

SUBROGA'R, v. a. to fubrogate. to put in the place of another.

SUBSCRIPCIO'N, f. f. a fubscrip-

SUBSCRI'TO, p. p. subscribed. SUBSCRIBIR, v. a. to fubscribe. SUBSEQuE'NTE, adj. subsequent. SUBSIDIO, f. m. fubfidy, aid,

SUBSISTE'NCIA, f f. subsistence. SUBSISTI'R, v. a. to subsist.

relief.

SUBSTA'NCIA, f. f fubftance, food, or nourishment.

Substancia, wealth, means of life .. SUBSTANCIA'L, adj. fubstantial.

SUBSTANCIA'R, v. a. to make. an abridgment or fummary; alfoto enquire about any thing.

SUBSTANCIO'SO, adj. belonging. to substance.

SUBSTANTIVAME'NTE . adv. Substantively.

SUBSTANTIVO, f. m. fubftan-

SUBSTITUCIO'N, f. f. fabilitution.

SUBSTITUTDOR, f. m. one who' puts another in his place.

SUBSTITUI'R, v. a. to substi-

SUBSTRAHE'R , v. a. to fubtract.

SUBTENDE'R, v. a. to subtend, to be extended under.

SUBTERRA'NEO, adj. subterraneal, subterraneous.

SUBURBA'NO, (f. m. a fuburb , SUBURBIO, C. outpart of al

SUBVERSIO'N, f. f. subversion ... ruin deftruction.

SUBVERTI'R. v. a. to Subvert; to overturn, to ruin, to destroys

S. U.C.

SUCARILLO, f. m. in cast. base or terant:

SUCA'RRO, f. m. in cant, a footman, a laquey, a fervant.
SUCCI'NO, f. m. yellow amber, fuch as they make necklaces of.
SUCCIO'N, f. f. fuction, the act of fucking.

SUCEDE'R, v. n. to fucceed, as by descent; to happen, to fall out.

SUCESSION, f. f. fuccession, descent.

SUCESSIVAME'NTE, adv. fucceffively, by descent.

SUCESSIVO, adj. fucceffive, by descent, or in course.

SUCE'SSO, f. m. fuccefs, event, accident, chance.

SUCESSO'R, f. m. a fucceffor. SUCIAME'NTE, adv. naftily, filthily.

SUCIE'DAD, f. f. naftines, filth, SUCINTAME'NTE, adv. succincly, briefly.

SUCINTO, adj. fuccind, brief. SUCIO, adj. nafty, dirty, filthy. SUCO, f. m. the sap of a tree. SUCO'SO, adj. juicy.

ŞUD

SUD, f. m. the fouth-west wind.
SUDADE'RO, f. m. a sweatingplace.
Sudadtro de la tièrra, a moist ground
where the water ouses out.
SUDAR, v. n. to sweat.
Más vále sudár que toser, it is benter
to sweat than to cough.
SUDA'RIO, f. m. a handkerchies.
SUDOR'FICO, adj. sudoriSUDOR'FICO, f.k.
SUDOR'FIERO, f.k.
SUDUE'STE, f. m. south-west.

SUE

SUE'GRA, f. f. a mother-in-law by marriage, the wife's, or the husband's mother.

Prov. No je asuérda la fuégra que fué nuéra, the mother-in-law does not remember she was a daughter-la-law.

SUE'GRO, f. m. a father-in-law by marriage, the wife's or the husband's father, SUE'LA, subst. f. the sole of the shoe.

Sueta, among carpenters, a piece of timber laid on the ground as a foundation to build a lath and plaister wall upon; or a plank laid under a shore or prop.

Prov. Sullas y vino and an camino, soles and wine to go the journey; that is good soles to save the feet, and wine to chear the heart, make a man travel easily. SUE'LDO, s. m. pay, wages. SUE'LO, f. m. the ground, the floor, the betterm

floor, the bottom.

Dar con la cosa en el suelo, to let
a thing fall upon the ground.

Echár la casa por el suelo, to level a house with the ground.

Levantar la casa el suelo, to build a house from the ground.

Prov. Quien no pone y siempre faca, suello halla, a man who always spends and never gers, must see an end of what he has. SUELTA, f. f. the act of untying. Sueltas, f. f. pl. fetters for horses feet.

SUELTAME'NTE, adv. loofely, lightly, nimbly, freely.

SUE'LTO, adj. loofe, free, at liberty; nimbly, active, quick. Suelto de léngua, talkative.

SUE'NO, f. m. obf. a found. SUE'nO, f. m. a fleep, a dream. Dormir a fueno fuelso, to fleep found, without any diffurbance.

Decir el fueno y la foltura, to tell a man his dream and the expofition of it; metaph, to tell a man all one's mind with freedom.

Prov. Tomófele el fueño del perro, it was like a dog's dream to him. Applied to those who fancy they can compass great matters, and come off with loss.

Proy. De los fueños no créas málos ni buénos, of dreams believe neither the good nor the bad. Do not be superstitious and give credit to dreams.

Prov. Sueño fossesdo no tême nubládo, quiet sleep sears no foul weather; that is, he who sleeps found, has no apprehensions, fears, or cares upon him. SUE'RO, f. m. whey; the serum in a man's blood.

SUE'RTE, f. m. a lot, a chance.
Also a fort, a kind., or a magner.

Echhr fuértes , to caft lots.

Esto me cupo en suerte, chis sell to my lot.

No le quiéro de ésta subre, I will not have it of this sort, after this manner.

Prov. A måla futre embidår futre te, he that has ill luck must push boldly.

SUE'STE, f. f. m. fouth-eaft,

6 U F

SUFICIE'NCIA, f. f. fufficiency, enough.

SUFICIE'NTE, adj. fufficient. SUFICIENTEME'NTE, adv. fuf-

ficiently.

SUFOCACIO'N, f. f. fuffocation.

SUFOCA'R, v. 2. to fuffocate, to

SUFOCA'R, v. 2. to fuffocate, to fuffe.

SUFRAGA'NEO, f. m. fuffer.

gan, subordinate to an archbilhop.

SUFRAGA'R, v. a. to help, to favour.

SUFRA'GIO, f. m. a vote; also favour, assistance; commonly used for the prayers of the church.

SUFRE, f. m. brimstone.

SUFRE'NCIA, f. f. obf. fuffer rance, patience.

SUFRIBLE, adj. tolerable, that may be endured.

SUFRIDA, f. f. in cant, a bed. SUFRIDE'RO, adj. that may be endured.

SUFRIDO, adj. patient, that will fuffer much, in cant, ene that endured the rack without confessing.

SUFRIDO'R, f. m. one who fuffers or endures.

SUFRIMIE'NTO, f. m. patience. SUFRI'R, v. a. to fuster, to endure.

Prov. Sufre par fabér, y trabéja por téner, endure inconveniencies to acquire knowledge, and rake pains to gain wealth.

SUFUMIGACION, f. f. fuffuph gation.

SUG

SUGESTION, f. f. fuggestion.
SUGE'TO, adj. subject.
Sugeto, s m. a subject.
Fulâno es un sugeto de importância,
such a one is a person of note.
SU'GO, s. m. juice:
SUGO'SO, adj. juicy, full of juice

SUJ

SUJECIO'N, f. f. fubjection: SUJETA'R, v. a. to fubject, to fubmit.

SUJE'TO, adj. exposed, liable to.

S. U.L.

SULCA'R, v. a. to make furrows, to plough.

SU'ICO, f. m. a furrow.

SULFONE'TE, f. m. a match to light fire with.

SULPHU'REO, adj. fulphureous.

SULQU'ILLO, f. f. a little furrow.

SULTA'N, f. m. a fultar:

S. U M.

SUMA, f. f. a fum.

SUMAME'NTE, adv. in fine, in short; also highly, lostily.

SUMA'R, v. a. to fum, to cast up, to add together:

SUMARIAME'NTE, adv. briefly.

SUMARIO, f. m. a fuminary, short contents, the fum or substance.

SUMERGPR,, v. a. to fink, to drown.

SUMERSIO'N',, f. f. fubmerfion, drowning.

SUMIDAD, f. f. height, the top. SUMIDE'RO, f. m. a fink, a place that fwallows all up.

SUMILLE'R, de curina, f. m. a chaplain of honur to the king. Sumillé de corps, tking's exquire of the body.

SUMILLERI'A, f. f. the buttery. SUMINISTRACIO'N, f. f. affording, fupplying.

SUMINISTRADO'R, f. m. one who supplies or affords.

SUMINISTRA'R, v. a to supply, to afford.

SUMI'R, v. a. obf. to fink, to fwallow, up, to overwhelm.
Sumbfe, v. r. to fink into the ground.
SUMISSION, f. f. fubmission.

SUMISSION, f. f. lubmission. SUMISSO, p. p. of the verb fomé-

ter; adjectively used, it means humble, submissive.

SUMI'STA, f. m. one that makes a collection or an abridgment of many things.

SU'MO, adj. the highest, the most excellent.

Et sumo pontifice, the pope:

SUMPTUA'RIO, adj. fumptuary, relating to expence.

SUMPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. fumptuously, pompously, magnificently.

SUMPTUOSIDAD, f. f. fumptuousness, pempousness, magnifi-

SUMPTUO'SO, adj. fumptuous, pompous, magnificent.

SU'MULA, f. m. a fum, a collection, an abridgment. SUMULI'STA, f. m. v. SUMI'S-

UMULISTA, f. m. v. SUI TA.

S U N

SUNCHO, f. m. an iron that faftens the pump on board a ship.

S U R

SUPEDITA'R, v. a. to supply; to furnish, to provide; also to have enough.

SUPERA'BLE, adj. that may be conquered, overcome, fubdued, SUPERABUNDA'NCIA, f. f. fu

perabundance: SUPERABUNDA'NTE, adj. fu-

perabounding.
SUPERABUNDA'R. v. 2. to fu-

SUPERABUNDA'R, v. a, to fuperabound.

SUPERA'R, v. a. to overcome; SUPE'RBO, adj. vide SOBER-BIO:

SUPERCHERIA, f. f. overbearing, fraud, deceis, fallacy; also incivillity.

SUPERCHE'RO, adj. one: that overbears, that oppresses.

SUPERFICIA'L w adj. superficial.

SUPERFICIALME'NTE, adv fuperficially.

SUPERFI'CIE, f. f. the superficies, the outward face of a thing.

SUPERFLUAME'NTE, adv. fuperfluoufly.

SUPERFLUIDA'D , f. f. fliper-fluity.

SUPE'RFIUO, adj. fuperfluous. \(\)
SUPERINTENDE'NCIA, \(\)
fuperintendency, overfeeing.

SUPERINTENDE'NTE, f. mia superintendant, an overseer.

SUPERIO'R, adj. superior, that is above or over another, uppermost.

Superior, f. m. a superior:

SUPERIORIDA'D, f. f. fuperiority.

SUPERIORME'NTE, adv. Superiorly.

SUPERLATIVAME'NTE, adv. fuperlatively.

SUPERLATI'VO, adj. fuperlative, of the fuperlative degree.

SUPE'RNO, adj. supreme, the his-

SUPERNUMERA'RIO, adj. fupernumerary, above the numberallowed.

SUPERSTICIO'N, f. f. superfitiention:

SUPERSTICIOS AME'NTE adv. superstitionsly:

SUPERSTICIO'SO, adj. fuper--

SUPI'NO, f. m:

Supinos de rapója, the herb fatyrion,, or frander grafs.

SUPITAME'NTE, adv. obf. fnd. denly.

SUPITA'#O',, adj. obf. v. SUBIF-TA'NEO:

SU'PITO, adj. obf. fudden:

SUPLEME'NTO , f. m. a fupples

SU'PLICA, f. f. a pecition, a re-

SUPLICACION, f. f. intreaty, fupplication, an humble request; also a sweet wafer rolled up, fuch as the confessioners sell.

SUPLIC ACIONE'RO, f. m. oges
that makes or fells fweet wafers.
SUPLIC A'NTR Compa Grandiant

SUPLICA'NTB, f. m. a suppliant, he that beseeches or intreass.

SUPLICA'R, v. 2. to intreat, to befeech.

SUR

SUPLICIO, f. m. punishment. SUPLIMIE'NTO, f. m. a fupplement, making up what is want-

SUPLI'R, v. 2. to make up what is deficient or wanting.

SUPONEDO'R, f. m. the person who supposes.

SUPONE'R, v. a. to suppose.

SUPOSICION, f. f. a supposition; alfo a story, a lie.

SUPREMAME'NTE, adv. to the last end, lastly.

SUPRE'MO, adj. supreme, chief. SUPRESSION, f. f. Suppression. SUPRIMI'R, v. a. to suppress, to

SUPUE'STO, p. p. of Supontr.

SUPURACION, f. f. Supuration, the ripening of a wound.

SUPURA'R, v. a. to suppurate, to come to matter, as a wound

SUPURATI'VO, adj. the medicine that suppurates or brings a wound to matter.

SUPUTACIO'N . f. f. computation, calculation.

SUPUTA'R, y. a. to compute, to calculate.

SUR

SUR, f. m. the fouth.

SURA, f. f. one of the bones in the leg, anatomically fo called.

SURCA'R, v. a. to furrow, to plough up; to cut through the water as a ship does.

SURCI'R, v. a. v. ZURZI'R, SURCO, f. m. a furrow in a field' or garden.

SURGIDE'RO, f. m. a road at fea, an anchoring place.

SURGI'R, v. n. to arrive, to come to an anchor.

SURRIO, f. m. a buzzing noife. Surrio de tripas, a noise of wind in the belly.

SURTI'DA, f. f. a small gate in a fortress for the garrison to fally at on occasion of a siege.

SURTIDO'R, f. m. one that provides, a caterer,

SURTI'R, v. a. to rebound, to fly high; also to supply with goods. Sursir effedo, to have an effect. SURTO, adj. come to an anchor or riding at anchor; p. p. of the verb furgir.

S US

SUS, pron. their; as fus mános, their hands.

Sus, an interj. go to; as sus, vámos, come, let us go.

SUSCITA'R, v. a. to rouse up, to

SU'SO, adv. above.

De sisso, from above.

SUSODI'CHO, adj. above faid, above mentioned.

SUSPE'CTO, adj. fulpected. SUSPENDEDO'R, f. m. who fufpends, or keeps in fuspense.

SUSPENDE'R, v. a. to suspend. SUSPENSIO'N , f. f. fufpenfe, sufpension, remporary ceffation.

SUSPENSIVO, adj. what has the faculty, or power of suspending.

SUSPE'NSO, p. p. of suspender. SUSPENSO'RIO, adject. what is made use of in suspending any

thing.

to defend.

SUSPIRA'R, v. n. to figh. SUSPI'RO, f. m. a figh.

SUSTE'N, f. m. v. SOSTE'N. SUSTENE'R, v. a. vide SOSTE-

SUSTENTACION, f. f. the act of Supporting.

SUSTENTADO'R, f. m. who sustains, maintains, or supports. SUSTENTAMIE'NTO, f. m. maintenance, food, suffenance. SUSTENTA'R, v. a. to fustain, to maintain, to support, to uphold

Suft ntur mucha cafa, to be keep a great family.

Suftentar mucho peso, to bear a great weight.

Suftentar conclusiones, to defend conclusions in the schools.

SUSTE'NTO , f. m. fustenance , maintenance.

SUSTFLIQ, f. m. diminutive of ∫ufto.

SUSTITUCIO'N, f. f. the subfiltuting of another in one's place. SUSTITU'TO, f. m. a fubilitute. one that is appointed in the place of another.

SYC

SUSTITUI'R, v. a. to substitute, to put in the place of another.

SUSTO, f. m. trouble, cause of trouble, of suspense, or fear, of fright, and the like.

SUSURRADO'R, f. m. one that makes a humming noise; also a whisperer, a mumbler.

SUSURRA'R, v. n. to make a humming noife, to whilper.

SUSU'RRO, f. m. a humming like bees, a whilpering, a muttering.

SUT

SUTIL, adj. subtle, crafty; also thin, slender, curious, fine.

SUTILIDA'D, crafe thinness, slenderness.

SUTILIZA'R, v. 2. to subtilize, to make thin, fine, or slender; to talk finely, to spin out an argument.

SUTILME'NTE, adv. fubrly, craftily, thinly, slenderly, delicately, curiously.

SUTI'RO, f. m. that noise which one hears in the ear by pressing . it with the palm of one's hand. SUTU'RA, f. f. future.

SUYO, pron. his, or her's,

S Y B

S U X

SYBILA, f, f. a fybil, a prophe-

SYBILI'NO, adj. written or foretold by the fybils.

SYBILI'SMO, f. m. the doctrine of the sybils.

SYBILI'STA, f. m. who profeses that doctrine,

SYC

SYCOMO'RO, f. m. a fycomore, a tree to called.

SYCOPHA'NTA, f. m. a fycophant.

SYC

SYL

SYLA'BA, f. f. a fyllable.

SYLABA'RIO, f. m. a book containing an explanation of Syllables.

SYLOGI'SMO, f. m. a fyllogifm. SYLOGI'STICO, adj. fyllogiftical.

SYLOGIZA'R, v. n. to fyllogize, to reason by syllogism.

SY LVA, f. f. v. SE'LVA.

SYLVA'NOS, f. m. pl. the fylvan gods.

SYLVE'STRE, adj. rustick; also unpolite.

SYM

SYMBO'LICO, adj. fymbolicat.

SYMBOLIZA'CION, f. f. fymbolization, refemblance.

SYMBOLIZA'R, v. n. to fymbolize, to refemble.

SYMBOLO, f. m. a fymbol, a type.

SYMETRIA, f. f. fymmetry, a proportion, harmony.

SYME'TRICO, adj. symetrical, proportionate.

SYMPATHIA, f. f. fympathy,

SYMPATHICAME'NTB, adv. fympathetically, with fympathy. SYMPA'THICO, adj. fympathe-

SYMPHONIA, . f. fymphony, concert of instruments.

SYMPTO'MA, f. m. a fymptom, a fign, a token among physicians. SYMPTOMA'TICO, adj. fymptomatical.

SYN

SYNABA'PHA, f. f. any fluff of its natural colour.

SYNAGOGA, f. f. a synagogue. SYNALEPHA, f. f. a figure in grammar so called.

SYNCOPA, f. f. a syncope.

SYNCOPA'R, v. a. to shorten, to abbreviate, to cut off.

SYNDE'RESIS, f. m. consciousness of what is good and bad without being taught.

SYNDICA'R, v. a. to accuse a person before a judge, to syndicate.

SY'NDICO, f. m. a fort of judger SYNODA'L, SYNO'DICO, adj. fynodal.

SY'NODO, f. m. a fynod, an affembly of the clergy.

SYNO'NIMIA, f. f. fynonymy.

SYNONIMO, adj. fynonymous.

SYNTA'XIS, f. f. fyntax, fyntaxis.

SYNTHE'SIS, f. f. fyuthefis, the act of joining.

SYR

SYRIO, f. m. the dog-flar.
SYRTES, f. f. a quick-fand, a
bog, also any danger.

SYS

SYSTE'MA, f. f. a fystem. SYSTOLE, f. f. the contraction & of the heart; also the shortening of a long fyllable.

SYZ

SYZYGIA, f. f. an aftronomical rerm, denoting a certain phenomenon of the moon,

T:

T, Pronounced as in English.

T A

TA', interj. foftly; take care.

T A B

TA'BA, f. f. the joint bone of any animal between the two long bones,

Juego de taba, a play with fuch bones among children.

Meneár la tabás, to make haste.

TABA'CO, f. m. the herb tobac-

TABALA'DA, f. f. a box in the

TABALA'RIO, L. m. the backfide.

FABALEAR, v. n. to make a noise with the fingers upon a table.

TABANA'ZO, f. m. a cuff in the

TABA'NCO, f. m. a stall in the firects, where they sell any thing to eat.

TA'BANO, f. m. a horner or horfefly.

TABAO'LA, f. f. a great and confused noise, an uproar, a scusse, a fray.

TABA'QUE, f. m. a little basker, fuch as ladies use to keep their work in.

TABAQUE'RA, f. m. a fnuffbox.

TABAQUERIA, f. f. the place or shop where fnuff is fold.

TABAQUE'RO, f. m. the feller of

TABAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little

TABAQUISTA, f. m. a connoifeur in fuuff, and a great taker of fuuff.

TABARDE'TE, f. m., the TABARDE'LLO, footed fever.

TABA'RDO, f. m. a coat worn by country people, by rufticks, TABA'RRO, f. m. a horner, TABELLO'N, f. m. a writer, a kind of notary.

TABE'RNA, f. f. a tavern.

TABERNA'CULO, f. m. a tabernacle, a tenti

TABERNE'RO, f. m. a vintner, a tavern-keeper.

TABI, f. m. tabby, a filk-fluff fo called.

TABICA'R, v. n. to make an enclofure, a partition, or a wall of lath and plaister, or the like.

TABIDO, adj. rotten, corrupted, in a state of fiecary.

TABI'QUE, f. m. a thin wall or partition of lath and plaister.

TA'BLA, f. f. a board, a plank; a table, a picture, a banker's counter.

Tábla de rio, that part where the river runs smoothest.

Tabla de meson, a board which is the figu of a longing-house or inn.

Tábla de músso, the thick brawny part of the thigh.

Tábla pará contár, an arithmetical table.

Segunda tábla despues del naufrágio, a second plank after shipwreck.

Táblas del pescuézo del cabállo, the fides of a horse's neck.

Juégo de táblas, the game of ta-

TABLACHI'NA, f. f. a square buckler.

TABLA'CHO, f. m. a dam to detain water.

TABLADI'LLO, f. m. a little fcaffold, floor, or boarded place.

TABLA'DO, f. m. a fcaffold, the floor of a room, a boarded place.

Tablado, f. m. a mark to shoot arrows at.

Tablado, adj. covered with boards or planks,

TABLA'GE, f. m. boarding, planking,

TABLAGERI'A, f. f. a gaminghouse where they play at tables,

TABLAGE'RO, f. m. one that keeps a gaming house, one that haunes gaming - houses. In old Spanish, a gentleman who exercised himself, darring at a mark, called tablado.

TABLA'NTES, f. m. pl. in cant

TABLA'R, f. m. one of the compartments in a kitchen-garden.

TABLAZO', f. m. 2-blow given: with a table.

TABLAZO'N, f. m. planks, boards, planking, boarding.

TABLEA'R, v. a. to divide a kitchen-garden into compartments.

TABLE RO, f. m. tables to playon, a chess or draught-Board; also a shop board; a dreffer in a kitcken; also a square stone for an infeription.

Tabléro del capitél, the square flone on the top of a column.

Tabléro, a mark to shoot arrows

Ponér la vida al tabléto, to put oneis

Perdér en los tabliros, to luse at tables.

TABLE TA, f. f. a little board or plank, a little table, a tablet to write on; also a sweet lozenge.

TABLETEA'DO, f. m. the noise that is made by preffing the boards that form a floor.

TABLE TEA'R, v. n. 10 make the board floor crack by treading upon it.

TABLI'TA, f. f. a little board.

TABLILLA, f. f. idem; also a child's horn-book, a teblet to write on, and the fign hung out to shew a house lets lodgings.

TABLO'N, f. m. a plank, a large board.

TABLOZA, f. f. a painter's pal-

TABU'CO, f. m. a closet; cup-

TABURE'TE, f. m. a chais with a back, but no arms to it.

TABURETI'LLO, f. m. dimin. . of taburete.

TAC:

TACAMA'CA, f. f. a gum diffilling from a tree called by the fame name.

TACAnEA'R, v. ninto play the : knave.

TACABRIA, f. f. knavery. .

TACA'ñO, f. m. a knave, a fly deceitful fellow.

TACA'R, v. a. to leave a mark, a stain, or other thing that hurts the thing marked or stained.

TACE'TA, f. f. a vellel used in the oil preffes.

TA'CHA, f. f. a blemish, a fault, a defect.

TACHA'R, w. a. to find fault with.
TACHO'N, f. m. a flud, a nail with
a great flat head.

TACHONA'R, v. a. to flud, to adorn with fluds.

TACANARIO, f. m. the bum, the backfide.

TACHUE'LA, f. f. a fmall nail galled a sack.

TACITAME'NTE, adv. tacitly, filently, privately.

TA'CITO, adj. ftill, quiet, hush, filent.

TACITURNIDA'D, f. f. saciturpity, filence.

TACITU'RNQ, adj. filent, not talkative.

TA'CO, f.m. the stopper for the bung of a barrel, the rammer of a gun, a tack to play at billiards, she tompion that stops the mouth of cannons when they are not used.

TACO'N, f. m. the heel-piece of a shoe.

TACONEA'R, v. n. to make a noife with the heels in walking.

TACTICA, f. f. tacticks, the art of ranging men in the field of battle.

TA'CTO, f. m. the fenfe of feel-

TAF

TAFANA'RIO, f. m. the bum, the backfide.

TAFETA'N, f. in. taffety.

TAFILE'TE, f. m. a kind of thin leather for called,

TAPILETEA'R, v. a. to adorn with thin leather.

TATUREA, f. f. a flat - bottom boat to carry horles in.

TAG

TAGARINO, f. m. an anciene Mariso officens described train the Moors such as before the expulsion lived among the ancient Christians in several towns, and were become such perfect Spaniards, that they could not be distinguished by any other way, than by being obliged to live apart from the rest in quarters of those towns allotted for them; in Barbary, the Moors give this name to the Moors that where expelled out of Spain.

TAGARNI'NA, f. f. a fort offweet thiftle good to eat.

THGARO'TB f. m. the worft, fort of falcon; metaph, a poor gentleman, who lays hold of a diangrowhere he can get it.

TAH

TAHALI', f. m. a shoulder-belt, a bandelier-belt.

TAHE'nO, adj. a reddish brown colour.

Tahéno de bárba, that has a red beard.

TAHO'NA, f. f. a norfe-mill; also bridewell.

TAHONE'RO, f. m. the man that keeps the atahona.

TAHULLA, f, f. a measure or portion of land so called.

TAHUR, f. m. a gamester, a sharper, one that makes gaming his business.

TAHURA'ZO, f. m. a great gamester or sharper.

TAHURERI'A, f. f. a gaminghoufe.

TAT

TAIBI'QUE, f. m. vide TABI-QUE.

TAIMA'DO, adj. fly, cautious, crafty.

TAIMONIA, f. f. craftiness.
TAITA, f. f. the word children use for day or dady.

ГАЈ

TAJA, f. f. a fcore, a rally.
TAJA'DA, f. f. a fcore, a rally.
Tajaday a cut, a flash, a flice, a piece cut off,

Fajida de carne, a slice of meat.

TAL

TAJADE'RA, f. f. a dam that keeps water from running to a particular part.

TAJADE'RO, f. m. a chopping board.

TAIADO'R, f. m. a cutter, a flasher; a flicer; also a carver, and a chopping book or board.

TAJAMA'R, f. th. the cuswater the sharp part of the ship before, that curs and divides the water before it comes to the bow.

TAJA'R, v. a. to cut, flash, to flice, to carve.

TAJO, f. m. a cut with any inftrument; also a chopping block. TAJO'N, f. m. a great choppingblock, or board.

TAJONCILLO, f. m. m. a little chopping-block or board.

TAJUE'LA, f. m. a four-leggedflool.

·TAL

TAL, fuch.

Tal qual, fuch as it is.

Soys un tal por qual, a fly way of calling one a knave, or a whore.

Tales y tales palabras, fuch and fuch words.

TALA, f. f ravage, spoil, havock, washing of a country.

TALABA'RTE, f. m. a belt for a fword.

TALADO'R, f. m. a ravager, a waster, a spoiler.

TALADRA'R, v. a. to bore, to pierce.

TALA'DRO, f. m. a wimble a piercer', an inftrument to bore with, a tarrier to make a tap hole in a'barrel.

TALAME'RA. f. f. the tree where the lures are laid to catch wild pigeons.

TALANQUE'RA, f. f. the feaffolds erected to fee the buil-feafls, or any fuch feaffold or place erected to fee shows.

TALANTE, f. m. obf. defire, will, pleafure.

TALANTO'SO, adj. obf. defirous, wilful.

TALA'R, v. a. to ravage, to spoil, to waste, to cut down.

Cccc 2

TALAVE'RA, f. f. earthen ware.
TA'I.CO, f. m. tale, infinglafs,
fuch as is used instead of glass in
windows, or before small pictures.
TALE'GA, f. f. a bag, a pouch.

TALEGAZO, f. m. a blow with

a bag.

"TAIE'GO, f. m. a bag or fack.

TALEGO'N, f. m. a great bag or pouch, a money-bag.

TALEGUILLA, f. f. (a little

TALEGUI'TO, f. m. (bag. TALE'NTO, f. m. a ratem, an ancient fum of money fn Greece and other eastern countries; the natural ratent, ability, or capacity.

of equal damage for wrong done, as tooth for tooth, eye for eye, &c.

ITALIONA'R, v. a. to chastize with the punishment of the takon.

TALISMA'N, f. m. talifman, a magical character.

'TA'LLA, f. f. carving, graving, carved work; also a tax; also the gravings or bits that fly out in graving or carving.

Média tálla, half relief, when an image is but half raised in carving

or sculpture.

iTALLADU'RA, f. f. carving. Berter entalladura.

"TALLA'R, v. a. to carve, to cur out, to shape, to fashion.

TALLA'ZO, f. m. augmen. of talle.

ETA'LLE, f. m. the mien, proportion, shape, fashion, presence.

*TAILECE'R, v. n. to grow to a flalk, to sprout out, to grow slicky, as plants do when they run to feed.

TAILECTICO, f. m. a little
TAILECTILO, fine, prefence, fiTAILECTICO, gure, or
proportion; the diminut: of salle;
also a small flalk or flem of any

also a small stalk or stem of any thing that grove, and dimin, of tallo.

JTALLL'R, f. m. a place where carvers work; also an academy or the like, where sciences are taught publickly.

Billines, f. m. pl. an ancicat coin in Spain.

TAILI'STA, f. m. a carver.
TA'ILO, f. m. the flalk, of flem
of an herb, a young sprig of a
tree. There was once a tax or duty called by this name.

TAM

TALLUDO, adj. stalky, grown to stalks.

TALMUD, f. m. the Jewish Tal-

TALO'N, f. m. the heel; also the heel of a shoe or stocking; in cant, an inn.

Apretér las talones, to run away. Ir a talon, to go on foot.

Tenfr el juicio en los talones, to have the judgement in the heels; to be imprudent or inconfiderate. TALONEA'R, v. n. to go with great speed.

TALONE'RO, f. m. in cant, the fame as mesonero and ventero, an inn-keeper.

TALONE'SCO, adj. belonging to the heels.

TALPA'RIA, f. f. a tumour or abcels in the pericranium.

TA'LQUE, f. f. clay to make crucibles.

TALVI'NA, f. f. a hafty-pudding, water and flour boiled together.

TAM

TAMA'NDOA', f. m. as firange creature in Brafil as big as a dog. TAMAĀAME'NTE, adv. as big as another.

TAMA'nO, f. m. the magnitude, the bigness, bulk, flature, or:proportion.

TAMARA, f. f. the date on the bough or branch; also a faggot of brushwood.

TAMARINDO, f. m. the tamarind, the fruit of a beautiful race fo called.

TAMARISCO, C. f. m. the shrub
TAMARIZ, Called a tamarisk, fometimes growing up to
a great tree.

TAMBA, f. f. in cant; a blanker.

TAMBALEA'R, v. n. to moTAMBALEA'RSE, v. r. ve.to.
and fro.

TAMBALE'O, f. m., the movement to and fro. TAMBARI'LLO, f. m. a small trunk with the top round, like the oldsashioned trunks.

TAMBESCO, f. m. a fwing used by children to swing themselves.

TAMBIE'N, adv. as well, also.

TAMBO, f. m. the Indian name in Peru; for the great inns built by the incas on the roads for lodging travellers; and still called by the fame name by the Spaniards.

TAMBO'R, f. m. a drum.

TAMBORE'TE, f. m. a round piece of timber used on board a ship so called.

TAMBORFL, f. m. a.drum, a tabor.

TAMBORILE'RO, f. m. one that plays on a tabor or drum.

TAMBORI'N, f. m. a tabor.

TAMBORITE'RO, f. m. a drummer.

TAMIZ, f. m. a fieve.

TA'MO, f. m. chaff; also the hurds of hemp beaten, or firm worn todust or chaff.

TAMPO'CO, adv. as little.', neither.

TAMUJO, f. m. a fort of gofs or: furzbush, with which they heart ovens.

T A N:

TAN, adv. as, fo.

Tan bién, as well, alfor.

Tan buéno, as good.

Tan málo, as bad.

. To : :

TANACE'TO, f.m. an Indian Herita fo called.

TA'NDA, f. f. a tesk, a turn of any thing that goes about among manny.

TANGIBLE, adj. that may be tenched.

TANPO'CO, adv. as little, acither.

TAN SOLAME'NTE, adv. only... TANTAS VE'CES, adv. fo.many times, fo often.

TANTEADO'R, f. m. the person:
who deliberates or confiders:

TANTEA'R, v. a. to weigh, to confider, to cast up, to deliberate, i to essay, to calculate, to my; also to make, so tax.

TANTEO, f. m. antilly ; a trial,

a calculation, a confideration, a valuation; also a rating or taxing.

TANTICO, a very little, or thus little.

TA'NTO, fo much, or as much.

Tánto mas, so much more. Tánto ménos, so much less.

TA'NTO, f. m. a counter to play or cast accounts with.

TAB

TAREDO'R, f. m. a musician.

TARE'R, v. a. to play upon some musical instrument; from the Latin tangere.

TAnI'DO, f. m. a tune.

TARIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. the fenfe of feeling.

. Or A Or

TA'O, f. m. a badge like the letter
T, worn by those of the order of
St. Anthony.

T A P

TAPA, f. f. a cover for any thing, a lid of a box , &c. also the heelpieces of a shoe.

TAPABO CA, f. f. a ftroke on the mouth with the hand.

TAPADE'RA , f. f. a cover for any thing.

TAPADE'RO, f, m. a Ropple.

TAPADI'LLO, f. m. the act of covering one felf with the mantle worn over the head.

TAPADI'ZO, f. m. any thing that ferves to cover another.

TAPADO'R, f. m. a Ropper or flopple.

TAPA'R', v. a. to ftop a hole, to cover any thing.

TAPETADO, if mo the inside of leather: turned: outward, in: any thing that is worn and blacked; thence taken for a dirty black, or avery dark colour; a face like a mulatre almost black.

TAPE'TE, f. m. a carpet; a piece of tapefiry.

TAPIA; I, I, a mpd val.

TAPIADO'R, f. m. one that makes mud walls.

TAPIA'L, f. m. the case of boards or wattles, which served to fill up to make mud walls to keep the stuff together; also a rammer to bear earth.

TAPIA'R, v. a. to make a mud wall, to wall up a place.

Tapiar el médio cuérpo, to stick a man half way into the earth, and so let him die.

TAPICERIA, f. f. tapestry, hangings.

TAPICE'RO, f. m. a tapestry weaver;

TAPUCES, f. m. pl. tapeftry hangings.

Taplees de tilera, carpets to lay on the ground.

TAPIZ, f. f. a piece of tapeftry, a Turky-work carpet.

TAPIZA'R ,, v. a, to hang with tapeftry.

TAPLO, f. m. in cast, a plate.

TAPO'N, f. m. a ftopple, a bung

of a barrel, a tompion for the

mouth of a gun.

Al primer tapon surrapas, dregs at the first stopping so they say, when things fall out ill at first. TAPONCL'TO, s. m. a little stop-

TAPUCA'RSE, v. r. to cover one's face that one may not be known.

TAPU'CO, f. m. the aft covering or hiding one's face.

T A Q

TA'QUE, f. m. a found like knocking at a door.

TAOUI'N. f. m. in cant. a olck-

TAQUIN, f. m. in cant, a plokpocket.

T A R

TA'RA', f. f. tare, the caft', or the like, that must be allowed for in weight.

TARACE'A, I. f. inleid work in

TARACEA'R', v. a. to inlay.

TARAFA'DA; f. f. in cant; a

cheat.

TARAFA'NA, f. f. in cant, the custom-house.

TARA'FES, f. f. pl. in cant the, - dice.

TARAGONCIA, f. f. the herb taragon.

TARAGOZA, f. f. in cant, peo-

TARAGOZAGIDA, f. f. in cant,, a town.

TARANGA'NA, f. E. a kind of faufage fo called.

TARA'NDO, f. m. a kind of stag! fo called.

TARA'NTULA, f. f. a venemousfpider in the kingdom of Naples, which biting a man, makes himdie mopish, unless he be curedi by musick.

Paréce que la ha mordido la tarántula, he cannot be queet, be still in one place.

TARA'RIRA, f. f. a merry feaft.

TARA'SCA, f. f. a great ferpent or a giant, carried about towns to make fport on great festivals; thence used for an hobgoblin, or any that is frightful.

TARASCA'DA, f. f. the-bite of all dog also ill language.

TARASCA'R, v. s. to bite as dogs

TARASCO'N, f. m. the fame as' taráfca.

TARAVILLA, f. f. the clacker of a mill: metaph, a tongue that is never fill.

TARAY, f. m the tamarisk shrub, TARAZA'NA, f. f. e a dock-TARAZANAL, f. m. wherethey build or lay up ships.

TARAZAR, v. a. to tear off as'
the civet cars do their tefficles'
when hunted, that part being the'
principal end for which they are'
hunted.

TARAZO'N, f. m. a piece, a flice;.

TARBE'A, f. f. a square trencher.
TARDADO'R, f. m. one that stays:
or delays.

TARDA'NO, adj. v. TARDIO!

TARDA'R, v. n. to flay long, so delay, to be long a coming, to floor.

TARDE, I. f. the evening.

Tarde, adv. late ; alfo the event

TEMBLA'R, v. n. to tremble, to quake, to shake.

TEMBLE'QUE, f. m. an aigrette, an ornament worn by women on the head.

TEMBLEQUE'AR, v. n. to qua-TEMBLETE'AR, ke, to be tremulous.

TEMBLO'R, f. m. a trembling, quaking, or shivering.

Temblor de tiérra, an earthquake. TEMEDE'RO, adjed. to be feared.

TEME'R, w. a. and r. to fear. TEMERARIAME'NTE, adv rashly.

TEMERARIO, adj. rash.
TEMERIDA'D, f. f. rashness.

TEMERO'N, fubft. m. a bully, a braggadocio, a puffing fellow.

TEMEROSAME'NTE, adv. fear-fully.

TEMERO'SO, adj. timorous, fearful.

TEMOR, f. m. fear, dread. Prov. Por temór no pierdas honór, do not lose honour for fear.

TEMO'SO, adj. obstinate, positive, one that will not be moved when he sets upon a thing.

TE MPANO, f. m. vide TIM-PANO.

TEMPERAME'NTO, f. m. temperament.

TEMPERA'R, v. a. to temperate.
TEMPERA'NCIA, tubif. f. vide
TEMPLRA'NZA, TEMPIANZA.

TEMPE'RO, f. m. temper, dispoficion of a ground to receive the feeds.

TEMPESTA'D, f. f. a tempest, a storm.

TEMPESTIVIDA'D, f. f. feafonablenefs.

TEMPESTIVO, adject. feafonable.

TLMPESTUO'SO, adj. tempef-

TEMPLA, f. f. a kind of paint used by painters.

TEMPLADAME'NTE, adystemperately, moderately.

TEMPLADI'CO, adj. a little tempered.

TEMPLADO'R, f. m. a temperer, moderator. in musick, a tuner.

TEMPLAMIE'NTO, f. m. obf.
TEMPLA'NZA, temperance, fobriety, moderation.
TEMPLA'R, verb. a. to temper, to moderate, to tune an inftrument.

TEMPLA'RIO, f. m. a Knight-Templar.

TE'MPLE, f. m. temper, temperature.

TEMPLECILLO, f. m. 2 little church or temple.

TE'MPLO, f. m. a temple, a church.

TEMPORA'DA, f. f. a time, space, or tract of time.

TEMPORA'L, adject. temporal, worldly.

Temporal, f. m. bad weather, a fudden heavy shower.

TEMPORALME'NTE, adv. temporally.

TEMPORALIDA'D, f. f. tempoporality; a living that belongs not to the church.

TE'MPORAS, f. f. pl. the four Emberweeks at the four quarters of the year.

TEMPORIZA'R, v. a. to temporize, to play the time-ferver.

TEMPRANA'L, adj. that fructifies early; faid of a foil.

TEMPRANAME'NTE, adv. early betimes.

TEMPRA'NO, adv. early. Tempráno, adj. foon ripe. Fruia temprána, early fruit. TEMULE'NTO, adj. drunk.

TEN

TENACEA'R, v. a. to pinch with pincers.

Tenacear, to enlist, to be obstinate, to be renacious in one's opinion.

TENACICAS, f. f. pl. little pincers or tongs.

TENACIDA'D, f. f. tenaciousness, holding fast, positiveness.

TENA'Z, adj. tenacious, that holds fast, griping, positive, coverous.

TENAZA, f. f. a pair of pincers. TENAZME'NTE, adv. tenacionfly. TENAZUE'LA, f. 1 minus.

TE'NCA, f. f. the fish called a tench.

TENSION, f. f. tension.

TE'NDAL, f. m. the awning that covers the flern of a ship or boat to keep off the fun.

Tendal de ballesta, the part on which the bullet or shaft is placed in a cross bow.

TENDALE'TE, f. m. the awning of a ship or boat to keep off the fun. TENDEDE'RO, f. m. a place to hang or lay clothes out to dry. TENDEJO'N, f. m. a tent, a fol-

dier's barrack.
TENDE'NCIA, f. f. tendency

bent, inclination.

TENDE'R, v. a. to spread abroad, to stretch out, to hang out linen.

TENDE'RO, s. m. a shopketper;

TENDI'DO, p. p. spread abroad, firetched out, linen hung out.

alfo a tent-maker.

Bandéras tendidas, coulours flying. TENDFLLA, f. f. a little shop; also a little tent.

TENDO'N, i.m. a tendon, a finew, a ligature by which the joints are moved.

TENEBRA'RIO, f. m. a fort of candleflick.

TENEBROSIDA'D, f. f. darkness, great obscurity.

TENEBRO'SO, adj. datk.

TENEDO'R, f. m. a fork to ext meat with; also one that holds.

Tenedor de baflimentos, a steward of a ship, that has charge over the provisions.

TENE'NCIA, f. f. the holding of a place, the government of a fort or castle; also a lieutenancy.

TENE'R, v. a. to hold, to have, apprehend, to keep; meraph to know, understand, to remember.

Tenér las novénas, ro perform some devotion for nine days together.

Tenér en poco, to undervalue.

Tenér de ir, to be obliged to go.

Tenér por bien, to be pleased, to vouchiase, to approve.

Tenerse por dicho, to be fully persuaded, to stand to what is said.

Téngafe al rey, fland in the king's name.

Prov.

\$7**7**.

Prov. La mas cáuta, es tedina por mas caffa, the most cautious woman is counted the most chaste. TENERIA f. f. a tanner's house.

or the tan-pits.

TE'NIA, f. f. a part of the Dorick architrave .

TENIE'NTE , f. m. a lieurenant, a deputy.

TENO'R, f. m. the tenous, the contents, the matter, the fubftance; also the tenor in musick.

Guardar a uno los tendres, to humour a man.

TENTACIO'N, f. f. temptation. TENTADO'R, f. m. a tempter, the

TENTA'R, v. a. to tempt, to try; alfo to feel.

TENTATI'VA, f. f. an attempt, a trial, an experiment.

TENTEMO'ZO, f. m. a prop, a

TENUAME'NTE, adj flenderly. TE'NUE, adj. slender, slight,

TENUIDA'D, f. f. flenderness. TENUTA, f. f. a tract of land.

P F. fi:

TETIR, v. a. to dye.

TEO

TEO'SO, adj. that is full of refin and apt to burn.

TER

TE'PE, f. m. turf.

TER.

TERCE'R, f. m. v. TERCERO. TERCE'RA, f. f. a-devout woman who is not a nun, but wears the habit of the third order of St. Francis; a mediatrix, a bawd; alfo a third person.

TERCERAME'NTE, adv. thir-

TERCERIA, f. f. medizaion; depositing goods in a third hand; metaph. pimping , bawding. TERCE'RO , f. m. a third man, a

T.om. 1.

devout man of the third order of Sr. Francis; a mediator; a gatherer of thirds; also a pimp; a third man.

TER

Tercero , adj. third in order.

TERCERO'I, f. m. the aftermost of the flaves that row in a galley.

TERCE'TOS, Spanish poetry, in which each stanza has but three verfes.

TE'RCIA, the third part of a yard; also tierce, or the third hour in the divine office.

Tércias, f. f. pl. the thirds of church revenues granted by popes to the kings of Spain to carry on the wars against the insidels.

TERCIA'DO, f. m. short broad

TERCIA'NA, f. f. a tertian ague. TERCIA'R, v. a. to mediate; to plough a third time; to throw the cloak over the shoulders; to pais between two about buliness; also to pimp, to bawd:

Tercian la tierra, to plough up land a third time.

Terciár la capa, to throw the ends of the cloak over the shoulders.

Terciar la pica, to toss a pike, to brandish it, and to charge the pike against an enemy:

TE'RCIO, f. m. a regiment, a third part; also mediation or interposition of a third person.

Tercio postréro de la vida, the last third part of a man's life; that is, old

Tercio postréro de la espada, the last third part of the fword; that is, next the hilt.

Pagarel tércio de cafà, to pay the third part of a year's rent.

Hacer buen tercio, to mediate, to intercede for another.

Jugar en tércio, to play three hands. TERCIOPELA'DO, f. m. wrought

TERCIOPELE'RO, f. m. a velvet maker or feller.

TERCIOPE'LO, f.m. velvet. Terciopélo tiço, plain velvet.

Terciopela rizo, velvet not shorn. Terriopelo de tripa, a fort of fluffmade in imitation of velvet.

TE'RCO, adj. obstinate, positive, hard , tenacious.

TEREBINTO, f. m. the turpenti-

TERGIVERSACION, f. f. tergiversation.

TERGIVERSA'R, v. n. to go back, to hold back, to be unwilling, to erofs.

TERI'CIA, f. f. v. TIRI'CIA.

TERLIZ, f. f. ticking for beds. ' TERMINACIO'N, f. f. the termination, the latter part of a word.

TERMINA'R, v. a. to terminate, bound.

TE'RMINO, f. m. a boundary. Término, manner, behaviour.

Término, diffrid , territory.

Término perentório, a peremptory term that cannot be prolonged.

Llegár a términos de perdérfe, to be at the brink of perdition.

Términos, pl. terms of art.

TERMINO'TE, f. m. an affected word not in use.

TE'RNA, I. f. three persons, proposed for one employment.

TERNA'RIO, adj. ternary, confifting of three.

TERNECICO, adj. very tender. TERNEJO'N, f. m. vide TERNE-RO'N.

TERNE'RA, f. f. a cow-calf; also

TERNE'RO, f. m. a bull-calf. Ternerón, f. m. a name given to any person eatily moved.

TERNE'ZA, f. f. tendernefs. TERNEZUE'LO, adj. dimin. of-

TERNFILA, f. f. griftle.

TERNILLO'SO, adj. griftly.

TE'RNO, f. m. apparel, drefs. El terno rico, the-best or costly apparel:

TERNURA, f. f. tendernels. TERQUEDA'D, f. f. obflinacy

politivenels.

TERQUERIA, C. f. vide TER-TERQUE'ZA, C QUE'DAD: TERRA'DO, f. m. a flat covering:

of a house on', which they may valk; a terrace walk. TERRAL f. m. a land breeze:

TERRAPLE'N, f m. vide TER RAPLENO:

TERRAPLENA'R , v. 2; to 611 with earth.

TERRAPLE NO, f. ni. a rampass D TTT

of earth; any place filled with |

TERRA QUEO, adj. terraqueous, composed of land and water.

TERRA'ZA; f. f. a fort of earthen vessel with two, handles; such as we often see in the pictures of the. visitation, with lilies in it.

TERRAZGO, f. m. any piece of ground; also the rent paid for a field by the tenant.

TERRA'ZO, f. m. a clod of clay. Terrazo, f. m. an earthen pan, a pitcher, any vellel of earthen wa-

TERRAZUE'LA, f. f.a little earthen crock, pan, or pitcher.

TERREA'R, v. n. to show itself; said of the earth in a sown field. TERREGO'SO, adj. earthy, clod-

TEREMO'TO, f. m. an carthqua-

TERRENA'L, adj. earthly, terref-

TERRENIDA'D, f. f. carrhly qua-

TERRE'NO, adj. idem.

Terréno, f. m. a space of ground. TE'RREO, adj. earthly.

TERRE'RA, f. f. a piece of ground among rocks; also a kind of bird of the same colour as the earth:

TERRERIA, f. f. obf. v. TER-RO'R.

TERRE'RO, f. m. a parade, a walking-place, a place of rendevous, a place of exercise, a but to shoot at.

.TERRE'STRE , adj., terrestrial, earthly.

TERRESTRIDA'D, f. f. earthly quality.

TERREZUE'LA, f. f. a little land, country, or spot of gra-

TERRIBILIDA'D, f. f. droadfulness, terribleness.

TERRIBLE, adj. terrible, dread-

TERRIBLEME'NTE, adv. terribly, dreadfully...

TERRIBLE'ZA, C. f., v., TERRI-BILIDAD,

TERRICOLA, f. m. a citizen of spé Aorlq"

TERRIFICO, adj. dreadful, caufing terror.

TES

TERRIGE'NO, adj. generated in the earth.

TERRIN, f. m. a clown .. a ruf-

TERRINO, adj. that confifts or is made of earth.

TERRITO'RIO, f. m. a territory diffrict, or jurisdiction.

TERROMONTE'RO , f. m. an hill only composed of earth.

TERRO'N, f. m. a clod of earth. Deftripa terronos ., a .clod - beater , a clown.

TERRONCFLLO, f. m:a little clod of earth.

TERROR, f. m. terror, dread, fear.

TERROSIDA'D, f. f. earthly quality.

TERRO'SO, adj. mixed with earth, that has a mixture of earth.

TERRUNO, f. m. a layer of earth, arank, arow.

TE'RSO, adj. clean, pure, neat, clear, undefiled.

TERSU'RA, f. f. neatness, nice-

TERTI'L, f. m. a duty paid upon filk :

TERTULIA, f. f. a club or meeting of persons.

TERTULIA'NO, adj. one belonging to a club.

TERUYELA, S. f. v. POLILLA.

T. E S.

TESBIQUE, f. m. obf. v. TABI-QUE.

TE'SO, adj. obf. v. TIE'SSO. TESO'N, f. m., obflinacy, positiveness, wilfulness, contention. TESORERIA, f. f. a treasury. TE'SSERA, f. f. a square bone used by the Romans in a play.

TE'STA, f. f. the fore part of the head; the noddle...

Testa de ferro, one whose name appears as a sham in an agreement made between two perfors , representing one of them.

TESTADO'R, f.m.a teftator; he that makes a will,

TESTAMENTA'RIO, f. m.: an executor to a will, :,

TESTAME'NTO, f.m. a last will. a testament.

Prov. Si no vale por testamente,. válga por codicilo, if it cannot país. for a will, let it pass for a codicil, that is, if it be not of as much value as was expected, let it pass for what it can.

Prov. Hacer el toftamento en la haa, to make a will on one's nail. To have nothing to bequeath by will."

TESTA'R, v. a. to make will ortestament.

TESTARU DO , adj. headfirong , obffinate.

TESTE'RA', f. f. armour for a horse's head , the front of any

TESTERA'DA, f. f. a blow with: the head; also obstinacy.

TESTE'RO, f. m. any thing to cover or defend the head; the: front of a place.

TESTICULO, f. m. the tefficle. TESTIFICACION, f. f. testify --

ing, witnessing.:

TESTIFICA'R, v. a. to testify, tes witnels.:

TESTIGO, f. m. a vimels.

TESTIGUA'R, v. a. to witness. TESTIMONIA'L, adj. belonging; to a testimony.

TESTIMONIA'R, v. 2. obl. too bear witness, to depose.:.

TESTIMO'NIO, f. m. testimony, . witness, deposition; mostly taken : in the worft fenfe.

Levantôme un testimónio, he accused i me falfely.

TESTO'N. f. m. an Italian coin in 1 the pope's dominions worth about t elghtteen pence flexling.

(the head off TESTUZ, f. f. TESTUZO, f. m. . a hog.:

TIE TI

TE'TA, f.f. a teat, a pap, a dog,, a breaft ! TETAR, v. a. v. ATETAR.

TETTILIA , f. f. a little breaft , , teat, or dug.

TETO, f. m. v. TETA,'.

TETO'NA, f. f. a woman that has great breafts. .

TETRACO'RDIO, f. m. an inftrument of four firings; also a tetrachord or a fourth in mulick. TETRA'GONA, f. m. a tetragon,

a fouare figure.

TETRAGRAMMATON, fubft. m. the facred name of God, composed of four letters, which the Jews do not utter where they find it written, but instead of it read adonai, that is, Lord.

TETRA'RCA, f. m. a tetrarch, the lord of the fourth part of a

province.

TETRARCHIA, f. f. a tetrarchy, the fourth part of a province under a lord.

TE'TRICO, adject. unpleasant, harsh, rude, rough. TETLO, adj. black, Rained. TETU'DA, f. f. a woman that has great breafts.

TEU

TEU CRIO, f. m. an hesb so called.

TEX

TEXEDO'R, f. m. a weaver. TEXEDURA, f. f. weaving. TEXE'R, v. a. to weave. TEXI'DO, f. m. cloth, linea. TEXIMIE'NTO, f. m. obf. the same as texido. TEXI'LLO, f. m. a little yew-tree, a little fort of girdle wove. TE'XO, 2 yew-tree. TE'XON, f. m. the beaft called a badger, a grey, or a brock. TE'XTO, f. m. a text. TEXTUALISTA, f. m. he who Ricks to the text without minding the commentators. TEXTU'RA, f. f. texture.

TEZ

TE'Z, f. f. the colour or grain of the skin of the face. TEZA'DO, adj. black.

THA

THA'LAMO, f. m. an eminent place in a room where the married couple sits and receives the usual compliments. Poetical, for a nuptial bed,

THALASOME'LI, f. m. a fort of phisick consisting of honey, rainwater, and fea-water.

THALIE'STRO, f. m. a plant fo

THA'PSIA, f. f. an herb like ferula or fennel-giant.

THAUMATU'RGO, f. m. an admirable and wonderful person; a miracle-maker.

THE

THE', f. m. the Chinese herb called tea. THEA'ME, f. m. a flone brought from the mountains of Ethiopia, opposite to the load-stone, as having a natural antipathy to iron. THEATRA'L, adj. theatrical. THEA'TRO, f, m, a theatre. THE'MA, f. m. theme, a subject on which one writes or speaks; alfo obflinacy. THEMO'SO, adj. obstinate. THEOLOGA'L, adj. relating to .theology. THEOLOGIA, f. f. theology, divinity. THEOLOGICAME'NTB, adv. theologically. THEOLO'GICO, adj. theologi-THEOLOGIZA'R, v. n. to speak upon theological matters. THEO'LOGO, f. m. a divine. THE ORE'MA, f. m., a theorem. THEORICA, If. f. theory, spe-THEO'RIA, culation. THERAPE'UTICA, f. f. practical phylick THERIA'CA, f. f. treacle. THERIACA'L, adj. relating to the treacle. THE'RMA, f. f. hot-bath. THERMO'METRO, f.m. thermo-THESAURIZA'R, v. a. to treafure, to hoard, to lay up. THESAURO, f. m. vocabulary. THE'SIS, f. f. a thesis or position. THESORA'R, v. a. v. ATHE-

SORA'R.

THESORERI'A, f. f. a treasury.

THESORE'RO, f. m. a treasurer THESO'RO, f. m. a treasure. THETE'RA, f. f. a tea-pot.

THO

THO'LO, f. m. in architecture, the tholus, an half round covering of a structure like a copula; it is also taken for the knitting of all the stones or timber of such a

THR

THRE'NOS, f. m. pl. a lamenta-THRIA'CA, S. F. V. THERIA' CA. THRO'NO, f. m. throne, a royal

THU

THURIBULO, f. m. a churible, a THURIFBA'RIO, f. m. he that carries the censer or thurible in solemnities of the church.

TJ

TI, pron. thee. Pára ti, for thee.

TIA.

TIA. f. f. an aunt. TLA'RA, f. f. the pope's crown.

TIB

TIBIA, f. f. a flute. TIBIAME'NTE, adv. lukewarmly. negligently. TIBIE'ZA, adj. lukewarmness. TIBIO, adj. lukewarm. TIBO'R, f. m. a china jar. TIBURO'N, f. m. a great sea fish called a shark.

TIE

TIE'MPO, f. m. time. Quanto tiempo ha ! how long is it fince !

D ddd 2

Mal tiempo, foul weather.

Llegar à tiempo, to come in the nick of time.

Andar con el tiempo, to suit oneself to the times.

Dar tiempo al tiempo, to wait for betrer times.

Prov. Qual el tiémpo, tal el ziénto , as the time is, so must the deliberation be; we must act as times offer,

Proy. Tiémpo ni hora no se ata con soga, time and hours are not to be tied with a rope; time and tide flay for no man.

TIE'NDA, f. f. a tent; also a shop; alfo the awning or covering on

the poop of a galley.

Prov. Quién tiéne tiénda, que atienda, he that keeps a shop, must . look to it; if a man does not keep his shop, his shop will not keep

TIE'NTA, f. f. a forgeon's probe } go fearch a wound,

TIE'NTO, f. m. caution, care, premeditation; also guess; also the wand painters use to rest their hand on, and a flourish in musick before playing.

Tiento de ciego, the stick of a blind

Le dieron dos tientos, they beat him. Responder a tiento, to answer at random.

Procedér con tiento, to proceed cau-

Dar un tiento, to try a man, to sound him.

TIERNAME'NTE, adverb. ten-

TIERNECITO, adj. tender, pretty tender.

TIE'RNO, adj. tender.

TIE'RRA, f. f. the earth. It is alfo a man's country.

En mi tiérra, in my country.

Buéna tierra, a good country.

Toda la tierra, all the world.

Tierra-tierra, coast-wise, along shore; and metaphorically, with caution, with circumspection.

Tierra figilata, a fort of medicinal earth.

Panér tierra en medio, to fly from a place.

Eshar tierra a un negocio, to lay asi-

de a bufiness, to bury it, to think no more of it.

Echár por tierra, to destroy, to level with the ground.

Pesho por tierra, in an humble manner, proftrate on the ground.

Besar la tierra que otro pisa, to kiss the ground a man treads on, to pay him the greatest respect.

Ser tierra, to be earth, to be mortal, De tierra en tierra, from one country to another.

No sentirlo la tierra, no body living to know it.

TIESSAME'NTE , adv. fiffly, gravely, aufterely.

Tieffamente enamorado, deply in love. TIE'SSO, adj. fliff, tough. TIE'STO, f. m. a pot to fet flowers, or small trees in.

TIG

TIGRE, f. m. the beaft called a tiger.

TIL

TILDA'R, v. a. to make a title or dash, as the Spaniarde do on the letter ñ.

TI'LDE, f. m. a tittle, a little dash; the dash fet over the \tilde{n} .

TILDO'N, f. m. augmen. of tilde. TI'LLA, f. f. the hatches of a ship. TILO, f. m. the lime-tree.

TIN

TIMBRE, f. m. the creft of a helmet; the top of any other thing. TIMIDAME'NTE, adv. fearful-

TIMIDE'Z, f. f. fearfulness. TI'MIDO, adj. timorous, fearful. TIMO'N, f. m. the rudder of a ship; also the pole of a coach or waggon between the two horfes.

TIMONEA'R, v. n. to steer at fea, to manage the rudder.

TIMONE'RA , f. f. the steerage in a ship where the steerman stands. TIMONE'RO, f. m. the steersman, he that steers the ship.

TIMORA'TO, adj. fearful of offending God.

TIN

TIN TIN, the found that earthen ware makes when shook together TINA, f. f. a dyer's copper, or cauldron. Also any great tub, trough, or other veffel.

TINA'DA, s.f. a pile or flack of wood.

TINA'DA, f. f. an earthen jar, or fuch great earthen vellel.

TINAJO'N, f. m, a great earthen jar, or fuch like veffel.

TINEA, f. f. a wood-worm. Cf. m. a publick hall, TINE'L, TINE'LO, 🕻 a dining-room. Tenér sinél y casa a todo homo, on

old phrase, signifying to keep open houfe.

TINIE'BLAS, f. f. pl. darkness. They give this name to the evening-service on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday in the holy week, because the candles are all put out and the church remains dark,

TINO, f. m. judgement, guess, conjecture, sense.

TINTA, f. f. ink. Tinta de zapatéro, blacking for shoes. TINTA'R, v. a. to dye a dyers do. TINTE, f. m. any fort of dice.

TINTERO, f. m. an inkhorn. TINTILLO, f. m. reddish, of a pale colour.

TI'NTO, adj. dyed. Vine tlate, red wine.

TINTO'R, f. m. v. TINTORE'-RO.

TINTORERI'A, f. f. a dyer's boule, the dyer's fireet; also the dyer's trade.

TINTORE'RO, f. m. a dyer. TINTU'RA, f. f. dye.

TINTURA'R, v. a. vide TIN-TA'R,

TIA

 $TI\bar{n}A$, f. f. the scab, a scald head. Tiña de árbol, the plant missetoe. Thio'SO, adj. scurvy, scald.

TIO

TI'O, f. m. an uncle. TIO'RBA, f. f. the the theorbo, a musical instrument so called.

TIP

TIPLE, f. f. the treble in musick.

TIQ

TIOUISMI'QUIS, f. m. affected words, affected expressions in speak-

TIRA, f. f. a long flip of any thing; alfo a guard or welt of cloth or

Tira braguéro; a trufs for a broken belly.

TIRABUZO'N, f. m. a cork-ferew. (f. m. a belt , TIRACO'L . TIRĄCUE'LLO, 🕻 fuch as those used by soldiers.

TIRA'DA, f. f. the large distance from one place to the other.

Tiráda, s. f. the act of throwing. TIRA'DO, adj. cast, thrown, shot. Oro tirado, gold wire, or gold thread, or any of that fort which is drawn,

TIRADE'RA, f. f. in cant, a

TIRADO'R, f. m. one that draws, throws, or shoots; also a drawer in a cabinet or the like; and a place where they firetch cloth on the tenters.

TIRAMI'RA, f. f. a long narrow ridge rifing in the middle of a plain field; metaphor, any thing that resembles it.

TIRAMOLLA'R, v. a. to pull and

TIRA'NTES, f. m. pl. the traces horses draw by in a coach or care. TIRANTEZ, f. f. the breath measured in a direct line.

TIRAPIE, f. m. the shoemaker's

TIRAR, w. a. to draw, to pull, to pluck; alfo to shoot, to cast, to throw.

Tirár la bárra, to throw the bar; metaph, to do one's best.

Tirár de camaráda, to fire a volley. Tirár la piédra y escondér la máno, to shrow the stone and hide the hand; to do a mischief, and appear fri-

TIT

TIRASO'L, f. m. vide QUITA-

TIRAVIRA, as , Hacér tiravira , a fea phrase, to throw a ship flat on her fide.

TIRE'LA, f. f. a kind of ftriped ftuff so called.

TIRI'CA, f. f. a little narrow flip of any thing.

TIRI'CIA, f. f. the disease, called a jaundice.

TIRICIA'DO, adj. that has got the jaundice.

TIRI'LLA, f. f. a little flip of any thing; a woman's tucker.

TIRFLLO, f. f. a little gun or piece of cannon.

TIRITA'AA, f, f. a fort of very flight filk or taffety.

TIRITA'R, v. n. to quake, to

TIRITO'NA, f. f. the act of shivering for cold, especially when done out of affectation.

TIRO, f. m. a shot, a cast, a throw, a gun, a cast at dice, a joke, a reflection, an odd prank, a notable feat, a cheat, trick. Tiros de espada, a belt for a sword,

or the hangers of the belt. TIRO'N, f. m. a pull, a pluck. TIRRIA, f. f. aversion, antipathy. TIRTEAFUERA, an interj stand away, draw off, be gone.

TIS

TISA'NA, f. f. ptisan, cooling drink. TI'SICA, f. f. the phthisick. TISICO, adj. phthisical, troubled

TIT

with the phthifick.

TITERE, f. m. a puppet-TITERE'RO, (f. m. one that TITERI'S TA, goes about with a puppet show or raree show.

TITI, f. m. a kind of very little monkey with a black spot on the head refembling a cap.

TITILACION, f. f. titillation, a fenfation, arising from tickling. TITI'MALO, fubit, m. any milky

TITIRITA'INA, f. f. any merry feaft.

TITIRITE'RO, f. m. vide TI-TE'RERO.

TITO, f. m. a feed of a grape or the like, a little kernel of any fruit; alfo a chamber pot.

TITUBEA'R, v. a. to stagger, to waver, to faulter.

TITULA'DO, f. m. a lord of title. as duke, marquifs, &c. one that has a title of honour.

TITULAR, adj. titular.

Titulár, v. a. to affix a tide.

Titulir, v. n. to obtain a title from the king.

TITULO, f. m. the title of a book, a title of honour, the title a man has to any goods; alfo a monument.

Titulo colorádo, a colourable title. Señor de titulo, a lord that has a title of honour, as duke, marquis, earl, &c,

TIX

TIXE'RA, f. f. a pair of sciffars. Tixéra, the first feather in the wing of an hawk.

Tixéra, a cut made in a field to drain it.

TIXERA'DA. (f. f. a cut with TIXERETA'DA, (the scissars. TIXERE'TAS, f. f. pl. dimin. of

TIXERETEA'R, v. a. to give repeated cuts with a pair of scil-

TIZ

TIZNA, f. f. the matter kept ready to fmut or befmear another,

TIZNA'R, v. a. to fmut, to foot to blak, to fmear, to fully.

TIZNE, f. m. the black of a pot or the like.

TI'ZO, f. m. a firebrand; a coal in charcoal that is not well burnt, TIZO'N, f. m. a firebrand.

TIZO'NA, f. f. a fword.

TIZONA'ZO, f. m. a fireke with a firebrand,

TIZONE'RA, f. f. the furnace in which coal is made, or wood reduced to coals.

TO

TO, a word used in Spanish, to call a dog.

A O T

TOA'IA, (f. f. a towel, a napkin.
TOA'LIA,
TOALLETA, f. f. a napkin.

TOB

TOBA, f. f. a kind of foongious and like stone.

Toba, scurf on the teeth.

Toba, in cant, a boot.

TOBA'IA, f. f. a towel, a napTOBALLA, kin.

TOBALLE'TA, f. f. diminutive

TOBELLE'TA, of toballa.

TOBILLO, f. m. the ancle-bone.

TOC

TO'CA, f. f. a woman's coif, handkerchief, or white veil for her head; any drefs for the head. Tota de camino, a fort of muffler used by men and women in travel-

used by men and women in travelling to keep the dust from their faces.

Toca de red, a net-cawl to hold women's hair.

Tormento de toca, a way of racking people with water.

Prov. Poco dura la teca en cabeça loca, headcloaths stay but little on a mad head.

Prov. Tocas de beata, y uñas de gata, a devotee's head dreffed, and a cat's claws. To fignify an hypocrite.

TOCADI'LIO, f. m. a little headdrefs; also a game at tables to called.

TOCA'DO, f. m. a women's dress; a small tust of feathers or copple crown on a bird's head. TOCA'DO, adj. dressed.

Gran tocádo y chico recádo, great cry and little wool.

TOCADO'R, f. m. a night-cap; a lady's dreffing-room.

TOCAMIE'NTO, f. m. a touch. TOCA'NTE, adj. touching, relating, or appertaining to.

TOCA'R, v. a. to touch, to dress, to belong to, to found a trumper, to wind a horn, to play on any instrument in musick, to beat a drum.

Tocar a leva, a phrase used aboard galleys, when they sound a trumpet for all that are ashore to come on board.

Tocar arma, to found, to beat an alarm.

Tocar alerta, to beat to arms.

Tocar la cabéça, to dress the head.

Tocar tompéta, to sound a trumpet.

Tocar un instrumento, to play upon some musical instrument.

No mesoca, it does not belong to me, it does not regard me.

TOCA'YO, f. m. a namefake.
TOCHEDA'D, f. f. clownishness,
roughness; also folly.

TOCHEA'R, v. a. to bar the door with a round pole.

TO'CHO, f. m. a round pole, a bar, to fasten the door with.

Tocho, adj. coarfe, unpolished, rough, clownish.

TOCHURA, f. f. the faying or the action of a wag, of a buffoon.

TOCINE'RO, C.m. the person that fells bacon.

TOCINO, f. m. bacon. Tecinos, pl. in sent, blows.

TOCO'N, f. m. that part of a tree remaining with the roots after cutting down the rest; also the stump of a man's limb.

TOD

TO'DAVIA, adv. nevertheless, also.
TO'DO, adj. all, the whole.
Todo poderoso, almighty.
Del todo, quite, altogether.
Todos, all of them.

TOE

TOE'SA, v. a. v. HE'XAPEDA; fix feet in length, a fathom.

TOG

TO'GA, f. f. a gown.
TOGA'DO, adj. that wears a
gown.

TOL

TOLANOS, f. m. pl. the difference in horfes, and other beafts, called the lampas, being a swelling in the gums that, hinders their eating.

TOLDADURA, fubft. f. an awaing, a cloth hung and spread to
keep off the sup.

TOLDA'R, v. a. to hang over with an awning or tile.

Toldar, in cant, to cover, to adorn, to fet off a thing to advantage.

TOLDE'RO, f. m. he that fells falt by retail.

TOLDPCO, If. m. a little ca-TOLDPLLO, nopy, awning, or covering; also fometimes used for a sedan.

TO'LDO, f. m. a canopy, an awning, a pavilion, any covering that hangs over the head; metaph. flate, grandeur, pride.

Habiar con toldo, to talk haughtily. TOLERA'BLE, adj. tolerable, that can be fuffered.

TOLERACIO'N, f. f. toleration, fufferance.

TOLERA'NCIA, f. f. sufferance, TOLERA'R, v. a. to tolerate, to

TOLLE'R, v. a, obf. to take away.
TO'LLO, f. m. a fish called a fea-

TOLO'N, f. m. only used in the plural, tolonés; the sames as tolanés; the lampas.

TOLONDRO, (f. m. a fwelling TOLONDRO'N, bunch made blow; meraph, a blunder, a blune dering fellow; also a knock or blow.

TO'LVA, f. f. the bin of a mill, out of which the corn runs by a tunnel to the stones and is ground.

TOLVANE'RA, f. f. a wirlwind of dust, a column of dust raised by a wirlwind.

TOM

TOMA, f. f. the act of taking what is given.

Toma, the taking by force of arms a fortress or the like.

Toma the taking as much as is taken at one time with the fingers or with the hand; as una toma de tabase, a pinch of firuff.

Toma, an aperture made to take watter out of a river for the use of mill or the like:

TOMADA, f. f. the fame as toma.

TOMADE'RO, f. m. the part at which any thing is taken.

Tomadero, the aperture made to take water out of a river.

TOMA'DO, f. m. an ornament formerly used in dress.

TOMADO'R, f. m. he who takes TOMADU'RA, f. f. a taking.

ZOMAJO'N, f. m. one-that takes every thing.

TOMAMIENTO, f. m. a taking. TOMAR, v. a. to take ; also to ruft.

Temár por tal parec, to strike up such a-way;

Toner el nombre, to take the word, as among foldiers.

Tomer prestado ; to borrow:

Tomar la sangre, to stanch bleeding. Tomar de coro, to learn by heart.

Tomar el fol, o altura j to take the fun's altitude.

Tomar la voz, to take part with one. Tomar el ciclo con las mános, to rave, to aim at impossibilities. like reaching at heaven.

No fabiis con quien os tomáis, you do not know who you have to deal with, 1

Ofa de dar y tomár, a tromblesome affair, a business of debate.

Tomar las de villa diego, to run away."
Tomarfe de orin, to grow musty, to grow rusty.

Tomarfe del vino; to grow drunk.

Tomare effa; take this! a phrase used
on griving a blow to another.

Prov. Mas vale un bona que dos te daré, once taken; is better than twice I'll give you; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. Témame acuestas, sabrás lo que péso, take me upon y our back, and you'll know what I weigh. Said when one seems to make sligh of another.

TOMA'TE, f. m. a red fruit fo called.

TOMILLA'R', f. m. a ground whetre thyme grows:

TOMI'LLO, f. m. the herb thyme.

Oler la mager a tomillo, is to be a clean freet vomin.

TOMI'N, f. m. a weight of twelve grains.

TOMINE'IO, f m. a very small bird in the West-Indies.

TOMIZA, f. f. a small cord made of espares.

TO'MO, f. mil a tome or volume; also weight, bulk, substance; also value, importance.

TO N

TO'N, f. m. a mne.

Sin ton, ni fon, without any reason, out of all order or due measure, without any just motive.

A que ton o son viene esto? which is the reason of that?

TO'NA, f. f. the surface of any liquor.

TONA'DA, f. f. a tune.

TONADI'CA, f. f. a fong
TONADIILA, mostly fung
to the guitter, very brisk and
chearful.

TONA'NTE, adj. thundering; the epithet given to Jupiter.

TONA'R, v. n. to thunder.

TONDINO, f. m. in architecture; a moulding fo called.

TONE'L, f. m. a cask.

TONELA'DA, f. f. a cun; that is,

TONELE'IO, f. m a little veffel. TONELE'RO, f. m. a cooper.

TONELE'TE, f. m. a fort of cap the men at arms formerly wore, when their helmet hung at the faddle.

TONINA, f. f. a fresh many

TONO, f. m. a tune. Also a tone in musick.

Salle de tono , to be out of tune.

Tono entero, a whole note, or tone or an integer, or the distance that is betwixt any two notes, except mi and fa, betwixt which there is but the less half note. Vide Morley, p. 2.

TONSU'RA!, f. f. the tonfure or shaving on the head, which denotes a church-man!

TONSURADO'R, f. m. one who's shaves.

TONSURA'R, v. a. to shave.

TONTA'DA, f. f. 2 filly faying;

TONTAME NTE, adv. fillity, foolishly.

A tontas y a locus, foolishly, madly, TONTA'ZO, f. m. a great fally' fellow.

TONTEA'R, v. n. to play the fool.

TONTECE'R, v. n. to grow foolish, to be stupisted.

TONTEDAD, f. f. folly, fimplicity; also a heaviness or dulness in the head.

TONTERI'A, f f. fillines, folly.
TONTI'LLO, f. m. a fittle fool;
also a hoop, such as are yet used.
at court by ladies.

TONTO, f. m. a fool, an idiot,, at fillyfellow.

TONTO, adj. foolish, filly; alfor heavy, dull.

TO P

TOPA, f. f. a pulley.

TOPACIO, f. m. the precious field ne called a topaz.

TOPAR, v. a. to find, to meet,

Topar hago, is cant, to chest ast

TO'PE, f. m. a jostic, running; against a thing; also the top of a mast, or the like.

Husta el tope, up so the top, as far f

TOPETAR, w. n. to butt with the bead as bulls do; to flumble, to fall in the dark; to reel, to flagger, to blunder.

TOPETO'N, f.m. a jostle; a stum-

TO'PO, f. m. a mole ; a kind of

TOPOGRAPHIA, f. f. topography, the description of a place.
TOPOGRAPHICO, relating to topography.

TOPO'GRAPHO, f. m. a topographer.

TOQ

TO'QUE, f. m. a touch.

Toque del oro, a touchftone to try gold, or the touching gold on it.

The function of the seat of drum. Par a une un taque, to give a man a hint of a thing.

TOQUE'RO, f. m. a weaver of a fine fort of head dreffes women wear in Spain.

TOQUILLA, f. f. f. a hatband, a little woman's head-dress, or a fiactort of filk, like gause.

T 0. R

DEORA, f. f. a Jew family; also the tribute that a Jew family paid.

TORA'DA, f. f. a number of bulls. TORA'L, adj. ftrong, that has most ftrength.

Total, virgin, natural yellowish; faid of wax.

TORBELLI'NO, f. m. a whirlwind; also a very quick person.

!TORCECUE'LLO, f. m. a bird called a wryneck, in falconry, the taffel-hawk, or the male.

ETORCEDI'ZO, adj. twisted, or that may be twisted.

ETORCEDO'R, f. m. a twifter, an infrument to twift with, or the person that twifts; metaph. he that screws, or forces any thing out of another by indirect means.

IZORCEDU'RA, f. f. twifting; also a liquor made of grapes after the wine is squeezed our, by pouring in water and pressing them over again.

WTORCE'R, verb. 2. to twiff, to wrench, to wreft, to wind.

TO'RCHE, f. m. a fort of headflay women used.

TORCIDA, f. f. a wick for a lamp.

TORCIDAME'NTE, adv. twistedly, crookedly.

TORCIMIE'NTO, f. m. a twifting, wrenching, or wrefting.

TORDI'LLO, f. m. a flea bitten horse.

TORDO, f. m. the bird called a thrush.

Tordo, adj. painted white and black like a thrush; faid of the coulour of fome horses.

TOREADO'R, I. m. one that rides at bulls in the bull feafts.

TOREA'R, v. n. to ride at a hull in the bull feasts.

TORE'O, f. m. the practice or the art of fighting bulls.

TORE'RO, f. m. one that deals in bulls.

TORE'TE, f. m. a lively young bull.

TORYL, f. m. an ox-stall; the place where they shut up the bulls for the bull feafts.

TORI'LLO, f. m. a little bull, TORIO'NDA, f. f. a. cow that is in luft.

TORLORO'TO, f. m. a fort of mufical inflruments among shepherds.

TORME'NTA, f. f. a fform, a tempest.

TORMENTADO'R, f. m. a. tormentor.

TORMENTA'R, v. 2. to torment, TORME'NTO, f. m. torment, great pain, a rack.

Tormento de cuerda, a way of racking a man.

TORMENTO'SO, adj. stormy. TO'RMO, s. m., a rock that stands by itself separate from all others. TORNA, s. f. f. restirution.

TORNABO'DA, f. f. the fecond day's feaft at a wedding.

TORNA'DA, s. f. f. a return; also a turn about.

TORNADIZO, adj. that has turned or may be turned, a turncoat, a runagate.

TORNADURA, f. f. a measure of about ten feet.

TORNAR, v. a. to turn, to return, to reflore.

Tornar la comida, to cast up what one has eaten, to vomit.

Tornar a un negócio de nuevo, to be-

gin afresh, to go upon a business.

Tornár en si, to come to oneself,
after being in a swoon, or the
like.

TORNASO'L, f. m. the plane called turnfol. It is also any changeable colour.

TORNASOLA'DO, adj. of a changeable colour.

TORNA'TIL, adj. that turns easily, TORNEA'DOR, f. m. one that exercises himself in tournaments, or tilting.

TORNEAME'NTO, f. m. a tournament; also a turning.

TORNEA'R, v. a. to turn as turners do; also to tilt to run at tilt.
TORNE'O, s. f. a tournament or tilting.

TORNE'RA, f. f. a nun that has a particular office in the monastery.

TORNE'RO, f. m. a turner.
TORNILLE'RO, f. m. a deferter,
a foldier that quits his regiment
without leave.

TORNI'LLO, f. m. a forew, a. vice, a little turn.

Soldado de tornillo, a foldier thatruns from the army to return: home.

TO'RNISCO'N., if. m. a blow with: the back of the hand.

TO'RNO, f. m. a. turn, a tuener's lath, a fcrew.

Tórno de hilár, a spinning-wheel.

Torno de monjas, the nuns wheel, a round box standing on one end: upon an iron pin to turn round, by which they receive and deliver out what is necessary without being seen:

TO'RO, f. m. a bull.

Toro, f. m. in architecture, the torus, the third member of the base.
Ciérios fon los tóros, without doubn
Avérse visto en los cuernos del toro,
to have been on the bull's horns;
that is, to have been in imminent;
danger.

Echar la capa al toro, to throw one's; cloak to the buil; to quit all as man has to fave himself.

TORONDO'N, f. m. vide TO-

Torondon, a fore caused by a bless. TORO'NJA, s. f. a citron.

TORONGIE,

TORONGIL, f. m. the herb baum. Torongil de limónes, lemon-baum. TORO'NJO, f. m. a citron-tree. TORO'SO, adj. strong., robust. TOROZO'N, f. m. the twifting of the guts, the griping of the guts. TO'RPE, adj. base, vile, filthy, dirty; also dul, slow. TORPEDA'D, s. f. baseness, vilcness, duiness, flowness, filth, dirt. TORPEDO, f. m. a fish so called. TORPEME'NTE, adv. basely, vilely, dirtily; also dully, flowly TORPE'ZA, f. f. baseness, vileness, filth, dirt; also duliness, flowness. Torpéla de léngua, flowness of speech, bad utterance. TORRA'R, v. a. to toast, to burn the superficies of. TO'RRE, f. f. a tower. Torr. é de homonago, the highest, or the strongest tower in a fort. Torre mocha, a plain tower without any battlements about it. Torres de viento, castles in the air. TORREA'R, v. a to erect towers about a wall, TORREJO'N, f. m. a small tower. TORRE'NTE, f. m. a torrent, a violent stream. TORREO'N, f. m. a large tower on a wall, or standing, by itself.

TORRECTLLA; f. f. a curret, or fmall tower.

TORREONCI'LLO, f. m. a little

TORREZNADA, f.f. a large omelet with small slices of bacon in it. TORREZNE'RO, f. m. a lazy fellow that sits always over the fire, as if he was roasting rashers of bacon.

TORREZNO, f. m. a rasher of bacon.

Prov. A torrezno de tocino buen golpe de vino, a rasher of bacon requires a good draught of wine. TORREZUE'LA, f. f. a turret, a little tower.

TO'RRIDO, adj. torrid, burnt, foorched, parched.

TORRIJAS, f. f. pl. slices of bread foaked in eggs, then fried in oil or butter, and white wine, honey, and cinnamon put over them.

Tome I.

TORRONTE'S, f. f. a kind of grape fo called. TO'RTA, f. f. a cake. TORTA'DA, f. f. a fort of pan-TORTEDA'D, f. f. crookedness, wryness. TORTERA, f. f. a pasty-pan; also a little wooden dish. TORTI'I.LA, f. f. a little cake. Tortilla de huevos, an omelet of eggs. TURTOLICO. (f. m. dimin. TORTOLI'LLÒ, (of tortola. TO'RTOLA. S. f. a turtle dove. TORTOLI'LLA, s. f. a little turr-TO'RTOLO, I. m., the male of the turtle dove. Seldom used. TORTOZO'N, f. m. a kind of grape so called. TORTUGA, f. f. f. a tortoise. TORTUOSIDAD, f. f. crookedness, winding. TORTUO'SO, adj. crooked, wind-TORTU'RA, f. f. crookedness. TORVISCO, f. m. the herb spur-TORVO, adj. fierce, frightful frowning. TORZA'L, f. m. any thread twif-TORZO'N, f. m. the twifting of the guts properly, but used for

T O 3

TOSCAME'NTE, adv. coarfely

TO'SCO, adj. rude, rough, un-

TO'SIGO, f.m. v. TO'SSIGO.

TORZONA'DO, adj. griped,

TOS, f. f. a cough.

polished, clownish.

grofly.

the gripes; from torcer, to twist.

TOSQUEDA'D, f. f. rudeness, roughness, unpoliteness, clownishness.

TOSSECPLIA, f. f. on affected cough.

TOSSE'R, v. n. to cough.

TO'SSIGO, f. m. poison, intexication. Also pain, grief anguish.

TOSTA'DA, f. f. a toast.

TOSTADO'R, f. m. a toasting iron.

TO'STAR, v. a. to toast, to parch.

TOSTO'N, f. m. an old name for half a piece of eight; but in Portugal, a tofton is an hundred reis worth eight-pence.

Pan tofton, puff-pafte, cake, ce cruft.

TOSTO'NES, f. m. pl. the peafe they call garrances when toafted.

TOT

TOTA'L, adj. total, entire.
TOTALIDA'D, f. f. totality, whole quantity.
TOTALME'NTE, adv. totally, entirely.
TOTILIMU'NDI, f. m. a rareeshew, a shew carried in a box.
TOTOVI'A, f. m. a finall bird fo called.

TOU

TOUCA'N, f. m. a bird in Babout the bigness of a magpye.

TOX

TOXICA'DA, adj. poisoned.
TO'XICO, f. m. poison.
TO'XO, f. m. a kind of broom.

TOZ

TOZA, f. f. v. TOCA'N.

TOZA'L f. m. an high and eminent place.

TOZUE'LO, f. m. the neck of any animal.

TRA

TRABA, f. f. a linking, knitting, or joining together, also an impediment or hindrance
TRABACUE'NTA, T. f. an error, a mistake in any account; also a quartel a dispute.
TRABADE'RO, f. m. the thinner part of a beast's foot.
TRABADURA, f. f. joining together.

E e g e

TRABADO, adj. linked, knit, os joined together.

TRABAJA'DO, adj. troubled, pained, grieved.

TRABAJA'DO'R , f. m. a labou-

TRABAJA'R, v. a. to labour, to work.

TRABAJI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of tra-Idjo.

TRABAJO, f. m. work, Jabour, pains, trouble, grief.

Sacár a uno de trabijos, to bring a man out of trouble.

TRABAJOSAME'NTE, adv. difincutily, laboriously, troublesome-

TRABAJO'SO, adj. difficult, mou-

TRABA'L, adj. large; faid of those nails that ferve to nail boards, planks, or beams together.

TRABA'R, v. a. to link, to kait, to join together; also to contend for, to dispute,

Trebarse de palabras, to quarrel with

江南山, to fight;

Tabárse de léngua:, is to have any impediment in the tongue, fuch as one cannot fpeak,

Trabar la vista, to squint.

TRABAZO'N, f m. joining, knitting together; also connexion. relation to fomething.

TRABE, f. m. a beam.

TRABILLA, f. f. dimin. of trebs TRABO'N, f. m. an iron ring that they use to put to the feet of horfes to subject them.

TRABUCA, f. f. a kind of cracker.

TRABUCACIO'N , C. f. a mitta-

TRABUCA'B, was to overthrow, to castinen "to this tobilà-intal" to caft down

TRABUGAZO, fubit: m. a. blunderbuls's shot; all a great and fudden frig

ARABUCO, f. m. a-battering-ram

an engine to caff great flones and darts; or any other engine of that nature; a blunderbuls.

ZRACAMUNDA'NA LL'achdiculous exchange of anything of M ANIMO

TRACHE'A, f. f. the artery called nachéa, the weafand or windpipe.

TRA'CHI , ARTE'RIA , s. l. idem.

TRACIAS, f. m. the name of a wind. Not used,

TRACESTA, f. m. a contriver, one. that draws the model of a work, an architect; also a sharper, a cheat.

TRA'CTO, f. m. a space; of time that passes on is passed.

TRADIGIO'N , f. f. a tradition. TRADUCCION, f. f. a transla-

TRADUCI'R, v. a. to translate; alfe to change.

TRADUCTO'R , f. m. a transla-

TRAFAGA'R, v. n. to remove things from one place to another; alfo to traffick.

TRA'FAGO, I. m. removing of goods from one place to another, traffick, buffling, motion.

TRAFAGO'N, f. m. a trading man alfo a bufy body.

TRAFALME'JO, adj. bold, cou-

TRAFICA'R, v. a. to traffick. TRAFIGO, f. m. tratfick.

TRAGACA'NTHA, f. f. a root fo called; also a gum so called.

TRAGACE'TE, f. m. a missile weapon fo called.

TRAGADE'RO, f., m. the throat, the gullet.

TRAGADO'R, f. m. a swallower, a devourer, a glutton.

TRAGAFE'ES, f. m. a traitor. TRAGALDA'BAS, f. m. a. glut-

TRAGALE'GUAS, f. un a great runner, speaking of horses or

TRAGALUZ, f. f. a window made on the top of a house.

TRAGAMA'LLAS . f. m. 2 devouring fellow, a glutton, a cormorant; also a bluffering bully. TRAGANTA'DA. f. f. a very large draught.

TRAGANTO'N, f. m. a glutton, a devourer, a nafty feeder.

TRAGA'R, v. a. 10. Smallow, 10 deyour.

TRAGAZON, f. m. devouring. gluttony, gormandizing.

TRAGE, f. m. apparel, garb. Prov. Con buén tráge se encubre: ruin linage, good garb hides a base pedigree.

TRAGEAR, v. a. to drefs a per-

TRAGE'DIA, f. f. a tragedy; also any mournful event.

TRAGE'DICO, adj. tragical.

TRAGE'LAPHO, f. m. an animal of the ftag kind so called.

TRAGICAME'NTB, adv. tragically.

TRA'GICO, adi. tragical.

TRAGITOME'DIA, f. f. a tragicomedy.

TRAGIN, f. m. carriage or convenience for carriage.

TRAGINA'R, \forall , a, to transport or carry goods from one place to another;

TRAGINE'RO, f. m. a. carrier . a. person that removes goods from: place to place.

TRAGINO, f. m. vide TRA-GIN.

TRAGIO, f. m. a plant fo called; TRAGO, f. m. a draught of any; liquor, a gulp.

Trago de amargura, a bitter draught. a grievous accident.

TRAGON, f. m. a glutton,

TRAGONULLIO, f. m. a. link: glutton.

TRAGONI'A., f. f. gluttony TRAGOPA'NA, (f. f. a large: TRAGOPA'NADE, & bird so cale-

TRAGULLIO, & f. m. a. linke TRAGUITO, & draught, a

gulp. TRAHEDO'R , f. m. be that brings or carries.

TRAHE'R, v. a to fetch, to bring. to wear; also to draw.

Trakér, to persuade, to engage.

Traherse bien., to be nicely drested? Traker al ojo to observe attentives-

Traker a mal traker, to abuse one. Traber en leagues, to censure, to speak ill of one.

Traker las piernas , to rub the legal TRAHIDA, f. f. bringing, feechsing,

TRAHIE'NTE, adject. one who brings.

TRAHILLA, f. f. the leash for a dog; also a fort of cart made use of to carry earth,

TRAHILLA'R, v. a. to level the ground.

TRAICION, S. f. treason.

TRAIDO'R, f. m. a traitor.

Traidor, adj. treacherous.

TRAIDORAME'NTE, 2dv. treacheroufly.

TRAIDORCICO, f. m. dim. of

TRAINE'L, f. m. a pimp's fer-Vant.

TRAPTE, f. m. dreffing of cloth.

TRAMA, f. f. the owfe in weaving of cloth; metaph, a plot, a cunning contrivance

TRAMADO'R, f. m. the person who plots or contrives.

TRAMA'R. v. a. to plot, to contrive; also to warp, to weave,

TRAMITE , f. m. a path.

TRA'MO, f. m. a piece of any thing; particularly a piece of land. Trámo de cordél, a piece of rope. TRAMO'10, adj. the lowest or bardest part of the reed of any grain.

Buén trambjo tiéne que roér , he has a good weed to gnaw. We fay, he has a hard bone to pick.

TRAMONTA'NA, f. f. the northwind.

TRAMONTA'NO, adj ultramontane, that lives beyond the moun-

TRAMONTA'R, v. B. to go down or fet as the fun does.

Al tramontar de! fol, at sun-set.

TRAMO'YA, f. f. a machine fuch as they have in the play-houses for show, to bring down angels in clouds, or the like; meraph, a cheat, a fraud, a deceitful contrivance.

Púntas de trambya, a sort of lace. TRAMOYI'STA, f. m. an enginemaker; also a cheat, a decei-Ver.

TRAMPA, f. f. a trap-door, a pitfall to catch wild beafts, a trap, a snare; metaph. a cheat, a deceir, a fraud.

TRAMPA'LES, f. m. pl, floughs.

dirty miry places, where beafts are fluck faft.

TRAMPANTO'JO, f. m. a trick or cheat put upon à man before his face.

TRAMPEAR, v. n. to trick, to cheat, to cosen, to defraud, to play the knave.

TRAMPILLA, s. f. a little trap-

door, trap, or cheat.

TRAMPI'STA f. m. a tricking cheating fellow.

TRAMPOSILLO, f. m. a little knavish cheating fellow.

TRAMPO'SO, adj. tricking, deceitful, a tricking cheathing fel-

I'RA'NCA, f. f. a door or windowbar, or the like.

TRANCADA, f. f. a fillet, a hairlace.

TRANCAHILO, f. m. any thing that is bound with thread or

TRANCA'R 🚬 🔻. 2. 🔻. ATRAN-CAR

TRANCAZO, C.m. a blow with a bar or pole.

TRANCE, f. m. a ticklish or dangerous point. In buying and felling, the transferring of goods from the feller to the buyer.

Trance rigorofe, a dreadful circumfance.

Trance de armas, a battle.

TRANCELIN, C. m. v. TREN-CELLIN.

TRANCHE'TE, f. m. a shoemaker's knife.

TRANCO, f. m. a large firide. TRANQUE'RA, S. f. a palisade.

TRANQUILAME'NTB, adv. peaceably, quietly, calmly.

TRANQUILAR, v. a. to quiet, to appeale.

TRANQUILIDA'D, f. f. tranquility, quietacls, calmnels.

TRANQUILIZA'R, v. a. to quiet, to calm, to appeale.

TRANQUILO, adj. calm, fill,

TRANQUI'LLA, f. f. a little bar for a door or window.

TRANSACCION, f. f. transac-

TRANSCENDE'NTE, adj. transcending, surpassing.

TRANSCENDE'R . V. a. to trans feend, to furnals.

TRANSCRIBI'R , v. a. to transeribe, to copy.

TRANSCURSO, f. m. process of

TRANSFERIR . v. s. to transfer. TRANSFIGURACION, f. f. the feaft of our Saviour's Transfiguration; a changing of shape or fi-

TRANSFIGURA'R, v. a. to transfigure to change the thape or figure. TRANSFIXO , adj. transfixed, pierced.

TRANSFORMACION, f. f metamorphosis, transformation, changing of forth.

TRANSFORMADO'R , f. m. & transformer, or changer of forms, TRANSFORMAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide TRANSFORMACION.

TRANSFORMAR, V. a. to transform, to change forms.

Transformarfe, v. c. to transforta one's felf.

TRANSFORMATIVO, adi, heving the quality or power of trans forming.

TRANSFUGA, f. m. a run-away. TRANSFUNDI'R, v. a. to trans-

TRANSFUSIO'N, f. f. a pouring liquor from one veffel into anether.

TRANSGREDER, v. a. to transgrefs.

TRANSGRESSION, C. f. transgrellion, offence.

TRANGRESSO'R, [m. a transgreffor.

TRANSICIO'N, f. f. a transition. passing from one thing to another. TRANSIDO, adj. flarved with hunger, thirst, or cold.

TRANSIGI'R , v. a. to paß aa agreement.

TRANSITA'R, v. n. to pass.

TRANSITO, f. m. a passage, the passing from one place to another. TRANSITO RIO, adj. transitory.

that passes away.

TRANSLACION, f. f. translation. TRANSMARINO, adj. beyond the fea, ultramarine.

TRANSMIGRACION, S. E. & transmigration.

Ecce 2

TRANSMIGRA'R, v. m. to remove from one country to another. TRANSMISSIBLE, adject. that which may be transmitted.

TRA

TRANSMITI'R, v. a. to transmit. TRANSMUTA'BLE, adj. changeable from one thing, to another.

TRANSMUTACION, subst. f. a changing from one thing to another.

TRANSMUTAR, v a. to change from one thing to another.

TRANSPARE'NCIA, f. f. trans-DEFCDCV.

TRANSPARENTAR'SE, v. r. to be transparent.

TRANSPARE'NTE, adj. transpa-

ZRANSPIRACIO'N, f. f. tranfpiration, perspiration.

TRANSPIRA'R, v. n. to transpire, to perspire.

TRANSPORTACIO'N, fubfi. f. transportation.

TRANSPORTA'R, v. a. to trans-

TRANSPORTI'N, f. m. an upper mattrass upon a bed.

TRANSPOSICIO'N, f. f. transpo-

TRANSPUESTO, adj. transpo-

TRANSUBSTANCIACIO'N, C. f. transfubstanciation.

TRANSUBSTANCIA'R, v.a. to change one substance into ano-

TRANSVERSA'L, adj. overthwart, across.

TRANZADE'RA, f. f. a knot. TRANZA'R, v. a. vide TREN-ZAR

TRAPACE'RO; f. m. a cheating fellow, an extortioner.

TRAPACE'TE, f. m. a broker's or a banker's book.

TRAPACISTA, f. f. a cheat inbuying or felling, an extortioner in leading of money; a broke, a banker ...

TRAPA JO, f.m. a clout, a rag. TRAPA'IA, subst. f. a confused noise of clastering with the feet. or stamping of horses; metaph. the noise of babbling.

TRAPAZA C. f. a cheat, a fraud. TRAPA'ZO, f. m. a knavish trick;

alfo a waggish faving or action. TRAPERI'A, f. f. a place full of rags, or where they buy and fell

TRAPE'RO, f. m. a rag-merchant TRAPICHE, f. m. a fugar mill. TRAPTLLO, f. m. a little clout or rag.

Un mal trapillo, a pitiful scoundrel. La fiefta del trapillo, the feast of Saint Mark; so called at Madrid, because on that day all the rabble and ragged crew go abroad into the fields to be merry.

TRA'PO, f. m. a clout, a rag. Al athr de los trapos, at the binding up of the rags. We say, at the winding up of the bottom.

Prov. Al descalabrado, núnca le fálta un trápo que rôto que sáno, he that has his head broke, never wants a rag whole or torn. When a man has a misfortune, fomebody or other pities and relieves him, though it be but poorly.

Trapes, pl. the foul linen when the laundress has is to wash.

TRAQUE, f. m. the noise of a cracker when burfting.

TRAQUEADO'RA, f. f. a turbulent, troublesome woman.

TRAQUEA'R, v. n. to cry like a ftork, to clatter like a drum,

TRAQUI'DO, s. m. the report of a gun, the noise of a drum, or the like.

TRAQUI'N, f. m. in cant, a pickpocken

TRAS, adv. after, behind. Ir tras el ladron, to pursue a thief. Tras el vengo yo, I come in pursuit of him; or, I am next in order

to him. Trie tree, f. m., a poile.

TRANSANE'JO, adj. three years old,

TRASCA, f. m. a thick strap. TRASCANTO'N, f. m. a by-corner; also a wound or blow given at the turning the corner of a fireet, as ruffians do who lie in wait,

TRASCORDA'DO, adj. forgotten. Trafcordado, f. th. a forgetful man. Spis un trascordado, you forget every thing, you never mind your bufinels.

TRASCORDA'RSE, v. r. to forget one's felf, or to fall afleep.

TRASCORRA'L, f. m. a back-

TRASEGADO'R, f. m. one that racks, pours, or conveys fromone veffel to another.

TRASEGA'R, v. 2. to rack, to pour, to convey from one velleiinto another.

TRASE'RO, adj: that come behind, hindermost, backward.

Trafero, f. m. the breech.

TRASFIGURACIO'N, S. f. vide TRANSFIGURACIO'N.

TRASFIGURA'R, verb. 2. vide TRANSFIGURAR.

TRASFORMACION, S. f. vide-TRANSFORMACIÓN. TRASFORMAR, verb. 2. vide

TRANSFORMA'R.

TRASGO, f. m. an hobgoblin, an apparition, a ghoft, a fairy. TRASGUEA'R, v. n. to play the

hobgoblin. TRASHOGUE'RO, f. m. an ironback to a chimney; a great log, of vood to lay behind the fire.

TRASHOJA'R, v. a. to turn overthe leaves of a book.

TRASHUMA'R, v. a. to pals from the pastures to the mountains, or the contrary, Said of the flocks.

TRASIE'GO, f. m. the passing a thing from one place to another. TRASLACIO'N, f. m. a tranftion:

TRASLADADOR, f. m. a transalator,

TRASLADA'R; .v. a. to translate. TRASLA'DO, f. m. a copy of writing.

TRASLAPA'R, v. a. vide SOLA--PA'R.

TRASLUCIE'NTE, adj. transparent.

TRASIUCIR, v. 2. to shine throug; to be transparent; to perceive, to conceive, to fee: into, to understand.

Traflucirse una cosa, to have some knowledge or infight into a thing;; alfo to be transparent.

TRASMA'LLO, f. maia close net. behind another open one.

TRASMARA'NA, f. f. the next day; after to-morrow.

TRASMA'NO, adv. behind-hand.
TRASMONTA'NOS, f. m. pl.
she people beyond the mountains.
TRASMONTA'R, v. b. v. TRAMONTA'R.

TRASNOCHA'DA, f. f. the paffing of a whole night, without going to bed.

TRASNOCHA'R, v. n. to watch all night.

TRASPALA'R, v. a. to turn, or to shovel corn, or the like from one place to another.

TRASPARE'NTE, adject. vide TRANSPARE'NTE.

TRASPASSAMIE'NTO, f. m. a transferring or paffing away to another; running through with a weapon.

TRASPASSAT, v. a to transfer, to pass over to another, to run through with a weapon, to pierce with hunger or cold, also to exceed, to transgress.

Traspassarse de hambre, to be pierced or starving with hunger.

TRASPASSO, f. m. the transferring, or making over of a thing, also a trance, an agony.

Ayunar el trapáfo, to fast from Maundy Thursday till Holy Saturday at noon, in honour of our Saviour's agony,

TRASPEINA'R., v. a. to comb again lightly what was already combed.

TRASPIE', s. m. a trip in wrestling. Dar traspiés, to reel, to stagger.

TRASPILLA'RSE, v. r. to grow

TRASPLANTA'R, verb. a. vide TRANSPLANTA'R.

TRASPONE'R, v.a. to transfer, to remove, to transplant, to vanil away, to get out of fight.

Trasponerse, v. r. to fall into a swoon; also to vanish.

TRASPORTA'R, verb. 2. vide TRANSPORTA'R.

TRASPUE'STA, f. f. a fudden difappearing or getting out of fight.

TRASPUE'STO; adj. difappeared, vanished, got out of fight; also transplanted.

TRASQUA'RTO, f. m. a. back-

TRASQUILADO'R, f. m. a shearer, a clipper.

TRASQUILADU'RA, f. f. a sheating or clipping.

TRASQUILA'T, v. a. to clip, to shear, to cut off the hair or wool.

TRASQUILIMO CHO, adj. shorn close.

TRASQUILO'NES, f. m. pl. notches in hair that is ill cut.

TRASSOĀA'T, v. n. to doat, to be befide one's felf, as one that is half asleep; to be as it were in a dream.

TRASTE, f. m. the freet of an infrument.

Dar al traffe, to fink down, to founder at sea.

TRASTEA'T, v. a. to tumble the lumber of a house, to turn it over, to look about among goods.

TRASTEJADO'T, s. m. a tiler; also a mender.

TRASTEJADU'TA, f. f. tiling; also mending and altering.

TRASTEJAT, w. a. to mend the tiles of a house; thence to mend other things, also to aker, to contrive, to order; in cant, to break in at the top of a house.

TRASTE'JO, f. m. the tiling of a roof.

TRASTIE'NDA, f. f. a back shop.
TRA'STO, f. m. a piece of lumber.
Traffos, plur. the lumber of a
house, houshold-goods; generally
taken for things not in use, or of
no use.

TRASTORNADO, S. m. a madman or a drunken man.

TRASTORNADOR, f. m. an overthrower, one that turns things topfyturvy.

TRASTORNADURA, fubil. f. overthrowing, turning things topfy-turvy.

TRASTORNA'R, v. a. to overthrow, to turn topfy-turvy.

Traffornár a uno, to make a man change his mind or opinion.

Traffornárse, v. r. to be drunk or mad.

TRASTRAVA'DO, adj. croffed, laid athwart.

TRASTRIGO, f. m. better than wheat.

Buscár pan de trasfrigo to look for better brend than wheat can make, to be foolishly nice.

TRA

TRASTROCADU'RA, f. f. chop-

TRASTROCA'R, v. a. to chop and change.

Trastrocárse el las palábras, to mistake in speaking, to speak ene word instead of another.

TRASTRUE'CO, f. m. a chop-TRASTRUE'QUE, ping and changing.

TRASTUMBA'R, v. n. to fall over and over.

TRASUDA'R, v. n. to fweat vith fear, fright, or through weaknefs, to be in a cold fweat.

TRASUNTO, f. m. a copy, a figure, a refemblance, a portraiture.

TRASVENI'R, v. a. to differ, to vary, to difagree.

TRASVINA'RSE, v. r. to oofeout of a wine-veffel. Said. of wine. TRATA'BLE, adj. tractable, that can be managed.

TRATA'DO, f. m. a treaty, a treatife. It is also used for a strong, man that is all bones and sinews.

TRATADO'RES, f. m. pl. perfons appointed to diffcufs fuchamatters as are proposed; managers.

TRATAMIENTO, f. m. an handling or dealing.

TRATA'NTE, f. m. a dealer.

TRATA'NZA, fubft. f. obf. vides

TRA'TO and TRATAMIE'NaTO.

TRATA'R, v. a. to handle, to deal, to trade, to treat.

Tratar a uno, to have to do with a man, to converse with him.

TRATILLO, f. m. a little trade.'
TRATO, f. m. trade traffick, mannagement, handling, dealing.
In the university of Alcala, is fignifies the custom they have of vexing new-comers, by playing upon them,

Trate, manner, behaviour, way of proceeding in life, and the like.

The de cuerda, a way of racking; by firetching the joints with ropes.

Trato doble, double dealing.

Mugér de mal trato a bad woman.

TRAVE'RSAS, f. f. pl. certain ropes in a ship, so called.

TRAVE'S, f. m. the inclination or bent of any thing to one of the fides when it ought to go firaightways.

Través, misfortune, mishap. Través, in fortification, a flank. Través, adv. (al través) athwart, abross.

Dar al través, to be cast away at sea.

Salir al través, to come athwart a
man.

If al través, a fea-term, our failors call it hulling; that is, when a ship at fea takes in all her fails in a calm, to fave them from beating against the masts; or else in a florm, when it is so fierce they can bear no fail.

TRAVESA'ñO, adj. that lies, or is to lie across or athwart another.

TRAVESA'R, v. a. vide ATRAVESA'R.

TRAVESEA'R, v. n. to act it an unquier manner, to move or proceed irregularly.

Travesedr, v. n. to think or speak in a witty or fively manner.

Travescar, v. n. to live in a loose and immoral manner.

TRAVESE'RO, adj. that is placed across:

Flanta travefera, a German flute.

TRAVESTA, f. f. a crofs-way, a
path acrofs

path across.

Travesia, thwarting, crofting.

Viento travessia, a contrary wind.

TRAVESSURA, f. f. unluckiness, waggishness, wantonness, archness, disorderliness rakishness.

TRAVIE'SA, S. f. v. TRAVESIA.
A travilifies, adv. athwart.

TRAVIE'SO, adject. unjucky, naughty; waggish, rakish, wanton.

Travieso, not docile, flubborn, apt to rebel.

TRAVQ, f. m. in cant, a fencingmafter.

TRAYE'LLA, S. S. vide TRA-HILLA

TRAZADO'R, f. m. a schemer, a plan.
TRAZADO'R, f. m. a schemer, a contriver.

TRAZA'R, v, a. to scheme, to contrive.

TRAZO, f. m. the delineation of a plan.

Los traços, pl. in painting, the folds of the drapery.

TRZUMA'TSB, v. r. to transpire.

TRE

TRE'BEDES, f. f. a trevet,
TREBEJA'R, v. a. to toy, to
play, to jeft, to dandle, to play
with a child.

TREBE'IO, flubfi. m. a chefs or draughtman; also a rattle, or other child's toy.

TRE'BOL, f. m. the fweet trefoil. Tretol real, the large fweet trefoil. TRE'CE adj. thirteen.

Estarse en su trece, to be positive or obstinate.

TRECE'NO, adj. the thirteenth.

TRECEMESI'NO, adject thirteen months old.

TRECE'SIMO, adj. the thirtieth.
TRECHE'L, f. m. a coarfe fort of
wheat.

TRE'CHO, f. m. a space of dis-

A trechos, adv. at diffances.

TRECIE'NTOS, adj. three hundred.

TRE'FE, adj. light, weak, that easily bends and gives way; also troubled with the phthisick.

TREFEDA'D, f. f. lightness, weakness, aptness to bow, or give way, also the phthisick.
TRE'GUA, f. f. truce; reft.

TRE'INTA, adj. thirty.
TREMBLO'T, f. m. vide TEMBLOT.

TREMEDA'L, f. m. a quaking bog, a quagmire.

TREME'NDO, adj. dreadful.
TREMENTI'NA, f. f. turpentine.
TREMENTINO'SO, adj. full of turpentine.

TREME'R, v. s. to tremble.

TREMESTNO, adj. three months old.

Trigo tremefino, corn that comes up and is ripe in three months.

TREMIE'LGA, f. f. the crampfish that benumbs the hands of those who meddle with it.

TREMIE'LGO, f. m. a numbres, a heaviness, a dulucis.

TREMOLANTE, adj. Sying , wavering in the air,

TREMOLA'R, v. n. to fly, to waver, or play in the air like the colours or flags of a ship.

TREMOLINA, f. f. commotion in the air of of the air.

Tremolina, a tumult, an uproar.

TREMO'R, f. m. dread, fear, quaking for fear,

TREMULAR, v. m. vide TRE-MOLAR,

TREN, f. m. the train of artillery. TRENA, f. f. a belt, a band worm gerofs.

Trens, in cant, a jail, a prison. TRENA'DO, adj. reticulated.

TRENCAS, f. f. pl. certain bits of reed put in bee hives for certain purposes,

Meterfe hasta tas trencas, to enter into a bog and get bemired. Metaphorically, to enter deep into an affair.

TRENCELLIN, f. m., a little
TRENCILLA, f. f.
TRENCILLO, f. m. haig.
Trencillo, the loop worn on the

TRENO, f. m., a fort of cart without wheels, a fledge.

Trene, in cant, a prisoner.

Trenos, f. m. pl. the Lamentations of the prophet Jeremiah.

TRE'NZA, f. f. a twift, treffer, TRENZADE'RA, f. f. a frame to weave hair.

TRENZA'DO, f. m. the hair twifted into treffes.

TRENZA'T, v. a. to twift into

TRE'O, f. m. a very finall fquare fail they hoist out in galleys in a fform.

TRE'PA, f. f. a skip, a jump, a tumble; also the border of a garment; a beating.

Darle una buena trepa, to give a good beating.

TREPADE'RA, f. f. the herb bind-weed.

TREPADO'R, f. m. a vaulter, a tumbler, a skipper, a jumper.

TREPADU'RA, f. f. a vaulting, or tumbling.

TREPANAR, v. a. to trepan the scull, as surgeons do.

TREPA'NO, f. m. the tool with which furgeons trepan the scull. TREPA'R, v. n. to vault, to tumble, to skip, to jump; also to frumble.

TREPICHE, f. m. vide TRA-

TREPIDACIO'N, f. f. fear, trembling.

TRE'PIDO, adj. timorous, fearful.

TRES, adj. three.

TRESARE'SO, adj. three years old.

TRESDOBLAR, v. a. to tripli-

TRESNA, f. E. obf. vide RAS-TRO.

TRESQUILAR, v.a. vide TRAS-QUILAR.

TRETA, f. f. a trick, a flight, a firaragem, a feint.

TREZA, f. f. in cant, a beaft.

TRE

TRIA'CA . f. f. treacle;

TRIANGULA'R, adj. triangular.
TRIA'NGULO, f. m. a triangle,
a figure that has three fides and
angles.

TRIAQUE'RO, f, m. one that makes treacle.

TRIBU, f. f. a tribe.

TRIBULACIO'N, f. f. tribulation, affliction.

TRIBULA'R', v. a. to afflict, to trouble:

TRIBULOS, C. m. pl. briars, brambles.

TRIBUNA, f. f. a tribune or gallery in a church, high above the people, either for the mufick, for a prince, or for a person of quality.

ZRIBUNAL, f. m. a. tribunal, a judgment-feat:

TRIBU'NO , f. m. a: tribune.

TRIBUTACION, f. f. vide.TRI-BUTO:

TRIBUTA'R., v. a. to pay tri-

Dributar obstiguio, to be very obsequious, to pay freat respect to, DRIBUTARIO, adj. tributary, TRIBUTO, f. m. tribute, tax, duty, imposition.

Tribéto, a conflant duty, an unintermiting duty.

Triburo, in caur, a woman kept for pleasure.

TRICE'SIMO, adj. vide TRIGE'-SIMO.

TRICLINIO, f. m; a dining-room.

TRICO'RNE, adj. that has three horns.

TRIDE'NTE, f. m a trident, a fork with three teeth.

TRIE'NNAL, adj. micanial, of three years.

TRIE'NNIO, f. m. the space of three years.

TRIFA'UCE, f. m. that has three jaws, as poets feign Cerbenus to have.

TRIFIDO, adj. divided in three.
TRIFO'LIO, f. m. vide TREBOL.

TRIEO'RME, adj. having three forms or figures.

TRIGAZA, f. f. the: wheat-TRIGAZO, f. m. f first when short and chopped.

TRIGE'SIMO, adject. the thirtieth.

TRIGLIEO, f. f. the triglyph, in architecture, an ornament of the Dorick frize, confifting of triangular furrows or gutters.

TRI'GO, f. m. corn, wheat.

Trigo candeal, fine white wheat.

Trigo tremesino, wheat that is ripe in three months.

Trigo rubión, sed whear.

Trigo alber, the wheat that foonest ripens:

Prov. Harte ingo tiene mi padre en un cántaro, my father has corn enough in a pitcher; applied to those who boast of very inconsiderable matters.

Prov. De trigo o de aréna, mi cafa llena, my house full of wheat, or oats; if we cannot have the best, we may be satisfied with pienty of the worst.

Prov. Siembra trigo en barrill, y pon viña en cascajel, sow corn inclay, and plant vines in gravel.

Prov. Todo es nada, fino trigo y cebada, all is mothing, except wheat and barley; that is, all flores without bread are worth little.

TRIGONOMETRIA, f. f. trigonometry.

TRIGONOME'TRICO, adj. belonging to trigonometry.

TRIGUE'nO, adj. of a wheat co-

TRIGUE'RA, f. f. an herb for called.

TRIGUE'RO, adj: that grows in wheat-lands or corn-fields, as a certain kind of afparagus; that frequents them, as a certain kind of sparrow; or that deals and traffiks in wheat, as a corn-factor.

TRUINGUE, adj. of three ton-

TRILLA, f. f. the fish called at mullet.

Trilla, threshing or treading out the corn.

TRILLADE'RA, f. f. v. TRIL-

TRILLADO'R, f. m. a beaten road;
TRILLADO'R, f. m. a thresher.

TRILLAR, v. a. to thresh , to

Trillar, to frequent, to hant with

Trillar, to beat; to repriment.

TRILLAZO'N, f. f. a flail; at TRI'LLO, f. m; fint made: of three planks fluck with sharp fints, which they draw and turns over the corn spread on the floor, and it bruises the ear and thrusts out the grain; which serves instead of threshing; or treading; with oxen; as was anciently used, and is more expeditious than either. TRIME'STRB, f. m, the space of three months.

TRI'NA, f. f. a term: in heraldry;; as, esculo in trins, the escutcheons divided into three equal parts, too contain three coats.

Trina en pal, the escutcheon divided into two equal parts, and the less subdivided, which makes surce.

TRINCA, f. f. three things of the fame kind, quality, class, or necture.

TRINCA'FIA', E m: a) certains manusure to called on board as ships.

TRINCAPINONES, f. m. an idle loitering fellew.

TRINCAR, v. p. to lie close to the wind.

Trincar, to cut or break into pieces.

Trincar, to go jumping, to jump, to hop.

TRINCHA'NTE, f. m. a carver of

Trinchante, the knife used in carv-

TRINCHA'R, v. a. to carve meat.

TRINCHE'A, f. f. a trench.

TRINCHERA'R, v. a. to make trenches.

TRINCHE'RO, or TRINCHE'O, f. m. a small dish to cut meat upon, or to help about the carved meat.

TRINCHERO'N, f. m. augment. of trinchéa and trinchéra.

TRINCHE'TE, f. m. v. TRAN-CHETE.

TRINE'O, f. m. v. TRENQ. TRINIDA'D, f. f. the Bleffed Tri-

nicy.

TRINITA'RIA, f. f. a flower fo called.

TRINITA'RIO, f. m. the religious belonging to the order of the Trinitarians.

TRI'NO, adj. three-fold.
Trino, adj. contains three things.

TRINQUETA'DA, f. f. a manner of failing with only the fore-fail in a fform.

TRINQUE TE, f. m. a tennis-

Trinquête, f. m. the fore-mast, and the fore-sail in a ship.

TRIO'NES, f. m. a confiellation fo

called. TRIPA, f.f. a gut, a tripe, the

paunch.
Trlpa ciéga, the great gut, called

the inch-pin.

Tripas, pl. the guts.

Echar las tripas, to vomit up one's bowels.

Prov. Ias tripas estén llenas que ellas llevan las piernas, let the guts be full, for it is they that carry the legs.

Prov. Tripa llena, ni bien huye, ni bien peléa, full guts neither run away nor fight well; when a man is too full, he is unfit for any thing.

Prov. Hacer de tripas coraçón, to make the guts heart; that is, to buily and shew much boldness when heartily afraid.

TRIPARTIR, v. a to divide into three parts.

TRIPA'STOS, a pulley formed with three wheels.

TRIPE, f. m. a kind of woollen fluff fo called.

TRIPE'RA, f. f. a tripe-woman.
TRIPERI'A, f. f. the tripe-mar-

Triperia, a heap of tripes, the aggregate of the guts or intestines.

TRIPE'RO, f. m. a tripe-man.

TRIPHTO'NGO, f. m. the union of three vowels pronounced like

TRIPICALLE'RO, f. m. a tripefeller.

TRIPILLA, f. f. a little gut, tripe, or paunch.

TRIPITRA'PE, f. m. a mass of trifles or ridiculous things heaped together; a confusion of ideas.

TRIPITROPA, f. f. a violent revolution in the guts or intestines. TRIPLA, f. f. called by our musicians triple proportion.

TRIPLE, adj. triple, treble, three-fold.

TRIPLICA'R, v. a. to treble.
TRIPLICE, adj. that includes

TRIPLI'CE, adj. that includes three things.

TRIPLICIDA'D, f. f. triplicity, a term in aftrology.

TRIPLO, adj. v. TRIPLICE.

TRIPO'DA, (f. f. a veilel or a TRIPO'DE, fluol that has three legs.

TRIPO'LIO, f. m 2. plant fo called.

TRIPO'N, f. m. a great gut, tripe, or paunch; a great-bellied man.

TRIPUDIA'R, v. n. to dance merrily and immoderately.

TRIPU DIO, f. m. a merry danc-

TRIPUDO, f. m. a great-gutted fellow, all guts.

TRIPULACION (de nãos) f. f. the manning of ships.

TRIPULA'R, v. a. to man a ship, to furnish it for navigation.

Tripular, to mix, to intermix.

TRIQUE'TE, a word only used in the adverb a cada triquete, at every step.

TRIQUITRA'QUE, f. m. a clactering noise, the chopping of meat, or the like; taken also in a lewd sense.

Que triquitréque, tiene! what a clack she has.

TRIRRE'ME, f. f. a kind of galley used by the ancient Romans.

TRIS , f. m. an instant.

Venir en un tris, to come in a trice. Tris tras, a clattering noise.

TRISA, f. f. a fish, called likewife sábalo.

TRISAGIO, f. m. the thrice repeated fong of the Seraphims; and any vefti vity that lasts three days.

TRISCA, f. f the noise of treading on any brittle thing, as glass, nut shells, or the like; used also for any other noise.

TRISCA'R, v. n. 20 make such a noise as that of treading of glass, nur-shells, or the like; to crack-le.

Trifear, to disturb others by noise and noisy jokes.

TRISECA'R, v. a. to cut into three equal parts.

TRISECCIO'N, f. f. she aft of cutting or dividing into three equal parts.

TRISTE, adj. fad, melancholy, doleful.

TRISTEME'NTE, adv. fadly.
TRISTE'ZA, f. f. fandnefs, melancholy, forrow.

Triffeta, in cant, the sentence of dearth.

TRISTI'GA, f. f. a fewer, a fubterranean dust to carry off fifth. TRISTO'R, f. m. \ obf. vide

TRISTU'AA, f. f. (TRISTEZA.

Triffure, in cant', the jail, the dungeon.

TRISY LABO, adj. that contains three fyllables.

TRITO'NES, f. m. pl. tritons, fea-deities.

TRITURACIO'N, f. f. tritura-

TRITURAR.

TRITURA'R, v. a. to triturate, to

TRIUMPHADO'R, s. m, one that triumphs.

TRIUMPHA'L, adj. triumphal.

TRIUMPHA'NTE, adj. triumphant, great; splendid, glorious.

TRIUMPHANTEME'NTE, adv. triumphantly, greatly, splendid-

TRIUMPHA'R, v. a. to triumph; metaph. to live great or extravagantly; to ruft in playing at cards.

TRIUMPHO, f. m. a triumph; a stately procedion after victory; alfo a trump at cards.

TRIVIA'L, adj. trivial, common, vulgar, known to all.

TRIVIALIDA'Da, f. f. any thing that is trivial, vulgar, or com-

TRIVIALME'NTE, adv. trivially, commonly, frequently.

TRIVIO, f. m. the division of a place into three roads.

TRIZA, f. f. a mite, a fragment, a small part of a thing.

R Ø

TRO'BA, f. f. vide TROVA. TROBADOR, f. m. vide TRO-VADOR.

TROBA'R, v. a. vide TROVAR. TROCABLE, adj. permutable. TROCADO'R, f. m. that exchanges or permutes.

TROCAMIE'NTO, f. m. vide TRUEQUE.

TROCA'R, v. a. to change, to .batter; also to vomit-

TROCATINTE, f. m. a ridiculous exchange,

TRO'CHA, f. f. a track or footstep.

TROCHEMO'CHE, adv. at random, disorderly, without regard. Hacer las cosas a trochemoche, to do things at random, or hand over

TROCISCO, f. m. a trochisk; a word used in physick.

TRO'CO, f. m. a woman's headvire.

Tom. I.

TROGLODITA, f. m. a cruel man, a favage.

TROMPA, f. f. a Araight instrument or trumpet of brafs, not winding like a trumpet.

Trompa, an elephants tronk, or the trunk of any creature, as flies and gnats; a child's trumpet; also a top for boys to whip.

Trompa de parts, a Jew's harp.

A trompa y taléga, adv. confusedly, without any order.

TROMPA'DA, S. f. a blow given with the tusk, or with a trum-

Trompada, the blow that two men give each other by fuddenly meeting face to face.

TROMPA'ZO, f. m. a great blow. TROMPETA, f. f. a trumpet.

TROMPETEA'T, v. n. to found a trumpet.

TROMPETETO, C. m. a trumpeter.

TROMPICAR, v. n. to stumble often, or violently.

TROMPICO, f. m. a child's top

TROMPICO'N, f. m. a violen: flumble.

TROMPILLA'R, v. n. to jumble together, to stumble; to

TRO'MPO, f.m. a top to play TROMPO'N, with.

TRONADO'R, f. m. a thunderer.

TRONA'R, v. n. to thunder. TRONCA'L, adj. belonging to a

flock or trunk. TRONCA'R, v. 2. 10 cut off

TRONCHA'R, v. a. to break, to inap off boughs of a tree, or the

TRONCHO, f. m. the flalk of a cabbage or any other plant of that fort.

TRO'NCO, f. m. a flock or trunk of a tree; metaph, a body without a head; also a truncheon; a dull senseles fellow; in architecture, the body of a column.

TRONCO'N, f. m. a great truak or stock of a tree, or the like.

TRONE'RA, f. f. a loop-hole

to fire through in a wall, the port-hole in the side of a ship; the embrazures in batteries our of which the causes fire.

Tronéra de la lidre, a key-hôte. TRONIDO, f. m. the noise of thunder, or any thing like thunder.

TRO'NO, f. m. a throne, one of the nine choirs of angels.

TRONQUI'LLO, f. m. a little trunk of a tree, or the like.

TRONZONAR, v. a. to cut ia pieces.

TRONZUE'LO, f. m. a little trunk or flock of a tree, or the like.

TRO'PA, f. f. a troop.

TROPE'L, f. m. a croud, a multitude of people, or the noise 🗬 of many people; also confusion, diforder.

TROPELI'A, f. f. an infuk, a wrong, an injuty.

TROPELI'STA, f. m. an infulung person, one that does wrong to others.

TROPELLA'R, v. a. vide MTRO-PELLA'R,

TROPEZADE'RO, f. m. a ftumbling-place.

TROPEZA'R, v. a. to stumble. TROPE'ZON, f. m. a flumble.

TROPEZO'SO, adj. apt to flum-

TROPHE'O, f. m. s trophy. TRO'PICO, f. m. a tropick, of which there are two, that of Cancer, and that of Capricora,

TROPIE'ZO, f. m. a flumble; a Rumbling-block.

TROPOLOGIA, f. f. an allegorical discourse, or a discourse full of tropes and figures, or for correcting the manners of others.

TROPOLO'GICO, adj. allegori-

TROQUE'O, f. m. a fort of foot in the measure-of-verses, consisting of the first sillable, long, and the second short.

TROTACONVENTOS, f. m. a galloper from monastery to menaftery, a gadding woman.

TROTADO'R, f. m. a trotting horfe.

TROTADURA, f. f. a treating.

F fff

TROTA'R, v. n. to trot 2 2 horse does,

Agua worlds, water disturbed by beafts going into it.

TRO'TE, f. m. a horse's trot. TROTO'N, adj. trotting.

TROTONERIA, f. f. confinual trotting.

TROVA, f. f. obf. verfe. Trova, a metrical composition.

TROVADO'R, f. m. 2 poet, 2

Troyador, a verse-maker, one who composes metrically.

TROVA'R, v. a. obf. to meet by

· Trovár, v. a. obs. to make verses. Trovár, v. a. to imitate a metrical composition.

Trovár, to invert the sense of words.

TRUVISTA, f. m. a poet, or bard, a verse-maker.

f. m. a granary to TROX, TOR'XE, keep corn in.

jTRO'ZO, f. m. truncheon, a piece of wood, or of any other thing.

TRU

TRUCHA, S. f. a trout.

Trucha falmonira, a falmon-trout, Prov. No se toman trúchas a brágas enxútas, there is no taking of grouts with dry breeches; nothing is to be done without trouble and labout.

TRUCHAMA'N, C. m., an interpreter.

TRUCHUE'LA, f. f. the fish called poor Jack, but commonly taken for the imaller fort of it; also & little trout.

TRUCO, f. m. a truck-table to play on, the play of billiards:

TRUCULE'NTO, adj. cruel, bloody, favage,

TRUE, f. m. a kind of linen fo

TRUECO, f. m. exchange, barter, permutation.

TRUENO, f. m. the noise of the thunder, or of any fire-arm.

'TRUE'QUE, f. m. exchange. TRUPA, f. f. a scoff, a joke, a

baniet.

TRUHAN, f. m. a buffoon, a

TRUHA'NA, f. f. a she buffoon, a jester. TRUHANEA'R, v. u. to play the

buffoon or jester. TRUHANERIA, f. f. buffooary, or playing the jester.

TRUHANI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of truhan.

TRUJAMA'N, s. m. an interpreter; also one who a divises another in consequence of his superior skill or practice; also a broker.

TRUJAMANEA'R, v. a. to interpret, to translate; also to play the

TRUJAMANIA, f. f. the profession or practice of interpreting; also the art of playing the

TRULLA, f. f. a rout of peo-

TU

TU, pros. thou. Tu por tu, coarse, or ili language Venir a tu por tu, to come to abuse one another.

T U B.

TUBO, f. m. a tube, a pipe.

TUD

TUDE'L, f. m. the little pipe that is put into a fackbut to play, or the reed of a hautboy or the like.

TUDE'SCO, f. m. a fort of great coat so called.

TUE

TUERA, f. f. a kind of gourd which is very bitter,

Amargo como unas tueras, extremely biner.

TUE'RO, f. m. a fire-brand. TUE'RTO adj. crooked awry. wrong done; also squint-eyed, or one-eyed.

Prov. Mas vale tuerto que ciego.

better be one-eyed than blind. Tuértos, f. m. pl. the twisting of the guts. TUE'TANO, C. m. marrow.

Hasta los tuétanos, with all the pos fible vigour.

TUF

TUFARADA, f. f. the firong frem that a thing emits.

TUFO, f. m. the fleam or exhalation from the earth caused either by natural or by artificial

Tufo, the firong scent of burning charcoal, or of any thing elfe.

Tufo, pl. the side-locks of hair that hang along the temples.

Tufos, pl. pride, arrogance, haughty contempt of.

TUG

TUGURIO; f. m. a hut, a fmall and poor habitation.

TUI

TUICIO'N, f. f. tuition, defence, protection. TUITI'VO, adj. that defends, that protects.

TUL

TULIPA, f. f. a small rulip. TULIPAN, f. m. a tulip.

TULLIDO, f. m. one that is lame of the limbs, disabled, maimed, crippled.

TULLIDU'RA, f. f. among falconers, the dung or mewtings of a hawk.

TULLIMIE'NTO, f. m. maiming, or cripping.

TULLIR, v. a. to maim, to cripple, to take away the use of the

Tullir; in falconry, to dung; our falconers call it mewting in the long-winged hawks; and flicing in the short-winged.

TUM

TUMBA, f. f. tomb, coffin, the arched covering over a grave.

Baul de tumba, a trunk that has the top round or arched.

Tamba, a tumble, a fall.

TUMBADI'LLO, f. m. a featerm of which I know not the meaning.

TUMBA'DO, adj. rounded on the top like the old-fashioned trunks or coffins.

TUMBA'GA, f. f. a metal fo called; and also any ring made of that metal.

TUMBAGO'N, f. m. a large ring or bracelet made of tumbaga.

TUMBA'R, v. a. to tumble, to make fall,

Tumbur, to tumble as tumblers do. Turibar, to play one tricks or teaze him with mockery.

Tumbar, to blunt the tafte, to deprive of its ftrong tafte.

Tumbarfe, v. r. to lay down, especially, to sleep.

TUMBO, f. m. a tumble.

Tambo, fingle chance.

Tumbo de ella, the residue in the pot when the meat has been taken

TUMBO'N. f. m. a kind of coach, and a kind of trunk so called.

TU MIDO, adj. swollen, TUMO'R, f. m. a swelling, or any

riting.

TU'MULO, f. m. a tomb, a fepulchre, a heap of flones, a hil-lock.

TUMULTO, f. m. (a tu-TUMULTUACIO'N, f. f. | mult. a muriny, a sedition, an uproar, a broil, a fray, an infurrection.

TUMULTUA'R, v. n. to make a tumult or mutiny, to raise an uproar or insurrection, to make a fray.

TUMULTUARIAME'NTE, adv. the same as tumultuosamente.

TUMULTUA'RIO, adj. the same as tumultuofo.

TUMULTUOSAME'NTE, adv. sumultuoufly.

TUMULTUO'SO, adject. tumul-

TUR

TUN

TUNA, f. f. a kind of American fig, and the tree that produces it. Tuna, the idle life that rogues, beggars, and vagabonds live.

TUNA'L, f. m. the same as tuna when it means a tree.

TUNANTE, f. m a mumper, a beggar, a rogue, a vagabond TUNA'R, v.n. 10 mump, 10 beg. TU'NDA, s. f. a beating.

Tunda, the shearing of cloth. TUNDICIO'N, f. f the act of

shearing cloth. TUNDIDO'R, f. m. a cloth-worker. a shearer of cloth.

TUNDIDU'RA, s. f. a shearing of

TUNDI'R, v. a. to shear cloth. TUNDIZNO, f. m. the hair of the cloth when sheared.

TU'NICA, f. f. a tunick, tuniele, part of the Roman dress, part of a religious man's dress, covering, integument.

TUNICE'LA, f. f. a little shirt, vest, or garment: also the thin film that is over a nut, or the

TUP

TUPA, f. f. the eating to fatiety. TUPE', f. m. a toupet; the hair of the forehead put over the wig. TUPIR, v. a. to thicken or mill cloth. Tupirje, v. r. to fill the belly.

TUR

TURA, f. f. obf. lafting, durance, continuance.

TURA'R, v. n. obs. to last.

TURBA, s. f. a rout, a rabble, a multitude; also turf or peet to

TURBACION, f. f. disorder, confusion, trouble, surprize.

TURBADAME'NTE, adv. diforderly, confusedly, surprisedly.

TURBA'DO, adj. disordered, in a confusion', surprised, astonished, out of countenace.

TURBADOR, f. m. one that canfes any kind of disturbance.

TURBAMULTA, f. f. a croud, a great concourse of people.

TURBA'NTE, f. m. a turbant, the covering for the head worm by Mahometans.

TURBA'R, v. a. to trouble, to alser or change the usual order or disposition of things.

Turtarfe, v. r. to be surprised oc amazed, to be out of countenance. TURBATIVO, adj. that difturbe, confounds, puts in diforder...

TURBIAR, v. a. obf. vide TUR-BAR.

TURBIDO, adj. vide TURBIO. TURBINO, f. m. a powder fo called.

TU'kBIO, adj., thick, troubled, puddly, diffurbed.

TURBIO'N, f. m. a fudden short ftorm, a ftrong guft of wind.

TURBIO'SO, adj. obf. vide TUR-BIO.

TURBIT, f. m. a root fo called. TURBULE'NCIA, f. f. turbulency, unquiernels, refflessnels.

TURBULENTAME'NTE, adv. turbulently,

TURBULE NTO, adj. turbulent, troublesome, quarrelsome. TURCO, f. m. in cant, wine.

TURDIGA, S. f. a certain part of an ox's hide,

TURGE'NCIA, f. f. fwelling; a medical term.

TURGE'NTE, adj. (welling; faid of the bodily humours; a medical word.

TURLERI'N, f. m. in cant, a

TURMA, f. m, the testicle of any creature.

Túrma de tierra, v. CRIADPLIA. TURNA'R, verbe n. to any thing among many, each in his turn. TURNIO, f. m. aturn.

Túrnio, adject. goggle-eyed ; also

TURNO, f. m. vide TURNIO. TURO'N, f. m. a field-moufe. TURQUE'SA, f. f. a Turky flone

alfo a mould to cast bullets in.

F fff 2

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TURQUESA'DO, adj. blue, of the colour of a Turky stone. TURQUI', adj. blue, very dark. TURQUEA, f.f. in cant, a pistol. TURRA'R, v.a. to toat, to fcorch. TURRO'N, f. m. a sweetmeat made of almonds with honey. Turrén, in cant, a fique.

TURRONA'DA, f. f. in cans, a ftroke of a ftone.

TURRONL'RO, f. m. one that makes or fells the fweetmear called

TURUMBO'N, f. m. a. rub or rifing in any thing; a knob on a place or thing, that should be: fmooth.

T U S:

TUS, pron. poff. thy; as, tue amigos, thy friends. TUSA'T, v. a. obf. to cut, to shear, to poll the hair, TUSO'N, f. m. a fleece. Caballero de la orden del tuson, a knight of the golden fleece. TUSC'NA, s. f. a strumper, a pro-

TUSSILA'GO, f. f. an herb fo

called,

T U T

TU TANO, f.m.v. TUE TANO.

TUTEA'T, v. a. to speak familiar with one's superiors. TUTE'IA, f. f. tutership, guardianship. TUTELA'R, adj. tutelar. TUTHIA, f. f. vide ATUTHIA. TUTO'R, f. m. a tutor guardian. TUTORI'A, f. f. tutorship, guardianship. TUTREZ, f. f. a female guardian. a protectress.

T U Y

TUYO, pron. thine. Soi tuyo, I am, yours. El mio y el tuyo, meum et mum: Los tuyos, thine, those of thy party; thy kindred.

TYM.

TYMBAL, f. m. a kettle drum. TYMBALE'RO, f. m. a kettledrummer. TYMBRE, f. m. the creft of a helmet, or of coat of arms. Tymbre, any glorious dead,

TYMPANILLO, f. m. dimin. of tympamo. TYMPANO', f.. m. a kettle-drnm. In anatomy, the drum of the

TYP

TYPHON, f. m. a whirlwind! TYPO, f. m. a type, an emblem. TYPOGRAPHIA, f. f. typography; the art of printing. TYPO GRAPHO, f. m. a printer.

TYR

TYRANAME'NTE, adv. tytan-TYRANI'A, s. f. tyranny. TYRANICAME NTE, 2dv. tyrannically. TYRAN'ICO, sdi belonging to tyrangy. TYRANFILO, f. m. a little ty-TYRANIZA'R, v. a. to tyrannize,.. to play the tyrant. TYRA'NO, f. m. a.tyrant. Tyrano, adj. tyrannical, tyrant-like. TYROCINIO, f. m. the novitiate: in any religious house. TYRO'N, subst. m, a beginner, ,2. learner.

V, is pronounced as in English.

VAC

WATCA, f. f. a cow; also all beef, though it be ox-beef.

Vaca, a kind of fong or ruftick piece of poetry.

Vaca, the stock that two gamesters or two players have in common. Vaca de Sant' Anton, an infect focalled.

Prov. Mas vale vaca en par, que nollos con agraz, beef in peace and quietness is better than chicken with four fauce.

FACACIO'N, f. f. vacation, leifure, idle or spare time; the vacation or time that schools are shut at the universities, that courts do not

VACA'DA, f. f a head of cows. FACA'NCIA, f. f. vacancy, empriness; also vacation-time or leifure time.

VACANTE, adj. vacant, void. VACAR, v. n. to be at leisure; alfo to be void.

VACIADITRO, f.m. a fink, a place to empty our foul water, or the like.

VACIADURAS, f. f. pl. what is emptied out of any place.

VACAMIE'NTO, f. m. emptying, evacuating.

VACIAR, v. a. to empty; also to caft in a mould!

Vaciar la bolfa, to spend all one's money.

Vaciar et vientre, to case one's self. Vaciar metales, to caft metals. Vaciar figuras; to cast figures: VACIEDA'D, f. f. emptiness. Decir vaciedades , to tallenonseuse: VACILACION, f. f. unfteadinels. VACILA'NTE, adj. wavering,

unsteady fickle. VACILA'R, v. n. to waver, to be. fickle or unfleady.

VACIO, adj. empry; metaph. vain or foolish,

Henchir al vacio de otro, to succeed in the place of another.

Ser vacle, to be foolish or conceited. De václo, adv. emptily.

VAG

Estár de vacio, to have nothing to do, to be empty-handed.

VA'CO, adj. void, vacant. VACUIDA'D, f. f. vacuity, empti-

VACU'NO, adject. belonging to

VA'CUO, adj. empty, vacant.

V A D

VADE, f. m. the leather-case in which students keep their loofe par pers.

VADEA'BLE, adj. fordable. Vadeable, that may be conquered, overcome, got, or obtained. $VADEA^{\prime}R$, v. n. to ford.

VADEME'CUM, f. m. a lettercase or pocket-book.

VADE'RA, C. P. a ford in a river. VA'DO, f. m. Tentar el vado, to try the ford; metaph, to try cautiously whether an affair may be done with fafety.

Dar vado, to give way to that whichcannot be obstructed; also to furnish means to go through with any buliness.

No hallar vado, to find no ford; metanh, not to know how to compais a bufinest.

No estar al vado, ni a la puense, . co be neither at the ford, nor at the bridge; to be at a lofs without knowing how to proceed.

VADO'SO, adj. that has many fords.

V A F

VAFE, f. m. a bold firoke.

▼ A. G.

VAGABU'NDO, I, m. vide-VA-GAMU'NDO.

VAGAME'NTE, adv. without any scope or determination.

VAGAMUNDEA'R, v. n. to play the vagabond, to firoll about.

VAGAMUNDO, f. m. a vagabond.

VAGA'R, v. n. to wander , to firay, to idle about,

Estår de vagår, or andår de vagår, to have nothing to do, to be idle. No me vuga, I am not at leifure.

VAGARO'SO, adj. obf. flow, leifurely; alfo spacious.

VAGA'RO, f. m. the grape when it has been preffed; the olives when pressed.

VAGI'DO, f. m. the cry of a child. VA'GO, adj: wandering, wave-

Dut en vigo, to give a blow against the air; that is, to be frustrared and dif appointed of our hopes

VAGUEACIO'N, f: f. inconftancy or wavering of the mind.

VAGUEA'R, v. n. to wander, to-Aroll about.

VAGUEDA'D', f. f. vide VA-GUEACION.

VAGUIDO, f. m. giddiness in the head, a fwimming in the head. Váguido, danger of ruin or loss. Váguido, adj. troubled with a diaziness in the head.

A W. H.

VAHA'R , v. n. vide VAHEA'R . VAHARE'RA, f. f. a distemper in children so called. VAHEA'R, v. n. to reek, to exhale, to fleam, to fume. VAHO, f. m. fleam, light vapour.

VA'IDO, f. m. vide VA'GUIDO. VA'INA, f. f. a sheath, a fcab-VAINFILIA, f. f. vainille, and Indian pod used in chocolate. VAIVE'N, f. m. fluctuation, uncertainty, indetermination; also at danger or peril.

V A L

VAL, f. m. a dale, a valley. Val, a fink, a drain, a common? fewer.

VALA'R, adj. belonging to an enclosing wall.

VALE, adv. farewel; substantively used, a promissory note.

El postréro o ultimo vale, the lasti farewel, the pangs of death.

ALEDE'RO, adj. that will be available.

VALEDO'R, f. m. interceffor, mediator, favourer, supporter.

VALENTACHO, f. m. a valiant

VALENTI'A, f. f. valour, courage; also a courageous action. Valentia, boafting language.

Hambre y valentia, an arrogant, poor, a proud beggar.

Pisar de valentla, to walk in an arrogant manner.

VALENTO'N, f. m. a bully. VALENTONADA, f. f. a boaft, a brag, a proud expression.

VALENTONA'ZO, f. m. a braggart, a braggadocio.

VALE'O, f.m. a fort of brush-wood to make brooms.

VALE'R, v. n. to be worth, metaph, to be in favour, to be power-

Valer, to be useful; also to defend. Valer a uno, to protect one; also to be in great authority.

Valerse, v. r. to make use of. Valérse de uno, to enjoy the favour of one.

No podérse valér, not to be able to help one's felf.

No podérse valér con uno, to be unable ro persuade one.

Prov. Mas vale un toma que dos te dare, one gift is better than two promises; a bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

Prov. Mas vale tarde que nunca, beiter late than never.

Prov. Mas vale bién de léxos que mal de cérca, good at a distance is better than evil near hand.

Prov. Mas válo sólo que mal accompañádo, better to be alone than in bad company.

VALERIA'NA, f. f. the herb valerian.

VALEROSAME'NTE, adv. bravely, valoroufly.

VALERO'SO, adj. brave, valo-

VALETUDINA'RIO, adj. poor in health.

VALI'A, f. f. value, worth; also favour, also faction or party in a ffare.

A las ralias, at the flated price, at

the common price that it shall go in its due season.

VALIDACIO'N, f. f. validity, confirmation, firength of an act, contract, and the like.

VALIDAME'NTE, adv. firmly, firongly, with validity.

VA'LIDO, valid, available. Valldo, p. p. affifted, fupported.

Valido, f. m. a favourite. VALIE'NTE, adj. brave, valiant.

VALIENTEME'NTE, adv. bravely, valiantly.

VALIMIE'NTO, f. m. value, worth; also favour or protection. VALIO'SO, obf. adj. worthy, rich. VALIZA, f. f. a mark at the en trance of an harbour to direct

VALLA, f. f. a rail fixed round, an enclofure.

Rompér la valla, to enter at once and first in a business.

VALLADA'R, f. m. a ditch, a trench, an intrenchment.

VALLADEA'R, v. a. vide VAL-IA'R.

VALLA'DO, f. m. a parapet, an intrenchment made to furround. VALLADO'R, f.m. a ditcher.

VALLA'R, v. a. to furround with a rail, intrenchment, or other like thing.

VA'LLE, f. m. a valley.

VALLE'JO, f. m. a little valley. VALO'NA, f. f. a band, a ruff. VALO'NES, f. m. pl. great Wal-

loonbreeches. VALO'R, f. m. valour, worth, va-

lue, courage. VALORA'R. (v. a. so fer the VALOREA'R, ? price to a thing. VALORI'A, f. f. price, value, eftimation,

VALUACIO'N, f. f. a valuation. VALUA'R, v. a. to value, to prize, to estimate, to set a price to, or a value upon.

VAN

VANAGLO'RIA, f. f. vanity, vainglory. VANAGLORIA'RSE, v. r. to be vain or vainglorious, to boaft. VANAGLORIOSAME'NTE, adv. vaing loriously.

VANAGLORIO'SO . adj. vainglorious VANAME'NTE, ad vainly. VANEA'R. v.n. to talk idly. VANECE'RSE, v. r. to be vain . to be proud. VANGUA RDIA, f. f. the van or vanguard or an army. VANIDAD, f. f. vanity, pride, prefumption. VANIDO'SO, adj. vainglorious, vain. VANO, adj. wanting substance, wanting reality, vain. Vano, hollow, empty wanting folidity. Vane, (speaking of certain fruits) wanting the internal and catable parts as dry or rotten. Vano, ineffectual, vain, fruitless. Vano, arrogant, haughty, prefumptuous, vain. Vano, wanting durability, wanting stability, vain. Vane, wanting a reason, a foun, dation, a proof, vain. En vano, adv. in vain, ineffectually, uselessly, without reason or justice, needlessly.

Sallr en vano, to fail of success.

VAPO'R, f. m. vapour, exhalation, steam. VAPORACION, f. f. exhalation, evaporation. Zv. n. to fleam, VAPORA'R, VAPOREA'R, to exhale, to VAPORIZA'R, S evaporate. VAPORO'SO, adj. full of vapour or steam. VAPULACIO'N, f. f. VAPULAMIENTO, f. m. (pulation, beating.

VAPULAR, v. a. to whip.

V A P

VAQUEA'R, v. n. to leap the cows, faid of the bull. VAQUERI'A, ſ. f. v. VACA'DA, VAQUERILLO, f. m. a young herdiman, a boy that tends the VAQUERIZO, adj. belonging to the cown

VAQUE'RO, f. m. a cow-herd, a herdiman; also a loose coat with long skirts as the herdsmen wear. Vaquero, adj. belonging to herdsmen.

VAQUE'TA, f. f. a heifer; also calf's leater.

Vaqueta de Moscovia, Russia leather-Cara de vaquéta, an impudent sel low.

VAQUI'LLA, f. f. a little cow, a hefter.

Prov. Quando te diéren la vaquilla acude con la foguilta, when they give you a heifer, make hafte with the rope; that is, lose not the opportunity, but lead her away.

VAQUETA, f. f. a little cow, a heifer.

Prov. Vaquita teneis 1 acâ m: quédo, have you beef 1 I'will stay here. Applied to these who lay hold of any opportunity to dine ar other people's tables.

V A R

VA'RA, f. f. a rod, a wand, a twig, a flick; also a yard, and a hawk's pearch.

Vara de liga, a lime twig. Vara de pescar, a fishing rod.

Vara real, a scepter.

Vara de justicia, a rod of justice. Vara de paño, a yard of cloth.

Vara de jese, a garden-plant so cal-

led.

Ponés una vara, amang enflickes to

Ponti una vara, among rusticks, to hit the bull skilfully in a bullfeast.

VARADE'ROS, f. m. pf. certain timbers fo called on board ships, VARA'L, f. m. any long pole; metaph, a tall fellow.

VARAPA'LO, f. m. a long pole. Varapalo, an affliction, a trouble, a cause or grief.

VARA'R, v. a. to lay a ship aground.

Varár, to launch a ship, to push it from the dock or the shore on the water.

Varár, v. n. to be ftopt, detained, retarded, faid of any affair or bufinefs.

WARA'ZO, f. m. a firoke with a zed, a pole, or a yard.

VARCHILLA, f. f. a certain meafure of corn.

VARDASCA, f. f. a thin rod.

VARDASCA'ZO, f. m. a blow given with a thin rod.

VAREADO'R, f. m. he that beats with a rod.

VAREA'R, v. a. to measure out by yards; also to thresh or beat with a pole or wand.

Varear, to firike the bull with a spear in a bull-feast.

Varearsi, v. r. to grow weak or feeble.

VAREJO'N, f. m. augment, of para,

VARE'NGA, f. f. formerhing on board a ship that I know not what it is; called affo Percha and Cerreta.

VARE'TA, f. f. a finall wand or twig; a twig that has bird-lime on to catch birds,

Varitas, pl. the stripes on any stuff, VARETEA'R, v. a. to stripe, or draw stripes or lines.

VARIA'BLE, adj. variable, changeable, inconflant, mutable.

VARIACIO'N, f. f. variation, difference.

VARIAME'NTE, adv. variouslyu diversly, differently.

VARIA'R, v. a. to vary, to alter.

VARI'CE, f. f. varix, a morbid dilatation of a vein.

VARICO'SO, adj. varicous, difeafed; with dilation; speaking of a vein.

VARIEDA'D, f. f. variety, diverfity.

VARI'LLA, f. f. a little wand, rod or flick.

Varilla de enello, the throat.

VA'RIO', adj. various, changeable, mutable.

VARIZ, f. f. a varix, a vein swelling with corrupt blood,

VARNIZ, f. f. varnish.

VARNIZA'R, v. a. to varnish. VARO'N, f. m. a man; a man of importance; also a baron.

Varon, is used as an adjective when we say un hijo varon, a son.

VARONIA, f. m. the male li-

Vaionia, when it means a barony

or territory giving title to a baron, it is better written baronia.

VARONI'I, adj. manly.

VARONILME'NTE, adv. manlity.

V A S

VASALLAGE, f. m. vaffallage, the duty, subjection, or dependance of the vaffal on his lord; and extensively, duty, subjection, and dependence in general.

VASA'LLO, f. m. a vassal, a sub-

Vafallo, any one who acknowledges: another as his superior:

Mal vafallo, a good for nothing: fellow.

VASA'R, f. m; a shelf to fix things on:

VA'SCA, f. f. a qualm; a loathing: in the flomach;

VASCONGA'DO, adj. of Bifcay, fpoken by the people of that country, and it is faid of their language.

VASCOSIDAD, f. f. filth, maftinels, losthfomenels.

VASCO'SO, adj. filthy, nafty.
VASCUENCE, f. m. the language:
of Bifcay.

VASE'RA, f. f. a cupboard.

Vasera de orinal, the case in which; an urinal is kepr.

VASIJA, f. f. a veffel.

VASIJILLA, f. f. dimin. of maining.

VASPLLO, f. m. a fmall veffel."
VA'SO, f. m. a veffel, a cup; alfo'
a ship, a boat, the body of the
hive, or any thing fit to countains
another.

No tener vase; to have no vessel; that is, to have no capacity.

VASSALLA GE, f. m. vaffallage, duty of a fubject to his prince or lord.

VASSA'ILO, f. m. a fubject, an

VA'STAGO, f. m. a flock or flem. of a vine or other tree.

VASTEDA'D, f. f. vaffity; great' amplitude.

VASTO, adj. vaft, greatly ample,

VAT

WATE, f. m. a bard, a poet, a poetical prophet.

VATICA'NO, f. m. one of the feven mountains in Rome, where is the palace of the Vatican.

VATICINADO'R, f. m. who foretels or divines.

VATICINA'R, v. a. to foretel, to divine,

YATICI'NIO, f. m. foothfaying, foretelling, divining, a prediction.

VAX

VAXE'L, f. m. a veffel, a ship, a boat.

VAXIIIA, f. f. the plate that is used for the service of the table.

VAY

WAYA, f. f. fcoff, jeft, mockery.

VEC

WECE'RO, & m. he that comes to perform any thing in his turn. WECINAME'NTB, adv. nearly. WECINDA'D, f. f. neighbourhood, vicinity, nearnefs.

VECINDA'RIO; f. m. the number of inhabitants in a town; also a list of them.

VECI'NO, adj. neighbour; also all inhabitant, a house-keeper.
Vecino, adv. near, not far.

VED

[VEDA, f. f. prohibition by law. [VEDAMIE'NTO, f. m. a forbidding.
[VEDA'R, y. a. to forbid.

VEDEGAMBRE, f. m. white hel-

VEDIJA, f. f. a lock of hair, or p'weol; also the groin.

KEDILLLA, f. f. dim. of yedija.

VEDIJO'SO, adj. full of locks VEDIJU'DO, of hair, or tufts of wool.

VEDRIA'DO, adj. glazed.

VEDUHO, f. m. the ground a vine-yard frands on.

VEE

VEEDO'R, f. m. an overfeer, an inspector, a comptroller.
Veedor general, f. m. an inspector-general.
VEEDURI'A, f. f. the office of an inspector.

W E.G

VE'GA, f. m. a plain pasture ground by a river side.
VEGA'DA, f. f. a turn, taking of one's turn.
VEGETA'BLE, adj. vegetable
VEGETAL,
VEGETA'RSE, v. r. to vegetate.
VEGETATI'VO, adj. vegetative, that has a vegetable life.

VEH

VEHEME'NCIA, f.f. vehemence, earnefinefs.
VEHEME'NTE, adj. vehement, hor, furious, raging, earneft.
VEHEMENTEME'NTE, adv. vehemently, earneftly.
VEHI'CULO, f. m. vehicle.

NEJ

VEJANCON, adj. old, heavy,

peevish, and impertinent. Ufed also substantively.

VEJEDA'D, f. f. obf. v. VEJEZ.

VEJESTO'RIO'. f. m. any thing contemptible as being old.

VEJE'TE, f. m. a little old man.

VEJEZUE'LO, f. m. a little old man.

VE'JIBLE, adj. obf. v. VIEJO.

VEJO'TE, f. m. augment. of viejo, a very old man.

WEI

VEINTE, f. m. twenty.

VEINTEDOSE'NO, adj. the two
and twentieth, the twenty-fecond.

VEINTE'NA, f. f. the twentieth
part.

VEINTENAR, f. m. the twenty
tieth part.

VEINTE'NO, adj. the twentieth.

VEL

VE'LA, f. f. a fail; also a candle, and a watch or watchman. Vela burda, or borda, a main-sail. Vela de gabia, a top-sail. Vela redonda, though in express terms it feems to be a round fail, yet it signifies a square sail. Vela maestra, or mayor, the main-Vela de artimon, the mizzen-fail. Vela de mezána, Vela de trinquête, the fore-sail. Vela latina, a triangular fail, vulgarly called a shoulder-of-muttou-Vela del juanete, the top gallantr fail. Vela de effaies, the stay-fails. Hacerfe a la vela, to set fail. Recogér las velas, to furl the fails, Tender velas, to spread the sails. Navegár con velas tendidas, to fail with full fails. Ir a vela y a remo, to fail and row; metaph, to make all possible speed. VELA'CHO, f. m. the top-fail. VELACION, f. f. marriage, most properly a private wedding, a betrothing. VELA'D'A, f. f. a watching. VELA'DO, f. m. a new married Prov. Scafe veládo, y feafe un pálo, let it be a husband, though it be but a flick; faid to express a woman's earnefiness to be married. VELADO'R, I. m. one that wat-

VELADO'R, f. m. one that watches much; also a large lamp or candleshick to work by at night.

VELA'GE, f. m. the aggregate of the sails belonging to a spin.

VELAMBRE 2

VELA'MBRE, C. f. an espousal or betrorhing.

Of fails belonging to a ship.

WELAR, v. n. to watch; also to betroth, to espeuse.

Velar las armas, to watch the arms, a ceremony formerly performed by those that were to be knighted,

VELA'RTE, f. m. a fort of fine cloth.

VELBIDA'D, f. f. velleity, whim wain and inefficacious will or de fire.

VELRIAR, v. a. to fail, to croud fail.

VELEREA, f. f. a callow-chandler's shop.

VELE'RO, f. m. a chandler, he that makes or fells candles.

Velero, adj. that is a good failer. VELE'S.A., f. f. the herb tooth-

WELE'TA, f. f. a weather-cock, a vane to show which way the wind blows a life the con of a fe-

a vane to show which way the yind blows; also the top of a fishing-rod.

VELE'TE, f. m. a thin veil. VELICATIO'N, f. f. twitching, flimulation, veilication.

VELICA'R, v. a. to vellicate, to twitch, to frimulate.

VELFLLA, f. f. a little candle; also a small fail.

VELI'LLO, f. m. a little weil; also a thin fort of web like gauze.

VE'LITES, f.m. pl. foldiers among

the Romans in light armour.

WELLACA'DA, f. f. a gang or pack of knaver.

pack of knaves; or a roguery. VELLACAME'NTE, adv. knavishly, archly.

WELLACA'R', v. n. to play the knave, to be arch

knave, to be arch.

VELLACA'ZO, f. m. a great kna-

VELLA'CO, f. m. a knave.
VELLACO'N. f. m. a great knave.

VELLACO'N, f. m. a great knave. VELLAQUEA'R, v. n. to play the knave, to be arch.

VELLAQUERIA, f. f. knavery, archnefs, waggishnefs.

VELLAQUI'LLO, f. m. a little knave a little wag.

VELLECILIO, f. m. foft down, fmall down and foft.

Tom. 1.

VELLE'RA, f. f. the woman that trims and adorns other women by her trade.

VELLERIFES, £ m. pl. in cant, the perty officers of justice.

VELLIDO, adj. downy, full of down or fost hair.

VE'LLO, f. m. down or foft hair on a man's body, er on the face before the beard grows, or on awoman's face; also the nap on cloth.

VELLOCINO, f. m. a fleece. VELLO'N, f. m. a fleece of wool. Monéda de vellón, small change, brass money.

VELLORI', f. m. a cloth made of the natural colour of the wool without dying.

Caballo vellori, a horse of a colour betwirt black and forrel.

VELIORITA, f. f. the herb and flower paigles or cowflips.

VELLOSILLA, f. f. an herb fo called.

VELLO'SO, adj. downy, full of down or foft hair.

VELLOTA, f. f. v. BELLO-TA.

VELLOTA'DO, adject. like an acorn, of an acorn's colour.

VELLOTE'RO, f. m. one that gathers or fells acorns.

VELLU'DO add downy full of

VELLU'DO, adj. downy, full of down; fubit used, velvet.

VELLUTE'RO, f. m. a man whose trade is to weave filk, especially that kind called felps.

VE'LO, f. m. a veil, a covering; metaph, an excuse, a pretence.
VELOCIDA'D, f. f. swiftness, VELO'N, f. m. an oil-lamp.

VELONE'RA, f. f. the fland on which the oil-lamp is usually pla-

VELOZ, adj. swift. VELOZME'NTE, adv. swiftly. VELU'DO, s. m. velvet.

W R M

VE'NA, f. f. a vein; metaph. a vein or disposition, as a vein of madness, and a vein of metal.

Ve.a cefalica, f. f. the cephalick vein.

Vens basilica, f. f. the great vein that passes through the liver.

Vena mediana, f. f. the middle vein. Vena fagitàlia, f. f. the biggest vein in the middle finger.

Vena poética, s. f. a poetick vein. Vena de locúra, s. f. a vein of madness.

VENABLO, f. m. a javelin, a huntiman's spear.

VENADE'RO, f. f. the place where animals of the flag-king or wild boars are wonted to refort.

VENADO, f. m. a deer; venifon, VENADOR, f. m. a hunter.

VENA'GE, f m. a number or mais of veins; all the veins of the body.

VENA'L, adj. to be feld.

VENALIDA'D, f. f. venality. VENA'TICO, adj. that has a little of the madmao.

VENATO'RIO, adj, belonging to hunting.

VENCEDO'R, f. in. a conqueror, VENCE'JO, f. m. the bird called a martlet. In falconry, a hawk's ieffes; also a gin.

Prov. Dar el concejo y el vincejo, to give the advice and the gin; that is, not only to advise a man how to do his business, but to surash him with the means.

VENCE'R, v. s. to overcome, to conquer.

VENCIBLE, adj. conquerable, that may be overcome.

VENCIDA, f. f. a conquest, overcoming.

A tres va la venelda, the third exfort makes the conquest.

VENCIMIE'NTO, f. m. overceming, conquest.

VE'NDA, f.f., a fillet for the head, for bleeding, or the like.

VENDAJE, f. m. commission paid to one for his having fold our goods.

VBNDA'R, v. a. to bind with fillers.

Vendár los ojos, to bind the eyes, to blindfold.

VENDAVA'L, f. m. the wind that brings home ships from the West-Indies.

Gggg

VENDEDE'RA, f. f. feminine of vendedor.

VENDEDO'R, f. m. a feller VENDE'JA, f. f. a publick sale. VENDE'R, v. a. to fell.

Vendér palabras, to use many deceitful words.

Estar vendido en la conversación, to be in company where all play upon a man.

VENDIBLE, adj. saleable, that be fold.

VENDICIO'N, VE'NDIDA,

VENDI'MIA, f. f. the vintage. Prov. Despues de vendimias cuéyanos, after the vintage to bring

baskers; after meat mustard. VENDIMIADE'RA, f. f. a woman that works at the vintage to gather grapes.

KENDIMIADO'R, f. m. a vin-

tage man that gather the grapes. VENDLMIA'R, v. a. to make the vintage, to gather the grapes.

VENEFICIA'R, v. a. to bewitch, to hurt with witchcraft.

VENEFICIO, C. m. witchcraft' forcery.

VENENA'R, v. a. to poison. VENENA'RIO, f. m. an apothe-

VENE'NO . f. m. poifon.

VENENOSIDAD, f. f. poisoning quality.

VENENO'SO, adj. poisonous, ve-

WENE'RA, f. f. a scollop-shell, the token of a military order.

WENERABLE, adj. venerable. worshipful, worthy to be honoured.

VENERACIO'N, f. f. veneration, worship respect.

VENERADO'R, f. m. he who highly respects another, or a holy thing; a worshipper.

VENERA'NDO, adj. venerable, to be respected or worshipped.

VENERA'R, v. a. to venerate, to respect, to honour.

"VENE'KO, adj. venereal, luftful. VENE'RO, f. m. a place where there are veins or meral.

VENERUE'LA, f. f. a finali shell. VENGADO'R, f. m. a reveuger. VENGA'LA, f. f. a cane or flaff de-

noting command,

Vengala, a thin fort of filk ftuff. VENGA'NZA, f. f. revenge.

VENGA'R, v. a. to revenge. VENGATIVO, adj. revengeful.

VE'NIA, f. f. leave, licence.

VENIA'L, adj. venial, pardonable, that may be pardoned.

VENIALIDA'D, f. f. venialness, state of bein excuseable.

VENIALME'NTE, adv. venially, not mortally.

VENIDA, f. f. a eoming or arri-

VENIDE'RO, adj. future that is to come or shall come.

VENI'LIA, f. f. a fmall vein.

VENI'NO, f. m. pimple, bile or wheal full of matter, which foon breaks and is cured.

Veninos prenados y paridos, fore pimples, or biles full of matter, that is, prenados; and others broken, and the matter out, which are partidos, that is, delivered of the corruption.

VENI'R, v. n. to come; also to fit as apparel.

Venir a menos, to decline., to fall to a worfe effate.

Prov. Priméro vi.ne, primero tiene, first come, first served.

Prov. Con bien vengas mal, fi vienes solo, welcome mischief, if thou comest alone; missortunes feldom come fingle.

VENO'SO, adj. veiny, full of

VE'NTA, f. f. a sale; also an inn Prov. Vénta desháce rénta, the fale takes off the farm, or the revenue. It feems that in Spain, if a man fells his estate, the farmers leafes are all void.

Andar de venta en venta, to go from inn to inn, to wander about begging like-counterfeit pilgrims. VENTA'JA, s. f. advantage; also extraordinary pay allowed to fome

particular. foldiers. VENTAJOSAME'NTE, adv. advantageoufly, profitably.

VENTAJO'SO, adj. advantageous, profitable.

VENTA'LLE, f. m. a fan. VENTA'NA, f. f. a window.

Ventána enrejáda, a vindov that has iron bars before it.

Hacer veniana, to come to the windows in the afternoon to fee the gentlemen ride about the streets. Ventanas de las narleis, the not-

VENTANA'GE, f. m. all the windows of the house or a number of windows.

VENTANA'ZO, f. m. the blow an noise made in shutting a window with force.

VENTANE'RA, f. f. a woman that is always gazing at the win-

VENEANE'RO, f. m. the mane whose trade is to make frames for windows.

VENTANI'LLA, f. f. a linle window.

VENTA'R, VENTEA'R, &v. n. to blow.

VENTERI'L, adj. of, or belonging to an inn.

VENTE'RO, f. m. an inn-keeper. VENTILACIO'N, f. f. ventilation.

VENTILAR, v. a. to winnow; also to debate, to bandy, to argue. VENTI'SCA, f. f. a blast of wind, a strong gust.

VENTISCAR, v. n. to blow hard,. faid of the wind when it raifes the

VENTISQUE'RO, f. m. the place where the wind has blown the Inow in heaps.

VENTOLE'RA, f. f. a flrong but: not lasting wind...

Ventolera, vanity, pride, haughtiness, ostentation.

VENTO'R, f. m. a blood-hound. VENTO'SA, f. f. a copping glass. VENTOSEA'R, v. a. to apply cupping glaffes.

VENTOSIDAD, f. f. windiness. VENTO'SO, adj. windy.

VENTRADA, f. f. litter; 25 Effacochina ha traido seis lechônes de una ventrada, the fow had fix pigs at a. litter.

VENTRA'L, adj. belonging to the venter or belly.

VENTREGADA, f. m. the coming or falling out of many things together.

VENTRE'RA, f. f. a band worm tied round the belly,.

YENTRICULO, f. m. the ventricle, where the meat conveyed from the flomach is digested.

YENTRU'DO, adj. great-bellied. YENTU'RA, f. f. luck; good luck,

A diós y a ventura, at a venture, happy be lucky.

Prov. Ven ventura, ven y dúra, come good luck, come and be lafting.

Prov. Ventura te de Diós hijo, que el fabér poco te bafta, God give you good luck, chill; a little learning will ferve your turn; fortune raifes men more than merit.

Prov. Unas han ventura, y ourse pentrada, some maids have luck, and others a belly-full; that is, some have the good fortune to be well married and others are got with child without being married.

Prov. Quándo la mála ventúra fe duérme nádie la despiérte, when ill duck falls asleep let no body awake her.

WENTURE'RO, adj. accidental, that comes by chance; used subst. a soldier of fortune one that goes to seek his fortune.

VENTURI'LLA, f. f. f. fome good luck.

VENTURINA, f. f. a stone so called, a kind of gem.

VENTURO, adj. future, that is to come.

WENTUROSAME'NTE, adv. luckily, fortunately.

VENTURO'SO, adj. lucky, for tune.

VE'NUS, f. f. the goddess of beauxy; also a planet so called.

FENUSTIDA'D, f. f. beauty, gracefulnefs.

VENU'STO, adj. beautiful, graceful.

V E R

VER, v. a. to see; to consider, to understand.

A mi ver, in my opinion.

Ver y créer, to see and believe; seeing is believing.

Prov. Ojos que ven no envejécen, syes that see do not grow old. The

plea of carjous people that love to fee every thing.

Prov. Ojo: que no ven corazon que no Uora, what the eyes do not fee, the heart does not feel.

VERA, f. f the fea-shore.

VERACIDAD, f. f. veracity, obfervance of truth.

VERANA'DA, f. f. the summer for beasts.

VERANE'RO, f. m. the place where beafts pass the summer.

VERANA'R, v. n. to pass the VERANEA'R, fummer.

VERANIE'GO, adj. of, or belon ging to fummer; faid also of one that during the hot summer cannot eat.

VERA'NO, f. m. fummer. VE'RAS, f. f. pl. truth.

De véras, in good earnest.

Con muchas veras, very earnestly verily.

VERA'Z, adj. veracious, observant of truth.

VERBA'L, adj. verbal, by word of mouth.

VERBALME'NTE, adv. verbally. VERBA'SCO, f. m. the herb wolfolade or the great lung worr.

VERBE'NA, f. f. the herb vervain.

VERBERACIO'N, f. f. the act of whipping or beating.

VERBERA'R, v. a. to whip, to beat.

VBRBIGRA'CIA, adv. for example.

VE'RBO, f. m. a verb. VERBOSIDA'D, f. f. abundance of words

VERBOSO, adj. verbose, prolix, exuberant in words.

VERBA'CHO, f. m. a kind of mineral green earth.

VERDA'D, f. f. truth.

Prov. La verdéd adelgata mas no quiebra, truth may be drawn thin, but will not break.

Prov. Quién verdéd no me dice, verdéd no me crée, he that does not speak truth to me, does not believe me when I speak truth.

Prov. La verdad está en el vino, in wine is truth,

VERDADERAME'NTE, adv. truly, really, fincerely.

VERDADE'RO, adj. true, real fincere.

VERDA'L, adj. greenish; applied to a kind of plums.

VERDA'SCA, fubft, f. a green wigt.

VE'RDE, adj. green, youthful, fresh.

Verde, f. m. grafs.

Estarse uno verde, to continue youth-

No dexár vérde, mi féco, to leave neither green, nor dry; to sweep all away.

Dárje un vérde, to make a merry bout.

VERDE'A, f. f. green wine of Florence.

VERDEA'R, v. n. to look green, to be greenish.

VERDECE'R, v. n to grow green. VERDECIE'NTE, adj. growing green, thriving, looking fresh.

VERDECILLO, adj. greenish, tomewhat green.

Verdecillo, f. m. a little bird so called.

VERDE'GAY, f. m. a light green. VERDEGAMBRE, f. m. white hellebore.

VERDEGUEA'R, v. a. to look green, to grow green.

VERDEMA'R, f. m. a flone of the colour of fea water used by painters.

VERDEMONTA'āA, f. m. a mineral, in colour green.

VERDERO'L, f. m. a fort of fish fo called.

VERDERO'N, f. m. 2 green bird. VERDESCU'RO, adj. dark green. VERDE'RE, f. m. 2 colour used by painters.

VERDINE'GRO, f. m. a deep green, that has a cast of black. VERDINO, adj. very green.

VERDOLAGA; f. f. the herb pursain.

VERDO'N, f. m. a green-bird.

VERDO'R, f. m. greenness; metaph, youthfulness.

VERDO'SO, adj. greenish; in cant, a fig.

VERDUGA'DO, f. m. a petricoat. VERDU'GO, f. m. an executioner,

a hangman; also a wheal raised with a lash or a blow; also the

Gggg 2

shoot or sprout of a tree.

Verdago, the mark left by a blowgiven with a whip.

VERDUGO'N, f. m. augment. of verdugo.

WERDULE'RA, f. f. an herb-wo-

VERDU'RA, f. f. greenness, freshness.

Ve diras, f. f. pl. all forts of potherbs.

VERE'DA, f. f. a path.

Veidas, f. f. pl. they call the divifions officers make among themfelves of the country or a province, for collecting of taxes or the like.

VEREDA'RIQ, adj. an epither applied to positions, post-horses, and hackney horses.

WEREDE'RO, f. m. a messenger that carries to small districts.

(VEREDI'LLA,, f, f, dimin, of rereda.

WERENGE'NA, C. f., v. BEREN-GENA.

VERGA, f. f. a rod, a wand, a yard, a manes, member , also the yard of a ship.

Werga mayor, or Verga grande, the mainyard of a ship.

¡Kerga de gata, the cross-jack, a yard at the upper end of the mizzen-mass under the top, slung there, and having no halltards.

VERGA'JO, f. m. a bull's pizzle.
WERGA'NTE, f. m. a scoundrel,
a base fellow.

|VERGE'L, f. m. a garden, a bower.

WERGE'TA., f. f. v. WER-GUE'TA.

VERGONZA'NTE, f. m. a poor person ashamed to beg.

| VERGONZOSAME'NTE, adv. bashfully, modefily, shamefully, | WERGONZO'SO, adj. bashful, modeft, shameful.

Plantes vergonzas, the privy-parts.

VERGONA, obf. (f. f. shame,
VERGUE'NZA, f.f. (, bashfulnefs,

modesty.

Verguenza, the privy parts.

Verguenza, the pillory.

Sachr a tine a la respitaça, to expose a man by way of punishment to some publick shame, as flanding on the pillory, or at the whippingpost, or leading him about with a crier proclaiming his crime.

Prov. Quien verguenza no tiene la villa es fuya, he who has no shame has the town for his own; that is, impudence carries all before it.

VERGOTOSO, adj. ohf. v. VER-GONZOSO.

VERGUEA'R, v. 2. to Beat any thing with rods, or with a rod.

VERGUE'R (f. m. an officer VERGUE'RO, called a verger: VERGUE'TA, f. m. an officer that apprehends offenders.

Verguéta, dimin. of verga, a twig, a small rod.

WE'RJA, f. f. an iron or wooden grate.

VERIDICAME'NTE, adv. truly, fincerely.

VERIDICO, adj, one that speaks truth.

VERIFICACIO'N, f. f. verification.

VERIFICA'R, v. a to verify, to make good.

VERI'L, f. m. v. BE'RIL. VERISTMIL, adj. likely.

VERISIMILITU'D, f. f. likeli-

VERME'JO,, adject. v. BERME'-JO.

VERMELLO'N, f. m. vermillion, a curious red found in the quickfilver mines.

VERMICULA'R, adj. vermicu-VERMINO'SO, cular, breeding of worms, having worms. VERNA'L, adj. belonging to the fpring, vernal.

VERNIZ, f. f. v. BRENIZ.

VERO, adj. true.

VERO'NICA, f. f. the herb fluellin. VE'ROS, f. m. pl. vairy in heraldry; in garments it is a wavy or fealloped ernament.

VEROSI'MIL', adject. v. VERI-MI'L

VEROSIMILITU'D, f.f. v. VE-RISIMILITU'D.

VERRA'CO, f. m. a hog.

VERRAQUEA'R, v. n. to grum-

ble as a hog does.

PERRICINDEZ, f. f. the luft of hogs.

VERHIO'NDO, adj. in lust., speaking of a liog.

VERROCA'L, f. m. v. BERRO-CAL.

VERRUCARIA, adj. fem. an epi-

VERRUE'CO, f. m. v. BERRUE-CO.

VERRUGA, f f. a wart.

VERRUGO'SO, adj. full of VERRUGUIE'NTO, warts.
VERRUGUI'LLA, f. f. a little

WERRUGUTLLA, 1, 1, 1, a little
Wart.

VERSA'DO, adja versed, used, acquainted.

VERSA'R, v. n. to turn round. Verfarse, v. r. to use one's self, to acquire use and practice, to make oneself skilful.

VERSA'TIL, adject. that will' turn;

VERSICULA, f. f the place where the choir-books are laid up.

VERSIFICA'R, v. n. to versify,, to make verses.

VERSILLO, f. m. a short line or verse.

VERSIO⁴N, f. f. a version, a transflation.

VERSISTA, f. m. a maker of blank verse.

VE'RSO, f. m. a verfe. Alfo a fmall: piece of iron cannon.

VERTEBRAS, f. f. pl. the back-bones;

VERTEDE'RO, f. m. a fink.

VERTE'R v. z. to spill, to shed-VERTICA'L, adj. vertical.

VERTICE, f. m. vertex, the point over head; also the superior point of any figure.

VERTICIDA'D', f. f. verticity; the power of turning.

VERTIE'NTE, f. m. the running down of any water, or the place where water falls:

Vertiente del monte, the steep of the hill.

Vertiente del rio, the fittep or delcest

VERTIGINO'SO, adj. vertiginous, giddy.

VERTIGO, f. m. venigo, gid-

E S

FESPERO, f. m. the vesper, the evening flar. PESPERTILLO, subst. m. vide

MURCIELAGO.

VESPERTINO, adj. of the eve-

VES QUIR, v. nobf. ro live. VESTA'L, f. f. a chaste woman. Mostly used in an ironical sense. VE'STE . f. f. v. VESTIDURA.

VESTIBULO, f. m. porch, an entry or passage into a house. VESTI'DO, f. m. a fuit of cloaths,

a garment.

VESTIDU'RA, f. f. a garment. VESTIGIO, f. m. a footstep, a track, the print of a man's foot. VESTIGLO, f. m. an horrible monster, a phantom.

VESTIME'NTO, f. m: vid: VES-TrDO.

FESTIR, v. a. to clothe, to apparel, to put on cloaths.

Prov. Al revês me la vesti, andese ass. I put it on the wrong way, so let it go; applied to those who are in the wrong, and will not be fet right.

PESTUA'RIA, f. m. an attiring-

VET

PE'TA, f. f. the great vein or body of the filver or other metal, running in the earth.

Descubrir la veta, to discover the intention of a person.

FETA'DO, adj. full of veins of metal; said also of fine stone or marble, that has curious veins.

FETERA'NO, f. m. a veteran fol-

FETILLA, f. f. dimin. of reta.

Y E X

WEXAGIO'N, fubfi. f. vexation, trouble.

WEXAMEN, f. m. a trial, anexa. mination; also vexation, trouble. WEXAR, v. a. to vex, to trouVEXI'GA, f. f. a bladder; also a

V 1 A

Vexiga de pétro, the plant alkakeng, or winter cherries.

VEXIGA'ZO, f. m. a blow with a bladfull of wind.

Dar un vexigaço, to play a trick to deceive one.

VEXIGU'ELA, 7 f. f. diminu-VEXIGUI'LLA, I tive of vexiga.

V E Y

VEYE'CE, f. f. obf. v. VEJE'Z. VEYE'NTE, f, m. obf. a beholder.

VEZ

VEZ, f. f. a time, and turn. Una vez, once ; dos veces, twice; ues véces, thrice, cien véces, a hundred times, &c.

A veces, fometimes, by turns, Por esta vez, for this time.

En véz de honrárme me deshonra, inflead of honouring me, he difgraces me.

Una vez de vino , a glass or draught of wine.

Tal vez, adv. perhaps.

Tal vez ó tal qual vez, sometimes. Una vez que; todas las veces que; Supposing that:

Llegathfe mi vez, my turn will come. VEZA'R, v. a. v. AVEZAR. VEZO, f. m. custom, use, habit.

VIA

VI'A, f. f. a way, or means. Vla, the bowel, the excrements pais through; also the method or plan of life, conduct, or action. Via lades, the milky way, the

galaxy.

Prov. De luengas vias, luengas mentiras, from long ways, long lies; that is, travellers have a privilege of lying.

Prov. Una via y dos mandados, to do two errands under one; to killtwo birds with one stone.

VIADE'RA, f. f. a piece of wood in a weaver's loom or frame. VIADO'R, f, m, a traveller,

VIA'GE, f. m. a voyage, a jour-

Buén viáge, a good voyage, or a good journey.

VIAJA'DOR, f. m. a traveller. VIAJAR, v. n. to voyage, to

VIAJANTE , f. m. one who travels.

VIA'L, adj. belonging to the road and to travelling.

VIA'NDA, f. f. meat, victuals. VIANDA'NTE, f. m. a traveller. a wayfaring man, a passenger.

VIARA'ZA, f. f. a fudden freak that a man takes to do a thing immediately, and does it the worft way through precipitation. VIATICO, f. m. provision for a journey. It is generally taken for the factament given to fick persons.

V I B

VIBORA, f. f. a viper, a serpent of that species which brings its young alive. VIBORI'LLO, f. ml. the young' newborn viper. VIBORRE'ZNO, f. m. idem. VIBRACION, f. f. vibration. VIBRA'R, v. n. to bradish, to shake, to cast violently.

VIC

VICARIA, f. f. a vicarage. VICARIAL, adj. belonging to the vicar. VICARIA'TO, f. m. the dignite or office of he vicar. VICA'RIO. f. m. a vicar. VICEALMIRA'NTA . f. f. the fecond galley in a fquadron. VICEALMIRA'NTE, f. m. viceadmiral, the second commander. of a fleet. VICECANCILLER, f. m. vicechancellor. VICEDIO'S, f. m. the pope. VICE'SIMO, adj. v. VIGE'SIMO. VICE VERSA, adv, on the contra-VICIAR, v. a. to viriate, to adulterate, to corrupt. VICIO, f, m. vice; also rackness, viciousness in land, or the

VICIOSAME'NTE, adv. vicious.

VICIO'SO, adj. vicious; also rank, overfruitful.

Los panes se échan de puro viciosos, the corn is so rank, or so overfull, that it lodges.

VICISSITUD, f. f. a change, vicissitude.

VICTIMA, S. f. 2 victim, a sacritice, an oblation.

VICTO'R, f. m. a victor, a conqueror. This word is used by way of applause, when any person does a thing well.

VICTOREA'R, v. a. to applaud, to praise in general.

VICTO'RIA, f. f. victory, conquest, triumph.

VICTORIOS AMENTE, adv. victoriously.

VICTURIO'SO, adj. vidorious, conquering.

VICTUALLA, f. f. v. VITUA'L LA.

VICUA, f. m. the name of an animal, in Peru, a kind of wild-

V I D

VID, f. f. a vine. It is also that part of a woman which comes out with the after birth, so called because it is knotty.

Vid parráda, a vine that grows up against a wall or over an arbour.

Vid pasmada, a vine that is blasted. Vid con brazos, a vine that spreads in many branches,

Vid tendida, a vine that lies flat. Vides abrazadas, vines that run up

Vid mocha, a vine trunk without branches.

VI'DA, f. f. life.

Hombre de buéna, o de máia vida, a good or an ill liver.

Darfe buena vida, to live at one's eafe.

VIDRIAR, v. a. to glaze earthen ware.

VIDRIE'RA, f. f. a glass window.

Licenciado vidriéra, a scotting name for a very delicate person. VIDRIERIA, f. f. the place where glass is worked or sold. VIDRIE'RO, f. m. a glazier. VI'DRIO, f. m. glafs. VIDRIO'SO, adj. glaffy. Hombre vidrioso, a man that is like glass; that is, who is touchy and must be gently handled. VI'DRO, f. m. v. VIDRIO. VIDUA'L, adj. belonging to a VIDUE'ãO, or VIDUãO, f. m. a vine.

VIE'JA, f. f. an old woman.

Prov. Póco a póco hila la vieja el copo, little by little the old woman spins her distaff full; that is, patience and application carry one through any work though ever fo tedious.

VIEJA'ZO, f. m. augment. of viejo.

VIEJECI'TO, adj. oldish.

VIE'JO, adj. old.

Viljo, f. m. an old man.

Soldado viejo, an old soldier, a veteran foldier.

Tenér alguna cosa de viejo, to have some old habitude left.

Prov. Si quieres vivir, sano bazte viejo tempráno, if you would be healthy, be old betimes; that is, take care of yourself as old men

VIE'LDO, f. m. a fan to fan VIENDRO, obf. corn. VIENTECILLO, f.m. a foft bree-

VIE'NTO, f. m. the wind. Viento, any thing very light. Viento, a bone so called, that dogs have in the head.

Buñuelos de viento, a kind of fritters so called.

Infe con el viento que corre, to follow the party that prevails. Viento en popa, a fair wind.

Cosa de viento, an idle story, a thing of no moment.

Viento remelinádo, a whitlwind. Viento travesia, a contrary wind.

Prov. Viento y ventúra poco dura,

wind and good luck are feldom lafting.

VIENTRAZO, f. m. a great belly or paunch.

VIE'NTRE, f. m. the belly, the paunch.

Vientre, any internal cavity when large and capacious.

Vientre de carnéro, a sheep's paunch. Vientre de coluna, in architecture, the middle part of the column.

O vejas de vientre, fuitful eves.

Devientre y lomo, by father and me-

Sacár el vientre de mel año, to cat one's belly full at another man's

Prov. El viéntre ayuno no óye s ninguno, an empty belly hears no body; that is, a man when hungry is not fit to be advised to about bulinels.

Sacar el viéntre de mal año, 10 delivez the belly from an evil year; that is, to make use of one's time, and feed heartily when it is to be had.

Prov. Ciénto de un viéntre, y cada uno de su miénte an hundred of one belly, and every one of his particular, mind; fo many men, fo many minds though they be all brothers.

VIENTRECILIO, f. m. dimin. of vientie.

VIE'RNES, f. m. Friday. Viernes, any meagre day. Cara de viernes, a lean bony face. Lo haré la semana que no tenga viernas, I will never do it.

VIGA, f. f. a beam.

Viga de lagár, the great beam over the wine-press, which presses the grapes to squeeze the wine out.

Andar de vign en viga, to step from beam to beam; to skip idly, to faunter about; to be toffed about from post to pillar.

VIGE'SIMO, adj. the twentieth. VIGILA'NCIA, f. f. vigilance, watchfulness.

VIGILA'NTE, adj. vigilant, diligent, watchful.

VIGILIA, f. f. the eve of a holiday; any fasting day.

Vigilia, watching, the flate of being awake; want of fleep.

Vigilia, nightly lucubration, produce of literary labour.

Vigilia, in cane, the hangman's trumpet.

:VIGOLE'RO, f. m. the hangman's helper.

VIGO'R, f. m. vigour, force, life, ftrength, sprightliness.

VIGORA'R, . a. to envigour, to give vigour.

VIGO'RNIA, f. f. v. BIGO'R-NIA.

PIGOROSAME'NTE, adv. vi-

VIGOROSIDA'D, f. f. v. VI-GOR.

VIGORO'SO, adj. vigorous.

VIGOTE, f. m. v. BIGOTE. VIGuE'LA, f. f. a forr of lute.

FIGUELISTA, f. m. one who plays upon the viguela.

VIGUERIA, f. f. a parcel of

VIGUE'TA, f. f. a little bean.

VIL

FIL, adj. vile, base.

FILECE'R, v. n. to grow vile or base.

VILE'ZA, f. f. baseness, vileness. FILHO'RRO, f. m. in cant, the rogue that' shuns a danger by flight.

FILIPENDIA'R, v. a. to abuse, to despise, to contemn, to set very low.

#ILIPE'NDIO, f. m. contempt, abufe.

FILLA, f. f. a town.

FILLAGE, f. m. a village, a small collection of houses in the country.

FILLANAGE, f. m. the peafants, the country people.

VILLANAME'NTE, adv. basely, vilely, clownishly, meanly.

VILLANCHON, f. m. a clown. FILLANCICO, f. m. a fort of pastoral poem or fong.

FILLANCIQUE'RO, f. m. one who composes villancicos.

VILLANERIA, f. f. the same as villanta and villanage.

VIN

VILLANE'SCO, adj. belonging to the country and the peasantry. VILLANIA, f. f. lowness of birth, condition or state.

VIllania, baseness, base action, vil-

VILLANI'A, f. f. villanage, meanness, baseness.

VIL! A'NO, adj. ruflick, of the country, not of the town.

Villano, f. m. a clown, a countryman, a peafant.

Villano, harto de ájos, a clown fluffed with garlick, a base stinking fellow; a clod-pate, an obstinate block-head.

VILLANOTE, f. m. vide VIL-LANCHON.

VILLA'R, f. m. a great village a borough.

VILLE'TA, f. f. a little town. VILLE'TE, f. m. a billet, a bill, a note, a letter.

VILLE VI'NA, f. f. a kind of linen fo called.

VILLO'RIA, f. f. a country feat. VILLORI'N ,, f. m. a kind of coarfe

VILLO'RIO, f. m. a contemptuous word for a village, a small paltry village.

VILME'NTE, adv. vilely, basely. VILO, only used in the adverb en vilo, in the air, without any firmeness or flability.

VILO'RDO, adject. heavy, lazy, dull.

VILO'RTA, f. f. 2 ring made of willow or of some such pliable

Juégo de villéria, a fort of sport so called.

VIM

VIMBRE . f. f. a twig.

V I N

VINAGE'RA, f. f. a mass cruet VINA'GRE, f. m. vinegar. Vinagre, a rough, auftere, crabbed Vinagre, the juice of fruits before they are riper

VINAGRE'RA, f. f. a vinegar bottle or cruet.

VINAGRILLO, f. m. a fort of paint or wash formely used by women, chiefly made with vine-

Vinagrille, a fort of rosy vinegar used in snuff to quicken its re-

VINAGRO'SO, adj. rough, auf-

VINARIE'GO, adj. skilful in the: cultivation and management of

VINATE'RO, f. m. a countriman' that, fells wine.

VINCULA, f. m. band, bond, obligation, entail.

VINCULA'R, v. a. to entail an' estate, to bind sure, to make

VINDICATIVO, adj revengeful. -VINDI'CTA, f. f. revenge.

VI'NO, f. m. wine.

Vino de manzanas, cydet.

Vino de rancion, ordinary wint for fervants.

Vino sinto, red wine.

Vino claréte, a pale red wine.

Vino brózno, a harsh unpalatable: wine.

Vine buelto, wine that is pricked-Vino defvanecido or rebotado, decaved wine,

Vino de majuelo, wine of a young. vine.

VINOLE'NCIA, f. f. excess in drinking.

VINOLE'NTO, f. m, a drunkard, one given to wine.

VINOSIDA'D, f. f. vinosity. VINO'SO, adj. that has qualities

refembling those of wine.

VIA

VIAA, f. f. a vineyard. Entrôse cômo por viña vendimiada; he intruded into a vineyard that? had been gathered; he went in1 with great freedom.

Viñas y juan danzante, in caut, fignifies, scamper, get away, save yourfelf.

VInADE'RO, f. m. one that farms a vineyard or that looks to a vinevard.

VInE'DO, f. m. a diftrict that is ! all vineyards.

VIO

VIOLA, f. f. a viol, a ftringed inftrument of mulick; also a flower called violet. VIULA'CEO, adj. of a violet co-VIOLA'BLE, adj. that may be violated. VIOLACIO'N, f. f. violation. VIOLA'DO, adj. of a violet colour; chiefly made of violets; as. Lamedor violado, syrup of violers. VIULADUR, f. m. violater, a defiler, an infringer. VIOLA'R, v. 2. to violate, to defile, to infringe. Wiolde, f. m. the spot that produces violets. VIOLE'NCIA, f. f. violence. VIOLENTAME'NTE, adv. vio-VIOLENTAR, y, a.to force, to use violence. VIOLE'NTO, adj. violent. VIOLETA, f. f. a violet, VIOLI'N, f. f. the musical instrument called a violin. VIOLINISTA, f. m. a player upon the violin. VIOLO'N, f. m. a base viol. VIP

VIPERINO, adj. belonging to vipers.

V I Q

·VIQUITRO'QUES, f. m. pl. timbers in a ship fo called.

VIR

VIRA, f. f. a shaft or arrow to shoot out of a cross-bow; any wooden pin; the lining of the shoe, or the narrow flip of leather on the infide, that runs along the feam to fliengthen it. Ir mas derecho que una vira, to walk

as straight as an arrow.

VIRATO'N, f. m. a large dart or AITOW.

VIRA'R, v. a. to turu.

VIRGEN, f. f. a virgin. Virgen, adj. f. untouched, unpolluted. Azeite virgen, the first oil that runs from the olives without preffing. VIRGINA'L, adj. of, or belonging to a virgin. VIRGINEO, adj. idem. VIRGINIDA D , f. f. virginity. VIRGO, f. m. a maidenhead. Virgo, the fixth fign in the zodiack. VIRGULA, f. f. a comma. VIRI'L, adj. manly. Viril, f. m. a fine glass to set hefore any thing, that it may be feen, and not handled, or to preserve it from dust. VIRILIDA'D, f. f. manhood. VIRILME'NTE, adv. manly. VIRIPOTE'NTE, adj. marriageable; faid of a girl. VIROLE'NTO, adj. he who has the small-pox, or is marked by

VIROTA'ZO, fubft. m. a blow. wound, or stroke of a shate, bolt, or arrow.

VIROTE, f.m. a bole, a shafe, an arrow to shoot out of a crossbow; a long piece of iron faftened in a ring put about the neck of runaway flaves.

Virous jostrado, a shaft with a little place full of sharp points at the end, that it may knock down the game.

Traga viróte, a fellow that walks as fliff as if he had swallowed

Mirar por el virete, to mind one's business, as he who is to shoot looks narrowly to his shaft.

Echar un virote tras otro, to fend one shaft after another. When one ferwant is fent to fetch another, and both flay; or when a man throws away good money after bad.

VIRRE'INA, f. m. the viceroy's

VIRREINA'TO, f. m. the dignity or office of the viceroy, and the time that his gouvernment lasts. VIRRE'Y, f. m. a viceroy.

VIRRE'INO, f. m. vide VIR-REINATO.

VIRTUA'L, adj, virtual.

VIRTUALMENTE, adv. vir-VIRTUD, C. f. virtue. Perder su virtud, to wither, fail of trees. Hacer de necessidad virend, to make a virtue of necessity. Prov. Virtides vêncen senalés . victue overcomes ill tokens; that is, though a man feem to be ill inclined he may overcome all bad tokens and inclinations, and be virtuous. VIRTUOSAME'NTE, adv. vittuously. VIRTUO'SO, adj. virtuous. VIRUE'LAS, f. f. pl. the small-POX. VIRULE'NCLA, f. f. virulence.

AIS

VIRULE'NTO, adj. virulent.

lath or chip,

VIRUTA, f. f. a thin bit of

VISA'GE, f. f. the face, the vilage, Hacer visiges, to make faces. VISA'GRA', f. f. a hinge. VISANTES, f. m. pl. in cant, the eyes. VISCERAS, f. f. the bowels, the inteffines. VISCO'NDE. a viscount. VISCOSIDA'D, f. f. viciousnes, clamminess. VISCO'SO, adj. viscous, clammy, flicking like birdlime. VISE'RA, f. f. the vizor of a helmet. Calár la vistra, to pull down the vizor or beaver of a belmet in order to engage an enemy. VISIBILIDAD , f. f. vifibility , the state of being visible. VISI'BLE, adj. that may be feen. VISIBLEMENTE, adv. visibly. VISIO'N, f. f. vision, apparition. Ver visiones, to be run away with one's own imaginations. Ver vifion:s, to fee spectres; said to ridicule ugly people that are approaching or coming to us. VISIONA'RIO, adj. visionary, belonging to a vision.

VISI'R, f. m. a viliter among the

VISITA, f. f. a vilit, a vilita-

tion .

Turks.

cion , a learch , an enquiry; alfo a visitant, one who goes to see another.

Visita de nãos, the searching of ships by the king's officers to clear

Visha de juiz à prelade, a judge's going a circuit to try causes, or a prelate's going his visitation. Visita de tárcel, a gaol delivery. VISITACION, f. f. vilitation,

fearch, enquiry. VISITADO'R, f. m. visiter, se-

archer.

VISITA'R, v. a. to visit, to search, to try, to enquire into.

Vifisar lugares santes, to go pilgrimages, to frequent places of de-WOLION.

Vifitar como juez o prelado, co go 2 visitation as a bishop, or a circuit as a judge.

Vifitar comadres, to go goffiping from one house to another.

Vifuirfe, v. r. to vilit, to keep up the intercourse of ceremonial salutations at the houles of each other.

VISIVO, adj. wifible, obvious, to the eye.

VISLUMBRAR, v. a. to dazzle. VISLU'MBRE, f. f. a dazzling litgh; also a glimmering.

WI'SO, Subst. m. a glimmering, a glance, a fight.

Hactr visos, 10 glimmer as a glass does in the fun.

VISO'10, adj. squint-eyed. VISOnO, f. m. v. BISOnO.

WISO'RIU, adj. belonging to the fight.

VISORREY, f. m. 2 viceroy. VISPERA, subst. f. the eve of a feast, or any other day.

Visperas, pl. the vespers, the evening fervice.

En vispéras, very near.

Fifperas Sicilianas, the Sicilian vest pers.

VISTA, f. f. she fight, the fonse of fering; also asped, appearance. Fifta, the eye or eyes, also a vifion or apparition.

Fife, notice, knowledge.

A rista de, before, or with the. Vista de aduâna, one who visits the goods and feals them.

Vifias, pl. the windows and doors of any edifice; also a prospect. A la rista, facing, near, just by. A la vista, directly, without dilatation.

Comér o tragár con la vifta, to look at one very angry.

istar a la vista, to be observing. VISTILLAS, f. f. pl. an high place to discover the country or the fea.

VISTOSAME'NTE, adv. beautifully.

I'ISTO'SO, adject. fightly, gay, beautiful; in cant, the coat. V stofos, pl. in cant, the eyes. VISUA'L, adj. vifual.

V I T

VITA'L, adj. vical, belonging to the life.

VITALI'CIO, adj. during the life of one.

VITALIDA'D. Subst. f. vitality, power of sublisting in life.

VITE'LA, f. f. a young heifer, also the leather made of a cow's skin.

VITELINA, adj. fem. of a dark colour, speaking of the bile or choler.

VI'TO, f. m. food, sustenance, provision.

VITOR, f. cn. v. VICTOR. VITO'RIA, f. f. victory.

VITORIOSAMENTE, adv. nictorioufly.

VITORIO'SO, adj. victorious. VI TREO, adj. vitreous, glaffy. VITRIFICACION, S. f. vitrifi-

cation, production of glaff. VITRIFICA'R, v. a. to vitrify,

to change into glaff. VITRIO'LO, f. m. vitriol, copperas.

VITUA'ILA, f. f. viduals, provisions.

VITUPERA'BLE, adject. blameworthy.

VITUPERACION, f. f. blame cenfure.

VITUPERADOR, f. m. a blamer, a cenfurer.

VITUPERA'R, v. a, to blame, to ceplure,

VITUPE'RIO, f. m. blame, cea-

VITUPERIOSAMENTE . 🖦 i. injuriously; shamefully, ignomipioufly.

VITUPERO'SO adject. igneminious, shameful, shamelefs,

VIV

VIVA! an interjection; let him

Viva el réy! may the king live! used in acclamations.

Viva quien vence, let the conqueree live. Applied to those who are always for the Arongest party.

VIVA'C, f. m. an extraordinary night horfe-guard for the fecurity of a camp.

VIVACIDA'D. f. f. livelines, sprightliness.

VIVAME'NTE, adv. sprightly, lively.

VIVANDE'RO, f. m. a vivandier, a futler to an army.

VIVA'QUE, f. m. a small quarter for soldiers.

VIVA'R, f. m. a coney-warren. VIVARA'CHO, adj. brisk, gay, lively.

VIVA'Z, adj. ftroug, full of vigour, also gay, active, lively. VIVE'RO, f. m. a park or a War-

ren; also a pool a marshy place. VI'VERES, f. m. pl. provisions for a place, army, or ship.

VIVEZA, f. f. liveliness, spright-

VIVIDO'R, f. m. one that knows how to live well.

VIVIE'NDA, f. f. a dwelling. VIVIE'NTE, f. m. a living crea-

VIVIFICACION, f. f. vivifica-

VIVIFICADOR ...f. m. vivifier.

VIVIFICA'R, v. V. to give life. co enliven.

VIVIPARO, adject. viviparous. bringing the young alive,

VIVI'R. v. s. to five.

Virt, to live, to dwell.

Viva v. m. mil años, I thank you. Vivir a cuenta à voluntad de otro, to be maintained by another.

Virir en une cafa, to live in a house.

Hhhh

Lamo fe vive, femuera, fuch life, fuch death.

Prov. Quien quisière. vivir fano ebma poco y-cene tempráno, he that would be healthy, must eat temperately, and sup betimes.

VIVO, adj. alive.

Estir en carnes vivas, to be naked. Vivo, ingenious, ctasty; also inconfiderate.

Wive, active, diligent,

Al vivo, very like.

Guerra viva, actual war,

Ojos vivos, very gay and lively eyes.

Klvos, f. m. pl. in architecture, is all that jurs out beyond the perpendicular of the structure.

VIU

|VIU'DA, f. f. a widow.

VIUDEDA'D,

VIU'DE'Z,

VIU'DO, f. m. a widower.

V I Z

|VIZCA'CHA, f. f. a kind of hare in America.
|VIZCONDA'DO, f. m. the state, or title of a viscount.
|VIZCO'NDE, f. m. a viscount.
|VIZCO'NDE'SA, f. f. a viscountels.

VO A

|VOACE', used by ruffians and |VOARCE', bullies; and somerimes by country fellows for used, or vulfia mercia, your wership;
you, sir.

V.O.C.

TOCA'BLO, f. m. a word.

VOCABULA'RIO, f. m. la voVOCABULARI'STA, obf. cabulary.

VOCACIO'N, f. f. a calling; a vocation.

FOCAL, adj. vocal, of the voice.

Una vocal, a vowel.

VOCALMENTE, ad. vocally,
brally, by word of month,

VOCATIVO, f. m. the vocative cafe. VOCEADO'R, f. m. one who makes outcries.

VOCEA'R, v. n. to cry out, to feream, to clamour, to declare, to call aloud.

VOCERIA, f. f. a confusion of voices.

VOCE'RO, f. m. obf. an advocate, a lawyer.

VUCIFERACIO'N, f. f. vociferation.

VOCIFERADO'R, f. m. a boafter. VOCIFERAR, v. n. to cry out aloud.

VO CINGLERI'A, f. f. the noife of many voices; also ralkativeness.

VOCINGLERO, adj. who speaks very loud.

V. O L

VOLADE'RO, adj. that does, or can fly.

VOLADO'R, f. m. a flier: En volándas, adj. flying through the air; speaking of a witch.

VOLANDE'RO, adj. flying, hanging in the air.

VOLA'NTE, f. m, a fort of thin veil, any loose thing that flutters in the air.

VOLANTO'N, f. m. the bird that is ready to fly.

VOLA'R, v. n. to fly.

Volder con pólvora, to blow up with gunpowder.

Volár una grulla, to fly a hawk at a

E fo fera como volár un buey, that is; as "likely as that the ox will fly.

VOLATERIA, f. f. all forts of form!

VOLATI'L, adj. that flies or can fly. VOLATILIDA'D, f. f. volatility. VOLATI'N, f. m. a rope-dancer. VOLCA'N, f. m. a burning mountain.

VOLCA'R, v. a. to overturn.

El côche se ha volcádo, the coach
has been overturned.

VOLEA'R, v. a. to make fly in the air by impulsion.

VOLEO, f. m. the action of making fly any thing.

De un voléo, in a minute.

VOLICION.f. f. volition, the ad of the will. VOLQUEA'RSE, v. r. vide RE-VOLCA'RSE

VOLCA'RSE.
VOLTARIEDA'D, f. f. inconftancy.

VOLTARIO, adj. inconflant. VOLTEADO'R, f. m. a tumbler, a vaulter.

VOLTEA'R, v. a. to rool, to tumble, to vault.

VOLUBILIDA'D, f. f. volubility, inconflancy., mutability.

VOLUBLE, adj. voluble, in-

VOLUMEN, f. m. a volume, 2 bulk; fize, bignefs.

VOLUMINO'SO, adj. voluminous. VOLUNTA'D, f. f. the will or affection.

VOLU'NTARIAME'NTE, adv. voluntarily, willingly.

VOLUNTA'RIO, adj. voluntary, done with a good will.

VOLUPTA'D, f. f. voluptuousness.

VCLUPTUOSAME'NTE, adv. voluptuoully.

VOLUPTUO'SO, adj. voluptuous. VOLU'TA, f. f. the volute, at member of a column.

VOLVE'R, v. a. to turn; also to return.

Volvér a cantar, to fing again.

Valvér a decir, to say again, to re-

Volvér por, to protect, to defend.
Volvér, to change one thing into
another.

Volvér por fi, to defend oneself.
Volvér sobre fi, to reflect upon oneself.

Volvérse, comma algúno, to turn against one, to be his enemy.

VOLVIBLE, adj. that may be turned.

VOLVIMIE'NTO, f. m. turning.
VOLO, f. m. a difease in the
VOLVULO. bowels fo called.

V. O M.

VO'MICO, adj. that which causes: vomit.

Nuéz vómica, the vomick nut from the East-Indies.

VOMITADO'R, adj. that vomits, or throws our of itself.

VOMITA'R, v. a. to vomit.

VOMITTVO, adj. vomitive, that provokes vomit.

VO'MITO, f. m. vomit, fpue.

Volvér al vómito, to return to the vomit, to full again into any vice a man had forfaken.

VOMITO'RIO, adi. that cause.

VOMITO'RIO, adj. that cause: vomiting.

y o r

y o s

but to inferiors, or where there is great familiarity.

VOSASTE, f. m. clownish, for vueifra merced.

VOSCO, with you, or you; a clownish word.

VOSEA'RSE, v. r. to talk to one another by thee and thou.

VOSO'TROS, ye, or you, in the plural number.

V O T

WOTADO'R, f. m. a swearer.

WOTA'R, v. n. to vote, to vow,
to swear.

WOTI'VO, adj. that has been vowed.

WOTO, f. m. a vow, a vote, an
oath.

Tenér roto en concéjo, to have a vote
in council.

Voto a tal, an expression to avoid swearing.

Dar su voto, to give on's vote.

Decir su voto, to deliver one's opinion.

V O Z

VOZ, f. f. a voice, the noise any

creature makes, the found of an instrument, a report.

Dar una voz, to call aloud to.

Tener voz en capitulo, to have a vote in an assembly.

Pública voz, common fame.

Correr voz, a report to be spread abroad.

A una voz, unanimously, by common consent.

A voz de pregonéro, proclaimed by a crier.

Dar voces, to cry out, to holl w.

VOZNA'R, v. n. to cry like a st. an or other aquatick bird.

V U E

VUECELE'NCIA, an abbreviation of vueffra excellencia, your excellency. VUE'LCO, f. m. overturn. VUE'LO, f. m. flight; elevation of the mind. Vuélos, pl. ruffles. VUE'LTA, f. f. a turning about, a way about. Venir de vuelta, to come back. Dar una vuelta en el aire, to turn round without touching the ground. Dar una ruelta de azous, to give one a whipping. Ir la vúelta de una parte, to go toward fuch a place. Otra vuelta, another time.

A vuelta de viage, returning home from a voyage.

Anddr a vueltas, to quarrel.

Dar una vuelta; to refice a short tura

Ponér de vuelta y media, to affronc
to abuse one.

Tenur vueltas; to be incontant.

VUE'LTO; p. p. of rolver; turned

VUE'SSO,

VUE'STRO,

Vuestra merced, you, sir; you,
madan,

V U L

VULGA'CHO, f. m. the mab.

VULGA'R, adj. vulgar, common. VULGARIDA'D, f. f. vulgarity; belonging to, or usual with the VULGARIZA'R, v. n. to become common or vulgar. VULGARMENTE, adv. vulgarly, VULGO, f. m. the rabble, the mob, the multitude, the popu-Prov. No perdóna el vúlgo, tácha .de ninguno, the mob spares no body. VULNERA'BLE, adj. vulnerable, that can be wounded. VULNERACION, f. f. the act of wounding. VULNERA'R, v. a. to wound, VULNERA'RIO, adj. that heals wounds. VULPE'JA, f. f. a fox. VULTO, L m. face, visage. VULTU'RNO, f.m. the name of a wind. VULVA, f. f. the womb.

VUS

VUSCO, a rustick word, the same as con ros otros; with you.

VUSTE'D, s. th. the same as used or russira moreid, your worship; you, sir, you, madam,

Ų.

UBE'RIMO, adj. fupcel, extraordinary fruitful.

UBI

WBICACIO'N, f.f. ubleation, local relation.

'UBICARSE, v. r. to be in a certain place.

WBIO, f. m. obf. v. YU'GO.

'UBIQUIDA'D, f. f. ubiquity, omagint fence.

UBR

RUBRB, f. f. the udder of any creature.

RUBRE'RA, f. f. a fort of fore in a shild's mouth.

U C. E.

.UCE, a rustick word; the same as vuestra merced, your worship:
UCE'NCIA, s. f. the same as vuestra excellency.

U F A

"IFANAMEN'TE, adv. briskly, contentedly, mettlefomely; also conceitedly.

UFANA'RSE, v. r. to be conceited, to boast; also to be merry or brisk.

UFANE'RO, f. m. obs. a boaster.

UFANE'ZA, f. f. briskness, contentedness, uFANIA, mettle; also conceitedness.

UFANIDA'D, brisk, mettlesome, contented, full of satisation; also

T L C

CORCEITED.

WICER, If f. an ulcera.
WICERA, If f. an ulcera.
ULCERACIO'N, f.f. ulceration.
ULCERA'R, v. n. to ulcerate.
ULCERO'SO a. adj. full of plers.

ULT

ULTERIO'R, adj. farther, on the farther fide. ULTERIORME'NTE, adv. farther, beyond. ULTIMADAME'NTE , 3 adv.1af-ULTIMAME'NTE, ULTIMA'R, v. s. to finish, to put an end to. ULTIMIDAD, f. f. ultimity, the last stage. U'LTIMO, adj. laft. ULTRA, adv. besides moreover. ULTRAJAMIENTO, f. m. vide ULTRAJE. ULTRAJAR, v. a. to commit outrage, to wrong, to abuse, to affront, to reproach. ULTRA'JE, f, m. an outrage, an abule, an affront, a reproach. ULTRAJOSAME'NTE, adv. abufively, reproachfully. ULTRAJO'SO, adj. abusive, reproachful, affronting. ULTRAMARI'NO, adj. foreign, that is or comes from beyond the ULTRAMONTAMO, adj on the farther fide, or beyond the moun-ULTRIZ, adject. fem. that revenges. ULTRO'NEO, adject. that offers isself without requiring any search or inquiry,

ULU

ULULATO, f. m. the aft of howling.

UMB

UMBILICA'E, adj. belonging to the navel.

UMBRA'I, f. m. the threshold of the door.

UMBRALA'R, v. a. to put a beam across upon the opening left in huilding for a window or a door.

UMBRATICO, adj. relating to shadow:

UMBRA'A, f. f. any shady place.

UMBRIOSO, adj. shady, full UMBRO'ZO, of shade.

UN

UN, adj. m. one.
Un hombre, one man; un eavalle, one horse: ever used when before a substantive; for in other cases it is uno, as if one ask how many, the answes is uno, or una; but un is only of the masculine gender.

UNA

UNA, adj. fem. one; ana mugh, one woman.

La una, one of the clock.

A una, together, at once.

UNA'NIME, adj. usanimous.

UNANIMEME'NTE, adv. unanimous.

UNANIMIDA'D, f.f. unanimity.

H M C

UNCIA f. f. an ancient coin, whose value is not known.

UNCIO'N, f. f. unction, anointing.

Extreme unction, the factament off extreme unction given only to people in a dying condition:

UNCIO'NES, pl. fallvation.

Por pedir pedira la unción, rather than not beg, he will beg the extreme unction.

UNCL'R, v. a. to yoke oxea.

U N D

UNDECAGONO, f. m. a figure:
of eleven angles or fides,
UNDE'CIMO, adj. eleventh,
UNDI'SONO, adj. making a forund like water falling.
UNDO'SO, adj. wavy, full of
waves; used only by poets; momentumboso, the wavy sea.

UN: G

UNGARI'NA, f. f. a man's coard made in the Hungarian fashion.

UNGIMIENTO, f. m. v. UNCION.

UNGIR., v. a, to enoint.

UNGUENTA'RIO, f. m. a maker or feller of ointments.

UNGUENTA, C. m. ointment.

UNGUE'NTO,

UNI

UNICAME'NTE . adv. fingularly. UNICAULE, adj. that has but one flalk. U'NICO, adj. fingular, the only UNICO'RNIO, f. m. an unicorn. UNIDA'D, f. f. unity. UNIDAME'NTE, adv. jointly. UNIFICA'R, v. a. to make one of many by union or mixture. UNIFORMA'R, v. a. to make uniform. UNIFO'RME, adj. uniform. UNIFORMEME'N'TE . adv. uni-UNIFORMIDA'D , f. f. unifor-UNIGE'NITO, adj. the only be-UNION, f. f. union. UNIK, v. s. to unite. UNI'SONO, adj. uniform UNITIVO, adj. unitive, that joins, that unites. UNITO'SO. & adj. v. UNITI-UNITUO'SO, 7 VO. UNIVERSA'L, adj. univerfal. UNIVERSALIDA'D', C. f. univerfality. UNIVERSALME'NTE, adv. uni-UNIVERSIDAD, f. f. univer-

UNO

UNIVE'RSO, f. m. the universe,

UNIVOCO, adj. that has one fig-

UNO', adj. one:
Uno per uno, one by one;

the world.

pification:

UNT.

UNTADO'R, f. m. as anointer, a dauber: UNTADURA, f. f. an anointing, a daubing. UNTAMIE'NTO, f. m. idem. UNTA'R, v. a. to anoint, to daub.

Unta' la mano, to grease the fist;
to bribe.

UNTA'ZA, f. f. a coarse ointment.

UN'TO, f. m. ointment, fat,
grease.

UNTO'SO, dadj, fat, greasy,
UNTUO'SO, daubing.

UNTUOSIDA'D, f. f. greasiness.

UNTURA, f. f. anointing, daubing.

UNTURFILLA, f. f. a little an-

UńA

ointing.

UnA, f. f. the nail of a man's finger or toe, the hoof of a beaft, the talon or claw of a bird. It is also a hardness or feab, growing upon beafts where they are galled.

Una de cabállo, the herb colts foot.

Una de áno, the herb foal-foot.

Una de áncla, the flunke of an anchor.

Uña de váca, cow-heal.

Sol con úñas, the sun when it shines out now and then from smidst

the watery clouds.

Hackrel testamento en al some, to make a man's will on his nail; to have nothing to leave:

Sacdr por la úña to grandeza del léon, to guess at the bigness of a lion by his claw.

Ponérse en veinte énas, to stand upon twenty nails; that is, upon all four;

Tener unas, to be hard to be understood.

Prov. Unas de gáse, y hábito de beáte, a car's claws, and a religious man's habit. A. wolf insteep's cloathing.

UnA'DA', f. f. a mark made with the nail, the impression left by the nail;

UnARA'DA, f. f. a foresch wish a nail.

U B E

URP'RO, f. m. the little skin that flies up about the mails; formetimes taken for a whitlow.

UnETA, f. f. a play among children.

UAI

UžIDU'RA, f. f. a compling, a yoking.
UžI'R, v. a. to couple, to yoke.

UāU

UnUE'LA, f.f. a little nail, claw, talon, or hoof.

U P

UPA'R, v. n. to struggle in order to get up or to rise high.

URA

URACHO, f. m. in anatomy, the aperture at which the urine iffues.

URB

URBARNAME'NTB, adv. coupreoufly, civilly. URBANEDA'D, f. f. civilky. URBA'NO, adj. civil, courreous, well beloved.

U R C

urca, f. f. a veffour illed a hulk g alfo a fort of wale. urcs, fra, an herb fo called.

URD

URDIDE'RA, f. f. an end dider.

URDIDE'RA, f. m. who wes est a loom; also who begins:

URDIDU'RA, f. m. warping in at loom; a conning.

URDIE'MT of the warp in a loom;

URDIE'MT of the warp in a loom;

URDIE' of the warp in a loom;

URE

URE'TERA, f. f. the urethra.

U'R G

URGE'NCIA, f. f. vrgency. URGE'NTE, adj. urgent, preffing. URGI'R, v.n. to urge.

URI

URINA, f. f. urine. URINA'RIO, adj. urinary.

URN

URNA, f. f. an urn, fuch as anciently they preferred the ashes of the dead in. URNICA, f. f. dimin. of wna.

URO

URO, f. m. a wild bull.

URS

URSA, f. f. v. OSSA.

• USA

USACIO'N, f. f. v. USO. USADAME'NTE , adv. cuftoma-USA'GE, f. m. v. USO. USA'GRE; f. m. a tetter, a ring-

USA'NZA . f. 1. ufage, ufe, fashion, custom.

USA'R, v. a. to use, to accustom, to be in fashion.

Prov. Lo que se usa no se escusa, at is fashionable cannot be avoi-

U S I

USIE'R, f. m. messenger, a groor-keeper, a of the great chamber. USITA'DO, adj. usual equent.

:T. S 0

UTI

USO, f. m. use, custom, fashion. Alfo the usance of exchange. Ufo hace maeftro, use makes a master, or makes a perfect man.

UST

USTA'GA, f. f. a seaterm; I think it means a pulley, but am not fure. USTE'D, (an abbreviation of vuestra merced) you, sir; you, USTIO'N, f. f. the actual burning of any thing.

SU

USUA'L, adj. customary, usual. USUFRU'CTO, f. m. the growing profits or advantage reaped by land, houses, employments, &c. USUFRUCTUA'RIO f. m. he that receives the profit or advantage made of a thing, but is not the proprietor. USU'RA, f. f. ufury. USURA'R, (v. n. ufure , to USUREA'R, (practife utury. USURARIO, adj. usurious. USURE'RO, f. m. an usurer. USURPACIO'N, f. f. usurpation, taking another man's right. USURPADO'R, f. m. an usurper USURPAR, v. a. to usurp, to poffel's wrongfully.

ं भी mribe≀

UTENSTIIOS, f. m. pl. utensils, necessaries in a house. UTE'RO . f. m. the womb.

U'TIL, adj. useful, droffitable, UTILIDA'D, f. f. usefulness, profitablencss. UTILME'NTE., adv. ufefully, profitably.

UTILIZA'R, v. a. to be profitable Utilizarfe, v. r. to get some benefit from any thing,

UTR

UTRE'RA, f. f. a young heifer. UTRE'RO, f. m. a steer, a young bullock.

UVA, f. f. a grape. Uva albilla, a fort of fweet grave. Uva créspa, or espina, a gooseberry.

Uva de pêrro, ithe wild bay-tree. Uva pássa, a raisin.

Ura lupina, the herb wolf-bane. Uvas javies, a fort of small but ex-

cellent grapes, Uvas de Almuñecar, the grapes of

Almuñecar, which are long. Uvas ligeruelas, the grapes that are first ripe.

Uva canilla, the plant called ordinary yellow prickmadam, or ftonecrop.

Hacerse uva, to be drunk. Ponér a uno de uva casca, to leave a man like the husk of a grape. after the wine is pressed out ; to firip him of all he has.

UYA'DA, f. f. plenty of grapes. UVAGUEMAE'STRO, f. m. an officer in the army, under whose care is the baggage.

UVATE, f. m. a fort of con-

UVASPIN, f. m. a goofeberry... UVASPINE'RO, f. m. a goofsberry-bush.

UVE

UVEA, adj. fem. the appellative of one of the runicks of the eye. UVE'RO, f. m. one who fells

COUNTY I .

UVIIIA, I. 4. a small fort of grapes.

UX

UXILIR, f. m. an inferior officer at court, in porter,

turium it i

X

a in Spanish is sometimes pronounced in the throat, and has the fame found with the J confonant, or jota.

X A B

 $\dot{X}ABALO'N$, f. m. one of the fmall beams that foith the roof of a house.

XABALONA'R, ,v. a, to place the finall beams in forming the roof of a house.

XABLACO'N, f. m. the same as

XABALCONA'R, v. a. the same as xabalonar.

XABE'BA, I. f. a fort of Moorish pipe to play on.

Xabeba, a large net forcalled.

XABE'CA, f. f. a large net fo cal-

XABE'GA, f. f. the fame musical instrument as xabeba; as also the same net as xabeba and xabeca.

MABEGUE'RO, adj. that fishes with the xabega, or belonging to the net called xabega.

ZABE'QUE, f. m. a kind of veffel called a shebeck; it is a fort of large galley driven with oars. XABO'N, f. m. foap.

XABONA'R, v. a. to foap, , to wash with foap.

Kabonár a úno, to reprove a man sharply.

XABONCI'LLO, f. m. washing balls perfumed, used to shave.

XABONE'RA, f. f. the herb soapwort.

XABONERIA, f. f. the place where the foap-boilers live.

XABONE'RO, f. m. a soap-boi-

XABONE'TE, f. m. a wash balk

X A C

XA'CARA, f. f. a fong fo called; also a fort of dance.

Micara, a gang of young people finging at night through the fireous; also a lie, a flory.

XACARANDA'NA, f. f. in XACARANI'NA, cant, the gibberish, or language of rogues and goal-birds; a company or gang of them; a cant, or a canting crew.

XACAREA'R, v. n. to fing a fong called xácara; alfo to plague and vex one.

XACARE'RO, f. m. one who likes

to fing xácaras.

XA'CARO . f. m. a bully , a boafter, a bravo.

XACO, f. m. a kind of short fack wore anciently by foldiers. Xáco, f. m. v. X. QUE.

X A D

XADA, f. f. obf. v. AZA'DA. XADIA'R, v. a. to dig with a spade.

X A E

XAE'Z, v. LAE'Z.

: X A.G.

XA'GA, f. f. obf. v. LLA'GA. XAGUADE'RO, f. m. obf. vide DESAGUADERO.

XAH

XAHARRA'R , v. a. v. JAHA-RA'R, to plaster wall with fine lime,

XAHA'RRO, f. m. fine plaster for plastering of walls. XAHERIZ, f. f. obf. an oil-mill.

XAL

XALAPA, the purging root called jalap.

XALEA'R, v. a. to call the dogs in hunting.

XALES, f. m. obf. canvass to cover waggons.

XALES, f. m. a kind of very coarfe linen cloth.

XALLU'LLO, f. m. a bit of dough made a cake and baked on charcoal,

XALMA, f. f. v. ENXA'LMA. XALO'QUE, f. m. the fouth-west wind.

XALVEGA'R, v. a. to white-'r wash.

La cafa está bién xalvegada, the house was well white-washed.

X A M

XAMACUCO, f. m. v. ZAMA-CUCO:

XAMA'R, v. a. v. LIAMA'R. XAMBORLIE'R, f. m. an officer' about the king's person so called.

XAMBRA'R, v. a. v. ENXAM-BRA'R.

XAME'TE, f. m. a fort of fa:tinet, half filk half worfted,

XAMU'GA, f. f. a particular fort of faddle made for women to?

XAMUSCA'R, v. a. v. CHAMUS-CA'R.

XAN

X I'NDALO, adj. affected in speaking or in walking. XANO, adj. obf. v. LLANO.

X A P'

XAPO'IPA, f. f. a fort of paner cake.

X A Q

XA'QUE, f. m. a check at chefs in cant, a ruffian, a bully. Xaque y mate, checkmate. Xáque de aquí, go out. XAQUE'CA, f. f. v. AXAQ' CA. XA'QUETA, f. f. a for upper garment. XAQUI'MA, f, f. beaft. XAQUIMA'ZQ ... m. a blow gl-

veu with a sfortune, burt, cause Xaquimato.

of form

X A R

XARA, f. f. a plant fo called. Xaya, a kind of dart or arrow. XARABE, f. m. firup, a fweet draught made by apothecaries for fick people.

XARABEA'RSE, w. r. 10 make use of syrups.

XARAFZ, f. m. v. LAGA'R, XARA'L, f. m. a heath, a place full of shrubs or bushes. XARAMA'GO, f. m. wild rape.

XA'RCIAS, f. f. pl. the riggings of a ship; all forts of fishing-tackle.

MARETAS, f. f. pl. the nettings in a ship; pets made of small ropes, used to cover men in close fight; also the grating made like lattice-windows for the light and air to pass through.

XARIFE, f. m. v. XERIFE. XARIFO, adj. curious, beautiful, jovely, delicate.

XAROPA'R, v. a. to drench, to purge.

XAROPE, f. m. a potion, a drench, a purge.

XAROPEA'R, v. a. v. XARO-PA'R.

XARAGEN, f. m. a garden of

pleafure.

XARRO, f. m. a vociferous, man
a feolding woman.

XAU

 XAURA'DA, adj. afflicted, forrowful, comfortlefs.
 XA'URIA, f. f. a pack of hounds.
 XAUTO, adj. inlipid, waating falt.

XEA

Mo, paid upon goods by the

· E F

XE'FE, f. m. a ief, a commander of a party.

XEL

XELFE, f.m. in cant, a flave.

XEM

XEMAL, adj. belonging to the measure of a span called sems.

XE'ME, s. m. half a foot, or as much as a man can span with his thumb and fore-finger.

Xeme, the semale face.

X E N

XENA'BE, f. m. muffard, XENA'BLE, XENO, adj. obf. v. LLENO.

XEP

XEPE, f. m. v. ALUMBRE.

X E Q

XE'QUE, f. m. a lord, a commander, a governor.

XER

XERA, f. f. as much land as a pair of oxen can plough in a day.

XE'RGA, f. f. a coarfe fort of fluff like fack-cloth.

Eftar una cofa en xerga, to be begun, and not finished; coarfe and unpolished.

XE'RGON, f. m. a firaw bed.

XERI'FE, f. m. a title of dignity among the Moors.

XERI'NGA, f. f. a fyringe; also trouble, vexarion.

XERINGA'R, v. a. to fyringe; also to molest, to plague.

XERINGA'ZO, f. m. syringing.

XERQUERIA, f. f. a slaughter-house where they kill sheep.

X B T

XE'TA, f. f. a mushroom; meraph.
they give this name to a black's
mouth, or a hog's faout.

Xita de refeide, a fish pond,

XIA

XI'A, S. S. W. CHI'A,

XIB

XIBIA, f. f. the cuttle-fish.

XIBIO'N, f. m. the cuttle - bond or fish,

XIC

XICARA, f. f. a dish used to drink chocolate out of,

KIP

XIFA, f. f. the bad part of the meat that they throw away when they kill beafts.

XIFERIA, f. f. the action of killing sheep or oxen, as butchers

XIFE'RO, adj. clownish, dirty. Xifero, f. m. a butcher; also a butcher's knife.

XIFERA'DA, f. f. a blow with fuch a knife.

XIL

XILGUBRO, f. m. a bird called a gold-finsh.
XILOBA'LSAMO, fubft. m. the balmiree.
Xilobalfamo, f. m. a balfam made by boiling and fqueezing the leaves of the balfam-trees.

XIM

KIMEIGA, f. f. failors call it a fish, being a piece of timber or plank, made fast either to make or yard to strengthen it when in danger of breaking.

XI'MIA, f. f. a she-ape.

XI'MIO, f. m. a he-ape; metaph. one that is always making uply faces.

XIR

XIRIDE, f. f. a plant fo called.

MISCA, & L a kind of wild reed fo called.

XIT

ZITA'R, v. a. to drive out, to drive away.

X I X

XIXALLO, f. m. a shrub fo called. XIXALLA'R, f.m. the mountain where the xixallo grows in abundance.

X O

XO, a word used to stop horses or other beasts.

X OR

XORGOLI'N, f. m. in cant, the fubordinate companion of a rogue.

XUA

XUAGARZO, f. m. a thorny bush that grows in mountainous places fo called.

XUB

XUBETE, f. m. an armour formerly in use.

X U C

XUCLA, f. f. one of the feven figns that the Arabs place on their confonants to denote fome yowel.

K U G

XUT

XUGO, f. m. the juice of any herb or fruit.
XUGOSIDA'D, juiciness, juice.
XUGO'SO, adj. full of juice.
XUGUE, f. m. filthiness, foul-

XUL

XULO, the leader of the flock; the fame as manfo.

X U R

XURE'L, f. m. a fort of fish is ealled,

XUI

XUTA, fubit, fem. an American bird to called, eafily domesticated,

. Is properly a Greeck vower, but often used in Spanish. Y, a conjunction copulative; and. Y, an interjection, denoting anger or contempt.

Y A

YA, adv. already. Ya sia, obs. supposing, granting: Ya se sué, he is gone.

YAC

YACE'R, v. n. to lie in a place. Commonly used on tombstones; as, acqui yate, here lies fuch a one.

XACIJA, f. f. a bed or the like where one lies.

Ser de mala yacija, to be full of pains; also to be a mean, base, wandering fellow.

YACTU'RA, f. f. los.

Y A M

YAMBO, f. m. an iambick; a Latin foot so called that has the first fyliable short, the fecond long. YA'MBICO, adject, confishing of iambicks.

Y A N

YA'NTAR, f. m. food, meat. Yantar, v. a. to eat, to breakfast. Yantar, f. m. a tax that was formerly fo called.

Y A R

YARO, f. m. the herb cuckoopit or calves foot.

Y E G:

YE'GUA, f. f. a mare. Prov. El que desalába la yegua, effe la Heva, he who dispraises the mare, has her. YEGUA'DA, f. f. a herd of mares. YEGUECI'TA . I. f. a little mare. YEGUE'RO, f. m. a keeper of MACRIL.

YEGUEZUE'LA, f. f. a little or young mare:

YBL

YE'IMO, f. m. a helmet, a head-

YER

YERMA'R, v. a. to make waste, to depopulate. YE'RMO, adj. desert, not inha-Yérmo, subst. m. a desert, a solitude. Un padre del yermo, one of the holy.

anchorets of old. YE'RRO, f. m. an error, a mis-

YE'RTO, adj. stiff, stretched out, extended, like a dead body. YE'RVO, f. m. a plant fo called, which produces little pods like pea pods.

Y E S.

YE'SCA, f. f. tinder. Yesca, whatever is quite dry, and disposed of course to kindle and be burnt. Yesea, incentive of any passion. YESCO, f. m. the herb danewort, or dwarf-elder.

Y E Z

KEZGO, f. m. a kind of willow.

Y. O:

YO, pronoun, I. Latin ego. Ye, often used as an interjection of contempt.

Y O G:

YOGA'R, v. a. obf. to rejoice, to make merry; also to join in carnal copulation; also to be, to stay, to remain, to abide. YOGUI'R, v. a. obs. the same as yogar.

Y U:

YUCCA, S. f. a root in America, of

which the natives make a kind of bread.

, Y U G

YUCA'DA, f. f. an acre of ground,. or as much as a yoke of oxen can: plough up in a day. YUGE, f. m. obf. a judge. YUGO, f. m. a yoke. Y_{ugo} , matrimony. Yugo, law, superior authority. Yugo, any heavy or oppressive thing. Yugo de navio, a strong timber that firengthens the flern of a ship. Sacudir el yugo, to throw off all' kind of obedience or subordination. Sujetarfe al yugo, to submit to the dominion or order of. YUGUE'RO, fubft. m. a ploughman. YUGULA'R, adj. jugular; faid of the veins in the throat.

Y U N

YUNQUE, f. m. an anvil.

Prov. Quando fueres yunque, finfre come yunque; quando fueres marillo, hiére como martillo, when: you are an anvil, bear like ananvil; when you are a hammer,. firike like a hammer. That is ,. fuit yourself always to your conditions. YU'NTA, f. f. a yoke of oxen.

YUNTERI'A, f. f. the place where re they keep oxen. YUNTE'RO, f. m. one who guides oxen when they plough. YUNTO, adj. (rustick for junto);

joined, united...

Y. U S>

YUSE'RA, f. f. an horizontal flore: used in oil mills. YU'SO, adv. obs. beneath, under-De Dios un yuso, under God. YUSSIO'N, f. f. an order, or the: thing ordered.

T. U T

YU'YUBA, f, f, v. AZUFA'IFAS.

Z

, The last letter of the Spanish alphaber.

Z A

ZA, a word used in some parts to frighten dogs.

ZAB

ZA'BIDA, (f. f. a kind of house ZA'BILA, (leek, or rather of aloes.

ZABO'RDA, f. f. the running of a ship aground.

ZABORDA'R, v. n. to run a ship -aground.

ZABO'RDO, f. m. the running a ship aground,

ZA'BRA, I, f. a fort of vessel or ship.

ZABUCA'R, v. a. to overturn, to mingle, to mix; also to push. ZABULLI'DA , S. f. vide ZAM-BULLI'DA.

ZABULLIDU'RA. f. f. plunging, finking suddenly into water.

ZABULLI'R, v. a to plunge, to put fuddenly under water.

Zabullirje, v. r. to plunge, to fink fuddenly into water; also to disappear, to hide one's felf.

ZAC

ZACAPE'LLA, f. f. any noisy quarrel, dispute, contest. ZACA'TIN, f. m. a market, a rag ZACEA'R, v. 2 to frighten dogs.

EATA, f. f. v. ALBO'RNIA. ZAFA'DA, f. f. clearing out a Zafada, flight, baftening away, runnnig away.

ZAFA'R, v. a. to adorn to beautify; also to clear a ship.

Zoforfe, Y. r. to run away, to fly;

to excuse one's self from doing a

ZAFARE'CHE, f. m. v. ESTA'N-QUE.

ZAFARI', adj. (granada zafari) a kind of pomegranate.

ZAFARI'CHE, f. m. a board to put earthen pots upon.

ZAFERIA, f. f. a farm, a vil-

ZAFIEDA'D, f. f. rusticity either in language or conduct.

ZAFIO, adj. rude, zustical, unpolished, unskilled, ignorant,

ZA'FO, adj. free, without hindrance; also safe, free from danger or hurt; free in his behaviour, alert.

ZAG

ZA'GA, adv. obf. behind. Zaga, f. f. the extremity behind. Zaga, the load put in the back part of a cart.

Zaga, f. m. he who is the last player, the left hand,

No ir en zaga, no quedarfe en zaga, not to be behind or inferior to others in any thing.

ZAGA'L, f. m. a flout youth, a shepherd.

ZAGA'LA, fem. of zagál. ZAGALE'JA, fem. of zagalejo.

ZAGALE'JO', f. m. a young country lad also a fort of women's, petticoat.

ZAGALI'TO, f. m. dimin. of 34gal,

ZAGUA'N, f. m. a porch or entry to a house.

ZAGUANE'TB, f. m. dimin, of

ZAGUE'RO, adj. the last, the hindmost, that remains behind.

2 A H

ZAHARE'ñO , adj. (pázero zehereño) a wild bird. Zahareno, disdainful, wild. ZAHARRO'N, f. m. v. MOHAR. RA'CHE. ZAHE'N, adj. the appellative of gold coin, formerly called dobla

zabén.

ZAHERI'DOR, f. m. reproacher cenfurer. ZAHERIMIE'NTO, fubit. m. re-

proach; censure.

ZAHERIR, v. a. to blame, to reproach.

ZAHI'NAS, f. f. pl. a kind of pap that is eaten, fo called.

ZAHO'N, f. m. great and wide breeches.

ZAHONA'DQ, adject. of a dusky colour.

ZAHONDA'R, v. a. to fink in the earth.

ZAHORI', f. m. an imposter who pretends to into the bowels of the carth, through stone walls, or into a man's body.

ZAHO'RRA, 1. f. the ballast of a ship.

ZAHUMA'R , w. a. v. SAUMA'R. ZAHUMERI'O , f. m. vide SAU-MERIO.

ZAHU'RDA, f. F. a hog-fty; alfo any dark or filthy place.

ZAI

ZAIDA, f. f. a kind of bird fo called. ZAI'NA, f. f. in cant, the purse. ZAI'NO, adj. dark chesnut without mixture of any other colour, Zalno, adj. treacherous, falle.

Mirar de zalno, à lo zame, to look as dissembling deceitful people do.

ZAL

ZALA, f. f. the Moorish prayers. devotion, or worship.

Hacer la zalá à uno, to court one. ZALAGA'RDA, f. f. any confufed noise made by low people : alfo a quarrel among bullies on purpose to be parted.

Zalagárda, f. f. a faile alarm given to an enemy to harasshim.

Zalagárda, a sudden saily out of an ambush with shouts, also a fnare or a malicious and deceitful caftiness.

ZALA'MA.) f. f. flattery ZALAME'RIA, adulation. ZALAME'RO . f. m. f. a flatterer. ZALE'A, f. f. a sheep's skin dried. but not dreffed or tanned.

liii 2

ZALE'AR, v. a. to shake any thing or drag it with eafiness.

ZALE'AR, to part dogs by crying

ZALE'MA, f. f. an humble inclination bow, or curtefy.

•ZALE'O, f. m. the skin of a sheep or cow pulled to pieces by the wolf, and carried by the shepherd to his mafter.

Zaléo, f. m. the act of shaking any thing as one does the leather of an animal.

ZALO'MA, f. f. the cry used by failors working on board a ship.
ZALOMA'R, v. n. to cry as failors do wen they work on board.
ZALO'NA, f. f. a large earthen pot.

ZAM

ZAMACU'CO, f. m. a dunce, a filly fellow; also drunkenness.

ZAMA'NZA, f. f. a cudgelling, a found bearing.

ZAMA'RRA, f f. a garment of sheep skings with the wool on, worn by shepherds.

Zamarredr, v. a. to drag and tear, as the wolf does a sheep.

Zamarrear, to press close in argument.

Zamarreár, to bear, to thrash, to cudget. ZAMARRI'CO, f. m. dimin. of zamarro.

ZAMA'RRO, f. m. a garment made or lined with sheep skins; also a dirty, clownish, lumpish fellow. Barbas de zamárro, a thick dirty beard.

ZAMARRO'N, f. m. augmentative of tamarra and tamarro.

ZAMBA'RCO, f. m. the large firap that is tied round the mules drawing a coach, that the ropes may not hurt their breaft.

ZA'MBO, f. m. a: wild beaft in. America fo called.

ZAMBO, adj. splay-legged, ZAMBIGO, having the legs turned inwards.

ZAMBO'A, f. f. a fort of quince. ZAMBO'MBA, f. f. a pastoral inftrument for called.

Zambémbo, f. m. a ruftick, a clown, a mde wittefe fellow.

ZAMBORO'NDON, adj. grofs, rude, clownish.

ZAMBOROTUDO, adj. idem. ZAMBRA, f. f. a feast os dance; any noisy feast; a fray or quarrel.

ZAMBUCA'R, v. t. to throw ZAMBUCA'RSE, v. a. onefelf fuddenly among any thing, in or-

der to be hidden.

ZAMBU'CO, f. m. hiding oneself

ZAMBU'CO, f. m. hiding onefelf | fuddenly.

ZAMBULLIDA, f. f. finking into the water fuddenly.

Zambullida, a particular trick fo called in fencing.

ZAMBULLI'RSE, v. r. v. ZA-BULLI'RSE.

ZAMPALIMO'SNAS, fubft. m. a poor beggar.

ZAMPAPA'LO, f. m. a glutton, a great cater.

ZAMPA'R, v. a. to put one thing in another fuddenly; also to eat voraciously and very quick.

Zampárse, v. r. to rush into a place, to thrust, to clap in suddenly.

ZAMPATO'RTAS, f. m. a glutton; also a dunce, a dok.

ZAMPOnA, f. f. an instrument confifting of several states; in Madrid the boys call by that name a poor of the hospital.

Zampona, an unwitty faying,

ZAMPUZA'R, v. a. to put any thing into the water; also to hide in any place.

ZAMPUZO, f. m. the act of hiding, concealing, or of finding under water.

Z. A. 10

ZANAHO'RIA, f. f. a carror; also a vain and false compliment.

Z.4 NCA, f. f. a finall leg, a spindle shack; that part of the bird's leg which has not flesh on it.

Ir en zancas de araña , to proceed artfully.

ZANCA'DA, f. f. Iarge flep: ZANCADFILA, f. f. a trip; also

askip or hop, a sare, a fraud. ZANCAJEA'R, v. n. to tread auk-

wardly kicking up the heel.

ZANCALE'RA, f. f. the flep of accoach or chaife,

ZANCAJIE'NTO, adj. vide ZAN-CAJO'SO.

ZANCA'JO, f. m. the heel of the foot, flockings, or shoes.

Zancájo, a dull fellow.

ZANCAJO'SO, adj. having the feet turned outward.

Zancajbjo, dull, blundering.

ZANCARRUN, f. m. the foot's bone, dry and wirhout flesh; also any such bone.

Zancarrón, an old, lean, ugly, nafly person.

Zancarrón, an ignorant professor of

any art or science.

ZANCO, s.m. stits; also a stalker.

Poner a une en zances, to raife one, to make one's fortune.

Subirse en zancos, to grow proud and haughty.

ZANCUDO, adj. long-legged. ZANDA'LIA, f. f. v. SANDA'-LIA.

ZANDALO, V. SA'NDALO.

ZANDľA, f. f. v. SANDľA. ZANEľFA, f. f. v. CENE′FA.

ZA'NGA, f. f. a play at cards in four.

ZANGA'LA, f. f. a fore of lineafull of gum and well polished.

ZANGAMA'NGA, f. f. deceit; fraud.

ZANGANDO'NGO, f. m. am ZANGANDULLO, idle fellow, a filly fellow.

ZANGANEA'R, v. n. to be very idle.

idle, ZA'NGANO , f. m. a drone ; a lazy

fellow. ZANGARI^eLLA, f, f, a kind of

temporary mill.

ZANGARILLE'IA, f. f. a young;
dirty girl.

ZANGARREA'R, v. a. to ferarch the guittee, to play upon it vithout art.

ZANGARRIM'NA, f. f. a differenper in the head among sheep; also melancholy.

ZANGARULLO'N , f. m. a tallide lad.

ZANGOLOTEA'R, v. n. to move indecently.

ZANGOLOTE'O, f. m. indecense motion of one's body.

ZANGUA'NGA, f. f. a feignediffirmity to avoid work. Hacer la zanguánga, to feign an infirmity in order to avoid, work and be idle.

ZANGUAJO, f. m. a tall and lean man; an idle fellow, a fimpleton; one who feigns fimplicity.

ZA'NJA, f. f. a trench dug to lay the foundation of a house; also any foundation.

Abrir las zánjas, to dig, to begin an edifice.

ZANJA'R, v.a. to make a trench. ZANJO'N, f. m. a great trench.

ZANJONCI'LLO, f. m. dimin. of zanja,

ZANQUEADO'R, f. m. a ffatking person; also a great walker.

ZANQUEA'R, v. n. to flalk; also to ramble.

ZANQUILA'RGO, adj. long-legged.

ZANQUILLA, f. £ s long and thinlegged person.

ZANQUITUE'RTO, adj. having the legs crooked.

ZANQUIVA'NO, adj. hawing long legs.

ZAF

ZAPA, f. f. the spade used by the pioneer in war

Zápa, a hoe for a garden.

Záps, f. f. shagreen; also a work refembling shagreen.

2APADO'R, f. m. one who faps; an underminer.

Caminar a la zapa, to undermine.

ZAPA'R, v. 2. to hoe in a garden; in a martial fense, to sap; that is, to sink a deep trench, descending by steps to get into the enemies works.

ZAPARRA'DA , C E v. ZAPAR-RA'ZO.

ZAPARRASTRA'R, v. n. to drag one's garment along the ground, fo that they gather up the dirt;

2APARRASTRO'SO, adj. that drags his garment loofe along the ground, so that it gathers the dirt. Zeparrastroso, ill done, elumfily made or done,

2APARRA'ZO, f.m. a great blow given by falling from an high; also sudden infirmity and sudden missortume in prosperity.

ZAPA'TA, f. f. a piece of leather pur under formething that it may not be spoiled by rubbing.

Zapata, a piece of timber put under a beast that leans on a pillar.

Zopata, a kind of half boat.

ZAPATA'ZO, f. m. a great blow with a shoe.

ZAPATEADO'R, f. m. who makes a noise with the shoes as in fencing.

ZAPATERI'A, f. f. shoemaker's shop or bufinefs.

ZAPATE'RO, f. m. a shoemaker. ZAPATECO, f. m. a finali shoe. ZAPA'TO, f. m. a shoe.

Zapato sobre pillar, a piece laid on a pillar for a beam to rest on.

Methrse en un zapáso, to cresp into a shoe for fear.

Andar con zapátos de filtiro, to move fecretly, privately.

ZAPE, the word used to a cat, to bid her be gone.

ZAPEA'R, v. a. to drive away the cat by crying {ape.

ZAPHYR, adj. a delicate szure blue.

ZAPHYRO, f. m. a precious fione called a faphire.

ZAPI'TO, f. m. a wooden veffel into which cows are milked.

ZAPO'TE, f. m. an American tree fo called, which now grows in Spain.

ZAPUZA'R, v. n. v. ZAMPU'-

2 A Q

ZAQUE, a leather bag, for wine; also a drunkard.

ZAQUEA'R, v. a. to put the winefrom a leather bag into another.

ZAQUIZA'MI, f. in the space or place between the plastering and the roof tiling, or covering of a house; also the ceiling or variateouring; also a cocklost.

Z A R

ZAR, f. m. the crar of Mulcovy.
ZA'RA, f. f. Indian cora,

ZARABA'NDA, f. f. faraband, a dance; also any noise.

ZARABUTE'RO, adj. lying, intriguing.

ZARADIO'N, f. m. a medicine formerly used to cure dogs.

ZARADI'QUE, f. m. idem.

ZARAGATO'NA, f. f. the herb flea-wort or flea-bane.

ZARAGOCI', adj. (ciruéla zaragoci)
a fort of plum fo called.

ZARAGUE'LLES, f. m. large breeches.

ZARAMA'GO, f. m. a plant or herb fo called.

ZARAMAGULEO'N, f. m. and aquatick bird fo called,

ZARAMBE'QUE, f. m. a dance very gay and merry.

ZARA'NDA, f. f. a fieve with large holes for the corn to fall through and the firaw to remain behind.

ZARA'NDADO'R, f. m. he who winnows corn.

ZARANDA'JAS, f. f. pl. fmall trifles of little value.

ZARANDADERO, f. m. vide ZARANDADOR,

ZARANDA'R, v. s. to fife ZARANDEA'R, the corn.

ZARANDI'LLO , f. m. a little

Zarandillo, a fittle and brisk fellow.

Andar como zarandillo, to move briskly about.

ZARAPALLO'N, f. m. a dull, dirry, faged fellow.

ZARAPETO, f. m. a brisk fellow. ZARAPITO /f. m. a kind of feagull.

ZARATA'N, f. m. a concer in the breafts of women.

ZARA'ZAS, f. f. p', a messmade to' kill dogs, rats, &c. also, printedchina cotton.

ZARCBA'R, v. a. to clean the wather-pipes with long, flaves or perches.

ZARCE'RO', adj. the appellative of a particular sporting dog.

ZARCE'TA, f. f. a bird fo called-ZARCI'LLO, f. m. an ear-ring.

ZAR'CO, adj. light blue. ZARE VITZ, f. m. the eldeft for

of the case of Muscovy.

ZARIA'NO, adj. belonging to the exar of Muscovy.

ZARITZA, f. f. the empress of Muscovy.

ZARCA, f.f. an engine to wind up filk.

ZARPA, f. f. the dirt that flicks to dragging garments.

Zarpa, the paw of a quadruped.

ZARPA'R, v. a to weigh anchor. ZARPA'ZO, f. m. the noise made by something falling down.

ZARRACA'TIN, f. m. a mifer; one that haggles much for all he fells or buys.

ZARZA, f. f. a briar, a bramble, a thorn, a bush.

ZARZA'GAN

ZARZANE'TE, f. m. a cold ZARZAGAVILLO, inj.

ZARZAHA'N, f. m. a fort of thin firiped filk.

ZARZAIDE'A, f. f. (the fame as frambuefco) a raspberry.

ZARZA'I, f. m. a place full of thorns, brambles or bushes.

ZA'RZAMORA, f. f. a black-berry.
ZARZAPARI'LLA, f. f. the
plant called farfa or farfapirella,
growing in New Spain.

"ZARZAPARILLAR, f. m. the place where the farfaparilla grows.
ZARZAPERRUNA, f. f. dog-briar, eglantine.

ZARZARO'SA, f. f. the wild rofe. ZA'RZO, f. m. an hurdle or crate. Meneár el zárzo, to beat, to chathife. ZA'RZO'SO, adj. full of briars. ZARZUE'LA, f. f. a comedy or farce in two acts.

ZAŞ

ZA'S, a word to express a cut or a blow.

ZASCANDII, f. m. a blow suddenly given, or an act suddenly done.

Zascandil, a deceirful or teasing man; or a meddling fellow that offers and promises what he cannot give.

Z A T

ZATA, f.f. a float of timber ZATARA, fent down a river. ZATICO, f. m. a fmall bit of ZATILLO, bread. ZATO, f. m. a bit of bread. ZAZ

ZAZOSO, adj. lisping.

ZEA.

ZE'A, f. f. v. CE'A.

ZBB

ZE'BRA, f. f. v. CE'BRA.

ZED

ZEDA, f. f. the name of the letter 1.

ZEDI'LLO, f. f. dimin. of reda.

ZEDOA'RIA, fubit. f. a plant fo called.

ZEL

ZELA'DO, adj. jealoufly or carefully looked after.
ZELADO'R, f. m. a zealous, or a jealous person.

ZELA'R, v. a to be zealous or jealous.

ZELE'RA, f. f. jealoufy. ZE'LO, f. m. zeal.

Zelo, the rut in animals, their defire of copulation.

Zelos, f. m. jealouly.

Dar zelos, to make jealous, to occalion jealouly.

Pedly gelos, to shew jealoufy, to charge with infidelity in love.

ZELO'SO, adj. jealous.

ZELOTYPIA, f. f. jealoufy.

ZEN

ZENI'TH, f. m. the zenir, the point in the heavens directly over every man's head, the vertical point. ZENZALINO, adj. belonging to gnats. ZENZA'LO, f. m. a fort of gnat.

ZEP

ZR'PHIRO, f. m. the west wind, a zephir, a fost breeze or wind.

ZEQ

ZE'QUI, f. m. a golden coin fo called.

ZEQUIA, f. f. v. AZEQUIA.

ZET

ZL'TA, S. L. v. ZL'DA,

ZEU

ZEUGMA, f. f. a figure in grame mar fo called.

ZIL

ZILO'RGANO, f. m. a kind of organ.

Z 1 P

ZIPIZAPE, C.m. a noify quarrel with blows.

Z ·I R

ZIRIGAÑA, flattery, adulation; also a trifle.

Z I 5

ZISZAZ, words that express a blow, or the noise of a blow.

ZIT

ZITA'RA, f. f. v. AZITA'RA.

z i z

ZIZA'āA, f. f. y. VALLICO.
Zitāās, diffention; also intestion.
ZIZAāE'RO, adj. who raises diffention or quarrels.

ZOC

ZO'CALO, a dye on which a pedeftal flands.

ZOCA'TO, adj. pale with ripeness, ZOCLO, f. m. buskin.

ZOCO, f. m. v. ZUECO.

Andar de zocos en colodros, to gestout of a danger or of a difficult business, and get into another. ZO'COBA, f. f. the name of a

plant and of a tree.

ZOD

CODIACO, f. m. the zodiack, or circle in the heavens on which the twelve figns are, and the fun makes it yearly course.

ZOF

ZOFRA, s. f. a sort of carpet.

ŻOI

ZOILO, f. m. an envious carping railing person.

Z O'L

ZOILIPA'R, v. 2, to figh.
ZOLLIPO, a figh with a biccough.

ZOLO'CHO, adj. filly, foolish, lacking wit.

ZOM

ZO'MA, f. f. v. SO'MA. ZO'MAS, f. f. pl. uneven ridges in the fields.

ZO'MPO, adj. v. ZO'PO.

ZON

20'NA, f. f. a zone, or circle in the heavens.

ZONCERIA, Subst. f. insipidity, foolery, foolishness.

ZO'NZO, adj. infipid, unfavoury, taftelefs; also infipid, naseous, filly, witlefs.

Are zónza, an infipid man, a filly withers person.

ZONZORRIO'N, subst. m. a filly person.

ZOP

ZOPAS, f. f. pl. lisping.
ZOPI'SSA, f. f. the refin mixed

with wax.

ZOPO, adj. lame; fubff ufed, an
unhandy person, an aukward fel-

Z 0 0

' Ibw.

ZOQUE'TE, f. m. a shorr and thick piece of wood; also a large piece of bread.

Zoquéte, f. m. a short and far perfon; also an ignorant fellow. ZOQUETE'RO, adj. beggarly. ZOQUETU'DO, adj. gross, rude, ill-made.

2 0 R

ZORITA, adj. (palóma zorlia) a wild fort of pigeon.

ZO'RRA, f. f. a fox.

Estár una garra, to be drunk.

Gazar una zorra, to make oneself drunk:

Prov. Assi dixo la zorra a las uvas no pudiendolas alcanzár que no estában maduras, the fox said the grapes were not ripe, when she could not reach them.

Prov. Quando la zorra anda al grillo, no hai para ella, ni para fus alios, when the fox goes a cricket-hunting, there is not enough for herfelf, nor her young.

Prov. Muche sabe la zarra, péro

mas.el que la toma, the fox is very cunning, but he is more cunning that carches her.

ZORRE'RA, f. f. the hole of a fox; also a smoky place or houfe; so called, because they smoke foxes out of their holes.

ZORRERI'A, f. f. the trick of a fox; also any cunning fly trick. ZORRE'RO, adj. heavy, lumpish. Petro torrero, a fox-dog, a kind of small dog so called.

ZORRILLA, f. f. 2 little fox.

Prov. Zorlila tagarnilléra, hacése muérta por assir la présa, the tricking fox lies as if he were dead to catch her prey.

Prov. Zorrilla que mucho tarda cazaguárda, the fox that waits long wait for a prey...

ZO'RRO, f. m. a he-fox; in cant, a cheating beggar; an idle fellow.

Prov. Zorro en zorréra el humo lo echa fuera, when a fox is in his hole, the smoke fetches him out. Navio zórro, a ship very heavy.

Zórros, f. m. pl. the fox's tail; used to take off dust and powder; also the fox's skin dressed.

Estar hecho un zorro , to be very sleepy.

ZORROCLO'CO, f. m. a kind of paste made into wasers to eat.

Zorroclóco, a fellow that looks idle and lumpish, but cunning enough to know his advantage.

Zorroclóco, the act of coaxing, careffing, wheedling, flattering.

ZORRONGION, adj. that does what is ordered him in an awkward manner through spight or unwillingness.

ZORRUNO, adj. relating to a fox.

ZURRULLO, f. m. v. ZURU'L-LO.

ZORZA'L, f. m. the bird feldfare. ZORZALE'NA, adj. fem. (aceituna zorzalena,) a very finall round fort of olives.

Z 0 S

ZOSTER', f. mf. a diftemper for called.

ZOT

ZO'TE, f. m. a dole, njimbskul, a beavy dull fellow:

2 0 2

ZOZO'BRA, fubit. f. a contrary wind, a hard gale; also trouble; grief.

ZOZOBRAR, v. n. to be in danger of foundering at sea; also to be in great trouble and affiction.

Z U

 $ZU^{\prime}A$, ZUDA, C f. v. $AZU^{\prime}DA$.

ZUB

ZUBIA, f. f. a place where many waters meet.

Z U C

ZUCIEDA'D, subst. f. v. SUCIE-DA'D.

ZUCIO, adj. v. SUCIO.

ZUE

ZUE'CO, f. m. a woden shoe, also a fort of shoes with wooden: foles.

Zucco', adject, plain, applied to

ZUF

ZUFRE, f. m. v. AZUFRE. ZUFRIA. v. n. v. SUFRIR.

Z U I-

ZUIZA, f. f. a fort of sport, like?
a muster of soldiers.

Zuiza, f. f. quarrel, dispute, con-

ZUIZON, f. m. v. CHUZO'N.

Z U L

ZULA'QUE, f. m. a kind of cement or martick made of lime,
oil, and other ingredients.

ZULLA, f. f. an herb given to cattle.

Zullárse, v. r. to ease oneself.
ZULLEN EO; adj. said of a feeble old person.

ZULLO'N, f. m. a wind expelled. without noise.

ZUM

ZUMACA'I., (f. m. a place full dumach-herb. of fumach-herb. Zumach, v. a. to tau skins with fumach.

ZUMACAYA, subst. fem. v. ZU-MAYA.

ZUMA'QUE, f. m. the sumachherb whose flowers are used in dying, and the bark in tanning. Zumaque, in cant, wine.

Ser afinado al zumaque, to be drunk. ZUMAYA, f. f. a bird of the

ZUMBA, f. f. a large bell hanging on the neck of cattle; also mocking, joking upon one.

ZU'MBA'R, v. n. to hum, to buz like a bee; also to mock, to play upon one.

Zumbarfe, v. r. to jest.

ZUMBEL, subst. m, frown, angry aspect.

ZUMBIDO, f. m. a humming or buzzing noise.

ZUMBO, f. m. the same as zumbido, but less used.

ZUMBO'N, adj. jestjag, mocking. Palómo zumbón, a kind of pigeon fo called.

ZUMIE'NTO, adj. full of juice,

ZUMI'LLO, f. m. the herb called dragon.

ZU'MO, f. m. juice, fap, moif-

Zumo de cepas d parras, wine. ZUMO'SO, adject. juicy, full of juice.

ZUPLA, f. f. foul, bad wine; also any bad liquor; the dregs of any thing.

ZUR

ZURA'NA , f. f. v. ZORITA. ZURCIDE'RA, f. f. a woman that darns. ZURCIDO'R, f. m. who mends cloths; also a pimp,

ZURCIDU'RA, f. f. mending of | cloths.

ZUR

ZURCI'R . w. a. to lie , to tell flories.

ZURDO, adj. left-handed.

A zurdas, adv. with the left hand,

Zurdo, left; said of the hand, and of any thing that is on the left

No fer zurdo, to be expert, not to be a fool.

ZURITA, f. f. v. ZORITA. ZURIZA, f. f. v. ZUIZA.

ZURO, adj. v. ZORITA.

ZURRA, f. f. obf. v. ZORRA. Zurra, the maceration that skin must undergo to be turned into

Zurra, continued labour, incessant Study.

Zurra, a handful of blows given to one.

Zurra, a reprimand, a rebuke. Zurra, an interjection expressing that

we are teazed and will be so no more.

Zurra al cañamo, beat him, chastise him.

Zurra, f. f. obf. a fox.

leather.

Zurra, currying of skins or any other thing.

Zurrs, a whirping or beating; also dispure, contest.

Zurra, blame, reproach.

ZURRADO'R, f. m. a currier; also one who chastises or beats,

ZURRA'PAS, f. f. the lees or dregs sinking in the bottom of a veffel.

Con surrapas, in a naky manner. ZURRAPO'SO, adj. full of lees. ZURRAPILLAS, f.f. a few dregs. ZURRIA'GA, f. f. a strap of leather to cast his dart with, a lash for a top or any fuch whip.

Zurriaga, a bird so called, a kind of lark.

ZURRIAGA'R, v. n. to make a buzzing or humming noife.

Zurrier, to speak with a bad tone of voice.

ZURRIBA'NDA , f. f. quarrel, fray, bartle, fight.

ZURRIBURRI, f. m. a herd of mean people; also a mean person. ZURRI'DO, f. m. humming, bus-

ZURRIO, f. m. a humming or buzzing noife.

ZURRI'R, v. n. to emit a bad or rough found.

ZURRO'N, f. m. a leather budget

Zurron, the first pellicle of fome fruits,

Zurron, the top of the flaik of corp where the grains are wrapped up. Zurron, that kind of skin in which fome children are wrapt up when coming in this world.

Zurron, a kind of little bag found in animals, that is full of worms, or on trees that is full of caterpillars or rie like.

ZURRU'NA, f. f. a bad woman a cheating wench.

ZURRUSCO, f. m. a toaft burnt. ZURUJA'NO , f. m. obs. v. C. RUJA'NO.

ZURU'LLO', f. m. a long and gound piece of any thing.

ZUT

ZUTANI'LLO, 7 f. m. of dimig. ZUTANI'CO. Of quiáno. ZUTANITO. ZUTANO, f. m. f. fuch a one,

ZUZ

ZUZA'R , v, 2, v, AZUZA'R. ZUZO, a word to call dogs or incite them.

I N.

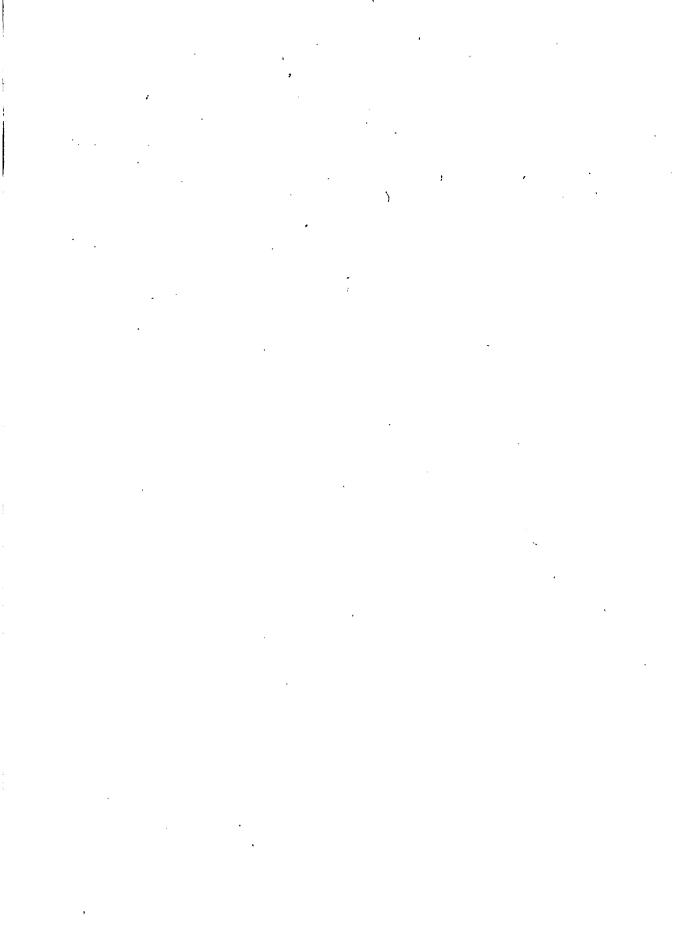
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